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COLLECTIO RERUM ECCLESIASTICARUM

DE

DIŒCESI EBORACENSI;

OR,

COLLECTIONS RELATIVE TO CHURCHES AND CHAPELS

WITHIN THE

DIOCESE OF YORK.

TO WHICH ARE ADDED

COLLECTIONS RELATIVE TO CHURCHES AND CHAPELS

WITHIN THE

DIOCESE OF RIPON.

By George Lawton,

ONE OF THE PROCTORS OF THE ECCLESIASTICAL COURTS AT YORK.

A NEW EDITION,

WITH A COPIOUS APPENDIX.

London:

PUBLISHED BY J. G. AND F. RIVINGTON, ST. PAUL'S CHURCH YARD;

HATCHARD AND SON, PICCADILLY; AND

H. BELLERBY, YORK.

1842.

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TO

HIS GRACE

EDWARD, LORD ARCHBISHOP OF YORK,

PRIMATE OF ENGLAND, AND METROPOLITAN.

My Lord,

This attempt to collect notices of Churches and Chapels within the county of York, over the principal portion of which, your Grace has, for upwards of thirty years, by Divine Providence, so beneficially presided as Prelate of that important branch of the true Apostolic Church of Christ, established in these Dominions, during which period, the means of religious instruction afforded by the building of Churches in populous districts previously destitute, the providing for a settled Ministry therein, and the establishing of schools for the education of the children of the poor in sound religious principles, have been extended in a degree unexampled since the first introduction of Christianity among our Saxon ancestors, is most respectfully dedicated to your Lordship, by

Your Grace's

Obliged and most Obedient Servant,

GEO. LAWTON.

York,
30th *December*, 1839.

PREFACE.

The parochial antiquities of the extensive county of York have not hitherto received that notice which their importance seems justly to deserve; and whilst the ancient monastic institutions of the county have been minutely described in the elaborate works of Dugdale, Tanner, and Burton, the interesting details of many of its existing parochial divisions are either to be sought for amongst the manuscripts deposited in Cathedral, University, or National libraries, or lie dispersed in a variety of voluminous, scarce, and expensive publications.

It was the intention of Dr. Burton, the learned author of the Monasticon Eboracense, to have supplied this important desideratum in ecclesiastical topography, by giving a full account of every Parish Church in the county [1]. Such design, however, it is much to be regretted, was never carried into execution.

The materials for the ecclesiastical history of the county are extremely voluminous; many documents of considerable importance have, within the last few years, been published under the authority of the Record Commissioners, sundry important returns have been printed by order of the House of Commons, and many interesting Reports have been made by the Commissioners appointed to enquire into the Public Charities, while very valuable information still remains in manuscript, in the libraries at Lambeth, Bishopthorpe, York Minster, Oxford, and the British Museum, as also in the hands of private individuals.

The collections now submitted to the public were originally compiled, and the arrangements made, with reference solely to the Diocese of York as it existed in 1834, when the Author issued his prospectus; and a considerable portion of the work had actually proceeded through the press, before the important event of the foundation of the See of Ripon had occurred. That event, added to circumstances of a private nature, occasioned a suspension of the work for a considerable period, and, ultimately, led to the adoption of a plan by which the Archdeaconry of Nottingham, which now forms part of the Diocese of Lincoln, is omitted [2], and, in lieu thereof, that portion of the county of York is noticed which, previous to the erection of the See of Ripon, constituted part of the Diocese of Chester, so that, in

[1] Burton's Monasticon. Introduction.

[2] The substituted notices relative to the Richmondshire portion of the Diocese of Ripon, are unavoidably more confined than those relative to the Diocese of York, as the author had concluded his researches in Lambeth, previous to the above arrangement being adopted.

fact, the work now comprises notices of all the Parishes and Chapelries within the extensive county of York.

In the subjoined Introduction, the Author has attempted to give a brief view of the various sources of information relative to the history and topography of the county, more especially as they relate to the ecclesiastical antiquities of the Dioceses of York and Ripon. He has also, previously to entering into any parochial details, given a general view of the extent and divisions of the Diocese of York, as it existed immediately before the erection of the See of Ripon, and an account of the numerous peculiar and exempt jurisdictions within such Diocese.

In a subsequent portion of the work [1], the extent and divisions of the Diocese of Ripon are also stated, and by a General Alphabetical Index each Parish and Chapelry is duly assigned to its proper Diocese.

The Author has next noticed the Rectories, Vicarages, Perpetual Curacies, Donatives, and Chapels of Ease within the county, with the names of the patron saints, where known, arranged under Archdeaconries and Deaneries as they stood previous to September 1836, distinguishing such as are discharged from the payment of tenths, from such as are still in charge [2]; and the civil divisions in which they are situated are also stated [3]. To the notice of each parish is added the names of the townships of which it is composed, with a statement of the population of such townships [4], and the area of the parish in statute acres [5], with the amount of church-room [6], and a statement of the net value of the benefice in 1834 [7].

The appropriations of Churches are next noticed, together with the names of the monastic houses to which they were appropriated, the dates of ordinations, and the changes the patronage has undergone [8], together with the names of the present patrons [9].

The value of the Benefices, as stated in the Taxation of Pope Nicholas [10], the Nonæ Rolls [11], the Valor Ecclesiasticus, commonly called the Liber Regis [12], and the Parliamentary Survey [13], is also given.

[1] Vide page 250.

[2] From the Valor Ecclesiasticus, Ecton's Thesaurus, and Bacon's Liber Regis.

[3] From the Population Returns. The population of the Chapelries is also given in all cases where it is stated in the official returns.

[4] Idem.

[5] Idem.

[6] From the Returns to the Church Revenue Commissioners.

[7] Idem.

[8] From Ducarel MSS., vide introduction, page xi.; Torre's MSS., vide introduction, page xii. Archbishop Sharp's MSS., vide introduction, page xii.; Monasticon Anglicanum, Burton's Monasticon Eboracense, &c.

[9] From the Returns to the Church Revenue Commissioners.

[10] Vide introduction, page iii.

[11] Vide introduction, page iii.

[12] Vide introduction, page iv.

[13] Vide introduction, page iv.

Decrees in the Exchequer relative to tithes [1], together with the dates of Inclosure Acts affecting each parish, are stated; also whether there be a glebe-house of residence, and if there be, whether it be fit for residence, and whether there be any charge upon the Benefice in respect thereof [2]; also what chantries existed in the Churches previous to the Reformation [3], and whether any alteration in the boundaries of the parishes had been recommended by the parliamentary commissioners in the time of the Commonwealth [4].

The augmentations by Queen Anne's Bounty and the Parliamentary Grant, are given from Mr. Hodgson's valuable work [5].

Many faculties, granted from time to time, either by the Archbishop, or by the Ecclesiastical Court, are noticed; but such notices did not enter into the original plan of the work, and they are far from being complete, especially as regards recent faculties.

The account of the parish registers has been compiled from the official returns [6].

The reports made by the Commissioners on the Public Charities [7] have been briefly abstracted, and it is hoped the notices given of Parochial Charities and Free Grammar Schools, will be found an interesting portion of the work.

The post direction has been given to all parishes situated within the limits of the old Diocese of York, but so many changes occurred during the progress of the work, as to induce the Author to discontinue it in the notices of the Deaneries of Boroughbridge, Catterick, Richmond, and Lonsdale.

To the notice of each Parish and Chapelry is appended a reference, as far as the Author's researches have extended, to such authors as have given any account of such Parish or Chapelry: many authorities, he fears, may have escaped his observation, but the list has, as far as his opportunities extended, been prepared with considerable care.

The above notices comprise all the objects proposed by the Author in his prospectus. Other notices of a miscellaneous nature have been occasionally introduced, and which in some instances have, perhaps, but little connection with the title of the work. He trusts however that their insertion, especially the references to Domesday Book, will be readily excused, especially when it is stated that in the progress of annexing the names of authors to the accounts of each Parish and Chapelry, it was discovered that several portions of the county had not been noticed by any author whatever.

It will be perceived from the above sketch, and from the limits of the work, that it necessarily partakes more of the nature of an index to the multifarious materials

[1] From Wood's (Hutton) Decrees in the Exchequer in Tithe Causes.

[2] From the Returns to the Church Revenue Commissioners.

[3] From the Valor Ecclesiasticus and Torre's MSS.

[4] From the Parliamentary Survey.

[5] Hodgson's account of Queen Anne's Bounty, 8vo.

[6] From the returns annexed to the Population Abstracts.

[7] Vide page 593, for a list of the Reports which relate to Yorkshire.

extant, than of any pretensions to a regular parochial history; it is hoped however that it may be found useful, in directing the inquirer to the various sources of information, and not altogether uninteresting to the antiquary and the topographer.

The collection was commenced several years ago for private professional use, and its publication was undertaken on the suggestion of the Rev. Henry John Todd, the Archdeacon of Cleveland.

His Grace the Archbishop of York kindly allowed the Author the free use of the valuable manuscripts of Archbishop Sharp, a favour which he gratefully acknowledges; and, through the friendly offices of Archdeacon Todd, the Archbishop of Canterbury was pleased to permit the Author to select any materials from the manuscripts at Lambeth, subservient to his design; and the Author here begs to acknowledge the attention he experienced from T. A. Lewis, Esq., the Keeper of his Grace's Records, at Lambeth, and also the kind facilities afforded by the late William Mills, Esq., for inspecting the Torre Manuscripts, then under his care, as Registrar to the Venerable the Dean and Chapter of York.

The work having, as before stated, been originally compiled without any view to publication, many paragraphs were freely transcribed from other works without acknowledgment. The Author has since endeavoured duly to appropriate them, but he fears that some have escaped his notice. A similar excuse must also be offered for the varied orthography of many proper names.

N.B.—Since the Introduction went to the press, the Author has been informed that a history of the wapentake of Claro by Mr. Walbran is now in preparation, as is also a history of Holderness, by Mr. Poulson, the author of "Beverlac." Mr. Temple is also engaged on a history of Cleveland.

INTRODUCTION.

THE multifarious mass of *manuscript* materials extant relative to the topography of Yorkshire, especially with respect to its parochial ecclesiastical history, lie widely dispersed. They may be classed under the following threefold division: viz. Records, Collections in Public, Archiepiscopal, and Cathedral *Libraries*, and, Collections and particular Documents in private hands.

I. RECORDS.

IN THE ARCHBISHOP'S REGISTRY.

1. *Registers of the Archbishops.*

THESE commence in the year 1225[1], in the pontificate of Archbishop Walter Gray; and they are continued in pretty regular succession[2] down to the present period, save that none are now extant of Archbishops Sewal or Ludham, and they are in very good preservation. The Registers, during the time of Archbishop Walter Gray, are in Rolls, the Major and Minor Rolls, but are afterwards in large Books. They contain a vast fund of ecclesiastical and other history, and well deserve a careful and minute examination. Since the period of the Reformation, they possess much less interest, and many minutes of faculties, licenses, sequestrations, &c. are now entered in minor books, and the subscriptions to the Thirty-nine Articles required by law, are also taken in separate books.

[1] The records in the Vatican commence in 1198.

[2] In the Lansdown MSS. in the British Museum, is a Register Book of the Archbishop of York, written about 1309.

2. *Micellaneous Books.*

In the Archbishop's Registry is also contained a book marked G, touching Advowsons, and Vicarages, and Churches, belonging to the see of York, also a book relative to the Hospital of St. Leonard's, in the city of York; and two others, the one relative to the Collegiate Church of Beverley, and the other to the Peculiar of Alne and Tollerton.

3. *Registers of Wills.*

The earliest will registered at York, was in the year 1389, since which time

there has been a regular succession, save that a chasm appears from 1653 to October 1660[1]. A valuable volume of selections from old wills proved at York, has been lately published by the Surtees Society.

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4. *Parochial Terriers.*

These have been regularly filed at each Archiepiscopal visitation held since 1716 inclusive. A few earlier ones are extant, some of which are not dated.

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5. *Transcripts of Parish Registers.*

Transcripts of parochial Registers have been filed in the Archbishop's Registry from the year 1600 to 1837. They are seldom referred to except the originals cannot be found.

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6. *Presentations to Benefices.*

These only go back as far as 1581, but minutes of collations, institutions, and licenses, may be found entered in the Archbishop's Register Books from their very commencement.

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7. *Proceedings in Ecclesiastical Causes.*

These go back as far as 1450; there is great reason to believe that, if carefully examined, they will be found to contain much curious matter.

IN THE REGISTRY OF THE DEAN AND CHAPTER OF YORK.

This Registry contains books of charters, grants, endowments, &c. from 1258 to 1507, the most ancient of which is called Registrum Album[2]. A copy of Kirkby's Inquest, De Appropriat. Ecclesiarum quibus. Monasteriis; Ludlam's Rental, temp. 1338; Register Book of Joh. Rokeby, LL.D.; a book touching Waghen and Sutton. Register Books of Wills from 1321; license-bonds, and affidavits, from 1678; transcripts of parish registers, from 1663; proceedings in ecclesiastical causes, from about 1700; presentations, &c.

In the possession of the Dean and Chapter of York, but kept in the Minster Vestry.

Acts of Chapter, from 1340 to the present time; register books of leases, &c.

IN THE CONSISTORY COURT OF RICHMOND.

Register Book of Archbishop Bowet, from 1418 to 1442. Original Wills, &c.

IN THE EPISCOPAL REGISTRY AT DURHAM.

Here are many papers relating to the See of York, viz. endowments of livings, agreements, compromises, ordinations, admissions, mandates, and inductions[1].

IN THE EXCHEQUER.

1. *Domesday Book.*

This celebrated survey, made by order of King William the Conqueror, and which was formed in 1086, is well known. It was completed by certain commissioners, called the King's Justiciaries, who, upon the oaths of the Sheriffs, the Lords of each manor, the Presbyters of every Church, the Reeves of every hundred, the Bailiffs, and six villanes, were to enquire into the name of the person who held such manor, &c. in the time of King Edward the Confessor, who was the present possessor, how many hides of land were in the manor, how many carucates in demesne, how many homagers, how many villanes, how many cottarii, how many servi, what free men, how many tenants in soccage, what quantity

[1] The Author has been informed that many wills of persons dying within the Diocese of York during the above mentioned period, may be found at Oxford.

[2] Or Domesday Book, and which appears to have been written about the time of Edward III. or Richard II. It contains entries of charters, and grants relative to the possessions of the Cathedral. It also contains in folio 11, Magna Carta; 12, Nov. 1 Henry III.; folio 13, Magna Carta, 1 or 2 Henry III.; folio 13, Carta Regis Henrici de Foresta (1 or 2) Henry III.; not dated.

[1] Return of J. Bowlby, Esq., to the Commissioners on the Public Records, dated, Durham, 26th June 1800.

of wood, how much meadow and pasture, what mills and fish ponds, how much added or taken away, what the gross value in King Edward's time, what the present value, and how much each freeman or socman had or has. All this was to be triply estimated, first, as the estate was held in the time of the Confessor, then as it was bestowed by the Conqueror, and thirdly, as its value stood at the formation of the survey. The jurors were also required to state whether any advance could be made in the value.

This valuable record throws considerable light upon the extent of the ancient Saxon parishes, as, in many instances, the returns notice the fact of there being a Church, but there is reason to suppose that Churches unendowed with any glebe lands are frequently unnoticed, and tithes are seldom named.

The late Rev. W. Bawdwen rendered an important service to antiquarian literature, by translating that part of Domesday Book which relates to Yorkshire, a service which can only be appreciated by those who have undergone the labour of perusing the barbarous Latin and uncouth abbreviations of the original ecord.

A most valuable dissertation upon Domesday Book, has been lately published by Sir Henry Ellis, accompanied by indices of the tenants-in-chief and under-tenants, as well as to the holders of lands mentioned in the record anterior to the formation of the survey [1].

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2. *Taxation of Pope Nicholas IV.*

This taxation was made about the year 1292, and was a grant from the Pope to King Edward I., of a full tenth of the possessions of the Church, to defray the expense of an expedition to the Holy Land; and in 1318, a new taxation was made, in which many of the payments are reduced on account of the invasion of the Scots, and thus the record enables us to ascertain the precise extent of those incursions.

The Taxation of Pope Nicholas is a very important document, because all the taxes, as well to the King as to the Pope were regulated by it, until the survey made in the 26th year of King Henry VIII., and because the statutes of colleges founded before the Reformation, by which their benefices under a certain value were exempted from the restriction in the statute of the 26th Henry VIII. concerning pluralities, until lately were interpreted by it.

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3. *The Nonæ Rolls.*

By Act of Parliament, in the 14th year of the reign of King Edward III., the ninth lamb, the ninth fleece, and the ninth sheaf, and also the ninth of all goods and chattels of cities and boroughs, were granted to the King for two years, and also of other people that dwelt in forests and wastes, and of all other that lived not of their gain or store, to the value of fifteen, without being unreasonably charged.

In the 15th Edward III., a commission was issued by the Crown, to levy the ninth of corn, and wool, and lamb in every parish, according to the value upon which Churches were taxed (in Pope Nicholas's Taxation), if the value of the ninth amounted to as much as the tax, but should the value of the ninth be less than the tax, they were directed to levy only the true value of the ninth and to disregard the tax, and to gain correct information of these facts, they were directed to take inquisitions upon the oath of the parishioners in every parish.

By these records it appears that the parishioners found upon their oaths the true value, sometimes separately, of the ninth of corn, wool, and lambs, then the amount of the ancient tax of the Church was stated, and afterwards the causes of the ninth not amounting to the tax or value of the Church were assigned; and when the ninth did not exceed the tax, it was assigned for excuse thereof that within the valuation or tax of the Church, there were other articles included besides corn, wool, and lambs, such as the Dos or

[1] Sir Henry Ellis remarks, that Domesday Book is a mine of information which has not yet been sufficiently wrought. Illustrations of the most important and certain kind upon our ancient institutions, services, and tenures of land, are still to be drawn from it, and its metal cannot be exhausted by the perseverance of any single labourer.

glebe of the Church, tithe of hay, and other tithes; and if any Abbey, Priory, or other religious corporation had property within any parish, the ninth arising from such property was found and returned.

There were in some counties and parishes local causes which reduced the ninth very much. Many parishes in the Northern counties were at the time exposed to an invading enemy, or totally, or nearly laid waste, this kingdom being then at war with Scotland. The sea had also been destructive to other parishes, and, in consequence, land which produced corn when the valuation and tax of Pope Nicholas was taken, was either lost or uncultivated in the 14th Edward III. There were also other causes assigned, and all for the purpose of showing the great difference between the ninth in 1340, and the value and tax in 1292.

The chief utility now to be derived from this record is, that by its description of the several tithes and their respective values, the deficiency of original endowments of Vicarages, which have been either lost or destroyed, is, in a great measure, supplied.

For similar reasons it is almost as useful to impropriators as to the Clergy.

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4. *Valor Ecclesiasticus, or Liber Regis.*

In the 26th year of the reign of King Henry VIII., an act was passed conferring on the Crown the first fruits of all benefices, and also one yearly rent or pension amounting to the value of the tenth part of the profits of every benefice.

Pursuant to this act commissioners were appointed, and the Valor Ecclesiasticus is the return made by them, on the matters mentioned in that statute. The utility of these records in ecclesiastical affairs is extremely great, as they form the register by which first fruits and tenths are calculated, as well as, until recently, the values of benefices under the Plurality Acts.

Among other miscellaneous information, the Valor Ecclesiasticus shows what sums were paid out of spiritualties to lay persons or corporations, or on fee to bailiffs, receivers, auditors, sheriffs, justices, and other civil officers, whose names, at the time of the survey, are mentioned; the sums annually expended by Monasteries in charity, the sum distributed in anniversaries, with the names of the parties who were thus commemorated, the names of Priors, and all other incumbents, and sometimes of their immediate predecessors, together with the value of lands, provisions, and other commodities; and the record presents a complete view of the value and description of all ecclesiastical property in the reign of Henry VIII. It is the criterion also by which is determined what livings were then under episcopal jurisdiction, other livings, not there recorded, being considered merely as donatives; but its greatest utility is that which is in some respects equally applicable to the Nonæ Rolls, viz. that by ascertaining what are Rectorial, and what Vicarial tithes, the chasm of evidence, occasioned by the loss of endowments, is supplied.

A very perfect account is given in this record of the several possessions.

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5. *Kirkby's Inquest*, taken in 1277.

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6. *Nomina Villarum*, made in 1281.

These records have not yet been printed. Mr. Hunter, speaking from his own experience, says, "No single records have afforded more useful, and more extended information than these have done."

IN THE PALACE AT LAMBETH.

The Parliamentary Survey.

"These surveys," says Archdeacon Todd[1], "were made in pursuance of various ordinances of parliament during the Commonwealth, by surveyors appointed for that purpose, acting on oath. At the Restoration, these valuable papers were delivered to Juxon, Archbishop of Canterbury, and they were deposited in the Library at Lambeth Palace. They form twenty-one large folio volumes.

[1] Collections relative to benefices within the Archdeaconry of Cleveland, page 5, Preliminary Remarks.

Some of the returns are duplicates, some original, but they are all, by a Decree of the Court of Exchequer, admitted in evidence as original records. They are surveys of episcopal and capitular, as well as parochial, possessions, and as they also describe impropriations or Rectories, are often minute as well as important."

Some additional surveys of the same nature have been discovered in the Tower of London [1].

IN THE CHAPTER HOUSE AT WESTMINSTER.

Augmentation Office.

HERE are deposited various papers relative to the rebellions in Yorkshire during the reign of King Henry VIII., which have only been discovered since the year 1800. And in the same repository are the reports of the visiters preparatory to the suppression of the Monasteries, and an immense mass of papers relative to the suppressed Monasteries, viz. conventual leases, Crown leases, and deeds of purchase and exchange [2].

A catalogue of some of the contents of this collection is given in the Appendix to the Report of the Commissioners, (1837), pages 12, &c.

IN THE OFFICE OF THE DUCHY OF LANCASTER.

In this office are deposited maps and plans of sundry forests, chases, parks, &c. A list is given in page 104 of the Appendix to the Report of the Commissioners, made in 1837; also registers or cartularies of Kirkstall and Selby Monasteries.

[1] Vide 1st Report of the Commissioners, page 9.

[2] A great number of records and papers belonging to the suppressed Monasteries north of Trent, were deposited in the Round Tower at St. Mary's Abbey, York; and very shortly after Mr. Dodsworth had made his transcripts from them, the Tower was blown up by the explosion of a shell during the siege of York, and many of the records were totally destroyed.

IN THE HERALD'S COLLEGE.

Tonge, Norroy, visited Yorkshire in 1530. In the middle of that century there appears to have been several imperfect visitations undertaken by Harvey, Dalton, Glover, and Flower. In the years 1584 and 1585 was the first great and complete visitation. This was undertaken by Glover and Flower, and valuable indeed is the mass of information which they have brought together. In 1612, Richard St. George, Norroy held a visitation, where we find not only many of Flower's pedigrees entered, but accounts of other families, who, in that interval, had become seated in the county, or had shot up into gentry. Since that time there has been only one visitation, which was held by one of the most illustrious of those who in any age or nation have devoted themselves to the study of antiquities, Sir William Dugdale, who, in the summer of 1665 and 1666, compiled a general visitation of this great county.

In the Collectanea Topographica et Genealogica, vol. iv. page 73, extracts are given from a MS. marked L. 8, containing notices concerning religious houses in Yorkshire.

Copies of all the Visitations except Dugdale's are in the British Museum.

"The Visitations of the Herald's," says Mr. Hunter, "contain a few Church Notes."

Here is deposited a copy of Hopkinson's Pedigrees, (vide Hopkinson's MSS. folio,) with additions by the Rev. John Brooke, and T. C. Brooke, the Somerset Herald. The volume is marked T.C.B. No. 1. [1]

[1] Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i., Preface.

II. COLLECTIONS IN PUBLIC, ARCHIEPISCOPAL, AND CATHEDRAL LIBRARIES.

IN THE BODLEIAN LIBRARY AT OXFORD.

1. *The Dodsworth MSS.*

Roger Dodsworth, who died in Aug. 1654, was an antiquary "whom no fatigue could deter, who shrunk from no labour however uninviting or unintellectual[1]." The manuscript collections in his own hand, now among the mighty treasures of the Bodleian Library, consist of Church notes, letters, pedigrees, charters, and many other matters of great topographical importance, which, together with some original documents preserved by him, were formerly stitched in one hundred and sixty-one volumes. Several of these volumes are now bound together, but the old numbering has been preserved. The Catalogi Manuscriptorum Angliæ[2], present but an imperfect sketch of their multifarious contents, and the student in Yorkshire antiquities

[1] Hunter's South Yorkshire, Preface.

[2] The following is a brief abstract of the above mentioned Catalogue:—

Vol. i., Final Concords. Vols. ii. iii. iv. v. vi., Genealogical Collections. Vols. vii. viii. ix. x., Charters, &c. Vol. xi., Names of Tenants of the Crown. Vols. xii. xiii. xiv. xv. xvi. xvii., Abstracts of the Pipe Rolls. Vol. xviii., Collections relative to the Barony of Ogle. Vol. xix., Descents of several Noble Families. Vol. xx., A Volume of Camden's Collections. Vol. xxi., Nomina Villarum Eboracenses. Vol. xxii., Collections from the Registry of Wills in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury. Vol. xxiii., Nomina Villarum, continued. Vols. xxiv. xxv., Charters. Vol. xxvi., Copies of Letters from the Commissioners, relative to the suppression of religious houses in Yorkshire, and from Coucher Book of Drax. Vol. xxvii., Kirkby's Inquest, and Nomina Villarum. Vol. xxviii., Abstracts of the Register Books of the Archbishops of York, from Walter Gray, to Edm. Grendal; among these there is a full Abstract of the Register of Archbishop Zouch, of which the original is not now to be found. Vol. xxix., Exchequer Memoranda. Vol. xxx., Charters, &c. Vol. xxxi., Collections relative to Chester. Vol. xxxii., Charters, Bounds of the Forest of Knaresbrough, &c. Vol. xxxiii., Collections relative to the Butler Family. Vol. xxxiv., Inquisitions relative to Pontefract, &c. Vol. xxxv., Extracts from the Red Book in the Exchequer. Vol. xxxvi., Extracts from the Close Rolls. Vol. xxxvii., Names of the Tenants-in-chief. Vol. xxxviii., Charters, &c. Vol. xxxix., Extracts, chiefly from the Records of the Duchy of Lancaster. Vol. xl., Inquisitiones Post Mortem, &c. Vol. xli., Abstracts of Exchequer Records. Vol. xlii., Apparatus Genealogicus. Vols. xliii. xliv., Inquisitiones et Escheats. Vol. xlv., Excerpta from various Cartularies, &c. Vol. xlvi., Inquisitiones Feodorum in Richmondshire. Vol. xlvii., Scuttages, &c. Vol. xlviii., Collections from the Exchequer. Vol. lxix., Charters, &c. Vol. l., Miscellaneous, from the Plumpton Papers. Vol. li., Escheats. Vol. lii., Fines. Vols., liii. liv. lv., Charters, &c. Vol. lvi., Fines. Vol. lvii., Escheats, Collections relative to the Manor of Wakefield. Vol. lviii., Account of Chantries and Hospitals, &c. Vol. lix., Miscellaneous, chiefly relative to Ecclesiastical Foundations. Vol. lx., Extracts from the Exchequer. Vol. lxi., Genealogies, &c. and Sundry Extracts, Letter of King Charles to the Dean and Chapter of York, for Beautifying the Cathedral. Vol. lxii., Charters, &c. Vol. lxiii., Histories of the Foundations of St. Mary's Abbey, Byland, Jorevale, &c. Vol. lxiv., Escheats, &c. Vols. lxv. lxvi. lxvii. lxviii., Charters and Extracts, from Inquisitions, &c. Vol. lxix., History of the Abbey of Meaux. Vol. lxx., Evidences of the Vipont and Clifford Families. Vol. lxxi., Charters. &c. Vol. lxxii., Escheats, &c. Vol. lxxiii., Fines and Placida. Vol. lxxiv., Miscellaneous Church Notes, made at Loundesbrough, &c. Vol. lxxv., Miscellaneous Records and Charters. Vol. lxxvi., Original Charters, Deeds, Inquisitions, &c. Vol. lxxvii., no volume under this number. Vol. lxxviii., Extracts from Registers, &c. Vol. lxxix., Charters and Pedigrees. Vol. lxxx., Charters, Fines, Letters Patent, &c. Vol. lxxxi., Pedigrees of Peers. Vol. lxxxii., Miscellaneous. Vol. lxxxiii., Deeds, &c., principally relating to Lord Clifford's Estates. Vol. lxxxiv., Fines. Vol. lxxxv., Extracts from sundry Cartularies. Vol. lxxxvi., Extracts from Cartularies and Escheats, chiefly relating to Northamptonshire. Vol. lxxxvii., Charters, Patents, Inquisitions, &c., chiefly relative to Lancashire. Vol. lxxxviii., Church Notes, Inscriptions in Genealogies. &c. Vol. lxxxix., Extracts from the Red Book in the Exchequer, Hundred Rolls, &c. Vol. xc., Miscellaneous. Vol. xci., Extracts relative to the Abbeys of Newland and Byland, and from the Evidences of Peter Middleton, of Stockeld, Knt., &c. Vol. xcii., Extracts from the Registers, &c., of Salley Abbey, Bolton Abbey, St. William's Chapel York, Archbishop Holgate's Certificate of Chantries, Hospitals, &c., Inscriptions at Tickhill and Adwick-in-the-Street, Arthington Papers, Plompton Papers, Broughton Papers, &c. Vol. xciii., Close Rolls, Patents, Inquisitions, &c. Vol. xciv., Charters relative to Byland, Newburgh, St. Clement's York, Sinningthwaite, Gisburn, &c.; from the Registers, &c., of the Dean and Chapter of York. Vol. xcv., Extracts from Magnum Album and Cartularies of Kirkham, Byland, St. Peter's York, St. Leonard's Hospital, &c. Vol. xcvi., Pedigrees of Stafford-

may be cautioned against relying upon the abstract of them, as far as they relate to certain wapentakes and certain families in the county of York, which is

shire Families. Vol. xcvii., Fines, Inquisitions, &c. Vol. xcviii., Inquisitiones Post Mortem. Vol. xcix., Extracts from the Register Books of Wills proved at York. Vol. c., Extracts from Lord Dunbar's Papers, Constables of Flambrough and Holme, in Spaldingmore, &c. Vol. ci., Inquisitiones Post Mortem. Vol. cii., Extracts from Cartularies of Greasely, &c. Vol. ciii., Close Rolls. Vol. civ., Inquisitiones Post Mortem, &c. Vol. cv., Extracts from Charters and Cartularies of Whitby, Thurgarton, &c. Vol. cvi., Final Concords. Vol. cvii., Collections from the Registers at Lincoln, &c. Vol. cviii., Extracts from the Charters of Fountain's Abbey, &c. Vol. cix., Close Rolls. Vol. cx., Foundation Charters, &c. Vol. cxi., Close Rolls. Vol. cxii., Extracts from Testa de Nevil. Vol. cxiii., Extracts from Cartularies of Fountains Abbey, Gisburne Priory, Pedigrees, &c. Vol. cxiv., cxv., Inquisitions, &c. Vol. cxvi., History of the Foundation of Kirkstall Abbey, Extracts from Coucher Books, &c., of St. Nicholas and Trinity Pontefract, Monk Bretton, Fountain's Abbey, Keldholm, Healeaugh, St. Leonard's York, St. Clement's York, St. John's Beverley, &c., Ancient names of Streets in York. Vol. cxvii., Extracts relative to Kirkstall, &c., Priories, Sandal Advowson, Archbishop Holgate's Will, Extracts from the Wakefield Court Rolls, List of Chantries, &c., in the City of York. Vol. xcviii., Extracts relative to the Monasteries of Selby, Gisburne, Meaux, Drax, St. Clement's, Pontefract, Nunkeeling, Blythe, St. Nicholas Pontefract, St. Leonard's York, Byland, Monk Bretton, Extracts from the ancient Court Rolls of Wakefield, Extracts from the Chapter Acts of York. Vol. cxix., Extracts from the Gascoigne Papers, Tenures in Sergeantry, Notes from Worksop Coucher Book, &c. Vol. cxx., Charters, Inquisitions, &c. Vol. cxxi., Ledger Book of St. Leonard's in the City of York, Ledger Book of Fountain's Abbey, Charters of St. Leonard's York, Watton, Rievaulx, and Kirkham, Chronicle of Kirkstall, Chantry Roll for Doncaster Deanery, Perambulation of Forests, Mayors, &c., of York, Survey of the Lordship of Middleton, &c. Vol. cxxii., Genealogies, &c. Vol. cxxiii., Extracts. Vol. cxxiv., Genealogical Collections. Vol. cxxv., Extracts from the Registers of the Archbishops of York, beginning with Archbishop Walter Gray, Foundation of Bolton Abbey, account of the Free School at Wakefield, and several other schools, Relics, &c., in York Minster, (this volume is rich in notices relative to the Church of York). Vol. cxxvi., Extracts from the Registers of the Priory of Worksop, Pipe Rolls, &c. Vol. cxxvii., Extracts from the Registers at York, &c., Fines, Extracts from the Strickland Papers, Pontefract Rolls, and from the Books of Meaux Abbey. Vol. cxxviii., Extracts from sundry Registers of Priories, Fines, Placida, &c.; Records of the Vavasour Family. Vol. cxxix., Extracts from the Coucher Book of St. Leonard's York, and Fountain's Abbey, List of Chantries, &c., in York, Norroy's Visitation of Yorkshire, temp. Henry VIII., Extracts from Wills, &c. Vol. cxxx., Extracts from the Register Book of Fountain's Abbey and from the Talbot Papers, Petitions in Chancery, &c. Vol. cxxxi., Fees of the Duchy of Lancaster and Inquisitions. Vol. cxxxii., Feudal Tenures in the Counties of Nottingham and Derby, Inquisitions, &c. Vol. cxxxiii., Charters of St. John of Pontefract, and papers from St. Mary's Tower, Extracts from the Armitage, Ramsden, Wood, &c., Papers. Vol. cxxxiv., Fines, &c., Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire. Vol. cxxxv., Extracts from the Vavasour, Mauleverer, Constable, Middleton, &c., Papers, and from the Welbeck Book. Vol. cxxxvi., Extracts from the Cartularies of Selby, and St. John's Pontefract, and from the Registers of the See of York. Vol. cxxxvii., Arms and Inscriptions in the Churches at Sheffield, Aston, Melton, Rotherham, Thribergh, Hemsworth, Nostell, Selby, Newmarch and Bolton Priory, Sandford, York Minister, St. Sampson's, St. Martin's, St. John's, York, Allerton, Newton-upon-Ouse, Sheriff Hutton, Pocklington, Barwick in Elmet, Hesslewood, Roddington, Flawforth, Titheby, Langar, Whatton, Kirkby Wiske, Kirkby Fleetham, Catterick, Leeds, Harewood, Swillington, Methley, Wakefield, Thornhill, Elland, Huddersfield, Darfield, Barnsley, Hemingbrough, South Cave, North Cave, Aske, Ellerton, Eastrington, Lockington, St. Mary's Beverley, Kilham, Sutton in Holderness, Brandsburton, Kirkby Misterton, Stokesley, Wadworth, Walton, and Wighill. Vol. cxxxviii., Extracts from the Cartularies of Nostell and St. John of Beverley. Vol. cxxxix., Extracts from the Registers, viz. Thoresby, Scrope, and Williams's Register Books, and from the Rockley, Barnby, and Fairfax Papers, Notes respecting Hunmanby, &c. Vol. cxl., Abbots of St. Mary's York, Parks, &c., in Yorkshire, Seneschals of Wakefield, Names and Values of Benefices in Yorkshire, Notes relative to the parish of Marr. Vol. cxli., Transcripts from the Red Book, &c. Vol. cxlii., Miscellaneous, chiefly out of records and charters. Vol. cxliii., Transcripts from the Kighley Papers. Vol. cxliv., Extracts from the Bolton and Haverholm Cartularies and Register Book of Archbishop Melton. Vol. cxlv., Extracts from Cartularies of Selby, Arms and Inscriptions in some York Churches, Bounds of the parish of St. Maurice, York, Extracts from the Constable Papers, Notes respecting Setterington. Vol. cxlvi., Miscellaneous, Everingham Papers, &c. Vol. cxlvii., Arms and Inscriptions in sundry Yorkshire Churches, Extracts from Monk Bretton Cartulary. Vol. cxlviii., Plompton Papers, On the Custom of Church Ale. Vol. cxlix., Papers, principally concerning Lancashire. Vol. cl., Yorkshire Tenures, Pedigrees, &c. Vol. cli., Charter of the Priory of Pontefract, Extracts from the Cartulary of Monk Bretton. Vol. clii., Placida and Fines, Transcripts and Extracts from the Charters of Roche and Nostell Abbeys, Inquisitions, Pedigrees of the Lacies, &c. Vol. cliii., Placida,

to be found in the Harleian Collection of Manuscripts, No. 793—804.[1]

Dodsworth's Church Notes were taken before the Civil War, and his Abstract of Evidences whilst many old Yorkshire families were living upon the estates of their progenitors, and who are now extinct, and their papers dispersed.

Preserved by the patronage of General Fairfax[2]; he bequeathed it to the library it is now lodged in. Fairfax died in 1671, but the manuscripts were not brought to Oxford till 1673, and then in wet weather, when Wood, with much ado, obtained leave of the Vice Chancellor to have them brought into the Muniment Room, in the School Tower, and was a month or two employed in drying them upon the leads[3].

One Mr. Jennings, and Mr. Tilleyson, the Suffolk Antiquary, collected from Dodsworth's papers twelve volumes of notes relating to the following hundreds and wapentakes; Hang West, Hallikeld, Ainsty, Barkston Ash, Morley, Staincross, Claro, Osgodcross, Strafford, Skyrack, Agbrigg, Staindrop, and Ewcross, which, with a volume of Yorkshire pedigrees, *ordine alphabetico* as far as G, are in the Harleian Library, Nos. 793—805.

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2. *The Gough MSS.*

These were bequeathed by Mr. Gough to the Bodleian Library, and among them are valuable extracts from the Registers of the See of York.

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3. *The Rawlinson Papers.*

Among these is a Register of Fountain's Abbey, No. 447.

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4. *Anthony à Wood's MSS.*

These are now deposited in the Bodleian Library. A catalogue of them was made by William Huddesford, A.B., Oxford, printed 1671, reprinted at the Tower of Broadway, 1834.[1]

Genealogies, &c. Vol. cliv., Placida, &c., Extracts from the Court Rolls of Knaresbrough. Vol. clv., Extracts from the Charters of Salley, Monk Bretton, and Pontefract, and from the Hammerton, Lister, Beaumont, &c., Papers. Vol., clvi. Extracts from the Cartularies, &c., of St. Mary's Abbey and Fountain's Abbey, and from a Register Book of the Diocese during the vacancies of the See. Vol. clvii., Miscellaneous Inscriptions in the Churches in York. Vol. clviii., Catalogues of Barons and of Religious Houses. Vol. clix., Extracts from the Cartularies of Pontefract, Whitby, Bridlington, &c. Vol. clx., Church Notes; giving an account of the arms and inscriptions, and some other memoirs, extracted from the parish registers, with occasional remarks of the hills, rivers, hamlets, &c., viz. Peniston, Silkston, Ecclesfield, Rotherham, Rawmarsh, Sandal Magna, Saxton, All Saints Pontefract, Tankersley, Laughton, Emley, South Kirkby, Kirkby Malhamdale, Swillington, Whitkirk, Wragby, North and South Deighton, Bolton-by-Bolland, Hemsworth, Mitton, Waddington, and Long Preston. Vol. clxi., Epitaphs in the Cathedral at York, and in all the Parochial Churches within that city; collected by Dodsworth in 1618.

[1] "I never look upon these volumes without the utmost surprise and wonder, most of them are written with his own hand, and the Genealogical Tables and the Notes on them done with exquisite care and judgment."—Gough, page 543.

A catalogue has been recently published by Mr. Hunter, which is highly interesting.

[2] In the Fasti Oxonienses may be found more respecting the Dodsworth Collection; and Fuller refers to them, as being in his time at York House, in the Library of the Lord Fairfax. Worthies of Yorkshire, page 201. Hunter's Hallamshire, page 29.

[3] Hunter Leland's Collect, page 79. Preface, Wood's Fasti, page 11.

[1] At the private press of Sir Thomas Phillipp's, Bart., to whose kindness the Author is indebted for the sight of a copy, and also permission to make the above extracts.

This collection contains the following articles relative to Yorkshire: viz. No. 8469, Genealogies drawn out by Mr. Wood. No. 8470, Vivi illustres Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ, Lives of Archbishops Young and Sterne. No. 8487, Transcripts of Dodsworth's Collections relative to the Lords of the Honors of Tickhill, Pontefract, Wakefield, Knaresborough, Holderness, Cottingham, Skelton in Cleveland, and Mulgrave. No. 8505, Epitaphs. No. 8518-56, Notes concerning several free schools, *inter alia*, Sedburgh and Pocklington, Epitaphs in York Minster, Halifax, Normanton, Thornhill, Kirkby Overblows, Bingley, Settrington, Cottingham, Ripon, Middleham, Kipling, and Bolton Percy, Account of Schools at Pocklington, Giggleswick, Tadcaster, Sheffield, Kirkby Malhamdale, Wakefield, and York, Epitaphs at Harewood. Nos. 8520-58, Collections out of the Visitation Books in the Heralds' College. No. 8563, Inscriptions at Thornbrough, Yorkshire. No. 8564, The Names and Arms of the Vicars of Halifax, from 1274 to 1638. No. 8567, 105 Collections out of the Registers of the Archbishops and Church of York, from 1317 to 1687, Catalogues of the Deans of Ripon, Provosts of Beverley, and Deans of York.

5. *The Fairfax MSS.*

In this collection are the Cartularies of Kirkham and Warter Abbeys.

IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM.

1. *The Cottonian MSS.*

The manuscripts in this valuable collection relative to Yorkshire are not very numerous; in the subjoined note[1] the principal references are enumerated.

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2. *The Talbot MSS.*

These are now deposited in the Cottonian Library, Vespasian D. 21. The collection is relative to Yorkshire, and was made about the year 1580, by T. Talbot, Clerk of the Tower Records.

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3. *The Harleian MSS.*

This collection[2] is very rich in articles relating to Yorkshire topography.

4. *The Lansdowne MSS.*

In this valuable collection are an immense number of MSS. relative to British topography and history[1].

[1] Fundatio, Eccles. Ebor. *Cleop.* C. iv. 4. Constitutiones Variæ Bullæ Statuta, &c., de Provincia Eborac. *Vitel.* A. 11. 94. 99b. 102b. 104, 105, 106, 107. 108. 110. 113. 116, 117, 118. 130b. *Cleop.* C. iv. 20b.; 21. *S. Pet.* Cathedral Cartulary. *Claudius*, B. iii. 1. 164. *Galba*, E. x. 88. 118, St. Mary's Monast. *Tiberius*, E. viii. 88. 244, Selby Mon. *Cleop.* D. iii. Notel. *Vesp.* E. 19, Gisburne. *Cleop.* D. 11, Malton. *Claudius*, D. 11. Rievaulx. *Julius*, D. 1, Heleaugh. Vesp. A. iv. Meaux *Vitel.* C. vi.

[2] The following is a compressed catalogue of the articles relative to Yorkshire; viz. No. 2. Vita S. Willelmi Eboracensis Archiepiscopi. No. 144, Surveys, &c. of Kirkstall. No. 280, A Brief Sum of all the Parishes, Impropriations, Preachers, Communicants, and Recusants within the Diocese of York. No. 530, A Note concerning the Foundation of the Monastery at Bolton. No. 539, Instructions to the Commissioners for Suppressing Religious Houses in Yorkshire, &c. No. 793, The History of the Towns and Villages within the Hundred of Hang West, by one Mr. Jennyngs, and notes on ditto, by one Mr. Tennyson. No. 794, the like within the Ainsty. Nos. 795 and 796. the like within Barkston Wapentake. No. 797, the like within Morley. No. 798, the like within Staincross. No. 799, the like within Claro. No. 800, the like within Osgoldcross. No. 801, the like within Strafford. No. 802, the like within Skirack. No. 803, the like within Agbrigg. No. 804, the like within Staincliffe and Ewcross. No. 805, Extracts from Pedigrees of Yorkshire Families. N.B. These twelve folio volumes are collected from the Dodsworth Papers, but methodized and translated. No. 1084, Arms in Churches in Yorkshire. No. 1171, Flower's (Norroy) Visitation of Yorkshire. No. 1367, Yorkshire Arms. No. 1394, Glover's (Somerset) Visitation of Yorkshire, and Arms in Churches. No. 1408, Do. No. 1415, Do. Do. No. 1420, Do. No. 1438, Arms, &c. No. 1452, Do. No. 1487, Do. No. 1542, Arms in Giggleswick Church. No. 1571, Descents, &c. No. 1577, Arms, &c. No. 1997, Notes taken in Bingley Church. No. 2044, Charters of the Foundation of St. Mary's, in Woodkirk. No. 2083, Order to grind at the Soke Mill at Keighley. No. 2113, Names of Gentry in Osgoldcross and Barkston Wapentakes. No. 2116, Arms of Yorkshire Knights. No. 2117, Abstract of nine Deeds relating to Drax Priory and Bingley Church. Nos. 2118 and 2120, Yorkshire Pedigrees. No. 2129, Glover's Notes on Bradfield Chapel, &c. Nos. 2198 and 2230, Yorkshire Arms. No. 3881, Deeds relating to Yorkshire, &c. No. 4198 and 4630, Arms and Descents, containing an excellent copy of Hopkinson's Pedigrees, with additional Notes. No. 6070, Arms in the Churches of Rotherham, Bolton Percy, South Cave, North Cave, &c. No. 6115, An Abstract of Sir Thomas Widdrington's History of York. No. 6288, 22nd Jac. I. Surveys of the Manors of Sheriff Hutton, East and West Lilling, Sutton in Galtries, Appleton, Knapton, Sherburne, Stamford Bridge, Skirpenbeck, Scoresby, Elvington, Hotham, Rise, Hooke, Ottringham, Description of Sheriff Hutton Castle. No. 6586, Descents, &c. Nos. 6969, 6970, 6971, and 6972, Extracts from the Registers of the Diocese of York, by Dr. Matthew Hutton. No. 7017, (50) Privileges of New Malton, Anno 1596. No. 7047, (Vol. 20. No. 20.) Monuments at York. No. 7505, (4) Copy of Inscriptions at York.

[1] The following are the principal articles relative to Yorkshire: Viz. No. 1, copy of Injunctions of Archbishop Gifford for establishing Prebendaries at Howden, Inquests concerning Inclosures in Yorkshire. No. 5, Names of Freeholders in the County of York in 1561, The Queen's Warrant to search for Mines in Yorkshire, &c., 1563. No. 19, 3rd Feb. 1574, Archbishop of York to Lord Burghley, to annul destructive Leases granted by the Master of Sherburn Hospital. No. 22, Dec. 1576, Petition respecting the repairing of Hull Harbour. No. 26, 1578, Petition of Elizabeth Matthew, to enjoy her License for making Train Oil without the encroachment of the Town of Scarbrough. No. 29, Jan. 1579, Petition of the Dean and Chapter of York to the Queen, for confirming their Charter. No. 30, 1580, Sir Thomas Boynton's Proposals for improving Bridlington Harbour. No. 51, Concealed Lands and Tenements in the City of York. No. 59, 1589, Mr. Tipper's Book of Concealments belonging to the Churches of

5. *The Warburton MSS.*[1]

These are contained in eleven volumes, and form a portion of the Lansdown Collection. The whole collection consists partly of fragments of printed works, and partly of manuscripts, with many plates, maps, &c.

Canterbury, York, &c. No. 65, Case of Bridlington Pier. No. 76, The Archbishop of York to Lord Burghley, relative to two Messuages left by Dr. Oglethorp to maintain a School and Hospital. No. 77, The Vice Chancellor of Cambridge to Lord Burghley, concerning their right to the Vicarage of Campsall. No. 106, Jobson of Hull's Case, as to the Grange at Mowthorpe and the Cell of Sn ith. No. 110, Customs of Richmond Land, &c. No. 112, Cartulary of Salley Abbey. No. 205, Pedigrees of Yorkshire Families. No. 207, Extracts from the Cartulary of Monk Bretton, Historia Abbaticæ de Melsa, Papers relative to Arnall, Ergham, Aske, Lockington, Wharam, Birdsall, Skipsey, Pocklington, Wawne, and Excerpta relative to St. Mary's Abbey. No. 213, A Short Survey of Twenty-six Counties. No. 227, Instruments relative to the Clergy and Church of York. No. 229, Les sonts les Chronicles in l'Abbé de Kirkstall, Notes of Charters relating to the Family of Lay, found in Pontefract Castle, Excerpta è Registro de Pontefracto. No. 259, De Foundatione Abbaticæ de Kirkstede, Charters, &c. relating to Pontefract, Inquisitions relative to the Manors of Snaith, Slaindburn, and Bowland. No. 269, Foundatio Hospitalis Sancti Petri et Sancti Leonardi in Civitate Eboraci, Carta Foundationis Monasterii de Bello. No. 326, contains some few matters concerning Yorkshire, (was one of Dodsworth's Collection.) No. 365, Statuta Antiqua Curiæ Cons. Ebor. No. 402, A Register Book of the Archbishop of York, written about the year 1309. No. 403, A Register Book of the Guild of Corpus Christi, in York. No. 404, Liber de Origine Monasterii Fontanensis. No. 405, Cartulary of Monk Bretton. No. 424, Cartulary of the Abbey of Meaux. No. 446, Inquisitions as to concealed Lands at South Cave, Bromflete, Ellerker, Provest, &c. No. 452, A Register of the Prebends, &c., in the Cathedral at York. No. 459, A Register of all the Church Livings in the Counties of York, Nottingham, &c. with an account of all their actual Income, and the Patrons, and the characters of many of the Incumbents; supposed to have been made about 1654, for the use of the Commissioners for ejecting scandalous Ministers. No. 865, Catalogue of the Yorkshire Gentry. No. 1063, Cartularies of St. Mary's Abbey and Rufford Abbey. No. 1197, Notes relating to Church Lands leased out and belonging to the Cathedral of York. No. 1233, Topographical Notes, taken chiefly in Churches in the time of Charles II.; viz. York Minster, Bawtry, Ryther, Wighill, Otley, Spofforth, Ripley, and Bedale, Inscription in Sir Thomas Slingsby's House at Overton.

[1] The following is a compressed catalogue. No. 421, Cartularies of Harewood, Monk Bretton, Meaux. Vol. i. No. 889, A Catalogue of Mr. Torre's MSS. Copies of Camden's Britannia, Fuller's Worthies, Bloome's Britannia, Drayton's Polyolbion, Burton's Itinerary of Antoninus, and Le Neve's Fasti, so far as relate to Yorkshire, and Dr. Johnston's proposals and enquiries respecting a history of the County of York. Vols. ii. and iii. Nos. 890 and 891, Collections relative to the History and Antiquities of Hull. Vol. iv. No. 892, Churches Parochial and Conventual within the Diocese of York and Archdeaconry of Cleveland, collected out of public records and registers, pars 2, said to have been originally lettered "Torre's Account of the Churches in Yorkshire." Vol. v. No. 893, Churches Parochial and Conventual within the Diocese of York and East Riding, collected out of public records and registers by John Warburton, Somerst. Vol. vi. No. 895, Collections relating to Hedon and the East Riding. Vol. vii. No. 895, Miscellaneous Collections for Yorkshire, viz. Maps, Surveys of several Roads and Rivers, Account of Fee Farm-rents, Leland's Itinerary, as far as respects Yorkshire, Copies of several Wills proved at Alne, Glover's Names of Yorkshire Families, Forests in the County of York. Vol. viii. No. 896, Collections, principally relating to Beverley, Captain Pattinson's account of the taking of Pontefract Castle. Vol. ix. No. 897, The History of Hatfield, by the Rev. Abraham De la Pryme. Vol. x. No. 898, Maps, Plates, and Extracts from Torre's MSS., Transcripts of Kirkby's Inquest for the West Riding, Rev. Abraham De la Pryme's Account of Doncaster. Vol. xi. No. 899, Collections relating to the City and part of the North Riding, viz. Plates, Copies from Torre's MSS. Survey of the Manor of Dowthorpe, History of Hatfield, An account of the Sale of Lands belonging to the Church and See of York during the Civil Wars, by Thomas Rawlinson, of the Middle Temple, View of Sheriff Hutton Castle, Sketch of Tombs at Bedale, Inscriptions in Catterick and Bedale Churches. No. 900, A volume of older collections for the County of York, viz. Copies from Domesday Book, and a Note from William Vavasour, Esq., of Haslewood, concerning the progress of King Henry VIII. to the City of York, in the 30th year of his reign, with memoranda relating to the roads, woods, &c., of Yorkshire, and the manors within ten miles of Hazlewood. No. 901, Arms of the Yorkshire Families. No. 903, Pedigrees of the Beckwiths of Handale Abbey. No. 908, Arms of Yorkshire Families. No. 909, Extracts from Magna Britannia, Philosophical Transactions, &c., relative to Yorkshire, and a Letter to Sir Thomas Chaloner, giving an account of the natural history and antiquities of Guisborough. No. 910, Diary of I. W., a supervisor of excise in the county of York, Anno 1718. Nos. 911, 912, and 913, Three volumes of Notes and Memoranda relative to Mr. Warburton's Map and Survey of Yorkshire. No. 914, Views, &c., sketched with pen and ink. No. 915, Alphabetical List of Villages in Yorkshire. No. 917, Fragments from printed Books. No. 919, In-

6. *The Kennett MSS.*

These papers [1], which are contained in 107 volumes, are now deposited with the Lonsdale MSS. in the British Museum.

7. *The Arundel MSS.*

St. Peter's Cartulary, 17.

IN THE ARCHIEPISCOPAL LIBRARY AT LAMBETH.

1. *The Ducarel MSS.*

These consist of two folio volumes, they contain references to the endowments of Vicarages, and were collected with great care and diligence by the learned Dr. Ducarel, from the registers of various sees and religious houses, and also from other sources of information.

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2. *Notitia Parochialis.*

These are the returns, many of which, as observed by Archdeacon Todd, are extremely important, to the queries of a Divine whose name is now unknown, who, in 1705, prefaced the enquiry to his brethren with the mention of a design at that time of publishing the state of parish Churches, giving an account of benefactors, and of other matters worthy to be known. The queries are these: 1. Are the tithes, or any part of them, appropriated, and to whom? 2. What part of the tithe is your Church or Chapel endowed with? 3. What augmentation or other benefaction has your

scriptions in various Churches in Yorkshire, &c. No. 923. Notes concerning Hull, &c. No. 1219, Mr. Warburton's own account of his MSS.

[1] The principal articles relative to Yorkshire are the following:—

Vol. i. No. 935, Diptycha Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ, containing a series of the Abbots, Priors, &c., of the different Monasteries, &c. Vol. xxix. No. 963, Simonis de Warwick Abbatis Ebor. de rebus Abbaticæ suæ MS. Bibl. Bodl. Oxon. Ex Libello Stephani Abbatis S. Marie Eboraci. Vol. xxx. No. 964, Collectanea Matt. Hutton, ex Cartularia Abbaticæ de Melsa Ex Reg. Hen. Bowet Archidia. Richm. Vol. xxxiv. Ex Cartulario de Melsa. Vol. xxxviii. Ex Collect. M. Hutton de Abbat. S. Mariæ Ebor. et de Kirkstall, Transcript of Deeds relating to Wakefield Church, Miscellaneous Collections of Ralph Thoresby relating to Yorkshire, Memoranda, and De la Pryme's History of Hull, Carta pro Hominibus de Wakefield, 1 Ed. II. Memoranda of agreement 16 Car. II. concerning the tithes of Hunsingore, Note of the Augmentation of Warmfield Vicarage, 1716, Memoranda from MS. Chronicle of the Abbey of Meaux. Vol. xxxix. No. 973, Collections for the History of the Grammar School at Wakefield, Memoranda from Swillington Parish Registers, Extracts relative to Bridlington Priory, Memoranda relative to Giggleswick Grammar School, Endowment of Skirlaugh Chapel, Christmas Entertainments at Bishopthorpe, 1624, 1625, Carta de Maneriis de Attwike Entcottis Dripole, and Note concerning Hemsworth Relaxation of Injunctions, given to the Monastery of St. Mary's York, by the Visiters, Instructions to the Visiters of the Colleges, Chantries, &c., within Yorkshire, De Patronatu Ecclesiarum temp. Jo. Kemp.e Archiepiscopi Ebor, the King's Letters to the Dean and Chapter of York, 27th May 1633, 22nd June 1638, Letters from the Lord Keeper and Lord Archbishop of York to the Lord Mayor and Dean of York, touching the Lord Mayor's sitting in the stall of the Archdeacon of York, 25th November 1633, Extracts from Archbishop Kemp's Register, Cartularium Melsense, Agreement for the Augmentation of the Vicarages of Harewood, Thoresby's Addenda et Emendanda to his Vicaria Leodiensis, 3rd Edw. VI. Grant of Lands belonging to Chantries, &c., Exemplification of Charters granted to Bridlington Priory. Vol. xliv. No. 978, Biography of Archbishop Rotherham, Edward Cressacre, Subdean of York, Laurentius, Abbot of Selby, Archbishop Savage, John Rainald, Archdeacon of Cleveland, James Harrington, Dean of York, Archbishop Bainbridge, Richard Wylson, Bishop of Negropont, Suffragan of the Archbishop of York. Vol. xlv. No. 979, Biography of Hugh Ashton, Archdeacon of York, Thomas Dalby, Archdeacon of Richmond, Cardinal Wolsey, Brian Higden, Dean of York. Vol. xlvi. Biography of Archbishop Lee, Richard Layton, Dean of York, Archbishops Holgate, Cuthbert Marshall, Archdeacon of Nottingham, Robert Sylvestre, Suffragan Bishop of Hull. Vol. xlvii. No. 981, Biography of Archbishops Young and Heath. Vol. xlviii. No. 982, Biography of Archbishops Sandys and Piers. Vol. xlix. No. 983, Biography of Archbishop Matthew Hutton and John Brook, Precentor of York. Vol. l. No. 984, Biography of Geo. Meriton, Dean of York, Archbishop Matthew's, Archbishop Montaine, Archbishop Harsnet, John Wilson, Dean of Ripon, Henry Ramsden, Vicar of Halifax, Archbishop Neile. Vol. li. No. 985, Biography of John Scot, Dean of York, Geo. Stanhope, Chanter of York, Phineas Hudson, Chancellor of York, Archbishop Williams. Vol. lii. No. 986, Biography of Richard Marsh, Dean of York, Archbishop Frewen, Robert Hitch, Archdeacon of the East Riding. Vol. liii. No. 987, Biography of James Fall, Precentor of York, Archbishop Sterne, Archbishop Dolben.

benefice had, when, and by whom? 4. If your Church was founded since the Reformation, when, and by whom? 5. What union or dismembering, if any has been made of your Church, and by whom? 6. What library is settled in your parish, and by whom? 7. If the yearly value of your Rectory, Vicarage, Chapelry be under 30*l.*: how much? 8. To whom does the advowson, collation, or donation of your benefice belong? 9. If it be co-nominal with any other place, what is the note of distinction? 10. If it be a benefice that is not taken notice of in the Valor Beneficiorum, pray express in what Archdeaconry or Deanery it is.

The answers, of which upwards of two hundred relate to the Diocese of York, form six volumes.

IN THE ARCHIEPISCOPAL LIBRARY AT BISHOPTHORPE.

Archbishop Sharp's MSS.

These valuable manuscripts are comprized in four folio volumes, each containing an account of the parishes within one of the four Archdeaconries into which the Diocese of York was then divided, and are in the handwriting of the venerable prelate himself. The parishes are treated in Deaneries, which are subdivided according to their locality.

The foundation of the work is evidently upon that of Mr. Torre, and the catalogues of incumbents and patrons are continuations from his lists. Many memoranda and continuations of catalogues have, from time to time been inserted, since the volumes were originally compiled.

IN THE CATHEDRAL LIBRARY AT YORK.

1. *Torre's MSS.*

The Cathedral Library at York is possessed of five folio volumes, in manuscript, of James Torre, who died at Snydall, in 1699. One of them has this title: "Antiquities Ecclesiastical of the City of York, concerning Churches Parochial, Conventual, Chapels, Hospitals, Gilds, and in them Chantries and Interments, also Churches Parochial and Conventual within the Archdeaconry of the West Riding, collected out of Public Records and Registers, 1691." The other Archdeaconries, including Richmondshire, are treated in the same manner, in two more volumes; one more contains the peculiars, and another contains a full account of the Cathedral, its dignities and revenues. There are complete indexes to each volume, and his authorities are denoted by particular letters and figures, which are explained at the beginning of the work. The manuscripts were given to the library by Archbishop Sharp's executors[1].

"In these volumes is contained," says Mr. Hunter, "a vast treasure of information respecting the several benefices throughout the Diocese, and the succession of patrons and Incumbents, whether Rectors or Vicars. His plan was to notice first very briefly in whom the lay interest was vested at an early period, in which he has followed Kirkby's Inquest for the most part; next, in whom the patronage of the Church was vested in early times, by whom given, if given at all, to any religious foundation, when the Church was appropriated and what division was then made of its profits, other arrangements of a temporary nature, and, finally, a close catalogue of the Incumbents, with the names of the persons by whom they were presented, the time of their institution by the ordinary, and the means by which they vacated their preferment. This is done so completely that little is left to be desired. In the few instances," continues Mr. Hunter, "in which I have had the opportunity of comparing Torre's account of the ordinations of the Vicarages, with copies of instruments remaining entire among the records of the See, he has performed the task with so much ability, that he has left nothing behind but the mere husk and shell, in which all that was valuable in these wordy instruments was enveloped."

"We are indebted to Torre also for what are called the testamentary burials. It has been usual in all ages for persons to give directions in their wills respecting

[1] Vide Life of Archbishop Sharp, by his son, Dr. Sharp, edited by the Rev. Thomas Newcome, vol. i. page 137.

the places in which their bodies shall be interred. Torre went through the wills proved at York, and extracted from them all clauses relative to the place of interment of the testator, and has appended them to the accounts he has given of the Churches in which such interments were to take place. His testamentary burials are far from being complete, but they are, as far as they go, of great use, sometimes enabling us to appropriate the uninscribed tomb or that from which the inscription has disappeared."

Torre died at the age of 50, in 1699, but his collections can hardly be said to be continued beyond 1687.

Five more MS. volumes in folio are in the possession of his descendant, the Rev. Henry Torre, the Rector of Thornhill. They are entitled, "English Nobility and Gentry, or Supplemental Collections to Sir William Dugdale's Baronage[1]," carrying on the genealogical descents and historical remarks of families therein contained[2].

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2. *The Hutton MS.*

Mr. Hutton, a Divine, and collector for the ecclesiastical antiquities of Yorkshire, left a few notes of South Yorkshire Churches, in a manuscript said to be in the Cathedral Library, at York.

A Ledger Book of Fountain's Abbey is also in this library, also a Register of the Lands belonging to St. Mary's Abbey, and a manuscript formerly belonging to Rievaulx Abbey, the nature of which is not specified in the librarian's return[3].

[1] "He has transcribed Dugdale's Baronage throughout, corrected it in many places, added many historical remarks, and enriched it with the genealogies of many families of lesser note, especially of the northern gentry, with the coats of the different families, and a copious index." —Gough's Anecdotes of British Topography, page 549.

[2] "The leading feature of these collections is, that descents in Dugdale, or in less public collections, are illustrated by extracts from the records of the See of York, and from the wills deposited in the archives there."—Hunter, Preface.

[3] The library collected at York, by Alcuin, is alluded to by many writers, and its loss by fire is much lamented.

In the learned preface to the Catalogi Veteres Librorum Ecclesiæ Cathedralis Dunelm., published by the Surtees Society, page 20, it is said; "A full account of the splendid library of the Cathedral Church of York under the famous Alcuin, may be found in Canisius."

In the Report of the Record Commissioners, published in 1837, a return from the late Rev. Jas. Dallin, the then librarian, is given, containing a list of the manuscripts in this library; this list however does not notice the Hutton MS.

IN THE CATHEDRAL LIBRARY AT DURHAM.

A catalogue of the contents of this valuable library, compiled by the late Rev. Thomas Rud, was printed in 1825, in 4to. Such of the MSS., as appear in any respect to relate to Yorkshire, are noticed in the note below[1].

The Surtees Society has recently published, in 8vo., Catalogi Veteres Librorum Ecclesiæ Cathedralis Dunelm., to which are added catalogues of the Library of the Abbey of Hulne, and of the MSS. preserved in the Library of Bishop Cosin, at Durham.

[1] *Hunter MSS.* relative to the Churches in Durham and Allertonshire, and the Churches of Fishlake, Bossall, Craike, &c., with extracts from various records, copies of various charters, &c., relative to Byland, Healeaugh, Kirkstall, Gisbrough, Selby, St. Leonard's York, Drax, Sallay, Newburgh, Ormsby, Carleton in Cleveland, Basedale, Wilberfoss, Melsa, Bretton, Egleston, Ellerton, St. Mary's York, &c.

Randall MSS., Northumberland Churches, including the district of Northallerton, containing a particular account of each benefice.

IN UNIVERSITY COLLEGE LIBRARY, OXFORD.

A Cartulary of Fountain's Abbey is deposited in this library, in two folio volumes.

IN THE UNIVERSITY COLLEGE LIBRARY, CAMBRIDGE.

Liber Valorum Beneficiorum Ecclesiasticorum in Archiepiscopatu Ebor. and an account of the Siege of Pontefract Castle, by Nathan Drake, a contemporary.

IN TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.

Hugh de Kirkstall's account of the foundation of the Abbey of Fountain's, Sir Thomas Herbert's History of the Church of Ripon, Monumenta Eboracensia, by Henry Keep, and copies of the Ecclesiastical Commission for the Province of York.

IN ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.

A Register or Cartulary of St. Peter's is mentioned in the catalogue, and marked D. 27.

IN CAIUS COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.

A copy of two Visitations of Heralds in Yorkshire, in 1585 and 1612.

IN THE LIBRARY AT LINCOLN'S INN.

Copy of Writ 11th Nov. 17th Edw. III., touching tithe of fish due to the Church of Paul. Copy of Decree of Archbishop Walter Gray, showing what part of the ornaments of the Church belong to the Rector or Vicar, and what to the parishioners, according to the custom of the Province of York, with Selden's Letter to Dodsworth thereon; also extract from the Court Rolls of the Manor of Wakefield, showing that Sir Franco le Tyas, Knight, brought his action against Germanus Mercator, because he had arrested the horse of William Lepton, his squire, to the disgrace and damage of the said knight. Whereupon he recovered one hundred shillings. Dodsworth adds in a note, "In Wakefield they can only arrest cattle and not men."

IN THE LEEDS LIBRARY.

In the Public Library at Leeds is a transcript of Hopkinson's MS. Pedigrees of West Riding Gentry, (vide Hopkinson's MS. folio xviii.) wherein the family descents have been, in many instances, brought lower [1].

[1] Hunter's South Yorkshire, Preface.

Also a copy of Glover's Catalogue of Gentry, and Barnard's Collections relative to the Honor of Pontefract.

IN THE GUILD HALL AT HULL.

De la Pryme MSS.

When the Rev. Abraham De la Pryme (vide De la Pryme's MSS. folio xviii.) resided at Hull, he was employed by the corporation in methodizing their collection of ancient records, and from the original papers he made large extracts, which are bound up in volumes and lodged in the Guild Hall [1].

IN THE LIBRARY OF THE SOCIETY OF ANTIQUARIES AT NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

Petition of the Lord Mayor and merchants of York against William Waller's demand for prisage of wine. The Bishop of London's donation of the patronage of Cleasby to the Dean and Chapter of Ripon, 10th April 1723, and the Rules of Cleasby School.

FOREIGN LIBRARIES.

The Vatican.

The archives of the Vatican occupy eleven spacious halls near the library and museum. No stranger is admitted into them except by the express command of the Pope. No collection in the world can compare with this. The contents consist of unbound documents, and volumes of manuscripts; the former are not chronologically arranged, and the catalogues of them are extremely imperfect, but the incomparable treasure of the whole establishment consists in 2016 volumes of Papal Regesta, which contain, in an almost unbroken series, an official contemporary collection of the letters, documents, orders, and instructions of the Papal court from the time of Innocent III. (A.D. 1198).[2]

[1] Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. p. 179. Tickhill's Hull, Preface.

[2] Vide Foreign Quarterly Review, August, 1839.

Much interesting information relative to the See of York, and, in fact, to almost every ancient Church within the kingdom, exists no doubt among these records.

In the fifth volume of the Collectanea Topographica et Genealogica, page 62, is a curious extract from the records of the English College at Rome [1], communicated by W. C. Trevelyan, Esq., containing the names of pilgrims from England to Rome [2].

[1] Founded in 1531, by John Shepherd.

[2] Inter alia, "Nomina Fratrum receptorum in Roma de Diocesi Eboracen." The list is very curious.

III. COLLECTIONS IN PRIVATE HANDS [1].

I. PARTICULAR DOCUMENTS.

IN THE REV. W. CARR'S LIBRARY.

Cartulary of Bolton Abbey.

IN MR. CHALONER'S LIBRARY.

The Cartulary of Gisburgh Abbey.

IN COLONEL CHOLMELEY'S LIBRARY.

The Cartulary of Whitby Abbey.

IN THE LATE REV. JOSEPH COULTMAN'S LIBRARY.

The Provost Book of Beverley, and Cartulary of the Chantry of St. Catherine in Beverley.

IN THE EARL OF DENBIGH'S LIBRARY.

One of the Books of Fountain's Abbey.

IN SIR WILLIAM INGLEBY'S LIBRARY.

One of the Books of Fountain's Abbey, one of Bolton Abbey, and one of Bridlington Priory.

IN MISS LAWRENCE'S LIBRARY AT STUDLEY.

Cartulary of Fountain's Abbey.

[1] This list is principally formed from the Collectanea Topographica et Genealogica, vol. i. page 73, &c.

IN MR. MAXWELL'S LIBRARY.

The Cartulary of Drax Priory.

IN SIR THOMAS PHILLIPPS'S LIBRARY.

Cartularies of Meaux and Beverley.

IN MR. TOWNLEY'S LIBRARY.

Cartulary of Screwkirk.

IN LORD WHARNCLIFFE'S LIBRARY.

A Cartulary of Monk Bretton.

IN MR. WENTWORTH'S LIBRARY.

The Cartulary of Wolley and of St. John's, of Pontefract.

IN MR. WINN'S LIBRARY.

The Cartulary of Nostel Priory, and of St. Nicholas's, Pontefract.

IN MR. WOMBWELL'S LIBRARY.

Cartularies of Byland and Newburgh.

IN SIR C. CONSTABLE'S LIBRARY AT WASSEND.

The Cartulary of St. Agatha at Richmond.

II. GENERAL COLLECTIONS.

The Brooke MSS.

John Charles Brooke, Esq., was born in 1748, and died in 1794. His engagements at the Heralds' College brought him to pay attention to other families and other parts of the kingdom, but his favourite subject was ever the Yorkshire genealogies and the topography of Yorkshire, and few men did more than he did, both in transcribing the labours of former antiquaries, and in adding to them information, which he sought in all quarters with great assiduity. He has many original pedigrees, and there is much information no where else to be found, in the volumes of his Yorkshire collections. The Yorkshire Pedigrees are bound in three volumes, and the topographical collections for the West Riding are in volumes, one for each wapentake, the several townships being arranged in alphabetical order. He meditated to have published a history of the county, but it does not appear that he ever formally issued proposals for such a work, or that he wrote any part of it. At one period the scheme was to divide the labour; Mr. Beaumont, of Whitley, was to undertake Agbrigg, Mr. Hatfield Kaye, Morley, Mr. Wilson the western part of Strafford, whilst he himself undertook the remainder of Strafford, with Staincross and Osgoldcross [1]. Mr. Brooke's premature death, in all probability, put an end to the design altogether [1]."

The Burton MSS.

The first attempt which appears to have been made to compile any thing approaching to a general history of the county of York, was by Dr. Burton, a physician resident at York, and who is well known as the author of the Monasticon Eboracense, a work of great labour and research, and of which only the first volume was published. To this volume is appended a scheme and proposals in order to form a society for compiling a complete civil and natural history of the ancient and present state of Yorkshire, and, as a specimen, the author subjoined a short historical account of the parish of Hemingbrough, which is very well executed [2], and the queries, thirty-two in number, were prepared with considerable care.

Mr. Gough, who wrote in 1768, said the Doctor had the satisfaction to find his scheme approved, but the design

[1] In a letter to Mr. Wilson, of Broomhead, he says, "I have made large collections for composing the history of the West Riding of Yorkshire, as to the antiquities, descent of property, families, &c., which perhaps at some future period I may digest for the press. I first began with the wapentake of Staincross, as being my native country, and made considerable progress in it, but Mr. Currer having made large collections for Staincliffe, and obligingly communicated them to me, I have, of late, principally attended to that tract, and have nearly completed it. I propose proceeding in the way of an itinerary, and have enclosed you a draft of what I intend saying about Pilley. I must observe to you, that in families of greater eminence, such as the Wortleys, Bosvilles, &c., or those which are now in being, I shall give a more copious history; but were each trifling transaction or conveyance of land to be noticed in those which are now extinct, and were of small account, though they possessed a manor, it would swell a work to an enormous size, and render it dry and unentertaining to the generality of readers."

Writing again, 24th June 1775, he was in hopes of prevailing upon Mr. Hatfield Kaye to undertake the wapentake of Morley, and says, "Mr. Beaumont of Whitley and Dr. Kaye have thoughts of collecting for Agbrigg. The former is a most ingenious young gentleman, and from his fine collection of ancient deeds, which is the largest I ever saw in private hands, he will be able to elucidate many things with regard to the descent of property, &c. which have hitherto been unknown; he has already destroyed the authority of the fine romance concerning the family published in Bentley's History of Halifax." Wishes Mr. Wilson would join them. If the wapentake of Strafford and Tickhill would be too much, recommends that he should take the part west of the Don, including Sheffield, Bradfield Chapelry, and the parts adjacent up to Midhope and Bolsterstone.

[1] Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 261.

[2] "This description, and the map annexed, should make some later describers of counties blush for their remissness and inattention."—Gough, page 546.

ultimately fell to the ground, and the collections, if extant, are probably now in the library at Burton Constable, where the materials collected by Dr. Burton, for the second volume of the Monasticon Eboracense are deposited.

The Constable MSS.

The library at Burton Constable is understood to be very rich both in original archives, and manuscript collections illustrative of the history of Yorkshire [1]. It comprises the valuable collection abovementioned, of the late Dr. Burton.

The De la Pryme MSS.

The Rev. A. De la Pryme prepared the History of Hatfield, of which there are two manuscripts in the British Museum, one containing a minute syllabus of the whole work, and the other, fragments of the complete design. "His plan was peculiar. It was his intention to combine the natural and the civil history, and he meant to distribute his work into nine parts, to which he gave the following curious titles. Viz.

Historicus,	Curiosus,	Belgicus,
Villaris,	Curiales,	Georgicus,
Ecclesiasticus,	Vitalis,	Botanicus."

While at Hull he turned his attention to the history of that town, which he digested in a very able manner.

"He made many excursions in the neighbourhood of Hull, the results of which he carefully preserved in his diary."

[1] Dr. Burton, who wrote in 1758, says, in the preface to his Monasticon Eboracense, "that William Constable, Esq., of Burton Constable, in Holdernesse, had permitted him to peruse above fifty folio volumes, chiefly collected by his late father."

Mr. Gough says, in 1768, "that the then late Mr. Constable, of Burton Constable, spared no expense to procure whatever would illustrate any branch of the history of Yorkshire."—Page 546.

Mr. Thompson, in his History of Swine, says; "Among those archives are various manuscripts, which would not only illustrate the local history of Holdernesse, but the history of many local public events in the kingdom, in several centuries since the Norman Conquest."

Mr. De la Pryme died in 1704 [1].

The Frank MSS.

This collection was formed by Richard Frank, Esq., of Campsal, who died in 1769.

"Mr. Frank seems to have meditated to prepare a topographical history of the West Riding, for which purpose he transcribed the portions of Torre's labours which relate to that part of the county, he collected what could be found in Dodsworth, he transcribed Hopkinson's Pedigrees, and he formed a large collection of Church notes from the West Riding Churches, and of miscellaneous information respecting the townships which compose the Riding. These now remain in the library at Campsal—monuments of his industry, and of the peculiar turn of his mind. There are also, in that library, the remains of the still greater collection towards the same object, made nearly a century before by Dr. Johnston, of Pontefract. Of these there are many volumes which were purchased by Mr. Frank, of the family of Dr. Johnston [2]."

The Johnston MSS.

"Dr. Johnston, of Pontefract, made large collections from Dodsworth's Papers, and other quarters, and communicated many particulars to Bishop Gibson, who was also assisted by Mr. Thoresby, and in the East Riding, by Mr. John Burnsall, of Hull. Mr. Drake tells us that the Doctor's MSS. are in such an awkward Arabic scrawl, as to be scarcely legible, and that a subscription was proposed, some few years before Drake wrote, to lodge them in the library in York Castle, which would have made them more generally useful. The Doctor gave out that he had spent thirty years in amassing materials, and proposed to write the antiquities of the county after Dugdale's, and the natural history after Plott's manner. Wood was informed he

[1] Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 179.

[2] Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 466.

grew weary of the work; Dr. Burton says he had the use of above 100 folio volumes relating to the county, collected by this indefatigable physician, and then in the hands of Richard Frank, Esq., of Campsal, who had purchased them. Since his death they were brought to London with a view of being sold by auction. A catalogue of them, and of others in the Doctor's possession, was published in Cat. MSS. Ang. tom. ii. page 99, among the rest is mentioned a large volume of prospects of York, and other towns and castles, draughts of Roman and Saxon camps, and views of Churches, Abbeys, and seats; others contain arms, tombs, and monumental inscriptions before the Civil Wars[1]."

The Gale MSS.

These were collected by Samuel Gale, Esq., son of Dean Gale, from the papers of his father and by his own industry, with a view to publication, but, being diverted from that design by a public employ, he placed them in the hands of Mr. Drake, who made considerable use of them in his Eboracum[2]. They are now in the hands of Conyers Gale, Esq., of Acomb, near York: they comprise the former part of Keep's MSS.

The Hopkinson MSS.

John Hopkinson, Esq., of Lofthouse, Clerk of the Peace for the West Riding, was a collector in the reign of Charles II.: his Pedigrees of West Riding Gentry have had a high reputation ever since the time of Thoresby, who made great use of them in his Ducatus. The original volume, with the continuation by Thornton, the Recorder of Leeds, are now in the possession of Miss Currer.

Hopkinson's pedigrees come down to about 1680. Thornton continued only those of the families in his own neighbourhood.

The transcript in the library at Leeds has been already noticed, (vide Leeds Library). There is an excellent copy of Hopkinson's Pedigrees in the Harleian Library, No. 4630, with additional notices.

"Two volumes of these pedigrees, copied, by an unknown hand, and continued to about 1730, are in the possession of R. H. Hay, Esq., a native of Brodsworth; but the best additions to Hopkinson, are those by the Rev. John Brooke, Rector of High Hoyland, and John Charles Brooke, Esq., the Somerset Herald. These are now in the Library of the Heralds' College, (vide MSS. in the Heralds' College).[1]"

The law part of Drake's Eboracum is chiefly taken from the collections of Mr. Hopkinson, many of whose manuscripts, there is reason to suspect, were embezzled, the rest were given to the Library of Dr. Richardson, of North Bierley.

Thoresby had his Collection of Pedigrees and Descents of West Riding Families, continued and enlarged by Richard Thornton, Esq., and himself which were bought at his sale by Dr. Wilson[2].

The Hutton MSS.

"Above twenty volumes of collections from the Registers of York and Wells, were made by Dr. Matthew Hutton, Rector of Aynho, Northamptonshire, who died in 1711. Wharton had the use of these, but does not say where they were lodged afterwards. Three 8vo. volumes of his transcripts from York Registers are now in the Harleian Library[4]."

The Keep MSS.

These collections for the history of the City of York, were written about 1684, by Henry Keep, of whom some account is given by Anthony Wood and

[1] Gough, page 545.

[1] Nicholson has left this censure upon Dr. Johnston's labours, "that only death prevented the publication of what its readers would have been weary of."—Gough, page 545.

[2] Eboracum, Preface.

[1] Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. Preface.

[2] Gough's Anecdotes, page 551.

[4] Gough, page 550.

Bishop Nicholson. The former part of the work, fairly transcribed for the press, was lent to Mr. Drake, when writing his Eboracum, by Mr. Gale, and the papers from which the second part was to have been composed were also lent to Mr. Drake by Thomas Adam, Esq., then late Recorder of York. Drake says, Keep was very particular in his description of the painted windows of the several Churches in York [1].

The Messenger MSS.

Mr. Gough, writing in 1768, says; "The registers of several Priories are in the hands of those who possess the site, but none can show so complete an assemblage of their records as Fountain's Abbey, in the possession of the late Mr. Messenger [2]."

The Moult MS.

A volume relating principally to East Riding families, but with some useful notices of West Riding families; compiled about the year 1595, by some unknown, but judicious hand, was transcribed by Mr. Hunter from a MS. then belonging to the late R. W. Moult, Esq., of Wickersley.

The Rawlinson MSS. [3]

"Mr. Rawlinson had an exact manuscript catalogue of all the ecclesiastical dignities and benefices in Yorkshire, with their valuations, and the names of the patrons and incumbents in 1696, and brought down later."

Mr. Rawlinson had also a manuscript, giving a full account of the several fee-farm rents belonging to the Hospital of St. Nicholas, in York, seized and alienated at the Dissolution; surveyed Michaelmas 1610, and signed "Julius Cæsar." A specimen of which was printed in the Antiquities of Surrey, vol. ii. page 189 [4].

In the collection B. 455, is a Cartulary of St. Leonard's Hospital.

[1] Eboracum, Preface. [2] Gough's Anecdotes.
[3] Now in the Bodleian Library.
[4] Gough, page 545.

The Roundell MSS.

These, in the time of Dr. Burton, (A.D. 1758) were the property of Dr. William Roundell, of York; they were saved by one Tomson, at the hazard of his life, out of the rubbish of St. Mary's Tower, in York, in which were lodged innumerable records, both public and private, relating to the Northern parts, when it was blown up during the siege of York. General Fairfax, who preserved the fine windows of the Cathedral, gave money to the soldiers who could save any of the scattered papers. Fortunately the greater part of the papers had been transcribed and abridged before, by Dodsworth [1].

The Stovin MSS.

"We owe to George Stovin, of Crowle, who died in 1780, the best account of Lindholme, a remarkable place in the Turf Moor of Hatfield. This is one of the rarest fragments of English topography. He communicated to the Royal Society an account of the discovery of a human body in the turf, which is printed in the transactions, No. 484. He left in manuscript many notes of Roman roads and stations in the counties of York and Lincoln, the result of personal observation. But the most important of his topographical collections is a 4to volume of 411 closely written pages, consisting of transcripts of all documents he could obtain, which in any way related to the drainage. This valuable volume is now in the possession of the Rev. Dr. Stovin, of Rossington, grandson of the writer [2]."

The Watson MS.

This is a volume containing pedigrees of West Riding families neither in the Visitations nor in Hopkinson. It was compiled about the year 1650, and was once the property of the Rev. John Watson, Rector of Stockport, and Mr. Hunter [3] was favoured with many useful

[1] Gough, page 543.
[2] Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 182.
[3] Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. Preface.

extracts by Mr. Watson's relative, Holland Watson, Esq.

The Widdrington MS.

"A Copy of Sir Thomas Widdrington's MS. account of the antiquities of the City of York was, in 1768, in the hands of Sir Thomas Fairfax, of Menston. Sir Thomas married a sister of General Fairfax, from whose uncle, Charles, the Menston family was descended, and probably gave or left it to his brother-in-law. He began in Charles the First's time, and, after the Restoration, offered to print the work and dedicate it to the city, who seem to have refused it on account of the indifference he showed to their interests when he represented them in Cromwell's Parliament. Upon this he is said to have expressly forbid his descendants to publish it. Besides the Menston MS., there was another copy belonging to one of the Shaftoe family, who married a daughter of the author, and Mr. Drake had the use of one among the city records, and another from Sir Richard Smith, of St. Edmund's Bury, which he thinks was prepared by the author himself for the press, and might have passed through different hands on the death of Lord Fairfax and dispersion of his effects[1]."

In the Harleian MSS., No. 6115, is an abstract of Sir Thomas's MS.

Wilson of Broomhead's MSS.

"The strength of this collection lay in its charters, but Mr. Wilson had formed a curious collection of original letters, of inventories, of old books of account, of early and unpublished poetry, and a variety of miscellaneous matter pertaining to our general history, and more especially to the county of York. Added to these were a Transcript of the Domesday Book as far as relates to the county of York, in his own hand, copies of the parts of Kirkby's Inquest and the Nomina Villarum relating to the county of York, large notices from Torre's MSS., copied from the extracts made by his friend Dr. Burton, of York, copies of the rates for the county of York, of the Book of the Bridges, and large extracts from many of the parish registers in his neighbourhood, numerous pedigrees, many valuable Church notes, in the counties of York and Derby, and memoranda of occurrences in his own times and neighbourhood, or of what he found preserved by tradition among the people around him.

"After his decease, in 1783, his manuscript collection remained entire: a room was appropriated to them in the Hall at Broomhead, even when the family had ceased to reside there. The room was rarely opened, and in 1808, when Mr. Hunter was allowed to have access to the papers, he found them nearly in the state in which they had been left by the collector, of whose assiduity and care they are so honourable a memorial.

"In 1741, when Mr. Wilson was only 22, he had completed a topographical survey of Hallamshire, which, whilst it contains some things which his more mature judgment would have led him to reject, is highly creditable to his industry and spirit of research[1]."

PRINTED WORKS.

We will now proceed briefly to notice the authors who have given a topographical account of any portion of the county, and which may be classed under the respective heads of the City of York and Ainsty, West Riding, East Riding, and North Riding.

City of York.

At the head of these stands Drake[2], whose Eboracum was published in 1736, in one folio volume. A work which, considering the times in which he lived, may, with all its defects, be pronounced a splendid production of industry and genius.

Several minor publications relative to the city of York, have since issued from the press, but they are chiefly compilations from Drake; Hargrove's History is an interesting work, brought down to a recent period[3].

[1] Gough, page 547.

[1] Hunter's Hallamshire, page 276.
[2] Eboracum, London, folio, 1736.
[3] Hargrove's (W.)

A small, but scarce work by Gent [1], supplies some minor information respecting the parish Churches in York, which is not to be found in Drake.

Sir Thomas Herbert wrote the history of York, which is printed in Leland's Collectanea. The antiquities of York have been noticed by Leland, Stukeley, and Camden, and have also been illustrated by series of plates by Halfpenny, Cave, Britton, Browne [2], Lockwood, and other artists.

The Ainsty.

Mr. Drake [3] gives a short account of the several parishes which compose the Ainsty of York; it is, however, very slight and defective.

The West Riding.

The History of the Deanery of Doncaster, by the Rev. Joseph Hunter, comprising the wapentakes of Strafford, Tickhill, Staincross, and the principal part of Osgoldcross [4], and the History of the Town and parish of Sheffield, being the district of Hallamshire, by the same author [5], are executed in a masterly manner. The History of Doncaster is also given by Miller [6].

The town of Pontefract, and its interesting castle, which are situate within that small portion of Osgoldcross, which is not within the Deanery of Doncaster, have met with historians in Gent [7], Boothroyd [8], and Fox [9].

Dr. Whitaker's History of Craven [10], or the wapentake of Staincliffe, leaves but little wanting in that district.

Dr. Whitaker subsequently wrote the history of the district, which he terms Loidis et Elmete [1], which comprises the western part of the wapentakes of Barkston Ash, and part of Skireack, Agbrigg, and Morley. This work, though possessing much beauty of style, is considered as possessing less merit than his History of Craven.

Dr. Whitaker also re-edited Thoresby's History of the Town and Parish of Leeds [2], a work to which what has been said respecting Drake's Eboracum, is also justly applicable.

An interesting Ecclesiastical History of Dewsbury is given by the learned Rev. Joseph Hunter, in the Collectanea Topographica et Genealogica [3].

The little wapentake of Ewcross is included in Dr. Whitaker's History of Richmondshire [4]. The parish of Halifax has been ably described by Watson [5], and recently by Crabtree [6], and a more elaborate account is expected from the pen of Edward Nelson Alexander, Esq., F.A.S.

Dr. Sisson has given a sketch of the history of the parish Church of Wakefield [7], and Mr. Scatchard has narrated the history of the parish of Batley and the adjoining villages [8], Bawtry has been described by Peck [9], who has also given the history of Thorne [10].

The History of the Cathedral at Ripon has not yet been satisfactorily given, a short account was given by the late Dean Waddilove, in the 17th vol. of the Archæologia, page 128; but the city is only briefly noticed in sketches and guides [11].

Sir Thomas Herbert's MS. History of Ripon is mentioned under the head "Trinity College Library."

[1] Gent's (Thomas) History of York, 1735.

[2] Browne's (I.) History of the Edifice of the Metropolitan Church of York, 4to. Longman and Co.; a splendid work now in course of publication.

[3] Eboracum.

[4] Hunter's (Rev. Joseph) South Yorkshire, or the History of the Deanery of Doncaster, 2 vols. folio, 1831.

[5] Hunter's Hallamshire, folio, 1829.

[6] Miller's (Edw. Mus. Dr.) History and Antiquities of Doncaster. Sheardown, Doncaster.

[7] Gent's (T.) History of Pontefract, 8vo. York.

[8] Boothroyd's (B.) History of Pontefract. Pontefract, 1807.

[9] Fox's (G.) History of Pontefract, 8vo. Pontefract, 1827.

[10] Whitaker's (Rev. Dr.) History of Craven, 2nd ed. 4to. London, 1812.

[1] Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, folio, 1816.

[2] Thoresby's (Ralph) Ducatis Leodensis, edited by Dr. Whitaker, folio, 1816.

[3] Vol. i. page 149.

[4] Whitaker's (Dr.) History of Richmondshire, 2 vols. folio, 1823.

[5] Watson's (Rev. John) History and Antiquities of the Parish of Halifax, 4to. London, 1775.

[6] History of Halifax. Halifax.

[7] Sisson's (Rev. Dr.) Historical Sketch of the Parish Church of Wakefield, 1824.

[8] Scatchard's (N.) History of Morley, Leeds, published by Heaton, 1830.

[9] Peck's History of Bawtry and Thorne, 4to. Doncaster, 1813.

[10] Ibid.

[11] Gent's History of Ripon, 8vo. York, 1733. Tourist's Companion to Ripon, &c., 8vo. Ripon, 1828.

An account of Fountain's Abbey, with beautiful plates, has been lately published.

Undescribed portions of the Riding.

These comprehend; 1st, nearly the whole of Claro wapentake, with the exception of Mr. Hargrove's short account of Knaresbrough [1], a district rich in Druidical and Roman remains; 2ndly, The eastern part of Barkston Ash, including Selby [2], and the eastern part of Osgoldcross, comprising Snaith, Whitgift, and Adlingfleet, and which is also an interesting portion; and 3rdly, The western part of Agbrigg wapentake, which includes the district of Saddleworth.

The East Riding.

The early history of Hull has been ably treated by Mr. Frost [3], whilst its modern history has been less successfully written by Tickhill [4] and Hadleigh [5]. Gent has also given a slight account of Hull [6].

The peninsula of Holdernesse has been described by Mr. Thompson, in his Occellum Promentorium [7] and History of Swine [8], whilst Beverley has been the subject of two ponderous rival volumes by Oliver [9] and Poulson [10], and of a small, unpretending, but well written account of its Collegiate Church, by the late Rev. Joseph Coultman [11]. Mr. Oliver's work also notices a few of the villages adjacent to Beverley.

[1] Hargrove's (E.) History of Knaresbrough, 12mo. Knaresbrough, 1827.

[2] The late Thomas Clarkson, Esq., of Howden, made large collections for the history of the Abbey of Selby. He subsequently emigrated to the Swan River settlement and took the collections with him.

[3] Frost's (Charles) Notices relative to the Early History of the Town and Port of Hull, 4to. London, 1827.

[4] Tickhill's (Rev. John) History of the Town, and County of the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, 4to. 1796.

[5] Hadleigh's History of Hull, 4to.

[6] Gent's (Thomas) History of Hull, 1735.

[7] Thompson's Occellum Promentorium, 8vo. Hull, 1824.

[8] Thompson's History of the Church and Priory of Swine, 8vo. Hull, 1824.

[9] Oliver's (Rev. Geo.) History and Antiquities of the Town and Minster of Beverley, 4to. Beverley, 1829.

[10] Poulson's (Geo.) Beverlac, 4to. London, 1829.

[11] Published anonymously, 12mo. Beverley.

Hemingbrough has found a judicious historian in Burton [1].

Bridlington has had its history given by Mr. Thompson [2], and the late Rev. M. Prickett has also given an account of its Conventual Church [3], and the small village of Filey has found its humble historian in Cole [4].

A short account of Howden, apparently written with great care, has been published anonymously.

The history of the ancient borough of Scarbrough has been written by the late Thomas Hinderwell, Esq. [5], a work which has been much esteemed. Mr. Hinderwell lived to see a second edition.

Dr. Travis, of Scarbrough, a gentleman of very considerable antiquarian research, has collected a large mass of materials relative to the history of the town and neighbourhood.

The remainder of the Riding is totally undescribed.

The North Riding.

Cleveland, or the wapentake of Langbarugh, has been described in the unpretending, but interesting, history of that division of the county, by the late Rev. John Graves [6].

In 1833, Archdeacon Todd published brief, but highly interesting, collections relative to benefices within the Archdeaconry of Cleveland [7].

Whitby Strand is the subject of two local histories, viz. Charleton's [8] and Young's [9], both of them works of merit; and a little tract, by Cole [10], gives histo-

[1] Monasticon Eborac. Appendix.

[2] Historical Sketch of Bridlington, by J. Thompson. Bridlington, 1821.

[3] Prickett's (Rev. M.) Historical and Architectural Description of the Priory Church of Bridlington. Cambridge, 1831, seventeen plates.

[4] Cole's History and Antiquities of Filey. Scarbrough, 1828.

[5] Hinderwell's (Thos.) History of Scarbrough, 4to.

[6] Graves's (Rev. John) History of Cleveland, 4to. Carlisle, 1808.

[7] Collections relative to Benefices within the Archdeaconry of Cleveland, in the Diocese of York; with an appendix concerning Churches also, 8vo. page 72. London, 1833.

[8] Charlton's (L.) History of Whitby, 4to. 1779.

[9] Young's (Rev. G.) History of Whitby, 2 vols. 8vo. 1817.

[10] Cole's Historical Sketches of Scalby, 8vo. Scarbrough, 1829.

rical notices of Scalby, Burniston, and Claughton.

Richmondshire, or the wapentakes of Hang West, Hang East, Gilling West, Gilling East, and Halliwell, is the subject of the last work of Dr. Whitaker [1], a work originally designed to comprehend the whole county of York, but ultimately confined to Richmondshire, and a small adjoining portion of Lancashire. This work is far inferior in point of correctness to the Doctor's former works.

The Registrum Honoris de Richmond, by Gale, is well known and esteemed, and the history of Richmond has also been given by Mr. Clarkson [2].

An account of the contract for the building of the Church of Catterick has been minutely given by the Rev. Jas. Raine, M.A., and beautifully illustrated [3].

[1] Whitaker's (Dr.) History of Richmondshire, 2 vols. folio, 1823.

[2] Clarkson's (Christopher) History of Richmond, 4to. Richmond, 1821.

[3] Raine's (Rev. Jas.) Catterick Church, 4to. 1834.

Allertonshire has been briefly noticed by Langdale [1].

Birdforth has had no historian except Jefferson, who has written a short, unsatisfactory account of Thirsk [2].

Bulmer wapentake is also destitute of any historian, with the exception of an interesting little work by the late lamented George Todd, of York, descriptive of Sheriff Hutton and its castle [3].

Rydale, the remaining wapentake is also totally devoid of any topographical notice, except the very slight sketches given by Mr. Eastmead, in his Historia Rievallensis [4].

[1] Langdale's (T.) History of Northallerton, 12mo. 2nd ed. Northallerton, 1813.

[2] Jefferson's History of Thirsk, &c. 8vo. Thirsk, 1821.

[3] Todd's (G.) Account of Sheriff Hutton Castle and the Church, 8vo. York, 1824.

[4] Eastmead's (Rev. W.) Historia Rievallensis, containing the history of Kirkby Moorside and its vicinity, 8vo. Thirsk, 1821.

CATALOGUE OF THE ARCHBISHOPS OF YORK,

WITH THE DATES OF THEIR RESPECTIVE CONSECRATION OR TRANSLATION TO THE SEE.

No.		A.D.
1.	St. Paulinus	625
2.	Cedda	664
3.	St. Wilfrid	669
4.	Bosa	677
5.	St. John of Beverley	692
6.	Wilfrid the Second	718
7.	Egbert	731
8.	Albert	767
9.	Eanbald	780
10.	Eanbald the Second	797
11.	Wulsius	812
12.	Wimund	831
13.	Wilferns	854
14.	Ethelbald	900
15.	Redward	921
16.	Wulstan	941
17.	Oskitell	955
18.	Athelwold	971
19.	St. Oswald	971
20.	Adulf	992
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22.	Alfric Puttoc	1023
23.	Kinsins	1050
24.	Aldred	1060
25.	Thomas	1070
26.	Gerard	1100
27.	Thomas the Second	1109
28.	Thurstan	1114
29.	Henry Murdac	1140
30.	St. William	1153
31.	Roger	1154
32.	Geoffrey Plantagenet	1190
33.	Walter Gray	1216
34.	Sewal de Bovil	1256
35.	Godfrey de Ludham	1258
36.	Walter Giffard	1265
37.	William Wickwane	1279
38.	John le Romaine	1285
39.	Henry de Newark	1298
40.	Thomas Corbridge	1299
41.	William de Grenfield	1305
42.	William de Melton	1315
43.	William de la Zouch	1340
44.	John Thoresby	1352
45.	Alexander Neville	1374
46.	Thomas Arundel	1388
47.	Robert Waldby	1396
48.	Richard Scrope	1398
49.	Henry Bowet	1407
50.	John Kempe	1426
51.	William Bothe	1452
52.	George Neville	1464
53.	Lawrence Bothe	1476
54.	Thomas de Rotherham	1480
55.	Thomas Savage	1501
56.	Christ. Bainbridge, Cardinal	1508
57.	Thomas Wolsey, Cardinal	1514
58.	Edward Lee	1531
59.	Robert Holgate	1544
60.	Nicholas Heath	1555
61.	Thomas Young	1561
62.	Edmund Grindal	1570
63.	Edwin Sandys	1576
64.	John Piers	1588
65.	Matthew Hutton	1594
66.	Tobias Matthew	1606
67.	George Monteign	1628
68.	Samuel Harsnet	1629
69.	Richard Neile	1631
70.	John Williams	1641
71.	Accepted Frewen	1660
72.	Richard Sterne	1664
73.	John Dolben	1683
74.	Thomas Lamplugh	1688
75.	John Sharp	1691
76.	Sir W. Dawes, Bart.	1713
77.	Lancelot Blackburne	1724
78.	Thomas Herring	1742
79.	Matthew Hutton	1747
80.	John Gilbert	1757
81.	Robert Drummond	1761
82.	William Markham	1777
83.	Hon. Ed. Venables Vernon [1]	1808

[1] His Grace subsequently assumed the name of Harcourt.

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Arkendale, *Ripon*, 556. 100*l.* has been contributed by the Society, towards rebuilding the Chapel, to contain 114 sittings, of which 70 are free.
Arkengarthdale, *Ripon*, 584.
Arksey, 171.
Armin, 156.
Armley, *Ripon*, 93. 300*l.* has been granted for 395 additional sittings, of which 300 are to be free. *Dele* "Value in the King's Books, 26*l.* 1*s.* 4*d.*"
Armthorpe, 172.
Arncliffe, *Ripon*, 244. Endowment given in Abp. Kempe's Register, folio 185, and in Abp. Grenfield's Register, pars 2, folio 85, a composition is given, which was made between the Rector of Arncliffe and the Abbot and Convent of Fountains.
Askam Bryan, 47.
Askam Richard, 48.
Askrigg, *Ripon*, 560.
Asselby, 347.
Aston, 173.
Attercliffe, 223.
Atwick, 375. In Burton's Monasticon is an account of two decisions, in 1228 and 1227, relative to the tithe of hay.
Aughton, 316. Ord. Vic. Walt. Gray's Major Roll, No. 181.
Austonley, cum Holme Bridge, *Ripon*. Built in 1838, architecture Gothic; 774 sittings, of which 674 are free. The Society gave 500*l.*
Austerfield, *Lincoln Diocese*, 548. 74 additional sittings, of which 74 are free, have been obtained, towards which the Society gave 25*l.*
Awburne, vide Fraisthorpe.
Aysgarth, *Ripon*, 560.
Ayton Magna, 475. Vide Burton's Monasticon for account of a contest between the Abbey of Whitby and the Rector of Stokesley, respecting the moiety of the tithes of lamb, wool, milk, pigs, &c.

B.

Badsworth, 174. The Church was repaired in 1826, at an expence of 500*l.*
Bagby, 448.
Baildon, *Ripon*, 98.
Bainton, 317.
Bardsey, *Ripon*, 49.
Barlby, 443.
Barlow, 57.
Barmby-upon-Donn, 174. Vide prior ordination, 6 Kal. April. 1303.
Barmby-in-the-Marsh, 347.
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Barnsley, *Ripon*, 226.
Barton St. Cuthbert, *Ripon*, 583.
Barton St. Mary, *Ripon*, 578.
Barton in the Street, 514.
Barwick in Elmet, *Ripon*, 50.
Batley, *Ripon*, 108. Line 30, for "*dated*," read "*stated*."
Battyeford, *Ripon*. Building by the Parliamentary Commissioners; site given by Benjamin Wilson, Esq.; first stone laid in August 1838.
Bawtry, *Lincoln Diocese*, 548.
Bedale, *Ripon*, 561.
Beeford, 376. Vide Dr. Ducarel's MSS.
Beeston, *Ripon*, 93.
Beilby, 341.
Bellerby, *Ripon*, 571.
Bempton, 287.
Bentham, *Ripon*, 585. 218 additional sittings, of which 127 are free, have been obtained, towards which the Society gave 100*l*.
Bessenby, 287.
Beswick, 351.
Beverley, *St. John*, 319. The register of the persons who claimed the privilege of sanctuary, has been recently published by the Surtees Society. As to the Prebends in the College at Beverley, the sale of them, and their value temp. Edw. VI. vide Strype Edw. VI., appendix, pages 91, 92.
Beverley, *St. Mary cum St. Nicholas and Holme*, 324.
Bilborough, 51. *Dele* "tenable with any preferment."
Bilsdale, 520.
Bilton in Ainsty, 52.
Bilton in Holderness, 417.
Bingley, *Ripon*, 247. Churches are about to be built at Morton and Arden, for which the Parliamentary Commissioners have made a conditional grant.—Vide 19th Report.
Birdforth, 431.
Birdsall, 272.
Birkby, 477. The patronage has been transferred to the Bishop of Ripon.
Birkin, 52.
Birkinshaw, *St. Paul*, *Ripon*, 110.
Birstal, *Ripon*, 110. The patronage has been transferred to the Bishop of Ripon, by Order of Council. *For* "250" additional sittings, *read* "150."
Bishop Burton, 326.
Bishop Monkton, *Ripon*, 544.
Bishop Thornton, *St. John*, *Ripon*, rebuilt in 1825, 544.
Bishopthorpe, 54. *For* in exchange "for Helperby," *read* "for Brafferton."
Bishop Wilton, 327.
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Bolton nigh the Forest of Bowland, *Ripon*, 248.
Bolton-upon-Dearne, 176. A second ordination was made 8 Kal. Jul. 1360.
Bolton Percy, 54.
Bolton juxta Pocklington, 329.
Bolton juxta Skipton, *Ripon*, 268.
Bolton-upon-Swale, *Ripon*, 563.
Bolton juxta Wensley, *Ripon*, 572.
Boroughbridge, *Ripon*, 551.
Bossall, 424. *For* "18 Kal. Feb. 1229," *read* "4 Aug. 1387."
Boston juxta Bramham, 56.
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Bowling Ing, *St. James*, *Ripon*. In the township of Horton and parish of Bradford.
Boynton, 287.
Bracewell, *Ripon*, 249.
Bradfield, 189.
Bradford, *Ripon*, 112. On the 4 Id. March 1336, the Rectory and Vicarage were consolidated, and which was confirmed in 1365; but a Vicarage was again ordained 1446.—Abp. Kempe's Reg. fo. 107.
Bradford, *Christ Church*, *Ripon*, 114.
Bradshaw, *St. John*, *Ripon*. Patron, the Vicar of Halifax. Erected in 1838 by the Commissioners, in aid of a donation of 800*l*., from the late Mrs. Elizabeth Wadsworth, of Holdsworth House.
Brafferton, 425.
Braithwell, 176. Vicarage consolidated with Conisbrough in 1248, vide Abp. W. Gray's Minor Roll, No. 146. 8; Vicarage ordained 22 Dec. 1347, by Abp. Zouch, fo. 19. Consolidated in 1557, and declared appendant to Conisbrough.
Bramham, 55.
Bramhope, *Ripon*, 99.
Bramley juxta Leeds, *Ripon*, 94.
Bramley juxta Rotherham, 177. 150 additional sittings, of which 80 are free, have been procured, towards which the Church Building Society made a grant of 100*l*. The Commissioners have made a conditional grant for a new Chapel.—Vide 19th Report.
Brandsburton, 377.
Brandsby, 427.
Brantingham, 330.
Brayton, 56.
Brearton, *Ripon*, 556. Parish of Knaresborough. Chapel built by subscription, in 1836; 150 sittings, of which 110 are free; the Society contributed 100*l*.
Bretton, vide Monk Bretton.
Briers, or, St. Ann's in the Grove, alias South Owram, *Ripon*, 135.
Bridlington, 289. An ordination of a Vicarage was made May 1310, Ducarel. A Chapel at the Quay is now in progress.
Brighouse, *Ripon*, 128.
Brignall, *Ripon*, 576. Abp. Thoresby's Reg. page 103.
Brodsworth, 177. *After* "succeeded," *read* "temporarily."
Brompton, in Pickering Lythe, 514. *For* "Caley," *read* "Cayley."
Brompton juxta Northallerton, 497.
Brotherton, 58.
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Broughton in Airedale, *Ripon*, 249.
Bubwith, 330.
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Burstwick, vide Sheckling.
Burton Agnes, 291. Abp. Gray confirmed the payment of fifteen marks to the Vicar by the Rector.—Vide Major Roll, folio 29.
Burton Fleming, 293. Ord. Vic. Abp. W. Gray's Major Roll, No. 20.
Burton Leonard, *Ripon*, 552.
Burton in Lonsdale, *Ripon*, 588.
Burton Pidsea, 378.
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Buttershaw, *Ripon*, parish of Bradford. Built at the sole expense of John Hardy, Esq.
Butterwick, 300.
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C.

Calverley, *Ripon*, 117.
Campsall, 179. Vide Rymer's Fœdera, vol. ii. page 42. De Portione Decimarum et Rectoria de Camesall.
Cantley, 180. See composition as to tithes with Kirkstall Priory, in the Kirkstall Cartulary, in the Duchy Office, Gray's Inn, folio 75.
Carlton in Cleveland, 477.
Carlton in Craven, *Ripon*, 252.
Carlton Husthwaite, 446.
Carlton Miniot, 466.
Carlton juxta Snaith, 157.
Carnaby, 293.
Castleford, 118. *For* "patron the Lord Chancellor," *read* "patron the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster."
Catterick, *Ripon*, 562. The patronage is exercised by the Prime Minister.
Catton, 332.
Catwick, 379.
Cawood, 58.
Cawthorne, *Ripon*, 227.
Cayton, 313.
Chapel Allerton, *Ripon*, 94. *For* "485 additional sittings," *read* "323."
Chapelthorpe, *Ripon*, 154.
Cherry Burton, 333.
Clapham, *Ripon*, 586.
Clayton, in the parish of Bradford, *Ripon*. A conditional grant for a Church has been made by the Parliamentary Commissioners.—Vide 19th Report.
Cleasby, *Ripon*, 576.
Cleckheaton, *Ripon*, 111. *For* "800" additional sittings, *read* "500." The new Chapel is dedicated to St. John, and was consecrated 22nd August 1832. It is in the patronage of the Vicar of Birstal. It is to that Chapel that the grant was made by the Church Building Society.
Cloughton, 309.
Cockan, 524.
Cold Kirkby, 515.
Coldon Parva, vide Aldborough.
Coley, *Ripon*, 128.
Collingham, *Ripon*, 59.
Colthorpe, *Ripon*, 59.
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Coniston, *Ripon*, 251.
Copgrove, *Ripon*, 553.
Copmanthorpe, *Peculiar*, 27.
Cottam, 304.
Cottingham, 334. *For* "non. Dec. 1338," *read* "2 Nov. 1338."
Coverham, *Ripon*, 564.
Cowlam, 273.
Cowsby, 478.
Coxwold, 428.
Craike, 431. Now declared a portion of the Diocese of York by Order of Council, and the patronage is also declared to be in the Bishop of Ripon.
Craikehall, in the parish of Bedale, *Ripon*. It is proposed to build a Chapel here, and the Parliamentary Commissioners are ready to afford a site.—Vide 19th Report.
Crambe, 432.
Craythorne, 478.
Croft, *Ripon*, 576. The patronage is exercised by the Prime Minister.
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Crostone, *St. Paul*, *Ripon*, 129.
Cumberworth, *Ripon*, 228.
Cundall, *Ripon*, 553.

D.

Dacre, *Ripon*. In the parish of Ripon, 500 sittings, of which 400 are free; 150*l*. contributed by the Society. Built by subscription in 1837; cost 750*l*. Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.
Dalby, 433.
Danby juxta Guisborough, 478.
Danby-upon-Wiske, *Ripon*, 577.
Darfield, 181.
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Darton, *Ripon*, 183.
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Deighton, 497.
Denby, *Ripon*, 210.
Dent, *Ripon*, 587.
Denton, *Ripon*, 100.
Dewsbury, *Ripon*, 120. The patronage is exercised by the Prime Minister. 315 additional sittings, of which 231 are free, have been obtained, towards which the Society gave 330*l*.
Dewsbury, *St. John*, *Ripon*, 121.
Dinnington, 184.
Dishforth, 470.
Dobcross, *Chester Diocese*, 589.
Doncaster, 185. *For* "Henry I," read "William Rufus."
Doncaster, *Christ Church*, 186.
Downholme, *Ripon*, 564.
Drax, 61. *For* "Celestenet," in line 28, column 1, *read* "Celestinæ." *For* "Henningbro'," in line 26, column 2, *read* "Hemingbro'."
Driffield, Great, 294.
Driffield, Little, 295.
Drighlington, *Ripon*, 111.
Dringhouses. In the parishes of St. Mary Bishophill the Younger and Acomb. Chapel-room and value, no return; a donative; patron, Mrs. Leigh.
Drypool, 379.
Dunnington, 433.
Dunsforth, *Peculiar*, *Ripon*, 552.

E.

Earlsheaton, *Ripon*, 122.
Easby, *Ripon*, 577.

Easington in Cleveland, 479.
Easington in Holderness, 380. *For* "1340," *read* "1346." Dr. Ducarel gives several references to a Cartulary of the Abbey of Meaux, then in the possession of Mr. West.
Easingwold, 434.
Eastrington, 335. There was a prior ordination of a Vicarage, 3 Id. Mar. 1227.
East Ardsley, *Ripon*, 123.
East Ayton, 313.
East Cottingwith, 317.
East Cowton, *Ripon*, 576.
East Haddlesey, 53. Chapelry rebuilt by subscription; 700 sittings, of which 230 are free, for which the Society gave 130*l.*
East Hardwick, 150.
East Harlsey, 480.
East Heslerton, 282.
East Rounton, 486.
East Witton, *Ripon*, 574.
Ebberston, 516.
Ecclesall, 224.
Ecclesfield, 187. Vide Abp. Scrope's Register Book, in the Registry at Lichfield, folio 114.
Eccleshill, in the parish of Bradford, *Ripon*. A conditional grant has been made by the Parliamentary Commissioners.—Vide 19th Report.
Edlington, 191.
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Elland, *Ripon*, 129.
Ellerburne, 517. A prior ordination, 3 Kal. Sept. 1232.
Ellerker, 330.
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Emley, *Ripon*, 123.
Ergham, 296.
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F.

Faceby, 481.
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Farndale, 526.
Farnham, *Ripon*, 553.
Farnley juxta Leeds, *Ripon*, 95.
Farnley juxta Otley, *Ripon*, 100.
Farnley Tyas, *Ripon*. Parish of Almondbury, St. Lucien; 500 sittings. First stone laid 17th May 1838; built at the expense of the Earl of Dartmouth; estimated cost, 2000*l.*
Featherstone, 124.
Feliskirk, 438. There was a prior ordination of a Vicarage, 5 Id. Mar. 1253.
Felkirk, 192.
Fenton, 62. For ordination of a Vicarage, vide Cartar. Eccles. S. Petri, Ebor. fo. 26, in Bibl. Cotton. Claudius, B. 3.
Ferry Fryston, 124.
Filey, 296. A Vicarage was ordained, 10th May 1310.
Fylingdales, 482.
Fimber, 283.
Fingall, *Ripon*, 565.
Finningley, *Lincoln Diocese*, 549.
Firbeck, 193.
Fishlake, 193.
Flamborough, 297. An ordination of a Vicarage was made 30th May 1310.
Flaxton, 425.
Flockton, *Ripon*, 160.
Folkton, 298.
Forcett, *Ripon*, 578.
Fordon, 303.
Foston juxta Malton, 439.
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Fraisthorpe with Awburn, 294.
Frickley cum Clayton, 195.
Fridaythorpe, 274.
Friermere, *Chester Diocese*, 589.
Fryston Ferry, vide Ferry Fryston.
Fryston Monk, vide Monk Fryston.
Fuiston, *Ripon*, 85. A Chapel has been built at West End, and the Society contributed 100*l.* for 150 free sittings.
Fulforth, 43.
Full Sutton, 339.

G.

Galmpton, *alias* Ganton, 300.
Garforth, 62.
Gargrave, *Ripon*, 252.
Garside, alias Garsdale, *Ripon*, 587.
Garton in Holderness, 381.
Garton on the Wolds, 300.
Gateforth, 57. Chapel built in 1825.
Gate Helmsley, 439.
Giggleswick, *Ripon*, 253. Vide Strype's Edw. VI., appen. page 161, for school. In the Charters of Endowment of the Priory of Finchale, published by the Surtees Society, the documents relative to the Church of Giggleswick are given at length.
Gildersome, *Ripon*, 109.
Gill Kirk, vide Barnoldswick.
Gillamoor, 524.
Gilling in Rydall, alias East Gilling, 517.
Gilling, alias West Gilling, *Ripon*, 577.
Gisburne, *Ripon*, 254. *For* "a Vicarage ordained therein in 1232," *read* "In 1230, a composition was made with the Monastery of Gisburne respecting tithes. On 13 Kal. Sept. 1275, a Vicarage was ordained, and on the 5 Id. Nov. 1338, a new ordination was made. Vid. Reg. Cartar. Eccl. S. Petri, Ebor. Bibl. Cotton. Claudius, B. 3; Cart. Monast. de Gisburne, folio 187, Bibl. Cotton. Cleopatra, D. 2; Reg. Abp. Melton, folio 119."
Givendale, 339.
Glaisdale, 479.
Gleadless, parish of Handsworth. The Society has granted 200*l.* towards building a Chapel, to contain 322 sittings, of which 250 are to be free.
Goatland, 533.
Golcar, *Ripon*, 138.
Goldsborough, *Ripon*, 553.
Goodmanham, 340.
Goole, 157. The population is now about 1700. It is in contemplation to erect a large handsome Church, in lieu of the present Chapel.
Goxhill, 382.

Grantley cum Winkesley, vide Winkesley.
Greasborough, 215.
Grindall, 290.
Grindleton, *Ripon*, 265.
Grinton in Swaledale, *Ripon*, 565.
Guisborough, 482.
Guiseley, *Ripon*, 85. *For* "520 additional sittings," *read* "320."

H.

Hackness, 301.
Halifax, *Ripon*, 125. The patronage is exercised by the Prime Minister.
Halifax, *Holy Trinity*, *Ripon*, 127.
Halifax, *St. James*, *Ripon*, 128.
Halsham, 382.
Haltongill, *Ripon*, 245.
Hampsthwaite, *Ripon*, 87.
Handsworth, 195.
Hanging Heaton, *Ripon*, 122.
Hardraw, *Ripon*, 561.
Harewood, *Ripon*, 62.
Harome, 520.
Harpham, 292.
Harrogate, High, *Ripon*, 556. 900 free sittings have been obtained, towards which the Society gave 700*l.*
Harrogate, Low, *Ripon*, 101. *For* "1200 additional sittings," *read* "700."
Harswell, 341.
Harthill, 196.
Hartshead cum Clifton, *Ripon*, 122.
Hartwith cum Winsley, *Ripon*, 567. 250 free sittings have been obtained, towards which the Society contributed 230*l.*
Harwood Dale, 302.
Hatfield, 196.
Hawkswell, vide West Hawkswell.
Hawes, *Ripon*, 561.
Hawnby, 518.
Haworth, *Ripon*, 114.
Haxby, 461.
Hayton, 341. A second ordination was made 3 non. May 1258.
Headingley, *Ripon*, 95. Rebuilt by subscription. Opened for Divine Service 31st January 1838; cost 2500*l.*
Healaugh, 63.
Hebden Bridge, *Ripon*, 130.
Heckmondwike, *St. James*, *Ripon*, 111.
Hedon, 383.
Helmsley, 519. The endowment, omitted by Mr. Torre, is given in Abp. Corbridge's Register, folio 3.
Helmsley, *St. John*, 520 and 521.
Helperthorpe, 274.
Hemingborough, 440. *For* "pope," *read* "popes."
Hemsworth, 199.
Heptonstall, *Ripon*, 131.
Heslington, 443.
Hessle, 342. The ordination is contained in Abp. Walter Gray's Minor Roll, No. 20.
Hewley's, Lady, *Charity*. Page 591, col. 2, lines 19 and 20, *for* "as for 2742A. 11R.," *read* "let for 2742*l.* 11*s.*"
Hickleton, 200. Vide Burton's Monasticon, page 95.
High Hoyland, *Ripon*, 201.
High Worsall, 497.
Hilston, 384.
Hilton, 484.
Hinderskelfe, 428.
Hinderwell, 484.
Hipswell, *Ripon*, 563.
Holbeck, *Ripon*, 96. Vide Magna Brit. vol. vi. page 414. New Chapel consecrated 4th Jan. 1832; the site was given by the Marchioness of Hertford.
Hollym with Withernsea, 384.
Holme, vide St. Mary, Beverley.
Holme on Spalding Moor, 343.
Holme on the Wolds, 343.
Holmfirth, *Ripon*, 142. 120*l.* has been given by the Society for 320 additional free sittings.
Holmpton, 386.
Holtby, 444.
Honley, *Ripon*, 106.
Hooke, 158.
Hooton Pagnell, 202.
Hooton Roberts, 203.
Horbury, *Ripon*, 163.
Hornby, *Ripon*, 566.
Hornsea, 386.
Horsehouse, *Ripon*, 564.
Horseforth, *Ripon*, 86.
Horton juxta Bradford, *Ripon*, 114. A conditional grant for a new Chapel has been made by the Commissioners.—Vide 19th Report.
Horton in Ribblesdale, *Ripon*, 255.
Hotham, 344.
Houghton, vide Tossett.
Hovingham, 521. Vide the case of Crathorne *v.* Taylor, before the House of Lords, 1723, as to tithes.
Howden, 344.
Howgill, *Ripon*, 587. 50*l.* has been given by the Society, towards enlarging the Chapel; 45 additional free sittings.
Hoyland juxta Wath, 240.
Hoyland, High, *Ripon*, 201.
Hubberholme, *Ripon*, 246.
Huddersfield, *Ripon*, 137. The ordination of the Vicarage is given in the Nostel Cartulary, in the Cottonian Library, Vespasian, F. xix., folio 180. 620 additional sittings, of which 460 are free, have been obtained in the new Church; total sittings, 1620, towards which the Society gave 600*l.* The new Church was opened for Divine Service, 27th Oct. 1836; cost 9000*l.*
Huddersfield, *Holy Trinity*, *Ripon*, 137.
Huddersfield, *St. Paul*, *Ripon*, 137.
Hudswell, *Ripon*, 563.
Huggate, 349.
Hull, *Holy Trinity*, 387. Severed from the Vicarage of Hessle by Act 13 Car. II.
Hull, *St. John*, 397.
Hull, Mariners' Church. A building rented by the Church Mariners' Society, who pay the Minister a salary.
Humbleton, 397.
Hunmanby, 302.
Hunsingore, *Ripon*, 554.
Hunslet, *Ripon*, 96.
Huntington, 445.
Hunton, *Ripon*, 570.
Husthwaite, 446.
Huttons Ambo, 446. *For* "Hutton's Ambo," in page 2, line 9 from the top, *read* "Lutton's Ambo."

Hutton Bonville, 477.
Hutton Bushell, 522.
Hutton Cranswick, 349. A second ordination of a Vicarage was made 6 Kal. Feb. 1304.
Hutton Longvilliers, *Ripon*, 579.
Hutton Rudby, 485.

I.

Idle, *Ripon*, 117. The new Church is dedicated to the Holy Trinity, and was consecrated 6th Sept. 1830. The old Church is now merely used as a Sunday School.
Ilkley, *Ripon*, 256.
Illingworth, *Ripon*, 132.
Ingleby Arncliffe, 486.
Ingleby Greenhow, 487.
Ingleton, *Ripon*, 585.
Ingleton Fell, *Ripon*, 585.

K.

Kayingham, 400.
Keighley, *Ripon*, 257. The Parliamentary Commissioners have made a conditional grant towards the erection of two Chapels within the parish.—Vide 19th Report.
Kellington, 140.
Kettlewell, *Ripon*, 258. The Vicarage was ordained in 1344.
Kilburn, 447.
Kildale, 487.
Kildwick in Craven, *Ripon*, 258. A conditional grant toward an additional Church has been made by the Parliamentary Commissioners.—Vide 19th Report.
Kildwick Percy, 350. *For* Vicarage ordained "14 Kal. Mar. 1312," *read* "Id. Dec. 1232."
Kildwick juxta Watton, 351.
Kilham, 303.
Kilnsea, 401.
Kimberworth, *Ripon*, in the parish of Rotherham. A Chapel is about to be built on a site given by J. S. Winter, Esq. 700*l.* was raised by subscription, and 600*l.* given by the Society.
Kippax, *Ripon*, 64.
Kirk Bramwith, 203. *For* Patron, "the Lord Chancellor," *read* "The Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster."
Kirkburne, 351.
Kirk Burton, *Ripon*, 141.
Kirk Burton New Mill, *Ripon*, 142.
Kirkby cum Broughton, 488.
Kirkby Fleetham, *Ripon*, 566.
Kirkby Grindalythe, 275.
Kirkby Knowle, 448.
Kirkby Malhamdale, *Ripon*, 260.
Kirkby Malzeard, *Ripon*, 566. 350 additional sittings, of which 200 are free, have been obtained, towards which the Society contributed 200*l.*
Kirkby Misperton, 522.
Kirkby-on-the-Moor, *Ripon*, 554.
Kirkby Moorside, 523.
Kirkby Overblows, *Ripon*, 65.
Kirkby Ravensworth, *Ripon*, 579.
Kirkby Sigston, 489.
Kirkby Underdale, 275.
Kirkby-upon-Wharfe, *Peculiar*, 67. An Inclosure Act for Ulleskelfe was passed 5th and 6th Gul. IV. *For* "129" additional sittings, *read* "86."
Kirkby-upon-Wiske, *Ripon*, 579.
Kirkdale, 524.
Kirk Deighton, *Ripon*, 65.
Kirk Ella, 352.
Kirk Hammerton, *Ripon*, 555. 85 additional sittings, of which 45 are free, have been obtained, towards which the Society gave 30*l.*
Kirk Heaton, *Ripon*, 142.
Kirk Leatham, 489.
Kirk Leavington, 491.
Kirklington, *Ripon*, 567.
Kirk Smeaton, 203.
Kirkstall, *Ripon*, 97.
Knapton, 285.
Knaresborough, *Ripon*, 555. 850 additional sittings, of which 620 are free, have been obtained, towards which the Society gave 30*l.*
Knottingley, 151. The Chapel was enlarged in 1826.

L.

Langtoft, 304. *For* "Collection Entry," *read* "Correction Entry."
Langton juxta Malton, 275.
Langton-upon-Swale, *Ripon*, 580.
Lastingham, 525.
Laughton en le Morthen, 204.
Laxton, 348.
Lead, 74.
Learkirk, *Ripon*, 583.
Leathley, *Ripon*, 88.
Leckonfield, 353.
Ledsham, 67.
Leeds, *Christ*, *Ripon*, 92.
Leeds, *St. George*, *Ripon*. Consecrated by the Bishop of Ripon, 7th Nov. 1838.
Leeds, *Holy Trinity*, *Ripon*, 91.
Leeds, *St. James*, *Ripon*, 92.
Leeds, *St. John*, *Ripon*, 91.
Leeds, *St. Mark*, *Ripon*, 92.
Leeds, *St. Mary*, *Ripon*, 92.
Leeds, *St. Paul's*, *Ripon*, 92.
Leeds, *St. Peter*, *Ripon*, 89.
Leake, 491. Vide Strype's Eliz. append. B. ii. No. xxx. The patronage of this Church has been transferred by Order of Council to the Bishop of Ripon.
Leeming, *Ripon*, 562. 100*l.* has been granted by the Society towards enlarging the Chapel. 252 additional sittings, of which 244 are free.
Leppington, 278.
Letwell cum Gildingwells, 205.
Leven, 401.
Levisham, 526.
Lightcliffe, *St. Matthew*, *Ripon*, 133.
Lindley, *Ripon*, 138.
Linthwaite, *Ripon*, 106.
Linton, *Ripon*, 261.
Lissett, 377.
Liversedge, *Ripon*, 112.
Liverton, 480.
Lockington, 354.
Lockton, 529.
Lockwood, *Ripon*, 107. The site was given by the late Sir John Ramsden, Bart.; 400 sittings.
Lofthouse, 492.
Londesborough, 354.
Long Preston, *Ripon*, 262.
Longwood, *Ripon*, 138.
Lotherton, 76.

Lothersdale, *Christ Church*, *Ripon*. District Church built in 1838, on a site given by the Earl of Burlington; 1000*l*. contributed by the Rev. Walter Levett towards the endowment; 250*l*. given by the Society for 250 free sittings.
Loversall, 187.
Lowthorpe, 305.
Luddenden, *Ripon*, 133.
Lund, 355.
Lunds, *Ripon*, 561. 187 sittings, of which 153 have been obtained, towards which the Society gave 150*l*.
Luttons Ambo, 282.
Lydgate, *Chester Diocese*, 589.
Lythe, 493.

M.

Maltby, 206. Second ordination 1277.
Malton, New, *St. Leonard*, 527.
Malton, New, *St. Michael*, 527.
Malton, Old, 526.
Manfield, *Ripon*, 580.
Mappleton, 402.
Marfleet, 402.
Marr, 206.
Marrick, *Ripon*, 580.
Marsden, *Ripon*, 107.
Marske in Cleveland, 493.
Marske in Gilling, *Ripon*, 580.
Marston, 68.
Marton in Cleveland, 494.
Marton in Craven, *Ripon*, 263.
Marton cum Grafton, *Ripon*, 556.
Marton in Holderness, 417.
Marton-on-the-Moor, 470.
Marton cum Moxby, 448.
Masham, *Ripon*, 568.
Melsonby, *Ripon*, 581.
Meltham, *Ripon*, 107. 310 additional sittings, of which 300 are free, have been obtained, towards which the Society gave 250*l*.
Meltham Mills, *Ripon*. St. James's, in the parish of Meltham, was opened for the celebration of Divine Service, by license from the Bishop of Ripon, in Dec. 1838; it contains 250 sittings, and was built at the expense of Messrs. James Brooke and Brothers. There is a glebe house and also a school house, also built by the above mentioned gentlemen.
Melton-on-the-Hill, 207. *For* "Harepoole Priory," *read* "Hampole Priory."
Meltonby, vide Yapham.
Mexborough, 207. *For* "Monthegon," *read* "Montbegon."
Methley, *Ripon*, 143.
Micklefield, 76.
Middleham, *Ripon*, 568.
Middlesborough, 474. 500*l*. was given by the Society towards building the Church; 600 sittings, of which 300 are free.
Middlesmoor, *Ripon*, 567 and 569.
Middleton-upon-Leven, 486.
Middleton cum Rosedale, 528.
Middleton Tyas, *Ripon*, 581.
Middleton-on-the-Wolds, 355.
Middop, 190.
Millington, 356.
Mirfield, *Ripon*, 144.
Mitton, *Ripon*, 263.
Monk Bretton, 217. A new Church has been built, containing 700 sittings, of which 400 are free; the Society contributed 400*l*., the Archbishop 100*l*., Sir Thomas Broadhead 100*l*.; first stone laid 10th Feb. 1838.
Monk Fryston, *St. Wilfred*, 69.
Moor Monkton, 70.
Morley, *Ripon*, 145.
Muker, *Ripon*, 565.
Murton, 451.
Muston, 305.
Mytham, *Ripon*. St. James, parish of Halifax; built in 1835, by the Parliamentary Commissioners; cost 2,700*l*. The site and the stone were given by the Rev. James Armytage Rhodes.
Myton, in Hull, *St. Mary's*, 397.
Myton-upon-Swale, 449.

N.

Naburn cum St. George, 44.
Nafferton, 305. *After* "1303," *read* "or 1304."
Netherthong, *Ripon*, 106.
Newton juxta Pickering, 534.
Newton Kyme, 70.
Newland, 335.
Newton-under-Ornback, 495.
Newton-upon-Ouse, 449. The Church is rebuilding at the expense of Lord Downe. The first stone was laid 10th Sept. 1838.
Nidd, *Ripon*, 557. The patronage is in the Crown, in right of the Duchy of Lancaster.
Normanby, 530.
Normanton, 145. The ordination is in Reg. Cartar. Hospit. S. Joh. folio 290, b. Bibl. Cotton. Nero, E. vi.
Northallerton, 495.
North Bierley, *Ripon*, 115. 462 sittings have been furnished by the Society, at the expense of 250*l*.
North Cave, 356.
North Dalton, 357.
North Ferriby, 357.
North Frodingham, 403.
North Grimston, 276.
North Newbald, 358.
North Otterington, 497.
Norton juxta Malton, 276.
Norton le Clay, in the parish of Cundall, *Ripon*. Chapel licensed Dec. 1839.
Nun Burnholme, 359.
Nun Keeling, 403.
Nun Monkton, *Ripon*, 557.
Nunnington, 530.
Nunthorpe, 476.
Nuthill, 413.

O.

Old Byland, 531.
Ormsby, 498.
Osbaldwick, 450.
Osmotherley, 499. The patronage of this Church has been transferred by Order of Council to the Bishop of Ripon.
Ossett, *Ripon*, 122.
Oswaldkirk, 531.
Otley, *Ripon*, 97. A gallery has been erected to contain 195 free sittings, towards which the Society gave 40*l*.
Otteringham, 404. A Vicarage was ordained 30th May 1310.

Ovenden, in the parish of Halifax, *Ripon*. A Church has been built by the Parliamentary Commissioners.—Vide 19th Report.
Oulton, *Ripon*, 152.
Ouseburn Magna, *Ripon*, 557. 120 additional sittings, of which 60 are free, have been obtained, towards which the Society contributed 60*l*.
Ouseburn Parva, *Ripon*, 558.
Over Helmsley, 452.
Over Silton, 452.
Overton, 452.
Owston, 208. *For* "Veseys and Hamertons," *read* "Veleys and Hamiltons."
Owthorne, 405. *For* "Bristall," *read* "Birstall."

P.

Paddock, *Ripon*, 139.
Pannall, *Ripon*, 101.
Pateley Bridge, *Ripon*, 545. Completed without accepting the Society's grant of 500*l*.
Patrick Brompton, *Ripon*, 569.
Pattrington, 406.
Paul, 407. Dr. Ducarel says that the original endowment of the Vicarage was, in 1765, in the hands of the Rev. Mr. Dawson, the then Vicar.
Penistone, *Ripon*, 209.
Pickering, 532. Vid. Bulla Honorii Papæ super Decimis Grangiar. in Pykering. Dat. 3 Kal. Mar. Pont. 4 Regist. Cartar. Eccl. S. Petri, Ebor. fo. 9, Bibl. Cotton. Claudius, B. 9.
Pickhill, *Ripon*, 570.
Pockley, 520 and 521.
Pocklington, 360. Ædgera Ep. Cart. Concessit. Decano Ebor. decim. Molend, de Pocklington, Reg. Cartar. Eccl. S. Petri, Ebor. Bibl. Cotton. Claudius, B. 3.
Pontefract, *All Saints*, 146. For particulars of tithes, vide Harleian MSS., No. 6838. District formed under 58th Geo. III. cap. 45, sect. 21.—Vide 19th Report.
Pontefract, *St. Giles*, 148.
Poole, *Ripon*, 100.
Poppleton, Nether, 71.
Poppleton, Upper, *Peculiar*, 72.
Preston juxta Hedon, 408.
Preston, Long, vide Long Preston.
Pudsey, *Ripon*, 118. The new Church, which contains the 2000 sittings here mentioned, is dedicated to St. Lawrence.

R.

Raistrick, *St. Matthew*, *Ripon*, 134.
Raskelfe, 436. An Inclosure Act was passed 5th and 6th Gul. IV.
Ravenfield, 211.
Rawcliffe, juxta Snaith, 158.
Rawden, *Ripon*, 86.
Rawmarsh, 211. The Church has been lately rebuilt; 440 additional sittings, of which 340 are free; the Society contributed 200*l*.; Earl Fitzwilliam laid the first stone of the new Church, and contributed 500*l*. to the building.
Redcar, 494.
Redmire, *Ripon*, 572.
Reighton, 307.
Riccall, 453.
Richmond, *Ripon*, 581. 246 additional sittings, of which 200 are free, have been obtained, towards which the Society gave 100*l*.
Richmond, *Trinity Chapel*, *Ripon*, 582.
Rillington, 277.
Rilston, *Ripon*, 251.
Ripley, *Ripon*, 558.
Ripon, *Ripon*, 538.
Ripon, *Holy Trinity*, *Ripon*, 542.
Ripponden, *Ripon*, 134.
Rise, 409.
Riston, 410.
Romaldkirk, *Ripon*, 582.
Rokeby, *Ripon*, 582.
Roos, 410.
Rosedale, 529.
Rossington, *Lincoln Diocese*, 548.
Rotherham, 212. *After* "five Chantries," *read* "in the Church."
Rothwell, *Ripon*, 151. An Inclosure Act was passed 7th Gul. IV. and 1 Vic.
Roundhay, *St. John*, *Ripon*, 51.
Routh, 411.
Rowley, 362.
Rowsby, 485.
Royston, 216.
Rudstone, 307.
Rufforth, 72.
Ruston Parva, 308.
Ryther, 73.

S.

Saddleworth, *Chester Diocese*, 589. 587 additional sittings, of which 413 are free, have been obtained, towards which the Society gave 400*l*.
Salton, 534.
Sancton, 363.
Sandal Magna, *Ripon*, 152. There were three ordinations of this Vicarage, viz. in 1236, 1310, and 1387.
Sandal Parva, 218.
Sand Hutton juxta Bossall, 425. A Chapel, from a design by Mr. Salvin, is now in the course of erection, at the expence of James Walker, Esq.
Sand Hutton juxta Thirsk, 466.
Sawley, *Ripon*, 545.
Saxton, 73.
Scalby, 308.
Scammonden, alias Deanhead, *Ripon*, 139.
Scampston, 277.
Scarborough, 309. Vide Nova Tax, Vicar. Reg. William de Melton, fol. 245. et 295. Steps are taking for building an additional Church or Chapel.
Scarborough, *Christ Church*, 312.
Scawton, 535.
Scissett, *Ripon*, *District Church*, *St. Augustine*. First stone laid by the Bishop of Ripon, 29th September 1837; cost 2000*l*.; site given by Joseph Haye, Esq., of Wandsworth Common. T. W. Beaumont, Esq., was a liberal contributor to the building, and endowed the Church with 1,300*l*., and also built a parsonage.
Scorborough, 363.
Scrayingham, 278.
Scruton, *Ripon*, 570.
Sculcoates, 364.

Sculcoates, *Christ Church*, 364.
Seamer in Cleveland, 499.
Seamer juxta Scarborough, 312.
Seaton Roes, 364.
Sedbergh, *Ripon*, 586.
Selby, *Peculiar*, 74. *For* "744" additional sittings, *read* "422."
Settle, *Ripon*, *Ascension*, parish of Long Preston. 700 sittings, of which 250 are free; patrons, trustees; built in 1838; Mrs. Swale gave 1,000*l.* towards the endowment.
Sessay, 454.
Settrington, 278.
Sharrow, *Ripon*, 546, *St. John*, District Church. Built in 1825; cost 5,000*l.*, of which 2,000*l.* was contributed by Miss Lawrence, who has the patronage for life. The Dean and Canons of Ripon will ultimately be the patrons.
Sheffield, 219. The parish Church, though originally dedicated to St. Peter, is now called Trinity Church. *Dele* "appointed as trustees by twelve laymen," in lines 39 and 40. In page 220, line 15, column 2, *for* "charities," *read* "chantries."
Sheffield, *St. George*, 222.
Sheffield, *St. James*, 222.
Sheffield, *St. Mary*, 222.
Sheffield, *St. Paul*, 222.
Sheffield, *St. Philip*, 223.
Sheffield Park. A Chapel has been recently built here.
Sherburne in Elmet, 75.
Sherburne in Harford Lythe, 279.
Sheriff Hutton, 454. Line 3, column 2, *for* "Stettenham was anciently," *read* "Stettenham. There was anciently."
Shipley cum Heaton, *Ripon*, 115. Site given by the late J. W. Field, Esq.
Shipton juxta Weighton, 371.
Sigglesthorne, 411.
Sigston, vide Kirkby Sigston.
Silkstone, *Ripon*, 225.
Silsden, *Ripon*, 259.
Silton, Nether, 492. The patronage has been transferred to the Bishop of Ripon by Order of Council.
Sinnington, 535.
Skeckling cum Burstwick, 412.
Skefling, 413.
Skelbrooke, 330.
Skelton cum Brotton, 500. An ordination of a Vicarage was made in the Church of Skelton on the 13 Kal. July 1330, and which was probably this very Church; vide Abp. Melton's Reg. folio 492.
Skelton juxta Ripon, *Ripon*, 546.
Skelton juxta York, 456.
Skerne, 365.
Skidby, 365.
Skipsea, 414.
Skipton, *Ripon*, 266.
Skipton, *Christ Church*, *Ripon*. 630 sittings; first stone laid 27th October 1836; 500*l.* raised by subscription towards the building and endowment, 350*l.* given by the Society; 400 free sittings; land and building worth 1,000*l.* given by the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, 500*l.* by the Rev. John Pering, and 500*l.* by Christopher Sedgwick, Esq.
Skipwith, 457.
Skircoat, *Ripon*, 135. Chapel-room, 600; not consecrated, and in the hands of a mortgagee.
Skirlaugh, 418.
Skirpenbeck, 280.
Slaidburn, *Ripon*, 268.
Slaithwaite, *St. James*, *Ripon*, 139.
Sledmere, 280.
Sleights, 508.
Slemingford cum Stainley, *Ripon*, 546.
Slingsby, 534.
Smeaton, alias Great Smeaton, *Ripon*, 583.
Snainton, 515. The Church has been lately rebuilt, the Society contributed 200*l.*; 207 free sittings; formerly there was only service here twice a year, now every Sunday.
Snaith, 155.
Sneaton, 501.
Sockburn, *Durham Diocese*, 589.
South Cave, 366.
South Cliffe, 357.
South Cowton, *Ripon*, 578.
South Crossland, *Ripon*, 108. The site of the Chapel was given by R. H. Beaumont, Esq.
South Dalton, 367.
South Kilvington, 457.
South Kirkby, 229. *After* "1268," *read* "or 1282."
South Otterington, 458.
South Stainley, *Ripon*, 559.
South Owram, vide Briars.
Sowerby juxta Halifax, *Ripon*, 135. Rebuilt by subscription in 1820.
Sowerby juxta Thirsk, 466.
Sowerby Bridge, *Ripon*, 136.
Speeton, 291.
Spennithorne, *Ripon*, 570.
Spofforth, *Ripon*, 76.
Sproatley, 414.
Sprotborough, 230.
Stainborough, 229.
Stainburn, *Ripon*, 66.
Stainforth, in the parish of Giggleswick, *Ripon*. Pudsey Dawson, Esq., and others, propose to build a Chapel; the patronage to be vested in certain trustees. The offer is under the consideration of the Parliamentary Commissioners.—Vide 19th Report.
Stainforth juxta Hatfield, 198.
Stainland near Halifax, *Ripon*. 300 sittings; built by subscription in 1755, and vested in nine trustees, who are all required to be members of the Church of England. The Chapel does not appear to have been brought under the jurisdiction of the Ordinary.
Stainton in Cleveland, 502.
Stainton juxta Tickhill, 231. *For* "1440," *read* "1444." A gallery has been lately erected at the expense of Earl Fitzwilliam.
Stallen Busk, *Ripon*, 561.
Stanley, *St. Peter*, *Ripon*, 164.
Stanningley, in the parish of Leeds, *Ripon*. It is proposed to build a Chapel here, and the Parliamentary Commissioners have agreed to afford a site.—Vide 19th Report.
Stannington, 190.
Stanwick, *St. John*, *Ripon*, 583.
Startforth, *Ripon*, 584.
Staveley, *Ripon*, 559. 178 additional sittings, of which 100 are free, have been obtained, towards which the Society contributed 120*l.*

Stillingfleet, 458.
Stillington, 460.
Stockton on the Forest of Galtres, 460.
Stokesley, 503.
Stonegrave, 536.
Strensall, 461.
Studley, vide Aldfield.
Sunk Island, 415.
Sutton-upon-Derwent, 367.
Sutton Full, vide Full Sutton.
Sutton on the Forest of Galtres, 462. *For* "1223," *read* "1227."
Sutton in Holderness, 415. A conditional grant for an additional Church has been made by the Commissioners.—Vide 19th Report.
Swillington, *Ripon*, 77.
Swine, 416.
Swinefleet, 166.
Swinton juxta Malton, 514.
Swinton juxta Wath, 241.
Sykehouse, *Holy Trinity*, 194.

T.

Tadcaster, 78. Vide Stryp. Ann. 2 Eliz. Supp. Appendix, xcix.
Tanfield, *Ripon*, 571.
Tankersley, 231.
Terrington, 464.
Thirkleby, 464.
Thirsk, 465.
Thorganby, 467.
Thorgumbald, 407.
Thormanby, 467.
Thornaby, 503.
Thorne, 232. Vide Strype's Edward VI., appendix, page 161.
Thorner, *Ripon*, 79.
Thornes, *St. James*, *Ripon*, 164. Consecrated October 1831.
Thornhill, *Ripon*, 159.
Thornthwaite, *Ripon*, 88.
Thornton in Craven, *Ripon*, 269.
Thornton juxta Bradford, *Ripon*, 115.
Thornton in the Dale, juxta Pickering, 536.
Thornton in Lonsdale, *Ripon*, 588.
Thornton on Spaldingmoor, 367.
Thornton Steward, *Ripon*, 571.
Thornton-in-the-Street, 504.
Thornton Watlas, *Ripon*, 571.
Thorp Arch, 80.
Thorpe Bassett, 281.
Thorpe Hesley, *Ripon*, within the Chapelry of Wentworth. Built chiefly at the expense of Earl Fitzwilliam and the Earl of Effingham; first stone laid 1st March 1837.
Thorpe Salvin, 205.
Thriberg, 233.
Thropham, *St. John's*, 205.
Thurnscoe, 234.
Thurstonland, *Ripon*, in the parish of Kirk Burton. This was built by subscription in 1810, and was originally used by Dissenters. In 1834, a majority of the trustees decided to make it a Chapel of Ease under Kirk Burton.
Thwing, 314.
Tickhill, 234. Vide Cottonian MSS., No. 25, page 80. Dr. Ducarel gives "1282," as the date of the first ordination.
Tinsley, 215.
Todwick, 236.
Tong, *St. James*, *Ripon*, 112.
Topcliffe, 468.
Tossett, alias Houghton, *Ripon*, 255.
Treeton, 236.
Tunstall, 419.
Turvey, *St. John in the wilderness*, *Ripon*, 130. The sum of 400*l.* has been voted by the Society towards rebuilding the Chapel; the site was given by the late Major Priestley. The Chapel will contain 800 sittings, of which 380 are to be free; first stone laid in 1838.

U.

Ugglebarnby, 509.
Ulrome, 419.
Upleatham, 505.

W.

Waddington, *Ripon*, 265.
Wadworth, 237.
Wadsley, 191. The Chapel was built in 1832.
Wakefield, *All Saints*, *Ripon*, 160. The patronage is exercised by the Prime Minister.
Wakefield, *St. John*, *Ripon*, 163. A new Church dedicated to the Holy Trinity is in progress; first stone laid August 1838; site given by R. Hodgson, Esq.
Wales, 238.
Walkington, 368.
Walton, 81.
Warmfield, 165.
Warmsworth, 238.
Warter, 369.
Warthill, 471.
Wath-upon-Dearne, 239.
Wath in Richmondshire, *Ripon*, 572.
Watton, 369.
Wawne, 419. There was a prior ordination of the Vicarage in 1230; vide Abp. Gifford's Register, page 76.
Weaverthorpe, 281.
Weighton, 370.
Welbury, 505.
Well, *Ripon*, 573.
Welton, 371.
Welwick, 421.
Wensley, *Ripon*, 572.
Wentworth, 241. The Chapel has been recently enlarged at the expence of Earl Fitzwilliam.
Westerdale, 504. The Society has voted 30*l.* towards rebuilding the Chapel; 89 additional sittings.
West Bretton. This is a small Chapel, situated in the park. It is a Donative.
West Haddlesey, 53.
West Heslerton, 282.
West Hawkswell, *Ripon*, 566.
West Rounton, 505.
West Witton, *Ripon*, 574.
Weston, *Ripon*, 101.
Westow, 282.
Wetherby, *Ripon*, 77. The Chapel is about to be rebuilt by subscription.
Wetwang, 283.
Wharram Percy, 284.
Wharram in the Street, 284.
Wheldrake, 471.
Whenby, 472.
Whiston, 242. The Society has given 25*l.* towards obtaining 82 additional sittings, of which 41 are to be free.

Whitby, 506. The Parliamentary Commissioners have made a conditional grant towards an additional Church.—Vide 19th Report.
Whitewell, *Chester Diocese*, 589. 70 free sittings have been obtained, towards which the Society contributed 25*l.*
Whitgift, *Ripon*, 165.
Whitkirk, *Ripon*, 82.
Whixley, *Ripon*, 559.
Whorlton, 509.
Wibsey, *Ripon*, 116. *For* "304 additional sittings," *read* "500." A grant of 250*l.* has been made for enlarging the Chapel at Wibsey Low Moor. Additional seats 520, of which 260 are free.
Wickersley, 243. *For* "313 additional sittings, of which 231 are to be free," *read* "192 additional sittings, of which 108 are free."
Wigginton, 472.
Wighill, 83.
Wilberfoss, 372.
Willerby, 314.
Wilsden, *Ripon*, 116.
Wilton in Cleveland, 510.
Wilton juxta Ellerburne, 517.
Winestead, 421.
Winkesley cum Grantley, *Ripon*, 547. *For* "103 free sittings," *read* "195."
Winteringham, 284.
Wistow, 83.
Withernsea, vide Hollym, 384.
Withernwick, 422. There was a former ordination in 1230.
Wold Newton, 315.
Wombwell, 182. *For* "104" free sittings, *read* "106."
Womersley, 167.
Woodhouse juxta Huddersfield, *Ripon*, 140.
Woodkirk, *Ripon*, 168.
Wolley, 218.
Worsall, vide High Worsall.
Worsborough, 182.
Wortley juxta Leeds, *Ripon*, 97. An Inclosure Act was passed 3rd and 4th Gul. IV.
Wortley juxta Tankersley, 232.
Wragby, 168. Dedicated to St. Michael and St. Ann. The chancel with part of the Church was rebuilt a few years ago.
Wressle, 373.
Wycliffe, *Ripon*, 584.
Wykeham, 537.

Y.

Yafford, *Ripon*, 577.
Yapham cum Meltonby, 362.
Yarm, 510.
Yeddingham, 286.
York, *All Saints*, Pavement, 8.
——, *All Saints*, North-street, 7.
——, *All Saints*, Peascholme, 11.
——, *All Saints*, North-street. *For* "William de Paganell," *read* "Ralph de Paganell."
——, *St. Andrew*, 37.
——, Bedern Chapel, 37.
——, *Holy Trinity*, Goodramgate, 14.
——, *Holy Trinity*, Kings' Court, 16.
——, *Holy Trinity*, Micklegate, 17.
——, *St. Clements*, 26. Vide Ordination of St. Clement's, in Abp. Gifford's Reg. fol. 27.
——, *St. Crux*, 9.
——, *St. Cuthbert*, 10.
——, *St. Dennis*, 12.
——, *St. George*, 13.
——, *St. Giles*, 34.
——, *St. Gregory*, 25.
——, *St. Helen*, Stonegate, 13.
——, *Helen on the Walls*, 11.
——, *St. John Delpike, Peculiar*, 15.
——, *St. John*, Ousebridge End, 18.
——, *St. Lawrence*, 19.
——, *St. Margaret*, 21.
——, *St. Martin*, Coney-street, 22.
——, *St. Martin*, Micklegate, 24.
——, *St. Mary Bishophill the Elder*, 25. Line 25, column 2, *for* "Mr. Cordukes having," *read* "Mr. Cordukes was."
——, *St. Mary Bishophill the Younger*, 26. The Vicar is charged with the care of two Chapelries, viz. Copmanthorpe and Poppleton, in each of which there is, by custom, service once a month. The present Vicar has provided additional service at Bishophill.
——, *St. Mary*, Castlegate, 27.
——, *St. Maurice*, 28.
——, *St. Michael le Belfrey*, 29. A subscription is in progress for building a Chapel of Ease at Clifton, and Earl de Grey has expressed his readiness to grant a site.
——, *St. Michael*, Ousebridge End, 32.
——, *St. Nicholas*, 21.
——, *St. Olave*, 33.
——, *St. Peter the Little*, 9.
——, *St. Peter le Willows*, 22.
——, *St. Sampson*, 35.
——, *St. Saviour*, 36. 208 additional free sittings have been obtained, towards which the Society gave 100*l.*
——, *St. Wilfred*, 31.

Note.—All the Parishes and Chapelries which have not the words Ripon, Chester, or Lincoln, added after the respective names, are within the present Diocese of York.

When the name is not found where first sought for, reference should be had to the words East, West, North, South, Hutton, Kirk, Kirkby.

ADVERTISEMENT.

It is the intention of the Author to publish, at an early period, an Appendix, in which all the Parishes and Chapelries within the county of York will be arranged under the Diocese to which they now respectively belong, with a reference to the page in these volumes in which they are noticed. Any errors which may be discovered will be carefully corrected, numerous additional references will be introduced, and the valuable minutes of Dr. Ducarel will be inserted *verbatim*.

The proposed Appendix will be delivered *gratuitously* to the Subscribers to the present Work.

N.B.—The idea announced in the Prospectus, of printing a few copies on large paper, has been abandoned.

COLLECTIO RERUM ECCLESIASTICARUM

DE

DIŒCESI EBORACENSI.

GENERAL DIVISIONS OF THE DIOCESE OF YORK.

THE diocese of York is divided into the Archdeaconries of York, the East-Riding, Cleveland, and Nottingham; and it is subdivided into the following Deaneries :—

Archdeaconries.	Deaneries.	Archdeaconries.	Deaneries.
YORK	*City of York.*	CLEVELAND[2] ..	*Bulmer.*
	New Ainsty.		*Cleveland.*
	Old Ainsty.		*Rydall.*
	Pontefract.		
	Craven.	NOTTINGHAM ..	*Bingham.*
	Doncaster.		*Newark.*
THE EAST RIDING[1]..	*Buckrose.*		*Nottingham.*
	Dickering.		*Southwell (peculiar).*
	Harthill.		*Retford.*
	Holderness.		

The districts of Ripon and Hexhamshire are not within archidiaconal jurisdiction.

PECULIAR JURISDICTIONS.

1. THE DEAN AND CHAPTER'S JURISDICTION.

King Edward the Sixth, by charter, dated 20th April, 1547, in the first year of his reign, confirmed to the Dean and Chapter of York all their spiritual jurisdiction within those parishes, towns, and places which they or their predecessors formerly used; and they now exercise all episcopal functions except Ordination and Confirmation, together with contentious jurisdiction, and the right of granting probates

[1] The Archdeaconry of the East-Riding includes a small portion of the North-Riding. It may also be observed, that the limits of the Deaneries are not always the same as those of the wapentakes of the same name.

[2] A small part of the East-Riding of Yorkshire is within this Archdeaconry.

and administrations of persons dying within the parishes and chapelries mentioned in the following list, as being within their jurisdiction, in cases where the deceased has not left *bona notabilia* in any other diocese or jurisdiction within the province of York.

NAMES OF PARISHES AND CHAPELRIES NOW WITHIN THE DEAN AND CHAPTER'S IMMEDIATE JURISDICTION IN MATTERS OF PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

County of York.—Aldborough (near Boroughbridge), Boston (near Thorparch), Bramham, Brotherton, Burton Leonard, Burton Pidsea, Dunsforth, Helperthorpe, Hornby (near Catterick), Huttons Ambo, Weaverthorpe, and Wharram in the Street.

City of York.—Saint Andrew, Saint John Delpike, Saint John at Ousebridge end, Saint Lawrence, Saint Martin in Coneystreet, Saint Mary Bishophill the younger with the Chapelries of Copmanthorpe and Poppleton, Saint Maurice, Saint Michael le Belfrey, Saint Nicholas without Walmgate Bar (the church is now demolished), Saint Sampson, and Saint Wilfrid.

County of Nottingham.—Askham, East Drayton, Laneham, Misterton, Stokeham, and West Stockwith.

County of Lancaster.—Broughton, Kirkby Irelyth, and Seathwaite.

The Dean and Chapter also exercise jurisdiction over Helperby, in the parish of Brafferton, and Langwith, in the parish of Wheldrake: they likewise claim the Chapelry of Boroughbridge.

The jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter appears to have been anciently more extensive, and to have included, in particular, the parishes of Bubwith, Bishop Burton, Dalton upon Tees, in the parish of Croft, Goodmanham, Topcliffe, Treswell (Nottinghamshire), Saint John in Hungate, and Saint Mary in Laythorpe, and, in fact, wherever the Dean and Chapter had estates or temporal authority, it is probable they exercised, at one period or another, ecclesiastical jurisdiction.

The Dean and Chapter have also what is called contentious jurisdiction, or the right of deciding causes of ecclesiastical cognizance, over all the places where the Dignitaries and Prebendaries have the right of holding visitations and granting probates and administrations; and therefore, when any suit arises respecting any grant which would otherwise have been made by the prebendal or other peculiar jurisdiction, the probate or administration is, in such case, granted by the Dean and Chapter's Court: this jurisdiction also extends over the peculiar of Acomb and the dissolved prebends of Bishop Wilton, Masham, South Cave, and Salton; the latter jurisdiction is now divided into two, viz., Salton and Wadworth.

The following Dignitaries and Prebendaries of the Church of York have respectively the right of granting probates and administrations within certain towns and villages, where they also hold visitations; but the contentious jurisdiction belongs to the Dean and Chapter of York.

A List of the Courts now held, and of the Parishes and Chapelries within their respective jurisdictions:—

I. Peculiar Court of the Archdeaconry of York.

Mexbrough.
Ranfield, or *Ravenfield.*

II. Peculiar Court of the Archdeaconry of the East-Riding.

Mappleton.

III. Peculiar Court of the Precentorship of the Cathedral Church of York, with the Prebend of Driffield annexed.

Great Driffield.
Ouseburn Parva.
Little Driffield.

The Prebend was annexed in 1485.

IV. Peculiar Court of the Chancellorship of the Cathedral Church of York, with the Prebend of Laughton en le Morthen annexed.

Acklam, near Malton.
Anston, North and South.
Firbeck.
Handsworth.
Laughton en le Morthen.
Letwell with Gildingwells.
Saint John's, near Rotherham.
Thorpe Salvin.
Wales, near Rotherham.
Wawne, or *Waghen.*

The Prebend was annexed in 1484.

V. Peculiar Court of the Subdeanery of York.

Preston, in Holderness.

VI. Peculiar Court of the Succentorship of the Canons of the Cathedral Church of York.

Tunstall, in Holderness.

VII. Acomb Peculiar Court (parcel of the dissolved Treasurership).

Acomb.

The Treasurership was resigned by William Clyffe to King Edward the Sixth in 1547.

VIII. Ampleford Prebendal Court.

Ampleford.
Heslington, Chapelry of St. Paul.

IX. Apesthorpe Prebendal Court.

Apesthorpe, in Nottinghamshire.

X. Bilton Prebendal Court.

Bilton, near Wetherby.

XI. Bishop Wilton Peculiar Court.

Bishop Wilton.
Bolton, near Pocklington.

The Prebend of Bishop Wilton was annexed to the Treasurership in 1241.

XII. Bole Prebendal Court.

Bole, in Nottinghamshire.

XIII. Bugthorpe Prebendal Court.

Bugthorpe.
Stockton, near York.

XIV. Fenton Prebendal Court.

Fenton.
Micklefield.
Sherburne, near Ferrybridge.

XV. Holme Prebendal Court.

Withernwick.

XVI. Husthwaite Prebendal Court.

Carlton, near Husthwaite.
Husthwaite.

XVII. Langtoft Prebendal Court.

Cottam, near Driffield.
Langtoft.
North Grimston, near Malton.

XVIII. Masham Peculiar Court.

Hartwith.
Masham.
Kirkby Malzeard.
Middlesmore.

XIX. North Newbald Prebendal Court.

North Newbald.

XX. Osbaldwick Prebendal Court.

Gate Helmsley.

XXI. Riccall Prebendal Court.

Riccall.

XXII. Salton Peculiar Court.

Salton.

The Prebend of Salton was annexed to the Priory of Hexham, and fell at the Dissolution in 1540.

XXIII South Cave Peculiar Court.

South Cave.

The Prebend of South Cave was alienated in 1549, by John Wilson, the last Prebendary, to Sir Michael Wharton.

XXIV. Stillington Prebendal Court.

Stillington.

XXV. Strensall Prebendal Court.

Haxby.
Murton.
Osbaldwick.
Strensall.

XXVI. Tockerington Prebendal Court.

Tockerington, near Hexham, Northumberland.

XXVII. Wadworth Peculiar Court (late parcel of the dissolved Prebend of Salton).

Wadworth.

XXVIII. Warthill Prebendal Court.

Warthill.

XXIX. Weighton Prebendal Court.

Shipton, near Weighton.
Weighton.

XXX. Wetwang Prebendal Court.

Elloughton, near South Cave.
Fimber.
Fridaythorpe.
Kirkby Wharfe.
Ulleskelfe.
Wetwang.

XXXI. Wistow Prebendal Court.

Cawood.
Monk Fryston.
Wistow.

The Prebendaries of the following Prebends also appear to have anciently had jurisdiction over the places mentioned below, but such jurisdiction is not exercised at present.

Prebend of Barnby Moor.
Barnby Moor, near Pocklington. Now under the jurisdiction of the Dean of York.

Prebend of Dunnington.
Dunnington. Now part of the diocese of York.

Prebend of Grindall.
Grindall. Now part of the diocese of York.

Prebend of Knaresborough.
Marton cum Grafton. Now part of the diocese of Chester.

THE DEANERY JURISDICTION.

The Dean of York, independently of the Chapter, exercises all episcopal functions except Ordination and Confirmation, as well as to probates and administrations, as in contentious matters, within the parishes and chapelries of Allerston, Allerthorpe, Barnby Moor (near Pocklington), Beilby, Ebberston, Ellerburne, Fangfoss, Givendale, Goatland, Hayton, Kildwick-Percy, Kilham, Meltonby, Millington, Newton, Pickering, Pocklington, Thornton, Wilton, and Yapham.

JURISDICTION OF SOUTHWELL.

Pope Alexander III. in the twelfth year of his pontificate (1171), by his bull, confirmed to the Canons of the Church of Saint Mary of Southwell, their ancient

liberties and customs; and that the churches of the Prebends, and also those belonging to the Chapter, should be free from episcopal jurisdiction[1].

The Chapter of Southwell, in Nottinghamshire, in the person of their Vicar General, exercise all episcopal functions except Ordination and Confirmation, within the peculiar; which extends over the parishes of Beckingham, Bleasby, Blidworth, Calverton, Carlton, Caunton, Cropwell Bishop, Darlton, Dunham, Eaton, Eddingley, Farnsfield, Halam, Halloughton, Holme, Kirklington, Morton, North Leverton, North Muskham, Norwell alias Overall, Oxton, Ragnell, Rampton, South Muskham, South Wheatley, Southwell, Upton and Woodbrough, all in the county of Nottingham.

JURISDICTION OF SELBY.

On the 14th day of March, 1409, Richard Pitts, Chancellor and Commissary to the Archbishop of York, decreed, that the Church of Snaith, with Selby and Whitgift, together with their Chapels on them depending, and also the Churches of Athelingflete[2] and Brayton, were canonically united to the Abbot and Convent of Selby; who should hold them, with all manner of spiritual and contentious jurisdiction, in the said church and town of Snaith, and the chapel of the town and territory of Selby; and in Frieston, Hilton (Hillam), and Hamilton; and of their men and servants of Thorpe, Brayton, and Acaster; and also the probates of testaments and last wills of parishioners, parsons, inhabitants, and of others dying within those places; and of granting administrations of the goods of the said deceased and of others dying intestate within the said places; all which was confirmed by the Dean and Chapter of York[3].

The abbey was surrendered to the Crown on the 6th day of December 1539.

The jurisdiction over Adlingfleet and Acaster, appears to have silently reverted to the Archbishop; and Monk Fryston is now under the prebendal jurisdiction of Wistow.

The peculiar court of Selby now only comprises the parishes of Selby and Brayton, over which it still retains the contentious jurisdiction.

JURISDICTION OF SNAITH.

This court has jurisdiction over Armin, Carlton, Goole, Hooke, Rawcliffe, Snaith, Swinefleet, and Whitgift, which were also anciently under the jurisdiction of the Abbot and Convent of Selby.

JURISDICTION OF ALNE AND TOLLERTON.

Alne, Skelton, Tollerton, and Wigginton, were anciently parcel of the Treasurership, and on its dissolution the jurisdiction passed into lay hands.

PECULIARS OF THE CHURCH OF DURHAM, LOCALLY SITUATE WITHIN THE DIOCESE OF YORK[4].

I. *Allerton and Allertonshire.—Episcopal Peculiar.*

The parishes of Birkby, Cowsby, Hutton Bonville, Leeke, Nether Silton, North Otterington, Thornton in the Street, and Osmotherley, are within the peculiar and

[1] Dickinson's History of Southwell, page 120.
[2] Now called Adlingfleet.
[3] Burton's Monasticon, page 401.
[4] These peculiars are inhibited pending the visitations of the Archbishop of York.

spiritual jurisdiction of the Bishop of Durham, who exercises the right of granting probates and administrations of persons dying within such parishes, and not having left *bona notabilia;* and he has also the contentious jurisdiction.

II. *Allerton and Allertonshire.—Peculiar of the Dean and Chapter of Durham.*

The parishes of Brompton, Deighton, Kirkby Sigston, Northallerton, West Rounton, and Worsall, are within the peculiar and spiritual jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter of Durham, who exercise the right of granting probates and administrations in the above mentioned parishes; and they have also the contentious jurisdiction.

III. *Peculiar of Howden, Howdenshire, and Hemingbrough.*

The Dean and Chapter of Durham exercise the right of granting probates and administrations, within the parishes and chapelries of Asselby, Barmby Marsh, Blacktoft, Brantingham, Eastrington, Ellerker, Hemingbrough, Holtby, Howden, Laxton, Skipwith, Walkington, and Welton; and also possess contentious jurisdiction.

ARCHDEACONRY OF YORK.

DEANERY OF THE CITY OF YORK.

ALL SAINTS, NORTH-STREET.—(*A Discharged Rectory.*)—POPULATION, 1,216[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350[2]; NET VALUE, 107*l.*—This is an ancient Rectory, which formerly belonged to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of the Holy Trinity, in the city of York, to which it was given by William de Paganel; and in the time of King William the Conqueror was confirmed thereto by the Bull of Pope Alexander II.

At the Dissolution, the patronage fell to the Crown.

There were eight chantries in this church; two only are named by Torre.

The monuments and armorial bearings on the windows are given by Torre and Drake. Torre gives a close catalogue of the Rectors, which may also be seen in Drake. Gent describes the windows minutely[3]. He also describes a piece of sculpture over the east window on the outside of the church, representing the Crucifixion; beneath which are the figures of St. John and the Virgin Mary.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation the Church is valued at 5*l.* 6*s.* 4*d*; in the King's books at 4*l.* 7*s.* 11*d.* Synodals, 5*s.* 4*d.* Procurations, 6*s.* 8*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 559, it is said, "All Hallows, in North-street. A parsonage presentable, having only a parsonage worth about 3*l.* per annum, without any incumbent." Recommended to be united to St. John's at Ousebridge End.

Augmented in 1761 with 200*l.* by lot. In 1764, with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the estate of the Reverend Marmaduke Buck; and, in 1815, with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant by lot.

The Church, which contains three spacious aisles, has a noble spire. The south wall is very ancient, and contains a fragment of a Roman inscription, but only one word can be made out.

Gent in his Appendix, page 57, says the steeple is in height 120 feet from the ground. It then contained three bells. The length of the church he states to be 91 feet 6 inches, and the breadth 45 feet.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 1218.

[2] In 1818, returned at 2,000.

[3] Viz. *First window, north west*—The seven works of charity. *Second ditto, ditto*—Plain glass. *Third ditto, ditto*—St. Thomas, our Saviour, and Timothy. *Fourth ditto, ditto*—St. John, St. Ann, St. Christopher, and the Holy Trinity. On each side are the effigies of two Nicholas Blackbournes, both lord mayors, and their wives. *Fifth ditto, ditto*—The last judgment. *Little north-east window*—Armorial bearings. *Window over the altar*—Wise men's offerings, salutation, nativity, crucifixion, resurrection. *Window, south east*—St. Catharine, Mary Magdalene, crucifixion. *First window, south*—St. Michael, St. John, armorial bearings. *Third window, south*—Pope, bishop, king, angel, &c. *Last window towards the south door*—St. John the Baptist, the Virgin, our Saviour, an appearance from heaven to a bishop; beneath, Paul and Silas in prison.

CHARITIES.—*Feoffees' estate.* Rent of houses, gardens, &c. and 3*l.* 5*s.* 8*d.* rent charge (but subject to a debt of 300*l.*) Part of the income is appropriated to the repairs of the parish church, the maintenance of the minister, the relief of poor people, and for such other godly uses as to the churchwardens, with the consent of the feoffees and inhabitants, may seem meet: and other part, given by Thomas Atkinson and Peter Middleton, for the use of the poor. 20*l.* per annum is now paid to the rector, five guineas to the clerk, and five guineas to the sexton. The remainder of the rents (except the part left for the poor) is laid out in the repairs of the church. The rental is stated in the Report to be 144*l.* 3*s.* 8*d.*

Elizabeth Harland's benefaction, by will, dated 21st October 1782. Interest of 200*l.* for decayed housekeepers or other poor people; principal lent to the feoffees; given in money.

Widow Waid's gift in 1730. Interest of 25*l.* Principal in the hands of the feoffees: given in coals.

Dorothy Bowes's gift, by will, dated 21st November 1794. Interest of 134*l.* 10*s.* 3*d.* reduced, given in coals.

Ann Orfear's gift, in 1788. Interest of 100*l.* Given in coals.—Vide 15th Report, p. 621.

The Register Books commence in the year 1577; they are defective, 1626, 1630, 1647, 1649.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 601. Archbishop Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 29. Drake's Eboracum, page 274. Gent's York Churches, page 162. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 187. Mon. Angl. vol. iv. page 680.

ALL SAINTS, PAVEMENT.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—POPULATION, 508[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 100*l.* —This is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Durham[2]. At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown.

There were four chantries in this church, viz. Acaster's, Belton's, and two others.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Rectors; which is also given by Drake. Robert Craggs was presented 28th October 1544, by King Henry VIII. but afterwards deprived, and William Peacock presented by Queen Mary.

The Rectory is valued in the King's books at 5*l.* 16*s.* 10½*d.*; and, in 1818, it was certified to Parliament to be worth 67*l.* 2*s.* per annum. Procurations, 6*s.* 8*d.* Augmented in 1763 with 200*l.* and, in 1815, with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 566, recommended to be united to St. Crux, and that church demolished.

There is no glebe house.

27th January 1585, the church of St. Peter the Little was united to this church of All Saints.

25th August 1781, faculty granted to take away the chancel and part of the church-yard, in order to enlarge the market-place.

15th July 1791, faculty to erect an organ.

8th August 1792, faculty to lay open to the street all the church-yard on the north side of the street.

25th September 1792, an additional burial-ground was consecrated.

In 1835 part of the Church was rebuilt.

The north side of the church appears to have been built out of the ruins of more ancient structures.

The lanthorn-tower is much admired: it is said to have anciently contained a large lamp, which was placed there in order to direct travellers by night, in their passage over the forest of Galtres.

The church narrowly escaped being burnt in 1694, when most of the adjacent buildings were destroyed.

Torre, Drake, and Gent, describe the monuments, &c. and Drake gives a view of the church.

Gent states the following dimensions of the church: height of the tower, 93 feet; length, 96 feet; breadth, 42 feet. The length has since been shortened, in order to enlarge the market-place. In Gent's days, the highest roof was clouded in imitation of the sky. There were then three large bells and one small one.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 1,200, including St. Peter the Little.

[2] "The Bishop of Durham has, of the King's gift, the Church of All Saints, and what belonged to it." Bawdwen's Domesday Book, p. 2.

Mr. Hargrove conjectures that the present tower was built about 400 years ago.

CHARITIES.—The parish estate for the repairing of the church, the help and relief of the poor inhabitants of the parish, and for other common uses of the parish. 9*l.* is paid by the feoffees to the rector out of the rents. The income arises from the rent of 102A. 1R. 12P. and two houses.

Joshua Squire's gift, 1*l.* 4*s.*

William Redman's gift, by will, dated 14th September 1728, 10*s.* to the minister for a sermon on St. John's day, and 12*s.* to the poor for bread.

Elizabeth Myers's charity (1690), 10*s.* for a sermon and 50*s.* to the poor.

Eleazer Lowcock, by will, dated 20th April 1786, 10*s.* for a sermon, and 10*s.* for coals.

Mary Birbeck's charity, by will, dated 6th October 1743, 1*l.* per annum.

Alderman Wilson's charity (1812), dividends of 100*l.* Navy 5 per Cents. for coals.—Vide 12th Report, p. 605.

The Register books commence in the year 1554.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 183. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. p. 19. Drake's Eboracum, page 292. Gent's York Churches, page 161, and Appendix, page 57. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 268.

ST. PETER THE LITTLE.—POPULATION, 632.—This was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Durham, and which came to the Crown at the Dissolution. Ecton and Bacon call it a Vicarage. Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

There were four Chantries in this Church, viz.: 2 Akums', Setrington's, and Swatmouth's.

It is valued in the King's books at 2*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* Synodals to the Archbishop, 3*s.*

On the 27th January 1585, this parish, the Church of which had been before demolished, was united and annexed to the parish of All Saints, in Pavement. The Church stood on the east side of Peter-lane.

CHARITIES.—*Darley's gift*, 2*l.* 2*s.* for teaching six poor children to read.

Rent-charge 6*s.* 8*d.*, per annum, donor unknown, distributed to the poor at Christmas.—Vide 12th Report, p. 609.

Drake's Eboracum, page 292. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 265. Torre's MS., page 233.

ST. CRUX.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—POPULATION, 874; CHURCH-ROOM, 1500[1]; NET VALUE, 94*l.*—This Church, at the time of the Domesday Survey, belonged to the Earl of Moreton, and it was afterwards given by Nigell Fossard, Lord of Doncaster, to the Abbey of St. Mary's. At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown.

On the 6th September 1424, a commission was directed to the Bishop of Dromore, to dedicate this Church, which appears to have been then rebuilt. The steeple was rebuilt in 1697, with brick, in the form of a tower.

There were five Chantries in this Church, viz. Naron's, Meeke's, Bearden's, and two Durants.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Rectors, which is printed in Drake's Eboracum. He also gives the monuments and inscriptions. They are also given by Drake and Gent.

A pension of 20*s.* per annum was formerly payable to St. Mary's Abbey. Synodals, 3*s.* 6*d.* Procurations, 6*s.* 8*d.*

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 5*l.*; in the King's books at 6*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*; and, in 1818, it was certified to be worth 104*l.* per annum. Augmented in 1814 with 1400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant by lot.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 566, it is thus stated: "A Parsonage presentable with cure, to which belongs only a parsonage-house and about 3*l.* per annum, besides 9*l.* 10*s.* given by General Persows for ever, for maintenance of a minister there. Vacant. We think fit that All Saints and St. Crux be united; All Saints to be the parish church, and the other to be demolished."

The glebe house, which was repaired, or rather rebuilt, by the Rev. Christopher Jackson, as stated on his monument, who died in 1707, is now too small and mean for residence.

2d December 1769, faculty to lay part

[1] Stated at 2,000 in 1818.

of the church-yard and vestry open to the street. The recital in the petition is curious.

24th August 1770, new burial-ground consecrated.

16th July 1790, faculty to sell two of the largest bells, (they being alleged to be prejudicial to the safety of the steeple,) and apply the produce of the sale towards the repairs of the church.

Sir Thomas Herbert, the celebrated traveller, lies interred in this Church; also Henry, Earl of Northumberland, who was beheaded in the adjoining street in 1572.

Gent gives 90 feet as the height of the tower. Length of the church, 90 feet; breadth, 42 feet. There were then three large bells and one small one.

CHARITIES.—*The feoffment estate.*—The oldest deed extant is dated in 1650. The trust is for the purpose of repairing the parish church, and the books, ornaments, and bells thereto belonging. The feoffees appear to have received several benefactions left by sundry persons, viz. Marmaduke Rawden, 100*l.*; Christopher Hewley, 50*l.*; Ursula Carr, 10*l.*; Mary Squire, 10*l.*; and James Barnard 100*l.* (in all 270*l.*) for bread; and also 10*l.* left by Mary Scott for poor widows; 20*l.* by Mrs. Chippendale, for the poor; Elizabeth Gibson, for poor housekeepers, 20*l.*; Ann Garnet, for teaching two poor children to read, 10*l.*; and Mrs. Bigland, 18*l.* for bread or coals for the poor; and they provide for the payment of 20*s.* per annum, devised by Metcalfe Ingram in 1732, for teaching two poor girls to read and sew.

The feoffees, in satisfaction of the interest of the above donation, and of Stockton's and Hutton's charities, provide bread for the poor to the value of between 25*l.* and 26*l.* per annum, and pay 1*l.* 12*s.* a year to a school-mistress for teaching four poor children to read.

Ann Spooner's gift. The dividends of 105*l.* new fours, for 10 poor widows.

Christopher Hutton's charity, by will, dated 10th May 1723, rent of two houses and a stable.

Sir Robert Walter's gift, by will, 1612, interest of 120*l.*

George Spencer (1623), 10*s.* rent charge for a sermon, and 10*s.* for bread.

T. Ward, interest of 100*l.* to the most needful.

Bettice Hudson (1634), 20*s.* for two sermons, and 20*s.* for bread.

William Weddell's gift, the interest of 100*l.*, given in money.

John Tomlinson's gift, 10*s.* for a sermon, and 20*s.* for the poor.

John Straker's gift (1669), 20*s.* to the poor, and 20*s.* for a sermon.

George Stockton, 10*s.* for a sermon, and 12*d.* in bread every month.

Robert Davey, by will, 1716, 10*s.* for a sermon, and 30*s.* for the poor.

John Lucas's gift, by will, dated 18th January 1725, 10*s.* for a sermon, 5*s.* for poor widows of Trinity Hospital, and 5*s.* to the poor.

John Whitehead's gift, by will, dated 5th February 1727, 20*s.* to the poor.

Margaret Mason's gift, by will, dated 5th June 1732, 20*s.* for a sermon, and 20*s.* to the poor in bread.

Edith Dark's gift, by will, dated in 1663, 40*s.* to the poor, 20*s.* for two sermons, and an alms-house for two poor widows, chosen at the vestry.

There are several charities reported to be lost.—Vide 12th Report, p. 609.

The Register books commence in the year 1540.

Vid. Tax. Ecc. P. Nic., page 298. Torre's MS. page 145. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 18. Drake's Eboracum, p. 297. Gent's York Churches, page 164. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 273.

ST. CLEMENT IN FOSSGATE.—This Church is not noticed by Mr. Torre, and was destroyed prior to the union of churches in York. Here 80 Lincolnshire and Northamptonshire archers, who were slain in an affair between the English and Hainaulters in the first of Edward III. were interred in one grave. The Church stood between Fossgate and Hungate.

Drake's Eboracum, page 309. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 286.

ST. CUTHBERT.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—POPULATION, 1805 [1]; CHURCH-

[1] Viz. St. Cuthbert, 976; St. Helen-on-the-Walls, 422; and All Saints, Peasholme, 407. To which must be added a portion of Heworth, which is partly in this parish and partly in St. Giles's parish, and is in Bulmer wapentake.

ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 233*l.*—A Rectory, anciently appropriated to the Prior and Convent of the Holy Trinity, in the city of York. At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown[1].

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Rectors, which is also given by Drake. They also describe the monuments and armorial coats in the windows. Robert Hungate, the founder of Sherburn School, lies in this church.

This rectory is valued in the King's books at 5*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 566, it is described to be "A parsonage presentable with cure. The parsonage house, tithe out of Heworth, and other profits thereunto belonging, of the yearly value of about 30*l.* There is no incumbent. We recommend it to be united to St. Saviour's." Synodals, 9*d.*

Archbishop Sharp remarks, that the greater part of the profits of this church arises from the Manor of Heworth.

There were Acts of Parliament passed in the 57th and 58th Geo. III. relative to enclosing the common at Heworth.

Height of the steeple according to Gent, 54 feet; length of the church, 40 feet; breadth, 31 feet. No internal pillars.

Mr. Hargrove says, many Roman tiles have been dug up in and near this church.

27th January 1585, the churches of St. Helen-on-the-Walls, St. Mary's Layerthorpe, and All Saints Peaseholme, were united to this church.

20th April 1830, Faculty to lay a portion of the church-yard open to the street, to take away the porch, and to re-pew the church.

The glebe house is stated, in the returns to Parliament in 1818, to be "a mean thatched cottage, not fit for a gentleman."

CHARITIES.—*Sir Martin Bowes's gift*, 2*l.* 10*s.*; *Mason's*, *Ketlam's*, and *Coates's gifts*, interest of 28*l.* left for bread. *Stainton's benefaction*—The minister has the rent of a garden in Castlegate, subject to preaching an annual sermon, and pays 5*s.* for bread to the poor, and 10*s.* for the education of two poor girls.

[1] In Domesday Book (vid. Bawdwen's translation) it is said, "William de Percy claims the church of St. Cuthbert of Earl Hugo."

Sarah Scott's charity, by will, dated 16th July 1816, interest of 50*l.*—Vide 12th Report, p. 613.

The Register books commence in the year 1581. There is a chasm in 1681 and also in 1682.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 505. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 26. Drake's Eboracum, page 313. Gent's York Churches, page 166, and App. 58. Hargrove's York, vol. iii. p. 344.

ALL SAINTS PEASEHOLME.——This Church was an ancient Rectory belonging to the patronage of several private families, as the Le Nevilles, Grants, Salvins, Langtons, and Farnleys. It was valued in the King's books at 4*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.* Synodals, 1*s.* 4*d.*

Torre, in page 521, gives a close catalogue of the Rectors from 1275 to 1573. In 1585, the church was united to St. Cuthbert's.

Mr. Drake says there are small remains of the church wall still standing.

Drake's Eboracum, page 313. Hargrove's York, vol. iii. page 342.

ST. HELEN-ON-THE-WALLS.——This was an ancient Rectory of medieties, and the patronage thereof belonged to the Grants, Salvins, and Langtons; which two last presented by turns to a mediety of it, till afterwards the house of the Langtons had the sole presentation by the name of a mediety. And the right of patronage to the fourth part of this church was, by Thomas de Sco Laurentio, given in frankalmoigne, to God and St. Peter of York. Torre's MS. p. 533.

26 Junii, 1424, a commission was directed to the Bishop of Dromore, to dedicate this parish church of St. Elene, in Wyrkgate, together with that plot of ground allotted for the church-yard thereof. In 1585, this church was united to St. Cuthbert's.

In this Church, a vault was found with a lamp burning in it, and supposed to have been the tomb of the Emperor Constantius. Vid. Camden's Britannica, page 569.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Rectors from 1282 to 1524.

Drake's Eboracum, page 316. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 357.

ST. MARY, AT LAYERTHORPE.—(*Parish of St. Cuthbert.*)—"Concerning this Church," says Mr. Torre, p. 539, "I find nothing memorable, more than its union with St. Cuthbert's in Peaseholme, in 28 Eliz."

In the time of Henry V. this Church was valued at 2*l.* per annum.

Drake's Eboracum, page 253. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 557.

ST. DENNIS.—(*A Discharged Rectory.*)—POPULATION, 1718; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 90*l.*—This was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the Hospital of St. Leonard, in the city of York, and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown. 27th Jan. 1585, the church of St. George in Fishergate, with the parish thereof, was united to this church under the statute of 1 Edward VI., and Naburn has also been united. Since the union with St. George and Naburn, the patronage has been alternately in the Crown and the family of Palmes of Naburn.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Rectors, which is also given by Drake. They also give the inscriptions, and Mr. Hargrove describes a modern one, and Gent gives a minute description of the stained glass[1].

The Rectory is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books at 4*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.* per annum; and in 1818 it was certified to be worth 80*l.* per annum. Synodals, 2s. 8*d.*; Procurations, 6s. 8*d.*; Pension, 13*s.* 4*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 566, it is called "a parsonage presentable with cure, with only two houses, let to several tenants at 4*l.* 10*s.* per annum. There is no incumbent. We think that St. Dennis, so much of St. George's as is within the city and liberties, St. Lawrence, and St. Nicholas, be united, and that St. Dennis be the parish church for them all."

The Living was augmented in 1814, by lot, with 600*l.* from the Parliamentary grant.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

Gent gives the following dimensions of this church:—Tower, in which there were three bells, 57 feet in height to the battlements, and from thence to the apex of the spire 48 feet more; length of the church, 75 feet; breadth, 58 feet.

Since Gent's days, the spire has been taken down, and also part of the body of the church at the west end. This was done by faculty granted in 1797, in consequence of the foundation having been injured by the making of a large drain near the church. The remains form the present doorway, and an interesting plate of it has been published by Sharp.

An ancient porch was taken away at the same time; it was in the style of that at St. Margaret's church.

In the north aisle was the family vault of the Earls of Northumberland, and here are said to be interred the remains of Henry Earl of Northumberland, who fell at the battle of Towton.

The palace of the Earls of Northumberland, called Percy's Inn, stood nearly opposite the church. Here was born, in 1652, Dr. Marmaduke Fothergill, whose books were given by his widow to the Minster Library. There are now no remains of this building. Sir William Dugdale says that an arm of a gold cup was dug up here in his time, so heavy as to be sold for 50*l.*

18th July 1803, confirmation of allotment of pews.

CHARITIES.—*The Church and Poor's Estates.*—The income arises from the

[1] *Small window over vestry*—Assumption of the Virgin. *Next window*—Beheading of John the Baptist; Saint John at full length. *Third window*—St. Michael and the Virgin Mary. *Window over the vestry*—The Resurrection. *North-east window*—The Genealogy of Christ. *Window over the altar*—A Bishop, Virgin, Christ crucified, St. John, St. Dennis, Arms of the Scropes. *South-east window*—Our Saviour, St. George, Kings, &c. *First south window*—St. Catharine, the Virgin Mary, &c. *Next window*—Apostles. *Last window near the south door*—The Salutation, Crucifixion, St. Philip. —One of the windows in this Church contained effigies of several of the Percy family, and Drake gives an engraving of it, taken from a drawing made about 1590.

rent of 2A. 3R. 14P. of land and two houses and gardens, and is applied in providing bread for the poor, repairing the church, keeping the clock in order, and paying a vestry clerk and sexton.

George Fothergill's gift, by will, dated 12th January 1767, interest of 100*l.*

William Yeoman's gift, 10*s.* for a sermon, and 10*s.* for bread.

Philip Eshe's gift, 10*s.* for a sermon.

Sundry charities are lost.—Vide 12th Report, p. 614.

The Register Books commence in 1558.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 461. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 25. Drake's Eboracum, page 304. Gent's York Churches, page 167, and App. 58. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 292.

ST. GEORGE.—The church of St. George in Fishergate was an ancient rectory of the patronage of the Palmes' of Naburn, and Malbyes of Acaster, till temp. Ric. II., when it was appropriated to the nunnery of Monkton, and a vicarage ordained therein.

There was a chantry here called Sutton's chantry.

6th November 1461, an indulgence of forty days remission from penance enjoined was granted to all such as contributed to the repairs of the church.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars to 1594.

In the 28th Elizabeth this church was united with St. Dennis.

"The walls of the church," says Archbishop Sharp, "are yet standing, and have been complained of to me as an eye-sore." Mr. Gent, on the contrary, says, "The walls, on a rising hill, facing the river Foss, in a melancholy yet delightful situation, now remain." He gives the length of the ruins at 49 feet, and the breadth at the west end, then divided by a ruinated arch, at 21 feet. No remains now appear. The church-yard is still used, and during the prevalence of the cholera in 1832, many interments took place therein from the Cholera Hospital.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 477. Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 25. Drake's Eboracum, page 306. Gent, page 168. Hargrove's York, page 308.

ST. HELEN, IN STONEGATE.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*) — POPULATION, 707; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 103*l.*—This Church was at first a Rectory belonging to the Priory of Molseby, in Lincolnshire. Mr. Torre says, a Vicarage was ordained therein in the time of King Henry V.; but he does not give any particulars of such endowment, neither were any such found by Dr. Ducarel.—Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. p. 20.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown.

In the 1st of King Edward VI., when the statute was made for the uniting of Churches in this city, the Church of St. Helen was suppressed and defaced, "because it seemed much to deform the city, being a great delay to some streets meeting and winding at it;" but in 1st Queen Mary, it was enacted to be lawful for the parishioners both to re-edify and repair the Church and church-yard thereof.

Gent gives the following dimensions:—The steeple, containing three bells, nine feet broad and 63 feet in height to the battlements, and three feet higher to the fane; length, having three aisles, and in breadth 45 feet. The church has been much altered since his days.

23rd July 1745, Faculty to lay the church-yard open to the street.

7th October 1745, a new church-yard consecrated.

13th May 1796, Faculty to close up the south door, and make other alterations.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Rectors and Vicars from 1236 to 1632, which is also given by Drake.

In 1757, this Vicarage was augmented with 200*l.* from the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty; in 1804, with 200*l.*; and in 1815, with 1,200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot.

In the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 4*l.* 5*s.* 5*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 566, it is called "A parsonage presentable with cure, having only a parsonage-house worth about thirty shillings per annum." Recommended to be united to Belfrey's parish. In 1818, its annual value was certified to be 46*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* Pension to the Archbishop, 6*s.* 8*d.*; Synodals, &c., 1*s.* 8*d.*

There is no glebe house.

CHARITIES.—*Catherine Sharp's* rent-charge, 20*s.* to the poor.

Elizabeth Saire's gift, rent-charges of 10*s.* for a sermon, and 10*s.* to the poor.

John Bears's gift, by will, about 1672, rent-charge of 20*s.* for a sermon, and 52*s.*, to be distributed.

Fabian Farley's gift, 10*s.* per annum to the poor, paid by the corporation; now reduced to 8*s.* 4*d.*

Lady Ascough's gift, by will, dated 1st December 1711, interest of 20*l.* to the poor.

Tabitha Kaine's gift, by will, dated 13th June 1739, rent-charges of 10*s.* for a sermon on Holy Thursday, and 10*s.* to the poor in bread.

Thomas Mowbray's gift, by will, dated 5th May 1727, rent-charge of 20*s.* to the poor.

Ann Musgrave's gift, by will, dated 27th November 1776, interest of 100*l.* to poor householders.

Edward Shillito's gift, by will, dated September 1680, rent of a garden containing 1R. 8P. of land, charged with 10*s.* for a sermon, and 10*s.* to the poor: overplus to the poor of the parish. The overplus had been applied towards the poor rate, but which the Commissioners disapproved of.

Bridget Lawrence's charity, about 1635, interest of 40*l.*—10*s.* to be paid to the minister for reading the service on St. Mark's day, residue to poor widows and housekeepers. The principal was applied in 1795 towards rebuilding the steeple, and payment of the interest to the poor discontinued. The Commissioners had requested the payment to be resumed, which has most likely been done.

Leonard Thompson's charity, vide St. Martin's, Coneystreet.

Grace Dale's gift, rent of an acre of land near Scarborough, for preaching a sermon on the 6th July.

Giles Wallis's gift and *Sarah Gaile's gift*. These have been long lost.—Vide 13th Report, page 609.

In 1671, *Alderman Bears* gave to the poor of this parish 100*l.*, and for a sermon, 3*l.* 12*s.* for ever.—Vide Drake.

In 1674, *Edward Shillito* gave to the poor of this parish 10*l.* per annum, and 10*s.* for an anniversary sermon.—Vide Drake.

There were three Chantries in this Church, viz.: Grantham's, Hornby's, and Nassington's.

Torre and Gent describe the monuments and inscriptions. "In a north window," says Gent, "is the effigy of St. William, and in a west window, that of St. Helen."

The steeple of this Church was rebuilt about thirty years ago.

The Register Books commence in the year 1568.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 287. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 20. Drake's Eboracum, page 343. Gent's York Churches, page 168. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. p. 480.

HOLY TRINITY, IN GOODRAMGATE.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—POPULATION [1], 890; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 138*l.*—This is an ancient Rectory, formerly consisting of two medieties, the patronage of the one belonging to the Prior and Convent of Durham, and the other to the Archbishop of York; but in the time of King Henry III. the Prior and Convent, considering that one mediety was insufficient for the maintenance of the Incumbent, transferred their mediety to the Archbishop, after which both medieties were united into one Rectory at the collation of the Archbishop of York.

There were three Chantries in this Church, viz.: Wandesford's, Langtoft's, and Howms's. Langtoft's was endowed with certain edifices built on the south side of the church, under the Archbishop's license, obtained in 1315.

The monuments, inscriptions, and arms are given by Drake and Torre. The latter gives a close catalogue of the Rectors, which may also be seen in Drake's Eboracum. Gent describes the windows[2].

Christopher Hutchinson, Rector, was deprived, and on the 5th August, 1633, Arthur Scott was collated in his room.

[1] Including St. John Delpike, 350.

[2] The altar window contained effigies of St. George, St. John the Baptist, our Saviour, St. John, St. Christopher, the Virgin, Joseph, Joachim, St. Anne, and the Virgin Mary, who is again depicted; and there were also effigies of St. Paulinus and St. William.

The north windows contained the arms of the Mowbrays, Percys, Rosses, Veres, and England.

This Rectory is valued in the King's books at 12*l.* 4*s.* 9½*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 566, it is thus stated:—"Trinityes cum Delpike.—The parish Church of Trinitys in Gotheramgate is a Parsonage presentable with cure, to which belongs a parsonage house of the value of 20*s.* per annum Mr. John ——[1] is minister there, who receives the profits, and performs the cure. We think, and so are informed, that there is detained from the said minister a house in Uggleforth, in the said city, in which Mr. Edward Goodwyn liveth, of the value of eight pounds per annum. We think fit that the parishes of St. Sampson, Christchurch, and Trinity be united into one, and that St. Sampson's be the parish Church."

The united Churches of Holy Trinity Goodramgate, St. John Delpike, and St. Maurice, in York, were augmented, in 1779, with 200*l.*; in 1801, with 200*l.*; in 1816, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1819, with 600*l.* from the same grant—all by lot; and in 1822, with 300*l.*, 300*l.*, and 300*l.*, from the same grant, to meet benefactions of 200*l.*, and 200*l.* from the Rev. James Dallin the Rector, and 200*l.* from the said Rev. James Dallin and the parishioners of St. Maurice.

In 1818, the annual value was certified to be 97*l.* 14*s.* 6*d.* Synodals, 2*s.*

The glebe house is fit for residence. There is a mortgage of 400*l.* under Gilbert's Act, which will cease in 1847.

27th June 1585, the Churches of St. Maurice and Saint John Delpike were united to this church, under statute 1 Edw. VI.

19th May 1792, Faculty to build a vestry.

Charities.—*Jane Wright's charity.*—By will, dated 21st December 1675, rent of land and houses purchased with a legacy of 1,000*l.* and the residue of her estate, for placing out poor boys and girls of the parish of Goodramgate, and for the relief of poor widows or housekeepers; the account to be yearly published in the Church on Easter-day, immediately after divine service in the morning. By an award made in 1679, it was directed that Holy Trinity parish should receive two-thirds, and St. John Delpike parish one-third. The trustees consist of the minister, churchwardens, and twelve vestrymen—the latter in the proportion of two-thirds from Trinity, and one-third from St. John Delpike, as recommended by the Commissioners. Two pounds per annum are paid to the minister in lieu of Easter offerings from the persons relieved; 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* to the clerk and sexton; 2*l.* 2*s.* for entering the accounts; and 8*l.* 8*s.* for an annual dinner to the trustees. Also four guineas a time are allowed when the trustees visit the estates, which is generally done every second or third year. All boys and girls who apply are apprenticed—those belonging to the Holy Trinity parish with 10*l.* premium, and those belonging to St. John Delpike with 8*l.*; the residue is distributed in sums varying from 1*l.* to 10*l.*

At the time of the Report, the annual income arising from the rents of a house and 264A. 3R. 3P. of land was 369*l.* 15*s.*, subject to the interest of 224*l.* 9*s.* debt.

Benefaction Fund.—The sum of 197*l.*, the amount of the following gifts, viz.:—50*l.* by Martha Sugar, and 50*l.* by Elizabeth Sugar, for coals; 20*l.* by Mrs. Thornhill for educating poor girls; 50*l.* by Roger Hayten; 5*l.* by George Potts, 5*l.* by Phineas Bull, and 5*l.* by John Geldart—all for bread; and 12*l.* by various persons for distribution,—was invested in the purchase of 259*l.* 4*s.* 1*d.* four per cents. In the year 1820, the stock was sold, and the produce, 224*l.* 9*s.*, was lent to the trustees of Wright's charity at five per cent. interest, and which interest is applied thus:—5*l.* in coals, 1*l.* for educating two girls, and 3*l.* 17*s.* in bread.—Vide 12th Report, page 618.

The Register Books commence in the year 1573 for baptisms, and in 1582 for marriages and burials.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 1. Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 15. Drake's Eboracum, page 317. Gent's York Churches, page 188, and App. 65. Hargrove's York, vol. iii. page 368.

ST. JOHN DELPIKE.—*Rectory.*——Population, 350; No Church; Net Value, vid. Holy Trinity, Goodramgate.

[1] Illegible.

—The church of St. John Baptist del Pyke, within the close of the Minster, was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Treasurers of the Cathedral, and valued in the King's books at 4*l.* 10*s.* 6½*d.* There was 1*s.* per annum paid to the Treasurer.

Archbishop Sharp (MS., vol. i. p. 15) says the church stood where Archbishop Holgate's School now is.

On 27th January A.D. 1585, it was itself, together with its parish, united to the church of St. Trinity, in Goodramgate, and made one parish with it, excepting all and singular the mansion-houses within the close of the cathedral church, which, as to their parochial rights, were to remain in the same state and condition as before.—Torre's MS., 19.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors to 1406 only.

There is a good rectory house, which was nearly rebuilt by the Rev. Mr. Knight.

CHARITIES.—*Wright's charity*, vide Holy Trinity, in Goodramgate.

Benefaction Fund.—The sum of 20*l.* 10*s.*, the amount of certain benefactions for the poor, given by persons named Johnson and others, was, at the time of the report, in the hands of four feoffees, each of whom pays 4*s.* 6*d.* as interest, and the amount is laid out in bread on Thursday in Easter week. It is now made up 21*l.*, and is placed out at five per cent. interest, on good security.—Vide 12th Report, page 622.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 49. Drake's Eboracum, page 570. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 135. 368.

ST. MARY AD VALVAS.—The Church of St. Mary ad Valvas, in the Minster-yard, was a Rectory belonging to the patronage of the Dean and Chapter of York.

In 1365, to enlarge the walks about the Minster, it was removed, and united to the Church of Saint John del Pyke, and, by common consent of the Chapter, consolidated into one parish with it.

HOLY TRINITY, KING'S COURT.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—POPULATION, 706[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 325; NET VALUE, 87*l.*—"This was an ancient Rectory sometime belonging to the patronage of the family of the Bascy's, and afterwards came to the Lords Neville, Earls of Westmoreland; and Ralph, Earl of Westmoreland, gave it to the master, brethren, and sisters of his newly-founded Hospital of Well, to which it was appropriated, charging the hospital with the annual payment of 3*s.* 4*d.* to the poor of the parish. And on the 31st July, A.D. 1414, a Vicarage was ordained herein by Abp. Bowett." See the particulars in Torre's MS. 105. The patronage still remains with the hospital.

The Vicar is discharged of all burthens, ordinary and extraordinary, except "the charge of finding straw in winter, and green rushes in summer, for the strewing of the Church, according to the common use of churches."—Torre's MS.

In the time of Archbishop Sharp, the Minister had no income, except from voluntary contributions and certain anniversary sermons, and no Vicar had been instituted since the Restoration.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Vicars to 1638, which is printed in Drake's Eboracum. He also gives the inscriptions and monuments[2].

There were four Chantries in this Church, viz. Barnby's, Langton's, Percy's, and Royston's.

This Church has been successively curtailed in its dimensions. The tower is 60 feet in height; and in Gent's time, the length, from east to west, was 57 feet, and from north to south 69 feet.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* The Vicarage is valued in the King's books at 8*l.* per annum, and in 1818, its annual value was certified to be 41*l.* 8*s.*

In 1764, this Vicarage was augmented by the Governors of Queen Anne's Boun-

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 700.

[2] The window north of the altar, says Gent, contains the Marriage of Joseph, the Annunciation, the Salutation, the Wise Men's Offering, Simeon, the Purification, the Divine Shepherd. *Over the altar*—The Last Judgment; underneath, the Descent of the Holy Ghost, the Ascension, the Raising of Lazarus, the Angels at the Sepulchre, Christ appearing to Mary Magdalene, Christ carrying the Cross, the Crucifixion, Christ in the Sepulchre, the Resurrection, Christ before Pontius Pilate.

ty, with 200*l.* to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from Peter Johnson, Esq. In 1810, by lot, with 200*l.*, and in 1815, with 1,200*l.* by lot, from the Parliamentary grant.

And in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 566, it is stated, "Christ Church, a Parsonage presentable. No incumbent, and but 10*s.* for maintenance of a minister." Recommended to be united to St. Sampson's.

There is no glebe house.

CHARITIES.—*Parish estate.* Origin not known; oldest deed dated 1656. The estate consists of a house in Petergate, leased for 50 years, which will terminate 21st May 1868, reserved rent and fine averaging 11*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* per annum. Also a house near the Church, let at 10*l.* 10*s.* per annum, being the full value.

The Commissioners censure the grant of such a long lease. The income is applied in aid of the church assessment.

Stephen Arlish's charity, by deed, 1674. Rent of 2A. 1R. 11P. of land, intended for the benefit of six poor persons, now given to paupers in addition to the parish relief.

Richard Chambers's charity, by will, dated 17th April 1736. Rent of 11A. 19P. of land, for two poor housekeepers in the City of York, being freemen, and not receiving alms out of the poor rate. Now given to poor persons not receiving parochial relief, in small sums.

Thomas Rogerson's gift, by will, dated 18th December 1602. Rent charge of 10*s.* to the minister, and 20*s.* towards the repairs of the Church.

John Vaux's gift, by will, dated 13th Nov. 1631. Rent charge of 6*s.* for three sermons, and a further rent charge of 1*l.* 10*s.* to be given in bread to the poor present at such sermon.

Henry Tireman's gift, in 1672. 52*s.* per annum for bread every Sunday. Also 20*s.* for a sermon.

Ann Taylor's gift, by will, dated 24th December 1675. Rent charge of 20*s.* for two sermons, and 20*s.* to the poor in bread.

Thomas Elcock, by will, in 1677, devised a chamber within the court-yard at the shambles' end, to the Minister of Christ Church, on condition that a sermon should be yearly preached, de immortalitate animæ, on the Sunday after the 26th October.

Richard Shaw's gift, by will, dated 18th February (year not given by the Commissioners). Rent charges 20*s.* for a sermon on the 2d February, 1*s.* 6*d.* to the clerk, 1*s.* to the sexton, and 10*s.* to the poor for bread.

Richard Mason's gift, by will, dated 12th June, 1692. 20*s.* rent charge for a sermon.

Two charities, being for loans to poor persons, have been long lost.—Vide 15th Report, p. 627.

The Register books commence in the year 1616.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 105. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 17. Drake's Eboracum, page 319. Gent's York Churches, Appendix, page 65. Hargrove's York, vol. iii. page 381.

HOLY TRINITY, MICKLEGATE. —(*Augmented Rectory.*)—POPULATION, 1,108; CHURCH-ROOM, 326[1]; NET VALUE, 93*l.*—"There was," says Archbishop Sharp, "an old parish Church in Micklegate, well endowed, which was dedicated to the honour of the Holy Trinity. This was, by Ralph Paganel, given with other churches and lands to certain monks, who were from thence called the Prior and Convent of St. Trinity. This Church they got appropriated to them on the 1st May, A.D. 1455, and a Vicarage ordained therein for the parish. The Vicar to be a secular priest, and of their nomination; afterwards they obtained license to have this Cure a Vicarage, to be served at the altar of St. Nicholas, within the porch of the Holy Trinity,—so that, from thenceforward, that was the parish Church; and in the old writings, the parish Church of the Holy Trinity is as often called by the name of St. Nicholas as of the Holy Trinity."

In 1585, the Church of St. Nicholas was united to the Church of the Holy Trinity in Micklegate, although before both made but one Vicarage.

This is now held as a Rectory, and the Crown presents. Torre calls it a Vicarage; Ecton styles it a Curacy; and

[1] Returned 400 in 1818.

Bacon does not notice it. There was a Chantry in this Church.

Torre gives the inscriptions, but no catalogue of the Incumbents.

Part of Dringhouses township is in this parish.

This Rectory is not valued in the King's books. In Pope Nicholas's taxation, the Church is valued at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* In 1818, it was certified to be worth 80*l.* per annum. It has been augmented several times, by lot, by the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty, viz.: in 1737, with 200*l.*; in 1767, with 200*l.*; in 1795, with 200*l.*; and in 1813, with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 563, it is stated, "The Rectory is now impropriate, the inheritance of Mr. Henry Rogers, Clerk: as he pretendeth, there is no other maintenance belonging to the Minister than 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* paid by the Receiver-General of the Commonwealth for these parts, there is no Minister." Recommended to be united to St. Martin's in Micklegate.

A small gallery was erected, by faculty, 10th August 1829.

The steeple, which was exceedingly ruinous, was blown down in 1651, and rebuilt in a different place. The height of the present steeple is 60 feet, and the Church is 64 feet long, and 30 feet broad.

There is a good glebe house, which was rebuilt by the Rev. Thomas Tireman, under Gilbert's Act. The old house was built in 1639.

CHARITIES. — *Tabitha Bower's gift.* 10*l.* 10*s.* per annum. Distributed.

Isabel Ward's charity, by deed, 1565. Rent of two houses, and interest of 100*l.* three per cents. Distributed.

Church Close. 1A. 1R. for repairs.

Christopher Waide's gift. 20*s.* per annum. Distributed.

Abraham Smith's gift, by will, dated 8th December 1671. 10*s.* per annum. Distributed.

Holgate Land. 1A. Rent given in bread.

Elizabeth Gibson's charity, by will, dated 27th February 1792. Interest of 10*l.* —Vide 12th Report, p. 616.

The Register books commence in the year 1586.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 685. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 31. Drake's Eboracum, page 264. Gent's York Churches, page 189. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. p. 156. Mon. Ang. vol. iv. page 680. Nonæ Roll, page 230.

TRINITY PRIORY.—See an account of this Priory in Torre's MS. p. 785.

ST. BRIDGET.

Demolished.

Drake's Eboracum, pages 235. 263. Hargrove, vol. ii. page 155.

ST. JOHN'S, OUSEBRIDGE END.

Peculiar.—(*Unaugmented Curacy.*)—POPULATION, 926; CHURCH-ROOM, 370; NET VALUE, 209*l.*—The Church of St. John the Evangelist, at Ousebridge End, belongs to the revenues of the Dean and Chapter of York, being accounted one of their greater farms; and the Cure was taken care of by the Vicar of St. Martin's, Coney-street. It is now served by a Curate, nominated by the Dean and Chapter.

There were four Chantries in this Church, viz. Shupton's, Wateley's, Toller's, and York's.

In 1653, three bells, belonging to St. Nicholas's Church, Walmgate, were taken down and given by the Lord Mayor and Aldermen to this Church, and so hung in the steeple, "which," says Mr. Torre, "together with the other three before there, make a very tuneable ring[1]." In Gent's time there were six bells.

Mr. Torre gives the monuments in page 638 and seq. but no catalogue of the incumbents.

There was a testamentary augmentation, by the will of Eliz. Moseley, proved 2d April 1640, since laid out in the purchase of one half of the tithes of Askham Bryan, subsequently commuted in land.

The parishioners had a stock of 10*l.* to be lent, gratis, upon Easter Tuesday, yearly, to five poor inhabitants, viz. 40*s.* each, on bond and security. Not noticed by the Commissioners.

The value of this Curacy was certified by the Governors of Queen Anne's

[1] In 1551, the lofty steeple was blown down by a tempestuous wind.

Bounty, about the year 1706, to be then worth 41*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 561, it is stated, "St. John in Micklegate. A donation by Mrs. Moseley, of 40*l.* per annum, out of lands in South Kirkby, which hath been paid these five years by her executors. Mr. Peter Williams, a painful and pious minister, is Minister there. Now we conceive it fit that these three last-mentioned parishes, viz. Saint John's, All Hallows North-street, and Bishophill the Elder, may fitly be united in one, and that St. John's Church, standing most convenient, is most proper to be the parish church, and the other two to be dissolved."

There is no glebe house.

CHARITIES.—*Francis Duckworth's charity*, by will, dated 12th December 1710. Rent of certain houses to the poorest housekeepers and inhabitants, after paying 10*s.* per annum to the preaching minister for the time being.

Jonathan Taite, by will, dated 25th December 1672, gave a rent charge of 10*s.* per annum to the Minister, and 20*s.* to the poor.

Hannah Laycock, by will, dated 6th December 1689. Rent of warehouse in Fetter Lane, to the most needful in the parish.

Nathaniel Wilson's gift, by will, dated 19th September 1724. 20*s.* per annum.

Dorothy Bowes's charity, by will, dated 21st December 1794. Interest of 136*l.* 10*s.* new fours, in coals.

John Dodsworth, Esq.'s gift. Interest of 100*l.* in coals.

Benjamin Gurnell. Interest of 50*l.* in coals.

Eliz. Taylor, by will, 18th February 1580, gave to the Churchwardens 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum, charged on the Star Inn, Fossgate. This charity is stated by the Commissioners to be lost.

Sir James Wright, by will, 27th February 1635, left 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum out of a house in Skeldergate.

Samuel Brearey, by will, 21st May 1644, 10*s.* per annum out of a house in Micklegate; and William Brearey, D.D. by deed, dated in 1680, gave 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum out of a house in North Street.

Jonathan Tate, by will, 30th November 1632, left 5*l.* 4*s.* to be lent to two poor traders, each of them 52*s.*, to be repaid to the feoffees by 6*d.* per week; which, if duly paid in, there will be 52*s.* to be lent again upon Easter Tuesday, yearly, for ever. Not noticed in the Commissioners' Report.—Vide 12th Report, page 622.

See MS. No. 5078, Bodleian Library, for an account of the arms and inscriptions. Gent describes the stained glass windows[1].

The Register books commence in the year 1570.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 639. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 35. Drake's Eboracum, page 277. Gent's York Churches, page 169. Hargrove's York Churches, vol. ii. page 189. Nonæ Roll, page 560.

ST. LAWRENCE. *Peculiar.*—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—POPULATION[2], 830; CHURCH-ROOM, 120[3]; NET VALUE, 83*l.* —This was anciently a Rectory, appropriated to the common of the Dean and Chapter of York, and esteemed one of their great farms, and was usually demised to one of the Canons Residentiary, at an annual rent.

The Dean and Chapter are still the patrons and impropriators.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Vicars to 1679. See also Drake's Eboracum.

There was a Chantry in this Church, viz. Watre's Chantry.

Torre mentions the ordination of a Vicarage in page 393, but gives no date. —See Drake for particulars of certain tithes.

The Vicarage was augmented 10th October 1365.—Vide Torre.

10th October 1365, the Church of Saint Michael was united to this Church, subject to a pension of 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum to the Priory and Convent of Kirkham.

[1] The north painted window represents the Crucifixion, Joseph of Arimathea conveying the body of Jesus to the Sepulchre, Angels, &c. Underneath are the effigies of Sir R. Yorke, John Randman, Richard Collet, and their wives. *South window*—St. George, the Virgin Mary, St. John with a Lamb, John the Baptist beheaded.

[2] Including St. Nicholas, and part of Heslington. The latter is in Ouse and Derwent wapentake.

[3] Estimated in 1818 at 160.

12th May 1439, a composition was made as to the tithe of Heslington.

23d January 1457, a composition was made as to the tithes of St. Olave's and Fulford.—These are probably the two decrees concerning the tithes of this parish,—one dat. London, May 12, 1439; the other, dat. Ebor. January 23, 1457, mentioned by Drake.

17th June 1585, the Churches of St. Helen in Fishergate, and All Saints, ibid, were united to this Church, saving to respective patrons their former rights of patronage.

An Act of Parliament was passed in the 5th Geo. IV. c. 30, extinguishing right of stray and average in this and other parishes.

"There is 4*l.* per annum payable by Mr. Hesketh."—Abp. Sharp's MS.

This Vicarage is valued in the King's books at 5*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 566, it is stated, "Only a parsonage house of the annual value of 8*l.* The Church is demolished, and without a Minister." Recommended to be united to St. Dennis.

In 1742, an augmentation of 200*l.* was made by the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty, to meet a benefaction of 500*l.* from the Honourable and Reverend Edward Finch's executor.

There is a pension of 10*s.* payable to the Dean and Chapter of York.

Torre and Gent give the inscriptions.

In one of the windows are the arms of Hesketh.

On a corner of the steeple is carved a figure of St. Lawrence on a gridiron.

There is no glebe house.

Parochial charities, no return.

The Register books commence in the year 1606.

Vid. Torre's MS. p. 393. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 37. Drake's Eboracum, page 251. Gent's York Churches, page 171. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 551.

ALL SAINTS, FISHERGATE.—(*Parish of St. Lawrence.*)—This Church, which was an ancient Rectory, was given by William Rufus to the Abbot and Convent of Whitby, on condition that they should always keep some of their monks resident for performing divine service, as a cell to their abbey. King Henry II. confirmed this grant, as did also Pope Honorius III.; and Archbishop Thurstan granted it the like privileges and exemptions as the Churches of Beverley and Ripon enjoyed. At the Dissolution, it came to the Crown.—Vid. Torre, 493.

It was united to the Church of St. Lawrence, 27th January 1585.

Drake's Eboracum, page 250. Hargrove's York, vol. iii. page 534. Mon. Eborac. page 84. Abp. Sharp's MS. page 37.

ST. ANDREW'S, IN FISHERGATE.—This was an ancient Rectory, which was given to the Priory of Newburgh by Roger de Mowbray.

It does not appear when this Church was demolished, or the parish united.

Drake's Eboracum, page 307.

ST. EDWARD'S, IN WALMGATE.—(*Parish of St. Lawrence.*)—An ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Archbishop of York.

United under the statute of 1 Edward VI. to the Church of St. Nicholas.

Torre, in page 427, gives a close catalogue of the Rectors to 1504; also four testamentary burials, one of them before the altar of St. Nicholas.

The Church stood on the left-hand side of the road going from York.

Drake's Eboracum. page 251. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 554.

ST. ELLEN'S, IN FISHERGATE.—*Extra Muros.*—(*Parish of St. Lawrence.*)—United 17th January 1585, to St. Lawrence. It was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of St. Trinity, York, from the first foundation of that monastery, and at the Dissolution came to the Crown.

Torre gives, page 497, a close catalogue of the Rectors from 1275 to 1475.

It was valued in the King's books at 1*l.* 3*s.* 1½*d.* Synodals, 9*d.*

27th January 1585, united to the parish of St. Lawrence.—Drake's Eboracum, page 250.

The Church stood, says Mr. Drake, near the further windmill, where some stone coffins had then (1736) been lately dug up.

Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 534. Mon. Ang., vol. iv. page 680. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 37.

ST. MICHAEL, WITHOUT WALMGATE-BAR.—(*Parish of St. Lawrence.*)—United to St. Lawrence 10th October 1365, reserving a pension of 13*s.* 4*d.* to Kirkham Abbey, which had the patronage. It was of so mean a value, that the rents, &c. were not sufficient to support the one-third part of the maintenance of one priest.—Torre's MS., 415.

Drake's Eboracum, page 253. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 550. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 37.

ST. NICHOLAS. *Peculiar.*—This, says Torre, was an ancient Rectory, and, in 1585, it became the mother Church of that of St. Edward's, then united to it.—It was valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 8*l.* Valued at the Dissolution at 29*l.* 18*d.* 8*d.* per annum.—Vid. Mon. Ang. vol. vi. page 709.

At the siege of York in 1644, it was quite ruinated, and it is now demolished, having nothing belonging to it remaining; but the outer walls and steeple were still remaining in Torre's time. Gent, speaking of this Church, says—"The well-erected steeple of which at present is a solitary ruin, in the way to Grimstone;" and again, "great part of its once handsome steeple, and of the south wall, yet appear." And Drake adds, "it has been a noble structure, as appears by a part of the tower yet standing; and the ancient porch of it, which is now put up in St. Margaret's Church in Walmgate."

The ruins appear to have been used for repairing the road.—Vide Drake.

20th June 1717, a faculty was granted to permit the ruins of this Church to be employed in repairing the steeple of Dunnington Church.

No union ever took place with the parish of Saint Lawrence, but marriages take place at St. Lawrence's Church, as the adjoining parish.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 566, it is stated, "There is a parish, but the Church is demolished, and the parish for the most part depopulated." Recommended to be united to St. Dennis.

"Part of Heslington belonged to this parish; another part to St. Lawrence. Part of Grimston was in this parish, the other part in Dunnington parish. No longer since than 1653, were three bells taken out of the steeple of this St. Nicholas, and carried, by my Lord Mayor's order, to St. John the Evangelist's, where they yet hang."—Archbp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. p. 27.

There was a Chantry in this Church.

Vid. Tax. Ecc. P. Nic., 298. Torre's MS. page 416. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 23. Drake's Eboracum, page 250. Gent's York Churches, page 171, and App. page 63. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 56.

SAINT NICHOLAS'S HOSPITAL.—This appears to have been founded for lepers, and was of royal foundation. The Empress Maude endowed it with a carucate of land, upon condition that all lepers who should come to the Hospital on the vigils of the Apostles Peter and Paul, should be supplied with bread, butter, salmon, and cheese.

The Hospital had a warden, and several brothers and sisters.

ST. MARGARET.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—POPULATION, 1,447[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000[2]; NET VALUE, 124*l.*—"The Churches of St. Margaret and St. Mary, in Walmgate, are ancient Rectories, conjoined, belonging to the Hospital of St. Peter, or St. Leonard, in the city of York, to which they were given by Walter Fagenulf, in the time of King Henry I., and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown."—Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. p. 24.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the

[1] Viz.: St. Margaret, 1,034; St. Peter-le-Willows, 413.

[2] Estimated at 1,500 in 1818.

Rectors, which may be seen in Drake's Eboracum: he also gives the inscriptions.

The Rectory is valued in the King's books at 5*l.* 10*s.* 0*d.*; in 1818, its value was certified to be 60*l.* per annum. Synodals, 5*s.*

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 566, it is called "A parsonage presentable, to which belongs certain tenements of the annual value of about 2*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.*, which is all. No incumbent."

This Rectory has been several times augmented by the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty, viz.:—In 1717, with 200*l.*; in 1754, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1815, with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot; and in 1819, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. John Overton, the Rector.

The steeple of the church fell down about the year 1672, and nearly destroyed the roof, which lay some time in ruin; but, in 1684, it was repaired at the charge of the parish, aided by contributions from the Archbishop and others. The height of the steeple is 52 feet, and the length of the Church is 78 feet, and the breadth 34 feet.

27th January 1585, the parish Church of St. Peter-le-Willows was united to this parish.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, to be too small and mean for residence.

CHARITIES.—*Richard North's charity*, by will, dated 10th April 1598. 10*l.*, now in the hands of the corporation, and the interest, being 10*s.*, is given in bread.

Ann Chadwick's charity, by will, dated 10th August 1775. Interest of 50*l.* in bread every other Sunday.

Sarah Guest's charity, by will, dated 17th November 1749. Interest of 300*l.* to be applied towards the maintenance of one poor man and woman, being decayed housekeepers legally settled in the parish. The legacy, together with 35*l.* acquired by means now unknown, was laid out, in 1753, in the purchase of two closes, called Whitaker Closes, at Heworth, (quantity not stated,) and let, at the time of the Report, at 25*l.* per annum; and 13*l.* 10*s.* is paid out of the rent, as directed by Mrs. Guest, and the residue distributed in occasional relief to the poor not receiving parochial aid.

Dinah Richardson, who died in 1788, left 50*s.* per annum for coals, and 50*s.* for bread; and her executor, Thomas Wilson, Esq., in order to provide for and augment such bequest, transferred 150*l.* Navy Five per Cents. into the names of four trustees.

Robert Fell's gift, by will, dated 30th April 1640. Left a house near the Church, then of the value of 3*l.* 10*s.* a year, towards the repairs of the Church. At the time of the Report, the house was let to Thomas Jackson, at a net rent of about 12*l.* per annum.

Several benefactions appear to have been lost.—Vide 12th Report, p. 624.

The Register Books commence in 1558.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 437. Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 24. Drake's Eboracum, page 307. Gent's York Churches, page 185. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 316.

SAINT PETER-LE-WILLOWS.—POPULATION, 413.—This was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Kirkham. Bacon and Ecton call it a Vicarage. It was valued in the King's books at 1*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.* Synodals, 2*s.* 6*d.*

There was a Chantry therein at the altar of St. Mary.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

In 1585, this parish was united to the parish of St. Margaret.

The Church stood in the Long Close, now George-street.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 457. Drake's Eboracum, page 307. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 313.

ST. MARTIN, IN CONEYSTREET. *Peculiar.*—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—POPULATION, 586[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 97*l.*—This Church was reckoned amongst the great farms of the common of the Dean and Chapter of York, but there was a Church here before the Conquest, for in Domesday Book it is said, Gospatrick had the Church of

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 700. Newstreet is extra-parochial.

St. Martin, in Coneystreet. The Dean and Chapter of York are patrons.

6 Kal. Dec., A.D. 1331, a Vicarage was ordained herein. See the particulars in Torre's MS., page 315, and of the grant of certain Churches in York as Chapels appendant, thereto, viz.:—St. Michael-le-Belfrey's, St. John's Ousebridge, and St. Mary's, Layerthorpe.

There were two Chantries in this Church, viz.:—Ludham's and Cezevaux's; and a license was granted in 1337 to erect certain houses in the church-yard for the support of the former.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars to 1675. See, also, Drake's Eboracum.

Torre gives the inscriptions and monuments. The great east window, which contained the history of St. Athanasius, was removed, in 1722, to the Minster. The great west window contains the history of the patron Saint. The other windows appear to have been curious[1].

The Vicarage is valued at 4*l.* per annum in the King's books; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 566, it is stated "A parsonage presentable, to which belongs a parsonage house of the value of about 6*l.* per annum. There is no Incumbent. We think fit that the three last-mentioned Churches[2] be united into one, and the Churches of St. Michael's and St. Mary's to be demolished." In 1818, the annual value was certified to be 110*l.*

The glebe house was returned as unfit for residence[3] in 1834.

Charities.—*Leonard Thompson's charity*, by will, dated 13th August 1698. The estate consists of 48a. 2r. of land, at Wigginton, and an investment, at the time of the Report, of 639*l.* 13*s.* Consols. This charity is regulated by an order of the Lord Chancellor, made 20th Dec. 1819, which directs that 5*l.* per annum be paid to the minister, 15*l.* to poor housekeepers of the parish, and 13*l.* to the poor of St. Helen's parish (not receiving parochial relief), and 60*l.* per annum for apprenticing poor boys of St. Martin's parish; residue to be funded, with provision for applying the accumulation in increasing the fund for apprenticing the boys.

The Feoffee Fund.—These estates consist of 6a. 1r. 30p. of land at Wistow, and six houses in Coneystreet, viz.: a house, occupied, at the time of the Report, by John Earnshaw, and a small house behind the same. Part of the Black Swan inn and yard, then held by lease, which terminated in November, 1834, at the annual rent of 5*l.* 10*s.* A house in the church-yard, fronting Coneystreet, held by William Haden under a lease, which will terminate 25th March 1843, at 3*l.* per annum. A house in Coneystreet, then occupied by Mrs. Ann Townend, under an agreement, which will terminate in November 1839, at the annual rent of 5*l.* It appears that, in 1779, the late Mr. Townend was the lessee under a lease, of which 38 years were unexpired, and that in consideration of 42*l.* then paid, the feoffees agreed to extend the lease for 22 years longer. No lease was, however, actually granted; but Mrs. Townend refused to give up the premises, and, though the Commissioners disapproved of the transaction, they did not recommend any proceedings to set aside the agreement. The feoffee estate is held for the relief and commonalty of the parishioners, towards the repairing of the Church, and for the common uses of the parish.

Mrs. Ann Wright left, by will, dated 22nd April 1670, a house in Coneystreet, let, at the time of the Report, to Francis Midgley for 30*l.* per annum, subject to a charge of 10*s.* per annum for a sermon on St. George's day, and 50*s.* to the poor on the same day.

Doles and Rent-Charges.—*Edward Hutchinson*, by will, in 1634, 5*s.* per annum.

Mary Hutchinson, by will, in 1650, 2*s.* per annum.

Fabrian Farnell's gift, 5*s.* per annum.

Ann Saville, by codicil, dated 25th January 1694, interest of 110*l.*, to be distributed amongst the poor present at

[1] Viz.: *Window facing the north side*—St. Christopher and our Saviour. *High north window*—St. John of Beverley, St. William, a Cardinal, the Four Evangelists, St. Dennis, St. Catharine, St. Christopher, St. George, the Virgin Mary, &c. *Little north-east window*—Christ in his agony, Assumption of the Virgin, St. George, and the Arms of Percy.

[2] Viz. St. Martin's, St. Michael's, and St. Mary's.

[3] In 1818, returned as fit for residence.

divine service on the first Sunday in every month.

The principal was taken by the feoffees in 1794, and the interest charged on that part of the Black Swan inn which belongs to the parish.

Ambrose Beckwith, by will, dated 15th September 1770, interest of 20*l.* in bread.

Mary Musgrave, by will, dated 27th November 1776, interest of 100*l.* to poor housekeepers.—This is paid by the corporation.

There are also three anniversary sermons, exclusive of Wright's, beforementioned.—Vide 12th Report, p. 625.

This Vicarage was augmented, in 1762, with 200*l.*, to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from the executors of the Rev. Marmaduke Buck.

The Register Books commence in the year 1557.

There is a good ring of bells, which were given by Wm. Thompson, Esq.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 315. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol i. pages 34. 334. Drake's Eboracum, page 327. Gent's York Churches, page 173. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 415.

ST. MARTIN, IN MICKLEGATE.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—POPULATION, 547; CHURCH-ROOM,[1] "sufficient;" NET VALUE, 243*l.*—This is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Barons Trusbutt, then to the Priory of Wartre, and afterwards to the Lords Scrope of Massam, and came, by divers mesne assignments, into the hands of trustees, for the parish, H. Willoughby, Esq. and others.

The windows are minutely described by Gent[2].

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Rectors from 1230 to 1687, which also appears in Drake's Eboracum. Torre also gives the monuments.

See MS. No. 5078, Bodleian Library, for arms and inscriptions.

The steeple was rebuilt in 1677, and in 1680 a clock and dial were given by Sarah Bawtry, widow.

UNION.—27th Jan. 1585, the Church of St. Gregory was united to this Church under the statute 1st Edward VI.

There was a Chantry at the altar of St. John the Baptist and St. Katherine, called Toller's Chantry.

In 1565, John Bean, Lord Mayor, gave 100*l.* to buy three tuneable bells for this Church.

Water Fulford is within this parish.—Vid. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 30.

This Rectory is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and in the King's books at 5*l.* 16*s.* 3*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 561, it is called "A parsonage presentable; the profits of the same are (going out of some tithe and houses) about 8*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.* per annum. Mr. Christopher Cartwright, clerk, a painful and conscientious minister, is parson there, who in great part receiveth the said rents and profits, and ought to receive the rest, and performs the cure diligently. We think that the parishes of St. Martin's, Bishophill Junior, and Trinity, with Holgate, be united, and that St. Martin's be made the parish Church for all, and the others to be dissolved."

In 1726 it was augmented with 200*l.*, to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from William Garforth, Esq. Synodals, 3*s.* 4*d.*; Procurations, 6*s.* 8*d.*

There is no glebe house.

CHARITIES.—*Matthew Hill's gift*, in 1665, rent-charge of 10*s.* for a sermon on St. Matthias's day, and 10*s.* for bread.

Roger Sawney's gift, in 1695, rent-charge of 2*l.* 10*s.* for bread.

Samuel Brearey's gift, rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum in bread.

Poor's Stock.—This consists of 1000*l.* three per cents., arising from various benefactions and accumulations. 40*s.* a year is distributed among four poor widows (with reference to one of the benefactions), and the residue (as far as required) in apprenticing poor children.

[1] Estimated at 1,000 in 1818.

[2] Viz.: *North of the great west window*—St. Martin giving his cloak. *1st north-west window*—St. Thomas. *2d*—St. John the Evangelist and St. Catherine. *3d*—Confused. *4th*—The Creation of Adam and Eve. *5th*—The Eating the Forbidden Fruit, Death of Abel. *6th*—Peter Walking on the Sea, the Sacrifice of Abraham, the Worship of the Golden Calf. *North-east window*—St. John in the Cauldron, Individuals at Devotion. *South-east window*—Two Saints. *Next window, south*—The Angel appearing to the Shepherds. *2d*—The Wise Men's Offering. *3d*—Judas betraying Christ. *Window next the south door*—St. George.

Church Estate, appropriated to the repairs of the Church.—On the 6th April 1822, the buildings were leased for 50 years to Joshua Oldfield, Esq., on payment of 200*l.* and an annual rent of 8*l.*, the lessee engaging to lay out 1,200*l.* in erecting three substantial houses.—Vide 15th Report, page 622.

The Notitia Parochialis, No. 948, contains the following information:—"A Rectory endowed with the third part of the tithes of Water Fulford. There was an augmentation of a considerable quantity of land lying in the parish of Drax: these lands were given by Thomas Hoyle, of York, and Henry Barker, Gent., Jan. 20 (13 Car.), 1637. The donation is in trustees, one of whom, Richard Stretton, is a dissenting teacher."

20th September 1778, a Faculty was granted to erect a butter-stand in the church-yard. This has been since taken away.

23d June 1792, Faculty to sell one of the bells, which was cracked, and apply the produce of the sale towards the repairs of the Church.

The Register Books commence in the year 1540. The entries in the book from 1735 to 1780 are in great confusion.

Vid. Tax. Ecc. P. Nic., 298. Torre's MS., page 645. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 30. Drake's Eboracum, page 271. Gent's York Churches, page 180. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 172. Nonæ Roll, page 562.

ST. GREGORY.—This was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of the Holy Trinity, in the city of York, till the Dissolution, when it came to the Crown.

In the 28th Eliz., this Church was united to the parish of St. Martin, in Micklegate. It was valued in the King's books at 1*l.* 9*s.* 10½*d.*; Synodals, 2*s.* 8*d.*

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors to 1525.

The Church stood in Barker-lane, where a part of the wall may be seen.

Torre's MS., page 667. Drake's Eboracum, page 274. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 181.

ST. MARY BISHOPHILL THE ELDER.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—POPULATION, 1,038[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 226*l.*—This was a Rectory of medieties,—one whereof belonged to the Abbot and Convent of Helagh Park, to whom it was given by Robert de Plumpton, who were patrons till 1367, when William de Merrington presented, and, in 1490, the patronage came to the Crown, and the other to the families of Percy, Vavasour, and Lords Scrope of Bolton.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Rectors of each mediety: the first commences in 1293, and is brought down to 1613. The presentation came to the Crown in 1515. The catalogue of the second mediety is from 1267 to 1668. The last presentation was by Thomas, Lord Rivers, who married one of the coheiresses of Lord Scrope. Archbishop Sharp was not able to ascertain when or by whom the medieties were united, Mr. Cordukes having been instituted in 1742 to a mediety only of the Rectory, on the presentation of the Lord Chancellor; the other mediety, being a private patronage, of course lapsed to the Crown, at the end of twelve months from the day of his predecessor's death, and so continued till the year 1796, when, upon Mr. Cordukes's death, Mr. Graham was instituted to the Rectory, on a presentation from the Lord Chancellor,—being patron of one mediety in full right, and of the other mediety, for that turn only, by reason of lapse.

17th January 1585, the Church of St. Clement, without Skeldergate Postern, was united to this Church under the 1st Edward VI.

In 1659, the Bell-house was taken down, and a steeple was built of brick and freestone, and a new roof on the south side.

Torre gives the monuments in pages 733 and 734.

There were two Chantries in this Church, viz. Basy's and another.

In the King's books, each mediety is valued at 5*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.* Each mediety of this Rectory was chargeable with a pension of 2*s.* 6*d.* to the Priory of the Holy Trinity, and 5*s.* for Synodals and Procurations.

[1] To which must be added Middlethorpe, 58.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 559, it is stated, "A parsonage presentable with Cure. The profits do chiefly arise out of the tithes of Middlethorpe in the same parish, and some other small dues. In all about 50*l.* per annum. Mr. Henry Rogers is the Parson." Recommended to be united with St. John's at Ousebridge End.

Augmented in 1744 with 200*l.*; in 1758, with 200*l.*; and in 1760, with 200*l.*, all by lot (first mediety).

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as "small and old, with brick floor and small windows, and unfit for residence."

CHARITIES.—*The parish house.*—This house, at the time of the Report, was let to Mrs. Maddrah by lease, which would expire 30th November 1824, at the annual rent of 6*l.* The rent is applied in aid of the Church-rate.

Peter and Ann Middleton's charity. Rent of house and garden, which at the time of the Report formed part of a timber-yard in Skeldergate, occupied by Mr. Dennis Peacock. The boundaries are yearly visited and marked out. Half of the rent is applied towards the repairs of the Church, and the other half distributed to the poor not receiving parochial relief.

Catherine Ramsden's charity, by deed, dated 30th July 1716. 20*s.* per annum, paid by the Corporation, for the poor at Christmas.

Thomas Todd's gift, by will, dated 25th February 1703. 10*s.* per annum, rent-charge for bread.

Thomas Sugden's gift, by will, dated 2d February 1712. Interest of 90*l.* navy 5 per cents. in bread.

Elizabeth Brough's gift, by will, dated 9th May 1750. Rent charge of 10*s.* to poor housekeepers.

John Cobb's gift, by will, dated 12th August 1778. Dividends of 451*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* 3 per cent. consols: two-thirds distributed in coals on St. Thomas's-day, and one-third in bread on the 24th June, among poor housekeepers, not taking alms.

Dringhouses' Charity.—Vide Dringhouses.—Vide 8th Report, p. 694.

Part of Dringhouses township is in this parish.

The Register books commence in the year 1598.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 713. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 32. 341. Drake's Eboracum, page 266. Gent's York Churches, page 183. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 157. Mon. Ang. vol. vi. page 156. Mon. Eborac. 284. Nonæ Roll, page 559.

ST. CLEMENT'S.—(*Parish of St. Mary Bishophill the Elder.*)—The parish Church of St. Clement's, Ebor, was, together with its inhabitants and parishioners, appropriated to the Prioress and House of St. Clement's, juxta Ebor; to which Priory, on the 12th July, A.D. 1464, license was granted to translate the feast of the dedication of the said Church from the feast-day of St. William, yearly, until the Sunday next after the feast of the Apostles St. Peter and St. Paul; because the parishioners of this Church, of both sexes, were wont, on the feast of St. William, in great confluence, to repair to the Cathedral Church of York, and leave their said parish Church on that day empty.—Torre's MS., 737.

27th January 1585, united to St. Mary Bishophill the Elder.

At the time Drake wrote, there were only two houses at Clementhorpe.

The stray was enclosed 3 Geo. IV.

Drake's Eboracum, page 248. Hargrove's York, vol. iii. page 499. See an account of the Priory in Torre's MS., page 765.

ST. MARY BISHOPHILL THE YOUNGER; OR, NEW BISHOPHILL. *Peculiar.*—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—POPULATION, 1,462[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 224; NET VALUE, 144*l.*—"This Church was one of the great farms belonging to the Dean and Chapter of York, and by them usually demised, with the advowson of the Vicarage, to one of the Canons Residentiaries, and they are still the patrons and impropriators."—Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 36, 37. 339.

[1] Exclusive of the Chapelries of Copmanthorpe and Poppleton. The population of the entire parish is 2,171. Parts of Holgate and Dringhouses are within this parish.

No ordination is mentioned by Torre, or Dr. Ducarel; but Torre mentions the portion of the Vicar, and also an arbitration made 21st February 1449, respecting certain tithes at Over Poppleton.—Vide also Drake's Eboracum.

Mr. Torre gives a close catalogue of the Vicars from 1317 to 1670; which is also given by Drake.

The monuments are given by Torre, as well as the armorial coats on the windows.

The north side of the Church is almost wholly built with grit-stones, on some of which may be traced mouldings.

The tower is 75 feet high; and the length of the Church, says Gent, is 90 feet, and the breadth 42 feet.

This Vicarage is valued in the King's books at 10*l.* per annum. Synodals, 2*s.* 8*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 562, it is stated: "A parsonage presentable with Cure. The profits out of the parsonage and some other houses are worth about 4*l.* per annum. The Church is vacant." Recommended to be united to St. Martin's in Micklegate.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Hilary Term, 20th Car. II. as to the tithes of Holgate.

An augmentation to this Vicarage, by the Dean and Chapter, after the Restoration, of 15*l.* per annum, viz. 10*l.* out of Holgate tithes, and 5*l.* out of Poppleton tithes.

The glebe house is unfit for residence[1].

CHARITIES.—*Ann Wright's charity*, by will, dated 23d April 1670. A small house to be occupied, rent free, by a poor freeman's widow or daughter, on keeping the house in good repair. In 1768, the house was taken down, and part of the site was demised to Beilby Thompson, Esq. for 500 years, on payment of 50*l.* and a ground rent of 6*d.* per annum. This money, together with 20*l.* *Lascelles' gift*, and 200*l.* borrowed, but since repaid out of the rates, was employed in building a house, let, at the time of the Report, for 8*l.* per annum, with an understanding that the tenant should give up two of the rooms for the use of any poor freeman's widow or daughter that should apply for the same. The rent, after paying 20*s.* for interest, is applied in aid of the poor's rate. The Commissioners considered that it ought to be applied in some way for the benefit of poor freemen's widows and daughters, as the amount received had been sufficient to repay the money borrowed.

Richard Pickard's charity. Rent of a house in Micklegate (the Coach and Horses Inn), to be weekly distributed in bread. At the time of the Report, the house was let for 21*l.* per annum, subject to the charge of insurance for 500*l.* under an order of Chancery, dated 19th March 1817.

Peregrine Lascelles' gift, by will, dated 1st October 1768. Interest of 20*l.* to poor housekeepers at Christmas.

George Abbott's charity, by will, dated 21st September 1647. Rent charge of 5*l.* for teaching petty boys and girls of the poor of the parish to read English perfectly, and 30*s.* for providing school-books and catechisms, and any overplus of the 30*s.* to be given in Bibles. The minister to oversee sometimes the school, and to have power to displace either master or mistress, if negligent.

TOWNSHIP OF HOLGATE.—*William Burcleux's gift*, by will, dated in 1690. Rent charge of 5*s.* to the poor.—Vide 13th Report, page 611.

The Register books commence in the year 1602.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 697. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 36, 37. 339. Drake's Eboracum, p. 269. Gent's York Churches, page 184. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. pages 157 and 653. Nonæ Roll, page 563.

[1] In 1818, the glebe house was returned as fit for residence.

COPMANTHORPE—POPPLETON.—These Chapels, which are in the parish of St. Mary Bishophill the Younger, are entered and specified in the New Ainsty Deanery.

ST. MARY IN CASTLEGATE[1].—(*Discharged Rectory.*) — POPULATION, 964; CHURCH-ROOM, 750; NET VALUE, 76*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory of medieties,—the one belonging to the patronage of the Lords Percy, Earls of Northumberland, and the other to the Prior and Convent of Kirkham, till both

[1] In Domesday-book, the Church of St. Mary is said to belong to William de Percy.

were consolidated into one Rectory, about A.D. 1400. The Earls of Northumberland presented until 1586; since which time the Crown has presented.

Mr. Torre gives a close catalogue of the Vicars to 1688; which is also given by Drake.

There were four Chantries in this Church, viz. Norfolk's, Gray's, Percy's, and another.

The monuments are given by Torre, Drake, and Gent.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 566, it is stated, "A parsonage presentable with Cure, to which only belongs a parsonage house worth about 4*l.* per annum. The Church is vacant." Recommended to be united to St. Martin's in Coney-street.

This Rectory is valued in the King's books at 2*l.* 8*s.* 6½*d.* There is a pension of 5*s.* 3*d.* formerly payable to the treasurer of the Church; and a similar one to the Abbey of St. Mary's. Synodals, 3*s.* Procurations, 6*s.* 8*d.*

In 1761, the Rectory was augmented by the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty, with 200*l.* by lot. In 1774, with 200*l.* to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from Peter Johnson, Esq.; and, in 1814, with 1,000*l.* by lot, from the Parliamentary grant.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

Archbishop Sharp says, there are — Anniversary Sermons, at 10*s.* each.

CHARITIES.—*Elizabeth Saville's charity*, by will, dated 28th August 1649. Rent of a house in Jubbergate, 40*s.* per annum for four sermons; residue to the poor. At the time of the Report, the premises were held by lease for 99 years, but which would expire in 1831.

George Buck's gift, in 1611. 10*s.* for a sermon on St. George's day, and 10*s.* to the poor.

Frances Barker's gift, by will, dated 16th November 1729. Interest of 100*l.* Half to the Rector for his maintenance, and the other half to be employed in teaching poor children to read. Paid by the Corporation.

Thomas Barker's gift, by will, dated 12th July 1724. Rent charge of 3*l.* to the poor.

Thomas Norfolk's gift, by will, dated 15th August 1775. Interest of 100*l.* in bread.

John Mann's gift. Interest of 10*l.* for a sermon, and interest of 10*l.* for bread.

Dr. Wm. White's gift, in 1790. Interest of 25*l.* in bread.

The four last mentioned gifts are now invested in the funds, viz. 230*l.*, in the names of William Ellis, William Dunslay, and S. W. Waude, Esqrs.

Sir Henry Thompson's gift, by will, dated 24th August 1692. 6*d.* a week in bread.

Thomas Dalkin's gift. Rent charge of 3*l.* per annum, towards the repairs of the Church.—Vide 12th Report, page 630.

In the Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,128, there is the following return:—"This Rectory is endowed with few or no tithes, except some small matters paid for the tithes of a few gardens, not exceeding in the whole 20*s.* per annum. There were four anniversary sermons given to it by Mrs. Elizabeth Saville about 50 years ago; and since then, by Mr. George Buck; and another, about 14 years ago, by Mr. John Man,—all at 10*s.* each sermon. There is a Library settling for the Rector and his successors, being a room in Sir Henry Thompson's Hospital; but though the room be in my possession, the design advances slowly: the whole profits of the Rectory, consisting in oblations, surplice fees, and some private gifts, do not exceed 15*l.* a year." Signed, Richard Coulson, Rector.

The Register books commence in the year 1604.

The height of the spire is 154 feet. The length of the Church 108 feet, and the breadth 48.

16th October 1788, a piece of ground was consecrated, which had been given by Mr. Ewbank in exchange.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 363. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 22. Drake's Eboracum, page 284. Gent's York Churches, page 178, Appen. page 61. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 222.

ST. MAURICE. *Peculiar.*—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—POPULATION, 1,114; CHURCH-ROOM, 410; NET VALUE, vide Holy Trinity, Goodramgate.—The Church of St. Maurice, in Monkgate, and Newbigging, anciently appertained to the Prebends of Fridaythorpe and Fenton,

until Archbishop Walter Grey united the medieties into one Rectory, which he assigned to the Prebendary of Fenton.

In October 1240, a Vicarage was ordained by Archbishop Walter Grey, for the particulars of which see Torre's MS.

27th January 1585, this Vicarage was united to the Holy Trinity, Goodramgate, under the statute 1st Edward VI., but the Church was retained. Torre gives a short catalogue of the Vicars.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Agar's gift*, by will, dated 6th May 1731, rent of 7A. 0R. 37P. of land. Half of the rent is distributed amongst the poor on Saint Thomas's day, and the other half is applicable to the use of the Church.

Gifts for Repairs of the Church.—Thomas Lazenby and others, 18*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

Joyce Houltby's gift, by will, dated 9th June 1730, interest of 50*l.*—10*s.* is paid to the minister for a sermon on the 5th July, and the residue in bread.

John Clapham's gift, by will, 27th June 1764, interest of 50*l.* in bread.

Elizabeth Clapham's gift, by will, 11th August 1798, interest of 50*l.* in coals.—Vide 12th Report, page 631.

The Register Books commence in the year 1647.

In the Valor Ecclesiasticus, vol. v. page 21, this Church is described as appropriated to St. Mary's Abbey, and the Vicarage was valued at 56*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Mr. Torre remarks, that Agar's Hospital, in this parish, was burnt down during the siege of York in 1644, and on Tuesday, 9th August A.D. 1684, was rebuilt.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 566, it is stated: "St. Maurice's without Muncke Barre. A parsonage presentable with cure: the lands and profits thereunto belonging worth about 15*l.* per annum. There is no minister."—Recommended to be united to St. Saviour's.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 35. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 16. Drake's Eboracum, page 254. Gent's York Churches, page 185. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 560.

ST. MICHAEL-LE-BELFREY. *A Peculiar.*—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—POPULATION, 1,350[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000; NET VALUE, 140*l.*—"This Church is reckoned part of the ancient possessions of the Dean and Chapter, and so, in 1194, was confirmed to them by Pope Celestine III. It was an appendant to the Vicarage of St. Martin, in Coney-street, and anciently granted with it by the Dean and Chapter. It is called a Rectory, or parochial Church, appendant to the revenues of the Dean and Chapter, by whom it is usually demised to the incumbent, at the rent of 8*l.* per annum. There is no succession of incumbents of it, in regard they were not canonically instituted to it, being a Rectory presentable collative or donative, but usually let to farm to him that served the cure."—Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. ii. pages 32, 33.

There was a Chantry in this Church.

Patrons and Impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of York.

27th January 1785, Faculty to erect a gallery.

There is no glebe house.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 566, it is stated: "Bellfryes cum St. Willfryes.—We find the said Belfrey's Church to be a late built Church, to which belongs neither minister nor maintenance." Recommended that St. Helen's and St. Olave's be united to this parish, and Belfreys to be the parish Church.

Part of the townships of Clifton and Rawcliffe are within this parish.

The small turret which formerly stood on the Church was 44 feet from the ground to the top. The length of the Church is 96 feet; breadth, 63 feet; height of the roof, 36 feet.

Augmented, in 1776, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Earl of Thanet's administratrix; in 1805, with 200*l.* by lot; in 1812, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, and in 1820, with 200*l.* from the same grant—all by lot; and in 1823, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Dean and

[1] To which must be added, part of Clifton and Rawcliffe (amount not distinguished); St. Wilfred, 277; and the Mint-Yard, 166. The Minster-Yard, with Bedern, contains the population of 901 persons. The population of the united parishes was returned, in 1834, at 2,535.

Chapter of York; and in the same year, with 200*l.* from the same grant, by lot.

The inscriptions are given by Torre and Gent[1]. In the time of Gent, the Church was hung round with hatchments. Gent says the organ was brought from the manor. No list of incumbents is given by Torre.

The Church is built on the line of the old wall which enclosed the Minster-yard: it was rebuilt in 1535. The present altar-piece was set up in 1714. There is a very handsome tomb on the south side of the altar to the memory of Robert Squire, formerly a proctor in York, who died in 1707, and Priscilla his wife.

12th July 1800, a new burial-ground was consecrated.

CHARITIES[2].—*The Feoffee Estate.*—This consists of the following property, let, at the time of the Report, at the rents stated below, from year to year:—

	£.	s.	d.
House in Petergate, occupied by Wm. Bingley ..	32	0	0
Ditto, Elizabeth Watson ..	16	4	0
Ditto, and garden in Monkgate, occupied by Fras. Carbutt	30	0	0
Ditto, ditto, occupied by George Sutton	28	0	0
Ditto, ditto, occupied by Wm. Robinson	18	0	0
Ditto, ditto, occupied by Michael Bell	16	0	0
	140	4	0

[1] Mr. Gent gives the following description of the painted windows:—*Little east window, north side*—At the top, People at Prayers; below, St. George, St. Christopher, the Virgin Mary wounded for the sufferings of her Son, and the Descent of the Holy Ghost upon her. *Second window south of the altar*—St. James, St. Peter, an Archbishop, our Saviour, People at Devotion. *Third window*—St. Hugh, St. Paul, St. Peter, and St. William, with their arms; below and underneath, the instruments of our Saviour's Passion, encircled in glass, and a wounded heart. *Fourth window*—St. George, a Knight armed, a Bishop, St. Christopher; underneath are the York arms and the Goldsmiths'. *Fifth window*—One at devotion, St. James, a Bishop; underneath are Priests in their Oratories.

[2] The first-mentioned house was given by William Johnson in 1655, charged with certain payments; the remainder of the property was purchased with certain benefactions, stated, in a tablet in the Church, by persons of the name of Cook, Bollingham, Bower, and Lambert.

				£.	s.	d.
Brought over				140	0	0
There is also a piece of ground, now used as a burial ground and consecrated, let on a lease to the churchwardens for 40 years, which will expire in 1840, at the annual rent of				8	0	0
				148	4	0
PAYMENTS. — For the poor in St. Anthony's Hospital	1	0	0			
For repairing the causeway in the Horse Fair	0	6	8			
Towards the marriage of a poor maiden	0	6	8			
To six poor widows, 5*s.* 8*d.* each....	1	14	0			
To the churchwardens, for bread for the poor....	1	6	0			
To a poor housekeeper	0	6	8			
To 12 poor persons, 1*s.* each	0	12	0			
To six poor widows	0	10	0			
To the overseers for the poor, for distribution	0	15	0			
				6	17	0
				141	7	0

The residue, after providing for repairs, insurance, interest of a debt (at the time of the Report) of 50*l.*, and other outgoings, including two guineas for keeping the accounts, is given to the most deserving poor persons in the parish, not receiving parochial relief, in sums varying from 10*s.* to 30*s.*, on the recommendation of the individual feoffees.

Weekly Bread Fund.—This arises from various benefactions, and, at the time of the Report, consisted of 160*l.* three per cents., 90*l.* due from the parish (the principal having been applied for parochial purposes), 26*l.* on note, and 15*l.* on bond.

John Allen's gift, in 1748. Interest

of 40*l.*, distributed on St. Peter's day, in sums of 6*d.* each: half to the poor of St. Michael-le-Belfrey, and half to the poor living in the Mint-Yard.

Jacob Costobadie's gift. Interest of 50*l.* to Protestants not receiving alms.

Catherine Wombwell's gift, by will, dated 3rd December 1791. Interest of 200*l.*, to be given in corn, flour, bread, and coals amongst the poor in the parish of St. Michael-le-Belfrey, St. Wilfred, and the Mint-Yard (excluding Clifton and Rawcliffe), whether receiving parish relief or not.

Ellen Ascough's gift. Interest of 50*l.*, to be given on the 21st of November to fourteen poor housekeepers in St. Michael-le-Belfrey, and two in the Mint-Yard.

Eliz. Cass's gift, in 1691. 10*s.* rent-charge to six poor persons.

John Bell's gift, in 1694. 2*l.* 12*s.* for bread, and 1*l.* in money.

Christopher and *Mary Birbeck's gift.* 1*l.*, out of a house in Petergate, to the poor on New Year's day. Payment disputed.

Thomas Scholefield's gift, in 1750. 10*s.* Bread at Easter and Christmas.

Fabian Farnell's gift. 10*s.* to the poor.—Vide 15th Report, page 623.

Clifton Moor inclosed 3 Geo. III.

The Register Books commence in the year 1565.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 63. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. pages 32, 33. Drake's Eboracum, page 338. Gent's York Churches, page 174. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 133.

ST. WILFRID. *Rectory.*—POPULATION, 277.—This Church was, by Richard, son of Fin, given to the Abbey of St. Mary's, York, which house had the patronage, and also an annual pension of half a mark. The Crown presented after the Dissolution. The Rectory was valued in the King's books at 2*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.*; Synodals, 1*s.*

Nicholas Flemyng, late Mayor of the city, is interred here; for whose sake, on the 11th Kal., 1320, an indulgence was granted for 40 days to all the parishioners, being truly contrite, penitent, and confessed, who should in a faithful mind say for his soul the Lord's Prayer and the Salutation of the blessed Virgin. And on the 22nd October 1319, Ellen, his widow, took her solemn oath of chastity from the sacred hands of William de Melton, Archbishop of York, within the Chapel of his manor of Thorpe.

There was a Chantry in this Church, founded for the soul of the above-mentioned Nicholas Flemyng.

In 1585, this Church was united to Belfrey's, but with this particular restriction, that if ever the parishioners think fit to rebuild this Church, the parish should remain as before.

The Dean and Chapter have exercised both voluntary and contentious jurisdiction in the parish, but it is not clear that they did so previous to the union.

Torre's catalogue of the Rectors comes down to 1546.

CHARITIES.—*The Feoffee Estate.*—The earliest document to be found relative to this property is dated 11th April 1542, wherein the trusts are declared to be for the maintenance of the parish Church and the help of the poor. At the time of the Report, the last conveyance was dated in 1798, and only two of the trustees were then living. The estate consists of two dwelling-houses in Blake-street (formerly in one large messuage), and a small portion of the Assembly-Rooms, the two former then occupied by Mr. Wormald and Mr. Etridge. The houses are supposed to have been built upon the site of the Church and church-yard, and building leases appear to have been granted in 1704 and 1714. Mr. Wormald's house is subject to a rent of 9*l.* 5*s.* by lease, which will expire 1st May 1904, and Mr. Etridge's to a rent of 3*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* under a lease, which will terminate 11th November 1904. The lease of a portion of the Assembly-Rooms (described to be of very small value) was about to expire at the time of the Report. The rents are primarily applicable to payment of the proportion of the Church-rate (one-eighth), levied on the united parishes, and the residue to the relief of the poor.

Wombwell's gift, vide St. Michael-le-Belfrey. 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* is the proportion for this parish.

Farnell's charity, vide St. Michael-le-Belfrey. 4*s.* 2*d.* is the proportion for this parish.—Vide 15th Report, p. 625.

The Mint-Yard is extra parochial, and the population in 1831 was 166.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 89. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 33. Drake's Eboracum, page 337. Gent's York Churches, page 177. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. pages 445. 468.

ST. MICHAEL, AT OUSEBRIDGE END.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—POPULATION, 645; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 91*l.*—This Church was given by King William the Conqueror, or (as Archbishop Sharp thinks) by King William Rufus, to the Abbey of Saint Mary's, and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

There was a Chantry in this Church, called Salley's Chantry.

Torre gives the inscriptions, and also a close catalogue of the Rectors, which may also be found in Drake's Eboracum.

The Rectory is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 5*l.*, and in the King's books at 8*l.* 12*s.* 1*d.* There was a pension of 36*s.* payable to the Abbey of St. Mary's. Synodals, 5*s.* 4*d.*; Procurations, 6*s.* 8*d.* And in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 566, it is stated: "A parsonage presentable with cure, only 12*l.* per annum, viz.: 8*l.* by Mr. Cotterill, and 4*l.*, the profits of a house. There is no incumbent." Recommended to be united to St. Martin's, in Coney-street.

Augmented, in 1758, with 200*l.*, by lot; in 1762, with 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from Peter Johnson, jun., Esq., and the Rev. Lewis Etty, the Rector, and 100*l.* from the executors of the Rev. Marmaduke Buck; and, in 1815, with 1000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

See MS. No. 5078, Bodleian Library, Torre, Drake, and Gent, for arms and inscriptions in this Church[1].

[1] Gent gives the following notice of the painted windows, viz.:—*Window south of the altar*—Malachias, the Virgin Mary, Zecharias, David, Josiah, Daniel, Ananias, Manasses, Ezekiel. *Middle window*—Angels and the Archangel Michael. *South-east window*—Zechariah praying, the Birth of Christ, John the Baptist preaching in the Wilderness, Baptizing Christ, preaching Repentance, Head of John brought to Herodias. In the middle, full-length Effigy of John the Baptist.

Height of the tower, 72 feet. In Gent's time, the Church was 66 feet long, and 54 feet broad. The body of the Church has been since rebuilt, and the dimensions contracted.

There is no glebe house.

CHARITIES.—*The Parish Estate.*—It is not known how this estate became first appropriated to public uses. The earliest deed respecting it is dated 21st January 1599, being a conveyance to fifteen trustees, and the trusts are declared to be, to permit the churchwardens to employ the rents towards the reparation of the body of the Church, providing books, bells, surplices, &c., providing for the poor, and other godly uses. The estate consists of eight houses; one of them, situated in Spurriergate, now occupied by Mr. Wood, cutler, is held under a lease for ninety-nine years, which will expire 1st May 1843, at the yearly rent of 8*l.* 15*s.* The other long leases have run out, except a tenement in Spurriergate, belonging to Mrs. Simpson, which is under lease, and which will expire 10th November 1893, at 1*l.* per annum. The feoffees had called in 750*l.*, the produce of houses pulled down in rebuilding the bridge, and also borrowed 360*l.*, and expended such sums in rebuilding part of the Church.—The Commissioners state that they consider it to be the duty of the feoffees to make provision for the discharge of the sum borrowed, and also for the restitution of the sum arising from the sale of the houses taken down.

James Cotterell's gift, interest of 100*l.* *Thomas Moseley's gift*, rent-charge, 4*l.* *Unknown*, rent-charge, 6*s.* 8*d.*

The above are for the minister: the following are for sermons:—

John Smurthwaite's. On the 16th April, 10*s.*—*Richard Wood's.* On Easter Sunday, 10*s.*—*Robert Darley's.* On Good Friday, 10*s.*—*Samuel Manklin's.* On St. John's day, 10*s.*, by will, 9th October 1686.—*Thomas Naylor's.* 10*s.*, by will, 9th December 1689.—*Peter Richardson's.* Christmas-day and Whit-Sunday, 20*s.*, by will, 26th May 1690.

BREAD.—*John Smurthwaite's*, 2*s.*—*Robert Darley's*, 13*s.*—*Isabel Cuthbert's*, 5*l.* to poor housekeepers.—*Samuel Manklin's*, 10*s.*—*William Shaw's*, by will, dated 14th

July 1681, 5*l.* 4*s.*—*Thomas Naylor's*, 10*s.*—*Peter Richardson's*, 5*l.* 4*s.*—*Richard Wood's*, 2*l.*

In respect of the above, forty-one twopenny loaves are distributed every Sunday; fourteen penny loaves, in addition, on the first Sunday in each month; and a further quantity on Holy Thursday.

Mrs. Gibson's gift, by will, dated 27th February 1782, interest of 20*l.* among twelve poor housekeepers.

William Hutchinson's gift, by will, dated 25th September 1770, interest of 315*l.* new fours; 3*l.* to the Rector; 20*s.* more for preaching on the first Sunday in January and the first Sunday in May; 5*s.* in bread to the poor attending each sermon; 6*l.* a year to two poor tradesmen or tradeswomen, but none to receive twice within four years. Residue in bread at Christmas.

Henry Myers's gift, by will, dated 3rd November 1792, interest of 300*l.*, in coals, to the poor of St. Michael's and St. Mary's Castlegate. No person to have less than four sacks.

Thomas Briggs's charity, by deed, dated 16th February 1802, occupation of a tenement in Water-lane by two poor persons and the interest of 80*l.*, and also 4*s.* more given by the feoffees.—Vide 12th Report, page 632.

The Notitia Parochialis, No. 1143, contains the following particulars relative to this parish:—"Neither tithes nor a parsonage-house. John Cotterill, gent., by his will, left to the Lord Mayor and Commonalty of the city of York 100*l.*, the consideration whereof to be paid to the preaching Minister at May-day and Martinmas for ever. Alderman Moseley, by will, left to the feoffees 4*l.* yearly, out of Robert Scott's house in Upper Ousegate, to the preaching Minister, at Lady-day and Michaelmas. There is likewise a noble yearly paid to the Rector, out of Joseph Scott's house. There are seven anniversary sermons, 10*s.* each. Signed, Richard Coulton, Rector."

January 1821, a faculty was granted to rebuild part of the Church on a smaller scale, in order to widen the street.

The Register Books commence in the year 1598.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 341. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 21. Drake's Eboracum, page 290. Gent's York Churches, page 178. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 263.

ST. OLAVE'S, ALIAS CLARE.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,120 acres. Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 2,179[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600[2]; NET VALUE, 138*l.*—"This Church of St. Olave was, in the time of William Rufus, an ancient Rectory, in the possession of Earl Alan, the son of Eudo, Duke of Brittain; and this Church, with four acres of land, on which Saint Mary's Abbey afterwards stood, he gave to Stephen and his monks, then retreated from Whitby, in order to the settling of them here. So that till their Abbey was built, this Church of St. Olave's was their conventual Church, and afterwards it was reckoned as a Chapel dependent on them; they having got into their hands all the lands and tenements of which that parish did consist."—Abp. Sharp's MS.

No Ordination is mentioned, but on the 17th June 1622, John Philiskerk, Clerk, A.B. at the presentation of King James, by reason of lapse, was instituted to the Vicarage of St. Olave, Ebor.

During the siege of York, a battery of guns was placed on the roof of the Church, and the building was much injured. A brief was afterwards obtained, and the Church was nearly rebuilt.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 566, it is stated: "We find the Church ruined, and the parish depopulated. We think fit that the parishes of St. Belfrey's cum St. Wilfrey's, St. Elline's, and St. Olave's, be united, and Belfrey's Church to be made the Parish Church for them all. And we recommend that the sites of the several churches (and church-yards) not to be continued as parish churches of themselves, and the materials of the same churches may be disposed of, as the lord-mayor and aldermen for the time being shall think most convenient, for the public use of the said city in reference to church maintenance."

[1] Viz. hamlet of Marygate, 625; part township of Clifton, 373; St. Giles, 1,052; one third of Heworth, 95; one third of Rawcliff, 36.

[2] Including the gallery lately erected. The return to Government in 1818, of 1,580, was incorrect.

The inscriptions and monuments are given by Torre; but he gives no catalogue of the Incumbents.

The patronage has for many years been in the family of Earl de Grey, but probably as lessees under the Crown.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation, the Church was valued at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* The value of this Curacy was certified, about the year 1707, to be 9*l.* 10*s.*

In 1767, the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty augmented this Curacy with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1814, with 1,200*l.* from the same grant,—all by lot.

Part of Clifton is within this parish, and in the 3d Geo. III. an Act of Parliament was passed for inclosing Clifton Moor.

The Chapel of Fulford was anciently dependent upon this Church, but it is now a distinct parish.

There is no glebe house.

27th January 1585, the Church of St. Giles was united to this parish. The parish of St. Giles, however, is still a distinct parish as to the maintenance of its poor.

21st July 1787, faculty to build a gallery. Same day, confirmation of general allotment of pews in the Church.

7th May 1832, faculty to erect a gallery.

CHARITIES.—*William Day's dole*, by will, dated 1st May 1622. Rent charge of 20*s.* for the poor on Christmas-day.

Rev. Thomas Mosley's gift, by will, dated 20th June 1732. Interest of 10*l.* in bread every Plough-day. 10*s.* per annum is paid for this by the parish, the principal having been applied towards purchasing new bells.

Benjamin Legg's dole, by will, dated 26th April 1740. Rent charge of 10*s.* per annum for bread, every Christmas Eve.

Philip Goodricke's charity, by will, dated 15th August 1700. Interest of 20*s.* in bread at Easter. The parish took the money, and apply 1*s.* per annum as interest, out of the rates.

Fabian Farley, by will, dated 10th September 1607, left a cottage and premises at Lastingham, for the use of the poor. The cottage was sold in 1752 for 21*l.*, which was placed out at interest till 1789, when the principal was applied to the purchase of new bells. The Commissioners reported that no interest appeared to have been paid by the parish for the principal thus taken; but they had represented to the parish officers the propriety of paying the same, and distributing it to the poor.

William Bowes's gift, by will, dated 22d December 1766. Dividends of 100*l.* navy fives, for coals at Martinmas.

Peter Hill's dole, by will, dated 20th September 1632. Rent charge of 2*l.* to be distributed on St. Thomas's-day.

George Stephenson's gift, by will, dated 23d December 1799. Dividends of 45*l.* 7*s.* 2*d.* navy fives, to the poor of the township of Clifton.—Vid. 8th Report, page 696.

The Register Books commence in the year 1538. There are no entries from 1644 to 1653.

Vid. Tax. Ecc. P. Nic. 298. Torre's MS. page 593. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 28. 338. Drake's Eboracum, page 258. Gent's York Churches, page 185. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 598.

CLIFTON.—(*Parish of St. Olave.*)—The treasurer of the Cathedral Church of York hath in Clifton twenty-one tenements, lying on the north side of the town, and one carucate, or 147 acres, of land, and four cottages.

The Prebendary of Driffield hath also nine acres of land in Clifton meadows.

The Prebendary of Strensall hath also in Clifton one capital messuage and 21 acres and a half of demesne land, and 12 acres of demesne meadow. Also in tenants' hands one tenement and 20 acres of land, and five other tenements, lying together, with 114 acres of land, in the south part, as far as the water of Ouse; and on the north side of the town four other tenements under one roof, with three crofts adjoining.

The Prebendary of Osbaldwick hath also three acres of meadow on the other side of Clifton.—Torre's MS.

ST. GILES, OR ST. EGIDIUS THE ABBOTT.—This Church was united to St. Olave's in 28th Elizabeth.

Torre gives one testamentary burial, but takes no other notice of the Church, except the union.

The parish extends into Bulmer wapentake.

The Church stood near the middle of the street, on the north-west side.

Torre's MS., page 597. Drake's Eboracum, page 255. Gent, page 186. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 573.

SAINT SAMPSON. *Peculiar.*—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—POPULATION, 995; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 109*l.*—This was an ancient Rectory, at first belonging to the patronage of the Archdeacons of Richmond, till the reign of King Edward III. when it came to the Crown.

Valued in the King's books at 5*l.* In 1707, at 3*l.* 15*s.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 566, it is stated: "A Church, but neither minister nor maintenance belonging to it." Recommended that the parishes of St. Sampson, Christ Church, and Trinity, be united into one, and that St. Sampson's be the Parish Church.

A rent charge of 10*s.* per annum, out of a close at Clementhorpe, was left by Thomas Hartforth, by will, dated 6th May 1653, for preaching a sermon on the 25th March.

The Chapels of St. Mary, St. Anne, and the Image of St. Mary, are mentioned in some of the entries.

Augmented in 1746 with 200*l.*, and in 1758 with 200*l.*, both by lot; and in 1764 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Peter Johnson, Esq., and in 1801 with 200*l.* In 1813 with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1823 with 200*l.* from the same grant, —all by lot.

10th March 1393, King Richard II. granted the advowson of this Church to the Vicars Choral of the Cathedral Church of York, to be united and appropriated to their College, reserving to the Archbishop a pension of 6*s.* 8*d.*, and to the Dean and Chapter 1*s.* 8*d.*, and they are still the patrons.

John Carre, sometime Mayor, by his will, proved 20th April 1488, commended his soul to God Almighty, his Saviour, to St. Mary, and to the prayers of St. Sampson, St. John of Beverley, Mary Magdalen, and All Saints; and his body to be buried in his parish kirk of St. Sampson's, by the body of Johanna his wife: and gave his gold ring, with the diamond, to hang about the neck of the image of our Lady, which stands above our Lady's altar in the Minster, where they sing our Lady's mass; and another ring, with a ruby and one torquoise, to hang about our Lord's neck, that is, in the arms of the same image of our Lady. And he willed to the high altar of St. Sampson's two silver candlesticks, to be abiding there at Divine service.

In page 281 of Torre, the monuments and inscriptions are noticed, and in page 282, the armorial coats in the windows, viz. the Dean and Chapter, the Archbishop, the Scropes, the Pigotts, and the City arms. See also MS. No. 5078, in the Bodleian Library. Torre also gives a catalogue of the Rectors to 1383, but no list of the subsequent Incumbents.

There were three Chantries in this Church, viz. Botoner's, Kar's, and Burton's.

There is no glebe house.

CHARITIES.—*Alice Herbert's charity*, given in 1633. Interest of 16*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* for bread for the poor.

Philip Esh's charity, by will, dated 4th December 1688. Rent charge of 6*s.* 6*d.* per annum, for bread.

John Wilkinson's charity, by will, dated 29th November 1727. Rent charge of 6*s.* per annum for bread.

George Atkinson's charity, by will, dated 11th August 1729. Rent charge of 12*s.* per annum, for bread.

Alice Green's gift, in 1818. Interest of 40*l.* for bread.

George Gilman's dole, by will, dated 16th March 1703. Rent charge of 20*s.* per annum.

Dinah Hammond's rent charge of 10*s.* per annum. Date not stated.

George Wright's gift, by will, dated 17th March 1721. Rent charge of 40*s.* per annum.

Alderman Stephen Watson's charity, by will, dated 21st May 1659. Rent of two houses in Silver-street, let at the time of the Report for 21*l.* 12*s.* per annum. The will directs that the balance of the rents shall be annually divided amongst six poor men of the city, preferring the poor of the parish. The trustees at the time of the Report, were Messrs. Thomas Brearey, William Severs, and George Scaife.

LOST CHARITY.—The sum of 5*l.* 4*s.* given by the Lady Ann Taylor, to be lent, gratis, to two poor inhabitants of the parish, and repaid by 6*d.* a week in two years, has been lost many years ago. —Vid. 12th Report, page 637.

The Register Books commence in the year 1640.

Gent says, on the steeple is an ancient effigy of St. Sampson, said to have been Bishop of York before the refounding of the See by Paulinus. The window over the altar, in Gent's time, contained a figure of St. Sampson; and the window next to it, south-east, contained the history of the seven sacraments; and in one of the west windows was represented Paul and Silas.

The Rev. Joseph Boyes, the Curate of St. Sampson's, was presented at the Dean and Chapter's visitation in 1755, by the Rev. Joseph Williamson, Clerk, for "frequently and obstinately resorting to a certain conventicle or place of worship where the Methodists met, situate within the parish of St. Sampson, contrary to the canons and ecclesiastical laws of this realm, and thereby not only setting a bad example to his parishioners but to the city in general, and giving occasion to libertines to raise objections against the Established Church; and also for being guilty of the most unnatural crime of dissuading as many persons as he could from attending upon the reformed Apostolical Church." Mr. Boyes called upon Williamson to justify the presentment, and obtained a decree against him with costs on the 20th November 1755.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 259. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 38. Drake's Eboracum, page 322. Gent's York Churches, page 187. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 393.

SAINT BENEDICT.—This Church stood in Swinegate, and fell to decay prior to the reign of King Edward III.

Drake's Eboracum, page 322. Hargrove, vol. ii. page 392.

ST. SAVIOUR'S, IN MARISCO. —(*Discharged Rectory.*)—POPULATION, 1,693[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 173*l.*—This is an ancient Rectory, and belonged to the patronage of the Abbot and Convent of St. Mary's, to which it was given at first by King William the Conqueror. At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown.

There were seven Chantries in this Church, viz. Verdenell's, Hathelsey's, Burton's, Watter's, and three others.

Torre gives the monuments, and also a close catalogue of the Rectors, which may be seen in Drake's Eboracum.

This Rectory is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* and in the King's books at 5*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 566, it is called "A parsonage presentable with Cure. The profits are worth about 20 marks per annum, viz. 6*l.* for the tithe out of Heworth, and the rest the value of the parsonage house. Mr. John Whyttakers, a constant preaching minister, is parson there, and receives the profits and performs the Cure." Recommended that St. Maurice and St. Cuthbert's be united to this parish, and that St. Saviour's be the parish Church.

There was a pension of 10*s.* to the Abbey of St. Mary, 1*s.* 6*d.* to the master of Ouse Bridge, 3*s.* to the bailiff of St. Peter's Liberty. Synodals, 1*s.* 8*d.* and Procurations, 6*s.* 8*d.*

In 1730 this Rectory was augmented with 200*l.* to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Henry Robinson.

Part of Heworth is within this parish. and Acts of Parliament were passed for inclosing the Common, in 57th and 58th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as unfit for residence.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Barker's charity*, 1708. Rent of five acres of copyhold land at Clifton, called Layer Closes. Three-fifths in bread, and the residue applied in apprenticing poor children.

Mary Potter's rent charge, 16*s.* per annum. Rent charge of 5*s.*, donor unknown. These are given with the sacrament money.

Estate for the repairs of the Church.—This consists of the Red Lion public-house, in St. Saviour Gate, and some stabling in Bow-lane. The whole was let for 22*l.* per annum.—Vid. 13th Report, page 613.

[1] Viz. St. Andrew's, 238; St. Saviour's, 1,455. In 1834, the population was returned at 1,348.

The Register Books commence in the year 1567.

See an account of arms and inscriptions in MS. No. 5078, in the Bodleian Library.

The great east window represents the Passion and Resurrection of our Saviour.

A house in Stonebow-lane, called the Maison de Dieu, is of two parishes, the men living therein being of Crux parish, and the women of this parish.

1st August 1794, faculty to take away three useless bells, and apply the produce towards repairing the Church.

10th November 1798, faculty to erect a gallery.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 545. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 27. Drake's Eboracum, page 310. Gent's York Churches, page 186. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 330.

ST. ANDREW.—Population, 238. —This was appropriated to the revenues of the Dean and Chapter, being reckoned among their great farms. It had previously belonged to Hugo, son of Baldric, who is said, in Domesday Book, to have bought it. In the 28th Eliz. it was united to the parish church of Saint Saviour's.

The parish of St. Andrew's is still within the jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter of York, both as to voluntary and contentious jurisdiction. The Churchwardens are, however, not called to the Dean and Chapter's visitations, as are the Churchwardens of St. John Delpike and St. Maurice.

The Church is yet standing. A little before Drake's days, it was partly used as a stable, and partly as a dwelling-house, but had then been lately fitted up as the school-room for the Horse Fair School, founded by King Philip and Queen Mary. It is now used for the Infant School.

Torre's MS., page 489. Drake's Eboracum, page 316. Gent, page 186. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. p. 360.

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST, IN HUNGATE.—(*Parish of St. Saviour's.*) —This was appropriated to the Dean and Chapter, and accounted one of their great farms.—Torre's MS., 574.

United to St. Saviour's in 1585.

There was a Chantry, called Russell's Chantry, founded at the altar of St. Mary's in 1435.

The Church stood on the east of the street. The site was a garden in Mr. Drake's time, and was long called St. John's Green. Gent says it was on the left hand, at the entrance of St. John's-lane, going down to the Pond-yard.

The yearly value of the Church was 6*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.*

Drake's Eboracum, page 312. Gent, page 186. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 340.

ST. STEPHEN.—The site of this Church was probably in Hungate.

Stephen, abbot of St. Mary's, granted to Thomas, Archbishop of York, the Church of St. Stephen in York, in satisfaction of the Archbishop's claim on four acres of land near the Abbey, and given thereto by Earl Alan.

In 1331, the Dean and Chapter of York granted the fruits and obventions of this Church to the Vicar of St. Martin's in Coneystreet.

Drake's Eboracum, pages 235. 327. 579. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 416.

BEDERN CHAPEL.—The Chapel in the Bedern was founded anno 1348, by Thomas de Ottelly and William de Cottingham. It was consecrated the same year by order of William de la Zouch, then Archbishop, by Hugh, intitled Archbishop of Damascus, and dedicated to the Holy Trinity, the Virgin Mary, and St. Katherine.

Here was also a Chantry of five marks per annum.

Register Book, 1682—1812.

This Chapel belongs to the Subchanters and Vicars Choral of the Cathedral Church of York. Disused.

Drake's Eboracum, page 573. Gent, page 190. Hargrove, vol. ii. page 150.

MONASTIC INSTITUTIONS.

At the time of the Dissolution, the city of York contained no less than nine Monasteries, viz.: the Mitred Abbey of St. Mary's of the Benedictine Order; the Abbey of Franciscan Friars, and the Abbey of Austin Friars, both near the river Ouse, the Monastery of Dominican

Friars, in Tanner-row; the Benedictine Priory of the Holy Trinity, in Micklegate; the Carmelite Monastery, in Stonebow-lane; the Gilbertine Priory of St. Andrew, in Fishergate, and the Crouched Friars, on Barker-hill. There was also the College of St. William, in College-street, founded for the residence of 23 chauntry priests.

CHAPELS.

The city also contained, exclusive of the Bedern Chapel and several Chantries, eighteen Chapels, viz.: St. Anne's, at Fossbridge; St. Anne's, on the Horse-fair; St. Christopher's; St. Christopher's, at the Guildhall; St. Catherine's, in Haver-lane; Bishop's Chapel, near Clementhorpe; St. George's, between the river Ouse and Foss; St. James's without Micklegate Bar; St. Mary's, in St. Mary's Abbey; St. Mary's, at the White Friars; St. Mary's, in Marygate; St. Mary Magdalene's, at Burton Stone; St. Stephen's, in the Minster; St. Sepulchre's, near the Minster; St. Trinity's, in Merchants' Hall; and St. William's, on Ousebridge.

Of these, only two require particular notice, viz.:

St. James's Chapel, without Micklegate Bar.—This was part of the ancient possessions of St. Trinity's Priory, and was *(inter alia)* confirmed to it by Pope Alexander II.

It is also further remarkable as being the place where the Dean and Chapter of York, in their formalities, used to meet the Archbishop of York on his enthronization, whom, after they had sprinkled with holy water and purified, he then put off his shoes, and so proceeded thence barefooted (if fair weather) to the Minster, being attended by the clergy and people.—Torre's MS., page 765.

St. Sepulchre's, near the Minster.—This Chapel was founded by Archbishop Roger, to the honour of the Blessed Virgin Mary and the Angels of the Holy Sepulchre of our Lord; and the Churches of Everton, Sutton with Scroby, Hayton, Clarebrough Retford, Bardsey, Otley (one mediety), Calverley, Hutton Pagnell, Harewood, Thorparch, and Collingham, were appropriated thereto. The Chapel supported four Priests, four Deacons, four Subdeacons, and one Sacrist. On Maunday Thursday the Sacrist washed the feet of the Canons, for which he was paid 10*s.*

At the Dissolution, the revenues of this Chapel were valued at 192*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* per annum. The Chapel stood some time after, but was sold, 4th Elizabeth, to one W. Webster. The door which opened into the north aisle of the Cathedral is still remaining.

Drake's Eboracum, page 478.

HOSPITALS.

Fifteen Hospitals existed in York at the period of the Dissolution, viz.: St. Mary Magdalene's Hospital, on the Horse-fair, founded by Robert de Pykering, Dean of York, for old lame priests [1]; St. John and Our Lady's, at Fossbridge; St. Leonard's, in the Mint-yard; St. Anthony's, Peaseholme; St. Nicholas without Walmgate Bar; St. Thomas's without Micklegate Bar; Merchants' Hall Hospital; St. Catherine's, Micklegate, for widows; Maison Dieu, in Walmgate; Maison Dieu, on Ousebridge; Maison Dieu, in Merchants' Hall; St. Loys, at Monk Bridge End, for pilgrims; St. Catherine's without Micklegate Bar; Fishergate Hospital; and St. Anthony's, in Gillygate. Most of these fell at the Reformation.

Saint Leonard's Hospital.—This was founded by King Athelstane after his victory over Constantine, King of Scotland, in the year 936, and dedicated to St. Peter, and endowed with one thrave of corn out of every carucate of land or every ploughgoing within the diocese of York, and which thraves therefore belonged to the King of England, in consideration of his keeping the country free from wolves. William the Conqueror confirmed the grant of the thraves, and William Rufus and Henry I. were great benefactors to this Hospital. King Stephen rebuilt the Hospital, and dedicated it to the honour of St. Leonard, and succeeding monarchs were also benefactors. The collation to the Hospital was in the Dean and Chapter of York.

[1] This was converted by King Philip and Queen Mary into a Free Grammar School, now called Saint Peter's School, of which the Dean and Chapter are patrons. No Report on this School has been made.—Drake's Eboracum, page 255. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 362.

The establishment consisted of a Master, thirteen Brethren, four Secular Priests, eight Sisters, thirty Choristers, two Schoolmasters, two hundred and six, or, as Drake says, twenty-six Beadmen, and six Servitors. The annual income, at the Dissolution, exclusive of the thraves, was 309*l.* 2*s.* 11½*d.*

St. Anthony's Hospital.—Here was a gild of a Master and eight Keepers, who, whenever a sow pigged, claimed a pig.

Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 607. Drake's Eboracum, page 333. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 451.

MODERN CHARITIES.

Agar's Hospital.—Founded by Alderman Thomas Agar, by will, dated 7th May 1631, and augmented by the will of Beatrix Agar, his widow, dated 18th August 1634, for six poor widows—two to be out of Saint Maurice's parish, and two out of Belfreys parish.

The estate consists of two roods of land adjoining, let, at the time of the Report, for four guineas per annum, and a rent-charge of 20*l.* per annum out of Lady Middleton's Hospital. The amount of the rent-charge is divided amongst the widows, and they also receive 5*s.* a-piece out of the rent of the two roods of land. The residue is retained as a fund for repairs.

No conveyance appears to have been made to new trustees; but the Hospital is under the direction of Mr. Seth Agar and Mr. Charles Hanson, the former being of the founder's family, and the latter a relative.—4th Report, page 374. Torre's MS., page 864.

Barstow's Hospital.—The origin of this Hospital is unknown, and there are no deeds relative to it known to be in existence. For many years it was under the management of Henry Myers, Esq., and on his decease, his executor, Thomas Swann, Esq. (there being no other person to attend to the concerns of the Hospital), undertook the charge of it, and acts as sole trustee.

The property consists of two houses and a stable, all contiguous to the Hospital, let, at the time of the Report, for 12*l.* 14*s.* There are six alms-people, who receive the amount of the rents, after making a small reserve for repairs. —4th Report, page 375.

Ingram's Hospital.—Founded under the will of Sir Arthur Ingram, dated 15th August 1640, for ten poor widows, who have apartments, and 5*l.* a year each, and also clothing materials once in two years of the value of 1*l.* 4*s.* each, and 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* is paid to a reader. No lands appear to be settled, but the Hospital has been kept in repair, and the stipends paid by the owners of the founder's estate at Temple Newsome.—16th Report, page 401. Torre's MS., page 863.

Archbishop Holgate's School.—Founded by Robert Holgate, Archbishop of York, temp. Henry VIII. A free school for any scholars, without any limitation of district, for teaching "grammar and other knowledge, and godly learning, freely, without taking any stipend or wages of the scholars." Patron, the Archbishop of York. At the time of the Report, charges were made by the Master for instruction in English, geography, writing, and accounts; but scholars applying for admission on the foundation for the express purpose of instruction in grammar or classical learning only, were instructed without charge. The income arises from the rent of 101A. 2R. 12P. of land, rents of five houses, and a rent-charge of 2*l.* The land is principally let on leases for twenty-one years, renewable every seven years. The presentation to Beswick is claimed by the Master, the Rectory being appropriated to the school.—12th Report, page 638.

Winterscale's Hospital, in Walmgate.—Founded under the will of Robert Winterscale, dated 5th February 1723. Rent of four houses (at the time of the Report, 85*l.* per annum), for six poor people of the parish of St. Margaret, of either sex, who receive 8*l.* each per annum.—4th Report, page 388.

Sir Robert Watter's Hospital.—Founded under the will of Sir Robert Watter, Knt., dated 17th January 1609. Seven cottages, occupied by poor women, and three out-pensioners, each receive 2*l.* per annum, and one to receive also 20*s.* per annum as reader. Income: rent-charge of 21*l.* per annum out of the manor of Cundall, and which now belongs to the Cholmleys, of Howsham; the sum of 155*l.* 5*s.*, consols, forms a fund for repairs.—8th Report, page 690. Torre's MS., page 861.

Maison Dieu, or Merchant Tailors' Hospital.—Four small tenements for four decayed brothers of the Company, or their widows. There is a rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum out of land at Holtby, devised in 1669 by John Straker, and a rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum, granted by the Company, by deed, dated 20th June 1754. From these rents-charge, and an allowance made by the Company, the alms-people each receive 4*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.* per annum.—15th Report, page 621.

Colton's Hospital.—Founded by Thomas Colton, by deed, dated 11th February 1717, and augmented by his will, dated 18th June 1729, for eight poor women, who received, at the time of the Report, 10*s.* a-piece every month. The income arises from the rent of 30A. 0R. 36P. of land, in trustees.—8th Report, page 693.

Middleton's Hospital.—Founded under the will of Mrs. Ann Middleton, dated 24th August 1655, who left 2,000*l.* for building it and paying twenty widows of freemen 4*l.* each. The Corporation built the Hospital, but never invested the residue, and they now pay 2*l.* 9*s.* to the twenty widows out of the general funds of the Corporation as the interest of the residue. Augmented, by Lady Conyngham, with 8,000*l.* old south sea annuities; by Thomas Norfolk, with 500*l.* three per cent. consols; and by George and Robert Townend, with 260*l.* three per cents. The dividends are duly divided amongst the widows.

It appears that the expenses of repairing the Hospital have been paid by the Corporation.—15th Report, page 608. Torre's MS., page 864.

Wilson's Hospital, Fossbridge.—Founded under the will of Dorothy Wilson, of York, spinster, and codicils thereto, dated 20th January 1710, for ten poor women, 20*l.* each per annum. Seven out-pensioners are now added, at 7*l.* each; three poor blind men or women, 40*s.* each per annum, now increased to seven, at 7*l.* each per annum; 20*l.* per annum, now 70*l.*, to a schoolmaster, for twenty, now forty, poor boys, not under eight nor exceeding fourteen years of age. Prayers to be read by the Master twice a-day according to the Rubric of the Church of England. Each boy to be clothed at Christmas in blue, faced with green; 10*s.* per annum to be paid to the minister of St. Dennis for an anniversary sermon, now one guinea; 5*l.* per annum to a schoolmaster at Nun Monkton, for teaching twelve poor children gratis; the rents of a certain house and land at Nun Monkton to the steward: and she gave 40*l.* to the churchwardens of St. Dennis, on condition that they also advanced 20*l.*, and laid out the whole in land, and employ the rent in the purchase of bread for the poor of the parish of St. Dennis; 12*l.* per annum to a school-dame in the parish of St. Dennis, for teaching 12 poor children to read; profits of ten cattle-gates at Skipwith, to a schoolmaster there, for teaching ten poor boys gratis; 6*l.* per annum for putting out three poor boys apprentices; and the interest of 13*l.*, now 1*l.* 5*s.*, to be given in Bibles to the scholars on leaving school. The Archbishop of York and the Dean of York are visitors. Any trustee, being an alderman of York, to vacate his trust.

Increased stipends are also now paid to the schoolmaster at Nun Monkton and Skipwith. The annual income of the Hospital, at the time of the Report, was 734*l.*, arising from the rent of 480A. 0R. 1P. of land, dividends on 8,800*l.* consols, and interest of 900*l.*—4th Report, page 381.

St. Catherine's Hospital.—This Hospital is of very ancient origin, and was formerly a house of entertainment for pilgrims. It contains apartments for four poor widows.

In June 1709, Francis Nicholson gave a close, without Micklegate Bar, containing three acres, in trust, to distribute the rents among the four poor widows in St. Catherine's Hospital, but, if more than four are placed therein, or the Hospital not kept in repair, then to be applied to other purposes. William Garforth, of Wigginthorpe, is the sole trustee for this property.

Charles Yates, by will, in 1788, gave 100*l.* to the Corporation, in trust, to pay 4*l.* per annum among the poor women.

Henry Myers, by will, dated 3rd November 1792, left a legacy, which purchased 603*l.* 6*s.* 4*d.* four per cents.

The widows also partake in the bequests of Luntley and Hartley, and 10*l.* per annum from Lady Conyngham's charity.

The annual stipend to each widow is about 18*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.*—4th Report, page 376.

Mason's Hospital, in Colliergate.—Founded by Margaret Mason, by will, dated 5th June 1732, for six poor women. The hospital was new-fronted some years ago, by means of a legacy left for that purpose by Robert Wilberfoss, Esq. The property consists of a house and tenement in Fossgate, held under a building lease, which will expire 7th July 1869, at 10*l.* 10*s.* per annum. 15*l.* per annum is divided amongst the poor women under Lady Conyngham's charity, in addition to 1*l.* each out of the rent.—4th Report, page 377.

St. Thomas's Hospital.—This was an ancient Hospital, which existed before the Reformation. It is inhabited by ten poor widows, who are placed therein by the Lord Mayor for the time being. There was no income, except the rent of a garden, till John Hartley, in 1785, bequeathed 100*l.*; James Luntley, by will, dated 11th January 1791, bequeathed 1,400*l.*; Lady Conyngham, 25*l.* per annum (dividends of stock); and George Townend gave 160*l.* stock. The present income, exclusive of garden rent, consists of the dividends of 2,536*l.* 5*s.* 3*d.* consols, and 260*l.* new fours. The Corporation of York are the trustees.—4th Report, page 381.

The Old Maids' Hospital.—Founded under the will of Mary Wandesford, spinster, dated 4th November 1725, for the use and benefit of ten poor maiden gentlewomen. 10*l.* per annum, now 15*l.*, to be paid to a reader, and a congregation to be made at prayers, once at least every day; the minister or curate of the parish, by order in Chancery, to have the preference of the readership-income. The trustees are the Archbishop, Dean, and some of the Canons of the Cathedral. Income: rent of 120A. 0R. 33P. of land, and dividends of 1,950*l.* reduced, 1,803*l.* 11*s.* 5*d.* new south sea stock, 491*l.* 19*s.* 4*d.* old south sea stock. 20*l.* per annum is now paid to each inmate.—4th Report, page 378.

Sir Henry Thompson's Hospital.—Founded under the will of Sir Henry Thompson, sometime Lord Mayor of York, dated 24th August 1692, for six poor men, preference being given to the inhabitants of St. Mary's, Castlegate. John Girdler, by will, dated 17th November 1786, left 200*l.*, and Thomas Norfolk also left one-third of 500*l.* three per cent. consols. Income: rent of 13A. 3R. 0P. of land, and dividends of 500*l.* consols. 3*l.* per annum is paid to each of the six poor men. The Corporation are trustees.—8th Report, page 691.

Haughton's Charities.—Wm. Haughton, by will, dated 23d July 1770, and proved at London 12th June 1773, left to the Blue Coat Boys and Grey Coat Girls' Schools, and the York County Hospital, 3,000*l.*, the interest to be divided between the three, subject to a deduction of four guineas.

Also 1,000*l.*, to be employed in loans of 25*l.* each to tradesmen in the four wards in the city of York. This sum is now said to be reduced to 232*l.* 6*s.*, by the expenses in contesting the suit to establish the will, such expenses being directed by the testator to be paid out of such legacy.

Also the interest of 500*l.* amongst ten poor women of St. Crux parish.

Also the interest of 1,300*l.* to a schoolmaster in or near the parish of St. Crux, for teaching twenty poor children to read and write English; to the poor of St. Crux, interest of 100*l.* in bread; to the poor of St. Michael-le-Belfrey, interest of 100*l.* in bread.

The will to be read on a Sunday at Christmas, during divine service, in the Churches of St. Crux and St. Michael-le-Belfrey, and the minister of each Church to receive two guineas for his trouble.

The testator also left certain annuities, and directed, that after the death of the annuitants, who are all now dead, the stock should be added to the sums above-mentioned, in due proportions. There is now 13,000*l.* three per cent. consols, and 7,992*l.* 2*s.* three per cents. reduced, standing in the names of the Archbishop, the Dean, and the Recorder of York, and applied accordingly.

The schoolmaster, the Rev. John Overton, instructs all boys of the parish who apply, not restricting himself to twenty, not only in English, writing, and arithmetic, but also, if desired by their parents, in Latin.—12th Report, page 642.

CHARITIES UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF THE CORPORATION.

For poor prisoners. William Edmundson's. Interest of 50*l.* — 13th Report, page 603.

James Burleigh. 100*l.* to the corporation, in order to pay the prisoners thereout 6*l.* a year.—13th Report, page 603.

Francis Thornhill. Interest of 30*l.* for straw.—13th Report, page 603.

Peacock's gift. 1*l.* 6*s.*—13th Report, page 603.

Dame Ann Watson's gift, by will, dated 8th March 1676. Interest of 200*l.* amongst eight poor women.—13th Report, page 604.

Turner's gift. 7*l.* per annum, amongst six poor women.—13th Report, p. 605.

Henry Tireman's gift, by will, dated 18th March 1692. Interest of 300*l.* for apprenticing three freemen's sons, with a preference to those of Christ parish.—13th Report, page 605.

John Huntley's charity, by will, dated 22d December 1785. Dividends on 588*l.* 6*s.* 7*d.* four per cents., for the relief of poor and decayed commoners.—13th Report, page 605.

The Rev. C. Jackson's gift. Interest of 200*l.* among poor tradesmen.—13th Report, page 605.

Tabitha Bower's gift, by deed, dated 8th January 1780. One-third of the dividends on 345*l.* 6*s.* three per cents., in coals.—13th Report, page 607.

Queen Elizabeth's cremitt-money. This consists of 41*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* paid in October, at the Guildhall, by the receiver of crown rents, to 31 poor persons, viz. 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* each; selected by the lord-mayor and aldermen (whether freemen or not), from housekeepers not receiving parish relief. The charity is generally continued to the individuals for life; and of late has been chiefly bestowed among poor women.—13th Report, page 607.

Mary Musgrave's gift. Interest of 100*l.* to poor housekeepers of the parish of St. Helen's in Stonegate, and the interest of a like sum to poor housekeepers of the parish of St. Martin's in Coney-street.—13th Report, page 605.

Owram's gift. Interest of 20*l.* towards buying hats for the lord-mayor's sword and mace bearers.—13th Report, p. 605.

Sir Martin Bowes's gift. 2*l.* 10*s.* per annum: out of which 11*s.* 1*d.* is paid towards the repairs of St. Cuthbert's Church; 3*s.* 4*d.* to the minister; 1*s.* 5½*d.* to the clerk; 10*d.* to St. Thomas's Hospital. Residue in bread, &c. to St. Cuthbert's poor.—13th Report, page 606.

COAL CHARITIES. — *Lady Hewley's gift,* by will, dated 9th July 1707. Interest of 500*l.*, laid out in coals. Each alderman has a certain number of tickets, and the lord-mayor double the number. —13th Report, page 606.

Alderman Woodhouse's gift, by will, dated 24th June 1784. Dividends of 359*l.* 10*s.* 4*d.* in coals, to the poor of St. Sampson's parish.—13th Report, p. 606.

Alderman Myer's gift, by will, dated 3d November 1792. Dividends of 370*l.* four per cents. to the poor of the parishes of St. Michael in Spurriergate, and St. Mary in Castlegate.—13th Report, page 606.

CHARITIES UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF THE MERCHANT ADVENTURERS.

Trinity Hospital. For five poor men and five poor women: they receive 2*l.* every month, and allowances at Christmas, Easter, and Whitsuntide, respectively, and the whole is divided among them. These stipends appear to be derived in part from the following gifts.

Jane Stainton's gift, by will, dated 9th November 1692. A house in Coppergate, charged with the following annual payments, viz. 2*l.* to a merchant's widow; 15*s.* to the minister of All Saints in Pavement, for a sermon on the 30th January; 5*s.* in bread, to the poor who attend such sermon; 30*s.* to a schoolmistress, for teaching six poor girls to read, knit, and sew. — 12th Report, page 640.

Hall's and Healey's rent-charges. 7*s.* and 6*s.* 8*d.*—12th Report, page 641.

Alderman Herbert's gift, by will, dated 14th January 1644. 30*s.* to the end there should be a sermon every Michaelmas Court; 20*s.* to the clergyman, and 10*s.* to the poor widows in the hospital: if no sermon, the whole 30*s.* to be divided amongst the poor women.—12th Report, page 641.

Sarah Bawtry's gift, in 1694. Interest of 50*l.* among the poor widows.—12th Report, page 641.

William Garforth's gift, by deed, dated 11th October 1722. Rent-charge

of 5*l.* for the use of the poor widows.—12th Report, page 641.

Thistlethwaite's gift. Rent-charge of 2*l.* distributed quarterly.—12th Report, page 641.

Ann Smith's gift, in 1815. Interest of 100*l.* to the poor in the hospital on Christmas Eve.—12th Report, page 641.

Thomas Harper's gift, by will, dated 24th July 1816. Dividends on 90*l.* four per cents. to the poor in the hospital, on the 1st January.—12th Report, p. 641.

Henry Myers's gift, by will, dated 3d November 1792. Dividends on 105*l.* new fours, amongst the alms people.—12th Report, page 641. Torre's MS., page 853.

LOAN MONEY.

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF THE MERCHANT ADVENTURERS.

William Woller's gift, by will, dated 21st December 1597. 100*l.* to be lent to two young merchants for three years, without interest.

William Robinson's gift, by will, dated 17th December 1614. 40*l.* to be lent to four young merchants for five years, without interest.

William Hart's gift, by will, dated 10th May 1633. 600*l.* to be lent to 12 young merchants for five years, without interest.

Stephen Watson's gift, by will, dated 10th May 1659. 60*l.* to be lent to two young grocers for three years.

Lectureship in York Castle, founded 16th January 1634, by Phineas Hodgson, D.D. Chancellor of the Cathedral, and endowed with a rent-charge of 25*l.* per annum for a weekly lecture to the prisoners, except in the assize weeks, and at such times when by reason of infection, or otherwise, he shall be dispensed with by the Dean and Chapter. Patrons, the Dean and Chapter. Dr. Hodgson also left a rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum, for bread for the prisoners.

Torre's MS. page 863. Drake's Eboracum, page 288. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 239.

Population of York.

In 1801	- -	16,145
1811	- -	18,217
1821	- -	20,787
1831	- -	25,359

The population in 1801 was inaccurately taken, two parishes being omitted.

Value of Real Property.

In 1815	- -	£.44,369
1824	- -	53,668

Assessed Taxes.

In 1829	- -	£.11,607
1830	- -	11,605
1831	- -	11,513
1832	- -	11,287
1833	- -	11,002

Parochial Assessments.

In 1825	- -	£.7,763
1829	.. -	9,296

Houses in 1830.

20*l.* rent, and under	-	782
20*l.* and under 40*l.*	-	567
40*l.* and upwards	- -	240
		1,589
Freemen in 1833	- -	2,345
10*l.* occupiers	- -	545

Area of the Parishes in York.—2,720 acres.

Number of Livings, 23; one of which, viz., Holy Trinity Goodramgate with St. Maurice, has two Churches.

Extra-parochial Places.—The Minster Yard, Bedern, Newstreet, Mint Yard, St. Leonard's Place, and York Castle.

FULFORD.—SAINT OSWALD.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,940 acres. Ouse and Derwent wapentake.—POPULATION, 934 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150 [2]; NET VALUE, 96*l.* — This Chapel was given by Stephen, Earl of Britain, to the Abbot and Convent of Saint Mary's, York.

This Chapel has no dependence on any other Church, save that the inhabitants pay yearly 5*s.* to the churchwardens of St. Olave's, York, which they call St. Olave's Lights.

The patronage of this Chapel, after the Dissolution, was in the Meeks, and in 1778 the Keys of Water Fulford first

[1] Viz.: Gate Fulford, 905, and Water Fulford, 29; but as the Barracks are in this parish, the population fluctuates.—The population return of 1831 includes 100 persons inmates of a lunatic asylum. Water Fulford is partly within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] In 1818, the church room was returned at 140.

presented.—Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 28; vol. iii. page 50.

The Prebendary of Ampleford hath herein six acres of demesne meadow, and five bondmen, holding as many tenements, and eight oxgangs of land.

Also a cottager, holding one toft by certain rents and service.

The Prebendary hath jurisdiction of all these, and hath all the tithes in Fulford, both great and small.—Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 627.

10th July 1349, a commission issued out to Hugh, Bishop of Damascus, to dedicate the Chapel of Saint Oswald of Fulford and the cemetery thereof, which is dependent on the parish Church of Saint Mary's, York; in regard ecclesiastical sepulture had ceased therein, by reason of a pestilence, and great mortality had then reigned.

Patrons, the executors of T. Key, Esq.

Valued, in 1707, at 6*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 304, it is stated, "Vicarage, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Impropriation, 80*l.*;" and, in 1818, at 115*l.* per annum.

Augmented, in 1746, with 200*l.*, and in 1767, with 200*l.*, both by lot; in 1778, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from John Key, Esq.; in 1808, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from John Key, Esq., the patron; and in 1813, with 300*l.*, and 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 400*l.* from the Rev. Robert Sutton, the Incumbent.

19th June 1795, faculty to build a vestry and erect a gallery.

13th February 1819, faculty to re-pew the Church, and erect new pulpit, &c.

An Inclosure Act was passed 30th Geo. II.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1653. Entries of baptisms and burials deficient, 1666—1699; and marriages deficient, 1698, 1699.

Charities.—*Free School*, founded by deed, enrolled in Chancery 30th April 1771, for teaching twenty poor children in reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism. The Incumbent Curate is an official trustee. The income consists of an annual rent-charge of 9*l.* 12*s.*

Mrs. Mary Key's gift, by will, dated 26th June 1781. Interest of 100*l.* for repairing the school-house and purchasing books. Also, the interest of 150*l.*; two guineas to be paid for sermons; residue to be expended in bread to the poor every Sunday.

George Waite's gift, by will, dated 5th January 1803. Interest of 10*l.* in bread.

The above legacies are now invested in 435*l.* 12*s.* 7*d.* three per cent. consols.

Catherine Key's gift. Dividend of 104*l.* new four per cents., distributed in bread.

Benefaction Fund.—The sum of 100*l.*, of which 45*l.* were given by John Redman, Esq., and 10*l.* by Mrs. Eleanor Bailey, the interest to be given in bread; 5*l.* more by the Rev. Thomas Mosley and 35*l.* by Mr. William Smith, for the benefit of the poor; and 5*l.*, donor unascertained, is placed out on a turnpike-road security.—Vide 12th Report, p. 648.

Water Fulford. — St. Peter and St. Paul.—5th June 1585.—Forasmuch as the Church of St. Martin in Micklegate being the parish Church of Water Fulford, is almost two miles distant from it, Edwin Archbishop of York granted license to John Redman, Esq., his posterity and family, to hear Divine Service and have the Sacraments administered in the Chapel of Fulford, and also to bury their dead therein.

No Chapel is now standing at Water Fulford.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 627.

NABURN.—United to St. Dennis.—Area, 2,720 acres. Ouse and Derwent wapentake.—Population, 420; Church-room, 150.

Glebe house fit for residence.

25th September 1742, faculty to build a new Chapel.—The Register Books commence in 1653.

Inclosure Act passed 6th Geo. III.

Charities.—*E. Loftus*, in 1784. Dividends of 137*l.* 14*s.* 3*d.* four per cents. for educating ten children.

J. Hebden's gift. Interest of 5*l.*, given in money.—Vide 10th Report, page 667.

Post town, York.

DEANERY OF NEW AINSTY.

ABERFORD. — ST. RICHARD. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 3,820 acres. Barkston Ash and Skirack wapentakes, L. D[1]. — POPULATION, 925[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 550[3]; NET VALUE, 305*l.* —The manor of Aberford formerly belonged to the Barons de Spencer, who in 35th Edw. I. obtained a charter for a weekly market on Wednesday there, and also a yearly fair on the eve, day, and morrow, after the feast of St. Dionis.

The Church was formerly of the patronage of the family of the Walkynghams, knights, Lords of Ravenesthorpe. It was appropriated to Oriel College, Oxford, and a Vicarage ordained 9th March 1331. The College still presents.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

There was a Chantry here.

The Church of Aberford is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 16*l.* In the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 6*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.* Synodals 4*s.* and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 339, at 26*l.* Augmented in 1739 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Oriel College, Oxford; and in 1764 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. John Perfect.

An Inclosure Act was passed 6th Geo. IV.

CHARITIES. — *John Hick's charity.* Rent of two acres of land, distributed in bread and money.

Lady Betty Hastings' charity. 10*l.* 10*s.* per annum, for teaching 30 free scholars, and 40*s.* per annum, for bread and wine for the Communion.

Cryer's charity. Interest of 6*l.* for the Parlington poor, and was placed in the hands of a Mrs. Susannah Sampson, but payment has not been made for many years.—Vid. 15th Report, page 632.

9th December 1768, licence to erect a gallery.

12th April 1794, faculty to erect another gallery.

21st March 1800, faculty to take down part of the church-yard wall, and on the site thereof to build a wall, which should form part of the house of Sir Thomas Gascoigne, Bart.

The impropriators are charged with the rebuilding the Chancel when need requires, but the Vicar is charged with the repairs.

The Register books commence in 1540. The entries of marriages in 1555, 1588 —1590, are deficient.

There is a glebe house fit for residence, which was rebuilt under a faculty granted 3d July 1739.

A post town.

Torre's MS. page 223. Abp. Sharp's MS vol. i. page 97.

[1] That part of the township which is east of the river cock, is in the parish of Sherburn. The Parliamentary Commissioners recommended such part to be united to Aberford parish.

[2] Viz. Aberford, 644; Parlington, 207; and Sturton Grange, 74. In 1834, population returned at 901. The township of Aberford is partly in Upper Barkstone Ash wapentake; it also extends into the jurisdiction of St. Peter of York.

[3] Three hundred additional free sittings have been obtained, towards which a grant of 150*l.* was made by the Society.

ACASTER MALBIS.—HOLY TRINITY. — (*Perpetual Curacy*) — Area, 4,500 acres. Ouse and Derwent wapentake[1]. — POPULATION, 707; CHURCH-ROOM, 180[2]; NET VALUE, 56*l.* — The town of Acaster Malbis contained four carucates of land, held by the Malbys. The Malbys, from whom the town takes its name, flourished here for some centuries after the Conquest; till at length a daughter, and heiress, of this family was married to Fairfax of Walton, created Viscount Emley.

Acaster is a discharged Vicarage, according to Bacon, page 1108, but it is now held as a perpetual curacy, appropriated, says Mr. Torre, to the Abbey of Newburgh, by Richard Malbys (whose family had long been patrons), and a Vicarage ordained 15th January 1348.

[1] Part of Acaster is in the Ainsty.

[2] In 1818, a return was made of 300 sittings.

This appropriation seems to have escaped the notice of Dugdale, Burton, and Tanner. The endowment is given by Drake.

The Fairfaxes had the presentation, but the present patron and impropriator is F. Lawley, Esq.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation the Church is valued at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* and in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 5*l.* 6*s.* 4*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 537, it is called "A Rectory impropriate, belonging to the Lord Fairfax, and charged with 12*l.* per annum to the minister."

Augmented in 1772 with 200*l.*; in 1788 with 200*l.*; in 1810 with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1828 with 400*l.*, all by lot; and in 1832 with 200*l.*, and 200*l.* to meet benefactions of 300*l.* from Francis Lawley, Esq. M.P. the patron, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees, and in the same year with 200*l.* by lot.

Vid. Drake, Torre's MS. page 321, and Gent, for an account of the monuments. Torre also gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

"This parish," says the Parliamentary Commissioners, "being only three quarters of a mile from Bishopthorpe, we think fit that both it and Dringhouses be annexed to Bishopthorpe, and both the Church of Acaster and Chapel at Dringhouses to be dissolved."

The Register Books commence in 1693.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as unfit for residence, being very small, thatched roof, &c.; and in 1834, the return was "no glebe house."

Parochial Charities.—No returns.

Post town, York.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book, pages 117. 158. 205. 228. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 62. Nonæ Roll. page 228. Torre's MS. page 319. Burton's Monasticon, pages 148. 276. 340. Drake's Eboracum, page 384. Gent's Ripon, page 63.

ACOMB[1], ST. STEPHEN. — (*Discharged Vicarage. A Peculiar.*)—Area, 2330 acres. Ainsty.—POPULATION, 882[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 607[1]; NET VALUE, 109*l.* —Archbishop Walter Grey gave this Church to the treasurer of the Church of York, to whom it was appropriated 10 Kal. September 1228, and on 3 Id. January 1313, a Vicarage was ordained, which was augmented in 1414.

The Rev. Thomas Tireman is patron.

Impropriators, various proprietors.

At the Dissolution the tithes of Knapton, which formerly belonged to Saint Mary's Abbey, were given to the Archbishoprick of York.

The tithe corn and hay of Holgate belong to the Dean and Chapter.

In Dringhouses, six tenements, with certain crofts and about 12 acres of land, belonged to the treasurer, who had also jurisdiction of the inhabitants.

This parish is not mentioned in Pope Nicholas's Taxation. In the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 3*l.* 9*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 533, at 11*l.* per annum.

The Vicarage was augmented in 1764 with 200*l.* to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from the executors of the Rev. Marmaduke Buck; and in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, and in 1815 with 400*l.* from the same grant, both by lot.

Acomb township was inclosed by an Act of the 14th Geo. III. and Knapton township by an Act of the 28th Geo. III.

The Peculiar Court of Acomb exercises (except when inhibited as hereinafter mentioned) the right of granting marriage licences, and also probates of wills and letters of administration of persons dying within the parish of Acomb, except in cases where the deceased left bona notabilia within the province of York, sufficient to found the jurisdiction of the Prerogative Court of York; and also except in cases where it becomes necessary to proceed by citation and decree of court, in which last-mentioned cases, in consequence of the Peculiar Court being supposed to have no contentious jurisdiction, the proceedings, till 1830, took place in the Dean and Chapter's Court of York, and the

[1] Anciently called Ascham.

[2] Viz. Acomb, 762; Knapton, 120. The parish includes a small part of Dringhouses and Holgate.

[1] Of which number 212 are free sittings; 300*l.* was contributed by the Society. The Church was rebuilt in 1830. The old Church would only contain 350 persons.

wills were proved or administrations granted by that Court. In that year, however, the Court commenced the exercise of contentious jurisdiction, by issuing a citation for a faculty to take down and rebuild the Church, notice having been previously served, in order that the Dean and Chapter might contest the point of jurisdiction if they thought fit; but no opposition being made, the Commissary of the Peculiar Court proceeded to pronounce a decree for a faculty,—since which a citation has issued in a cause of non-payment of Church rates.

The Peculiar Court of Acomb is inhibited from exercising any jurisdiction whatever pending the primary or ordinary visitations of the Archbishop of York; the inhibition is generally in force for six months, during which period such wills or administrations as would have otherwise been taken in the Peculiar are taken in the Consistory Court of York.

The Dean and Chapter of York also claim the right of occasionally visiting the Peculiars, over which they have contentious jurisdiction, on which occasion they inhibit, amongst others, the Peculiar of Acomb for about six months, during which time they exercise the jurisdiction which would otherwise be exercised by the Peculiar Court. Several old wills and records of grants of administration are deposited in the Dean and Chapter's Registry.

The wills and records of grants of administration, now in the custody of the Registrar, are 89 in number; the earliest is dated in 1709. They are kept in an oak box, provided for that purpose, in the office of the Registrar, situate in High Petergate, in the City of York.

This jurisdiction formerly belonged to the treasurer of the Church of York. The right to appoint an Official and Registrar was decided in 1829, by the Court of King's Bench, to be vested in James Earnshaw Baker, Esq. of Acomb Park.

The monuments are noticed by Torre.

5th July 1787, 22d February 1811, and 5th August 1817, faculties were granted for erecting galleries.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as unfit for residence, being "very small, little more than a hut;" and is still unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1695. There is a chasm from 1749 to 1760, the book having been burnt; but see the transcripts in the Registrar's Office for the Peculiar, where are also to be found some transcripts as far back as 1663.

CHARITIES.—*Peter Hill's gift*, by will, dated 20th September 1632. Rent charge of 2*l.* per annum, on St. Thomas's-day.

William Burdus's gift, by will, date not mentioned. Rent charge 35*s.* per annum, on Good Friday.

George Easby's gift. 2*l.* 12*s.* per annum rent charge, for bread to the poor every Sunday.

Beck's gift. Rent charge of 10*s.* per annum, towards the repairs of the Church.

Thomas Mealby's gift. Rent charge of 5*s.* per annum, towards the repairs of the Church.

Lady Hewley's charity. 5*l.* per annum, towards the education of 10 poor children.

Miss Percevall's gift. 5*l.* per annum, to national schools, and 5*l.* per annum to the poor.

Day's and Metcalfe's gifts. Interest of two sums of 5*l.* each: lost.

Beatrix Everard's charity. Interest of 25*l.* Principal lost by bankruptcy.

John Knowles's charity, by will, dated 18th August 1603. Rent of two closes at Clifton, containing rather more than two acres of land. Fourteen children taught reading, writing, and accounts, for which a schoolmaster receives a share of the rent, in the proportion which 100*l.* bears to 30*l.* Residue given to the poor in flour and money.—Vid. 11th Report, page 713.

Post town, York.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book, pages 196. 211. Nonæ Roll, page 229. Torre's MS. Peculiars, page 513. Drake's Eboracum, page 397. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 281. 340. Gent's Ripon, page 4.

ASKHAM BRYAN.—ST. NICHOLAS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1920 acres. Ainsty.—POPULATION, 341; CHURCH-ROOM, 170; NET VALUE, 120*l.* —The town contained eight carucates

of land held of the fee of Mowbray. And Bryan Fitzallan held the town of the honour of Richmond, rendering 5*s.* per annum to the warden of the Castle of Richmond.

The Priory of Healough had lands and a mill here.

The Church was appropriated to the Abbey of St. Mary's York, but no Ordination of a Vicarage appears to have been found by Mr. Torre or Dr. Ducarel.

Archbishop Sharp says, "this was heretofore a Chapel to Askham Richard, and that is the reason why it pays no tenths, nor Procurations, nor Synodals." In the Valor Ecc., however, 2*s.* for Synodals, and 7*s.* 6*d.* for Procurations, are named.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation the Church is valued at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

The value in the King's Books (where it is returned as a Vicarage endowed with Mans. cum 2 Acr. Terr. de Gleba. Oblac. Decim. personal. Gallin. Porcel. Lan. et Agn.) is 2*l.* 9*s.* 10*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 528, the Vicarage is valued at 8*l.* per annum. A fee farm rent of 20 nobles per annum is stated to be paid out of the Rectory to the Commonwealth.

Augmented in 1721 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of land worth upwards of 200*l.* from Mr. Samuel Clarke, Sir A. Kaye, and others. In 1764 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 50*l.* from Peter Johnson, Esq. and 150*l.* from the executors of the Rev. M. Buck; and in 1803, with 200*l.* and 200*l.* to meet benefaction from Stephen Croft, Esq. of a messuage and lands worth upwards of 400*l.*

Patron, H. Croft, Esq.

In Michaelmas Term, 44th Elizabeth, there was a decree in the Exchequer as to tithes, which is unreported.

An inclosure took place under an Act passed 51st Geo. III.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Parliamentary Commissioners recommended that Copmanthorpe being three miles from the parish Church of Bishophill Junior, and but three quarters of a mile from Askham Bryan, be annexed to Askham Bryan.

The lord of the manor (which comprises the township of Askham Bryan only) has the right of granting probates of wills and letters of administration. The wills and administration bonds are kept by H. Croft, Esq. the lord of the manor, who resides at Stillington, or by the Steward. In 1829, the Steward returned that no wills had been proved or administrations granted within the last 20 years.

The Register Books commence in 1695.

Charities.—*Poor's land.* Six acres left by William Alderson, and 5a. 2r. purchased with money left by the Rev. Mr. Hudson and others. Seven poor children taught out of the rent of part of the land.

Wade's rent charge. 10*s.*

Poor's money. Interest of 30*l.*

Samuel Clarke's gift, in 1754. Interest of 30*l.* given in coals.

Mrs. Holling's gift, in 1732. Interest of 3*l.* given in bread and ale.

Robert Hobson's charity, by will, dated 3d July 1800. Interest of 100*l.* of which 10*s.* is to be paid to the minister for a sermon on Ash Wednesday. 25*s.* to the poor on that day, and the remainder to be applied in educating five poor children in reading and writing.

Lady Hewley's charity. 6*l.* per annum, for teaching 12 poor children to read.—Vid. 10th Report, page 715.

Post town, York.

Vid. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, pages 117. 210. 242. 244. Torre's MS. page 336. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 65. Burton's Monasticon, page 281. Drake's Eboracum, page 391. Nonæ Roll, page 228.

ASKHAM RICHARD[1].—ST. MARY. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 960 acres. Ainsty.—Population, 234[2]; Church-room, 230; Net value, 200*l.* —Roger de Mowbray, when he was about to go to the Holy Land, gave to his friend William de Tykhill all the manor and town of Askham Richard, with the advowson of the Church; and many lands, &c. in the said town, were subsequently given by sundry persons to the Abbey of Bridlington. And William de Walton gave one toft, with all his arable

[1] Or West Askham.

[1] In 1834, the population was stated to be 236.

land or meadows, and also William Troys his villain, with all his family and castle, to the said abbey; all which grants were confirmed by Walter, son of William de Mowbray.

This Church was appropriated to the Priory of Nun Monckton by William de Archis, and Ivetta his wife, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 8th Id. March, 1329.—Torre's MS. See a catalogue of the Vicars. The substance of the endowment is given by Burton.

Patron, H. Croft, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* and in the King's Books the Vicarage is valued at 4*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 531, the Vicarage is valued at 21*l.* per annum. The commissioners thought that an augmentation of 40*l.* per annum should either be granted out of the Rectory of Marston, or the town of Angram, with the whole profits thereof, annexed to this parish Church, being much nearer thereto.

Augmented in 1768 with 200*l.* to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Rev. Thomas Nelson, and 100*l.* from the Rev. James Willoughby.

An Inclosure Act was passed 53d Geo. III.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

8th October 1753, Archbishop Gilbert granted a licence to alter the Vicarage barn.

The Register Books commence in 1579.

CHARITY.—*The Rev. Mr. Hudson's charity*, left in 1736. Rent of seven acres, expended in money, coals, and clothing.—Vid. 10th Report, page 716.

Post town, York.

Vid. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, 117. 218. 242. 244. Torre's MS. page 331. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 64. Burton's Monast. 87 and 214. Drake's Eboracum, page 391. Nonæ Roll, page 228.

BARDSEY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,380 acres. Skirack wapentake, L.D[1].—POPULATION, 352[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[2]; NET VALUE, 270*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Chapel of St. Mary and the Holy Angels at York, to which it was given by Richard de Moreville, and a Vicarage was ordained therein, 4 Non. Maii. 1258.

The Advowson previous to the appropriation was in the Archbishop of York.

Torre also notices a decree made 12 Kal. Maii. A.D. 1291, relative to the tithe of lands belonging to the Abbey of Kirkstall.

Patron and impropriator, Geo. Lane Fox, Esq. The impropriator is charged with the annual payment of three marks, to be distributed among the poor of the parish.

The value in the King's Books is 4*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* per annum. Synodals, 4*s.* Procurations, 6*s.* 8*d.* And in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 341, it is stated at 13*l.* per annum.

The Vicarage was augmented in 1732 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of tithes, worth upwards of 200*l.*, from Lady Elizabeth Hastings, and in 1792 with 200*l.* by lot.

The Church is not mentioned in Domesday Book: the founder is unknown. "The Church," says Dr. Whitaker, "is a beautiful one, with all its constituent parts, side aisles, porch, tower, and choir, all entire." The doctor gives a catalogue of the Vicars, and a view of the porch and interior of the Church.

The Parliamentary Commissioners recommended that East Keswick and half of Wyke should be taken from Harewood and annexed to Bardsey.

7th October 1488, Edmund Malleverer, Esq. made his will, proved 29th January 1493, giving his soul to God Almighty, St. Mary, and All Saints, and his body to be buried on the north side of the choir, between the revestry and the altar of St. Mary the Virgin, and bequeathed for his mortuary his best horse, with "Phedrers" and the entire arms of his body, scil. bas. curasse coverplate and le salet.—Torre's MS. 364.

Torre and Dr. Whitaker give the inscriptions and monuments.

[1] Wike township is partly in Bardsey parish and partly in Harewood parish, but wholly entered in the latter.

[1] Viz. Bardsey with Rigton, 331; Wothersome, 21. Population returned at 388 in 1834.

[2] In 1818, stated at 400.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as unfit for residence, on account of "its small size, damp, and bad situation," and is still unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1538, but they are deficient in many parts.

CHARITIES.—*Queen Elizabeth's dole*, vid. Thorparch. 2*l.* per annum, amongst poor persons at Christmas.

Isabel Lister's dole, by will, about 1700. 2*l.* per annum, to the poor of Bardsey and Rigton.

William Lister's gift, in 1732. Interest of 40*l.*: lost.

Widow Proctor's gift. 5*s.* per annum, rent charge: lost.

Parish School, founded, in 1726, by Lord Bingley, and endowed with 26 acres of land. Charges moderate, but no free scholars.—Vid. 15th Report, page 649.

Post town, Wetherby.

Torre's MS. page 363. Burton's Monasticon, page 290. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 160. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 94.

BARWICK IN ELMET. — ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 8,030 acres. Skirack wapentake, L.D. —POPULATION, 1,922[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[2]; NET VALUE, 1,352*l.*—The Church belonged to the patronage of the Barons Lacy, Earls of Lincoln, and from them, by the marriage of Alice de Lacy with Thomas Plantagenet, came to the Dukes of Lancaster. The patronage is now in the King, as Duke of Lancaster, and it is exercised by the Chancellor of the Duchy.

The Church of Barwick is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 30*l.* and in the King's Books at 33*l.* 12*s.* 4*d.* And in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 325, at 200*l.* per annum. There is a pension of 1*l.* 5*s.* payable thereout, to one of the Prebendaries of the Chapel at Pontefract Castle, and 2*s.* 8*d.* to the Archbishop for Synodals.

There was a Chantry in this Church.

The monks of Selby had lands here, which were confirmed to them by King Richard I.

An Act was passed in the 36th Geo. III. for inclosing the open fields and commons within the parish; another Act was passed in the 49th Geo. III. for rendering valid the proceedings of the Commissioners, but which last-mentioned Act is not printed.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

There is a curious Saxon mound in this parish, called Wendel Hill. Dr. Whitaker supposes this to have been the work of Edwin, King of Northumberland.

Thoresby gives a catalogue of the Rectors, which is continued by Dr. Whitaker.

CHARITIES.—*John Riley*, by will, dated 17th July, 19th Elizabeth, devised to the parson and churchwardens a messuage called the Creadle, on London Bridge, on condition that they should on every Sunday deliver to twelve poor parishioners one penny loaf and one penny in money. The premises were sold in 1765, and 300*l.* were then laid out in the purchase of a close, called Mapplegate Flat, in the township of Barwick, the rent of which is applied according to the will, and the surplus distributed to the poor.

Naute's, and other benefactions. The sum of 40*l.*, being the amount of three benefactions given by persons named Naute, Dineley, and Ingle, was laid out in 1719, together with 240*l.* belonging to the parishioners, in the purchase of copyhold land at Scholes. 40*s.* a year has uniformly been paid out of the rent, and distributed on St. Thomas's Day.

DOLES.—*Mary Thompson*. 20*s.* per annum for poor widows of Barwick and Potterton, out of land at Potterton.

Mr. Barnby. 10*s.* per annum, for the poor of Scholes, Morrick, and Windmoor Side, out of a cottage and land at Scholes.

Robert Shore. 5*s.* for the poor of the outside of Barwick township, out of a

[1] Viz. Barwick in Elmet, 1608; and Roundhay, 314. The townships of Barnboro', Kiddall with Potterton, and Norwick with Scoles, all of which in 1821 made separate returns, are now included in the return of the township of Barwick. Sixty-six men are employed in coal-mines and quarries in these townships. In 1834, the population was only returned at 1608, but which probably excluded Roundhay.

[2] In 1818, the church-room was returned at 500.

house and land at Morrick. All distributed by the churchwardens and overseers.

School land. Rent of 10 acres, paid for teaching children nominated by the rector and churchwardens, reading, writing, and accounts. Free scholars, 14.—Vid. 15th Report, page 650.

The Parish Register commences in 1653.

Post town, Aberford.

Torre's MS. page 145. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 96. Valor Ecc. vol. v. page . Ducat. Leod. page 233. Loidis et Elmete, page 152. Burton's Monast. page 390.

ROUNDHAY.—(*Parish of Barwick in Elmet.*)—POPULATION, 314; CHURCH-ROOM, 360; NET VALUE, 103*l.*—The Parliamentary Commissioners gave the following recommendation:—"Roundhaye, alias Roundhaye Park, which being distant from its parish Church of Barwick three miles, we think fit to divide from it; and Shadwell, in the parish of Thorner, distant from its parish Church two miles; and Brandon, in the parish of Harwood, and distant from its parish Church two miles; and all three we think them fit to be made one parish of themselves, and for that end a parish Church to be built at Roundhaye, at the discretion of Mr. Nathaniel Jackson, the minister. And in regard he doth now freely offer to part with Roundhaye, and profits thereof, towards the maintenance of a minister in the new parish Church, we think it fit that he have the sole nomination of the first minister that shall be presented thereto."—Vol. xviii. p. 325.

A Chapel was built a few years ago, under the authority of an Act of Parliament, 5 Geo. IV. cap. 21, and marriages may be celebrated therein.

Post town, Leeds.

BILBROUGH.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,410 acres. Ainsty wapentake.—POPULATION, 228[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 190; NET VALUE, 186*l.*—An unaugmented Curacy tenable with any preferment. This Church was appropriated to the Abbey of Newburgh, but no Vicarage was ever ordained therein.

It was anciently, says Archbishop Sharp, a Chapel in the parish of Askham Richard.

There is a Church or Chapel, says Archbishop Sharp, which hath right of sepulture, and had a Chantry founded in the Chapel of St. Saviour's at the east end of the kirk, by John Norton, lord of the town in 1492.

Patron, T. L. Fairfax, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 12*l.*; also see Nonæ Rolls, page 228. The certified value of the Curacy, about 1707, was 46*l.* 6*s.* 10*d.*

The Parliamentary Commissioners, in vol. xviii. page 511, made the following report:—"No certain maintenance, except 14 nobles per annum, paid by the Receiver-General of the Commonwealth. We think fit that the towns or manors of Colton and Steeton, and all the street houses in the parish of Bolton Percy lying almost two miles thence, and much nearer to the Church of Bilbrough, and better ways to it, be divided from Bolton parish and annexed to Bilbrough, and the tithes and other profits thereof arising to the church out thence, go along therewith as annexed to Bilbrough, towards maintenance of a preaching minister in the same, being worth about 60*l.* per annum. And that the parishioners of the same parish may erect a new parish Church, so as may stand conveniently for the use of the said towns of Steeton, Colton, and Bilbrough. The lord mayor and aldermen of York shall appoint the place, in case the parishioners cannot agree thereof, towards the charge whereof we think fit and desire, that two years' profits of the tithes and church dues arising within Steeton and Colton may be allowed there. And that the posterity of Colonel Sir William Fairfax, knight, deceased, may have the use of their ancient Chapel in Bolton Church, for burial and other uses, as formerly they have had at their will and pleasure."

The impropriator of the great and small tithes is entitled to receive them in kind.—Fairfax *v.* Wright, 4 Wood, page 216.

Lord Thomas Fairfax, by will, settled

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 250.

all his tithes upon this parish after the death of Mr. Strutton, a nonconforming minister. He died in 1671, and was buried in the Church.

There is no glebe house.

The Register books commence in 1695.

CHARITIES. — *Christopher Wright's charity*, by will, 16th June 1694. Rent of three acres of land.

Christopher Blythe's gift, in 1766. Interest of 20*l.*—Vid. 10th Report, page 716.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. page 336. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 66. Drake's Eboracum, page 391.

BILTON.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—ST. HELEN. — (*A Peculiar.*) — Area, 4,150 acres. Ainsty. — POPULATION, 894[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 304; NET VALUE, 131*l.*—The Church was of the patronage of the Prioress and Convent of Synningthwaite, to whom it was given by —— till 11 Kal. A.D. 1293, Archbishop Romaine, on the submission of those nuns, constituted it a new prebend in the cathedral, and on the 7th Kal. November 1295, a Vicarage was ordained.

The Prebendary of Bilton is the Patron.

The Church of Bilton is valued in the taxation of Pope Nicholas at 20*l.* and the Vicarage is valued in the King's Books at 3*l.* 16*s.* per annum; the certified value in 1818 was 124*l.* Synodals, 4*s.*

The Vicarage was augmented in 1761 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the trustees of the Rev. Marmaduke Buck, and in 1817 with 300*l.* by lot, from the Parliamentary grant.

An inclosure of the township of Tockwith took place 32d Geo. III.

In No. 36 of the Notitia Parochialis, is the following notice: "A small Vicarage under 30*l.* per annum. Value was augmented in Charles II.'s time with 20 marks per annum by the Prebendary. The Prebendary presents. The Vicarage is endowed with small tithes, wool and lamb excepted."—(Signed) Robert Birdsall, vic.

[1] Viz. Bickerton, 150; Bilton, 197; Tockwith, 547. In 1834, the population was returned at 907.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 546, it is stated, "Vicarage 18*l.* per annum. We think fit that the township of Wilstrop in the Ainsty, and the river of Nidd running betwixt oftentimes stopping the passage to the said Church, be divided from Hamerton and annexed to Bilton, together with the profits arising."

The town of Bilton contained nine carucates of land, held by Stephen de Waleys and Alice le Vavasour, of the heirs of Brus, who held it of Roger de Mowbray, and he of the King in capite, by the rent of 8*d.* per annum.

Henry Fitz Wido gave to the Church at Synningthwaite, one oxgang of land in Bilton.

And Jordan de Santa Maria and Alice his wife gave to the said nunnery, with the body of their son Richard, two oxgangs of land, with a croft and toft in Bilton. And Galfred Hugil gave them half a carucate of land there.

The Priory of Heleaugh had 16 oxgangs of land here, and also a rent charge; and the Priory of Synningthwaite had also possessions in Bilton.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1571.

CHARITIES.—*The School*, founded by Hall Plumer, Esq. in June 1805. House and half an acre of land. The master is paid 5*l.* per annum for 10 free scholars.

Lord Wharton's Bible charity. Ten Bibles and 12 Catechisms are annually distributed by the Vicar.—Vid. 10th Report, page 717.

At Syningthwaite, in this parish, was a nunnery of the Cistercian order; and at Skewkirk was a cell of the Priory of Nostell.—Mon. Ang. vol. v. page 463, vol. vi. page 102.

Post town, York.

Nonæ Roll, page 227. Torre's MS. Peculiars, page 861. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 283. Drake's Eboracum, page 393. Burton's Monasticon, pages 281. 325. Mon. Ang. vol. v. page 463.

BIRKIN.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 5,890 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, L. D. — POPULATION,

783[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 1,008*l.*—The Church formerly belonged to the patronage of the Byrkins and the Everinghams. The last presentation was by the devisees of the late Rev. Thomas Wright. In the year 1284, the Archbishop collated by reason of lapse, because the patron, Adam de Everingham, was then under excommunication for laying violent hands on F. de Eyton, clerk. He had afterwards letters of absolution.—Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 89.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Patron, the Rev. T. Hill.

The Church of Birkin is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books at 36*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 247, at 160*l.* per annum. The Valor. Ecc. of King Henry VIII. mentions 10 acres of glebe. Synodals, 7*s.* 6*d.* Procurations, 4*s.*

In 1328, a Chantry was founded in this Church by Sir John Everyngham, knight, Lord of Birkin.

An Act was passed in the 28th Geo. III. for inclosing and draining; another Act in the 39th Geo. III. for inclosing the township of Hurst Courtney; and another Act (not printed) passed 49th Geo. III. for inclosing the township of Birkin.

There is a glebe house fit for residence, which was rebuilt under a faculty granted 20th September 1764.

TEMPLE HURST.—A preceptory of the Knights Templars was established here. —Mon. Ang. vol. vi. page 817.

The Register Books commence in 1684, but are very imperfect till 1772—vid. transcripts at York. There are a few scattered and imperfect leaves on parchment, scarcely legible, prior to 1684.

CHARITIES.—*Customary donation.* By ancient custom, the owners for the time being of two estates in West Haddlesey have been used to distribute each of them two bushels of bread-corn yearly, among poor persons of the township. The render of the corn is considered in the nature of a charge on the land. The estates, at the time of making the report, were in the hands of Mrs. Davison.

[1] Viz. Birkin, 129; Haddlesey, 196; West Haddlesey, 296; Hurst Courtney, 117; and Hurst Temple, 135. Returned in 1834 at 1000.

Lost Charities.—Two sums of 20*l.* each, formerly given by Elizabeth Denham for the poor of the townships of Chapel Haddlesey and Temple Hurst, have long been lost.—Vid. 15th Report, page 633.

Post town, Ferrybridge.

Nonæ Roll, page 227. Torre's MS. page 373. Wood's MS. Bodleian, No. 5101, (Inscriptions, &c.)

EAST HADDLESEY.—(*Parish of Birkin.*)—Barkston Ash wapentake, L.D. —POPULATION, vid. Birkin; CHAPEL-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, vid. Birkin.—The Chapel is unaugmented. Torre gives the particulars of the foundation of this Chapel, and the ordination made thereon by Walter Grey, 9th February 1312, who provided that if any burial should take place either in the Chapel or Chapel-yard, then shall the Chapel be put under ecclesiastical interdict, ipso facto, until the bodies be taken up and buried at Birkin.

This town belonged anciently to the Bella Aquas, and from them descended to the Stapiltons of Carleton, and at last came to the Methams, knights.

36 Hen. III. Nicholas Stapilton obtained a charter of free warren in all his demesne lands of East and Middle Haddlesey.

Patron, the Rev. T. Hill, or the Rector.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 248, it is recommended to be made a parish Church, "and to have one-third part of the profits of the Rectory."

Here was also a Chantry, founded in 1331, by John de Hathelesey, citizen of York.—Torre's MS. page 380.

Parochial Charities, 15th Report, page 633.

No returns as to Registers.

Post town, Selby.

Torre's MS. page 379. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 89.

WEST, OR MIDDLE HADDLESEY. —ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—*Parish of Birkin.*—Here was also a Chantry founded by the Stapiltons, knights.—Torre's MS. page 381.

There is now no Chapel here.

BISHOPTHORPE[1].—SAINT ANDREW.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area 760 acres. Ainsty wapentake.—POPULATION, 445; CHURCH-ROOM, 290; NET VALUE, 134*l.*—In the town of Thorpe St. Andrew are three carucates of land, whereof Robert Bustard held two carucates of the King in capite, at the rent of four marks per annum; and the Archbishop of York held 10 oxgangs of the fee of Lutterell; and Robert de Holdebert held six oxgangs of Richard de Malbys, of the honour of Eye, at the rent of 6*d.* per annum; and the Prior of St. Andrew's in York, held 17 oxgangs in the same town.

The Church was appropriated by Archbishop Gifford, in 1269, to the Priory of St. Clement's, near York, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 1st November 1269. See the particulars of this ordination in Torre's MS. and Drake's Eboracum. The Vicar is charged with the reparation of the Chancel, but at the new building thereof shall bear only his proportion.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown, but by Act of Parliament, 20th Geo. II. cap. 20, it was restored to the Archbishop in exchange for Helperby.

F. Lawley, Esq. and representatives of A. Barlow, Esq. are the impropriators.

1 Kal. April, 1241, Archbishop Walter Grey ordained a Chantry in the Chapel of Thorpe St. Andrew.

Not named in Pope Nicholas's Taxation. Value of the Vicarage in the King's Books 4*l.* per annum, and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 536, it is stated to be above the annual value of 20*l.*

Augmented in 1729 with 200*l.* to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from Archbishop Blackburn, and in 1731 with 200*l.* to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from the Archbishop of York.

An inclosure Act was passed 30th Geo. II., and another 3d George IV. as to Middlethorpe Stray.

The Parliamentary Commissioners recommended that Dringhouses, and also Acaster Malbis be annexed to this parish.

[1] Anciently called Thorpe St. Andrew.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

An additional burial-ground was consecrated 16th October 1767.

The Register Books commence in 1692.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Annotson's gift*, by will, in 1659, 2A. 1R. 2P. of land. Rent distributed to the poor by the minister.

Richard Maurice's poor's land. Rent of one acre, bought with 20*l.* given in 1719.

Charles Crossby's gift. 26*s.* per annum in bread, for six widows, and 20*s.* to the poor in money.

Thomas Earby's gift, by will, in 1693. Rent charge of 40*s.* per annum, to the schoolmaster.—Vid. 11th Report, page 714.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. page 325. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 61. 338. Drake's Eboracum, page 382. Gent's Ripon, page 63. Hargrove's York, vol. ii. page 517. Mountain's Cawood, page 26. Nonæ Roll, page 230.

BOLTON PERCY. — (*Rectory in charge.*)—ALL SAINTS.—Area, 7,320 acres. Ainsty. — POPULATION, 993[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 1,540*l.* —The Church of Bolton was given by Picot de Percy to the Priory of Nostell, but on 4 Kal. December, A.D. 1150, the Prior and Convent of Nostell transferred the patronage thereof to the Archbishop of York and his successors for ever.

The Rectory is valued in Pope Nicholas's Survey at 40*l.*, and in the King's Books at 39*l.* 15*s.* 2*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 540, at 250*l.* per annum. Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

On the 10th January 1323, Pope John XXIII. appropriated the Rectory to the table of Archbishop Melton during his life, granting him power to reduce the Church to its pristine state. Whereupon the said Archbishop collated Robert Byngham to serve as Vicar during the union for the term of his life, assigning him a competent portion for a maintenance.

[1] Viz. Appleton Roebuck, 538; Bolton Percy, 220; Colton, 150; and Steeton, 85. The township of Appleton Roebuck has decreased in population 47 persons, attributed to emigration.

The Church was built by Thomas Parker, who died Rector in 1423, and on the 8th July 1424, a commission was granted to the Bishop of Dromore to consecrate the Church and church-yard, also the high altar of the Church, newly erected and built.

Torre gives a list of the Rectors to Tobias Wickham, 1660, which is also given by Drake.

In Gent's Ripon is a rude draught of the Church, and an account of the monuments, pulpit, bells, and painted glass.

William de Percy gave one acre of land here to the nuns of Nun Appleton.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

There was an Act passed in the 37th Geo. III. for inclosing the parish.

CHARITIES.—*Day's gift*, 1763. The Rev. Francis Day left 50*l.* to the poor, the interest to be distributed yearly by the minister and churchwardens to poor persons who do not receive alms, placed on good security.

21*l.*, given by an unknown individual, placed on good security, and the interest distributed to the poor of the township of Bolton Percy.

Benjamin Reynolds, by will, dated 15th May 1807, bequeathed 100*l.*, to be placed on good security, and the interest disposed of for the relief of poor persons belonging to the township of Bolton Percy, and not receiving parochial assistance. Invested in the York Savings' Bank.

Lindsay's charity, 1769. Dame Mary, wife of Sir John Lindsay, Knight, and daughter of the late Sir William Milner, Bart., gave 200*l.* in bank stock, the interest to be distributed among the poor of the townships of Bolton Percy and Appleton Roebuck, at the discretion of the owner of Nun Appleton, who, with the rector, are perpetual trustees. The stock is now increased, and 10 guineas is paid to a schoolmaster at Bolton Percy for the instruction of boys, and a like sum to a man and his wife at Appleton Roebuck for teaching girls. The remainder of the dividends is distributed partly in money, and partly in flour, blankets, &c.

James Moyser, Esq., of Appleton, left a rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum, paid out of an estate at Appleton Roebuck, for the poor every Christmas day.

Poor's Stock.—25*l.*, being the amount of several small donations, is placed out, and the interest distributed along with Day's charity.—Vide 10th Report, page 717.

The Priory of Nun Appleton, in this parish, was founded in the latter end of King Stephen's reign, by Alice de Saint Quintin, for nuns of the Cistercian order. At the Dissolution, it was valued at 37*l.* 9*s.* 10*d.* per annum. No vestiges of the Priory remain. The site now belongs to Sir W. Milner, Bart.—See the family pedigree in Thoresby's Duc. Leod., page 214.

The Register Books commence in 1571.

Post town, Tadcaster.

Vid. Torre's MS., pages 135. 141. Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 63. Gent's Ripon, page 49. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 652. Mon. Eborac., page 276. Tanner's Notitia, page 665. Drake's Eboracum, page 385. Burton's Monasticon, pages 277. 302. Nonæ Roll, page 226.

BRAMHAM[1]. — ALL SAINTS. — *(Discharged Vicarage.) Peculiar.*—Area, 5,260 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION, 2,403[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[3]; NET VALUE, 159*l.*—The Church was appropriated to the Priory of Nostell, to which it was given by Robert Fossard, and made a Prebend in York Cathedral; and the Priors of Nostell were successively Prebendaries of Bramham and Rectors of the Church, and had jurisdiction of the whole town. The Prebend was dissolved in 1540, and a Vicarage ordained, but when does not appear. Torre refers to the Usher Rolls, and Ducarel is silent.

At the Dissolution, the patronage and impropriation were granted to the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, Oxford, who are still the patrons and impropriators.

Not named in Pope Nicholas's Tax-

[1] The township of Bramham extends into the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Bramham, 1,237; Clifford, 1,166. In 1834, the population of the parish, exclusive of Boston, was returned at 978.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 700.

ation. Value in the King's books, 6*l.* 7*s.* 4*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii., page 242, the Impropriation is valued at 100*l.*, and the Vicarage at 24*l.*

Augmented, in 1770, with 200*l.*, to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from the Dean and Canons of Christ Church; in 1793, with 200*l.*, to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from Dr. William Strafford's trustees; and in 1814, with 600*l.* by lot from the Parliamentary grant.

There was an Inclosure Act passed in the 43rd Geo. III. as to the township of Clifford, and another in the 47th Geo. III. as to the township of Bramham.

Mr. Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

7th April 1781, faculty to erect a gallery.

23rd July 1802, faculty to re-pew the Church, and erect new galleries.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

On Bramham Moor are large remains of a Roman road.

The Earl of Northumberland, who had raised a rebellion against King Henry IV., was defeated and slain on Bramham Moor, in February 1408.

The Register books commence in 1586.

CHARITIES.—*School Land.*—16 acres of land, purchased with money left for certain charities, the rent (after deducting 2*l.* 12*s.* weekly for six poor persons and 4*l.* 8*s.* to the poor, agreeably to the said benefactions) is paid to a schoolmaster for teaching six poor children. The house and school were given by Benjamin Eamonson, Esq., in exchange for the old ones.

Ann Laking's dole, given in 1715. 1*l.* per annum.

Samuel Troutbeck's dole. Interest of 30*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* Lost, except 16*l.*

George Whitehead's dole. Interest of 30*l.* Lost.

Eleanor Powell's gift. 12*s.* per annum for teaching one poor child.

Christopher Powell's gift. 18*s.* per annum to the poor.

John Wildman's gift. Interest of 5*l.* 5*s.*

Dawson's charity. Vide General Charities.—Vide 15th Report, page 633.

Post town, Tadcaster.

Vid. Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 892. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 292. Wood's MS. (Bodleian), No. 5,105. Burton's Monasticon, page 302. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 303. Nonæ Roll, page 229.

BOSTON. *Peculiar.* — *(Parish of Bramham.)* — *Perpetual Curacy.* — ST. MARY THE VIRGIN.—POPULATION, 583; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 146*l.*—The first stone was laid 28th March 1812, by William Gossip, Esq. and Samuel Taite, Esq. Consecrated December 1814.

1st June 1826, faculty granted to erect two galleries.

Marriages are not celebrated in this Chapel.

Augmented, in 1816, with 1,200*l.*, by lot, from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1817, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mary Assheton, widow of Grosvenor Perfect, Esq.

Post town, Wetherby.

BRAYTON.—ST. WILFRID.—*Peculiar.*—*(Discharged Vicarage.)*—Area, 10,690 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 1,612 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400 [2]; NET VALUE, 268*l.*—In Brayton were three caracutes of land, which were held of Miles Hasselton and of the Abbot of Selby by Hugh de Marr, which paid 12*d.* to the Sheriff of Yorkshire.

Drax Abbey had four acres of land in Brayton. Nun Appleton Priory had also two oxgangs of land here.

Selby Monastery had large possessions here.

The Church of Brayton was given to the Abbey of Selby, but in 1293 it was appropriated to the Archdeaconry of York, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 27th May 1348.

The patronage, after the Dissolution, was in the Walmsleys, and afterwards in the Starkies. The present patron and impropriator is the Hon. Edward R. Petre.

[1] Viz.: Barlow, 225; Brayton, 278; Burn, 244; Gateforth, 223; Hambleton, 494; and Thorp Willoughby, 148. In 1834, the population was returned at 1,617.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 550.

The Church of Brayton is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* The Vicarage is valued in the King's books at 7*l.* 14*s.* 7*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 250, at 20*l.* per annum. Synodals and Procurations, 8*s.* 5*d.*

Burton gives the substance of the endowment.

See Torre's MS. for an assignment of a portion of the tithes to the Prebendary of Wistow in 1220.

A mortgage, under Gilbert's Act, of 251*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.*, will cease in 1853.

There was an Act passed in the 36th Geo. III. to inclose the township of Hambleton, and another 39th Geo. III. for inclosing Brayton.

Torre and Wood give the inscriptions and monuments.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1615. There is a chasm from 1643 to 1653. See transcripts in the Registry of the Peculiar of Selby.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Estate.* 28 acres of land.

Mary Pockley's gift. Interest of 150*l.* for gowns for poor widows. Lost.

Morritt's rent-charge. 5*l.* per annum for a school. Lost.

Lady Cholmley's gift. 2*l.* per annum rent-charge to the poor (query). Lost.

Burn Dole. 14*s.* per annum. Rent-charge to the poor of Burn.

Goodwin's charity, (vide 17th Report, page 625,) 5*l.* per annum, and *Ellis's charity,* (vide 18th Report, page 800,) 2*l.* per annum. Paid to a school dame for teaching 16 poor children to read.

Elizabeth Ashton's charity, by will, dated 8th June 1709. Rent-charge of 3*l.* per annum for apprenticing poor children.

Hamilton's Poor's Land. 9A. 0R. 30P. given by John Colton, in 1717, for poor housekeepers and widows.

Richardson's gift. Interest of 100*l.* to the poor of Hambleton.

Hamilton School. Rent of 5A. 1R. 7P. of land. Seven free scholars in reading and writing.—Vide 21st Report, page 597.

Post town, Selby.

Nonæ Roll, page 227. Torre's MS. (West Riding), page 7. Wood's MS. (Bodleian), No. 5,101. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 299. Burton's Monasticon, pages 102. 277. 390, 391, 392. Mon. Ang. vol. iii. pages 487. 512.

HAMBLETON.—(*Parish of Brayton.*) — Hamelton's Chauntry, founded by William de Hamelton, Dean of York, A.D. 1302.

"6 Kal. Junij 1292, the Abbot and Convent of Selby, considering that the towns of Hamelton, Gayteford, and Lund, by reason of the distance, could not without difficulty repair to their parish Church of Brayton, did unanimously grant permission, that in the Chapel of Hamelton, dedicated to the blessed Virgin, a Chantry should be and for ever remain for one Priest to celebrate divine service in the same perpetually."

Torre's MS., pages 3—10.

BARLOW.—(*Parish of Brayton.*)—*Donative Curacy.*—Patron, G. H. Thompson, Esq.—Area, vide Brayton. Barkston Ash wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 230, vide Brayton; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 30*l.*—"There are two Chapels, viz., Birley, two miles from Brayton, the way bad; Gartforth is also two miles distant, but the way very good. Birley to be made a parish Church; but Gartforth Chapel to be discontinued, because of the nearness of the place and goodness of the way."

There is no glebe house.

CHARITIES.—The Commissioners understood that a rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum had been given by a Lady Cholmley for the poor of Barlow, but they could obtain no account of it, or of the property liable thereto.—Vide 21st Report, page 597.

Post town, Selby.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 299.

GATEFORTH. *Peculiar.* — (*Parish of Brayton.*)—*Perpetual Curacy.*—Area, vide Brayton. Barkston Ash wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 223, vide Brayton; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 105*l.* An unaugmented Curacy. A Chantry was founded at Gateforth in 1332 by John de Lacy.

In the year 18—, a Chapel was built and endowed by Humphrey Osbaldeston, Esq.

No return as to Registers. Marriages are celebrated at Brayton.

There is no glebe house.

Post town, Selby.

Torre's MS., page 11.

BROTHERTON.—ST. EDWARD. *A Peculiar.—(Discharged Vicarage.)*—Area, 2,120 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, L. D[1].—POPULATION, 1,623[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 192*l.*—This Church was an ancient possession of the Dean and Chapter, and confirmed to them by Pope Celestine III. They are Rectors, and lords of the whole town, except five tenements, and have the Church, eight oxgangs of demesne land, and jurisdiction of the whole town.—Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 291.

Torre gives the endowment, but no date. He also mentions a fine, 10th Henry III., as to common.

The Dean and Chapter of York are the patrons and impropriators.

In the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 8*d.* per annum. There is a pension of 16*s.* 8*d.* to the Dean and Chapter.

The impropriation is worth, after paying the reserved rent, 60*l.* 10*s.* 1*d.* per annum. The Commissioners recommended that the whole Rectory should be added to the Vicarage.

An Inclosure Act was passed in the 33rd Geo. III.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1562. They are deficient from 1584 to 1638; they are also defective from 1742 to 1745.

At this village, Margaret, wife of King Edward I., was delivered of a son, 1st June 1300. He was afterwards named Thomas de Brotherton.

[1] This parish is partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York, and the township of Brotherton was heretofore so entered. Seventy men are employed in lime-stone quarries in the township of Brotherton.

[2] Viz.: Brotherton, 1482; Byrom with Poole, 84; Sutton, 57.

CHARITIES.—*Consolidated Benefaction Fund.* Interest of 108*l.*

Turner's rent-charges. 10*s.* and 5*s.* per annum.

Sutton Poor's Fund. Interest of 12*l.*, donor unknown.

Wilson's gift, given in 1731. Interest of 100*l.* for teaching the poorest children in the parish to read. The children are nominated by the minister.—Vide 15th Report, page 634.

Post town, Ferrybridge.

Nonæ Roll, page 229. Torre's (Peculiars) MS., page 991. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 291. Archielogia, vol. ix. pages 267. 353.

CAWOOD.—ALL SAINTS. *A Peculiar.* — *(Perpetual Curacy.)* — Area, 2,840 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, L. D[1].—POPULATION, 1,173; CHURCH-ROOM, 850[2]; NET VALUE, 118*l.*—In Cawood, one carucate of land was held of the King by the heirs of Dautre, and rendered one barbed arrow.

King Stephen granted to the Archbishop in fee and inheritance seven oxgangs of land in Cawood.

This Church was appropriated to the Prebend of Wistow, but no Vicarage ordained.

Patron and impropriator, the Prebendary of Wistow.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 527, it is stated, "There was formerly only a Reader here."

The Cure was augmented, in 1810, with 200*l.*; in 1811, from the Parliamentary grant, with 1,000*l.*; and in 1812, from the same grant, with 400*l.*—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed in the 16th Geo. III.

There is no glebe house.

CHARITIES.—*Feoffee Estate.*—123A. 1R. 24P. of land and 19 cottages. Rental, at the time of the Report, 212*l.* 9*s.*, applied for the support of the Staith and banks, the reparation of the highways, coals for widows, support of the poor, educating five poor children, and ap-

[1] The parish of Cawood is partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 700: in 1834 it was stated at 350, but which appears to be a typographical error for 850, as stated in the last edition of the Clerical Guide (1836).

prenticing poor boys. Some of the property is said to have been given by Archbishop Harsnett.

Sarah Morritt's gift. Interest of 40*l.*

Nathaniel Percival's gift. Interest of 50*l.* in bread.

James Smith's gift. Interest of 10*l.* in bread.

William James's Hospital. By will, about 1723, four poor persons receive 18*l.* a-piece per annum. Endowment, 57A. 3R. 36P. of land.

Duffield's School (vide 21st Report, page 620, General Charities). Six girls are boarded, clothed, and educated, from the age of seven to sixteen.—Vide 10th Report, page 742, and 21st Report, page 620.

Cawood Castle was formerly the chief place of residence of the Archbishop of York, and was given to the See by King Athelstan. It was surrendered to the Parliamentary forces in 1644, and dismantled two years afterwards.

The Register books commence in 1591. There is a chasm from 1642 to 1649.

Post town, Selby.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 847. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 285. Gent's Ripon, page 60. Mountain's Cawood.

COLLINGHAM.—ST. OSWALD.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,200 acres. Skyrack wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 347[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 414*l.*—The town of Collingham was, by King Henry II., taken from the Abbey of Kirkstall, to which Roger de Mowbray had given it, and given to Adam de Brus, in exchange for the Castle of Daneby, which the said King had before deprived him of.

Afterwards, the manor was granted to the monks of Kirkstall in fee farm, by King John, for a certain rent.

This Church was given to the Chapel of St. Mary and the Holy Angels of York by Richard de Morville, and appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 4 Non Maii, A.D. 1258.

12 Kal. Maii, A.D. 1291, a decree was made for the Abbot and Convent of Kirkstall relative to their tithes here, and a composition was also made with the said house in 1373 as to the tithes of Micklethwaite.

The Vicar is charged with the repairs of the Chancel.

The Vicarage is now in the patronage of Mrs. Wheler. The impropriator is charged with the payment of two marks per annum to the poor of the parish.

In the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 3*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 338, at 12*l.* per annum. Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 6*s.* 8*d.*

The Vicarage was augmented, in 1715, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction from Lady Elizabeth Hastings of tithes of the value of 400*l.*

A mortgage of 638*l.* 12*s.* 9*d.*, under Gilbert's Act, will cease in 1848.

Dr. Whitaker's catalogue of Rectors is only brought down to 1672, being a copy from Torre's MS.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

30th June 1759, faculty granted for taking down and rebuilding a gallery.

11th March 1834, ditto to re-pew the Church.

The Register books commence in 1579. They are deficient for the years 1617, 1623—1672, as to burials, and from 1641 to 1645 as to marriages.

CHARITIES.—*Dawson's charity.* Vide General Charities.

Queen Elizabeth's dole. 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

School, founded by Lady Betty Hastings.—Vide 15th Report, page 651.

Post town, Wetherby.

Torre's MS., page 360. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 300. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 163. Mon. Ang., vol. v. pages 529. 552.

COLTHORPE[1].—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 1,280 acres. Claro wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION, 146; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 130*l.*—The Church of Colthorpe is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Roukesburghs, Canteleges, Poles, Walkyng-

[1] In 1834, the population was returned to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners to be 414.

[1] Or Cowthorpe.

hams, Burghs, Rouclyffs, Clyffords, Walmesleys, and Petres. It is now in the patronage of R. F. Wilson, Esq.

"COWTHORP.—Annual value of the Rector 40*l.* A composition of 4*l.* per annum is paid for the tithe of the demesne land. The Church was founded by Sir Bryan Rocliffe, who departed this life, A. D. 1494." Signed, "Henry Walmsley, Rector."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 844.

The value of the Church in Pope Nicholas's Taxation is 15*l.*, and the Vicarage in the King's books is valued at 4*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.* per annum.

"On the 13th February 1455, license was granted to Brian Roucliff, the patron, to demolish the church, and to erect one at another place, because the old church was too far distant from the town, and also the way between them very strait and dirty, and an indulgence of 40 days was granted to all who should contribute their charitable relief to the fabric thereof. The present Church was consecrated 17th August 1458, by John Bishop of Philopolensis, to the honour of St. Trinity and St. Michael the Archangel, together with the church-yard thereof; and one year's remission was granted to all those who were truly contrite and penitent, and attended the consecration and dedication; and also 40 days to those who should be present hereafter at the anniversary day of its dedication. A new Chapel was also consecrated, and dedicated to the honour of St. Michael, and St. Thomas, Archbishop of Canterbury, the Martyr, and of St. Ursula, and Eleven Thousand Virgins, newly built within the church-yard of the old parish Church, and lately, by the Archbishop's authority, demolished and translated into the town."—Torre's MS.

In Mr. Hargrove's Knaresborough is contained a short account of the painted glass. See also Torre's MS., where are inscriptions and drawings of the tombs of the Roundells, Roucliffs, and Flynts, and a catalogue of the Rectors. Torre also gives the coats of arms in Colthorpe Hall.

The Register Books commence in 1568.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as unfit for residence, on account of its smallness.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Wetherby.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 290. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 337. Wood's MS. (Bodleian), No. 5,101. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 279.

COPMANTHORPE[1] CHAPEL. — (*Parish of St. Mary Bishophill the Younger.*) — Area, 1,610 acres. Ainsty. — POPULATION, 293; CHAPEL-ROOM, sufficient.—This is an unaugmented Chapel of Ease, and is not noticed either by Bacon or Ecton.

Divine Service is only celebrated once a month.

Marriages take place at the mother Church, but funerals sometimes take place at Copmanthorpe.

1st February 1750, a faculty was granted by the Dean and Chapter to inclose the chapel-yard, and make use of the same for the interment of the bodies of the dead in all future times, "upon payment of 2*s.* 6*d.* to the minister for every burial, and providing a horse for him to go to the Chapel, as often as he shall be thereunto desired."

There was a decree in the Exchequer, in Hilary Term, 42d Elizabeth, relative to the tithes, but which is unreported.

CHARITIES. — *Thomas Norfolk's charity*, by will, dated 15th August 1775. Interest of 100*l.* in bread, to the poor attending Divine Service in the Chapel. Since invested in the purchase of a close of land at Askham Richard, containing 3A. 1R. 14P.

The sum of 4*l.* was paid annually by the late Robert Driffield, Esq. of the Mount, York, towards the education of poor children; but it does not appear when or by whom the charity was originally given. The payment has been continued by Mr. Driffield's family.—Vid. 13th Report, page 611.

The Register Book commences in 1759. Earlier registers are entered with Bishophill Junior.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. page 697. Drake's Eboracum, page 389. Nonæ Roll, page 229.

[1] Anciently called Temple Coppenthorpe.

DRAX. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*) — ST. PETER.—Area, 7,490 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 1,032[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[2]; NET VALUE, 81*l.*—Mr. Torre gives a long and particular account of the grant of land in this parish and elsewhere to the Abbey of Drax.

There were in this town with its members three carucates of land and a half, held by the Paganells, who held the Soke of Drax of the King in capite, and which temp. Edw. III. descended to Sir John Fulnetty, and from him to the Poucheys.

Drax was valued at 52*l.* 12*s.* six hens and 200 eggs, and paid 121 pence to the sheriff for fines of the county, tithing, and wapentake.

Torre also gives the particulars of an inquisition taken at York, 53d Hen. III. touching the Soke of Newland, which are curious.

This Church was appropriated to Drax Priory, Kal. April 1315, having been given thereto by William Paganell. And on 14th Kal. Julij, ann. 6 Pont. Celestenet Papæ, was by the Pope's Bull confirmed to them, appointing that they might retain it in their own hands, making choice of a fit chaplain, who should satisfy the Diocesan in spirituals and the Pope in temporals; and on 4th Id. April 1315, Friar Thomas de Cawode was admitted to the cure without any ordination, the parish Church being not distant above half a league from the monastery.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor. The Crown has the impropriation.

Archbishop Sharp was of opinion there had been some endowment to the Vicarage, as His Grace says both Procurations and Synodals are payable, though not so stated in Bacon.

There is a pension from the Crown of 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

This Church was held as a Curacy from the reign of King Edward VI. to the year 1778, when the Rev. Joseph Fisher was instituted Vicar.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Vicars to 1552.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation the Church is valued at 23*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* and the Vicarage is valued in the King's books at 4*l.* per annum. Augmented in 1775 with 200*l.*, in 1786 with 200*l.*, in 1810 from the Parliamentary grant with 200*l.* In 1813 with 200*l.*, and in 1814 from the Parliamentary grant with 1,400*l.*—all by lot.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 235, it is stated as follows: "Neither parsonage nor Vicarage. One Mr. Thomas Smith is minister, who has only 3*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* for his maintenance, formerly given to that use, besides the people's benevolence. He hath an augmentation granted him by order of Parliament of 50*l.* per annum, out of the Prebend of Ulleskelfe, and never but one fifty paid, and now it is utterly denied, the said Prebend being said to be purchased by Colonel Parsons. We recommend that the village of New Hay being two miles distant, the river of Ouse running betwixt Drax and it, which makes the passage very ill, be annexed to the parish of Henningbro', being but a quarter of a mile from thence."

Guy Taylor, of Newland, gent. by will, proved 20th October 1626, bequeathed for ever to the Preacher of Drax Church 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* yearly out of his three closes called Chapman Flatts and Bowlands.—Torre's MS. page 110.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Trinity Term, 33rd Chas. II.

Inclosure Acts were passed in the 13th Geo. III. and the 39th and 40th Geo. III.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

19th May 1792, a faculty was granted to recast three of the bells into five smaller ones.

The Register Books commence in 1597. The entries of marriages very defective till 1697, and those of burials are very imperfect from 1693 to 1716.

CHARITIES.—*Charles Read's school and alms-houses*, founded by will, dated 30th July 1669. Lands purchased with 2,000*l.* for education of the children of the inhabitants of Drax gratis, in reading, writing, and accounts, and also in Latin, Greek, or Hebrew, or otherwise, as occasion should require; and for six poor aged people, and for six poor boys. Six trustees of the parish of Drax, and special visitors

[1] Viz. Camblesforth, 260; Drax 350; Long Drax, 140; Newland, 282.

[2] Estimated in 1818 at 500 or 600.

the lord mayor and aldermen of York. The Commissioners had no power under the Act to inquire into this charity, there being no special order.

Edward Atkinson's charity, by will, dated 1st May 1719. Rent of six acres of land, for teaching poor children of Camblesford.—Vide 21st Report, page 598.

Drax Abbey was situate within this parish.

Post town, Snaith.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 107. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 85. Burton's Mon., page 100.

FENTON.—Patron Saint not known. —(*A Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,410 acres. Barkstone Ash wapentake, U. D[1].—POPULATION, 649[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 125*l.* —This Church was a Rectory, which was appropriated to the Prebendary of Fenton, and a Vicarage ordained in 1240.

The Prebendary of Fenton is patron.

Mr. Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Not noticed in Pope Nicholas's Survey: the value in the King's Books is 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 238, at 10*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1833 with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Dr. Bull, the patron.

There were unreported decrees in the Exchequer, in Michaelmas Term, 4th Elizabeth, and in ditto 44th Elizabeth.

Inclosure Acts were passed in the 9th Geo. III., 10th Geo. III., and 19th Geo. III.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1630. They are defective from 1739 to 1750.—Vid. Transcripts in the Prebendal Registry.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

[1] The townships of Biggin and Little Fenton are partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Biggin, 141; Kirk Fenton, 406; Little Fenton, 102. In 1834, the population was returned at 700.

Post town, Tadcaster.

Vid. Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 555. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 289. Nonæ Roll, page 229.

GARFORTH[1].—SAINT MARY.— —(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,700 acres. Skyrack wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 782[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 514*l.*—This Church was given by Ilbert de Lacy to the Abbey of St. Mary's, whence that monastery had the patronage of it until the Dissolution: since then the Witham's have had the patronage, and it is now in the Rev. J. Whitaker.

There is a pension of 1*l.* 10*s.* formerly payable to the Abbot of St. Mary's, and another of 1*l.* 4*s.* to the Prior of Pontefract. Synodals, 2*s.*, Procurations, 6*s.* 8*d.*

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation the Rectory of Garford is valued at 8*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, in the King's books at 8*l.* 17*s.* 7*d.*, and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 328, at 50*l.* per annum.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in the year 1663.

There was an Act passed in the 50th Geo. III. for inclosing the township of Garforth.

A mortgage under Gilbert's Act of 1,200*l.* will cease in 1844.

CHARITY.—*The School*, founded by deed, dated 7th July 1737, by Sir Edward Gascoigne, baronet, and the inhabitants, for instruction in English. There are five acres of land belonging to the school. No free scholars.—Vide 16th Report, page 436.

Post town, Aberford.

Vid. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 98. 229. Torre's MS., page 229. Mon. Angl. vol. iii. page 529.

HAREWOOD.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 12,180

[1] Alias West Garforth.

[2] In the parish of West Garforth 80 men are employed in coal mines.

acres. Skirack wapentake, L. D[1].—POPULATION, 2,463[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000[3]; NET VALUE, 447*l.*—The Church was formerly in the patronage of the lords of the manor. It was given to the Priory of Bolton, by Sir John de Insula, Lord of Rugemont, in 1353, and appropriated thereto, and a Vicarage was ordained, 2 Id. Mart. A.D. 1353.

See Torre's MS., where is also a notice of an ordination by Abp. Walter Grey, who directed certain payments to be made to the Chapel of the Holy Angels at York.

The parishioners and Mrs. Wheler are alternately the patrons. Impropriator, the Earl of Harewood.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation, the Church of Harewood is valued at 67*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum. The value of the Vicarage in the King's books is 14*l.* 1*s.* 10*d.* Synodals, 4*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 322, the Vicarage is valued at 16*l.* 14*s.* 4*d.* "The Earl of Strafford then had the advowsons, and was also impropriator of the Rectory, being of great value," say the Commissioners. They recommended East Keswick and half of Wyke to be united to Bardsey.

The Vicarage was augmented in 1724 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction from Lady Elizabeth Hastings, of tithes of the value of 37*l.* per annum.

There were six canterists of this Church.

Inclosure Acts were passed in the 30th Geo. III. and the 37th Geo. III.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

Torre gives the inscriptions and drawings of the monuments. He also gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

25th October 1782, faculty to remove the font, and make other alterations.

28th November 1813, an additional burial-ground was consecrated.

[1] The parish of Harewood is partly in Upper Claro wapentake, but the greater part is in Upper Skirack wapentake.

[2] Viz. Alwoodley, 142; Dunkeswick, 261; Harewood, 894; East Keswick, 365; Weardley, 169; Weeton, 322; Wighill, 168; Wike, 142. (The township of Wike extends into Bardsey parish.) In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at 2,331.

[3] According to the return of 1818. In 1834, the accommodation was returned as sufficient.

The Register books commence in 1614. There is a chasm from 1647 to 1653.

Harewood is in the Diocese of York, but wills of persons dying within the townships of Dunkeswick and Weeton, were formerly proved in the Court of the Forest of Knaresborough, but such jurisdiction does not appear to have been lately exercised.

CHARITIES.—*Benefaction fund.* Interest of 80*l.*

Bridgett Mallorie's gift, in 1622. Interest of 5*l.*

James Flesher's gift, in 1625. Rent of 6A. 3R. of land.

Thomas Havison's charity. Rent of house and garth.

Anthony Sawdrie's charity, in 1631. Rent of 5A. 3R. 30P. of land, for apprenticing poor children, and gifts of grey cloth to the poor.

William Wade's charity. Rent of 5A. 32P. of land to the poor of Weeton.

Robert Midgley's dole. Rent charge of 1*l.* per annum, towards apprenticing poor children of Weeton and Dunkeswick.

Dawson's charity. Vid. General Charities.—Vid. 15th Report, page 658.

Post town, Wetherby.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 171. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 107 and 314. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 164. Bray's Tour, page 263. Hargrove's Knaresbro', page 179. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 201.

HEALOUGH.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,800 acres. Ainsty.—POPULATION, 212; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 92*l.*—This Church formerly belonged to the patronage of the family of Waleys, and from them to the Depedens. It was afterwards appropriated to the Priory of Healough, by John Depeden and Elizabeth his wife, the King's licence being first obtained therein, 5th February, A.D. 1398, and a Vicarage ordained, which was augmented 27th April 1425.

Patron and impropriator, Benjamin Brooksbank, Esq.

The Church is valued at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* in Pope Nicholas's Taxation. In the

King's Books the Vicarage is valued at 6*l.* per annum; and in 1818, at between 80*l.* and 100*l.* per annum.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 552, the following notice is taken of this Church: "Neither parsonage nor vicarage, nor any maintenance for a minister, save that Philip, Lord Wharton, formerly paid gratis 5*l.* to the Curate for reading there. Mr. Oxley doth now officiate there every Lord's-day, at the benevolence of the said Lord Wharton. We find cause to enlarge this parish. The town of Catterton we find in the parish of Tadcaster, a mile and a half distant from Tadcaster, and bad ways, oftentimes stopped by the overflowing of the river of Foss running betwixt. Which said town of Catterton is not half a mile off Healaugh; therefore we think fit it be divided from Tadcaster and annexed to Healaugh, and made of that parish, together with the profits thereof."

No Vicar, saith Archbishop Sharp, hath been instituted since the Dissolution.

Augmented in 1715 with 200*l.*, and in 1761 with 200*l.*—both by lot; and in 1763 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the executors of the Rev. M. Buck; and in 1798 with 200*l.*, by lot.

A catalogue of the Vicars to 1530, is given by Torre.

There is no glebe house.

The Register books commence in 1687.

CHARITY.—*Poor's stock.* Interest of 103*l.*, of which 100*l.* was the gift of Henry Hudson.—Vid. 10th Report, page 719.

Post town, Tadcaster.

Nonæ Roll, page 227. Vid. Torre's MS., page 87. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 67. 359. Drake's Eboracum, page 389.

HEALOUGH PRIORY.—In this parish stood a monastery of Black Friars, founded in 1218 by Jordan de St. Marcia and Alice his wife.

Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 437. Burton's Mon., page 281.

KIPPAX.—SAINT MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,400 acres. Skirack wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 1,901[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,800[2]; NET VALUE, 329*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Priory of Pontefract by Robert de Lacy. The impropriators are charged with 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the Dean and Chapter, and 6*s.* 8*d.* to the poor of the parish.—Torre's MS. page 235.

A Vicarage was ordained in 1410. It is remarkable as mentioning the tithe of coals.

The Vicar is charged with one-third of the expense of new building and repairing the chancel.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown.

Impropriator, G. W. Medhurst, Esq.

A Chantry is named in the Valor. Eccl.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* In the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 5*l.* 7*s.* per annum. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 345, at 30*l.* per annum. Synodals, 4*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

The Vicarage was augmented in 1737 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Lady Elizabeth Hastings and the Rev. William Wood.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Hilary Term, 11th Wm. III. as to tithes.

Inclosure Acts were passed in the 31st Geo. III. for Kippax, and 43d Geo. III. for Allerton Bywater.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

Thomas Bland, of Kippax, knight, made his will, proved 10th June 1613, and willed that there should be built at Kippax an almshouse, to continue for ever, wherein there shall be four poor old men appointed by his heirs, and for their maintenance he gave yearly 20 marks rent out of his lands in Kippax and Allerton.

The Register Books commence in 1539. There is a chasm from 1644 to 1653.

[1] Viz. In 1831, Allerton Bywater, 375; Kippax, 1,128; Great and Little Preston, 398. In 1834, the population was returned at 1,970.

[2] According to the return in 1818. No return in 1834.

CHARITIES.—*Free school*, founded by the Rev. George Goldsmith, 36th Henry VIII. Endowment school-house, garden, garth, three cottages, and seven acres of land. Eight free scholars, in reading, writing, and accounts.

Duffield and Scholes's dole. 1*l.* 1*s.* per annum, to poor widows.

Joseph Fether's gift, in 1717. 5*l.* per annum is paid out of the poor-rate, (the principal sum of 100*l.* having been expended in building a poor-house,) and given in bread weekly.

George Scholes's gift, in 1717. House for the poor, fallen to decay. Garden let for 5*l.* per annum.—Vid. 15th Report, page 659.

Post town, Ferrybridge.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 237. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 99. Wood's MS. (Bodleian) No. 5,101. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 144.

KIRK DEIGHTON.—ALL SAINTS. —(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,470 acres. Claro wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION, 506[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 901*l.*—The Church of Kirk Deighton is an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Barons Trussbut, from whom it descended to the Rosses of Ingmanthorpe, and by them to the Manners, Earls of Rutland. The present patron is the Rev. Dr. Geldart.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation, the Church was valued at 20*l.*, which in the new taxation was reduced to 10*l.* In the King's books it is valued at 15*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.* Synodals and Procurations 11*s.* 6*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 163, it is valued at 100*l.*

Mr. Hargrove, in his History of Knaresborough, describes the armorial shields, &c. in the Church; and Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

There was a Chapel at Ingmanthorpe dedicated to St. Mary the Virgin; and Sir Robert Ross, by his will, proved 11th February 1392, directed his body to be buried there.

The Register Books commence in 1600.

CHARITIES.—*Rev. Abraham Thornton's charity*, by will, dated in 1692. The interest of 20*l.* bequeathed for apprenticing poor boys.

Sir William Thornton, Bart. by will, in 1715, 200*l.* for purchase of lands; the rents to be given to the poor. The estate consists of 24 acres of land and six cottages. The Archbishop of York and the Vicar of Kirk Deighton have power to regulate the distribution.

Sir Hugh Palliser's school, by will, 24th January 1791. Twenty free scholars, who are also clothed. Income, dividends of 1,000*l.* south sea stock.—Vid. 3d Report, page 457.

Post town, Wetherby.

[1] Viz.: Kirk Deighton, 375; and North Deighton, 131.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 297. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 77. Hargrove's Knaresbro', page 277.

KIRKBY OVERBLOWS[1].—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 10,730 acres. Claro wapentake, U. D[2]. —POPULATION, 1,528[3]; CHURCH AND CHAPEL-ROOM, 600[4]; NET VALUE, 944*l.* —A Rectory which anciently belonged to the patronage of the Lords Percy.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

5th November 1362, at the supplications and submissions of Sir Richard Tempest, knight, and William de Newport, Rector of Spofford, executors of the testament of Henry Lord Percy, and also on 7th November 1362, at the submission of Robert de Ede, then Rector of the Church, made to the ordination of John Archbishop of York, he, the said Archbishop, by virtue of the King's license, decreed that the Rector and his successors shall be called provosts of the same Church, and shall have all cure of the souls of the parishioners, and all rule and government of it, and that there shall be four chaplains, whereof one shall be in the Cathedral Church of York bearing the name, state, and habit of one of the parsons of the Church, and the other three shall have their perpetual Chantries in the Castle of Alnwick.

[1] Alias Kirkby Ferrers, alias Kirkby Overblawes, alias Oreblowers.

[2] The township of Swindon is partly in Pannall parish, Lower Claro wapentake.

[3] Viz. Kirkby with Netherby, 281; Kirkby Overblows, 298; Rigton, 451; Sicklinghall, 212; Stainburn, 290; and Swindon, 46.

[4] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 480.

The advowson belonged to the Crown and was exchanged with the Duke of Somerset. See Act of Parliament 3d and 4th William and Mary; but it afterwards turned out that the Duke of Somerset was not entitled to the advowson, but that it belonged to the Earl of Egremont, consequently the Act of Parliament was inoperative, and Lord Egremont still presents [1].

The Rectory is valued in Pope Nicholas's Survey at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, which in the New Taxation is reduced to 10*l.*, and in the King's Books at 20*l.* 1*s.*, and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 132, at 60*l.* per annum.

There is a pension to the chaplain at Stainburn 4*l.*; pension to the chaplains in the Chapel at Alnwick 15*l.*; pension to the Archbishop 1*l.*; pension to a chantrist in York Minster 5*l.*; pension to the Chamberlain in ditto 10*s.* Synodals and Procurations 11*s.* 6*d.*

An unreported decree was made in the Exchequer as to tithes, in Trinity Term, 11th William III.

The following Inclosure Acts have been passed:—15th Geo. III. (Rigton township), 16th Geo. III. (Stainburn township), 38th Geo. III. (Sickling-Hall, &c.), 38th Geo. III. and 39th and 40th Geo. III. (Kearby).

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register books commence in the year 1647.

CHARITIES.—*The School.* Eleven acres of land, said to have been given about 160 years ago, for educating four poor children. In 1782, a house was built for the master, in consideration of which he educates other two poor children. 1*l.* per annum is also paid by the Rector, and 1*l.* 1*s.* per annum out of Swindon estate.

Poor's money. Interest of 15*l.* paid out of the rates, the parish having taken the principal.

Easterby rent-charge. 5*s.* per annum.

Dr. Cooper's bequest. Dividends of 200*l.* three per cents., for clothes for six poor girls to go to church in on Sundays.

Joshua White's legacy, by will, about 1790. Dividends of 200*l.* three per cent consols, laid out in purchasing corn, to be given to the poor at Candlemas.

Interest of 7l. Principal taken by the parish. Given to the poor at Sickling-Hall; by will, 16th September 1741.

Richard Saxton's charity. Interest of 100*l.* to the poor: now lost.—Vide 3rd Report, page 462.

Rector's charge. Nine bushels of wheat at Christmas to the poor of the five townships.

Post town, Wetherby.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 181, where also is set forth the order of the masses and services, the endowment of the chaplains, and the pensions reserved. Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 79. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 1474.

STAINBURN.—(*Parish of Kirkby Overblows. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Kirkby Overblows. Claro wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, vide Kirkby Overblows, 290; CHAPEL-ROOM, 200 [1]; NET VALUE, 66*l.*—This town was held by the Abbot of Fountains, by part of a knight's fee, of the Earl of Albemarle, who held it of the King, in capite.

Patron, the Vicar of Kirkby Overblows.

The Parliamentary Commissioners, vol. xviii. page 132, recommended this to be made a distinct parish, and they add, "that although the merit and ability of Mr. Bethell be such as we cannot advise the lessening of his present maintenance during his life, yet the 20*l.* which he alloweth at Stainburn may be augmented by the State, out of the public allowance for the present."

The Cure was augmented in 1775 with 200*l.* by lot, and in 1778 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of a rent-charge of 12*l.* per annum, from the Rev. Charles Cooper, D.D.; and in 1826 with 400*l.* by lot.

Inclosure Act passed 16th Geo. III.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1803. Marriages are celebrated at the mother church.

CHARITIES.—*Dunwell's charity.* Rent-charge of 3*l.* per annum, distributed among poor people not receiving parish relief.

[1] Vide 3rd William, 383.

[1] In 1818, the Chapel-room was returned at 130.

Interest of 3l. This sum is in the hands of the overseers, who pay 2*s.* 6*d.* per annum as interest, to the poor. Donor unknown.

Rector's charge. Vide Kirkby Overblows.—Vide 3d Report, page 462.

Post town, Otley.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 186. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 79.

KIRKBY WHARFE. — ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—*A Peculiar.*—Area, 3,050 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, U. D[1].—POPULATION, 492[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 550[3]; NET VALUE, 117*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Prebend of Wetwang, who hath there jurisdiction of his whole family, and a Vicarage ordained therein, which is noticed by Torre, but no date or particulars given. He gives a catalogue of the Vicars. The first Vicar, which he names, was instituted before 1329.

The Prebendary of Wetwang is patron and impropriator.

This Church is not noticed in Pope Nicholas's Taxation. The value in the King's books is 3*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* An augmentation of 20*l.* per annum was made by the Prebendary, 44th Elizabeth.

Augmented, in 1757, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 500*l.* from the Hon. and Very Rev. Henry Finch, Dean of York, and Mr. E. Finch, by their wills.

21st May 1819, commission to re-pew the Church, erect new galleries, and make other alterations.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1583.

18th April, 44th Eliz., A.D. 1602, Thomas Leedes, of North Milford, Esq., made his will, proved 6th July, A.D. 1602, whereby he commended his soul to God Almighty, his Creator and Redeemer, to Saint Mary, and All Saints, and gave his body to be buried in the parish Church of Kirkby, within the Choir, where his brother Leedes lieth buried.

Reserving out of his lands at Pocklethorpe and Nafferton the yearly rent of 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* unto the Catholic prisoners which shall remain from time to time in the Castle of York for the Catholic faith and for their conscience.

And if it shall please God to restore the Catholic faith to his Church, as it was in King Henry the Eighth's days and in the four last years of Queen Mary, then his will is, that the said rent shall be divided between two honest Catholic priests for ever, the one to celebrate Divine service in the parish Church of Kirkby upon Wharfe, and the other in the parish Church of Kippax, and that they may for ever pray for the souls of Anne, his late wife, of his father and mother, and of his uncle, John Brandesby, and Robert Henneage.

CHARITIES.—*Mary Rhodes's charity,* who died in 1762. Interest of 150*l.*, given weekly in bread.

George Stanhope's gift, by will, in 1678. Rent-charge of 2*l.* 4*s.* per annum, viz.: 1*l.* for a sermon on new year's day, and residue to the poor.

Robert Richardson's gift, in 1719. Rent-charge of 10*s.*, for corn to the poor of Ulleskelfe, to be given on Saint Thomas's day.—Vide 15th Report, page 636.

Post town, Tadcaster.

Nonæ Roll, page 229. Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 487. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 290. Gent's Ripon, page 8. Parl. Survey, vol. xviii. pages 82. 353.

LEDSHAM. — ALL SAINTS. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 5,190 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, U. D. POPULATION, 944[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 397*l.*—The Church of Ledsham was by Robert de Lacy given to the Priory of Pontefract, with one mediety of the town; the other mediety the said Religious held of the Chapter of York.

[1] The township of Ulleskelfe is in the jurisdiction of St. Peter of York, and was heretofore so entered.

[2] Viz.: Grimston, 63; Kirkby Wharfe with Milford, 90; Ulleskelfe, 339. Some of the books mention a Chapel at Ulleskelfe, but no such is now in existence.

[3] 129 additional sittings (of which 43 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 20*l.*

[1] Viz.: Fairburn, 465; Ledsham, 236; Ledstone, 243. In 1834, the population was returned at 850.

The Rectory was appropriated to the Priory and Convent of Pontefract, and Archbishop Walter Grey made an ordination, the particulars of which appear in Torre's MS.

There was formerly a Chapel at Fairburn, and Torre says, the Dean and Chapter have jurisdiction there.

Patroness, Mrs. Wheler.

The Church is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.*, and the Vicarage at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* The value of the Vicarage, in the King's books, is 7*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 257, at 17*l.* per annum. Synodals, 5*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

To this Vicarage appertain the townships of Ledsham, Newton, Fairburn, and part of Ledstone. It enjoys an augmentation of 14*l.* per annum from the Dean and Chapter of York, who have the impropriation of Fairburn township.

The Vicarage was augmented, in 1721, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction from Lady Elizabeth Hastings of tithes of the value of 200*l.* and upwards.

There was an Act passed in the 53rd Geo. III. to inclose Fairburn township.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Vicars to 1668, which is continued by Thoresby and Whitaker.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

A mortgage of 1,000*l.* under Gilbert's Act will cease in 1839.

Dr. Whitaker, in his Loid. et Elm., page 145, gives the inscriptions and an engraving of Lady Elizabeth Hastings' monument.

1662

4th May 1602, Dame Mary Bolles, of Heath Hall, in the parish of Warmsfield, Baronetess, directed her body to be buried in Ledsham Church, and a decent tomb to be placed over her, and bequeathed 10*l.* to an able minister for preaching her funeral sermon, and 700*l.* to be bestowed in fine cloth and stuff for mourning, &c., and 400*l.* more to be expended about her funeral; and the strange poor above sixteen years of age, 6*d.* a piece, and to the younger sort, 3*d.* Also 500*l.*, to be bestowed in lands, and the profits thereof to go to the binding of poor children of Warmsfield, yearly apprentices, for ever, and 200*l.* more for the binding of apprentices of the poor of the parish of Royston, and 200*l.* more for those of Sandall parish.—Torre's MS., page 393.

The Register Books commence in 1539. Deficient from 1597 to 1606.

CHARITIES.—*Sir John Lewis's Hospital*, by will, in 1670. Six single men and five single women, upwards of sixty years of age. They receive each 15*s.* a week, and also coals and certain clothing. Income: rent of 49A. 1R. 31P. of land; rent-charge, 30*l.*, annual payment from Lady Elizabeth Hastings's general charity; and dividends on 400*l.* consols.

Dole. 10*s.* per annum in bread on new year's day and Good Friday.

Thomas Selby's dole. 1*l.* per annum.

Poor's Money. Interest of 70*l.*

Rev. Walter Sellon's charity. Interest of 50*l.*, to be laid out by the Vicar in necessaries for the sick poor.

Ann Shirtliff's gift, by will, proved 23rd April 1770. Interest of 10*l.*—Not paid since 1809.

Lady Betty Hastings's charities. 40*s.* per annum for sacramental bread and wine. *Charity School*, for not less than 20 girls, preferring orphans. Income: 258*l.* per annum; ditto for 20 boys, 76*l.* 7*s.*; to the mistress of the school, when superannuated, 10*s.* per annum; to the master of the boys' school, for reading prayers in St. John's Hospital, 40*s.* per annum, and 40*s.* more for examining the children after evening service; to the Vicar, for books for the children, 3*l.* per annum; to the repairs of the Church, 5*l.* every twenty years.

Widow's charity, founded by Lady Betty Hastings. Rent of a house and 29A. 3R. 10P. of land, payable to the widow of the incumbent of Ledsham during her widowhood. When no widow living, the Vicar for the time being to receive the rent.—Vide 15th Report, page 636, and 19th Report, page 608.

Post town, Ferrybridge.

Torre's MS., page 391. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i., pages 92. 341. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 145. Thoresby, page 235. Mon. Ang. vol. v. page 119. Nonæ Roll, page 226.

MARSTON [1].—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 4,260 acres.

[1] Alias Wannesley, alias Hutton Wannesley, alias Long Mereston.

Ainsty wapentake.—POPULATION, 584[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350[2]; NET VALUE, 865*l.*—A Rectory, anciently belonging to the patronage of the Wyverthorpes, then of the Crepings, and from them to the Middletons, Nesfields, Inglebys, and Roundells. The patronage is now in Beilby Thompson, Esq.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

In the year 1400, a faculty was granted to the parishioners to take down the Church, which was ruinous and far distant from their habitations, and to remove the materials to another Chapel situate in the said Parish, and there to build themselves a new parish Church, provided that they kept up enclosed the cemetery where their old Church stood.

A Chantry was founded in this Church.

Valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 21*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, 24*l.* 3*s.* 7*d.* Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; Tenths, 2*l.* 8*s.* 4½*d.*—Vide Nonæ Roll, page 228. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 530, at 140*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 6th Geo. III.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

A mortgage of 250*l.*, under Gilbert's Act, will cease in 1848.

11th September 1745, a faculty was granted to take away a cottage belonging to the Rectory.

The Register Books commence in 1648. There are a few earlier entries, but illegible.

CHARITIES.—*School, on the National plan.*—Payment, 1*d.* per week; supported by a rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum; purchased with 200*l.*, left, in 1705, by Richard Roundle, and the interest of 150*l.*, left, in 1757, by the Rev. Marmaduke Buck.

Ackroyd's charity, by will, dated 12th September 1518. Exhibition at either of the Universities for one of his blood or name, and if not one of his blood or name able or fit, then one out of Marston or Hutton. Endowment: rents of four ancient houses, a barn, and 32A. 1R. 18P. of land, all situate at Batley, and let, at the time of the Report, for 108*l.* 13*s.* The students are still selected from the founder's kin. There are five trustees, of whom the Rector of Long Marston for the time being is one.

William Wright's benefaction, by will, dated 26th April 1793. Interest of 20*l.* to the poor of Hutton Wandesley at Christmas.—Vide 16th Report, page 402.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 281. Drake's Eboracum, page 393. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 72.

MONK FRYSTON. *Peculiar.*—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 3,770 acres; Barkston Ash wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 863[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350[2]; NET VALUE, 124*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Prebendary of Wistow. See Torre's MS., page 9, for the assignment of tithes to the Prebendary, A.D. 1222.

Patron and impropriator, the Prebendary of Wistow.

On the 11th May, A.D. 1447, a commission issued out to consecrate and dedicate the Church of Monk Fryston and cemetery thereof, which Chapel, saith Torre, has been ever since served by a stipendiary priest.

9th April 1729, faculty granted to re-pew the Church.

This Church is not mentioned in Pope Nicholas's taxation. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 261, it is said, "The parsonage is worth 120*l.* per annum. The minister has fifty pounds per annum, paid by order of Parliament."

"It is endowed with no part of the tithes, but an augmentation was made of 60*l.* per annum by Mr. Tobias Swinden, in the year 1661, then Prebendary of York, in obedience to the King's Letter, payable by the lessee of the tithes at Pent. and Mart., William Strode."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,278.

[1] Viz.: Angram, 67; Hutton, 116; and Long Marston, 401. In 1834, the population was returned at 650.

[2] According to the return in 1818. In 1834, the return was—sufficient.

[1] In 1831, Burton Salmon, 142; Hillam, 291; Monk Fryston, 430.

[2] Of which, 66 free sittings have been obtained under a grant of 60*l.* from the Society for Enlarging Churches. Church-room returned in 1818 at 400 or 500.

The Cure was augmented, in 1815, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. R. Bowman, the incumbent; and in the same year, with 1,000*l.* from the same grant, by lot.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Easter Term, 11th Geo. II.

Inclosure Acts were passed in the 32nd Geo. III., 37th Geo. III. (Hillam), 48th Geo. III. (Hillam amended Act), and 57th Geo. III. (Burton Salmon.)

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1538.

CHARITIES.—*Parish School.*—3A. 3R. 7P. of land were allotted for a school under the Inclosure Act, 32 Geo. III., and a school and school-house have been since built, but there are no free scholars.

DOLES.—*Christopher Robinson's*, 5*s.* per annum; *Rev. William Routh's*, 5*s.* per annum; and *Richard Swallow's*, 10*s.* per annum. All rents-charge.

Rev. William Strode's charity. Rent of 18 acres of land, distributed to the poor at Christmas.

Eliz. Rhodes's charity. Rent of three roods of land, distributed to the poor at Christmas.

Turner's dole. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum, distributed among the poor of Burton Salmon.—Vide 15th Report, page 635.

Post town, Ferrybridge.

Torre's MS. (West Riding), page 9. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 286. Mon. Ang., vol. iii. page 512.

MOOR MONKTON[1]. —— ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 4,230 acres. Ainsty wapentake.—POPULATION, 484[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 701*l.*—A Rectory in charge, formerly belonging to the Ughtreds, Knights, afterwards to the Earls of Salisbury. The Crown first presented in 1507, and has presented ever since.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

[1] Alias Moremuncketon.

[2] Viz.: Hessey, 170; and Moor Monkton, 314.

In 1665, Cuthbert Hesketh was presented, his predecessor, (for whose name a blank is left in Torre's MS.) not having subscribed.

Valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 16*l.* 19*s.* 7*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 539, at 80*l.* per annum. No Synodals or Procurations to the Archbishop.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer about tithes in Michaelmas Term, 36th Elizabeth.

Inclosure Acts were passed 26th Geo. III. (Moor Monkton), and 9th Geo. IV. (Hessey).

The Register Books commence in 1681.

The glebe house is returned as unfit for residence.

CHARITIES.—*Slingsby's dole.* Dame Mary Slingsby, by will, dated in 1739, gave to the poor of Moor Monkton, Staveley, Scriven Ferensby, and Bond End, all her gold and money in her escritoir at York, and her two escritoirs at Staveley, to be divided as her executors should think fit. 9*l.* per annum is now paid to the poor of Moor Monkton at Christmas.

Rector's dole. An ancient payment of 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum paid by the Rector at Christmas.

Hessey Poor's Money. Interest of 8*l.* paid by William Nottingham, Esq.—Vide 10th Report, page 719.

Post town, York.

Nonæ Roll, page 228. Torre's MS., page 369. Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 74. Drake's Eboracum, page 396.

NEWTON KYME[1].—SAINT ANDREW.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,050 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, U. D. — POPULATION, 221[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 100[3]; NET VALUE, 292*l.*—A Rectory anciently belonging to the patronage of the family of the Kymes, and from them of the Talboys, Lords of Kyme, and from them of the Lords Fairfax, Barons Cameron, by Cecil, Lord

[1] Alias Newton Kyne, alias Newton super Quef.

[2] Newton Kyme and Toulston. In 1834, returned at 228.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 180.

Burleigh. The patronage is now in F. L. Fairfax, Esq.

Several Roman coins have been found here.

Mr. Torre gives the inscriptions and monuments, principally of the families of Talboys, Barwyk, and Fairfax.

Torre also gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Value, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, 14*l.* Tenths, 1*l.* 8*s.*; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 234, the impropriate Rectory is stated to be worth 50*l.* per annum, and to belong to the Lord General Fairfax. A portion of tithes, worth 10*l.* per annum, called St. Mary's tithes, belong to William Jackson, of Leeds.

There is a glebe house fit for residence, which was altered under the authority of a faculty, dated 5th December 1768.

The Register books commence in 1633. There is a chasm from 1636 to 1682.

CHARITIES.—*Dame Ursula Barwick's charities*, given in 1673. Rent of 21A. 2R. 20P. (let on lease, which will expire 3rd August 1838), to be laid out in bread, and rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum for apprenticing children.

School, established by Robert Fairfax, Esq., and augmented by his will, dated 13th November 1794, six free scholars. Endowed with 17 acres of land.—Vide 21st Report, page 599.

Post town, Tadcaster.

Nonæ Roll, page 227. Torre's MS., page 347. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 88. Wood's MS. (Bodleian), No. 5,101.

NETHER POPPLETON. (*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,150 acres. Ainsty. —POPULATION, 259[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 155*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Abbey of St Mary, to which it was given by Osbert de Arches. Ecton and Bacon term it a Vicarage, but no ordination can be found, and it is held as a Curacy. In 1611, 1662, and 1665, it was held as a Vicarage.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 237.

The following Report is given by the Parliamentary Commissioners:—"A Vicarage, 20 marks per annum. Daniel Sherard, a constant preacher, of civil conversation, is Vicar there. We find that the town of Nether Poppleton and twelve houses in Over Poppleton are only belonging to the said parish of Nether Poppleton and the said Rectory of Nether Poppleton, and the said twelve houses is appropriate, being of the value of 100*l.* per annum, viz.: a moiety to the Bishop, and the other to the Dean and Chapter of York. The Bishop's moiety is leased for three lives, at 8*l.* per annum; the other, at 10*l.* per annum, by the said Dean and Chapter. The rest of Over Poppleton, other than the said twelve houses, is in the parish of Bishophill the Younger, in the city of York, but three miles distant thence; and there hath formerly been a Chapel in Over Poppleton, but now decayed, to which belongeth neither minister nor maintenance. Now, in regard both the said Poppletons are near situate the one to the other, we think fit that both Poppletons be made one parish; that that part of Over Poppleton, in the said parish of Bishophill the Younger, be divided thence, and annexed to Nether Poppleton, and the said Chapel to be clean demolished, and Nether Poppleton Church to be the parish Church for both parishes." Vol. xviii. page 555.

Torre gives the particulars of the composition between the Chapter of York and the Abbot of St. Mary's for dividing the lands of both Poppletons.

Archbishop Sharp says (MS., vol. i. page 70) this Church is now accounted a Vicarage, but is served by a stipendiary Curate, and is not charged with Tenths or Procurations.

The Archbishop of York is the patron, to whom the patronage was given by Henry VIII. at the Dissolution.

Value, in the King's books, 23*l.*

Archbishop Sterne made an augmentation of 8*l.* per annum.

Augmented, in 1829, with 200*l.*, 200*l.*, 200*l.*, 200*l.*, and 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of house, offices, and land, worth 1,200*l.*, from Richard Fountayne Wilson, Esq., M.P.

27th July 1797, a faculty was granted to take down an old barn belonging to

the living, and apply the materials towards the reparation of a messuage or tenement also belonging to the living.

The glebe house, in 1818, was not fit for residence, on account of the premises being very confined. There is now a good house.

The Register Books commence in 1640.

CHARITIES.—*Charity Land.*—10A. 2R. of land. The rent, after deducting one shilling, is distributed amongst the poor. A benefaction by the Rev. Thomas Morley was applied towards enclosing the land.

Dole, donor unknown. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum.

John Dodsworth's gift, by will, dated 8th June 1811. Dividends of 105*l.* new fours, for bread for the poor.

John Dodsworth's School. Dividends of 196*l.* 1*s.* 10*d.* new four per cents. to a schoolmaster for instructing 20 poor children.—Vide 10th Report, page 720.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1,031. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 75. 341. Drake's Eboracum, page 397. Mon. Ang., vol. iii. page 572.

UPPER POPPLETON CHAPEL.—(*Parish of Saint Mary Bishophill the Younger.*)—Area, 1,340 acres. Ainsty. — POPULATION, 319 ; CHAPEL-ROOM, sufficient. — This is an unaugmented Chapel of Ease to Saint Mary Bishophill the Younger. Ecton and Bacon both appear to confound the two Poppletons, as they say—"Poppleton, Superior, Vicarage (All Saints), Abbey of York; prop., Dean and Chapter of York. Poppleton, Inferior Curacy—Archbishop of York, improp. and patron; 23*l.* certified value."

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III. (Scagglethorpe Moor.)

18th May 1798, faculty to enclose the chapel-yard, and make use of the same for the interment of the bodies of the dead in all future times, upon payment of two shillings and sixpence to the minister for every burial, and providing a horse for him to go to the Chapel as often as he shall be thereunto desired.

Divine service is only celebrated once a month.

There is no return as to the Register Book.

Torre's MS., page 697. Drake's Eboracum, page 397.

RUFFORTH.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,420 acres. Ainsty.—POPULATION, 302[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 140; NET VALUE, 147*l.*—The Patron Saint is not known, but Guy Wright, of Rufforth, gent., by his will, proved 2nd October 1574, gave his soul to God, St. Mary, and All Saints, and his body to be buried in the Church before the image of All Hallowes.

Torre is silent as to this Church. A space appears to be allotted in his MS. for the insertion of any information which might occur.

This Church was appropriated to the Hospital of St. Leonard, which paid to the incumbent an annual pension of 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

Archbishop Sharp says: "My book makes the King patron of this Vicarage, but I do not find they of the Great Seal lay any claim to it; indeed, there has been no instituted Vicar here time out of mind. Mr. Torre finds none in our Registry."

Mrs. Grace Thompson is patron and impropriator.

The Church is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.* See also the Nonæ Roll, page 228.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 533, it is called "A Vicarage, 10*l.* per annum maintenance." The Commissioners add: "Now, in regard that Rufforth is near unto Acomb, and may fitly go to that Church, as appointed by us; and that Knapton, a quarter of a mile off the Church, is but of the town of that parish; we think fit that Rufforth and all Knapton be annexed unto Acomb, and the Chapelry of Dringhouses divided from thence and annexed to Bishopthorpe."

In the King's books, this Church, though called a Perpetual Curacy, is

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 320.

valued at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and discharged from tenths.

The Living was augmented, in 1739, with 200*l.*, by lot; in 1764, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Peter Johnson, Esq.; and in 1769, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from William Thompson, Esq.

An Inclosure Act was passed 34th Geo. III.

6th October 1792, a faculty was granted to lay a part of the church-yard to the road.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1655.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Land.*—House, garden, and about nine acres of land at Upper Poppleton, supposed to have been the donation of 1*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* per annum recorded in the benefaction table, made by John Hawkins in 1726. 2*s.* 6*d.* per annum is paid to the Curate, and the residue of the rent is distributed to the poor on Good Friday and St. Thomas's day.

Rent-charge. 2*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.* per annum. 1*l.* 4*s.*, part thereof, is paid to the Minister for two anniversary sermons on Good Friday and St. John's day, and the residue is distributed with the above-mentioned poor's land rent.

Lady Hewley's charity. 4*l.* per annum is paid to the schoolmaster for teaching eight poor children, who are appointed by the overseers.—Vide 10th Report, page 721.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 285. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 73. Monasticon Angl., vol. vi. page 607. Drake's Eboracum, page 393.

RYTHER.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 3,320 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 361[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 573*l.*—The Rectory anciently belonged to the patronage of the Rythers for many generations, and from them it came to the Askes, and from them to the Robinsons.

A pension of five marks per annum was paid to the Nuns of Appleton.

Mr. Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors to 1619, when the Crown presented as Custos of John Robinson. In 1704, William Elsley was presented by John Call, of Bloomsbury, Esq., who recovered, by a law-suit, the patronage from the Crown. It appears the Crown ultimately obtained the patronage from Sir Michael Wharton, in exchange for Leven.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.*; in the King's books, 6*l.* 11*s.* 10½*d.* No Synodals or Procurations to the Archbishop. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 240, at 50*l.* per annum, subject to a pension of 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* to the Nunnery at Nun Appleton.

A brief was granted in 1773 for this Church.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1550. Irregular and defective from 1641 to 1654.

CHARITIES.—*Sarah Morritt's charity.* Interest of 20*l.*, given in 1736, and distributed amongst the poor.—Vide 10th Report, page 744.

Post town, Tadcaster.

Torre's MS., page 311. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 86. Nonæ Roll, page 227.

[1] Viz.: Ryther, with part of Ozendike, 302; and Leadhall (U.D.), 59.

SAXTON. ALL SAINTS.—(*Perpetual Curacy*).—Area, 3,710 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 522[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 83*l.*—Torre calls this a parochial Chapel within the parish of Sherburn. The Church appears, from the Monasticon Anglicanum[2], to have been appropriated to St. Leonard's Hospital.

Archbishop Sharp was of opinion there had been an endowment, but no such has been found.

A Chantry is mentioned in the Valor Ecclesiasticus.

Patron and impropriator, J. R. O. Gascoigne, Esq.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation, this Church was valued at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

[1] In 1831, Saxton with Scarthingwell, 407; Towton, 115. In 1834, the population was returned at 550.

[2] Vol. vi. page 613.

"Neither Parsonage nor Vicarage presentable; 10*l.* per annum paid by the impropriator. Lead Chapel is four miles from Ryther, and but half a mile from the parish of Saxton, without a minister, and only thirty shillings per annum for maintenance. We recommend that the Chapel of Lead be dissolved, and the Chapelry annexed to Saxton."—Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 245.

The Curacy was augmented, in 1737, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* from Lady Elizabeth Hastings; and in 1809, by lot, with 200*l.*

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Michaelmas Term, 39th Elizabeth.

"Saxton is impropriated in all its tithes to the use of the Hungates: yearly salary to the Curate, 10*l.* The Advowson belongs to Sir Francis Hungate, Bart.; William Baines, Cur."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 934.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1538. Several chasms.

CHARITIES. — *Richard Fletcher*, in 1739, gave 10*l.*, the interest to be distributed annually among the poor. The sum of 10s. is divided at Christmas among poor widows of the parish.—Vide 15th Report, page 639.

Post town, Tadcaster.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 553. Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 91. Nonæ Roll, page 228.

SELBY. — ST. MARY AND ST. GERMAN. (*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 3,180 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, L. D[1].—POPULATION, 4,600; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,500[2]; NET VALUE, 97*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Abbey of Selby[3], but no Vicarage was ever ordained therein. On the 20th March, 16th Jac. I., this was made a parish Church by royal letters patent.

Patron, the Hon. E. R. Petre.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*

[1] The parish of Selby is partly within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] 744 additional sittings (of which 322 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 300*l.*

[3] Which was a mitred Abbey.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 256, it is stated: "Neither Parsonage nor Vicarage. 30*l.* per annum, granted by King James by letters patent, and an augmentation of 50*l.* per annum, granted by order of the Committee of Plundered Ministers out of the Impropriation of Brayton, the sequestered estate of Charles Walmsley, Esq., a recusant. There is also 10*l.* per annum due to the minister from the said Charles Walmsley, who is the Impropriator of the tithes of the parish of Selby."

The Cure was augmented, in 1772, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1788, with 200*l.*; in 1796, with 200*l.*; in 1812, with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; in 1819, with 400*l.* from the same grant; and, in 1820, with 200*l.* from the same grant—all by lot.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Michaelmas Term, 25th Elizabeth.

In 37th Geo. III. an Inclosure Act was passed.

Glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1590. Chasm in 1748.—Vide transcript in the Peculiar Registry.

CHARITIES.—*Estate of Feoffees, for pious purposes.*—By inquisition, taken 24th August 1664, it appeared that several estates had been given by sundry individuals for public uses, and by the decree founded thereon fifteen feoffees were appointed. The income arises from the rent of 68A. 2R. 30P. of land, and six houses, and is applied towards educating children, distributing bread, continuing the chime of bells, and repairing the Church and the highways.

Joshua Rayner's charity, by will, dated 28th February 1710. Rent of 9A. 0R. 38P. of land to a schoolmaster, for teaching six poor boys to read and write. Eleven boys are now taught, and also clothed once in two years.

John Edmonds's charity, by will, dated 8th June 1767. Interest of 20*l.*, to be laid out in bread.

Robert and Jane Hudson's charity, 1804. Rent of eight acres of land, for medical advice for women in childbed, and other poor persons of the parish.

Blue-Coat Charity. Rent of eight

acres of land, for clothing and instructing poor boys.—Vide 10th Report, page 745.

A post town.

Mon. Ang., vol. iii. page 485. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 298—319. Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1359. Mountain's History of Selby. Prickett's Bridlington, page 50. Gent's Ripon, page 52. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxxxv. page 105. Nonæ Roll, page 228.

SHERBURNE-IN-ELMET.—*Peculiar*.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 11,650 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, U.D[1].—POPULATION, 3068[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 135*l.*—In A.D. 959, King Athelstan gave the manor of Sherburne to the Archbishop of York and his successors, and it was held by the Archbishop by barony of the King, in capite, in which barony there were six knights' fees, and a fourth part held by divers great men, who were lords of the towns of "Burne, Stiveton Luterington, Spaldington, Micklesend, Saytford, Bretton, Lumby, Barkeston, and Southum Beforth."

The Archbishops of York sometimes made the manor-house of Sherburne their place of residence; but on the 16th September, 30th Hen. VIII., the Archbishop demised the manor to Anthony Hammond, for the term of 30 years, under the yearly rent of 25*l.*

On the 23d August, 23rd Hen. III., the King granted to the Archbishop of York and his successors, the liberty of holding a fair in this his manor of Sherburne, to continue for two days, viz. the vigil, and day of Exaltation of the Holy Cross.

The Liberties of Sherburne were divided into two prebends in the Cathedral Church, viz. of Newthorpe and Fenton; the first of which was annexed to the treasurership of the said Church.

This was a Rectory, which was appropriated to the Prebend of Fenton, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in October, A.D. 1240.

Patron and impropriator, the Prebendary of the Cathedral of York.

There was also an Hermitage nigh Sherburne in Elmet, founded to the honor of Saint Mary Magdalene, which was of the patronage of the Archbishop.

A Chapel in the Church was founded, and endowed to the honour of St. Mary.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Michaelmas Term, 44th Elizabeth, as to Newthorpe tithes. The Vicar is entitled to the small tithes of the parish, particularly the tithe of rape seed.—Wickham *v.* Duffield, 1 Wood, page 434.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation, the Vicarage is valued at 5*l.*, and in the King's Books at 10*l.* 17*s.* 1*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. pages 230. 263, it is stated "Inquisition at Sherburne, 4th June 1650. Vicarage, 26*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.* The Vicar had 80*l.* per annum, by order of Parliament, out of the estate of Sir Philip Hungate, a delinquent there.—At Leeds, 6th June 1650. There be two Chapels in the parish, viz. Lotherton and Micklefield. To the first belongs the town of Lotherton and part of Aberford. It is distant two miles from the said parish Church, and hath neither minister nor maintenance belonging to it. Micklefield Chapel is also distant about two miles from its parish Church, and hath neither minister nor maintenance belonging to it, and but about thirty families. We think fit that that part of Aberford in the Chapelry of Lotherton be annexed to the parish of Aberford. We think it not fit to have the said Chapels made parish Churches, there being no considerable number of parishioners to resort thither."

Augmented in 1780 with 200*l.*; in 1795 with 200*l.*; and in 1824, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant,—all by lot; and in 1831 with 200*l.* and 200*l.* to meet benefactions of 200*l.* from the Rev. Dr. Bull the patron, and 200*l.* from James Matthews, gentleman.

There was also a Chantry in this Church.

Acts were passed in the 19th Geo. III. and 33rd Geo. III. for inclosing South Milford and Lumley.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

[1] The remainder of Aberford is entered as a parish in Skirack wapentake. The townships of South Milford, Newthorpe, and Sherburne, extend into the jurisdiction of Saint Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Barkston, 265; Huddlestone and Lumby, 212; Lotherton and part of Aberford, 426; Micklefield, 228; South Milford, 719; Newthorpe, 63; Sherburne, 1155.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Vicars and a view of the nave of the Church.

4th May 1792, faculty to erect a gallery.

The Register Books commence in 1639.

CHARITIES.—*Hungate's Hospital and School*, founded under the will of Robert Hungate, Esq. dated 10th May 1619, for legitimate orphans. Only six boys. At the time of the Report they are supplied with food and clothing, and on leaving the school, at the age of 15, receive each 2*l.* 10*s.* and a suit of clothes. They are taught reading, writing, and accounts. The schoolmaster is required to be a preaching minister. Orphans of Saxton and Sherburne to be first preferred; then of Sand Hutton; and after them of York, or elsewhere. The heir male of the founder to be patron, unless he became a Popish recusant; in which case the Dean of York was to become patron. 40 marks for maintenance of four poor scholars from the school at St. John's College, Cambridge; but these exhibitions have not been applied for for many years. Income at the time of the Report, 195*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Plant's gift, by will, dated 7th June 1770. The interest of 100*l.* amongst poor widows.

DOLES.—Milford township: *Sampson's* two, of 5*s.* each; *Routh's*, 5*s.*; *Daniel's*, 5*s.*; and *Halliley's*, 6*s.*

The Rev. Samuel Duffield's School, by will, 24th June 1731, for poor girls. Income: rent of 23A. 3R. 3P. of land; interest of 1,545*l.* on security, and dividends of 900*l.* three per cent. consols.—Vide 16th Report, page 417; 21st Report, page 620.

Post town, Tadcaster.

Vid. Nonæ Roll, page 229. Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 543. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 287. Thoresby, page 245. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 149. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 782.

LOTHERTON CHAPEL. — MICKLEFIELD CHAPEL.—These Chapels are within the parish of Sherburne, but are not noticed in the Visitation Calls.

HUDDLESTONE.—On the 4th Kal. February, A.D. 1269, Sir Richard de Huddlestone, having obtained licence of Dean Sewall to hear Divine Service in that year in the Chapel built within his court of Huddlestone, provided that he repaired to his Mother Church of Sherburne to hear Divine Service on the principal festivals and other sermon days, if bodily health would permit; which if it did not, that then his priest should there celebrate for him and his family; he, the aforesaid Sir Richard, undertook that his said priest should, before he ministered in the said Chapel, be presented by him to the Dean of York, and being by him approved, should take the oath of fealty to his Mother Church of Sherburne, and faithfully restore thereunto all the obventions and oblations made in the said Chapel.

Torre's MS. page 552.

SPOFFORTH. — ALL SAINTS. — (*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 13,130 acres. Claro wapentake, U.D. — POPULATION, 3,233[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient[2]; NET VALUE, 1,538*l.*—The town of Spofforth was held by the heirs of Percy of the King, in capite, for one knight's fee, ever since the conquest of England by William, who gave this lordship to William de Percy, one of his barons; and which became then one of the chief seats of that noble family for divers ages afterwards.

In the 8th Hen. III. William de Percy obtained a grant of the King for a market upon Friday every week, at his manor of Spofforth. And on the 2d Edw. I. Henry Lord Percy obtained the King's license to fortify his houses at Spofforth and Leckonfield.

A Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the noble house of the Percies, and now of the Earl of Egremont.

Value in Pope Nicholas's Taxation 80*l.* which in his New Taxation was reduced to 60*l.* In the King's Books 73*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Synodals, 4*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 147, at 400*l.* per annum.

[1] Viz. Follifoot, 327; Linton, 166; Plompton, 221; Little Ribston, 222; Spofforth, 914; Stockeld, 62; and Wetherby, 1,321. The population in 1834, exclusive of Wetherby, was returned at 1,912.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 1,717.

Mr. Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors, and an account of the monuments and inscriptions.

Inclosure Acts were passed 12th Geo. III. (Follifoot), and 27th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1599.

CHARITIES.—*Talbot and Hutton's charities.* Interest of two sums of 10*l.* each, one left by the Rev. Jas. Talbot, a former Rector, and the other by Dr. Hutton, Archbishop of Canterbury, laid out in bread.

Margaret Carrack's charity, by will, dated 10th November 1732. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum, to the poor of Spofforth and Follifoot.

Henry Cocker's charity, by will, dated 25th May 1800. Interest of 20*l.* to the poor of Spofforth township (upwards of 50 years of age, and who have never received alms,) in bread.

Rent-charge of 13*s.* 4*d.* Donor unknown.—Vide 3rd Report, page 503.

Post town, Wetherby.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 243. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 78. Wood's MS. (Bodleian), No. 5101. Hargrove's Knaresbro', page 293.

WETHERBY.—(*Parish of Spofforth. Perpetual Curacy.*)—SAINT JAMES.—Claro wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION, 1,321; CHAPEL-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 181*l.*[1]—The town was given to the Knights Templars by William, son of Robert de Denby.

Patron, the Rector of Spofforth.

A brief was granted in 1757, for repairing this Chapel.

22nd June 1816, faculty to erect a gallery.

The Cure was augmented in 1776 by lot with 200*l.*, in 1778 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Duke of Devonshire; and in 1812 with 800*l.* by lot, from the Parliamentary grant.

"Wetherby, a market town, very populous, and a high road between Barwick and London, and two miles from Spofforth. The Chapel is of ancient erection, but hath no endowment; one Mr. Dunwell performs the Cure, and has only some small tithes of the value of 40*s.* per annum for his maintenance, without any further allowance from the incumbent of Spofforth, save that the inhabitants do give him a voluntary contribution for his better subsistence. We think Linton and Sherry Grange should be annexed to Wetherby, and that it be made a parish church."—Parliamentary Survey, vol. xxviii. page 148.

No glebe house.

The Register Book for baptisms commences in 1783. Marriages and burials take place at Spofforth.

CHARITY.—The only charity, exclusively for the benefit of the poor, arises out of a legacy of 10*l.* left by Mr. Geo. Dewer, the interest to be yearly given to such poor people as should most regularly attend Divine Service in Wetherby Chapel. This legacy was laid out, in 1817, in the purchase of three pews in the west gallery, which at the time of the Report produced 15*s.* a year. —Vide 3d Report, page 503.

A post town.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 260. Hargrove's Knaresbro', page 298.

[1] In the Parliamentary Return, the value is stated, by error, at 101*l.*; but in the last edition of the Clerical Guide (1836), the error is corrected.

SWILLINGTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,760 acres. Skirack wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 523; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 510*l.*—This Rectory belonged a long time to the patronage of the Swillingtons, and from them to the Hoptons, Dyneleys, Blands, Darcys, and Lowthers. The present patron is Sir William Lowther, Bart.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 10*l.*; in the King's Books at 16*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.*, after deducting Synodals, 2*s.*; Procurations, 6*s.* 8*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 344, at 100*l.* per annum.

There is a glebe house fit for residence, which was rebuilt under a faculty granted 28th August 1797.

An Inclosure Act was passed 35th Geo. III.

The Register Books commence in 1553.

CHARITIES.—*Sir William Lowther's almshouse,* built in 1728. 12*l.* a year among four poor widows.

School. A school and dwelling-house were built about the year 1748. 50*l.* was given by Peter Hall, Sir William Lowther also contributed, and the freeholders set apart 16A. 2R. of common. The master also receives 32*s.* a year, being the interest of a donation by Mrs. Faith Hollings.

Arthur Middleton left 10*l.* to build a cottage for two poor persons, but the cottage was burnt in 1812.

DOLES.—*William Harpham's*, 3*l.*; *Arthur Middleton's*, 1*l.*; *Peter Halls'*, 2*l.* for repairing the school; *Faith Hollings'*, 3*s.*—Vide 21st Report, page 609.

Post town, Ferrybridge.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 305. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 100. Wood's MS. (Bodleian), No. 5078. Loidis et Elmete, page 252.

TADCASTER.—ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 6,100 acres. Barkston-Ash and Ainsty wapentakes, U.D[1].—POPULATION, 2,855[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 800; NET VALUE, 240*l.*—The town and manor of Tadcaster were anciently parcel of the possessions of the house of Percy, Earls of Northumberland, who held the town, containing four carucates of land (where 10 made a knight's fee), of the King, in capite, paying 4*s.* per annum to the sheriff's fine.

In the 24th Edw. III. Henry Lord Percy obtained a charter of free warren in all his demesne lands within the manor of Tadcaster.

The Church was appropriated to the Abbey of Sallay by the Lady Maude de Percy, Countess of Warwick, and a Vicarage was ordained therein, 7th Id. August 1290.

There were three Chantries in this Church.

See the particulars of the ordination in Torre's MS. It is very special, and gives the Vicar "the tithe of servants in Lent, viz. of mercenaries, merchants, bakers, carpenters, stone-diggers, masons, cupars, and lime-burners, within the parish. Also of Carta Nova, malt-makers, together with bread offered at the altar, also the tithes of the consecrated bread, with the sirage and candles offered on the feast of the Purification."

Patron, the Earl of Egremont. Impropriator, T. Shann, Esq.

A Chapel at Catterton is named in the endowment.

26th August, A.D. 1414, licence was granted to the Abbot and Convent of Salley to have the dedication of this Church translated from the 28th August, whereon the said feast was, over to the Sunday next after the feast of St. John the Baptist's decollation, then to be solemnly celebrated every year, because of harvest-time, in which it happened before.

1st January 1399, a chantry was founded at the altar of St. Nicholas in this Church, by William Barker of Tadcaster, and Agnes his wife.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 36*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, which in the New Taxation was reduced to 28*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* and the Vicarage at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* and in the King's Books at 8*l.* 4*s.* 7*d.* per annum. Synodals, 4*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 259, at 25*l.* per annum, including a rent of 16*s.* 8*d.* out of Hesslewood. The Commissioners add, "Mr. William Warren is Vicar, a constant preaching minister. There is only one chapel in the parish, called Hazelwood Chapel, about a mile and a half distant from the parish Church, which, because it is an ease to some few inconsiderable number of inhabitants at Hazelwood, we think fit to continue it as it is. The said Mr. Warren bestoweth his pains sometimes at Hazelwood Chapel."

Augmented in 1730 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Henry Robinson.

A brief was granted in 1759 for this Church.

6th November 1766, faculty to erect a gallery.

23rd October 1802, faculty to erect another gallery.

An Inclosure Act was passed 31st Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned, in

[1] Part of the parish is in the Ainsty, and part in the West Riding. The township of Tadcaster extends into the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Catterton, 62; Oxton, 60; Stutton with Hazelwood, 330; Tadcaster, in the Ainsty, 737; ditto, in the county, 1,666. The church is in the county. In 1834, the population was returned at 2,864.

1818, as fit for residence; but, in 1834, is returned as unfit.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Vicars to 1662: he also describes the monuments.

The Register Books commence in 1570. Some chasms.

CHARITIES.—*School and Hospital or Almshouse*, founded by Dr. Owen Oglethorpe, Bishop of Carlisle, 7th May, 4 and 5 Philip and Mary, to lodge 12 poor people, with a common hall and common kitchen, and for a school. The Archbishop and Dean of York are the visitors. The schoolmaster to be a graduate, and without cure of souls, unless as Vicar of Tadcaster; and he is to instruct the children of the parishioners, or any other coming to him, gratis. The usual number of scholars in Latin has been from three to six, and for many years only one scholar. Endowed with 154 acres of land, and a rent-charge of 5*l.* 4*s.*

Henrietta Dawson's charity, by will, dated 30th July 1795. Dividends of 11,629*l.* 14*s.* 5*d.* reduced, and 915*l.* 18*s.* consols, to be applied as follows, viz. 15*l.* a piece to 10 women of creditable and respectable families, and 10*l.* a piece to 10 other women, also of creditable and respectable families; 1*l.* 17*s.* 3¼*d.* to each of the said 20 women for rent; 12*l.* allowance for coals, to be divided amongst them; 10*s.* each for green stuff for clothing; 10*l.* for a medical attendant; 10*l.* to the Vicar for two sermons, on the days when the trustees hold their meetings, and to four of the women; 19*l.* 14*s.* amongst them for teaching 40 children to read and write. The women to be spinsters or widows, unless relatives, and not under 30 years of age.

Jane Stainburn's benefaction, by will, dated 29th May 1752. Interest of 4*l.* to poor widows of the township of Stutton.—Vide 10th Report, page 722.

A post town.

Vid. Nonæ Roll, page 228. Torre's MS. page 211. Gent's Ripon, page 5. Hutton, page 43. Drake's Eboracum, page 389. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. page 87. Hargrove's Knaresbro', page 305. Wood's MS. (Bodleian), No. 5,101. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 510.

HAZELWOOD.—(*In the Parish of Tadcaster.*) — SAINT LEONARD. — Barkstone Ash wapentake, U. D.—The Chapel of Hazelwood, which is now used as the private chapel of the Vavasour family[1], was formerly granted (with the Church of Tadcaster) to the house of Sallay, by the Lady Maud de Percy, Countess of Warwick, by the counsel of William le Vavasour.

There were two chantries founded in the Chapel of St. Leonard of Hazelwood, the one in 10 Kal. Mart. A.D. 1332, by Sir Henry le Vavasour, at the altar of St. Mary, out of the Church of Fryston, which he gave to be appropriated to the College of the Vicars of St. Peter of the Cathedral Church of York, which was of the patronage of the Succentor and Vicars of the same College, as were other two Chantries ordained also in the Cathedral Church. The other chantry was founded in the Chapel, at the altar of St. Nicholas, by W. Vavasour, which family were always patrons of it.

The following interments appear from Torre's MS. to have taken place in this Chapel:—Sir Henry Vavasour (1413), Lady Margaret Vavasour (1415), Henry Vavasour, Esq. (1447), Henry Vavasour, Esq. (1500), Henry Vavasour, Esq. (1515), William Vavasour, Esq. (1572).

Torre gives the monuments and inscriptions in this Chapel, being all of the Vavasour family.

Torre's MS. page 215.

THORNER.—ST. PETER.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,380 acres. Skirack wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 1,220[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 480; NET VALUE, 143*l.*—The Church anciently belonged to the patronage of the Earls of Lincoln, and from them devolved to the Dukes of Lancaster, until it was appropriated to the Priory of Knaresborough.

Augmented, in 1732, with 200*l.*, and 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of tithes worth 200*l.* and upwards from Lady Elizabeth Hastings, and 200*l.* from the said Lady Elizabeth Hastings.

Dr. Ducarel does not notice any Ordination, but Mr. Torre gives the particu-

[1] According to the rites of the Roman Catholic Church, by the permission, as it is said, of Queen Elizabeth.

[2] Viz.: Scarcroft, 168; Shadwell, 248; Thorner, 804.

lars of one made, 4th May, A.D. 1444, T. C. y. 241, A. C. y. 89, and also a reference to another, dated ult. July, 1456, A. P. y. 233. It is also said this Vicarage had lately had an hundred pounds left to it, the annual interest of which is to be paid to the Vicar or Minister, and twenty acres of common land given to it to be inclosed for the perpetual use and benefit of the Minister.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor; impropriator, the Earl of Mexborough.

No Vicar was instituted from the time of Queen Mary until the year 1777.

23rd June 1662, the Crown granted a lease of part of the Rectory of Thorner to William Butler for twenty-one years, on paying yearly to the Vicar of Thorner a salary or stipend of 8*l.*, being the payment formerly made by the Priory. Vid. particulars of leases in the Augmentation Office, Yorkshire, Roll 44, No. 3.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 16*l.*; and, in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 8*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum. See also Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 323, where it is stated, "Vicarage, 10*l.*, including 8*l.* paid by the impropriator."

There were Inclosure Acts passed in the 17th Geo. III. and 43rd Geo. III. (Shadwell.)

There is no glebe house.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Vicars, which is only brought down to 1556.

The Register Books commence in 1622, but are very defective till 1653. There is a chasm for 1654.

CHARITIES.—*School*, founded by deed, dated 13th January 1787. Six free scholars; endowment, twelve acres, held by lease, on an inadequate rent, which expires 2nd February 1837.

Poor's Estate. A house, garth, and about nine acres of land, given by one Matthew Dodgson.

Matthew Blackburne's dole, given in 1706. 12*s.* per annum.

Cryer's dole. Interest of 10*l.*, in the hands of the representatives of John Pawson, deceased, given in beef or coals.

Lady Betty Hastings's charity. 40*s.* per annum for sacramental bread and wine.

Scarcroft dole. 14*s.* 6*d.* per annum to the poor of that township.—Vide 17th Report, page 742.

Post town, Aberford.

Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 95. Torre's MS., page 187.

THORPARCH.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,370 acres. Ainsty wapentake.—POPULATION, 316[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250[2]; NET VALUE, 356*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Chapel of St. Mary and the Holy Angels at York, by Adam de Brus, and his wife, Ivetta de Arches, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 4th Non. May 1258.

The Advowson was purchased by Lady Elizabeth Hastings. Vide Drake, where the substance of the endowment is given.

Augmented, in 1730, with 200*l.*, and 200*l.* to meet benefactions of 200*l.* from Rev. Christopher Wetherherd, and 200*l.* from the Rev. Henry Robinson.

Patroness, Mrs. Wheler.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

The Vicar is charged with the repairs of the Chancel; and in the Ecclesiastical Report of 1834, it is said the Vicarage is endowed with the great tithes.

The value in the King's books, is 3*l.* 15*s.* 5*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 549, at 20*l.* per annum.

"Forty shillings are annually paid by the Vicar of Thorparch to the poor of the parish of Calverley, by the Rev. Mr. Berwicke, Vicar of Calverley, who further acquaints me that the Vicarage of Thorparch was endowed with the great tithes of that parish, tempe Elizabethæ Reginæ."—Dr. Ducarel's MS.

19th April 1797, faculty granted to enlarge the body of the Church.

An inclosure took place in the 56th Geo. III.

Glebe house fit for residence.

A mortgage, under Gilbert's Act, of 500*l.*, will cease in 1841.

The Register Books commence in 1595. They are defective, as to mar-

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 310.

[2] Estimated, in 1818, at 500.

riages, from 1673 to 1754.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Lady Betty Hastings's Charity School.* Twenty poor children taught reading, writing, and arithmetic, and the Church Catechism. The master is appointed by the Vicar. There is a school-house and orchard, and between nine and ten acres of land, and the master also receives 30*l.* stipend in money. The governors of the general charity also pay 2*l.* per annum to the Vicar for books for the school, and 2*l.* per annum for sacramental bread and wine.

Payment out of the Great Tithes—origin unknown. 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Poor's Money. Interest of 12*l.*, donor unknown, given in linen and wearing apparel at Christmas.—Vide 11th Report, page 715.

Post town, Wetherby.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 69. Torre's MS., page 339. Drake's Eboracum, page 393. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxxiv. page 513. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 302.

WALTON.—ST. PETER.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,670 acres. Ainsty wapentake. — POPULATION, 237[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 75*l.* —This Church was appropriated to the Chapel of Saint Mary, and the Holy Angels in York, but no Vicarage was ever ordained. In 1226, Walter Grey, Archbishop, confirmed an agreement between the Sacrist and the Convent of Monkton touching certain claims made by the latter. Torre gives the particulars, and also drawings of the monuments, Fairfaxes, Skinner, &c., but no catalogue of Incumbents.

23rd August 1369, composition between the Sacrist of St. Mary and the Holy Angels, and the Convent of Monkton, setting forth, that children and infants born at Walton, and the bodies of deceasants there, had anciently been baptized and buried in the parochial or mother Church of Thorparch, but that, considering the distance of the two places, and the difficulty of passing to the said Church with their children and dead corpses, it should be lawful for the Chaplain of the Chapel of Walton to baptize and bury. In consideration thereof, the Convent of Monkton agreed to pay to the Vicar of Thorparch an annual pension of 3*s.* 4*d.*

Mr. Drake gives the particulars of the appropriation.

Valued, in 1707, at 7*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 550, it is said to be "A parish Church, heretofore a Chapel to Thorpe Arch, now a Vicarage, the profits, consisting of small tithes, amounting to about 10*l.* per annum. The great tithes are impropriate, belonging to Sir William Snawsdell. Mr. Robert Chambers is incumbent there, a man of evil life and conversation, who preacheth not above four times in a year, and he frequently useth the book of Common Prayer. We think fit that Thorparch be annexed to Walton, and made both in one parish, and Walton Church to be the parish Church, and the other Church to be demolished."

Augmented, in 1744, with 200*l.*, by lot; in 1761, with 200*l.*, to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Christopher Atkinson; in 1770, with 200*l.*, to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Christopher Atkinson; and, in 1828, with 200*l.*, by lot.

Patrons and impropriators, C. A. Fischer, Esq., and another.

11th December 1769, an agreement was made between the Curate and the Impropriator respecting the tithe of hay and clover.

An inclosure took place under an Act passed 56th Geo. III.

There is a glebe fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1619.

CHARITY. — *Anonymous Benefaction.* —Interest of 20*l.*, given by some person unknown, and, at the time of the Report, placed out on promissory note, and the interest given to the poor about May-day. — Vide 10th Report, page 733.

Post town, Wetherby.

Torre's MS., page 343. Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 70. Drake's Eboracum, page 394. Mon. Ang. vol. iv. page 191.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 230.

WHITKIRK.—ST. MARY.—*(Discharged Vicarage.)*—Area, 6,430 acres. Skirack wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 2,564[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 450[2]; NET VALUE, 202*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Commandery of Newland, by William de Vilers: on the suppression of the Knights Templars, the presentation was given to Trinity College, Cambridge.

There is a Vicarage, but no ordination appears either in Torre's, Ducarel's, or Archbishop Sharp's MSS.; but Archbishop Sharp saith, that the living had certain glebe and small tithes, and 2*l.* for anniversary sermons.

A Chantry was ordained in 1448, founded by William Scargill, sen. Esq.

There were unreported decrees in the Exchequer in Easter Term, 26th Eliz. (Halton), ditto (Whitkirk), and in Trinity Term, 17 Jac. I. (Halton).

Patrons and impropriators, Trinity College, Cambridge.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation the Vicarage is valued at 5*l.*; in the King's books at 13*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* See also Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 348, it is stated, Vicarage 34*l.* per annum. Synodals, 4*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

Augmented in 1823 with 300*l.* and 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Charles Musgrave, the Vicar, and 200*l.* from Trinity College, Cambridge; in 1825 with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from Trinity College, Cambridge, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees; and in 1826 with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Master and Fellows of Trinity College, Cambridge.

An augmentation of 40*s.* per annum, for two charity sermons, was given by Nicholas Askwith, Esq.—Vide Notitia Parochialis, No. 807.

An inclosure of Halton Moor took place in the 17th Geo. III.; and Temple Newsom was inclosed under 1st Geo. IV.

Glebe fit for residence.

[1] Viz. Austhorpe, 169; Seacroft, 918; Temple Newsome, 1,458; and Thorpe Stapleton, 19. Fifty men are employed in coal mines in the townships of Seacroft and Temple Newsome. In 1834, the population was returned at 2,581.

[2] In 1818 the return was 700.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars and an account of the monuments.

3rd November 1743, faculty to erect a gallery.

The parish Registers commence in 1603.

Torre gives a particular account of the foundation of the hospital and free-school in 1521, by Sir Thomas D'Arcy, knight, and of the statutes made by the Archbishop relative to the same.

CHARITIES. — *Lady Margaret Gascoigne's dole*, by deed, dated 28th April 1573. 10*l.* per annum.

William Rishforth's dole, in 1616. 18*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Richard Heald's dole, in 1631. 5*s.* per annum.

William Hancock's dole, by will, 17th July 1677. 4*l.* per annum.

Nicholas Askwith's charity, by will, dated 30th September 1635. 40*s.* per annum for two anniversary sermons, one on the first Sunday after the 12th August, and the other on Shrove Tuesday; 20*s.* per annum to the parish-clerk, and 5*l.* per annum to the poor.

School, built by subscription, and endowed with 10*l.* per annum, under the will of Richard Brooke, in 1702. Six free scholars.

John Roades's gift, by will, 29th March 1711. Interest of 100*l.* to be paid into the hands of Lord Irwin, to be paid to the minister, provided he preached ten sermons on Sunday afternoons, between Midsummer and Michaelmas. Not paid since 1820.

John Roades's gift, in 1711. Rent-charge of 3*l.* per annum, for clothing three poor people. Nothing paid for some time back.

John Layster's gift, in 1717. Interest of 20*l.* to poor widows. Lost.

John Thompson's gift, in 1718. Interest of 20*l.* to poor widows, and rent-charge of 10*l.* for a charity sermon on the Sunday after Michaelmas. Lost.—Vide 15th Report, page 690.

Post town, Leeds.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 159. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 101. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 137. Wood's MS. (Bodleian,) No. 5,101.

TEMPLE NEWSOME.—In this parish was a Preceptory belonging to the Knights Templars.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 167. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 817.

WIGHILL.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,320 acres. Ainsty wapentake.—POPULATION, 276[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 114*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Priory of Healough, and a Vicarage ordained, which was endowed with the tithes of Esdyke and Folihyt, &c.; date not given. Torre gives "A. C. 18," as the reference, but no date.

The Vicarage is partly endowed with the great tithes.

The presentation was in the Stapletons, afterwards in Thomas Shann, Esq., and now in R. F. Wilson, Esq.

In Pope Nicholas's first taxation the Church was valued at 8*l.*; in the new, at 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Valued in the King's Books at 5*l.* 3*s.* 6½*d.* per annum. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 545, at 21*l.* per annum.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Augmented in 1764 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the executors of the Rev. Marmaduke Buck.

The glebe house, in 1818, was returned unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1717.

CHARITIES.—*Lady Cholmley's dole.* 2*l.* per annum. Rent-charge.

Roger Stowing's gift. Interest of 11*l.* —Vide 10th Report, page 733.

Post town, Tadcaster.

Vid. Nonæ Roll, page 227. Torre's MS. page 277. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 68. Bodleian MS. No. 5,078. Drake's Eboracum, page 392. Wood's MS. (Bodleian) No. 5,101.

[1] The population, in 1834, was returned at 273.

WISTOW[1].—ALL SAINTS.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 3,870 acres. Barkston Ash wapentake, L. D. — POPULATION, 665[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 221*l.* — This Church was appropriated to the Prebendary of Wistow. There is a Vicarage, but when endowed is not known. The earliest date of institution given by Mr. Torre is 1315, but there was a Vicar previous to that date.

Patron and impropriator, the Prebendary of the Cathedral of York.

The value of the Vicarage is not noticed in Pope Nicholas's Taxation. The list of the Vicars commences in 1315. In the King's Books it is valued at 8*l.* Pension to the Archbishop, 10*d.* Synodals, 12*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 243, at 72*l.* per annum. The Commissioners recommended the prebendal tithes to be transferred to the Vicar.

An inclosure Act was passed 16th Geo. III.

Glebe house unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1590.

CHARITIES.—*Archbishop Mountayn's charity.* Rent of 13 acres of land, for apprenticing poor boys.

Harford's dole. 20*s.* per annum.

Robert Shaw's charity, by will, dated 29th December 1719. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum, to a schoolmaster, for teaching 10 poor boys to read and write.

Poor's land. 5A. 1R. 34P. of land. The rent is distributed amongst the poor.—Vide 10th Report, page 749.

Post town, Selby.

Vid. Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 843. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 284. Gent's Ripon, page 60. Gentleman's Magazine, July 1754, page 309 (Epitaph). Mountain's Cawood, page 30. Nonæ Roll, page 229.

[1] The parish of Wistow extends into the jurisdiction of St. Peter of York.

[2] In 1818, the population was returned at 700.

DEANERY OF OLD AINSTY.

ADDLE.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 5,350 acres. Skirack wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 1,063[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 260[2]; NET VALUE, 633*l.*—This Church, with one carucate of land, the tithes of Arthington, the mediety of the town, and the tithe of the hall there, was given by Ralph Paganel to the Priory of the Holy Trinity in York: though in the register of Kirkstall Abbey, it is pretended that the donation was to that house. At the Dissolution, the advowson was granted to the Canons of Christ Church, who presented once, it then reverted to the Crown. In 1606, the Arthington family became possessed of the advowson.

Patron, Major-General Davy.

In the first taxation of Pope Nicholas, the Church of Adell is valued at 17*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the new, at 26*l.* In the King's Books at 16*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.* A pension of 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* was formerly paid to the Prior of the Holy Trinity. Synodals, 4*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 329, it is remarked as follows:—"The Church very ill situate, viz. at the emptiest part of the parish, and furthest distant from the most populous part thereof, therefore we do join with the desires of the parishioners that the said parish Church may be removed by the approbation of the State, and rebuilt in the centre of the parish, which the parishioners are willing to do at their own charges: they have orders therefore."

Inclosure Act, 47th Geo. III.

Dr. Whitaker was of opinion that this parish was detached from the Saxon parish of Leeds, when the Church was founded at Addle, a little before the year 1100. The doctor gives a catalogue of the Rectors, a section of the Church, and an engraving of the porch entrance to the choir and the Roman capitals; also a plate of two Roman altars.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1606.

Several Roman antiquities have been found here.

The Priory of Arthington, a nunnery of the order of St. Benedict, was situate in this parish. It was founded by Peter de Arthington, in the latter part of the reign of King Stephen, or in the beginning of the reign of King Henry II. It was valued at the Dissolution at 11*l.* 8*s.* 4½*d.* per annum. The last prioress was Elizabeth Hall, who had a pension given her of 5*l.* per annum. Not a vestige of the Priory is now to be seen.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Kirk*, by will, dated 19th July 1701, gave 800*l.* to be laid out in lands, the rents to be applied by the minister, churchwardens, and overseers, as follows, viz.: 13*s.* 4*d.* in bread every Sabbath day, among the poor of Cookridge and Addle parish; 20*s.* per annum to the minister, to preach two sermons yearly, one on St. Thomas's Day and the other on Ascension Day; 5*s.* to the clerk on each of the said days for his attendance, and 13*s.* 4*d.* in bread to the poor on each of the said days. There are 58 acres at Hampsthwaite and Killinghall, and 17 acres at Darley. A larger quantity of bread is now given.

Dean Hitch's dole (vide Guiseley). 2*l.* per annum is appropriated, one half of it to each of the two constablewicks, and is distributed at Christmas.

Mitchell's dole. 10*s.* per annum is paid out of the nunnery estate at Arthington, at Christmas. Given by a person named Mitchell, formerly a proprietor of the estate.

School charity. 6*l.* a year is paid by Colonel Davy, of Tracy Park, near Bath, to two schoolmasters of Addle and Arthington, viz. 3*l.* each. It is not known how or by whom the fund was given.—Vide 15th Report, page 648.

[1] Viz. Addle cum Eccup, 703; and Arthington, 360. Brearey and Cookridge are included in the return of Addle cum Eccup.

[2] In 1818, a return was made of 300 sittings.

Post town, Leeds.

Vid. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, page 85. Mon. Angl. vol. iv. page 680. Tanner's Notitia, page 641. Burton's Monasticon, page 288. Torre's MS. page 253. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 108. Loidis et Elmete, page 174. Parsons's Leeds, vol. i. page 446. Thoresby, page 157, and Philosoph. Trans. No. 222, page 319, and No. 283, page 1258.

FUISTON[1].—ST. MARY MAGDALENE.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 16,660 acres. Claro wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 2,035[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 700[3]; NET VALUE, 144*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the House at Knaresborough, 19th June 1351, and again in 1381, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 3d February 1351; and on 18th May 1381, a new ordination was made.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriators, the representatives of the late T. Shann and J. Smith.

In Pope Nicholas's first Taxation, the Church is valued at 20*l.*; in his new, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the King's Books the Vicarage is valued at 5*l.* per annum.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 173, glebe lands 10*l.* Stipend paid by the impropriator, 5*l.*

The Vicarage was augmented in 1803 with 200*l.* by lot.

A pension of 5*l.* per annum was paid by the House of St. Robert to the Vicar.

There was a decree in the Exchequer, in Hilary Term, 35th Chas. II. but which is unreported.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Vicars to 1632.

The Register Books commence in 1504. Deficient as to marriages for 1635 and 1636.

CHARITIES.—*Paley's dole.* 8*s.* per annum.

Rodilholme rent-charge. 2*s.* per annum.

Chapel land. Rent of cottage paid to the Curate, after deducting 5*s.* for the poor.

[1] Or Foston.

[2] Viz. Blubberhouses, 118; Clifton with Norwood, 415; Fuiston, 683; Thurcross, 601; Great Timble, 218. In 1834, the population was returned at 2,065.

[3] In 1818, the church-room was returned at 1,000.

Poor's land. 1A. 1R.

Rent-charge. 12*s.* per annum.

Timble School land. 2A. 1R. 5P. of land. No school existing.

Norwood with Clifton poor's estates. 19A. 3R. 36P. of land.

Clifton School. Interest of 24*l.* Eight free scholars, taught reading and the Church Catechism.—Vide 6th Report, page 638.

Post town, Otley.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 206. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 83.

MAGNA KELKS.—The endowment of Fuiston mentions a Chapel at this place.

THRUSCROSS.—"There is a Chapel supplied by a preaching minister, who hath no maintenance but a voluntary contribution; which Chapel we think should be made a parish Church."

Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 173.

GUISELEY.—SAINT OSWALD.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 8,890 acres. Skirack wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 10,028[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600[2]; NET VALUE, 751*l.*—The Church of Guiseley was anciently of the patronage of the Le Wards.

The presentation is alternate, in consequence of the descent upon the coheireses of Sir Christopher Ward.

The present patrons are George Lane Fox, Esq. and Trinity College, Cambridge, one turn in three.

A Chantry is named in the Valor Ecc.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation the Church was valued at 20*l.* and in the new Taxation at 5*l.*, in the King's Books

[1] Viz. Carlton, 181; Guiseley, 1,604; Horseforth, 3,425; Rawden, 2,057; and Yeadon, 2,761. The inmates of an incorporated poor-house in the township of Carlton (containing 63 persons) are included in that return. In the Chapelry of Horseforth, all the labourers not agricultural are employed in quarries, coal-mines, and bleaching works. In 1834, the population was returned at 4,549.

[2] In 1818, the church-room was returned at 1,450. 520 additional sittings (of which 200 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 200*l.*

at 26*l.*, and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 346, at 120*l.* per annum.

There was an Act passed in the 12th Geo. III. for inclosing the township of Carlton, another in the 36th Geo. III. for inclosing Guiseley, and another in the 43d Geo. III. for inclosing the township of Yeadon.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Rectors to 1581 only, which is continued by Dr. Whitaker.

An unreported decree was made in the Exchequer, in Trinity Term 14th Elizabeth (Esholt).

26th November 1831, faculty to new pew the Church.

27th February 1834, confirmation of allotment of pews.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in the year 1586.

CHARITIES.—*The Rev. Robert Moore*, Rector of Guiseley, by will, dated 22nd July 1622, devised a tenement, &c. in Menston, for the maintenance of a schoolmaster to be appointed by the Rector. The tenement, &c. appears to have been sold, and 7*l.* per annum is paid in lieu of the rent.

Dean Hitch, by will, dated 6th February 1676, left the rents of certain property at Guiseley and Yeadon in trust, to pay to the poor of Guiseley 20*s.*, Yeadon 13*s.* 4*d.*, Carleton 16*s.* 8*d.*, Menston and Rowley Woodhead 20*s.*, Addle and Arthington 40*s.*, to be distributed by the ministers and overseers on May-day. Residue to the master of the free-school. The trustees are the Rector of Guiseley, the Vicar of Otley, and the heirs of Henry Hitch. The schoolmaster also receives a rent-charge of 20*s.* out of a field at Guiseley. There are from 25 to 30 free scholars, who are instructed in reading, writing, and accounts.—Vide 15th Report, page 651.

Post town, Otley.

Torre's MS., page 385. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 109. Loidis et Elmete, page 208. Parsons's Leeds, &c. vol. i. pages 440.

HORSEFORTH.—(*Parish of Guiseley. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Guiseley. Skirack wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 3,425, vide Guiseley; CHAPEL-ROOM, 526; NET VALUE, 158*l.*—Built in 1758.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 346, the Chapelry is noticed thus: "Five marks maintenance; 160 families. To be made a parish."

The patronage of this Chapel was, by deed, conveyed to John Stanhope, Esq., in consideration of his benefaction, by virtue of statute 1st Geo. I.

Augmented in 1747 with 200*l.* by lot; in 1767 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction from John Stanhope, Esq. of 200*l.*, and in the same year with 200*l.* by lot; and in 1812 with 1,000*l.* and in 1820 with 400*l.* both from the Parliamentary grant by lot.

Glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1693. Marriages are celebrated at the mother church.

CHARITIES.—*Stanhope's charity*, origin unknown. Rent-charge of 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

Barley garth dole. Rent-charge of 8*s.* per annum.—Vide 15th Report, p. 653.

Post town, Leeds.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 502. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 109 and 365. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 214. Parsons's Leeds, vol. i. page 440.

RAWDEN. (*Parish of Guiseley.—Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Guiseley. Skirack wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION, 2,057, vide Guiseley[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 350[2]; NET VALUE, 108*l.*—This Chapel was built about 1653, and Francis Layton, of Rawden, Esq., by his will, dated 10th April 1653, left a rent-charge of 40*l.* per annum, in trust, in the first place, towards building the Chapel, and also a convenient house for the Minister.

The Commissioners express an opinion that the present charge is not applicable towards the repairs of the Chapel.

Consecrated by Archbishop Dolben, and endowed by the patroness, Mrs. Layton, with 20*l.* per annum.

[1] In 1818, the population was returned at 1,450.

[2] In 1818, the estimate was 500.

The church-yard was consecrated 4th May 1684.

7th July 1781, faculty to erect a gallery.

Augmented, in 1743, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction from Mr. R. Wainhouse, merchant, of 200*l.*; in 1760, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction from Richard Emmott, Esq., the lord of the manor, of 200*l.*; in 1812, with 400*l.*, and, in 1824, with 200*l.*, both from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

Patroness, Mrs. Emmott.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1783. Marriages are celebrated at the mother Church.

CHARITIES.—*Francis Layton's charity*, by deed, dated 21st October 1652, and also by will, dated 10th April 1653. Rent-charge of 40*l.* per annum, mentioned above, 20*l.* of which is for the Minister (if nominated by the owner of the manor — but if nominated by any other, then only 4*l.* per annum); 40*s.* to the parish Clerk, if nominated by the lord of the manor; 20*s.* to the feoffees for an annual dinner (but which is now paid to the Clerk as an augmentation); 2*l.* 12*s.* to the Master of Tadcaster Hospital, for one of the resident poor there; and 2*l.* 12*s.* to the oldest poor widower of the township. Residue to be applied to the binding out poor boys and girls apprentices.

Free School, founded by deed, dated 22nd May 1746, for teaching sixteen poor boys and girls to write and read English, and to learn Latin and arithmetic. The lord of the manor and 10*l.* rate-payers to elect the Master, with power to displace: the Curate to have the preference, but no usher to be employed, but with the consent of the electors. Income, rent of 12A. 2R. 2P. of land and 10*l.* per annum rent-charge.—Vide 15th Report, page 653.

Post town, Otley.

Torre's MS., page 390. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 211. Thoresby, page 171. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 109. 653. Parsons's Leeds, vol. i. page 440.

HAMPSTHWAITE.—ST. THOMAS A BECKET.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 9,600 acres. Claro wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 2,589[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 650[2]; NET VALUE, 264*l.*—This Church anciently belonged to the patronage of the Stutevilles of Knaresborough, and afterwards of Richard, Earl of Cornwall, who gave it to the Friars of Knaresborough, to whom it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 5th August, A.D. 1257.

The present patrons and impropriators are the heirs of the late T. Shann.

The Chapel of Hampsthwaite, as appendant to the mother Church of Burgh (or Boroughbridge), by composition paid a pension thereto.

There was a Chantry in this Church.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation, Hampsthwaite is placed in the Deanery of Boroughbridge, and is valued at 5*l.*; in the King's books, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 141, at 50*l.* per annum.

There was a decree in the Exchequer, relative to tithes, in Michaelmas Term, 2nd Car. I., but which is unreported.

Mr. Torre gives a close catalogue of the Vicars to 1686.

29th September 1820, faculty to take down and rebuild the chancel and body of the Church.

Glebe-house fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1603. Marriages defective 1631—1636.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Lands.*—10A. 3R. 27P. Five pounds are paid to Fuiston parish, and the residue of the rent is distributed to the poor not receiving parochial relief. They were the gift of persons named Pullein, Thompson, Jeffrey, and Newale.

William Ridsdale's School, by will, dated 21st November 1711. Rent-charge of 42*s.* for educating six poor boys of Hampsthwaite.

John Turpin, by will, dated 23rd April 1736, left a rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum, to be given in bread.

Felliscliffe Poor's Land. Rather more than two acres.

Birstwith Poor's Estate. House, and 8A. 21P. of land.

[1] Viz.: Birstwith, 747; Felliscliffe, 341; Hampsthwaite, 445; Menwith with Darley, 742; and Thornthwaite and Padside, 304.

[2] According to the return of 1818: no return made in 1834.

Menwith cum Darley Poor's Land. 2A. 2R. 7P.

Meyer's Garth. 1A. 1R. Rent distributed to the poor.

Isabel Day's gift, by deed, dated 16th August 1773. Moiety of rent of six acres of land at Starbottom, to be distributed on St. John's day and Whit-Sunday.

Francis Day's cloth gift, by will, dated 29th December 1748. Interest of 50*l.*, for purchase of woollen cloth for poor persons of Menwith Hill who do not receive parish relief.

Skaife's and Metcalfe's gifts. 20*s.* per annum; rent-charge for poor widows.

West Syke School, founded under the will of John Richmond, dated 11th September 1711. Rent-charge of 14*l.* per annum to a master, who instructs about thirty free scholars in reading, writing, accounts, and the Church Catechism.—2nd Report, page 456.

Hookstone School, Menwith Hall, founded by deed, dated 11th May 1748, by Francis Day, for teaching poor children. The schoolmaster to be a bachelor.—Vide 2nd Report, page 456, and 4th Report, page 414.

Post town, Ripley.

Torre's MS., page 195. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 84.

THORNTHWAITE. —— (*Parish of Hampsthwaite. Perpetual Curacy.*) — Claro wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 1,046, vide Hampsthwaite[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 450; NET VALUE, 109*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Hampsthwaite.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 144, the Curacy was only valued at twenty shillings per annum. Recommended to be made a parish, by reason of the distance from Hampsthwaite, and the badness of the way.

Augmented, in 1744, with 200*l.*, and in 1749, with 200*l.*, both by lot; in 1765, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction from William Day, gent., of 200*l.*; in 1808, with 200*l.*, by lot; and, in 1814, from the Parliamentary grant with 600*l.* also by lot.

[1] In 1818, it was 356.

There is no glebe house.

Registers included in Hampsthwaite. Marriages are celebrated at the Mother Church.

Not noticed by Torre.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pateley Bridge.

LEATHLEY.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,640 acres. Claro wapentake, U. D. —POPULATION, 413[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 302*l.*—One-third part of the town of Leathley was held for one-third part of a knight's fee by Galfred de Monte Alto, of the Earl of Albemarle, who held it of the King, in capite, and another third part was held by the Master of St. Leonard's Hospital, who held it of the heirs of Percy, in frankalmoigne.

The Church was given to the Priory of Nostell, which had the patronage thereof till the Dissolution, when the Advowson came to the Crown.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

In Nicholas's first Survey, the Church was taxed at 6*l.* 13*s.*; in the second, at 2*l.* per annum; in the King's books, at 7*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 161, at 44*l.* per annum. The Commissioners remark, that "The town of Castley is about a mile and a half distant, and the way, for the most part, impassable in winter, by reason of the roads, yet at present we leave it as it is."

Inclosure Act passed 26th Geo. II.

On the 1st March 1548, Miles Walker was instituted, on the presentation of the Assigns of the Priory, but he was deprived, and on the 27th June 1558, Thomas Holme was instituted, on the presentation of Queen Mary.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

There is a school-house and four alms-houses, founded by Mrs. Anne Hitch in 1769. The lord of the manor and the Rectors of Leathley and Addle are trustees.

The Register Books commence in 1674.

[1] Viz.: Castley, 118; and Leathley, 295.

Parochial Charities.—No return.
Post town, Otley.

Torre's MS., page 241.

LEEDS.—SAINT PETER.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 3,050 acres. Leeds division.—POPULATION, 71,602[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,500; NET VALUE, 1,257*l.*—This Church was given to the Priory of the Holy Trinity in York by Ralph Paganell, and appropriated thereto by Archbishops Roger and Geoffrey, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 7th Dec., A.D. 1242.

38th Henry VIII., this Church of Leeds, together with the patronage of the Vicarage, was by the King given to the Archbishop of York in exchange, and on 23rd January, 15th Jac. I., by decree in Chancery, the patronage was lodged in the hands of certain parishioners and Clerks of the Church as trustees.

Archbishop Sharp supposes the decision was made upon the ground that the parishioners had purchased the Advowson before King Henry's grant.

Concerning the election of a Vicar, see the case of Richard Wilson, Esq., and others, appellants, Samuel Kirshaw and others, respondents, heard and determined by the House of Lords, May 15th 1753.

There was a Chantry at the altar of St. Katherine the Virgin and Martyr for the soul of Thomas Clarell, sometime Vicar. Three others are named in the Valor Ecc.

Torre's catalogue of the Vicars is continued by Thoresby and Whitaker.—See those authors for general information as to the parish.

In 1696, there were, according to the returns made to Archbishop Sharp, only nine Roman Catholics in the town of Leeds.

Impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of Christ Church, Oxford.

In Pope Nicholas's Survey, the Church is valued at 80*l.*, and the Vicarage at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 38*l.* 0*s.* 2*d.* Pension to the Priory of Trinity, 10*l.*; ditto, 2*s.* Synodals, 6*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

There were unreported decrees in the Exchequer in Easter Term, 16th Jac. I., relative to tithes, and another in Trinity Term, 8th William III.

The Vicar is entitled to the tithes of turnips from the owners or lessees of the lands in which they are sown[1].

Easter Offerings were abolished by the 5th Geo. IV. cap. 8.

An Act was passed in the 43rd Geo. III. for inclosing Newton cum Gipton.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 350, it is recommended that the new Church be made parochial—the parish—the Market Heads on both sides to Kirkgate ends, the Upper Head-row and the Nether Head-row, the Vicar-lane, with Mabb-gate and Quarry Hill, the houses on the West Head-row and all the North ends—Great Woodhouse, Little Woodhouse, with the Park-lane, and the Carr belonging to Woodhouse, Bruslingthorpe, and Bunner Tofts.

5th June 1778, faculty to erect a gallery.

1st July 1781, 30th September 1801, and 15th August 1817, additional burial grounds consecrated.

The Register Books of the parish Church commence in 1572.

CHARITIES.—*Pious uses.*—Various messuages, lands, rents-charge, and

[1] The population here given is merely that of the town; the population of the whole parish is 123,595, viz.: Armley, 5,159; Beeston, 2,128; Bramley, 7,039; Chapel Allerton, 1 934; East Division, 12,413; Farnley, 1,591; Headingley, with Burley, 3,849; Holbeck, 11,210; Hunslet, 12,074; Middle and Kirkgate Division, 4,927; Millhill Division, 3,031; North-East Lower Division, 14,402; North-East Upper Division, 9,619; North-West Lower Division, 9,797; North-West Upper Division, 7,602; Potter Newton, 863; South Division, 6,549; Upper Division, 3,262; and Wortley, 5,944. The townships of Beeston, Shaw, Cottingley Hall, New Hall, Parkside, Royds, and Smickells (or Satchells), are included in the return of the Chapelry of Beeston. The areas of all the Divisions in the town of Leeds are included in that assigned to the East Division. In 1821, the population of Leeds amounted to 83,769 consequently, it has increased 39,624 persons. Of the labourers not agricultural, upwards of 1,000 men are employed in stone quarries and coal mines, and 108 on the Leeds and Selby rail-road. Area of the entire parish 21,450 acres.

[1] Kershaw v. Iles, 2 Wood, page 514.

sums of money, having been from time to time devised and given for charitable purposes within the parish of Leeds, it was, by decree of certain commissioners of charitable uses, dated 5th July 1620, directed that the sum should be placed under the management of the Vicar of Leeds and twelve parishioners; and by a subsequent decree, dated 22nd February, 13 Ca. II,, two additional trustees were appointed. The trust is divided into three branches, and the income is also distinct.

1. *Trust for Reparation of the Highways in and near Leeds.*—The income arises from the rent of three acres of land and twenty-nine houses, amounting, at the time of the Report, to 641*l.* 6*s.* and dividends of 5,916*l.* 17*s.* 10*d.* three per cents. reduced, and it is employed in effecting improvements in the town of Leeds, and in its communications with the neighbouring country.

2. *Trust for the Poor.*—Rent of 73A. 2R. 7P. of land, and rents-charge of 2*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.*, amounting together to 153*l.* 17*s.* 10*d.*, and dividends of 3,800*l.* three per cents. reduced; expended in purchasing cloth and other materials for making coats and petticoats for the poor of the several townships in the parish.

3. *Grammar School.*—By decree in Chancery[1], this is declared to be a free grammar school, for the teaching, grammatically, the learned languages; and that all boys, being natives of the borough of Leeds, or the sons of residents therein, shall be taught and instructed freely[2]. The estate consists of 91A. 1R. 34P. of land and seventy-six houses, the whole let, at the time of the Report, for 1,595*l.* 12*s.* per annum. There was also, at that time, 2,642*l.* 6*s.* 2*d.* in the three per cent. consols. The headmaster's salary and allowance is 510*l.* per annum, the usher has 290*l.* per annum, and the assistant has 60*l.* per annum.

Josias Jenkinson's Almshouse, at Millhill, founded by will, dated 10th August 1643, and augmented with a legacy under the will of Elizabeth Dalley, dated 26th August 1800, and 100*l.* given by Mr. Blayds. Eight poor women live in the house, and receive the rent of 8A. 0R. 38P. of land and the dividend on 150*l.* three per cents. reduced.

John Harrison's Hospital, founded by deed, dated 21st April 1653. Sixty-four poor women are lodged in the hospital, and each receive 10*l.* per annum. Several donations have been made to the hospital. Its income arises from the rent of a wharf and other premises, let, at the time of the Report, for 631*l.* 14*s.* 6*d.* per annum; one house, let for 4*l.* 10*s.*; dividends on 6,122*l.* 6*s.* 9*d.* three per cent. consols; and the interest of 800*l.* on securities. Total annual income, 859*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.* per annum.

Isabel Leighton's charity, by will, dated 1st November 1653. Rent of 4A., distributed among the poor.

Charity School, founded about the year 1705. Eighty girls, educated as for servants. Income: voluntary subscriptions, rents of land and houses, and dividends and interest.

Rachel Dixon's charity, for Clergymen's Widows, by will, dated 8th October 1719, for three necessitated clergymen's widows, whose husbands should have died beneficed in some of the adjacent parishes to that of Leeds: the selection to be made by the Vicar of Leeds and the Minister of St. John's. At the time of the Report, the estate, consisting of houses, &c,, was let at the annual rent of 205*l.* 14*s.*, and there was then also 1,300*l.* three per cents. reduced. There are occasionally vacancies, from the want of properly-qualified persons.

Mary Potter's Hospital, by will, dated 23rd April 1728, for ten ancient poor widows living in Leeds, Wakefield, or York, or within 20 miles thereof, who now receive each 12*l.* 12*s.* per annum. The Vicar of Leeds is always one of the trustees. The income arises from rent of land (34*l.*), quantity not stated, and the dividends of 2,100*l.* consols and 2,100*l.* reduced.

William Milner's charity, by will, dated in or about 1739. The will has been searched for, but without success. It consists of a rent-charge of 40*l.* per annum, half of which is appropriated to the Vicar of Leeds for reading prayers at seven o'clock every evening, and the remainder is paid, in sums of 2*l.* each, to ten poor widows.—Vide 15th Report, page 660.

[1] Vide 11 Vesey, page 241.

[2] Mr. Gilbert notices an exhibition and scholarship.

Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 660. Archbishop

Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 102. 224. Torre's MS., page 263. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 13. Thoresby, page 39. Gent's Ripon, pages 17—29. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 193. Parsons's Leeds, &c., vol. i. page 425. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, page 294.

LEEDS. — ST. JOHN. — (*Perpetual Curacy, Unaugmented.*)—CHURCH-ROOM, 700[1]; NET VALUE, 375*l.*—This Church was founded by Mr. John Harrison, in the beginning of the reign of King Charles the First, and by deed, dated 14th September 1638, he endowed it with seventy-one acres of land and a house and garden. It was consecrated 21st September 1634, and the Minister was suspended that very day. Torre, in page 269, mentions the forms of this consecration.

The Vicar of Leeds, the mayor, and three senior aldermen, or any three of them, are the patrons[2].

There has been no district assigned to this Church, nor are marriages celebrated in it.

Thoresby gives a view of the Church, and an account of the monuments, &c. See also Whitaker.

Dr. Whitaker remarks, that St. John's Church has all the gloom and all the obstructions of an ancient Church, without one vestige of its dignity and grace.

11th April 1764, faculty to erect a gallery.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1725. The books contain duplicate entries of all the Churches and Chapels in the parish (the parish Church excepted) for the same period. There are also original books of entries of baptisms and burials from 1773.

CHARITIES.—*John Harrison's Fund,* for the support of the Minister and the repairs of the Church, was created by deed, dated 6th September 1639, and now regulated under a decree in Chancery, made 9th April 1777. The income arises from the rent of 82A. 1R. 39P. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 354*l.* per annum, and is thus divided: 80*l.* and eight-ninths of the surplus rent above the sum of 90*l.*, is paid to the Minister, and 10*l.*, with the residue of the surplus, is appropriated to the repairs of the Church.—Vid. 15th Report, page 664.

[1] Estimated, in 1818, at 1,000.

[2] This will probably be affected by the Municipal Act.

Torre's MS. page 269. Thoresby, page 28. Loidis et Elmete, page 61. Parsons's Leeds, &c., vol. i. page 425.

LEEDS.—HOLY TRINITY.—(*Perpetual Curacy, Unaugmented.*)—CHURCH-ROOM, 700[1]; NET VALUE, 299*l.*—The foundation stone was laid 23rd August 1721, and it was consecrated 27th August 1727, by Archbishop Blackburn: the expense of the building was 4,563*l.* 9*s.* 6*d.* Lady Elizabeth Hastings contributed 1,000*l.*, and the remainder was supplied by subscriptions and sale of pews. The Rev. Henry Robinson endowed it with lands of the value of 2,000*l.*; and an Act of Parliament was passed in the 22nd Geo. II. for making the Church a perpetual Cure.

The Church is a very handsome building of the Doric order. The galleries were built in 1756, and in 1793 five hundred and twenty-three square yards of land were purchased for a burial-ground.

Patrons, the Vicar of Leeds and Recorder, and the Minister of St. John's.

No district has been assigned to this Church, nor are any marriages celebrated therein.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Ministers, and a view of the Church.

No glebe house.

CHARITIES.—The Church is kept in repair by the rent of 5A. 3R. 26P. of land, given for that purpose by William Milner, Esq., by deed, dated 5th Sept. 1727; and the Charity Commissioners, in their 15th Report, page 673, report that there was then also 1,600*l.* three per cent. consols standing in the name of trustees, being accumulations.—Vide 15th Report, page 673.

25th August 1722, faculty to build the Church.

6th March 1755, ditto to erect a gallery.

[1] In 1818, estimated at 1,300.

21st February 1756, confirmation of seats.

No return as to registers. Marriages are celebrated in the mother Church.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 327. Loidis et Elmete, page 65. Parsons's Leeds, &c., vol. i. page 428.

LEEDS.—ST. PAUL.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—CHURCH-ROOM, 1,175[1]; NET VALUE, 133*l.*—This Church was founded by the Rev. Miles Atkinson, Vicar of Kippax, and cost little less than 10,000*l.* The site was given by Doctor Wilson, Bishop of Bristol, and the Church was consecrated by Archbishop Markham 11th September 1793. It is a very plain, but neat and elegant edifice.

Dr. Whitaker gives a view of the Church, a portrait of the founder, and a catalogue of the Curates.

Patrons, the executors of the Rev. William Atkinson.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books of burials commence in 1796.

The Chapel was augmented, in 1814, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet a donation of 200*l.* from W. Hey, Esq.

No district has been assigned to this Church. Marriages are celebrated at the parish Church.

CHARITY.—*Ann Baynes*, by will, dated 21st September 1807, dividends of 950*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.* new four per cents., to be divided, at the discretion of the Minister, among ten poor widows residing in Leeds.—Vide 15th Report, page 675.

Loidis et Elmete, page 69. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 320. Parsons's Leeds, &c., vol. i. page 429.

LEEDS.—ST. JAMES.—(*Perpetual Curacy, Unaugmented.*)—CHURCH-ROOM, 1,600[2]; NET VALUE, no return. —This Church was originally built, says Dr. Whitaker, by Dissenters, but afterwards purchased, and consecrated by Archbishop Markham 30th September 1801. It is an octagonal building, with a gallery.

The Rev. John King is patron, and he has also the next turn.

No return as to registers. Marriages are celebrated at the mother Church. No district has been assigned.

Loidis et Elmete, page 70. Parsons's Leeds, vol. i. page 430.

LEEDS.—CHRIST CHURCH.—(*Meadow-lane. Perpetual Curacy.*)—CHURCH-ROOM, 1,249[1]; NET VALUE, 65*l.*—This Church, which is a very beautiful structure, was built under the Parliamentary grant, from a design of Chantrell's. Architecture Gothic, with pinnacles; expense, 10,456*l.* 13*s.*; first stone laid 29th January 1823; consecrated in 1826.—Vide 6th Report, page 3.

Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

No glebe house.

No return as to registers. Marriages are celebrated at the mother Church. No district has been assigned to this Church.

Parsons's Leeds, &c., vol. i. page 430.

LEEDS.—ST. MARK.—(*Woodhouse Moor. Perpetual Curacy.*)—CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,200[2]; NET VALUE, 140*l.*—This Church was built, under the Parliamentary grant, from a design of Sharp's. Architecture Gothic, with tower; expense, 9,003*l.* 5*s.*; first stone laid 23rd April 1823, and made a district Church under 58th Geo. III. cap. 45, sec. 21.—Vide 11th Report, page 6; 6th Report, page 3.

Patron, the Vicar of Leeds; Impropriators, Christ Church, Oxford.

No glebe house.

No return as to registers. Marriages are celebrated at the mother Church. No district has been assigned.

Parsons's Leeds, vol. i. page 432.

LEEDS.—SAINT MARY.—(*Quarry Hill. Perpetual Curacy.*)—CHURCH-

[1] Estimated, in 1818, at 1,500.

[2] According to the return in 1818: no return in 1834.

[1] Free sittings, 800.

[2] Of which 800 are free sittings.

ROOM, 1,207[1]; NET VALUE, 47*l.*—This Church was built, under the Parliamentary grant, from a design of Mr. Taylor's. Architecture Gothic, with tower; expense, 10,951*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.*; first stone laid 29th January 1823; consecrated in 1827.—Vide 6th Report, page 3.

There is no glebe house.

Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

Augmented, in 1829, with 1,000*l.*, and, in 1832, with 200*l.*, both by lot.

No return as to registers. Marriages are celebrated at the mother Church. No district has been assigned.

Parsons's Leeds, &c., vol. i. page 431.

ARMLEY[2]. — SAINT BARTHOLOMEW.—(*Parish of Leeds. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Leeds. Leeds division. — POPULATION, 5,159, vide Leeds; CHAPEL-ROOM, 700; NET VALUE, 204*l.*—Robert de Stapilton gave lands in Armley to Kirkstall Priory.

The Chapel was built in the reign of Charles I., and consecrated 24th August 1694. The site was given by Ralph, father of Sir Ingram Hopton.

13th August 1833, faculty granted to enlarge and re-roof the Chapel, and erect a gallery, with 300 free sittings therein.

The Chapel is a low edifice.

The Vicar of Leeds is patron, by decree in Chancery, 3rd March 1777. Impropriator, the Duke of Devonshire.

Value, in the King's books, 26*l.* 1*s.* 4*d.*

Archbishop Sharp gives the particulars of the Curate's income.

Augmented, in 1729, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction from Messrs. R. Ayrton, Thomas Moore, and Thomas Moore, of land of the value of 200*l.*

An Inclosure Act was passed in the 33rd Geo. III.

Dr. Whitaker gives a list of the Curates.

Thoresby gives an account of the inscriptions, and also of the benefactions to the Chapel.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

[1] Free sittings, 801. This is according to the Report of the Church-Building Commissioners. —In the Return to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners in 1834, accommodation for 1,000 persons only is returned.

[2] The Field of Arm or Orme.

The Register Books commence in 1722, for baptisms, marriages, and burials; also, fragments of three books, much mutilated. Marriages are celebrated in the mother Church.

Some Danish antiquities have been found near this place. A mount called Giant's Hill is also supposed to be Danish.

CHARITIES. — *John Robinson's dole*, 1696. Rent-charge of 1*l.*

Joseph Smeaton's dole, 1697. Rent-charge of 1*l.* These doles are distributed on the 1st January.—Vide 15th Report, page 676.

Post town, Leeds.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 104. 225. Thoresby's Ducatus, page 186. Loidis et Elmete, page 100. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, page 143. Burton's Monasticon, page 289. Parsons's Leeds, vol. i. page 434.

BEESTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Parish of Leeds. Perpetual Curacy.*) — Area, vide Leeds. Leeds liberty. — POPULATION, 2,128, vide Leeds; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[1]; NET VALUE, 189*l.*

This is an old Chapel.

Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

The Priory of Drax had here a culture of land, and tofts and crofts.

The Monastery at Kirkstall had possessions in Beeston.

A short account of the landed endowment, and a list of the Curates, is given in Dr. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete.

The impropriator is entitled to the corn tithes of the farm called Catt Beeston, in kind[2].

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 358, it is stated to be "two miles from Leeds. To be made parochial. 150 communicants."

Augmented in 1723 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 50*l.* from Lady Elizabeth Hastings; of 50*l.* from William Milner, Esq.; of 50*l.* from the Rev. Joseph Cookson; and 60*l.* from George Moore, gent.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

7th November 1789, faculty to enlarge the Chapel.

The Register books commence in 1720, for baptisms, marriages, and bu-

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 330 or 400.

[2] Atkinson *v.* Clarke, 2 Wood, 514.

rials. No marriages since 1753. Marriages are celebrated at the mother church.

CHARITIES. — *Thomas Kitchingman's rent-charge*, by will, proved 17th March 1714. 2*l.* per annum to the poor.

Another Thomas Kitchingman's rent-charge, by will, proved 7th April 1715. 2*l.* per annum to the poor.

Gervas Neville's gift, date unknown. Rent-charge of 1*l.* 4*s.* per annum, for bread.

Tatham's gift. Interest of 10*l.* for the poor. "The money," say the Commissioners, "was in the hands of a person named Wilkes, who died upwards of 30 years before the date of the Report, and they were not able to trace from whom the money is due."—Vide 15th Report, page 677.

Post town, Leeds.

Torre's MS. page 273. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 104. Scatcherd's Morley, page 313. Loidis et Elmete, page 102. Thoresby, page 205. Burton's Monas. pages 101. 290. Parsons's Leeds, vol. i. page 434.

BRAMLEY. —— (*Parish of Leeds. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Leeds. Leeds liberty.—POPULATION, 7,039, vide Leeds[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 540; NET VALUE, 289*l.*—Supposed to have been founded by the monks of Kirkstall Abbey.

Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

Augmented in 1730 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction from Sir William Calverley, Bart., Rev. Henry Robinson, and John Green, gent. of lands worth 10*l.* per annum and upwards.

See the particulars of the Curate's income in Abp. Sharp's MS.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Curates.

5th October 1731, a faculty was granted to alter the Chapel.

31st October 1758, faculty to erect a gallery.

1st May 1831, faculty to enlarge the Chapel.

An Inclosure Act was passed in the 29th Geo. III.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

A mortgage, under Gilbert's Act, of 400*l.* will cease in 1843.

[1] In 1818, it was 2,562.

The Register books commence in 1717, for baptisms, marriages, and burials. No entries of marriages since 1753. Marriages are celebrated at the mother Church.

CHARITIES. — *School land.* 7A. 20P. originally a grant from the Earl of Cardigan, in 1709. Sixteen free scholars.

Poor's allotment. 9A. 3R. 28P.

Anonymous dole. 1*l.* per annum, out of lands belonging to Mr. Dickinson.

Allotment for teaching girls. House, and six perches of land. Six free scholars.

Green's gift. 10*l.* in the hands of the Curate for the time being, for preaching an anniversary sermon on the 25th of March.

William Clough's charity lands, by will, dated 26th April 1710. Rent of 6A. 2R. of land.

Lost benefactions—About 55*l.*—Vide 15th Report, page 677.

Post town, Leeds.

Thoresby, page 175. Loidis et Elmete, page 114. Parsons's Leeds, &c. vol. i. page 438.

CHAPEL ALLERTON.—(*Parish of Leeds. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Leeds. Leeds liberty. — POPULATION, 2,797, vide Leeds; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,728[1]; NET VALUE, 361*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

Augmented in 1719 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction from Mr. J. Dodgson, and others, of lands worth 200*l.*; in 1734 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction from the Rev. Henry Robinson of 100*l.* and land worth 100*l.*; and in 1792 by lot with 200*l.*

An Inclosure Act was passed in the 48th Geo. III. and amended by 51st Geo. III.

The Chapel has been rebuilt since the time of Thoresby, and a faculty to enlarge it was granted on the 7th June 1819.

6th December 1805, a faculty granted to erect a gallery.

Two of the windows are beautified with stained glass, presented by Mr. Rhodes and the Rev. E. Wilson.

[1] 485 additional sittings, of which 162 are free, have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 150*l.*

Dr. Whitaker gives a list of the Curates.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books for burials and baptisms commence in 1789. Marriages are celebrated at the mother church.

CHARITIES. — *Henry Hanson's gift*, 1775. Interest of 100*l.* for bread.

John Gledhill's gift, 1806. Interest of 100*l.* for bread.—These two sums were invested in the purchase of 300*l.* three per cents., and 15*s.* worth of bread is distributed monthly.

Wade Brown's gift, by will, dated 13th October 1821. Interest of 100*l.* share in the Leeds water-works, for coals at Christmas.

Sunday Schools. Interest of 155*l.*, amount of sundry bequests, viz.: Alice Bywater, 100*l.*; Luke Priestley, 10*l.*; John Gledhill, 50*l.* less 5*l.* duty.—Vide 15th Report, page 676.

Post town, Leeds.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 274. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 106, and 226. Whitaker's Loidis Elmete, page 123. Thoresby, page 123. Parsons's Leeds, vol. i. page 438.

FARNLEY. —— (*Parish of Leeds. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Leeds. Leeds liberty.—POPULATION, 1,591, vide Leeds; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 204*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

Impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of Christ Church, Oxford.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 359, the Chapelry is thus noticed: "Three miles from Leeds. Sixty families. Farnley, Armley, Bramley, and Wortley to be made one parish, and a church to be built in the centre, or most convenient place, for the whole."

Augmented in 1723 with 200*l.* by lot; in 1737 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Lady Elizabeth Hastings; in 1753 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. S. Kirshaw, Vicar of Leeds; in 1788 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. John Swain; and in 1825 with 300*l.* and 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* and 200*l.* from the inhabitants.

There is a payment of 6*l.* per annum made by the Crown; it was formerly 10*l.* 15*s.* 2*d.* and paid out of the Duchy of Lancaster.

A Chantry is named in the Valor Ecc.

A licence to rebuild the Chapel was granted on the 4th May 1761.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Curates.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1772. Marriages are celebrated at the mother church.

Parochial Charities—No return.

Post town, Leeds.

Torre's MS. page 273. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 106. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 105. Parsons's Leeds, &c. page 436.

HEADINGLEY. — ST. MICHAEL. (*Parish of Leeds. Perpetual Curacy.*) —Area, vide Leeds. Leeds division.—POPULATION, 3,849, vide Leeds; CHAPEL-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 250*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

Augmented in 1717 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction from J. Walker, Esq. and others, of tenements and lands worth 400*l.*; and in 1731 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction from the Rev. Henry Robinson of 100*l.* and land worth 100*l.*

The Chapel was built about the beginning of the 17th century, the ground was given by Sir John Saville.

An Inclosure Act was passed 10th Geo. IV.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

Abp. Sharp gives the particulars of the Curate's income.

A list of the Curates is given by Whitaker, where it is also said that a commodious house was erected about 50 years ago for the use of the minister.

The Register Books commence in 1723. Marriages are celebrated at the mother church.

CHARITY.—*School allotments* of 1A. 1R. of land, for teaching eight free scholars in reading.—Vide 15th Report, page 679.

Post town, Leeds.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 274. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 105, 226, 227. Loidis et Elmete, page 116. Thoresby, page 147. Hargrove's Knaresbro', page 199. Parsons's Leeds, vol. i. page 436.

HOLBECK. —— (*Parish of Leeds. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Leeds. Leeds division.—POPULATION, 11,210, vide Leeds; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,200; NET VALUE, 170*l.*—This is the most ancient Chapel in the parish of Leeds, and was given in the time of William Rufus to the Priory of Trinity.

Abp. Sharp gives some information as to certain benefactions to the Cure.

There was a Chantry in this Chapel.

Valued in 1707 at 16*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 356, it is said to be "a mile from Leeds, and to contain 600 families. Recommended to be made parochial."

Augmented in 1719 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction from G. Nevile, Esq. and others, of lands worth 200*l.*; and in 1737 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction from the Rev. Henry Robinson, of lands worth 200*l.*

Dr. Whitaker gives a list of the Curates.

This Church was rebuilt under the Parliamentary grant, from a design of Chantrell's. Architecture Gothic, with tower and spire. Will accommodate 1,202 persons; free seats, 596; expense, 3,564*l.* 2*s.* First stone laid 5th August 1829.—Vide 11th Report, p. 4.

The old Chapel, which is a very mean edifice, is now used as a Sunday school.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1717. Marriages are celebrated at the mother Church.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's land.* 3A. 3R. under a gift from a person named Metcalfe.

John Lendal's gift. Rent of a cottage. Date of gift unknown.

Alderman Kitchingman's gift. 40*s.* per annum, rent-charge. Given in money.

Gervas Neville's rent-charge. 15*s.* per annum, in bread; 12*s.* per annum for teaching a poor boy to read; and 15*s.* per annum to the Curate, for preaching an anniversary sermon on the 7th May.

Hetherington's charities. 12*l.* and 100*l.* given to the poor, and for teaching poor children. No interest received, and the Commissioners could obtain no satisfactory information respecting them.—Vide 15th Report, page 679.

Post town, Leeds.

Vid. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 106. 226, 227. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 97. Thoresby, page 183. Parsons's Leeds, vol. i. page 433.

HUNSLET.—ST. MARY.—(*Parish of Leeds. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Leeds. Leeds division.—POPULATION, 12,074, vide Leeds; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,100[1]; NET VALUE, 182*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Leeds. Torre says the patronage is in the Vicar and inhabitants. He gives the substance of the petition of Richard Sykes, Esq. and others, the founders.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 356, it is stated: "Population, 200 families. A mile from Leeds. To be made parochial."

Augmented in 1719 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of lands worth 220*l.* from the Rev. J. Cookson and others.

There is no glebe house.

The Chapel was built in 1636, with brick, in a very plain style, and consecrated 30th October, in the same year, by Richard, Bishop of Sodor and Man.

In 1744 the Chapel was enlarged.

11th December 1830, faculty to erect a brick tower at the west end of the Chapel, with a stone cupola, to be in height 85 feet, and to be stuccoed; also to make certain alterations in the chapel.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Michaelmas Term, 14th Elizabeth, Uslet (query Hunslet).

The Register Books for baptisms commence in 1686, but are defective in 1694—1695, 1713, and 1714; and for burials in 1716, but defective in 1719 and 1798. Marriages are celebrated at the mother Church.

CHARITIES.—*Robert Brooke's gift,* by will, dated in 1653. Rent-charge of 20*s.* for four poor people.

Rev. John Paley's gift. 50*s.* per annum, for teaching five poor children.

Alderman Massie's gift. Interest of 100*l.* for instructing poor children. Now lost.—Vide 15th Report, page 680.

Post town, Leeds.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 273. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 103. 225. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 98. Thoresby, page 177.

[1] 570 additional sittings (of which 555 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 300*l.*

KIRKSTALL.—(*Parish of Leeds.*)—ST. STEPHEN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Leeds. Leeds liberty.—POPULATION, 1,800, vide Leeds; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,000[1]; NET VALUE, 147*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

Built under the Parliamentary grant, from a design of Chantrell's. Expense, 3,240*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.* Made a district parish under 58th Geo. III. cap. 45, sec. 16.—Vide 12th Report, page 5.

Architecture Gothic, with tower and spire. First stone laid 7th July 1828.—Vide 10th Report, page 3.

The architecture is of the style of the 13th century. The Chapel was consecrated in September 1829.

The spire was damaged by lightning in 1833, but since restored. 50*l.* was contributed towards its restoration, by the Society for rebuilding and enlarging churches.

Augmented in 1831 with 200*l.*, 200*l.*, 200*l.*, 200*l.* and 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of land worth 1000*l.* from the Earl of Cardigan and others; and in 1834 with 200*l.* and 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 400*l.* by subscriptions.

No Return as to registers. Marriages are celebrated at the mother church.

There is no glebe house.

Parochial Charities—No return.

Here was a celebrated Priory.

Post town, Leeds.

Vid. Mon. Ang. vol. v. page 526. Burton's Mon. Parsons' Leeds, &c. vol. i. page 437. Gent's Ripon (Kirkstall Abbey), page 29. Bray's Tour, page 261. Thoresby, page 166. Whitaker's Craven, page 60. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxxiv. part ii. page 613. Hargrove's Knaresbro', page 199.

WORTLEY.—(*Parish of Leeds.—Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Leeds. Leeds liberty.—POPULATION, 5,944, vide Leeds; CHAPEL-ROOM, 550; NET VALUE, 147*l.*

Patrons, trustees, of whom the lord of the manor is always to be one.

Impropriators, Trinity College, Cambridge.

Dr. Whitaker says the Chapel was built about 1780, principally under the influence of the lord of the manor, John Smyth, Esq. In consequence of a dispute about the patronage, it fell into the hands of the Dissenters, but in November 1813 was consecrated by the Archbishop of York.

[1] Free sittings, 500.

Augmented in 1815 with 1,400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant by lot; and in 1816 with 300*l.* and 300*l.* to meet benefactions of 200*l.* and 200*l.* from the trustees of the chapel.

There is no glebe house.

An Inclosure Act was passed 3 and 4 Wm. IV.

No return as to registers. Marriages are celebrated at the mother church.

CHARITY.—*Free School,* founded by deed, dated 26th June 1677. Benefactors, Samuel Sunderland and William Farrer. Rent of 4A. 2P. of land and six cottages, to a master for teaching the children of the inhabitants of Wortley to read English or Latin. The Commissioners reported the annual income to be 24*l.* 18*s.*; and the master is in the occupation of a school-house, garden, two crofts, and a close, worth about 16*l.* per annum. Ten free scholars are now taught; for others a moderate charge is made.—Vide 15th Report, page 680.

Post town, Leeds.

Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 101. Thoresby, page 196.

OTLEY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 23,060 acres. Skirack wapentake, U. D[1].—POPULATION, 10,163[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 700; NET VALUE, 160*l.*—The Archbishop of York holds the manor of Otley of the King, in capite, as pertaining to his barony of Sherburne.

23rd August, 23rd Henry III., the King granted to the Archbishop and his successors, the liberty of a fair yearly at his manor of Otley, on St. Mary Magdalen's day, and a Monday market weekly.

[1] The parish of Otley is partly in the lower and partly in the upper division of Claro wapentake.

[2] Viz. Baildon, 3,044; Bramhope, 359; Burley, 1,448; Denton, 179; Eshok, 404; Farnley, 197; Hawksworth, 327; Lindley, 125; Menston, 346; Newhall with Ayton, 203; Otley, 3,161; Poole, 315; Little Timble, 56. In 1834, the population, exclusive of the Chapelries, was returned at 4,550.

One mediety of the Church belonged to the Prebend of South Cave, and the other mediety to the Archbishop of York; and Archbishop Roger appropriated it to the Chapel of St. Mary and the Holy Angels at York, charging the sacrist with payment of eight marks per annum to the poor of the parish, and a Vicarage was ordained therein, 3 Non. May 1258.

A Chantry is named in the Valor. Ecc.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriators, F. Fawkes, Esq. and the executors of Edward Barker, Esq.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the King's Books at 13*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* Procurations and Synodals, 5*s.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 331, it is stated, "Vicarage, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, paid by the impropriator."

An Inclosure Act was passed 18th Geo. III.

Glebe house fit for residence.

The interior of the Church is worthy of observation, as containing tombs of some of the families of Fairfax, Fawkes, Vavasour, Palmer, and Dineley.

25th July 1757, and 27th September 1793, faculties to erect galleries.

5th September 1822, an additional burial-ground consecrated.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars to 1662, which is continued by Dr. Whitaker.

The parish of Otley contains six chapels, of which four, viz. Burley, Baildon, Farnley, and Poole, have been augmented, and Denton and Branhope have not. Denton is a donative.

The Register Book for marriages commences in 1562; for baptisms in 1583; and for burials in 1588. There are chasms in the marriages from 1564 to 1583. The registers include Bramhope and Poole.

CHARITIES.—*Grammar School*, founded by King James I. 30th April, in the fifth year of his reign. Gratuitous instruction in the learned languages to the sons of the parishioners. Seldom above four or five applicants. Only endowment, school-house and reserved rent of 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

Queen Elizabeth's dole. 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Poor-folks Close. 2A. 2R. of land, and also an annual payment of 2*l.* 14*s.* in lieu of common right.

Garden and two Cottages. Donors unknown.

Plum free garth, &c. 1A. 2R. of land, and annual payments of 1*l.* 11*s.* and 1*l.* 6*s.*

Doles. Collective annual amount 2*l.* 15*s.* The book of particulars is missing from the vestry chest.

Jenkinson's dole, by will, 18th October 1642. 40*s.* a year, paid by the corporation of Boston.

Hugh and Dorothy Saxey's gift, in 1615, to 20 widows, 12*d.* each yearly. To the parish-clerk 2*s.* yearly, and to a preacher 8*s.* yearly.

Thomas Barker's gift, by will, dated 2nd April 1724. 50*s.* per annum, in bread.—Vide 15th Report, page 681.

A post town.

Torre's MS. page 125. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 110. Loidis et Elmete, page 184. Bray's Tour, page 321 (Bridge and Chevin). Hargrove's Knaresbro', page 401. Parsons' Leeds, vol. i. page 444. Wood's MS. (Bodleian), No. 5101.

BAILDON.—ST. GILES[1].—(*Parish of Otley. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Otley. Skirack wapentake, U. D. POPULATION, 3,044, vide Otley[2]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300[3]; NET VALUE, 148*l.*—This is an old parochial Chapel. Archbishop Sharp gives a very particular account of the income of the Curate.

A Chantry is named in the Valor. Ecc.

Patron, the Vicar of Otley. In 1718 Richard Haighton was nominated by the trustees of the lands belonging to the Chapelry. In 1766, John Richardson was licensed by the Archbishop by reason of lapse; and in 1792, John Chapman was nominated by the Vicar, in full right of his Vicarage.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii.

[1] The following extract from Torre's MS. page 131, shows that Ecton and Bacon are probably wrong as to the patron saint: "Edith Baildon, of Baildon, made her will, proved 14th December, 1548, giving her soul to God Almighty her Creator and Redeemer, to St. Mary and All Saints, and her body to be buried in the Chapel of St. John the Evangelist, in Baildon."

[2] In 1818, it was 1,817.

[3] In 1818, stated at 500.

page 336, the cure is valued at 2*l.* 18*s.* per annum. Recommended to be made a parish, and Hawksworth in the parish of Otley, and Shipley in the parish of Bradford, to be annexed.

Augmented in 1719 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* from E. Thompson, Esq. and others; in 1812 with 200*l.*; and in 1813 with 200*l.* both from the Parliamentary grant, —by lot.

Glebe house fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1723 for baptisms, marriages, and burials.

Post town, Bradford.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 113.

BRAMHOPE.—(*Parish of Otley.—Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Otley. Skirack wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 359, vide Otley; CHAPEL-ROOM, 160; NET VALUE, 48*l.*

Jeremy, son of William de Marton, gave to the Priory of Arthington pasture for 200 sheep.

The monks of Kirkstall had also lands here.

The water-mill at Bramhope was leased to the Hospital of St. Leonard, York, by the Abbot and Convent of Kirkstall, for 4*s.* rent per annum.

Patrons, six trustees.

An Inclosure Act was passed 45th Geo. III.

"The Chapel of Bramhope, built and endowed (as I am told) by Mr. Dineley (the grandfather of the present Robert Dineley, Esq.) and the freeholders there. It is not yet consecrated. Mr. Dineley, they say, being unwilling to quit the right, he pretends to the ground on which it stands. Upon the building of it, so many acres of land were inclosed from the common as will make a competent maintenance for a Curate. This land, is settled, by deed, for the use of the Chapel. By this settlement, Mr. Dineley is to pay the Curate, who is to be nominated by the trustees, 47*l.* and a noble per annum, or to let him have the land. I hear he did pay this sum for several years to Mr. Hepworth, but after he went off, he paid to Mr. Biggs, the next Curate, but 40*l.* per annum.

"1699, William Wilson admitted Curate upon the nomination of Sir Walter Hawkesworth, Cyril Arthington, Thomas Fairfax, and Robert Dineley, Esqs. trustees.

"This Chapel was built by Robert Dineley, upon his own ground, a little before the Restoration. 120 acres, valued at 6*s.* 8*d.* per acre, in all 40*l.* 10*s.* per annum, were inclosed by him and the freeholders for the use of the curate; afterwards 10 acres more, whereon to build a house for him, the profits whereof to be employed to that use. But there is yet no house built, nor are the profits paid to the Curate."—Abp. Sharp's MS.

There is no glebe house.

The Registers are included in Otley. Marriages are celebrated at Otley.

CHARITY.—*School.* Rent of six acres of land, allotted on the inclosure. No free scholars.—Vide 15th Report, page 685.

Post town, Otley.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 114. Parsons' Leeds, &c. page 445. Burton's Monas. pages 88. 291.

BURLEY.—(*Parish of Otley.—Augmented Curacy.*)—Area, vide Otley. Skirack wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 1,448, vide Otley[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 190; NET VALUE, 89*l.*

Patrons, the Rev. T. F. Wilson, and William Settle, Jun. Esq.

Impropriators, F. H. Fawkes, Esq. and others.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 334, the Cure is valued at 22*l.* per annum. To be made a parish.

Augmented in 1793 with 200*l.* by lot; in 1813 with 1,200*l.* by lot from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1828 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction from Miss Currer, of lands worth 400*l.*

In 1818 the glebe house was returned as not fit for residence, being damp, and the upper rooms having no inner roofs.

A minute account of the income of the Curacy is given by Abp. Sharp.

The Register Book (for baptisms only) commences in 1774. Marriages are celebrated at Otley.

CHARITY.—*William Vavasour's gift,*

[1] In 1818, it was 1,175.

by will, dated 3rd September 1642.—Three-fourths of three acres of land, for the use of three of the poorest inhabitants, to depasture a cow each, for one year, paying each 10*s.*; and the whole 30*s.* to be given to the poor. The land is now under the management of the chapelwardens, and the directions in the will as to the letting the land to the poor are not followed, and appear difficult to obey.—Vide 15th Report, page 685.

Post town, Otley.

Loidis et Elmete, page 193. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 111. Wharfdale, page 44.

DENTON.—(*Parish of Otley. A Donative.*)—Area, vide Otley. Claro wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 179[1], vide Otley; CHAPEL-ROOM, 160[2]; NET VALUE, 44*l.*—This town was held of the Archbishop by Walter de Vavasour, by scotage, ward, and maneage, and suit of court to the Archbishop's manor of Otley from three weeks to three weeks. Now held, says Torre, by the Lords Fairfax, Barons of Cameron.

Patron, Sir C. Ibbetson, Bart.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 332, it is recommended to be made a parish, and Skales and Carrhouse, in the parish of Weston, to be annexed thereto.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books for marriages commence in 1754, for baptisms in 1766, and for burials in 1772.

Torre gives no information respecting this Chapel.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Otley.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 115. Hargrove's Knaresborough (House only), page 404. Wharfdale, page 30.

FARNLEY.—(*Parish of Otley. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Claro wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION, 196[3], vide Otley; CHAPEL-ROOM, 100[1]; NET VALUE, 40*l.*—Patron, F. H. Fawkes, Esq.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 334, it is said there was then no Minister. Income, 3*l.* per annum.

Augmented, in 1746, with 200*l.*; in 1768, with 200*l.*; in 1785, with 200*l.*; in 1790, with 200*l.*; in 1793, with 200*l.*; in 1817, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1828, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

There is no glebe house.

Dr. Whitaker, in Loidis et Elmete, page 193, says there is no font, nor any interments.

No return as to registers. Marriages are celebrated at Otley.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Otley.

Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 192. Hargrove's Knaresborough (House only), page 396. Torre's MS., page 133. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 116. Wharfdale, page 82.

POOLE.—(*Parish of Otley. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Otley. Skirack wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION, 310[2], vide Otley; CHAPEL-ROOM, 180; NET VALUE, 69*l.*—Patron, the Vicar of Otley. Impropriators, F. H. Fawkes, Esq., and others.

Augmented, in 1749, with 200*l.*; in 1752, with 200*l.*; in 1774, with 200*l.*; and in 1785, with 200*l.*—all by lot; and in 1803, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from John Smith, gent.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 335, it is stated that there was then "No Minister. Recommended to remain a member of Otley."

There is no glebe house.

The registers are included in Otley. Marriages are celebrated at Otley.

CHARITIES.—*Laycock's doles*, given in 1727. Three rents-charge of 6*s.* 8*d.* each.

Hobson's dole, given in 1728. Rent-charge of 10*s.*

John Dixon's dole, given in 1749. Rent-charge of 3*s.* These doles, together with 7*s.*, or 7*s.* 6*d.*, being a portion of Queen Elizabeth's dole to the poor of Otley parish, are distributed, together

[1] In 1818, it was 192.

[2] There is Church-room for as many of the township as are usually in the habit of attending Divine Service. Vide Parliamentary Return for 1818.

[3] In 1818, it was 366.

[1] Estimated, in the return of 1818, at 200.

[2] In 1818, it was 315.

with the sacrament money, at Poole Feast, among poor persons not receiving regular parochial relief.—Vide 15th Report, page 686.

Post town, Otley.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 112. Wharfdale, page 84.

PANNALL[1].——ST. ROBERT OF KNARESBOROUGH.——(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,520 acres. Claro wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 1,261[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 280[3]; NET VALUE, 235*l.* —This Church was appropriated to the Priory of Knaresborough, 19th May 1348, having come to Edmund Earl of Cornwall in exchange for the manor of Roucliffe, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 19th May, A.D. 1348.

There was a chantry in this Church.

Patron, the Rev. R. B. Hunter; impropriators, W. Bentley, Esquire, and others.

The Church is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.*; and the Vicarage, in the King's books, at 5*l.* 5*s.* per annum.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 164, 5*s.* is said to be due out of the impropriator's tithes. There was then no Minister there.

Augmented, in 1716, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 323*l.* from Mr. John Wescoe and Mr. William Maunby.

There is no glebe house.

In the Notitia Parochialis, No. 892, is the following curious entry: "Tithes are holden from the Church, but whether impropriated is doubted and questioned by ancient men in the parish. They are holden by Richard and John Hill, of Shadwell, near London. The Church hath no part of tithe, but is reported to have had a Vicarage close and house, which close goes still by the name of Vicarage close, and the house was sold by the farmers of the tithes in 1654, or thereabouts. Augmented 3*l.* per annum by Mr. Thomas Hill, and 30*s.* per annum by William Kent. Total value, about 20*l.* per annum. Tithes were paid before the late times of confusion. John Wright, Vic."

16th February 1822, faculty to alter the situation of the pulpit, and erect new seats.

A brief was granted in 1771 for this Church.

Torre gives a close catalogue of the Vicars to 1535.

The Register Books commence in 1586. There is a chasm from 1672 to 1687.

CHARITIES.—*John Moon's gift*, in 1711. 5*s.* per annum.

John Clarke's gift, by will, dated 23rd August 1746. 5*s.* per annum, paid by the Vicar.

Richard Wright's gift, by will, dated 5th June 1813. 3*l.* per annum in provisions or clothes, and 1*l.* per annum for teaching poor children to read the Scriptures.—Vide 4th Report, page 431.

Post town, Knaresborough.

Torre's MS., page 201. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 80. 342.

LOW HARROWGATE.—SAINT MARY'S.—(*Parish of Pannall. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Pannall. Claro wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 300, vide Pannall; CHAPEL-ROOM, 800[1]; NET VALUE, 90*l.*—Originally a Chapel of Ease to Pannall, but augmented, in 1834, with 200*l.*, and 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 400*l.* by subscriptions, and made a district Church, under 59th Geo. III. cap. 134, sec. 16.—Vide 12th Report, page 5.

Patron, the Vicar of Pannall.

There is no glebe house.

No return as to registers. Marriages are celebrated at Pannall.

Post town, Knaresborough.

Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 106.

WESTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,460 acres. Claro wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION,

[1] Anciently called Rosehurst.

[2] The township of Swindon is partly in the parish of Pannall, and partly in the parish of Kirkby Overblows. Part of Low Harrogate is likewise in Pannall parish.

[3] Estimated at 400 in 1818.

[1] 1,200 additional sittings (of which 500 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 500*l.*

521 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 51*l.*—"This Church," says Dr. Whitaker, "was appropriated to the Dean and Chapter of York, but no ordination appears in Dr. Ducarel's Notes, or Torre's MS. The first Vicar in Torre's List was instituted in 1289. The Governors of the Free School of Sedbergh are the present impropriators and patrons [2].

"A.D. 1221, Hugh de Lacy gave to God, St. Peter, and Walter, Archbishop of York, the Church of Weston for the augmentation of the number of lights in the Cathedral. It is now appropriated to the fabric. The Vicarage used to be presented to by the Dean and Chapter, but, for the last 100 years and upwards, the Vavasours of Weston have presented to it, I suppose as tenants to Sedbergh School. Query, how has the Rectory come to Sedbergh School?"—Archbishop Sharp's MS.

The Vicarage is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 6*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 131, at 24*l.* per annum. Synodals, 5*s.*

Augmented, in 1781, with 200*l.*; in 1793, with 200*l.*; and, in 1829, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

This parish is not noticed by Torre, further than that Weston contains six carucates of land held of the Castle of Shipton, each carucate giving 3½*d.* rent.

An Inclosure Act for Askwith was passed 19th Geo. III.

There is no glebe house.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Vicars to Samuel Wade, 13th November 1661, and observes that the Living was then (1816) held by sequestration; he also says the Vicar had 200 acres of common allotted to him, in lieu of small tithes. The parish appears to have been taken out of Otley.

The Register Book for baptisms commences in 1694, for marriages in 1677. There is a chasm from 1725 to 1739, and a chasm occurs from 1693 to 1739. —Vide transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Otley.

[1] Viz.: Askwith, 400; Weston, 121.

[2] Mr. Vavasour is stated, in the Ecclesiastical Return in 1834, to be the patron; but if so, it is in all probability in the character of lessee.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 983. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 82. 340. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 204. Wharfdale, p. 41.

PONTEFRACT DEANERY.

ACKWORTH.—ST. CUTHBERT.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,270 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION, 1,660[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 506; NET VALUE, 403*l.*—The town of Ackworth was parcel of the ancient inheritance of the Lacies, Constables of Chester and Earls of Lincoln, and from them came to the Dukes of Lancaster. Hugh de la Val gave the Advowson to the Church of Nostell, but the grant does not appear to have been confirmed by the Lacies on their restoration.

In temp. Henry VIII. the Church was given by the King in exchange with the Archbishop of York, yet for all that, says Torre, the King presented thereto, and not the Archbishop.

Archbishop Sharp says the Archbishop collated twice in Queen Elizabeth's time, but the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster is the present patron.

Valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 22*l.* 1*s.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 388, at 116*l.* per annum.

A Chantry was founded in this Church at the altar of St. Mary.

24th January 1758, a faculty was granted to rebuild and enlarge the Church, and to dispose of the seats therein.

29th July 1779, faculty granted to build a gallery.

21st October 1822, additional burial-ground consecrated.

Mr. Boothroyd (page 140) is of opinion that the northern rebels, in the 4th Henry VII., 1488, under John a Chambre, were defeated here by the Earl of Surrey.—See, however, Hunter's Hallamshire, page 48.

Inclosure Act passed in the 12th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

Torre gives a list of the Rectors.

[1] There are two villages, High and Low Ackworth.

"There is a parcel of land, called Rydings, containing about seventy-one acres (computed), one moiety thereof now in the possession of Mary Willson, which, in lieu of all and all manner of tithes, pays yearly, at Easter, 6*s.* 8*d.*" Signed, "Richard Hollins, Rect."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 576.

The Register Books commence in 1558. Some chasms.

CHARITIES.—*The School* belonging to the Quakers was originally an appendage to the Foundling Hospital in London; but in 1777, the premises were purchased by the Society of Friends.

Lowther's Hospital, for six poor women of the parishes of Ackworth, Badsworth, and Featherstone, not less than forty years of age (widows or maids), and of the communion of the Church of England, and School for the education of twenty poor children of the parish, was founded by Mary Lowther, spinster, by deed, 30th November 1741. Governors, the Rectors of Ackworth and Badsworth, and Vicar of Featherstone. The poor women each receive 10*l.* per annum. Schoolmaster's salary, 10*l.* per annum, and a house. Surviving trustee, Sir John Ramsden, Bart.

Mrs. Surtees, by will, dated 26th June 1801, left 100*l.*, the interest to be paid to a woman above thirty and under sixty years of age, for lighting the fires in the women's rooms in the Hospital, and washing and waiting upon them when sick.

Poor's Estate. 12*l.* per annum in doles, being a reserved rent for Major Goldsworthy's house, &c. On the 18th February 1863, the lease will expire, when the charity will become of considerable value.

Ann Calverley's dole, by will, 5th September 1699. 10*s.* per annum.

Matthew Lamb's dole, by will, 1680. 10*s.* per annum.

John Rishworth's dole, by deed, 22nd October 1660. 1*l.* per annum.

Dr. Bradley's cottages, built in 1666,

for two ancient widows, and two other persons to assist them. The Commissioners suggest that the occupants should not be persons maintained by the parish.

Manor Trust, created, by deed, in 1628, for the repairs of the highways and relief of the poor.—Vide 15th Report, page 640.

Post town, Pontefract.

Nonæ Roll, page 225. Torre's MS., page 787. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 160. Burton's Mon., page 304. Bigland's Yorkshire, page 898.

ADLINGFLEET. —— (*Vicarage in charge.*)—ALL SAINTS.—Area, 4,580 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 478[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[2]; NET VALUE, 280*l.*——At the time of Domesday Survey, there was here a Church and a priest, and one mill of 10*s.* Coppice-wood, one mile long and one quarenten broad. The whole manor two miles long and one broad. Value in King Edward's time, 4*l.*, then 30*s.*

An ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Dayvills and Lovetots, till given to the Abbey of Selby, to which it was appropriated by Pope Clement V. and a vicarage ordained therein, 3 Id. September, A.D. 1307[3]. At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown.

Catherine Hall, Cambridge, has the impropriation.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at the sum of 153*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 9*l.* 12*s.* 10*d.* Synodals, 4*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 377, it is stated, "Vicarage, 60*l.* The town of Elstoft, in Yorkshire, to be added to the parish or chapelry of Eltoft, in Lincolnshire."

Torre gives a list of the Vicars.

Easter Term, 42nd Elizabeth, decree as to tithes at Haldenby Park, unreported.

To this Church anciently the towns of Ousefleet, Whitgift, Eastoft, Redness, Swinefleet, Falquerby, and Haldenby, all in the parish of Snaith, did use to repair for Divine Service.

All the Church was pulled down in 1260 or thereabouts, by John de Franceys, the Rector.

Inclosure Act passed 7th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

30th March 1792, faculty granted to rebuild the Chancel.

9th August 1827, faculty to new roof the Church, and cover it with slate instead of lead, and to re-pew the Church.

The Register books commence in 1693.

CHARITIES.——*Mr. Skerne's charity.* Rent-charge of 1*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* to poor widows at Adlingfleet; 1*l.* 4*s.* to those at Fockerby; and 6*s.* 8*d.* to those at Haldenby cum Eastoft.

Mr. Robinson's charity. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum.

R. Skerne's anniversary sermon, on 5th November 1661, by will. 20*s.*

Two other sermons. 10*s.* 6*d.* each.

Thomas Batman's gift. 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum, to Eastoft poor. Lost.

Fockerby Free School. The schoolmaster is appointed by the master and fellows of Catherine Hall, Cambridge. Little seems to be known respecting the foundation. The Commissioners appear to consider the school to have been neglected. Persons educated therein are to have a preference to certain scholarships and fellowships at Catherine Hall. All the children of the township of Fockerby, and two from Adlingfleet, are entitled to free admission. Income—rent of about 27 acres of land and two pasture gates.

Mrs. Ramsden's gift. Interest of 60*l.* to poor cottagers at Fockerby.

Ramsden's charity. Mrs. Mary Ramsden, by will, dated 3rd November 1743, gave 200*l.* to be employed for the benefit of poor boys and girls in Fockerby, Norton, Linton, and Adlingfleet, in putting out the boys apprentices, and in teaching the girls to sew and read. In 1767, pursuant to an order in Chancery, the principal and accumulations were invested in the purchase of 471*l.* 13*s.* 1*d.* three per cent. consols, in the name of three trustees, of whom the survivor was James Stovin, of Doncaster, gentleman, whose will was proved at York, 19th

[1] Viz. Adlingfleet, 218; Fockerby, 103; Haldenby and Eastoft, 157. In 1834, the population was stated to be 472.

[2] In 1818, the church-room was stated at 400.

[3] The substance of the endowment is given by Burton, in page 389.

November 1789, and in Canterbury 23rd January 1794; and the stock was transferred into the names of his executors, the survivor of whom was Joseph Morris, of Bawtry Street House, in the county of Nottingham. There appears no evidence of the dividends having ever been applied to the charitable uses directed by Mrs. Ramsden's will; and in 1801, the whole of the stock was sold out, and the produce divided amongst the seven younger children of Mrs. Stoven, who are all particularized in the Report of the Commissioners. The Commissioners express an opinion that if the funds are capable of being recovered, it can only be through the assistance of a Court of Equity.—Vide 18th Report, page 593.

Post town, Howden.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book, page 189. Nonæ Roll, page 226. Torre's MS. page 639. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 152. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxv. page 1067, and vol. lxxxii. page 503. Mon. Ang. vol. iii. page 485.

HALDENBY.—(*Parish of Adlingfleet.*)—Here was a Chantry, which was valued, at the Dissolution, at 5*l.* per annum.

ALMONDBURY. —— (*Vicarage in charge.*)—ALL SAINTS.—Area, 30,140 acres. Agbrigg and Morley wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 30,606[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 950[2]; NET VALUE, 232*l.*—Formerly a Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Barons Lacy, who are supposed to have founded the Church, and from them of the Dukes of Lancaster.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation the Church is stated to be appropriated to Nostell Priory.

The Rectory was appropriated to the College of Jesus at Rotherham, by Henry VII. as Duke of Lancaster, and a Vicarage ordained therein 13th March, A.D. 1485, and a new ordination was made 15th June 1488.

At the Dissolution, the Rectory reverted to the Crown, and was given to Clithero grammar school, 1st and 2nd Philip and Mary, the governors of which school are the present patrons and impropriators.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation the Church was valued at 40*l.* per annum, and the Vicarage was valued in the King's books at 20*l.* 7*s.* 10*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 294, at 40*l.* per annum. A pension of 48*s.* 8*d.* to the Vicar of Dewsbury. Synodals, 4*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

39th Geo. III. Act for inclosing North Crossland; 9th Geo. IV. Act for inclosing Holme.

Mich. Term, 7 Chas. II. decree in the Exchequer relative to tithes, but which is unreported.

3rd November 1756, licence granted to erect a gallery.

5th May 1797, ditto.

7th November 1828, faculty to erect galleries, and make other alterations.

Glebe house fit for residence.

The lord of the manor of Marsden exercises the right of proving wills in the manorial court in certain cases.

Mr. Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars, which is continued by Dr. Whitaker.

The Register books commence in 1653. A few loose leaves prior to that year.

CHARITIES. — *Broadhead's charity at Upper Thong.* 4A. 2R. 14P. of land, given in 1730, by Daniel Broadhead, for the use of the poor not receiving parochial relief. Two cottages have also been built, the rents of which are added to the charity. The rent is laid out in the purchase of blankets and linen cloth.

Wormall's charity. Founded under the

[1] Viz. Almondbury, 7,086; Austonley, 1,420; South Crossland, 2,258; Farnley Tyas, 849; Holme, 630; Honley, 4,523; Lingarths, 758; Linthwaite, 2,852; Lockwood, 3,134; Marsden, 1,698; Meltham, 2,746; Nether Thong, 1,004; Upper Thong, 1,648. The population has increased 6,627 since 1821. The Chapelry of Marsden is partly in Huddersfield parish, and entered accordingly. The families of occupiers of land at Holme and Marsden (being partly employed in manufacture or trade) are entered in the second class of occupations. This parish has increased in population 6,627 persons, chiefly attributed to the extension of manufactures. Upwards of 300 men are employed in quarries and on the public roads.

[2] Exclusive of the Chapels. 360 additional sittings (of which 100 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 50*l.*

will of Israel Wormall, dated 11th August 1724, for payment of 5*l.* per annum to a school-master, residue of rent for apprenticing poor children. The estate consists of 53A. 29P. of land, and 10 cottages. In 1824, an information was filed in Chancery by certain parishioners against the trustees for an account, and the suit was pending when the Report was made.

Nettleton's charity. Founded by Robert Nettleton, by deed, dated 11th Jas. I. for repairing bridges and highways, portioning poor maids, preferring scholars, and relieving the poor of the township of Almondbury. The estate consists of 31A. 2R. 4P. of land, 10 cottages, and an annual rent-charge of 8*l.*

Jane Tetnay's charity, by will, 1765. Interest of 100*l.*

Rent-charges. 6*l.* 10*s.* applied towards the poor's rate, which the Commissioners disapproved of.

Grammar School. Founded by King James I. in the sixth year of his reign. The governors must reside within two miles of the parish. The master must be a single man and a graduate. Statutes to be made with the consent of the Archbishop of York, who shall also appoint the master, should the governors neglect to do so within two months after a vacancy. The school is open to all poor boys of the parish, for gratuitous instruction in Greek and Latin. In 1821, with the consent of the Archbishop of York, it was resolved to instruct 10 poor boys in reading, writing, grammar, and arithmetic. The Commissioners notice the liberal conduct of the Rev. John Coates, the then master. Total number of free scholars, 14 to 17. Income 76*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.*

Joshua Earnshaw's charity, by will, 24th November 1693. 16*l.* 5*s.* per annum to a schoolmaster, for learning such children of Holme and Gate Holme as come to him, reading, writing, and arithmetic, without charge. About 30 or 40 scholars.

Poor's estate. Left by John Earnshaw, 9th Wm. III. Let for about 10*l.* per annum, and the money given to the poor.—Vide 18th Report, page 542.

Post town, Huddersfield.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book, pages 141. 15. 142. Torre's MS. page 751. Wood's MS. (Bodleian) No. 5101. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 198. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 327. Kinderwell's Scarborough, page 12. Wright's Halifax, page 33. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 1441.

HONLEY.—(*Parish of Almondbury. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 4,523, vide Almondbury; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1000; NET VALUE, 176*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Almondbury.

Neither minister nor maintenance. About 100 families. Recommended to be made a separate parish.—Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 297.

See Archbishop Sharp's MS. for the particulars of the augmentations.

Augmented in 1729 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Richard Horsefall, Esq. and Mr. Wm. Walker.

26th September 1737, faculty granted to build a gallery.

A faculty was granted 30th July 1756, to enlarge the Chapel and to sell seats, a brief having been previously obtained.

4th August 1789, burial-ground consecrated.

22nd November 1793, faculty to alter the situation of the pulpit, &c.

An Inclosure Act was passed 22nd Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Registers, previous to 1813, are deposited in the mother Church.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Huddersfield.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 199. 330. and 331. Not noticed by Torre.

LINTHWAITE.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*) CHRIST CHURCH.—(*Parish of Almondbury.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION, 2,852, vide Almondbury; CHAPEL-ROOM, 800[1]; NET VALUE, 51*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Almondbury.

Impropriators, governors of Clitheroe Free Grammar School.

Built under aid from the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with turret and spire. First stone laid 9th April 1827. Consecrated in 1828. Parliamentary

[1] Of which 200 are free sittings.

grant in aid, 3,000*l.* No district has yet been assigned. Completed.—Vide 9th Report, page 3.

Augmented in 1832 with 200*l.* by lot; and in 1833 with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. N. Padwick, the incumbent.

There is no glebe house.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

No return as to registers.

Post town, Huddersfield.

LOCKWOOD.—EMANUEL.—(*Parish of Almondbury. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 5,400, vide Almondbury; CHAPEL-ROOM, 920[1]; NET VALUE, 60*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Almondbury.

Impropriators, governors of Clitheroe School.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with bell turret. First stone laid 4th September 1828. Consecrated 2nd September 1830. Cost 2,950*l.* 15*s.* 3*d.* No district has yet been assigned.—Vide 10th Report, p. 3.

Augmented in 1831 with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

There is no glebe house.

No return as to registers.

Parochial Charities.—Vide Almondbury.

Post town, Huddersfield.

MARSDEN. — (*Parish of Almondbury. Perpetual Curacy.*) — Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 2,340, vide Almondbury; CHAPEL-ROOM, 670[1]; NET VALUE, 85*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Almondbury.

Valued in 1707 at 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 297, it is stated, "About 140 families; 2*l.* 10*s.* maintenance; to be made a parish."

Archbishop Sharp gives an account of the profits of the Curacy.

Augmented in 1742 with 200*l.*; in 1758 with 200*l.*; and in 1775 with 200*l.*—all by lot; in 1782 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. Haigh, clothier; in 1793 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. Luke Campinot; and in 1816 with 600*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1824 with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* by subscription; and in the same year with 200*l.* from the same grant, by lot.

10th May 1758, faculty to rebuild and enlarge the Chapel, a brief having been granted in 1754, and to dispose of the seats therein.

16th April 1798, an additional burial ground was consecrated.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books, for baptisms and burials, commence in 1776.

The Manor Court claims the right of granting probates and letters of administration.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Huddersfield.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 199.

MELTHAM. — ST. BARTHOLOMEW.—(*Parish of Almondbury. Perpetual and unaugmented Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 2,746, vide Almondbury; CHAPEL-ROOM, 750; NET VALUE, 273*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Almondbury.

Impropriators, governors of Clitheroe Free School.

Valued in 1707 at 34*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* per annum, and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 298, it is stated, "the inhabitants of Meltham, half in the said parish, are now building another Chapel within the same parish, and in regard that it is almost six miles remote from the parish Church, and about 80 inhabitants are fit to repair to it, we do desire, on their behalf, some maintenance from the Parliament for a minister."

Consecrated 24th August 1651, by Henry Tilson, Bishop of Elphin.

A brief was granted in 1782 for this Chapel.

29th July 1785, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Chapel.

25th February 1835, faculty to enlarge the Chapel and to erect a gallery.

[1] Of which 398 are free sittings. This is agreeable to the Report of the Church Building Commissioners. In 1834, the chapel-room is stated only at 860.

[1] Estimated at 800 in 1818.

Torre gives a list of the Curates.

Inclosure Acts were passed 57th Geo. III., 11th Geo. IV., and 1st Wm. IV. amended Act.

No glebe house.

The Register Books, for baptisms and burials, commence in 1669.

CHARITY.—*School.* Matthew Lockwood, by will, dated 23rd May 1715, directed the interest of 20*l.* to be paid to a schoolmaster, for teaching children, in the town of Meltham, English or Latin. A school and house have been lately built by subscription.—18th Report, page 552.

Post town, Huddersfield.

Torre's MS., page 760. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 199.

NETHERTHONG.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Parish of Almondbury. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 1,004, vide Almondbury; CHAPEL-ROOM, 700[1]; NET VALUE, 57*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Almondbury.

Impropriators, governors of Clitheroe School.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with cupola. First stone laid 14th January 1829. Cost, 2,869*l.* 12*s.* 1*d.* No district has yet been assigned.—Vide 10th Report, p. 3.

Augmented in 1831 with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, and in 1832 with 200*l.*,—both by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 7th Geo. IV.

There is no glebe house.

Register Books from the consecration.

CHARITY.—*Shaw's gift.* Interest of 20*l.* left in 1750, by Henry Shaw, for the poor of the township not receiving parochial relief.—Vide 8th Report, page 542.

Post town, Huddersfield.

SOUTH CROSSLAND.——HOLY TRINITY.—(*Parish of Almondbury. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 2,258, vide Almondbury; CHAPEL-ROOM, 700[1]; NET VALUE, 55*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Almondbury.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with tower. First stone laid 15th October 1827. Consecrated in 1829. Cost, 2,321*l.* 4*s.* 1*d.*—Vide 10th Report. No district has yet been assigned.

There is no glebe house.

No return as to registers.

CHARITIES.—*Godfrey Beaumont's charity.* 3*l.* per annum to the schoolmaster and 2*l.* to the poor as a dole.

Richard Beaumont's charity. Vide General Charities.—Vide 21st Report, page 593.

Post town, Huddersfield.

BATLEY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 6,390 acres. Agbrigg and Morley wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 11,335[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 700[3]; NET VALUE, 192*l.*—This Church was given to Nostell Priory by Robert de Lacy, and after his attainder, was regranted thereto by Hugh de la Val, and confirmed by Henry I., and appropriated to it, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 5th March, A.D. 1253.

The endowment is dated by Burton.

A Chantry was founded in this Church in 1334, by Adam de Oxenhoppe. Another is named in the Valor Ecc. and also one at Batley Hall.

The patronage is alternately in the Earl of Cardigan and the Earl of Wilton.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation the Church is valued at 10*l.* and the Vicarage at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum. In the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 16*l.* 11*s.* 6½*d.* and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 317, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.* Synodals, 4*s.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 317, it is stated: "Vicarage 13*s.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Morley Chapel, distant from the Church of Batley two miles. Mr. White is pastor there, who hath no cer-

[1] Of which 318 are free sittings.—Vide Report of the Church Building Commissioners. In 1834, the return only states accommodation for 640 persons.

[1] Of which 222 are free sittings.—Vide Report of the Church Building Commissioners. Only 630 sittings were returned in 1834.

[2] Viz. Batley, 4,841; Churwell, 1,023; Gildersome, 1,652; Morley, 3,819.

[3] Exclusive of the Chapels at Gildersome and Morley.

tain maintenance, yet had an augmentation granted him of 50*l.* per annum, out of the Rectory of Burton Agnes, and paid by Sir Henry Griffith, a delinquent. We think fit that Morley Chapel be made a parish Church, and the towns or villages of Gildersome and Churwell, within the same parish, be annexed to Morley Chapel, and united into one parish, they being much nearer Morley than the parish Church of Batley."

Augmented in 1741 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of waste lands, worth 200*l.*, from the lord of the manor, &c.

Inclosure Act, 41st Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

By custom the church-rates have been paid in the following proportions, viz.: Batley, two-fifths; Morley, two-fifths; and Gildersome and Churwell, one-fifth.

4th March 1830, a faculty was granted to erect an organ in the Chapel.

Dr. Whitaker gives an engraving of a tomb. Mr. Scatchard also gives the inscriptions, substance of the endowment, and a south view of the Church.

At the Restoration, the Rev. Thomas Smallwood, who had been chaplain to Lord Fairfax, and afterwards to General Lambert, was ejected.

The Register Books commence in 1559. Defective 1639—1642, 1645—1652.

CHARITIES.—*Free School.* Founded by deed, in 1612, by the Rev. William Lee, for the free education of the children of the inhabitants of the whole parish, as well in learning to read English and to write, as in the Greek and Latin tongues. The rules to be ratified by the Archbishop. In consequence of the great increase in population, the number of free scholars is restricted to 60. The endowment consists of 48A. 3R. 6P. of land, subject to a debt of 163*l.*

Girls' School, built by subscription in 1787. Fifteen poor girls instructed as free scholars, in reading, knitting, and sewing. Income, interest of 170*l.*

Shipley's gift, by will, in 1719. Rent-charge of 4*l.* for the poor. Also 10*l.* per annum to the minister, for morning and afternoon sermons.

Mrs. Chester's gift, by will. 1*l.* per annum for the poor.

John Watson's charity, by will, in 1753. Interest of 25*l.*

Joshua Scholefield's charity, by will, dated 29th June 1806. Interest of 60*l.* for the education of poor children of the surname of Scholefield or Kitson, and, if sufficient, for the education of other poor children. He also left the interest of 40*l.* to the Sunday School.—Vide 17th Report, page 716.

Post town, Dewsbury.

Torre's MS. page 631. Mon. Ang. vol. ii. page 92. Burton's Monasticon, page 302. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 180. Bodleian MS. No. 5101. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 234. Scatchard's Morley, page 227.

GILDERSOME.—(*Parish of Batley. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake. —POPULATION, 1,619, vide Batley, CHAPEL-ROOM, 437[1]; NET VALUE, 104*l.*

Patrons, the Earls of Wilton and Cardigan, alternately.

Consecrated 29th August 1787. Made a district Church under 58th Geo. III. cap. 45, sec. 16; but still in the parish of Batley for lay purposes.—Vide 12th Report, page 5.

5th October 1819, an additional burial ground was consecrated.

Augmented in 1789 with 200*l.*; in 1795 with 200*l.*; in 1796 with 200*l.*; in 1797 with 200*l.*; in 1809 with 200*l.*; in 1811 with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1812 with 400*l.* from the same grant, and all by lot.

There is no glebe house.

Registers entered at Batley previous to 1813.

CHARITIES.—*Bolton Hargrave's gift,* by will, dated 13th June 1749. Rent of three tenements, paid to a schoolmaster for teaching 10 poor children reading, writing, accounts, and the Church Catechism.

Miss Bolton's rent-charge. 20*s.* per annum, to 20 poor widows.—Vide 17th Report, page 718.

Post town, Leeds.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 180. Scatchard's Morley, page 292.

[1] Of which 143 sittings have been obtained under a grant of 200*l.* from the Society for Enlarging Churches.

BIRSTAL.—SAINT PETER.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 13,180 acres. Morley wapentake. —— POPULATION, 24,103[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 800[2]; NET VALUE, 275*l.*—The Church was a Rectory belonging to the patronage of the Tilleys, and a Vicarage was ordained therein on the 3 Non. February, A.D. 1280. The advowson was afterwards purchased by William de Wartre, fourteenth Prior of Nostell, and on the 25th September 1301, it was appropriated to the Prior and Convent, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 7 Kal. October, A.D. 1301.

Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Impropriators, Trinity College, Cambridge.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation the Church of Birstall is valued at 40*l.* and the Vicarage at 10*l.* per annum. In the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 23*l.* 19*s.* per annum. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 308, the Vicarage is valued at 30*l.* per annum, and the great tithes at 300*l.* per annum. Synodals, 6*s.* 8*d.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

Inclosure Acts (Scholes) 42nd Geo. III. (Wike) 53rd Geo. III.

There were two Chantries in the Church, viz. Tilleys and Davye.

There are seven Chapels in the parish, three of which are in the gift of the Vicar.

Dr. Whitaker says this parish was formed out of the Saxon parish of Morley, and that the Church was founded by Robert de Lacy.

Three Chantries are named in the Valor Ecc.

Mr. Scatchard notices a lich or copse gate, with a turnstile, and also gives a view of the Church.

Dr. Priestley was a native of Birstal.

15th July 1754, faculty to erect a gallery and organ.

Several faculties were granted in 1756 and 1757.

[1] Cleckheaton, 3,317; Drighlington, 1,676; Great and Little Gomersal, 6,189; Heckmondwike, 2,793; Hunsworth, 878; Liversedge, 5,265; Tong, 2,067; Wike, 1,918. Upwards of 500 men are employed in coal and iron mines, and in quarries.

[2] 250 additional sittings, of which 100 are free, have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 150*l.*

30th June 1781, additional burial-ground consecrated.

31st August 1801, a faculty was granted to take down three cottages, and apply the materials towards the repairs of the vicarage house.

The Register Books (including White Chapel) commence in 1558, defective in 1643, 1678; some subsequent chasms.

CHARITIES.—*William Bolland's gift*, by will, in 1783. Dividends of 300*l.* three per cent consols, distributed in bread.

James Brook's gift, in 1711. 40*s.* rent-charge, distributed on St. Thomas's-day amongst 40 poor widows of the township.

John Rhodes's charity, by will, dated 30th August 1774. Dividends of 311*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* three per cents. to be distributed to poor housekeepers, who regularly attend Divine Service in the Church, and receive no relief from the poor's rate.

Free School, founded by William Armystead, Vicar of Burstall, in the 43rd Elizabeth. Endowment, a house and rent-charge of 8*l.* 10*s.* per annum. United in 1819 to the National School, and six poor children are brought up there as free scholars of the old foundation.—Vide 17th Report, page 719.

Post town, Leeds.

Torre's MS. page 711. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 179. Wood's (Bodleian) MS. No. 5101. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 248. Scatchard's Morley, page 283.

BIRKINSHAW.—(*Parish of Birstal. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake. POPULATION, 2,800, vide Birstal; CHAPEL-ROOM, 708[1]; NET VALUE, 22*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Birstal.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Augmented in 1834 with 200*l.* and 200*l.*, to meet benefactions and subscriptions of 400*l.*, and 200*l.* by lot.

Architecture Gothic, with tower and spire. First stone laid 23rd September 1829. Cost, 2,929*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* No district has yet been assigned.—Vide 11th Report, page 3.

No glebe house.

[1] Of which 315 are free sittings.

Register Books.—No return.
Parochial Charities.—No return.
Post town, Bradford.

CLECKHEATON.—SAINT JOHN. —(*Parish of Birstal. Perpetual Curacy.*) —Morley wapentake.——POPULATION, 2,317, vide Birstal; CHAPEL-ROOM, 500 [1]; NET VALUE, 125*l.*—Patron, Miss F. M. R. Currer.

The Parliamentary Commissioners recommended that Cleckheaton, Hangsworth, and Wyke, be united, and made a parish.—Vol. xviii. page 300.

Augmented, in 1732, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of a house sold for 140*l.* from Mrs. Sarah Bowerman, and 200*l.* from Richard Richardson, Esq.; in 1777, with 200*l.*, by lot; in 1782, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from W. Richardson, Esq., who confirmed a deed of gift made by his brother, Richard Richardson, Esq.; in 1812, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and, in 1834, with 600*l.* from the same grant, by lot.

The old Chapel was enlarged, under a faculty granted 26th February 1820; but a new Chapel has been built under the Parliamentary grant: architecture Gothic, with a tower: will accommodate 603 persons; free seats, 307: first stone laid 3rd March 1830. Cost, 2,387*l.* 8*s.*—Vide 12th Report, page 3.

An Inclosure Act was passed 35th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register books, for baptisms and burials, commence in 1761.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Bradford.

Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 248. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 179.

DRIGHLINGTON.—(*Parish of Birstal. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,676, vide Birstal; CHAPEL-ROOM, 410; NET VALUE, 84*l.*—Patron and impropriator, J. Sykes, Esq.

The Chapel was consecrated on the 14th October 1815, together with the chapel-yard; but Dr. Whitaker says it had been built about thirty years before.

Augmented, in 1817, with 2,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and, in 1819, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from —— Carr.

No return as to registers.

No glebe house.

CHARITIES.—*The School* was founded by James (Margetson), Archbishop of Armagh, by will, dated 30th May 1678. The endowment consists of a school, school-house, and garden, and a rent-charge of 60*l.* per annum. There are nine governors (of whom the Vicar of Birstall for the time being is one); they are a body corporate, and have a common seal. The Master and senior Fellows of Peter House, Cambridge, have the nomination of the chief Master. The school was one of considerable repute, and was well attended; but, at the time the Commissioners made their Report, the free instruction was confined to 12 boys between the ages of seven and ten years, who were taught reading, English, writing, and classics; but no boy to continue a free scholar beyond the age of ten years.—Vide 17th Report, page 720.

Post town, Bradford.

Loidis et Elmete, page 250. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 333.

HECKMONDWICK. — (*Parish of Birstal. Perpetual Curacy.*) — Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 2,793, vide Birstal; CHAPEL-ROOM, 689 [1]; NET VALUE, 30*l.*—Patron, the Vicar of Birstal. Impropriators, Trinity College, Cambridge.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with tower and spire. First stone laid 3rd March 1830. Cost, 2,574*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.*

No district has yet been assigned.—Vide 11th Report, page 3.

[1] 800 additional sittings (of which 300 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 450*l.*

[1] Of which 324 are free sittings—Vide Report of the Church-Building Commissioners.—In 1834, the return of Chapel-room was 700.

No return as to registers.

No glebe house.

CHARITIES.—*Joshua Wood's charity*, by will, in 1734. Rent of one acre of land, laid out in bread on St. Thomas's day.

James Shipley's charity, by will, in 1719. Interest of 10*l.*, laid out in bread.—Vide 17th Report, page 722.

Post town, Dewsbury.

LIVERSEDGE.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*) — CHRIST CHURCH. — (*Parish of Birstal.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 5,265, vide Birstal; CHAPEL-ROOM, 700; NET VALUE, 93*l.*—Patron, the Rev. Hammond Roberson.

Built by the present patron under the authority of an Act of Parliament, 52nd Geo. III. cap. 11, and endowed with five acres of land.

The Chapel and chapel-yard were consecrated 29th August 1816.

A decree as to tithes was made in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 43rd Eliz., but which is unreported.

No glebe house.

No registers previous to 1813.

CHARITIES. —— *High Town School*, founded by Josias Farrer, by will, dated 18th May 1722, who endowed it with a rent-charge of 8*l.* per annum, and a school-house was built by the inhabitants. It is also endowed with another rent-charge of 6*l.* per annum, under the will of Edward Beaumont, dated 22nd August 1723. Twenty-two poor children were instructed gratis.

In 1821, a National School was erected, the Master of which receives the two rents-charge, and instructs twenty-two children as free scholars.—Vide 17th Report, page 720.

Post town, Leeds.

Torre's MS., page 716. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 249.

TONG.—(*Parish of Birstal. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 2,067, vide Birstal; CHAPEL-ROOM, 450; NET VALUE, 166*l.*—Patron and impropriator, J. P. Tempest, Esq.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 311, it is called "An ancient Chapel. 5*l.* per annum maintenance. To be made a distinct parish."

"A parochial Chapel. The yearly value, consisting of small tithes, is about five pounds."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 341.

Augmented, in 1720, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 250*l.* from Sir Geo. Tempest, Bart.; and, in 1739, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the said Sir George Tempest, Bart.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1550.

CHARITIES.—*The School*, founded by Sir George Tempest, Bart., by deed, dated 26th June 1739, and endowed with 3*l.* per annum, for instructing eight poor children in reading and the Church Catechism; and on the 26th June 1739, Garvas Brown, by deed, granted a rent-charge of 3*l.* per annum for instructing seven poor children in a similar manner.

The said Garvas Brown also left 20*s.* per annum to the Clerk of Tong Chapel for taking care of the clock-strings, and oil and wire for the clock; and in case there should be no clock, or the same should become useless, then the said 20*s.* should be distributed amongst the poor of Tong until the clock should be repaired, or a new clock placed therein.

Isaac Bowcock's charity, by will, dated 11th February 1669. Rent-charge, 11*l.* per annum, expended in apprenticing poor boys to trades, and relieving such as have not parish relief. The Minister is one of the trustees. 2*l.* is given for each apprentice fee.—Vide 17th Report, page 722.

Post town, Leeds.

Thoresby's Ducatus, page 204. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 250. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 179.

BRADFORD[1].—SAINT PETER.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)——Area, 33,710 acres. Morley wapentake. — POPULA-

[1] In 1818, estimated at 370.

[1] Bradfurth, or Bradforth.

TION, 76,996[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,400[2]; NET VALUE, 437*l.*—This was an ancient Rectory, in the patronage of the Lacys, till given to Newark College, in Leicester, by Henry, Duke of Lancaster, and appropriated thereto; and there was an endowed Vicarage for many years, while the Rectory continued to be presentable. In 1416, a Vicarage was ordained herein by Archbishop Bowett, reserving 20*s.* to the Archbishop, and 6*s.* 8*d.* to the Dean and Chapter, to be paid by the College, 20*s.* to the poor, and the Vicar's portion to continue as before.

After the Dissolution, the Advowson was given by Queen Mary to the Archbishop of York, but, for some reason or another, the Archbishop never collated thereto, and the Crown continued to present for some time. The patronage is now in the family of the Fawcetts, of Bradford.

Impropriator, F. Dawson, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 53*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, which, in the new taxation, was reduced to 28*l.*, and the Vicarage at 13*l.* 6*s.*; in the King's books, at 20*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 289, it is stated: "The Vicarage house, several tithes and profits, was worth 70*l.* per annum, but, by reason of the late wars, not worth above 40*l.* per annum. There is no Minister, the Vicarage being vacant. To be made a parish."

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

See Blound's Ancient Tenures for an account of the curious customs at the Manor Court.

[1] Viz.:—Allerton, 1,733; North Bierley, 7,254; Bowling, 5,958; Bradford, 23,223; Clayton, 4,469; Eccleshill, 2,570; Haworth, 5,835; Heaton, 1,452; Horton, 10,782; Manningham, 3,564; Shipley, 1,926; Thornton, 5,968; and Wilsden, 2,252. The great increase of population (24,042 persons, of whom 10,169 are in the township of Bradford, and 3,590 in the township of Horton,) is principally attributed to the extension of worsted manufacture. In the township of North Bierley, upwards of 800 men are employed in quarries, mines, and coal-pits, 174 in the township of Bowling, and the same number in Bradford. The population, exclusive of the Chapelries, was returned, in 1834, at 23,223.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 4,700.

This parish was a member of the ancient Saxon parish of Dewsbury. No vestige remains of the old Church, or of the Chapel of St. Sitha, mentioned by Leland. The present Church was finished in the 36th Henry V.; the tower was erected 23rd Henry VII.

Seven Chapels exist within the parish, six of which are in the gift of the Vicar, and the seventh, Wibsey, is in the gift of the patron of the Church.

The town was besieged and taken by the royal army, commanded by the Duke of Newcastle.—Vide Sir Thomas Fairfax's Memoirs for a full account of the siege.

4th March 1785, faculty to erect an organ and gallery.

28th January 1786, ditto to build a gallery.

9th May 1797, ditto to erect a gallery.

An additional burial-ground was consecrated 6th October 1819.

An inclosure Act was passed 11th Geo. III. (Oxenhope), and also an Act 57th Geo. III. for a new burial ground.

The Register Books commence in 1599.

CHARITIES.—*Free School.* The Archbishop of York, as appears by a charter of King Charles II., dated 10th October, in the 14th year of his reign, is constituted special visitor. "This school," says Mr. Gilbert[1], "is supposed to have been founded in the reign of Edward the Sixth, and is well endowed. The management of the school is vested in thirteen governors, consisting of individuals of respectability resident in the town and neighbourhood, and is open to all boys of the parish, free of expense." This is one of the schools entitled to send a candidate for one of the exhibitions of Lady Eliz. Hastings.

Poor's Estate. Rent of forty acres, and 4*l.* 18*s.* quit-rents, amounting together, at the time of the Report, to 50*l.* 8*s.* per annum. The income is distributed to the poor of the parish (except the townships of Clayton and Heaton) not receiving regular parochial relief.

Richard Pollard's charity, by will, dated 20th August 1735. Rent-charges, amounting to 5*l.* per annum, to the poor

[1] Liber Scholasticus.

of the townships of Bradford, Haworth, Stanbury, and Bierley.

Mary Anne Jowett's charity, by will, dated 19th September 1811, left the interest of 400*l.* to poor widows, or single women, above the age of fifty years.

William Field's charity, by deed, in 1686. Rents, amounting to 111*l.* per annum, towards the maintenance of the poor.

Thomas Farrand's charity, by will, dated 27th June 1724. Annuity of 10*l.*, for teaching poor children of the town of Bradford to read and write.—Vide 17th Report, page 723.

A post town.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 725. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 171. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 350. Wood's MS. (Bodleian), No. 5,101.

BRADFORD.—CHRIST CHURCH. —(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Saint Peter; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,300 [1]; NET VALUE, 159*l.*—Built by subscription, and consecrated 12th October 1815. No district assigned.

Patron, the Vicar of Bradford.

Augmented, in 1816, with 800*l.*; in 1817, with 600*l.*; and, in 1822, with 800*l.*—all from the Parliamentary grant by lot.

No return as to registers.

No glebe house.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Bradford.

HAWORTH.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Parish of Bradford. Perpetual Curacy.*) Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 5,835, vide Bradford; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,000; NET VALUE, 170*l.*—Patrons, the Vicar of Bradford and trustees.

The Curate is nominated by the Vicar of Bradford, in conformity to the choice of the freeholders, and particularly of the trustees of lands heretofore purchased for the augmentation of the Curacy, and at their instance and request.

Maintenance, 27*l.* 13*s.* per annum. Recommended to be made a parish.—

[1] Of which, 200 free sittings have been obtained under a grant of 40*l.* from the Society for Enlarging Churches.

Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 291.

A brief having been obtained in 1754, a faculty was granted 17th July 1755, to enlarge the Chapel.

22nd March 1757, confirmation of seats.

29th July 1779, faculty to erect a gallery.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1645.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Keighley.

Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 355. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 172. 358.

HORTON.—(*Parish of Bradford. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake. —POPULATION, 10,782, vide Bradford; CHAPEL-ROOM, 500 [1]; NET VALUE, 99*l.* —Consecrated 1st July 1809.

Patron, the Vicar of Bradford.

Valued, in 1818, at 44*l.* per annum.

Augmented, in 1810, with 200*l.*; in 1812, with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; in 1817, with 600*l.*, and, in 1821, with 200*l.*, both from the same grant—by lot.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1808.

CHARITIES.—*John Ashton's charity*, by will, dated 4th August 1712. Rent of nine acres of land, and three houses, for the use of the aged and necessitous poor of the town of Horton.

Free Grammar School, founded by Christopher Scott, by will, dated 4th October, 13th Charles I. The schoolmaster to be of one of the Universities, and the children to be instructed in Greek and Latin. Endowed with 45A. of land, subject to a debt of 100*l.* The master receives a salary of 60*l.* per annum. The school is not now considered to be a classical one, and about 200 children attend it.

Abraham Kitchin's charity, by deed, dated 15th April 1644. Annuity of 10*s.* to the poor out of premises at Whinney Hill, in Oxenhope, now or lately belonging to Mr. James Feather.

[1] In 1818, the Chapel-room was returned at 700.

David Midgley's charity, by will, dated 5th March 1723. A charge upon an estate at Withins of the expense of clothing ten poor boys and girls annually.

Stanbury School, established in 1805, by voluntary subscription. The master has a house and the interest of 600*l.* About sixty free scholars are instructed in English, writing, and accounts.—Vide 17th Report, page 726.

Post town, Bradford.

Not noticed by Torre. Loidis et Elmete, page 255.

NORTH BIERLEY.—(*Parish of Bradford. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 7,254[1], vide Bradford; CHAPEL-ROOM, 900; NET VALUE, 130*l.*—Patroness, Miss Currer.

Consecrated in 1824. No district assigned.

Augmented, in 1825, with 1,800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; in 1826, with 300*l.* from the same fund, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Miss Currer; and, in 1828, with 200*l.* from the Royal Bounty, and 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of land worth 400*l.* from Miss Frances Mary Richardson Currer.

Glebe house fit for residence.

No return as to registers.

CHARITIES.—*Rev. John Wilton's charity*, by will, in 1669. 40*s.* per annum to one poor man. The money is now distributed amongst the poor who do not receive regular parochial relief.—Vide 17th Report, page 726.

Post town, Bradford.

Loidis et Elmete, page 357.

SHIPLEY CUM HEATON.—(*Parish of Bradford. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 3,378, vide Bradford; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,488[2]; NET VALUE, 50*l.*—Patron, the Rev. C. Simeon.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with tower; first stone laid 5th November 1823; consecrated in 1826; cost, 7,687*l.* 19*s.* 3*d.*—Vide 6th Report. Made a District Church under 58th Geo. III., cap. 45, sec. 21.—Vide 8th Report, page 6. Still a portion of the parish of Bradford, for lay purposes. Completed.—Vide 6th Report, page 3.

Augmented, in 1830, with 600*l.*, by lot.

Inclosure Acts were passed 20th Geo. III. (Heaton) and 55th Geo. III. (Shipley.)

20th May 1829, faculty to erect an organ.

There is no glebe house.

No return as to registers.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Bradford.

THORNTON.—SAINT JAMES.—(*Parish of Bradford. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.——POPULATION, 10,437[1], vide Bradford; CHAPEL-ROOM, 600[2]; NET VALUE, 155*l.*—Patron, the Vicar of Bradford.

About 7*l.* per annum was settled for the Curate by John Sunderland, Esq.

Augmented, in 1760, with 200*l.*, by lot; in 1766, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from John Stanhope, Esq.; in 1802, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from J. Scholefield Firth, Esq.; and, in 1821, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

An inclosure Act was passed 10th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as fit for residence; but since returned "unfit."

26th June 1818, faculty to rebuild part of the Chapel, re-roof the same, and cover it with grey slate, and erect a cupola.

9th May 1759, faculty to erect a gallery.

The Register Books commence in 1678.

CHARITIES.—*Sermons.*—20*s.* per annum. Rent-charges to the minister of Thornton, for a sermon in the afternoon on Christmas day, and another on the morning of St. John the Evangelist's day. Left by a Miss Midgley.

[1] Being the population of the township. The same population is repeated under Wibsey.

[2] Of which 332 are free sittings.

[1] In 1831, returned at 5,968.

[2] Stated at 800 in the re urn of 1818.

RENT-CHARGE.—*Unknown*, 2*l.* to the master of Thornton school.

Endowed School, for teaching English and Latin. About 85 scholars, of whom about seven are taught Latin. The endowment consists of 34A. 3R. 26P. of land, and rent-charges of 3*l.* per annum.

James Sagar's charity, by will, dated 15th February 1665. Rent of twenty acres of land (subject to a debt of 50*l.*), to be divided amongst the poor not receiving regular parochial relief. These twenty acres were taken in exchange, under 1 and 2 Geo. IV. cap. 92.—Vide 17th Report, page 730.

Post town, Bradford.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 130.

WIBSEY. — HOLY TRINITY. — (*Parish of Bradford. Perpetual Curacy.*) —Morley wapentake.——POPULATION, 7,254[1], vide Bradford; CHAPEL-ROOM, 650[2]; NET VALUE, 157*l.*—"The Chapel of Wibsey," says Archbishop Sharp, "was built by William Rooks, of Rodshall, gent., and other inhabitants of Wibsey and Bierley. In their petition to Archbishop Neile, 1636, they set forth that they will, at their own proper charges, find and provide a Curate or Preacher, to be elected and nominated to the Archbishop and Vicar of Bradford for the time being, to serve the said inhabitants of those two villages in the same Chapel, which said Curate shall have settled on him 20*l.* 10*s.* per annum for his salary. Whereupon, Archbishop Neile commissionated Richard, Bishop of Sodor, to consecrate the said Chapel, and chapel-yard thereof for a burying-place, which was done accordingly 21st October 1636. The Chapel dedicated to the Holy Trinity."

Patron, the Vicar of Bradford.

Torre gives a list of the Curates.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 290, it is stated: "Only forty shillings maintenance for a Minister." Recommended to be made a parish.

Augmented, in 1720, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Richard Richardson and William Rookes, Esqrs.; in 1755, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from R. Richardson, Esq., and Edward Leedes, Esq.; and, in 1815, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. R. Powell, the Incumbent.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

6th October 1819, an additional burial-ground was consecrated.

The Register Books, for baptisms and burials, commence in 1744.

CHARITIES.—*Rev. John Wilton*, Clerk, in 1669, left a close in Wibsey, called Penny Close Farm, to certain trustees, who, after paying 40*s.* to one poor man, should pay the remainder of the rent to the Minister of Wibsey Chapel. For the 40*s.* rent-charge, vide North Bierley. —Vide 17th Report, page 726.

Post town, Bradford.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 173. Torre's MS., page 734.

WILSDEN. — ST. MATTHEW. — (*Parish of Bradford. Perpetual Curacy.*) —Morley wapentake.——POPULATION, 3,989, vide Bradford; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,488[1]; NET VALUE, 46*l.*—Patron, — Fawcett, Esq.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with tower; first stone laid 25th August 1823; cost, 7,710*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.*; made a district Church, under 58th Geo. III., cap. 45, sec. 21. —Vide 8th Report, page 6. Still a portion of the parish of Bradford, for lay purposes.—Vide 6th Report, page 3.

Augmented, in 1828, with 1,000*l.*; and, in 1832, with 200*l.*, both by lot.

There is no glebe house.

No return for registers prior to 1826.

CHARITIES.—*Ferrand's gift*. 20*s.* per annum rent-charge.

Buck's gift. 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum rent-charge. Both paid to Mytholme schoolmaster.—Vide 17th Report, page 730.

Post town, Bradford.

[1] Being the population of North Bierley township. The population is repeated under North Bierley Chapelry.

[2] 804 additional sittings (of which 304 are free) have been obtained, towards which the Society made a grant of 250*l.*

[1] Of which 332 are free sittings. In 1834, only 1,415 sittings were returned.

CALVERLEY.—ST. WILFRED.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 8,390 acres. Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 16,184[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[2]; NET VALUE, 150*l.*—This Church was given by William Scotus to the Chapel of St. Mary and the Holy Angels, and appropriated thereto, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 4th May, A.D. 1258.

The Sacrist was charged with the payment of six marks per annum to the poor of the parish. The Vicar is charged with the repairs of the Chancel.

31st October, 5th and 6th Philip and Mary, the patronage was given by the Crown to the Archbishop and his successors, but, nevertheless, King Edward VI. and Queen Elizabeth presented to the Vicarage: afterwards, two collations were made by the Archbishop, viz., 1618 and 1627; but since that, the Crown has presented.

In Pope Nicholas's first taxation, the Vicarage was valued at 8*l.*; but in the second taxation, its value is returned "nihil:" in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 9*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.* per annum; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 311, it is stated: "A Vicarage, 24*l.* The Rectory is worth 80*l.* per annum." Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

Augmented, in 1759, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir Walter Blackett, Bart.

The Vicar is entitled to the tithes of potatoes, turnips, turnip-seed, lambswool, and other small tithes arising on the lands in the manor of Tyerfal, in the said parish[3].

Decrees in the Exchequer were made in Michaelmas Term, 31st Elizabeth, and in Trinity Term, 2nd William and Mary, but they are unreported.

"The tithes belonged to the Saviles, who sold them to the inhabitants, only reserving some small thing out of it to be paid yearly out of every town. Nothing belongs to the Church but small tithes. Yearly value of the Vicarage is something under 30*l.*" Signed, "William Rawson, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 654.

Inclosure Acts were passed 27th and 28th Geo. II., and 59th Geo. III.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The parish is in the diocese of York, but wills of persons dying at Pudsey are occasionally proved in the Manorial Court.

The Register Books commence in 1574. There are some chasms.

CHARITIES.—*Queen Elizabeth's dole.* 4*l.* per annum, payable out of the Rectories of Thorparch and Hutton Pagnell, to the poor of the parish of Calverley.

Eccleshill dole. 30*s.* per annum, granted 6th October 1686, by Walter Calverley, Esq.

Joseph Hillary's charity, by will, dated in 1658. Dividends of 619*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.* three per cents. reduced. One-half to the master of the school in the churchyard, one-fourth to the Vicar, one-eighth to the parish Clerk, and one-eighth to the Vicar for buying books for the children in the Sunday schools (the testator having directed books to be bought for poor children).—Vide 17th Report, page 731.

Post town, Bradford.

Mon. Ang., vol. iii. page 139. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i., page 169. Torre's MS., page 625. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Loidis et Elmete, page 216.

IDLE.—(*Parish of Calverley. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 5,416, vide Calverley; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,020; NET VALUE, 116*l.*

Patrons, the feoffees, with the consent of the Vicar of Calverley.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 314, it is stated: "No maintenance. To remain a Chapel."

Nicholas Pollard, by will, dated 2nd December 1650, left a rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum to the minister.

There was an augmentation by Peter Sunderland, or his brother Samuel, (Abp. Sharp does not give the date,) of 12*l.* per annum, rent-charge.

Augmented in 1717 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction from Sir W. Calverley

[1] Viz.: Bolton, 671; Calverley, 2,637; Idle, 5,416; and Pudsey, 7,460. Upwards of two hundred men are employed in quarries and mines. In 1834, the population, exclusive of the Chapelries, was returned at 3,308.

[2] Exclusive of Idle and Pudsey Chapels. In 1818, the return was 900.

[3] Bewick *v.* Nicholls, 3 Wood, page 243.

and others, of lands worth 250*l.*; in 1742 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction; and in 1812 with 400*l.* by lot, from the Parliamentary grant.

An Inclosure Act was passed 49th Geo. III.

29th March 1751, faculty to erect a gallery.

Glebe house fit for residence.

The Registers are entered at Calverley previous to 1812.

CHARITIES.—*Doles.* Donor unknown. 40*s.* per annum.

Nicholas Pollard's dole, by will, dated 2nd December 1658. 20*s.* per annum to the poor, and 20*s.* to the minister.

Hanson's charity. Vide General Charities.—Vide 17th Report, page 731.

IDLE NEW CHURCH.—This Church was built under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Gothic, with tower and steeple. Will accommodate 1,020 persons. Free sittings 416. Expense 2,841*l.* 13*s.* First stone laid 28th April 1828.—Vide 10th Report, page 3.

Post town, Bradford.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 170.

PUDSEY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Parish of Calverley. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 7,460, vide Calverley; CHAPEL-ROOM, 2,000[1]; NET VALUE, 158*l.*—Archbishop Sharp says Mr. Brown, then the Curate, was nominated by the feoffees, with the approbation of the Vicar of Calverley; the subsequent nominations in 1737, 1762, 1767, and 1814, seem to have been made by the Vicar alone.

The Chapel was founded before the Reformation, but a new one has been built under the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with tower and pinnacles. First stone laid 19th July 1821. Cost, 13,362*l.* 8*s.*—Vide 4th Report, page 3.

The old Chapel is not taken down, but is disused.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 313, the Chapelry is recommended to be made a parish.

Augmented in 1733 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. Richard Hey and others; in 1829 with 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from Colonel Tempest and others, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees; and in 1833 with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions of 50*l.* from the Rev. D. Jenkins, and 150*l.* from Mr. Marshall's trustees.

An Inclosure Act was passed 51st Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

A mortgage of 176*l.* under Gilbert's Act, will cease in 1850.

The Register Books commence in 1813. The previous entries were at Calverley.

CHARITIES.—*Joseph Lepton's gift*, by will, dated 6th November 1715. Rent of close, containing 4A. 3R. (after deducting 3*l.* per annum for a Dissenting Minister), to poor persons legally settled in the township, but not receiving the town's allowance.

Jacob Simpson's charity, by will, dated in 1737. Interest of 100*l.* This is applied by the Curate for the instruction in reading of seven poor children.

Mrs. Gibson's dole. Interest of 40*l.* to the poor. Paid by the overseers.

Whiteley's rent-charge. 10*s.* per annum to the poor.

Gervoise Neville's gift, by will, dated 13th May 1726. Interest of 5*l.* for the poor in bread.—Vide 17th Report, page 733.

Post town, Bradford.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 178. Notitia Parochialis, No. 994. Torre does not notice this Chapelry.

CASTLEFORD[1].—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,040 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 1,587[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[3]; NET VALUE, 555*l.*—The town of Castleford was anciently called Legoilium.

In the time of King Stephen, Henry de Lacy gave the ferry at Castleford to the monks of Pontefract.

This is an ancient Rectory, belonging

[1] Of which 756 are free sittings. In 1818, the return was 550.

[1] Anciently Casterford.

[2] Viz. Castleford, 1,141; and Houghton Glass, 446. The labourers not agricultural in the township of Castleford, are chiefly employed on the river.

[3] In 1818, the return was 600.

to the patronage of the Lacies, Earls of Lincoln; and in temp. Henry II., Henry de Lacy gave it to the Hospital of Burton Lazars, in the county of Leicester, notwithstanding which they obtained it again, as the Lacies were constant patrons thereof, until it descended to the house of Lancaster.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

The value in Pope Nicholas's taxation is 16*l.*; in the King's Books 20*l.* 13*s.* 1½*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 385, is 95*l.* per annum. Synodals, 5*s.* Procurations, 6*s.* 6*d.*

"A Rectory endowed with the whole tithes, saving that the Duke of Lancaster, being lord of the manor, alienated two-thirds of the tithe of corn and hay arising from his demesne lands (to the present value of 6*l.* or 7*l.* per annum) from the Church, towards the maintenance of a chaplain at St. Clement's Chapel in Pontefract Castle. The same being now in the estate of John Savile, of Methley, Esq. Besides which there is also another alienation of the whole tithe of corn and hay, arising from a parcel of ground, called Hardwick Rood, of the value of 1*l.* per annum, in the occupation of —— Pierrepoint, of Nottingham, Esq. or his assigns; but when or by whom the alienation was made is altogether unknown. The living is above the annual value of 30*l.*"—Notitia Parochialis, No. 571.

"The Rector is entitled to the tithes both of the first and second crop of clover-hay, made on Farr Carr Close, although there is a modus of 1*s.* a year payable for all lands when used as meadow, in lieu of all manner of tithe hay."—Sumner *v.* Wiggin, 2 Wood, p. 521.

An Act was passed 56th Geo. III. to inclose Houghton with Castleford.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Here was a Roman station, and a battle was fought in 950 at this place, between King Edred and the Danes, in which the latter were defeated. Thomas de Castleford, a monkish writer, was born here.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*Jeremiah Hudson's charity*, by will, dated in 1803. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum to the poor, charged on half an acre of land in Castleford Ings. The land has been subsequently given up to the trustees.

Rawson's charity. The interest of 10*l.* per annum, left by Widow Rawson, and distributed at Christmas.

Thakerah's charity. Interest of 20*l.* left to the poor of Haughton.

Haughton poor's estate. Rent of 3A. 1R. 2P. of land, and two cottages. 2*l.* 2*s.* per annum is paid to the master of Castleford Sunday School, for catechising the children; the rent of two acres in Houghton Carr is paid to the overseer; and the residue is distributed in money and warm clothing, at the discretion of the Rector, who is the sole trustee.—Vide 15th Report, page 645.

Post town, Pontefract.

Nonæ Roll, page 225. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 161. Torre's MS. page 707. Loidis et Elmete, page 261.

CROFTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 970 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 361[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250[2]; NET VALUE, 334*l.*—An ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Lacies, Earls of Lincoln, and from them descended to the Dukes of Lancaster.

The Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster is the present patron.

Here was a Chantry at the altar of St. Mary.

The value in Pope Nicholas's Taxation is 5*l.*; in the King's Books, 10*l.* 0*s.* 1½*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 315, 100*l.* per annum. Synodals, 2*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

Torre gives a list of the Rectors.

An Inclosure Act was passed in the 42nd Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

Richard Fleming, Bishop of Lincoln, and also the founder of Lincoln College, Oxford, was born at this village.

The Register books commence in 1615.

CHARITIES. — *Shillito's and Mason's donations*. Interest of 40*l.* and 10*l.*, said to have been given by Richard Shillito

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 367.
[2] In 1818, the church-room was returned as sufficient for the then population of 424.

and Francis Mason, and paid by the executors of the late Sir Henry Wright Wilson, Bart.

Lady Westmorland's charity (Vide Warmfield). Once in five years the sum of 5*l.* is paid for apprenticing out a poor child of the parish of Crofton.

Church estate. Rent of four acres of land. Applied in aid of the church-rate. —Vide 16th Report, page 407.

Post town, Wakefield.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 164. Torre's MS., page 685.

DARRINGTON. — ST. LUKE AND ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*) —Area, 4,590 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D. — POPULATION, 619[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[2]; NET VALUE, 512*l.* —This Church, together with the Chapel of Stapelton, was given to the Priory of Pontefract by Robert de Lacy, and appropriated thereto; afterwards given to the Dean of the free Chapel in the Castle of Pontefract, came again to the Priory, and was by King Henry VIII. exchanged with the Archbishop for lands settled on the Crown.

Both Dr. Ducarel and Torre are silent as to any ordination. The first Vicar named in Torre's catalogue was instituted in 1281.

Patron and impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

In Pope Nicholas's Survey, the Church is valued at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and the Vicarage at the same sum. In the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 11*l.* 11*s.* 2*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 44, (Rectory), and vol. xviii. page 392, at 31*l.*; and in 1818 at 150*l.* per annum. Synodals, 5*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.* Prebendary of Pontefract, 1*l.* 4*s.*; and Prior of Pontefract, 1*l.* 3*s.* 1*d.*

A Chantry is named in the Valor Ecc.

Inclosure Acts were passed 37th Geo. III. (Cridling Stubbs), and 52nd Geo. III.

"The Vicarage is endowed with the tithe corn of a village called Stapleton, but not the hay, excepting a place or meadow therein called Stapleton Moor, which pays all manner of tithes to the Vicar, who likewise hath all the tithes of two farms, and a great liberty thereunto belonging, called Cridling Park, the Outlands, and Grere Farm." Signed "Samuel Briercliffe, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 749.

"By decree in the Exchequer, the Vicar is only entitled to the thirtieth shock of corn grown on the demesne lands of the manor of Stapylton, to 1*s.* 6*d.* a year, in lieu of the tithe of hay, and to 4*d.* a year, in lieu of the tithes of corn and grain of Holgate Farm."—Waugh *v.* Green, 1 Wood, page 186.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

A mortgage of 1,001*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* will cease in 1852.

27th January 1769, faculty granted to enlarge a gallery.

The Register books commence in 1568. Baptisms wanting from 1758 to 1761.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—*Poor's land,* left by Solomon Dupier in 1732. Four acres situate at Carleton, near Snaith. The rent is distributed amongst the poor of the parish.—Vide 16th Report, page 419.

Post town, Pontefract.

Nonæ Roll, page 225. Mon. Angl. vol. v. page 118. Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 156. Torre's MS., page 689.

DEWSBURY. — ALL SAINTS. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 9,620 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, L.D[1].—POPULATION, 19,854[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,400[3]; NET VALUE, 233*l.*—This Church, with the Chapel of Hartshead, was given by William Earl Warren to the Priory of Lewes, and appropriated to it; but in 1348 it was given by the King to his Chapel of St. Stephen's, Westminster, and appropriated to it; and consisted of two medieties, until consolidated in 1232 by Archbishop Walter Gray, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 20 June, A.D. 1349.

[1] Viz. Darrington, 512; Stapleton, 107. In 1834, its population was returned at only 506.

[2] Estimated in 1818, at 444.

[1] Clifton cum Hartshead is in Morley wapentake.

[2] Viz. Dewsbury, 8,272; Clifton cum Hartshead, 2,408; Osset, 5,325; Soothill, 3,849. Upwards of 180 men are employed in quarries and coal-mines in the townships of Dewsbury, Osset, and Soothill.

[3] Estimated in the return of 1818 at 2,400.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown.

Impropriator, J. Carr, Esq.

The Vicar is charged with the repairs of the Chancel of the parish Church, and also of the Chancel of Hartshead Chapel, but not with the rebuilding thereof. The tithes of iron and coal mines are reserved to the Rector.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation, the Church of Dewsbury is valued at 82*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; and in the King's Books at 22*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* Synodals, 4*s.* and Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 292, at 20*l.* per annum.

There are pensions paid to the Vicar out of the Churches of Thornhill, Kirkburton, Almondbury, Huddersfield, Kirkheaton, and Bradford, all of which were probably parcel of the ancient Saxon parish of Dewsbury.

The tithes of Eccleshill are reserved by the ordination to the appropriators, "which," says Archbishop Sharp, "confirms what I have heard, that Eccleshill, near Bradford, did anciently belong to Dewsbury parish.

"The Vicarage is only endowed with Easter dues and tithes of lambs, pigs, and geese, and the surplice fees. There is a very ancient augmentation by pensions, from several neighbouring churches, to the yearly value of 11*l.*" Signed, "Joshua Jackson, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 840.

There was a Chantry in this Church.

Augmented in 1729 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Henry Robinson, Mr. J. Murgatroyd, and Mr. William Walker.

An Inclosure Act was passed 43rd Geo. III.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Vicars, and engravings of Saxon sculpture.

8th October 1731, faculty to re-pew the Church.

2nd December 1765, ditto to widen the Church and erect galleries.

1st February 1766, ditto to alter the situation of the pulpit and reading-desk, and erect new galleries.

16th August 1828, ditto to place two additional bells in the belfrey.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538.

CHARITIES.—*Charity School.* About the middle of the last century, the sum of 1,100*l.*, being the amount of donations from Mrs. Mary Bedford, William Walker, and Thomas Bedford, was laid out in building a school-house, and purchasing an estate, and a school was opened, and from 80 to 100 boys are instructed in reading, writing, and arithmetic, without charge. There were also 40 girls instructed; but at the time the Report was made, the girls' school was suspended until the funds should accumulate. The charity lost 684*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.* by the failure of the treasurer, and 100*l.* by the failure of their banker. Income, rent of a house and 40 acres of land, dividends on 1,100*l.* 3½ per cents., and interest of 188*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.* on personal security.

Michael Bentley's doles. Given by M. Bentley, sen. in 1617, and M. Bentley, jun. in 1621. 20*s.* per annum, and 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum; distributed to widows and other poor.

Cottages. The Bentleys also gave the site of three cottages, which were built by the parish, and occupied by widows and poor families.—Vide 19th Report, page 549.

A post town.

Loidis et Elmete, page 298. Torre's MS. page 737. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 181. 342.

DEWSBURY. — ST. JOHN'S. — (*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, L.D. — POPULATION [1], vide Dewsbury; CHAPEL-ROOM, 600[2]; NET VALUE, 43*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Dewsbury.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Augmented in 1828 with 600*l.* by lot.

Architecture Gothic, with tower and pinnacles. First stone laid August 1823. Cost, 5,502*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* No district yet assigned.—Vide 8th Report, page 3.

No return as to registers.

No glebe house.

[1] Returned, in 1834, at 2,247; but as no district has been assigned, there seems no data for such a return.

[2] Of which 248 are free sittings.

EARLSHEATON.—ST. PETER.—(*Parish of Dewsbury. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 1,924, vide Dewsbury; CHAPEL-ROOM, 600[1]; NET VALUE, 37*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Dewsbury.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Augmented in 1828 with 800*l.*, and in 1832 with 200*l.*,—both by lot; and in 1833, with three sums of 200*l.*, each from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions, by subscription, of 400*l.*, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees, and 100*l.* from Mr. Marshall's trustees.

Architecture Gothic, with tower and pinnacles. No district has yet been assigned. Completed.—Vide 7th Report, page 3.

No return as to Registers.

No glebe house.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Dewsbury.

HANGING HEATON.—ST. PAUL.—(*Parish of Dewsbury. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 1924, vide Dewsbury; CHAPEL-ROOM, 600[2]; NET VALUE, 49*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Dewsbury.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Augmented in 1826 with 1,400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

Architecture Gothic, with tower and pinnacles. First stone laid August 1823. Cost, 4,436*l.* 6*s.* 1*d.* No district has yet been assigned.—Vide 6th Report, page 3.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 308, it is stated: "to be made a parish, and Cleckheaton, Hungsworth, and Wyke, added thereto."

No glebe house.

No return as to Registers.

Post town, Dewsbury.

HARTSHEAD CUM CLIFTON[3].—(*Parish of Dewsbury. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 2,448, vide Dewsbury; CHAPEL-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 202*l.*

[1] Of which 252 are free sittings.
[2] Of which 220 are free sittings.
[3] Not noticed by Torre.

Patron, the Vicar of Dewsbury.

Impropriator, Sir G. Armytage.

Archbishop Sharp thought this was formerly a Vicarage, as there is a vicarage house as well as parsonage. There is a payment of 10*l.* per annum made by the impropriator, and there are also 40*s.* per annum left by a Mrs. Beatrix for an anniversary sermon.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 293, it is recommended to be made a parish.

Augmented in 1742 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mrs. J. Nettleton's trustees; in 1809, with 200*l.* by lot; and in 1813 with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 18th Geo. III. (Clifton upon Calder.)

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1612.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Kirklees Nunnery in this township was founded in the reign of King Henry II. for Cistercian Nuns.

Post town, Dewsbury.

Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 305. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 182. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 328.

OSSETT WITH GAWTHORPE.—HOLY TRINITY.—(*Parish of Dewsbury. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 5,325[1], vide Dewsbury; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,000[2]; NET VALUE, 162*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Dewsbury.

At the time of the Parliamentary Survey the maintenance was 2*l.* per annum. To remain a Chapelry.—Vol. xviii. page 294.

Augmented in 1718 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. T. Walshaw and others; in 1729, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Henry Robinson; in 1804, with 200*l.* and 200*l.* to meet benefactions of 200*l.* from Mr. Marshall's trustees, and 200*l.* from the Rev. Edward Kilvington;

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 5,361.
[2] Of which 300 free sittings have been obtained, under a grant of 300*l.* from the Society for Enlarging Churches. The estimate in 1818 was 1,360.

and in 1817 with 600*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 47th Geo. III.

5th July 1805, a faculty was granted to enlarge the Chapel and build a gallery.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

No return as to Registers, vide Dewsbury.

CHARITIES.—*Charity School.* Established, by means of a subscription, in 1745. Income, rent of five cottages and a croft, let for 20*l.* 9*s.* 2*d.* per annum. Ten poor children taught reading, writing, and accounts, and which are a reduced number, but it was proposed to add additional scholars.

Sarah Wilson's dole. Interest of 10*l.*

Syke's dole. Interest of 2*l.* 12*s.*

These two sums have been taken by the parish, and no interest paid for some years. A promise was made to the Commissioners that the arrears should be paid up, and distributed amongst the poor.—Vide 19th Report, page 551.

Post town, Wakefield.

Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 181. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 309.

EAST ARDSLEY.—SAINT MICHAEL.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,630 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, L.D. —POPULATION, 853[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 369*l.*

Patron, the Earl of Cardigan.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 321, it is stated: "The Rectory is the inheritance of the Lord Saville. The Church is without a minister and maintenance, and so has been vacant for six years last past."

Augmented in 1721 with 200*l.*, to meet a benefaction from Messrs. Copley and Hodgson, of lands worth 10*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 7th Geo. IV.

No glebe house.

A brief was granted in 1762 for this Church.

22nd October 1784, faculty to rebuild part of the Church.

[1] In East and West Ardsley 62 and 64 males, 20 years of age, are respectively employed in coal-mines.

The Register Books commence in 1663.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Lee's charity*, by deed, dated 4th June 1668. Rent charge of 20*s.* to the poor, payable on St. Andrew's-day.

Poor's estate. Three cottages and half an acre of land.—Vide 16th Report, page 405.

Post town, Wakefield.

Abp. Sharp's MS., page 178. Scatcherd's Morley, page 203.

EMLEY.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,120 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 1,445[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[2]; NET VALUE, 422*l.*—This is an ancient Rectory belonging to the patronage of the Fitzwilliams, knights, lords of Emley, and from them descended to the Savilles of Thornhill.

Patron, the Earl of Scarborough.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 10*l.*; in the King's books at 14*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 300, at 80*l.* per annum. Synodals, 4*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

There were Inclosure Acts passed in 39th and 40th Geo. III. (Skelmanthorpe), and 57th Geo. III.

Torre gives a list of the Rectors.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

5th August 1797, faculty granted to new pew the Church.

The Register Books commence in 1600. Deficient for 1675, 1676, and 1677.

CHARITIES.—*School and poor estate.* Income, rent of a messuage, garden, and nine acres of land, purchased with sundry sums left for the poor. Seven-eighths are distributed amongst the poor, and one-eighth is paid to a schoolmaster, for instructing children on moderate terms.

William Turton's donation. Rent-charge of one load of rye. The value is paid in money.

John Allott's donation. Rent-charge of 10*s.*

[1] This includes a part of Skelmanthorpe township, most of which is included in Cumberworth Half, Kirkburton parish.

[2] In 1818, estimated at 500 or 600.

The Rev. John Woollin's donation. Interest of 10*l.* to be distributed in prayer-books. The principal remains in the hands of the Rector for the time being. —Vide 16th Report, page 407.

Post town, Wakefield.

Torre's MS., page 717. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 195. Wood's MS. (Bodleian), No. 5,101.

FEATHERSTONE.—ALL SAINTS. —(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,050 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D[1].—POPULATION, 945[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250[3]; NET VALUE, 256*l.*—This Church was given by Hugh de la Val to the Priory of Nostell, in the reign of Henry I., and confirmed by Robert de Lacy in the reign of King Stephen, and by Pope Alexander III., and was appropriated to the Priory on or before A.D. 1310, and at the Dissolution, the advowson was granted to the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, Oxford[4], who are still the patrons and impropriators.

Both Dr. Ducarel and Mr. Torre are silent as to any ordination of the Vicarage. The first Vicar named in Mr. Torre's catalogue was instituted in 1310.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation, the Church is valued at 20*l.* and the Vicarage at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum. In the King's Books at 5*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.*, and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 400, the Vicarage is valued at 18*l.* per annum, and the Rectory at 100*l.* per annum. Synodals, 4*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

"The Vicarage is endowed with all the privy tithes. The yearly value is about 30*l.* per annum. The Vicar complains of the conduct of the lessee of Christ Church, Oxford, in infringing upon his tithe." Signed, "Matthew Row, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 144.

A Mr. Sunderland built a new Vicarage house, and settled 20*l.* per annum as an augmentation; the principal was afterwards laid out in lands. "The lessee of the College," says Archbishop Sharp, "disputes the best part of the tithes."

Augmented in 1730 with 200*l.*, to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. Lyonell Garlick.

Inclosure Acts were passed 28th Geo. III., 44th Geo. III. (Whitwood), 49th Geo. III. (Preston Jacklin), and 52nd Geo. III. (Acton).

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1558. Chasm, 1660 to 1708.

CHARITIES.—*Bead houses.* The foundation of this charity is unknown. Three cottages, occupied by poor widows. Income, rent of 2A. 1R. 33P. of land, and rent-charges of 1*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum. The income is divided amongst the widows. The cottages are repaired at the expense of the parish.

Richard Redman's gift. Interest of 10*l.*

Mary Gilliam's dole. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum.

Poor's land. 2R. 29P.

Disputed charity. About 1A. 3R. of land, which has long been in the possession of a family named Burkinshaw, is stated to have been left by Thomas Shillito in 1712 or 1721, for the poor of Preston Jacklin. The will has been searched for but not found, and Mr. Burkinshaw says the land was claimed by the Crown, in right of the Duchy of Lancaster. — Vide 16th Report, page 420.

Post town, Pontefract.

Torre's MS. page 791. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 162. 167. Nonæ Roll, page 225. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 92. Burton's Mon. page 304.

PRESTON JACKLIN. — Here was a Chantry at the altar of St. John the Baptist, which was valued at the Dissolution at 4*l.* per annum.

FERRY FRYSTON.—SAINT ANDREW.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,850 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U. D. — POPULATION, 833[1]; CHURCH-

[1] Extending also into Agbrigg wapentake.

[2] Viz. Acton, 51; Featherstone, 328; Preston Jacklin, 260; and Whitwood, 306. In 1834, the population was returned at 938.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 239.

[4] Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 92. Burton's Mon., page 304.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 887.

ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 224*l.*—This Church was given to the Vicars Choral of York Minster, by Sir Henry Vavasour, knight, and appropriated to their College, and a Vicarage ordained therein 10th March, A.D. 1332.

Patrons and impropriators, the Sub-Chanter and Vicars Choral of York.

A Chantry at Ferrybridge was founded 10th Kal. Mar. 1332, by Archbishop Walter Grey.

Archbishop Sharp says there was formerly a Chapel of ease at Queldale, and which is also named in the endowment.

Valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.* per annum, and the Vicarage in the King's books at 5*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.* per annum. Synodals, 5*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 398, it is stated: "Vicarage 6*l.* 4*s.* per annum. The whole town of Ferrybriggs, except Bubwith houses, to be taken from Pontefract parish and annexed to the parish of Ferry Fryston."

"The tithes are impropriated to the Vicars Choral of York. It is endowed with petty tithes, to the value of 4*l.* 5*s.* per annum, excepting wool. Annual value of the Vicarage under 20*l.* per annum."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,150.

Torre gives a list of the Vicars.

Augmented in 1726 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* from Lady Elizabeth Hastings.

Inclosure Acts were passed 1st and 2nd Wm. IV.

A battle was fought here during the contest between the houses of York and Lancaster.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1560. Chasm, 1664 to 1673.

CHARITIES.—*Robert Clarkson's charity*, by will, dated 28th March 1699. Almshouses for four poor widows, nominated by the proprietors of an estate at Sutton, called Bradleys, which is charged with a payment to them of 10*l.* per annum.

John Bywater, by will, dated 16th July 1687, left a close containing 1A. 2R. 38P. to the poor, subject to a rent-charge of 10*s.* to the Vicar.

Robert Turton, by will, dated 4th July 1727, left an acre of meadow to the poor, subject to a rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum.—Vide 15th Report, page 645.

Post town, Ferrybridge.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 695. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 160. Nonæ Roll, page 225.

HALIFAX.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 75,740 acres. Morley wapentake. — POPULATION, 109,899[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,900[2]; NET VALUE, 1,678*l.*—This Church was given by William, Earl Warren, to the Priory of Lewes, and appropriated thereto, and a Vicarage ordained therein, on the day of the Invention of the Holy Cross, A.D. 1274.

2nd Id. July 1275, a composition relative to mills, calves, &c., was confirmed by the Archbishop; and another composition was made in December 1535.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown, and also the impropriation.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation, the Church of Halifax is valued at 93*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and the Vicarage at 16*l.*; in the King's books, at 84*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and Pension to the Priory of Lewes, 14*l.* 13*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 270, it is said: "The Vicar is entitled to small tithes, &c., worth about 240*l.* per annum, but the dues are now withholden by most of the Chapelries in the parish. Dr. Marsh, a delinquent, was last Vicar there, but now the Vicarage is vacant, and supplied at present by one Robert Booth. The accustomary Rectorial tithes are worth 28*l.* and a

[1] Viz.:—Barkisland, 2,292; Elland with Greetland, 5,500; Erringden, 1,933; Fixby, 348; Halifax, 15,382; Heptonstall, 4,661; Hipperholme with Brighouse, 4,977; Langfield, 2,514; Midgley, 2,409; Norland, 1,618; Ovenden, 8,871; North Owram, 10,184; South Owram, 5,751; Raistrick, 3,021; Rishworth, 1,536; Shelf, 2,614; Skircoat, 4,060; Sowerby, 6,457; Soyland, 3,589; Stainland, 3,037; Stansfield, 8,262; Wadsworth, 5,198; and Warley, 5,685. Upwards of 1,200 men are employed in quarries and coal mines in this parish; and of the labourers not agricultural in the township of South Owram, 237 are delvers.

[2] Estimated, in the return of 1818, at nearly 3,000.

noble per annum. There are twelve Chapelries."

Inclosure Acts were passed 18th Geo. III. (Northowram), 47th Geo. III., 54th Geo. III. (Barkisland), 54th Geo. III. (Ovenden), 55th Geo. III. (Stansfield), and 56th Geo. III. (Stainland.)

Unreported decrees in the Exchequer, as to tithes, were made in Hilary Term, 8th Car. I., also in Trinity Term, 8th Will. III., and also in Trinity Term, 40th Eliz.

The impropriator is not entitled to the tithes of sheep, lambs, and wool, in the hamlets of Warley, Midgeley, Wadsworth, Heptonstall, Erringdon, and Stansfield in kind, but to certain moduses, as stated in the case, in lieu thereof.

The farm and lands, called Widdop, in the hamlet of Heptonstall, in the parish of Halifax, pay to the impropriator 1*s*. 8*d*. a year, on the 2nd of February, in lieu of the tithes of hay and corn thereon [1].

For the particulars of the endowment of this Vicarage, of the Chapels thereunto belonging, and a catalogue of the Vicars, see the Antiquities of the town of Halifax, by the Rev. Thomas Wright, page 36, &c., 12mo,, Leeds, 1738; also the Rev. John Watson's History of Halifax, published in 1775; and Dr. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 369. Another history of the parish is in preparation, from the pen of E. N. Alexander, Esq., F.S.A [2].

In the 10th Geo. IV., 1829, an Act was passed for extinguishing tithes, and payments in lieu of tithes, mortuaries, and Easter Offerings, and other Vicarial dues and payments within the parish of Halifax, and for making compensation to the Vicar in lieu thereof, and enabling him to grant certain leases of lands belonging to the Vicarage.

The parish is divided into twenty-three townships, and there are fifteen Chapels, exclusive of Trinity Church and St. James's Church, both in the town of Halifax.

The Church is a large Gothic structure, and is supposed to have been built by the Earl of Warren and Surrey, in the reign of Henry I. It appears to have been re-edified at different periods, as part of the north side seems older than the rest. An organ was erected by faculty, dated 11th July 1766. Within the Church are two Chapels: the one called Rokeby's Chapel was erected in consequence of the will of Dr. William Rokeby, Vicar of Halifax, and afterwards Archbishop of Dublin, who died Nov. 29th 1521, and ordered that his bowels and heart should be buried in the Choir of this Church, and his body in the Chapel at Sandal.

Four Chantries are mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

Halifax has been well known for its Gibbet Law. It appears that the lord of the manor had anciently the power of inflicting the punishment of death on all criminals found guilty of theft to the value of thirteenpence-halfpenny; and the punishment was inflicted by an axe (which is still to be seen in the gaol), which was put in action by removing a pin.

The Earl of Morton, Regent of Scotland, passing through Halifax, and happening to see one of these executions, caused a model to be taken, and carried it to his own country, where it remained for some time, and was first employed in cutting off his own head.

The model is still to be seen in the Castle at Edinburgh. At the commencement of the French Revolution, Dr. Guillotine made an improvement upon the model, and the instrument became known by his name; and, by a very remarkable coincidence, the Doctor followed the fate of the Earl of Morton, by being one of its early victims.

If the felon had stolen a horse, or any beast, it was brought to the place of execution, and tied by a cord to the pin, and the bailiff then whipping the beast, the pin was plucked out, and execution done. If the felon happened to make his escape out of the limits of the forest of Hardwick, the bailiff had no power to apprehend him out of the liberties. The last execution took place in 1650.

A curious account of the Gibbet Law was published by John Bentley in 1761, and which is now extremely scarce.

In the civil wars, Halifax was garrisoned by the Parliamentarians, and to

[1] Cockcroft *v.* Utley, 2 Wood, page 220.

[2] An interesting history, by J. Crabtree, Esq., is also in course of publication.

this place Sir Thomas Fairfax retreated after the battle of Adwalton Moor.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538, and include all the townships except those within the Chapelries of Elland and Heptonstall.

CHARITIES.—*Free Grammar School, at Skircoat*, founded by Queen Eliz., 15th Feb. 1585, for sons of the inhabitants of the parish, in grammar and classical learning. About thirty-five free scholars. Income: rent of 144A. 3R. 32P. of land, rent-charges of 8*l.* 10*s.*, and interest of 643*l.*, on personal security[1].

Nathaniel Waterhouse's charity, by will, dated 1st July 1642, and regulated by Act of Parliament, passed in 1777. The annual income in 1826 was about 1,000*l.*, being the rent of 46A. 3R. 39P. of land and sixty houses. The objects of the charity are various—such as the augmentation of the salaries of the preachers at the Chapels; 4*l.* to the grammar school; 80*l.* to the Blue-Coat Hospital (besides clothing); payments to poor widows; repairs of highways, &c. The Report contains a very full account of this charity.

John Smyth's charity, by will, dated in 1726, for six poor children to read and write. Income: about 18*l.* per annum.

Richard Somerscale's charity, by will, dated 17th March 1622. Rent of 7A. 2R. of land and two tenements, paid to the poor and needy.

Ellen Hopkinson's and *Jane Crowther's almshouses*, for twenty-one poor women. No income. 2*s.* 6*d.* each a month paid to them out of the Church-rates, and a gown once in two years. Mrs. Jane Crowther also left 5*l.* per annum for instructing the children of the poor women, which is paid to a schoolmaster.

Alice Crowther's charity, by will, dated 12th October 1722. Rent of five cottages to poor housekeepers.

Brian Crowther's charity, by will, dated 9th September 1606. Rents-charge of 10*l.* and 6*l.* 15*s.* per annum for the poor.

[1] Mr. Gilbert states that this school is entitled, with those of Heversham and Leeds, to the three scholarships founded by the Rev. Thomas Milner, at Magdalen College, Cambridge. This information has escaped the notice of the Commissioners.—*Liber Scholasticus.*

Brian Bates's charity. 20*s.* per annum out of an estate in Blackledge-steel for the poor.

Rishworth School and Exhibitions.—See a very full account in the 17th Report, page 815, and also in Mr. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus. At the time of the Report, the estate consisted of 447A. 1R. 7P. of land, mills, and other buildings, let for 1,774*l.* 12*s.* 4*d.* per annum; three houses, let for 154*l.* 19*s.* per annum; and dividends on 7,476*l.* 7*s.* 9*d.* consols, in the name of the Accountant-General, subject to directions of the Court of Chancery.

Alice Haworth's gift to the aged and impotent poor. 20*s.* per annum.

John Turner's gift. 40*s.* per annum for bread for poor prisoners in Halifax gaol.

Isaac Bowcock's gift, by will, dated 11th February 1669, for apprenticing five poor children yearly, and relieving persons not having parochial relief, and setting up hopeful young persons in trade. Income: rent of house, barn, and garden, and 23A. 3R. 26P. of land. The land contains coal, which is worked, and let upon lease, which will expire 13th January 1855.—Vide 18th Report, page 560.

LECTURESHIP.—This is in the gift of the Vicar.

Mon. Ang., vol. v. page 2. Bodleian MSS., Nos. 5,101, 8,518, 8,564. Torre's MS., page 809. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 184. Watson's Halifax. Wright's Halifax. Crabtree's Halifax. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 369.

HALIFAX.—HOLY TRINITY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, vide St. John Baptist; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,200[1]; NET VALUE, 130*l.*—Chapel and chapel-yard consecrated 8th January 1798. Built under an Act of Parliament passed in the 35th Geo. III.

Patron, J. Whitacre, Esq.

Augmented, in 1810, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Thomas Dyson, Esq., and others; in 1816, with

[1] In 1818, the Chapel-room was returned at nearly 1,200.

300*l.* from the same fund, to meet benefaction of 200*l.*, a subscription; and, in 1825, with 600*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

The Church is situate in the upper part of Halifax. The parish is much indebted to the late Dr. Coulthurst for the zeal which he displayed in obtaining the Act of Parliament.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Registers, for burials only, are entered at the mother Church. No district has been assigned.

Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 192.

HALIFAX.—ST. JAMES.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*) — Morley wapentake. — POPULATION, vide St. John Baptist; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,260 [1]; NET VALUE, 250*l.*—Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

This Church was built under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Gothic, with turrets; first stone laid 25th March 1830; cost, 4,122*l.* 11*s.*

No district has yet been assigned.—Vide 12th Report, page 3.

No glebe house.

No return as to registers.

BRIGHOUSE IN HIPPERHOLME CUM BRIGHOUSE.—ST. MARY.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.——POPULATION, vide Halifax; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,350 [2]; NET VALUE, 55*l.* — An unaugmented Chapel, built under the Parliamentary grant.

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

Architecture Gothic, from a design of Hamerton's, with tower; first stone laid 14th April 1830; consecrated 26th September 1831; cost, 3,514*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*

No district has yet been assigned.—Vide 12th Report, page 3.

No glebe house.

No return as to registers.

CHARITIES.—*Hipperholme Free Grammar School,* founded by Matthew Broadley, Esq., by will, dated 15th Oct. 1647, and augmented by deed, dated 30th June 1671, for "educating the children of Hipperholme cum Brighouse in grammar and other literature and learning, gratis. The master to be a graduate." About twenty free scholars in Greek and Latin, but a charge is made for writing and arithmetic. Income: rent of 50A. 1R. 20P. of land, six houses, and rents-charge of 17*l.* 10*s.* The whole, in 1826, was about 200*l.*

James Brooksbank's gift, by will, 25th January 1706. 6*s.* 8*d.* rent-charge to the poor about Norwood Green.

Thomas Whitley's gift, by will, dated 17 Nov. 7th Car. I. 40*s.* per annum to the poor of Hipperholme.

Lost charity. Mrs. Mary Bedford, about the year 1735, gave 200*l.* to a school at Brighouse. The Commissioners report this as irrecoverable.

William Walker's gift, by will, dated 19th August 1809. 8*l.* per annum to the poor of Hipperholme on Christmas day.—Vide 18th Report, page 574.

Post town, Halifax.

Crabtree's Halifax, page 392.

COLEY IN HIPPERHOLME CUM BRIGHOUSE.——(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake. —POPULATION, 13,656, vide Halifax; CHURCH-ROOM, 800; NET VALUE, 125*l.* —Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

This Chapel was built in 1529, the same year with Lightcliffe.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 279, it is stated: "No Minister. 5*l.* 10*s.* maintenance. Two miles from Halifax, the way bad and mountainous. To be made a parish, and have Lightcliffe annexed."

"The yearly value is 10*l.* 19*s.*, and hath been so these many years." Signed, "Nathan Sharpe, Cur."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 397.

In 1707, valued at 13*l.* 12*s.* 2*d.* per annum.

Augmented, in 1750, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Henry Whitworth; in 1816, with 800*l.*,

[1] Of which 427 are free sittings.
[2] Of which 553 are free sittings.

and in 1817, with 600*l.*, both by lot, from the Parliamentary grant.

Mr. Crabtree gives the present endowment of the Chapel.

A faculty was granted 13th July 1752, to enlarge the Chapel, and another on the 12th February 1816, to take down and rebuild the Chapel.

The present fabric is a neat structure, with a cemetery attached.

No glebe house.

The Registers are included in Halifax previous to 1813.

CHARITIES. — *Free School*, founded under the will of Joseph Crowther, about 1711, for twelve poor children of North Owram. Income: rent of house, barn, &c., and 10½A. of land.

J. Hall's charity, by will, dated in 1687. Five poor children taught to read and write, and twenty-five others to read only; and to four poor people, 10*l.* each annually. Income: rent of 49A. 2R. 28P. of land.—Vide 18th Report, page 581.

Post town, Halifax.

Dodsworth's MS., page 117. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 391. Watson's Halifax, pages 233. 438. 653. Crabtree's Halifax, page 384. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 187.

CROSTONE[1] IN STANSFIELD.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake. Heptonstall division.—POPULATION, 10,752, vide Halifax; CHAPEL-ROOM, 350[2]; NET VALUE, 130*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

Valued, in 1707, at 23*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 274, it is stated: "No maintenance. To be united to, and Heptonstall to be the parish Church."

Augmented, in 1810, with 200*l.*, and in 1813, with 1,400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, both by lot; in 1816, with 300*l.*, and 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefactions of 200*l.* and 200*l.* from the inhabitants; in 1820, with 800*l.*, by lot; and, in 1824, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. J. Fennell, the incumbent.

20*l.* per annum (says Archbishop Sharp) are paid by the freeholders and owners of lands. Mr. Waterhouse also left 40*s.* per annum for preaching an anniversary sermon.

21st June 1717, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Chapel.

A new Chapel was consecrated on the 29th September 1835, and also a burial-ground.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1678.

CHARITIES.—*John Greenwood's gift*, by will, dated 13th December 1705. 20*s.* per annum to the poor of Stansfield, in canvas cloth.

Henry Pollard's gift, by will, dated in 1608. Rent-charge of 9*s.* to the minister of Crostone, and 1*l.* 18*s.* to the poor of Stansfield.—Vide 18th Report, page 589.

Post town, Rochdale, Lancashire.

History of Halifax, page 305. Watson's Halifax, page 451. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 189. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, pages 274. 403.

ELLAND CUM STAINLAND AND FIXBY.—SAINT MARY.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 8,885, vide Halifax[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 650; NET VALUE, 147*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

This is the oldest Chapel in the parish, and is supposed to have been built in the fourteenth century, and is one of the three ancient divisions of the parish of Halifax, which comprised the townships of Elland, Greetland, Rishworth cum Norland, Barkisland, Stainland, Old Lindley, Raistrick, Brigghouse, Soyland, and Fixby, and enjoys all parochial rights, paying a pension of 4*l.* per annum to the Vicar of Halifax, who has the right of nomination to the Cure.

The monuments are described by Mr. Watson, who gives a catalogue of the Curates.

A Chantry was founded in this Chapel by Sir John Saville, Knight.

Elland Hall was the seat of the Elland

[1] This town takes its name from an ancient stone cross, the top of which is now destroyed. —Watson's Halifax.

[2] Estimated at 500 in 1818. The Society have voted 700*l.* for 751 additional sittings, of which 616 are to be free.

[1] In 1818 it was 6,040.

family, and was the scene of a very tragical event, which is fully narrated by all the local historians.

Valued, in 1707, at 26*l.* 10*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 272, it is stated: "Parochial rights. Only 6*l.* 10*s.* for maintenance, left by the wills of several men. Raistrick to be annexed to Elland."

The Curacy was augmented, in 1724, with 200*l.*, to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. J. Lancaster and others; in 1824, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1826, with 300*l.* and 300*l.*, to meet benefactions of 200*l.* and 200*l.* from the inhabitants of the Chapelry.

An inclosure took place 43rd Geo. III.

22nd October 1802, faculty to new pew the Chapel.

6th December 1805, ditto to erect gallery and organ.

6th July 1807, ditto to erect galleries.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1559. Chasm, 1590 to 1639. Entries for Ripponden, Raistrick, Sowerby-Bridge, and Norland, are also contained therein. Marriages take place at Elland.

CHARITIES.—*Thornhill's dole.* 8*l.* 8*s.* 8*d.* per annum, viz.: Elland poor, in money, 2*l.* 6*s.*; Fixby poor, in cloth, 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and in money, 18*s.* 6*d.* Residue to Raistrick poor.

Mrs. Thornhill's dole. Rent-charge of 1*l.* 15*s.* to the poor.

Mrs. Preston's dole. 7*l.* per annum, distributed to the poor, viz.: 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* to the Elland poor, and 2*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* to the poor of Stainland.

Thomas Chamberlaine's gift, in 1721. Rent-charge of 20*s.*, distributed among four poor widows.

Joseph Brooksbanks' (senior and junior) charities, by deeds, 4th October 1712, and 5th June 1756, and the said Joseph Brooksbank the elder, by his will, dated in 1715. Rent of 30 acres of land and six houses, let, at the time of the Report, for 97*l.* 3*s.* per annum. 14*l.* to be paid to a dissenting minister; 30*s.* in Bibles and Assembly's Catechisms; 40*s.* for books of piety and devotion; residue to a schoolmaster for teaching forty poor children to read.

Frances Thornhill's charity, by will, dated 31st July 1718. Interest of 750*l.* Ten poor girls taught to read, knit, and sew, and who are clothed once a year. The mistress is paid 22*l.* a year. Residue to the minister, for reading morning prayers on Litany days.

Grace Ramsden's charity, by will, dated 13th December 1734. House, and about forty acres of land. Forty boys to be taught reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism; and each boy, on leaving the school, to be presented with a Bible, Common Prayer-book, and the Whole Duty of Man.—Vide 21st Report, page 601.

Post town, Halifax.

Torre's MS., page 820. History of Halifax, page 250. Watson's Halifax, pages 164. 395. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 190. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 394. Bodleian MS., Nos. 5,078. 5,101.

ST. JOHN'S IN THE WILDERNESS, IN ERRINGDEN, ALIAS TURVAY CHAPEL.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Halifax; CHAPEL-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 76*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

Consecrated 13th October 1815.

The Chapel stands in a remote and obscure valley, in the Chapelry of Sowerby, which was formerly the retreat of a gang of coiners. It has no district assigned.

Augmented, in 1817, with 1,600*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

No registers previous to 1821.

Post town, Halifax.

Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 393.

HEBDEN BRIDGE.——(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

The Chapel was built under the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with tower; will accommodate 1,020 persons; free seats, 372; expense, 2,914*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*; first stone laid March 1832.

Post town, Halifax.

Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 404.

HEPTONSTALL.—ST. THOMAS A BECKETT.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 11,816, vide Halifax [1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,450 [2]; NET VALUE, 120*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax [3].

This is an ancient parochial Chapel or Church within Halifax Vicarage. It was built before 1260.

There was a Chantry at the altar of St. Mary.

The Parliamentary Survey states that there was then no minister, and only forty shillings per annum for maintenance, and recommended Crostone and Heptonstall to be united, and made one parish.—Vol. xviii. page 273.

"The parochial Church of Heptonstall, within the Vicarage of Halifax, is a very large parish, containing in length ten miles, and in breadth ten miles. By reason of cloth making is very populous, having above six hundred families in it, and formerly was endowed with 40*l.* per annum, but, since the Dissolution, is taken from the same parochial Church, so as now remains no ecclesiastical rights, saving Surplice Dues, so called, viz.: marriages, burials, and baptisms, not amounting to above 5*l.* per annum, and 20*l.* per annum lately given by one John Greenwood, of this parish. All our Easter Reckoning, so called, is paid to the Vicar of Halifax, though that the said parishioners of Heptonstall are not within the parish of Halifax, nor pay any thing either to repair their Church or maintain their poor, or give any money or allowance to buy bread or wine for the Sacrament. And whereas the Vicar of Halifax, always beyond the memory of man, hath paid to the minister of Heptonstall 4*l.* a year in consideration of our Easter Reckoning, and the same never denied, but always paid by former Vicars, yet now of late, for several years past, refuses to pay the same, to the great impoverishing of the minister of Heptonstall, so that what remains is only the charity of the people, and grows worse by much, by reason of so many conventicles set up in nooks and corners within the said parish, so that it is too well known to what a low ebb the minister and parish is brought unto. The said Church is so ancient no certain account can be given at present, being long before the Reformation. No library settled in it, nor any tithes, but composition or modus to the Crown. The election of the minister is in the people, and licensed thereto by the Archbishop of York. If timely provision be not some ways made, the present minister (whom we have enjoyed forty years) must come to great want and poverty, and this great parish become a wilderness, and not one so much as to bury our dead. Heptonstall is within the Archdeaconry of York." Signed, "Daniel Toune, Cur."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 748.

Augmented, in 1747, with 200*l.*, and in 1780, with 200*l.*, both by lot; in 1809, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. Marshall's trustees; in 1810, with 300*l.* and 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions of 200*l.* from the Hon. and Rev. J. Lumley Saville and others, and 200*l.* from H. Cockcroft, Esq. and others; in 1812, with 600*l.*, and in 1824, with 200*l.*, both from the same grant, by lot; and in 1825, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. J. Charnock, the incumbent.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

Mr. Watson, in page 418, gives a catalogue of the Curates. See also Torre's MS.

The Register Books commence in 1593. Marriages take place at Heptonstall.

CHARITIES.—*Grammar School*, founded by the Rev. Charles Greenwood, by deed, and his will, dated 14th July 1642. About seventeen free scholars in Latin. Income: rent of 34 acres of land and two houses.

Paul Greenwood's gift, by will, dated 4th April 1609. Rent-charge of 20*s.* a year to the poor of Wadsworth, and 20*s.* a year to a preacher at Heptonstall, being a Master of Arts.

[1] In 1818 it was 12,337.

[2] In 1818 the return was 1,800. 1,031 additional sittings (of which 733 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 1,000*l.*

[3] There have been several disputes here between the Curates and the Vicars about the right of presentation, mortuaries, &c., but the Vicars now present and receive mortuaries.—Watson's Halifax, page 417.

Richard Naylor's gift, by will, 6th May 1609. Rent-charge of 3*l.* 5*s.* per annum. One moiety to a preacher at Heptonstall, being a Master of Arts, for a sermon on St. John Baptist's day, and the other moiety (or, in case of there being no such preacher, then the whole) for the maintenance of poor children.

Abraham Wall's gift, by will, dated 13th September 1638. 20*s.* per annum for Bibles for children; 4*l.* for teaching poor children of Heptonstall; and 3*l.* per annum for apprenticing one poor child to a trade in London. In lieu of this, the last-mentioned sum is now expended in teaching poor children to read and write.

John Greenwood's gift, by will, dated in February 1687. 20*s.* per annum to the Curate for preaching a sermon on the first Wednesday in June, and 20*s.* per annum for apprenticing poor children.

John Greenwood's gift, by will, dated 13th December 1705. 20*s.* per annum to the minister for a sermon on the first Wednesday in August, and 20*s.* to the poor of Stansfield in canvas cloth.

John Greenwood's gift, by deed, dated in March 1814. Rent of 13A. 2R. 23P. of land, applicable to paying a master for teaching four boys and two girls on every Sunday to read, write, and sing; 5*s.* to the minister for a sermon on Whitsunday; 5*l.* 4*s.* annually for bread every Sunday for twenty-four persons, including the sexton; 1*l.* 1*s.* to the singers; residue for repairs, purchasing Bibles, &c.—Vide 18th Report, page 586.

Post town, Halifax.

Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 402. Watson's Halifax, pages 231. 417. History of Halifax, page 271. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 189. Torre's MS. page 827.

ILLINGWORTH IN OVENDEN.—SAINT MARY.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 8,791, vide Halifax; CHAPEL-ROOM, 740[1]; NET VALUE, 140*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

At the time of the Parliamentary Survey, this Chapelry contained two hundred families. Recommended to be made a distinct parish.—Vol. xviii. page 281.

[1] In 1818, the Chapel-room was returned at 900.

A brief was granted in 1763 for this Church.

In 1695, license granted that the inhabitants of Illingworth and Ovenden have right of sepulture in this Chapel. The Vicar of Halifax's dues being reserved to him, for the getting the consent of the Vicar and other inhabitants of Halifax to this Chapel being made parochial, they of Illingworth gave some plate to the Church of the value of 5*l.*—Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 187.

Augmented, in 1718, with 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 200*l.* from Mr. J. Wilkinson and others, and a legacy of 50*l.*, for general purposes, from Mr. William Young, late of Saint James's, Westminster; in 1792, with 200*l.*, by lot; in 1794, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from J. Mitchell, the younger, Esq., and John Watkinson, jun., gent.; and in 1821, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

Mr. Crabtree gives the particulars of the endowment of the Chapel.

28th October 1738, faculty granted to enlarge the Chapel.

8th April 1777, ditto granted to rebuild the Chapel.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1695.

CHARITIES.—*Bowcock's charity*, vide St. John Baptist. The sum of 6*l.* per annum is appropriated to the poor of Ovenden.

Somerscale's charity, vide St. John Baptist. A portion of this (about 20*l.* per annum) is appropriated to the poor of Ovenden.

Phœbe Fourness's charity, by deed, dated 3rd June 1701. 10*s.*, rent-charge out of a cottage, to the minister for reading divine service, and preaching every Sunday; residue of the rent to the poor frequenting the service. The 10*s.* rent-charge is still paid, but not the residue.

Poor's Cottage, given by Isaac Walton for the poor of Ovenden.—Vide 18th Report, page 580.

Post town, Halifax.

Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 391. Watson's Halifax, page 442. Crabtree's Halifax, page 376. History of Halifax, page 293.

LIGHTCLIFFE IN HIPPERHOLME CUM BRIGHOUSE.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,500, vide Halifax; CHAPEL-ROOM, 600; NET VALUE, 140*l.*—Built in 1529.

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

Archbishop Sharp says the Curate is chosen by the Chapelry, but the Vicar is to approve of him. There were nominations in 1739, 1746, 1750, and 1782.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 281, the Chapelry is recommended to be annexed to Coley, there being only 2*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.* per annum maintenance, and Coley to be the parish Church.

The endowment of the Chapelry is given by Mr. Crabtree.

Augmented, in 1749, with 200*l.*, by lot; in 1759, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Richard Sutcliffe; in 1763, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the said Rev. Richard Sutcliffe; and, in 1791, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from William Walker, Esq.

In 1756, a brief was granted for this Chapel.

9th August 1774, faculty granted to rebuild part of the Chapel.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1704.

CHARITIES.—*Michael Gibson's gift*, by will, dated 17th April 1731. One shilling in bread every Sunday, in Lightcliffe Chapel, to twelve poor persons resident in Hove Edge and Upper-lane.

Rev. Richard Sutcliffe's gift, by will, dated in 1782. 20*s.* per annum amongst twenty poor persons not receiving parochial relief, on Christmas-day.

James Gledhill's gift, by will, dated in 1789. Interest of 50*l.*, half given in linen to eight poor women, and the other half to a Sunday school.

William Walker's gift, by will, 19th August 1809. 8*l.* per annum to the poor of Hipperholme.—Vide 18th Report, page 579.

Post town, Halifax.

Harleian MS., No. 797. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 186. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 391. Watson's Halifax, page 443. History of Halifax, page 295. Crabtree's Halifax, page 384.

LUDDENDEN IN MIDGLEY AND WARLEY UPPER END.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 4,500, vide Halifax; CHAPEL-ROOM, 850; NET VALUE, 132*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

In 1496, license was granted to the inhabitants of Midgley, Sawley, and Warley, to cause divine service to be celebrated in this Chapel. Mr. Waterhouse left an augmentation of 3*l.* 10*s.*, and one Dean left 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

The only certain maintenance, at the time of the Parliamentary Survey, was an annual payment of one mark. Recommended to be made a parish Church. —Vol. xviii. page 278.

"Endowed only with 4*l.* per annum. Built since the Reformation, without Priest or Curate; and the reason is why we are without, is decay of woollen manufacture. Dissenters taking advantage, building Chapels very nigh us. The place convenient and in good repair, yet no Clergyman is willing to serve us for so small wages. We have been without a minister six months, and never like to have any without the Queen's Bounty.—Signed by the two Chapelwardens and six inhabitants."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 908.

Augmented, in 1732, with 200*l.*; in 1772, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; and in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot; in 1811, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Chapelwardens; in 1813, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the inhabitants; and, in 1815, with 1,000*l.* from the same grant, by lot.

27th January 1816, faculty to take down and rebuild the Chapel.

Torre gives a list of the Curates.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1653, but very imperfect until 1738.

CHARITIES.—*Rev. Edward Watkinson's charity*, by deed, dated 2nd June 1732. Rent of a house and several cottages, distributed in bread and money to poor widows. Part of the property is upon a building lease, which will expire 1st May 1847.

Mary Wadsworth's charity, vide Sowerby.—Vide 18th Report, page 589.

Post town, Halifax.

Torre's MS. page 831. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 391. Watson's Halifax, pages 287. 439. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 188. History of Halifax, page 286.

RAISTRICK.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*) — Elland division. Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 3,021, vide Halifax; CHAPEL-ROOM, 630; NET VALUE, 135*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

Impropriator, the Crown.

By an inquest taken in 1284, it appears that the village of Rastrick was rated at 13*s.* and contained only six freemen; the rest were according to that inquest, "Nativi tenentes, villains or bondsmen," such as were at the arbitrary pleasure of the lord, both in their persons, children, and goods.

At the time of the Parliamentary Survey, there was neither minister nor maintenance. Recommended to be annexed to Elland.—Vol. xviii. page 272.

Augmented in 1720 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir J. Armitage, Bart. and John Bedford, Esq. In 1760 with 200*l.*, 200*l.*, and 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 200*l.* from George Braithwaite, 200*l.* from George Thornhill, Esq., 100*l.* from James Collinson, gent., and 100*l.* from Dr. Stratford's executors; and in 1822 with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

A brief was granted in 1756 for this Church.

15th April 1798, new Chapel and burial-ground consecrated.

The Register Books commence in 1719. Vide also Elland.

CHARITIES.—*Mary Wadsworth's charity*, vide Sowerby.

Mary Law's charity, by will, dated 4th February 1701, for maintaining four poor widows, and teaching 20 poor children. Income, rent of 16A. 1R. 9P. of land, and four houses.

Thornhill's dole, vide Rastrick. 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* to the poor in cloth, and 1*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* in money.

A further sum of 1*l.* 15*s.* is also paid to the poor, being a rent-charge on certain cottages.—Vide 18th Report, p. 590.

Post town, Halifax.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 190. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 401. Watson's Halifax, pages 261. 421. History of Halifax, page 276.

RIPPONDEN IN BARKISLAND. —ST. BARTHOLOMEW.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Elland division. Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 7,439, vide Halifax; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,000; NET VALUE, 156*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

Valued in 1707 at 22*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 275, it is stated: "No settled maintenance. To be made a parish."

Chapel consecrated 9th Sept. 1737.

Augmented, in 1724, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mrs. M. Horton and others.

Archbishop Sharp also gives an account of the augmentations of this Curacy.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1684, but they are defaced and partly illegible till 1726.

CHARITIES.—*Elkanah Hoyle*, by a codicil to his will, dated 28th March 1718. Rent-charge of 3*l.* for a sermon on Ascension-day. If not preached, the money to go amongst the poor.

Free School at Barkisland. Founded by Sarah Gledhill, by will, dated 13th October 1657. Twelve free scholars in reading, writing, accounts, and also Latin when required. Income: house, barn, and 14 acres of land.

Elizabeth Horton's dole, by will, 13th July 1670. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum for the poor, and 5*l.* per annum to the Minister for a sermon on Good Friday.

William Horton's dole, by will, dated 8th October 1713. 1*l.* 10*s.*, and 1*l.* 10*s.* for a sermon on 24th June.

Jane Riley's dole, by will, dated 6th May 1723. 1*l.* for poor widows, and 1*l.* for seven poor persons of Soyland.

Thomas Gledhill's charity, by will, in 1656. Rent of house, barn, and 11A. 3R. of land, purchased with 170*l.* left for the minister, and 50*l.* for the poor, and apportioned accordingly.

Almshouses. Endowed with 3*l.* per annum.

Mary Turner's charity. This is now lost. It was a payment of 30*s.* per annum.

Mary Wadsworth's charity. Vide Sowerby.—Vide 18th Report, p. 574, and 586.

Post town, Halifax.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 191. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 401. History of Halifax, pages 282. 425. Watson's Halifax, page 425.

SKIRCOAT.—CHRIST CHURCH OR CHAPEL.—(*Parish of Halifax. Donative Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Halifax; CHAPEL-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, 15*l.*

Patron, the Rev. Jonathan Akroyd.

Built by the present incumbent, Jonathan Akroyd, of Lane Head, in Ovendon, in the said parish, from his own funds, and assistance by his friends in consequence of some extra cost, in the year 1826, and was opened for divine service, under a license granted by the Archbishop of York, on the 31st December in the same year.

It has lately undergone some repairs, and received additional accommodation of sittings, by the erection of a large gallery, into which an organ is to be introduced, at the expense of the said incumbent, who proposes to give to the poor of the townships of Halifax and Skircoat 150 free seats, for ever, out of a total of about 800 sittings.

No district has yet been appointed to it, but the incumbent attends the visitations, chooses his own officers, who are regularly sworn in, has funerals and christenings, and is regularly licensed to perform the same, but the Chapel is not yet consecrated.

There is no glebe house.

CHARITIES.—*Free Grammar School,* vide Halifax.—Vide 18th Report, p. 569.

Post town, Halifax.

SOUTH OWRAM ALIAS BRIAR'S CHAPEL, OR ST. ANNE'S IN THE GROVE.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 5,751, vide Halifax; CHAPEL-ROOM, 430; NET VALUE, 107*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

Valued, in 1818, at 123*l.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 283, it is stated: "No minister. 4*l.* per annum. To continue as it is."

Built a short time before the 21st Henry VIII. by John Lacy, of Cromwell Bottom, Esq., and his neighbours.

In Archbishop Sharp's time, this Chapel was usually served by the Reader of Halifax, who preached there once a month.

27th August 1816, faculty to take down and rebuild the Chapel.

Consecrated 7th October 1819.

6th March 1824, confirmation of allotment of pews.

Augmented, in 1720, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Mr. Burton, Thomas Holdsworth, and John Smith, gents.; in 1756, with 200*l.*, and in 1797, with 200*l.*, both by lot; and in 1811 with 1,400*l.*, in 1812 with 200*l.*, and in 1823 with 200*l.*, all from the Parliamentary grant,—by lot; and in 1824 with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. J. Hope, the incumbent.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Book, for baptisms only, commences in 1800. The previous entries were at Halifax. No marriages or burials.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Halifax.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 191. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 391. History of Halifax, page 297. Crabtree's Halifax, page 371. Watson's Halifax, pages 304. 445.

SOWERBY.—ST. PETER.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, 6,457, vide Halifax; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,000[1]; NET VALUE, 199*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

Valued, in 1818, at 78*l.* per annum.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 277, it is stated: "Three miles from Halifax. Way bad and mountainous. Three hundred families within the Chapelry. To be made a parish Church."

Augmented in 1719 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands, &c. worth 200*l.* and upwards, from Elkana Horton, Esq.; in 1817, with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; in 1828, with 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Rev. William Howie Bull, the incumbent, and 100*l.* from the pa-

[1] Estimated in 1818 at 1300.

rishioners; and, in 1831, with 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees, and 100*l.* by subscriptions.

22nd June 1761, faculty to rebuild the Chapel.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

A mortgage under Gilbert's Act of 228*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.* will cease in 1848.

The Register Books for burials commence in 1643, and for baptisms in 1668. Marriages take place at Halifax.

CHARITIES.—*Elkanah Hoyle's gift*, by codicil, dated 28th March 1718. Rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum to the poor of Soyland not receiving parochial relief.

Bentley's gift, vide Sowerby. 5*l.* Part of the gift is advanced upon loan to a poor inhabitant of Soyland, and secured by a promissory note.

Elkana Horton's almshouses, by will, dated 19th September 1728, for three poor men and three poor women, 2*s.* 6*d.* a month to five, and 4*s.* 2*d.* a month to one, for reading prayers. A charge upon the Sowerby Hall estate.

John Fourness's charity, by deed, 19th October, 13th Jac. I. Two cottages to the use of three poor men.

John Bentley's gift, before 1651. 20*l.* to be lent to poor tradesmen for four years, in loans of 5*l.* each.

Daniel Greenwood's gift, by will, dated 11th March 1672. 40*s.* rent-charge to the minister, and 40*s.* per annum to the poor.

Paul Bairstow's charity, by will, dated 31st March 1711. 16*l.* to a schoolmaster for teaching; 20*s.* per annum for a sermon on Michaelmas-day, and the residue of rents, subject to the repairs of the tomb of his father and mother, among the poor in small sums. Income: rent of 56A. 0R. 37P. of land.

Edward Wainhouse's charities, by will, dated 18th September 1686. Rent of two cottages for the poor. The Commissioners report three other charities to be lost.

Mary Wadsworth's charity, by deed, 14th May 1793. Rents of property, let at the time of the Report, for 21*l.* One-third to the poor of Sowerby, one-third to the poor of Rishworth, and one-third to the poor of Midgley.

LOST CHARITIES.—*Thomas Foxcroft*, in 1617. 10*l.* to be lent without interest.

Thomas Mitchell, in 1621, gave 10*l.* for a similar purpose.

Robert Brook left a house in Hunslet, which was sold for 10*l.* and the money placed out at interest.

The Commissioners could obtain no further account of these charities, and the funds are lost.—Vide 18th Report, pages 582, and 586.

Post town, Halifax.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 191. 343. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, pages 393. 396. Watson's Halifax, pages 291. 447. History of Halifax, page 299.

SOWERBY BRIDGE.—ST. PETER.—(*Parish of Halifax. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Morley wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Halifax; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,000[1]; NET VALUE, 166*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

Valued in 1707 at 6*l.* per annum.

In vol. xviii. of the Parliamentary Survey, page 278, it is stated: "Sowerby Bridge to continue annexed to Halifax, as it was in regard to nearness and the littleness of the congregation belonging the said Chapel."

Augmented, in 1719, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. J. Taylor and others; and, in 1775, with 200*l.* by lot.

2nd January 1717, licence to celebrate the Sacraments in this Chapel.

15th July 1823, confirmation of allotment of pews.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms commence in 1709, marriages in 1732, but none have been solemnized since 1751. No burials until 1821.

CHARITY.—*Edward Wainhouse's charity*, by will, dated 18th September 1686. Rent of three cottages and between two and three acres of land, with a barn, to poor persons of the township of Norland.—Vide 18th Report, page 592.

Post town, Halifax.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 188. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 392. Watson's Halifax, page 442. History of Halifax, page 294.

[1] 536 additional sittings (of which 307 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 800*l.*

HUDDERSFIELD.—ST. PETER.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 15,080 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 31,041[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000[2]; NET VALUE, 503*l.*—This Church was given by Robert de Lacy, and also by Hugh de la Val, to Nostell Priory, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

Torre is silent as to any endowment. The first Vicar named in his close catalogue was instituted in 1316.

In 1503, a commission was granted to John, Bishop of Negropont, to consecrate the Church, then newly built.

Two Chantries are mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

Patron and impropriator, Sir J. Ramsden, bart.

In Pope Nicholas's Survey, the Church is valued at 9*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and the Vicarage at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 17*l.* 13*s.* 2½*d.* per annum, after deducting for pension to the Vicar of Dewsbury 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 304, it is stated: "Vicarage, 17*l.* per annum; impropriation, 60*l.* per annum." Synodals, 3*s.*, and Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

"The Church is endowed only with the petty tithes. Augmented with 20*s.* per annum, for a commemoration sermon for Mr. John Tounley, jun. of this parish, late deceased." Signed, "T. Heald, Vic." Notitia Parochialis, No. 423.

A decree in the Exchequer, in Trinity Term, 14th Eliz. as to tithes at Lindley, but which is unreported.

Inclosure Acts were passed 26th Geo. III. and 54th Geo. III. (Longwood and Deanhead.)

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

29th June 1786, and 8th October 1819, additional burial-grounds consecrated.

18th July 1806, faculty to new pew the Church and erect galleries.

[1] Viz. Huddersfield, 19,035; Golcar, 3,143; Lindley, 2,306; Longwood, 2,111; part of Marsden, 642; Scammonden, 912; and Slaithwaite, 2,892. There are eight Chapels within this parish, viz. St. Paul's, Golcar, Paddock, Lindley, Husthwaite, Scammonden, Longwood, and Woodhouse. About 350 labourers are employed on the highways, and 50 in the quarries. The increase in population since 1821 is 5,751.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 1,260.

11th April 1812, confirmation of allotment of pews.

19th May 1814, faculty to rebuild the tower or spire.

12th May 1834, ditto to rebuild the Church and erect galleries.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1563. Defective from 1564 to 1566.

CHARITIES.—*Dole land charity.* Rent of 26A. 3R. 9P. of land, and interest of 83*l.* 1*s.* 9*d.* in savings' bank, under the will of Thomas Armitage, dated 21st September 1647, left for the purchase of wool, to be given to poor people on Christmas-day evening. 5*l.* of the money was added by the Rev. Thomas Clarke, formerly the Vicar. The distribution is now made in money on St. Thomas's day.

Robert Gibson's charity, by will, dated in 1638. 4*l.* 2*s.* paid to the poor once in two years.

Mrs. White's charity. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum.

Waterhouse's charity. 1*l.* per annum. —Vide Halifax.

National School. The site was given by John Ramsden, Esq. for a school, as far back as 1681.—Vide 18th Report, page 553.

A post town.

Torre's MS. page 763. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 200. Mon. Ang. vol. vi. pages 92. 96. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 347.

HUDDERSFIELD.—HOLY TRINITY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, vide St. Peter; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,500; NET VALUE, 135*l.*

Patron, B. A. Greenhead, Esq.

A beautiful Gothic structure, erected at an expense of 12,000*l.* by the late B. H. Allen, Esq., and consecrated 8th October 1819.

Augmented in 1825 with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

No district has been assigned.

No return as to registers.

No glebe house.

HUDDERSFIELD.—ST. PAUL.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapenpentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 4,000, vide

St. Peter; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,243[1]; NET VALUE, 200*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Huddersfield.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with tower and spire. First stone laid 13th November 1829. Cost, 5,486*l.* 15*s.* No district has yet been assigned.—Vide 11th Report, page 4.

No return as to registers.

No glebe house.

Parochial Charities, vide Huddersfield. —18th Report.

GOLCAR.—ST. JOHN.—(*Parish of Huddersfield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION, 3,143, vide Huddersfield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 850[2]; NET VALUE, 61*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Huddersfield.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with tower and spire. First stone laid 13th March 1828. Consecrated in 1829. Cost, 2,865*l.* 17*s.* 10*d.* No district has yet been assigned. —Vide 10th Report, page 3.

An inclosure Act was passed 1st Geo. IV.

No glebe house.

No return as to registers.

Post town, Huddersfield.

LINDLEY.—ST. STEPHEN.—(*Parish of Huddersfield. Perpetual Curacy.*) —Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 2,306, vide Huddersfield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 867[3]; NET VALUE, 43*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Huddersfield.

Augmented in 1831 with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1834 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* by subscriptions.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with tower and steeple. First stone laid 11th June 1828. Cost, 2,615*l.* 15*s.* 8*d.* No district has yet been assigned.—Vide 10th Report, page 3.

An Inclosure Act was passed 52nd Geo. III.

No glebe house.

No return as to registers.

Post town, Huddersfield.

LONGWOOD.—SAINT MARK.—(*Parish of Huddersfield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 2,111, vide Huddersfield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 450[1]; NET VALUE, 119*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Huddersfield.

The Chapel and Chapel-yard were consecrated 15th April 1798.

Augmented in 1799 with 200*l.*, in 1800 with 200*l.*, in 1801 with 200*l.*, and in 1802 with 200*l.*—all by lot; and in 1810 with 200*l.*, in 1811 with 1,000*l.*, in 1812 with 400*l.*, in 1813 with 200*l.*, and in 1823 with 600*l.*—all from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 54th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

No return as to registers.

CHARITIES.—*Free School*, founded by William Walker, by will, dated 11th August 1731, for the education of forty boys and girls; the boys to be taught reading, writing, and the two first rules of arithmetic; the girls to be taught reading. The master to receive the Sacrament at least four times a year, according to the usage of the Church of England. Both boys and girls to be instructed in the Church Catechism, and catechised twice a year at Huddersfield Church. The master to use a convenient portion of the Common Prayer-book, the Confession being always a part, every morning and evening, and endeavour to improve the children in Christian knowledge. The children to be elected out of Longwood, Golcar, and Milnes Bridge; the poorest and fatherless to be preferred. Income: rent of 61A. 3R. of land and three houses.—The Commissioners reported unfavourably of the state of the school, and the management of the fund; and recommended that John Dawson, Esq., the heir of the founder, should institute an inquiry.

[1] Of which 380 are free sittings.

[2] Number of free sittings not mentioned; but in the Report of the Church Building Commissioners the sittings are stated to be 950.

[3] Of which 459 are free sittings. This is according to the Report of the Church Building Commissioners. The return in 1834 is only 800.

[1] In 1818, returned at 700.

Linley School. Site given by Thomas Thornhill, Esq. in 1706. No free scholars.

Thomas Firth's dole. 10*s.* per annum, given in 1623.—Vide 18th Report, page 554.

Post town, Huddersfield.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 201.

PADDOCK.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Parish of Huddersfield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION, 2,500, vide Huddersfield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 867[1]; NET VALUE, 47*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Huddersfield.

Augmented, in 1831, with 800*l.*, by lot.

Built under the Parliamentary grant.

Architecture Gothic, with tower and steeple. First stone laid 5th November 1828. Consecrated in 1830. Cost, 2,606*l.* 12*s.* 2*d.* No district has yet been assigned.—Vide 10th Report, p. 3.

No return as to glebe house or registers.

Post town, Huddersfield.

SCAMMONDEN, ALIAS DEAN-HEAD.—(*Parish of Huddersfield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 912, vide Huddersfield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 350[2]; NET VALUE, 186*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Huddersfield.

Impropriator, Sir J. Ramsden, Bart.

Valued, in 1707, at 15*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 306, it is stated: "Ways bad. Fifty families, but no minister. 10*l.* per annum maintenance. To be made a parish, and High Moss House and Over House, being three miles off Ripponden, to be taken from Halifax parish and annexed to Dean Head."

Augmented in 1718 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction from Mr. George Woodhead, of lands worth 240*l.*; and in 1731 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. William Walker and Mr. William Denton.

[1] Of which 459 are free sittings. Vide Report of the Church Building Commissioners. In 1834, the accommodation was only stated at 800.

[2] Returned 500 in 1818.

15th June 1812, faculty granted to rebuild the Chapel.

An Inclosure Act was passed 54th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1746.

CHARITIES.—*George Woodhead's charity*, by will, dated 24th October 1732. 5*l.* per annum, to be distributed on St. James's-day amongst poor persons not receiving constant parochial relief.

John Hoyle's gift, by will, dated 11th January 1734. 1*l.* per annum.—Vide 18th Report, page 554.

Post town, Huddersfield.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 200.

SLAITHWAITE.—(*Parish of Huddersfield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 2,892, vide Huddersfield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,500; NET VALUE, 192*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Huddersfield.

"Four miles from Huddersfield; way bad. No minister. No maintenance, save 4*s.* per annum. Recommended to be made a parish, and Linsett, in the parish of Almondbury, to be annexed thereto."—Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 305.

"An ancient Chapel, being much decayed, was repaired and enlarged at the charge of John Kay, Esq. and his tenants, and other neighbouring inhabitants, in 1593. No endowment, but contributions something better than 20*l.* per annum. A gift of 4*s.* yearly, left by will of one —— Eastwood, of the Binn, in Marsden. It is charged on the Binn land, and now paid by Samuel Haigh, Widow Kay, and James Hirst, the occupiers."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,349.

Augmented in 1718 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir Arthur King, Bart. and William Walker, Esq., and in 1776 with 200*l.* and in 1792 with 200*l.*—both by lot.

30th April, 1765, faculty to erect a gallery.

27th August 1787, faculty granted to rebuild the Chapel.

4th August 1789, the Chapel and Chapel-yard were consecrated.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1684. Defective in some parts, but entered at Huddersfield.

CHARITY.—*Free School*, founded by the Rev. Robert Meek, by deed, 21st June 1721. Income: rent of 18A. 2R. 17P. of land, after paying 9*s*. per annum for bread and wine for the Sacrament on Whit Sunday. Twenty free scholars are taught reading, writing, and arithmetic. The Curate is declared by the deed not to be eligible as the schoolmaster.—Vide 19th Report, page 548.

Post town, Huddersfield.

Not noticed by Torre.

WOODHOUSE. ——— CHRIST CHURCH.—(*Parish of Huddersfield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 4,400, vide Huddersfield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 280*l*.

Patron, John Whitacre, Esq.

Consecrated in 1824. Frequented by the inhabitants of Far Town, Deighton, and Bradley.

There is no glebe house.

No return as to registers.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Huddersfield.

KELLINGTON.—ST. EDMUND.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 6,950 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 1,388[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,200[2]; NET VALUE, 300*l*.—The town of Kellington belonged to the Lacies, Barons of Pontefract. And Adam Fitz-Swaine gave to the Knights Templars or Hospitallers, eight oxgangs of land therein; and one Raimand gave another oxgang.

This Church, in which was a Chantry, was appropriated to the Preceptory at Newland, to which it was given by Henry de Lacy.

At the Dissolution of the Knights Templars, the patronage was given to Trinity College, Cambridge.

[1] Viz. Beaghall, 563; Egbrough, 220; Kellington, 295; Whitley, 310. Whitley is partly in the parish of Snaith.

[2] As returned in 1818. No return was made in 1834.

Torre, in his notice of this Vicarage, is silent as to the endowment. The first named in his close catalogue, page 656, was instituted in 1293.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 8*l*. per annum; in the King's Books at 9*l*. 8*s*. 10*d*. per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 387, at 100*l*.

"The Vicar of Kellington, in Yorkshire, is entitled to the small tithes of the parish in kind; to the great and small tithes of Armroid Close; to the tithes of turnips grown in common fields of the townships of Kellington, Beal, Edgeborough, and Whitley, which are drawn and eaten by barren cattle, and to the tithe of feeding barren cattle; but all sheep bought before the 13th of February and sold after that time before they are clipped, he is only entitled to one penny a sheep, in lieu of the agistment thereof."—Paddy *v*. Dickson. 4 Wood, page 19.

"The Vicar of Kellington, in Yorkshire, is not entitled to the small tithes of the lands called the Broad Lands, in the township of Beal; and he is only entitled to one penny for each sheep brought in before Old Candlemas-day, and sold out before shearing day, in lieu of the agistment tithes of such sheep."—Paddy *v*. Foulds. 4 Wood, page 363.

"The Vicar of Kellington is entitled to the tithes of the agistment of barren and unprofitable cattle."—Almond *v*. Trinity College, Cambridge, 2 Wood, page 442.

Inclosures, 12th Geo. III. and 31st Geo. III. (Beal and Kellingley), 31st Geo. III. (Kellington), 39th and 40th Geo. III., and 1st and 2nd Geo. IV.

Torre gives a list of the Vicars.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1637.

CHARITIES.—*Doles*. 5*l*. per annum is paid out of the poor's-rates, as the interest of some benefactions expended by the parish in building cottages for poor houses.

Rent-charge. 6*s*. 8*d*. per annum, out of land belonging to Samuel Crompton, Esq. These sums are distributed on St. Thomas's-day among widows and poor persons.—Vide 19th Report, page 551.

Post town, Ferrybridge.

Vid. Nonæ Roll, page 230. Torre's MS. page 655. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 154. 162. Wood's MS. (Bodleian) No. 5,101. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. ci. page 13. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 835.

WHITLEY.—(*In the Parish of Kellington.*)—Here was a Chantry, which was valued, at the Dissolution, at 3*l.* 0*s.* 10½*d.* per annum.

KIRKBURTON[1].—SAINT JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 15,990 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, U.D. —POPULATION, 15,731[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,500[3]; NET VALUE, 301*l.*—Given to the College at Westminster by King Edward III., and a Vicarage appropriated thereto, and ordained therein, 27th March, A.D. 1357, which contains a reservation relative to tithes of iron and coal.

Patron, the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, though Archbishop Sharp says the Crown, but this is a mistake.

The governors of Sheffield Hospital are impropriators.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 35*l.* 9*s.* 8*d.* per annum; in the King's Books at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* after deducting for Synodals, 7*s.* 6*d.* and Procurations, 4*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 299, at 80*l.* per annum. Pension to the Vicar of Dewsbury, 4*l.*

The present Church, built in the reign of Edward III., pays a pension of 4*l.* per annum to the mother Church of Dewsbury, from which it appears to have been severed about the time of the first Earl of Warren.

"The Vicarage is endowed with all small tithes. Yearly value about 30*l.*" Signed, "Jos. Briggs, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 583.

[1] Alias Berton. In Domesday Book it is written Bertone.

[2] Viz. Cartworth, 1,796; Cumberworth half, 1,180; Foulston, 1,573; Hepworth, 1,229; Kirkburton, 2,650; Shelley, 1,319; Shepley, 893; Thurstonland, 1,098; and Wooldale, 3,993. The increase of population in the township of Cartworth (585 persons) is attributed to the erection of upwards of 100 cottages. The quarries and coal-mines in the parish of Kirkburton afford employment to upwards of 100 labourers. In 1834, the return, exclusive of the chapelries, was 7,140.

[3] In 1818, stated at 4,000.

Decrees as to tithes were made in the Exchequer, in Michaelmas Term, 36th Eliz., and in Trinity Term, 10th Wm. III., but they are unreported.

Inclosure Acts were passed 39th and 40th Geo. III. (Thurstonland); 43rd Geo. III. (Shelley); 53rd Geo. III., 7th and 8th Geo. IV. (Shipley); and 9th Geo. IV. (Holme).

13th February 1770, faculty to erect a new gallery.

17th April 1780, ditto to erect a gallery.

23rd October 1789, ditto to re-pew the Church.

Dr. Whitaker gives a list of the Vicars.

Two Chantries were founded in this Church.

Cumberworth half includes part of Skelmanthorpe township, the other part is included in Emley parish, but the whole is in Staincross wapentake. Cumberworth is mostly in Silkstone parish, Staincross wapentake.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1686. No marriage registers from 1774 to 1789, and 1807 to 1812, can be found.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*The School.* This was originally established by the inhabitants in 1714. In 1721, the Rev. Henry Robinson bequeathed 100*l.* for teaching ten poor children of the township of Kirkburton and three of the township of Thurstonland. In 1722, John Horsfall, Esq. bequeathed 360*l.* for teaching ten poor children of each of the above townships, and providing annually two shirts or shifts for each child. The children are taught reading gratis, and writing at half charges. The income consists of the rent of 26 acres of land, and the interest of 50*l.* A question was also depending at the time of the Report, as to an equivalent for a house, let for 30*l.* per annum, and agreed to be purchased by Wentworth and Co. (who afterwards became bankrupts), and pulled down by them. The trustees are the Vicar of Kirkburton, the Rectors of Kirkheaton and Emley, and the heirs of John Horsfall, Esq.

Shelley School. Income: rent of six acres of land, and use of house. Four children taught English, reading, writing, and accounts, free of charge.

Thurstonland Charity School, founded by the will of Ann Ludlam, dated 18th April 1763. Seven trustees. Income: interest of 500*l.* and rent of 2A. 1R. 23P. of land. House for the master. Free to all the township for reading; a quarterage is paid for writing.—Vide 18th Report, page 557, and 21st Report, page 594.

Post town, Huddersfield.

Vid. Torre's MS., page 803. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 196. Loidis et Elmete, page 344. Wood's (Bodleian) MS. No. 5,101.

HOLMFIRTH.—(*Parish of Kirkburton. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, U. D.—POPULATION, 10,716, vide Kirkburton; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,150; NET VALUE, 110*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Kirkburton.

"No endowment; one Mr. Samuel Appleyard is preacher there, and stands at the benevolence of the people." Recommended to be made a parish. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 300.

It appears from Archbishop Sharp's MS. that the Curate has been paid by small pew-rents, from the first settlement of the Chapel.

A brief was granted in 1777 for this Church.

Augmented in 1726 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. Joseph Kaye and others; and, in 1754, with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. John Harrop.

12th March 1803, faculty granted to enlarge the Chapel.

7th November 1828, ditto to erect an organ.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books, for baptisms and burials, commence in 1797. Marriages are celebrated at Kirkburton.

CHARITIES.—*Luke Wilson's charity*, by will, dated 1st September 1713. Rent-charges of 5*l.* per annum to the poor.

Philip Bray's charity, by will, dated in 1725. Interest of 10*l.* to the poor at Hepworth.

Philip Bray's charity. Annuity of 20*s.* under will, dated 16th January 1764, to the poor of Fulstone.

Hepworth charity. Rent-charge of 5*l.* to the poor of Hepworth, by deed, dated 23rd September 1765, paid by Uriah Fisher, the heir of the last surviving trustee. The Commissioners advise the appointment of new trustees.

School, founded by the will of Richard Charlesworth, dated 5th January 1649, and augmented by Philip Bray with 5*l.* per annum. The land consists of 8A. 3R. There are only five free scholars.

Martha Jackson's charity. 10*s.* per annum, by deed, in 1733. This was paid in 1786 by a person of the name of Joshua Cuttil. Not now paid.

Joshua Marsden's gift, in 1751. Interest of 20*l.* This sum in 1786 was in the hands of Mr. J. Bray. No interest is now paid.

Wooldale School. Built, says the Commissioners, about 50 years ago, by means of a legacy and subscriptions. No free scholars.—Vide 18th Report, page 557.

Post town, Huddersfield.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 196.

NEW MILL.—CHRIST CHURCH.—(*Parish of Kirkburton. Perpetual Curacy.*)—POPULATION, 3,750, vide Kirkburton; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000; NET VALUE, 55*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Kirkburton; impropriators, the Governors of Sheffield Hospital.

This Church was built under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Gothic, with tower. Will accommodate 1,000 persons; free sittings, 412. Expense 3,240*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.* First stone laid 8th April 1829.—Vide 11th Report, page 4.

Augmented, in 1834, with 200*l.* by lot.

Post town, Huddersfield.

KIRKHEATON.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 6,500 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 10,020[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,300; NET VALUE, 537*l.*—An ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of

[1] Viz. Dalton, 3,060; Kirkheaton, 2,755; Lepton, 3,320; and Upper Whitley, 885. Eighty-four men are employed in quarries and mines in this parish.

the family of De Burg, and afterwards of the Duke of Northumberland.

Patron, the Rev. J. Alderson.

The value of the Church in Pope Nicholas's taxation is 20*l.* per annum, and the Vicarage is valued in the King's Books at 25*l.* 13*s.* 9*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 319, at 105*l.* per annum. Pension to the Vicar of Dewsbury, 1*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* Synodals, 4*s.* Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

A Chantry is named in the Valor. Ecc.

Inclosure Acts were passed 19th Geo. III. (Lepton); 29th Geo. III. (Dalton); 39th Geo. III. (Kirkheaton); 39th and 40th Geo. III. (Denby with Clayton); 44th Geo. III. amended Act, and 1st and 2nd Geo. IV. (Whitley).

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

10th March 1756, faculty to erect a gallery.

7th May 1791, ditto to re-pew the Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653; defective, 1722—1731.—See Transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*The School.* William Lyley, in 1685, left a rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum for educating ten poor boys, and the Rev. Mr. Stocks left 10*s.* per annum for repairing the school windows. The Rector for the time being is one of the trustees.

Charity estate. Rent of 16 acres of land, purchased with 100*l.* given to the poor by N. Lee, before 1671.

Gibson's charity. 4*l.* 2*s.* once in two years given to the poor. Vide Huddersfield.

Beaumont's charity. Vide General Charities.

William Bedford's charity, by will. The interest of 30*l.* to the poor of Whitley.—Vide 21st Report, page 595.

Post town, Huddersfield.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 797. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 197. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 337. Wood's MS. (Bodleian,) No. 5101.

METHLEY.—SAINT OSWALD.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,240 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 1,593; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[1]; NET VALUE, 908*l.*—An ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the Lacies, Earls of Lincoln, and from them devolved to the Dukes of Lancaster.

The Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster is now the patron.

The Church is valued, in Pope Nicholas's valuation, at 16*l.*; in the King's books, at 25*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* per annum, after deducting for Synodals 4*s*,, and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 283, at 180*l.* per annum.

An inclosure Act was passed in the 26th Geo. III.

Dr. Whitaker describes the monuments, and gives the pedigree of the Saviles, and an engraving of the tomb of Sir Robert Waterton. He also gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

A Chantry was founded in this Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1560.

CHARITIES.——*Doles.*—Sundry payments, amounting together to 8*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* Four poor children taught to read and write. The remainder is distributed.

Poor's Money. Interest of 60*l.*, left by Henry Saville, Esq. and Mrs. Ward. 2*l.* per annum, part of the interest, is applied in teaching two poor children to read and write.

Education Fund. Interest of 120*l.*, given by Mrs. Eleanor Smeaton and Mrs. Sarah Leech, for the education of eight poor children. The Commissioners express their fears that this charity will be lost, in consequence of the bankruptcy of Mr. Thomas Wilson, who held the money.

School. The site of a school and school-house, together with a small garden, were given several years ago by the lord of the manor.—Vide 16th Report, page 408.

Post town, Pontefract.

Loidis et Elmete, page 267. Torre's MS., page 781. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 161. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5,078.

[1] Agreeably to the return in 1818: no return made in 1834.

MIRFIELD.—ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,390 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 6,496; CHURCH-ROOM, 900[1]; NET VALUE, 242*l.*—Mirfield appears to have formed part of the great Saxon parish of Dewsbury till the year 1261, when it happened that as the lady of Sir John Heton, of Mirfield, was going to mass very early in the morning of Christmas day to the parish Church of Dewsbury, that she was robbed, and her principal attendants murdered, at a place called Ravensbrook Lane. On the same day, while she was at dinner, at nine o'clock in the morning (at that time the usual hour), two mendicant ecclesiastics came to solicit charity, at the same time informing her that they were going to Rome, where her husband, Sir John, then resided. On this intelligence, she wrote a letter to her husband, and told him of the horrid scene she had just witnessed, and requested him to make interest with the Pope to erect the Chapel of Mirfield into a parochial Church, that the inhabitants might no longer be exposed to the dangers she had experienced on the way to their parish Church. This letter the priests delivered to Sir John, who prevailed on his Holiness to elevate Mirfield into a Rectory, and bestow the patronage on Sir John and his posterity, who immediately conferred the living on his younger brother, who built the Rectory house about the year 1300. The original is given in Latin by Hopkinson among his MSS., a copy of which is inserted in Loidis et Elmete.

This Church was at first a Rectory belonging to the patronage of the family of Burroughs, and came to the Lacies, and was given by Henry de Lacy to the Priory of Kirk Lees, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 4th August, A.D. 1403.

Patron and impropriator, Sir George Armytage, Bart.

The Church of Mirfield is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and the Vicarage, in the King's books, at 6*l.* 1*s.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 316, the Vicarage is valued at 10*l.* per annum. The impropriation was then valued at 100*l.* per annum.

Augmented, in 1719, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir J. Armytage, Bart., and R. Beaumont, Esq.; and in 1742, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mrs. J. Nettleton's trustees.

An Inclosure Act was passed 36th Geo. III.

Dr. Whitaker gives a list of the Vicars, and describes the monuments.

6th April 1744, confirmation of a gallery.

8th February 1794, faculty to build a gallery.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as unfit for residence, being "too small," and is still unfit.

The Register books commence in 1559. Marriages defective from 1683 to 1685.

CHARITIES.—*Free School*, founded by *Richard Thorpe*, of Hopton, by deed, dated 24th February 1667, for teaching fifteen poor children to read English well. *Joseph Langard* left 2*l.* per annum to the school. *Thomas Holdsworth* also left 10*s.* per annum.—The income, exclusive of the above two mentioned rent-charges, consists of the rent of some cottages and six or seven acres of land. Twenty children are now taught reading, writing, and arithmetic.

Lady Betty Hastings' trustees pay 2*l.* per annum for bread and wine for the communion; if more than sufficient for that purpose, the residue to be given to the poor.

Beaumont's charity. 10*l.* per annum, for apprenticing one or more poor boys.

Nathaniel Waterhouse left a rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum, to be laid out in cloth for the poor.

DOLES.—*Joseph Lidyard*, 2*l.*; *Mary Hutton*, 2*l.*; *James Shepley*, 4*l.*; *Robert Holdsworth*, 3*l.* 12*s.*; Unknown, 1*l.*; *Richard Northop*, 10*s.* Interest of 20*l.*, now paid out of poor's rate; interest of 10*l.*, also now paid out of the poor's rate.

Robert Holdsworth gave (date not stated) a rent-charge of 18*s.* per annum, out of a messuage and land called Brickhouse, to the Vicar of Mirfield, for reading prayers the first Wednesday in every

[1] 498 additional sittings (of which 280 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 250*l.*

month; and he also left a rent-charge on the same property of 10*s.* per annum to the Clerk.—Vide 17th Report, page 733.

Post town, Dewsbury.

Torre's MS., page 745. Mon. Ang., vol. v. page 739. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 362. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 183.

MORLEY.—ST. PETER.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, L.D. — POPULATION, 3,819, vide Batley; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,000 [1]; NET VALUE, 43*l.* — Built under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Gothic, with tower and spire; first stone laid 25th June 1829; cost, 2,953*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* Made a district parish, under 58th Geo. III., cap. 45, sec. 16, but still in the parish of Batley for lay purposes.—Vide 11th and 12th Report of the Commissioners, page 5.

Patrons, the Earls of Wilton and Cardigan, alternately.

Here was anciently a Church, which, during the Usurpation, got into the hands of Presbyterian trustees, and has never been restored to the Establishment.

Augmented, in 1831, with 600*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; in 1832, with 200*l.*, by lot; and in 1833, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Earl of Dartmouth.

An inclosure Act was passed 56th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

Parochial Charities and Register Books.—No return.

Post town, Dewsbury.

Scatcherd's Morley. Loidis et Elmete, pages 237. 248.

NORMANTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 4,110 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 899 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 450; NET VALUE, 142*l.*—This Church was given by Roger de Peiteuin, Lord of Altofts, to the Preceptory of Newland, to which house it was appropriated in 1410, and a Vicarage ordained therein 13th October, A.D. 1413; previous to which, viz., 18th Kal. February, A.D. 1310, an ordination relative to tithes was made by William, Archbishop of York.

At the Dissolution, the patronage was given to Trinity College, Cambridge, who are also the impropriators.

The Church is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.* per annum, and the Vicarage, in the King's books, at 7*l.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 269, at 40*l.* per annum.

"The tithes reserved for the Vicar are wool, lamb, geese, pigs, ducks, line, and hemp. Several things lost by neglect, which are now paid by composition. Annual value about 50*l.*" Signed, "Wm. Herbert, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 575.

There is a pension of 2*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* paid to the Vicar by the College, and he has fifty acres of glebe.

Inclosure Acts were passed the 44th Geo. III. and 49th Geo. III. (Altofts.)

James Torre, whose MSS. are so frequently quoted, died at Snydall, and was interred in Normanton Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538, but they are imperfect until 1593.

CHARITIES.—*Free School,* founded by John Freeston, by deed, dated 12th September, 34th Eliz., and endowed by his will, dated 26th March 1594, with 10*l.* per annum, and which is now paid by University College, Oxford. Founded for thirty free scholars, and the nomination of the master, usher, and scholars was given, by the will, to the Masters of Trinity College, Oxford, and Emanuel College, Cambridge, the Rector of Lincoln College, Oxford, and to one Fellow of the two former Colleges, to be by them sent into Yorkshire; and the Vicars of Wakefield, Pontefract, Leeds, Normanton, and Kirkthorpe, for the time being, and to the heirs of Richard Freeston, of Mendham, or the major part of so many of them as should be assembled for that purpose in Normanton Church.—The trustees have long ceased to interfere actively, and the

[1] Of which 424 are free sittings.

[2] Viz.: Altofts, 502; Normanton, 283; and Snydall, 114. In the township of Altofts, forty-one men are employed in excavating a canal.

Vicar, with the concurrence of some of the principal inhabitants, appoints the master. It is now merely an English school, and twenty scholars are considered as free.

Elizabeth Levett's charity. Dividends of 225*l.* three per cent. consols, half for teaching poor girls, and the other half to the poor: widows to receive a double share.

Other Poor Funds. 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, left by Mrs. Jane Toone, and 30*l.*, benefactor not stated. Interest not paid since 1788. The Commissioners expressed their hopes that the arrears would be paid up.

Repairs of the Church. Rent of 24A. 1R. 21P. of land, and farm-house and cottage, from ancient times appropriated to the repairs of the Church. The Vicar and two other persons are trustees. At the time of the Report, the estate was let for 37*l.* 3*s.* per annum. The premises had been repaired, and there was an accumulation of 120*l.* then lodged in a bank.

Repairs of Church Clock. 10*s.* per annum, left by Sir Edward Lake, out of a close at Bishop Norton, in Lincolnshire.

Snydall Poor. Rent of an acre of land, distributed to four poor widows.

Snydall Doles. 18*s.* 4*d.* and 2*s.* per annum.—Vide 16th Report, page 409.

NEWLAND.—The Preceptory of Newland was situate within this parish.

Post town, Wakefield.

Torre's MS., page 769. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Ashmole MS. (Bodleian) No. 8,518. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 807. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 166—343.

PONTEFRACT.—ALL SAINTS.—Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, vide St. Giles; CHURCH-ROOM, no return.—This noble Church was anciently called the Minster of the North. It was given by Robert de Lacy to the Priory of Pontefract, a Vicarage ordained 20th November 1361, and a new ordination made 15th August 1452, both of which are given by Boothroyd, in page 350, and by Fox in page 270 of his History of Pontefract.

A composition was made 31st December 1533, between the mayor and commonalty of Pontefract and the Prior and Convent, touching the finding and sustaining of certain Chaplains within this Church.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown.

Catalogues of the Vicars, and accounts of the monuments, testamentary burials, &c., may be found in Torre's MS. and in Boothroyd.

Four Chantries are named in the Valor Ecc.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation, the Church of Pontefract is valued at 30*l.*, and the Vicarage at 16*l.* per annum, and in the King's books at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* (being the amount of pension paid by the Priory).

The Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 393, contains the following:—"We find only one parish Church situate in the lower part of the town, and so ruinated and demolished by the war about the Castle, that it cannot be repaired again as before with less than 3,000*l.* expense. Vicarage, the profits consisting of privy tithes and oblations, which for these three years last past hath not been worth above 10*l.* per annum. Mr. Joseph Ferrett, a painful orthodox and pious Minister, is Parson there, by confirmation under the Great Seal, whose pains have been extraordinary in the work of the Ministry. There is no certain maintenance at all in a manner for the said Mr. Ferrett. The augmentation of 40*l.* per annum, granted out of Charles Thimbleby's estate, in the tithes of Carleton (a Papist and Delinquent), being denied him by the Committee for Sequestrations in this county, and the poverty of the town is such that they are like to lose their said Vicar, for want of means for himself and family to live on."

The Notitia Parochialis, No. 653, also contains the following particulars:—"All the tithe corn and hay are impropriated: Pontefract tithe corn to the Hon. W. Pierrepoint; tithe corn of Carleton to Lord Arglass; tithe corn of East Hardwick to Mr. Heward; tithe corn of Spittle Hardwick to Mr. Stubb; tithe corn of Knottingley to Sir John Cope; tithe corn of Ferrybridge to John Savile, Esq.; tithe hay of Pontefract to

R. Frank, Esq.; tithe hay of Knottingley to John Savile, Esq. The Church is endowed with all oblations, obventions, and small tithes, together with wool, lamb, liquorice, hemp, line, rape, and all manner of fruit, seeds, &c. 20*s*., given by William and Isabel Oates for an anniversary sermon on St. Thomas day, and 20*s*. given by Alderman R. Moor for two sermons, one on May-day, and the other on All Saints day. The parish Church was burnt down and ruined. The Chapel of St. Giles, in which we celebrate Divine Service, is also mightily decayed, and in great danger of falling. All the revenues, belonging to St. Giles, were taken away at the Dissolution. The Vicarage is not worth above 40*l*. per annum. Only one close of glebe and a little house adjoining St. Giles's Chapel. The tithe of wool and lamb, &c., of the inhabitants of Pontefract, growing in Pontefract Park, and likewise the tithe of wool and lamb of the inhabitants of Knottingley, put upon Brotherton Marsh, belong to the Vicar of Pontefract by ancient custom and decree. Note, that the Procurations payable out of this Vicarage are to be paid by the King's Receiver out of the Dissolved Abbey Land. Note, that 5*l*. per annum, out of the tithes of Campsall, belonging to the Chapel of St. Clement's, and was always paid to the Vicars of Pontefract, and even since the Restoration, are now lost and past away among concealments. We have two other Chapels, one at Knottingley, to which belongeth nearly 10*l*. per annum in land, but sacrilegiously made use of by the inhabitants for lay services. The other, at East Hardwick, which together with the School was founded (though not yet consecrated) by Stephen Cawood, and endowed with (present) 20*l*.; but about forty years hence, at the expiration of a lease, the lands belonging to the Chapel and school will be worth 60*l*. per annum." Signed, "F. Drake, Vic."

There were five Chantries in the Church.

This Church was reduced to a ruin during the siege of the Castle.

After the Restoration, the sum of 1,500*l*. was raised by a brief and subscription for the purpose of repairing the Church, but unfortunately the money was misapplied, and the design consequently fell to the ground. 200*l*. was bequeathed by the Earl of Strafford towards the repairs, but not being wanted, was given by his residuary legatee towards building a workhouse.

By Act of Parliament, 28th Geo. III., cap. 56, the Chapel of St. Giles was declared to be the parish Church.

Partial Restoration of the Church.—The transept was repaired in 1831, and the Rev. Francis Stainforth licensed to preach therein. The Church has not been re-consecrated, nor Churchwardens appointed, as the Archbishop declined taking any further steps until an endowment was made.

No occasional duty is performed except funerals, which are for the whole parish.

24th June 1809, an additional burial-ground was consecrated.

The registers are kept at St. Giles.

In 1832, a confirmation of two galleries was granted, reserving one pew for the minister.

Charities.—*Free Grammar School.* This school, of which the patronage belongs to the Crown in right of the Duchy of Lancaster, was re-founded by charter, bearing date the 13th February 1792, by the name of the King's School; and by the charter, the Chancellor of the Duchy is appointed visitor thereof. Vide 16th Report, page 431. Mr. Gilbert[1] says the school is open to all boys of the town. The same author also states that this school is entitled, upon certain conditions, to two scholarships at Emanuel College, Cambridge, founded by John Frieston, of Altofts, who also left certain lands to University College, Oxford, to pay out of the rents of the same 10*l*. per annum as an exhibition, and 5*l*. for two scholars from this school, with the addition of rooms, &c.

St. Nicholas's Hospital, founded and rebuilt soon after the year 1673, partly by aid of 100*l*. by Mr. T. Sayle, for thirteen poor persons. Income consists of 5a. 0r. 16p. of land, rent-charges of 8*l*. 10*s*., and interest of 10*l*.

Knolles's or *Trinity Almshouse*. Part of a dissolved hospital, founded by Sir Robert Knolles in the reign of Richard

[1] Liber Scholasticus.

II., and augmented by the will of John Mercer, dated 20th May 1574. Seven men and nine women are maintained in it, whereof two women are servants to the rest. The income consists of the rent of a moiety of two houses, rent-charge of 63*l.* 7*s.*, and interest of 120*l.* The income is received by the overseers, who pay 2*l.* 3*s.* weekly amongst the alms-people, and distribute coals. The corporation appoint the alms-people.

Perfect's Hospital, founded by Alderman W. Perfect, endowed with 2R. 10P. of land and three houses. Three men and their wives, nominated by the corporation, have 15*s.* per week amongst them, paid by the overseers, who are in possession of the property.

Beadhouse Hospital, foundation unknown. In 1811 converted into a workhouse, but, in the opinion of the Commissioners, without authority.

Catherine Favell's gift, by will, dated 2nd July 1723. Rent of a close called Slutwell Garth, to be divided amongst six poor widows. The Vicar and the heirs of Mr. Walker are the trustees. The Commissioners could not ascertain either the quantity or value of the land, and recommended that proper steps should be taken by the trustees.

Richard Thwaites' Hospital, founded by will, dated 31st May 1620. Two cottages for four single women, to be nominated by the corporation, who receive each 10*s.* per annum and two horse-loads of coals. Income consists of a rent-charge of 3*l.* per annum.

John Franks, addition to the above. 1*l.* per annum, by gift, in 1618.

Robert Cowper's Hospital, founded by will, dated 21st May 1668, for four poor widows, and endowed with a rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum to each.

Matthew Swiney augmented the stipends in 1765 with the interest of 100*l.*

Matthew Franks' Hospital, date of foundation unknown. The rent of a messuage, four cottages, and 2R. 24P. of land, is applied towards the support of two widows.

Robert Franks' Hospital, for two poor widows, founded by will, dated 26th December 1737. Rent of 4A. 2R. 30P. of land and a rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum.

Dr. Edward Watkinson's Hospital, founded by will 17th April 1765, for nine unmarried Protestants. Trustees: the Rector of Ackworth, the Rector of Hemsworth, the Vicar of Pontefract, and the mayor, recorder, and two senior aldermen. The income consists of the dividends of 2,624*l.* 6*s.* old south sea annuities.

Charity School, commenced about 1710. Income: rent of 30A. 3R. 32P. of land, interest of 100*l.*, and payment from Lady Betty Hastings's charity of 10*l.* 10*s.* per annum, and annual subscriptions. In 1816, this charity was converted into a national school, and 80*l.* per annum allotted for the master's salary. About 170 children are educated in the school.

Thomas Sayle's charity, by will, dated 8th June 1673. Rent of 6A. 2R. 24P. of land to the poor; half given by the mayor, and the other half by the Vicar. —Vide 16th Report, page 422.

Nonæ Roll, pages 221. 225, 226. Torre's MS., page 35. Bodleian MS., Nos. 5101. 8487. Boothroyd's Pontefract and Fox's Pontefract.

PONTEFRACT. — ST. GILES. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 4,790 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D.— POPULATION, 9,305 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,400 [2]; NET VALUE, 313*l.*

Patron, the Lord Chancellor. Impropriators, the Earl of Harewood and Edward Frank, Esq.

The Church of St. Giles (or Saint Mary de Fero) was, at the instance of Archbishop Thurston, granted by Hugh de la Val to the Priory of St. John the Evangelist, in Pontefract. It was subsequently enlarged, and the north-west part given by Ilbert de Lacy to the Ca-

[1] Viz.: Carlton, 155; East Hardwick, 139; Knottingley, 3,666; Monk Hill, 39; Pontefract, 4,832; Tanskelf, 423; and Pontefract Park (extra-parochial) 51. In 1834, the population, exclusive of Knottingley, was returned at 5,859. The apparent decrease of population (87 persons) in the Chapelry of Knottingley is attributable to a number of labourers being employed there in 1821 in excavating a canal. The quarries in this Chapelry afford employment to 62 men, and 39 men in Pontefract are employed in coal mines.

[2] Estimated, in 1818, at 2,000. 1,200 additional sittings, of which 552 are free, have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 600*l.*

nons of St. Oswald, and dedicated to that Saint, and the Church then came to be called St. Oswald's, with St. Giles's Chapel annexed.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 393, it is stated: "St. Giles's Chapel is a large building, situate in the market-place and heart of the said town of Pontefract, being now the only convenient place of worship for the whole town; and therefore think it fit that it be made the parish Church there, and these towns and places to be annexed to it, viz.: Pontefract town, Tanskelfe, Carleton, Pontefract Park, East Hardwick, and — Hardwick, with Bubwith Houses, near Pontefract town end. And we humbly recommend their necessitous condition to the State for maintenance of a minister suitable to the great congregation and market town of Pontefract, consisting of many souls."

During the siege of Pontefract Castle, the Church of All Saints was so much damaged as to become unfit for the performance of divine service therein, and therefore service was performed in the Chapel of St. Giles; and by the 28th Geo. III., cap. 56, the Chapel of St. Giles was constituted the parish Church, and consequently all the rights belonging to All Saints Vicarage were transferred to St. Giles's.

In 1707, the steeple was rebuilt by Sir John Bland, of Kippax, Knight, one of the members, at his own expense.

Augmented, in 1722, with 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 90*l.* from the Rev. Marmaduke Fothergill and Mr. William Walker, and a legacy and interest of 110*l.* from Mrs. F. Beaumont's trustees.

In the 37th Geo. III. an inclosure took place, and corn rents were substituted for tithes.

21st April 1740, faculty to build two galleries.

10th March 1768, confirmation under seal of court of a resolution of vestry to transact parish business as to Church matters in the Church.

15th June 1771, faculty to erect a gallery.

8th February 1793, faculty to enlarge the Church and to erect galleries.

24th December 1825, faculty to rent or purchase 13 pews.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1585. Chasm 1643—1646.

Pontefract is celebrated for its Castle, which was built by Ilbert de Lacy in the time of the Conqueror. Here King Richard II. was murdered, and many nobles put to death in it during the reign of Richard III. It was several times besieged in the civil wars; and in 1647 it was surrendered to the forces of the Parliament, and dismantled in 1649.

Richard III. incorporated the borough of Pontefract.

Lectureship of St. Giles.—Founded by the Rev. Marmaduke Fothergill, of Pontefract, and endowed by a grant, dated January 5th 1716, of Friar Wood Pastures, &c., to Archbishop Dawes and his successors for ever, in trust, for the use of the said Marmaduke Fothergill and Dorothy Fothergill his wife, and of the longer liver of them, and afterwards for the support and maintenance of a Catechist in the Chapel of St. Giles, or the parish Church of Pontefract, which Catechist the said Archbishop and his successors from time to time shall and may always nominate, after the deaths of the said Marmaduke Fothergill and Dorothy his wife, only excepting and reserving the first nomination of such Catechist to the longer liver of them, as shall be expressed in the last will or other writing of such longer liver. Mrs. Fothergill died in 1753, and by her will appointed Francis Drake, D.D. The duty, as fixed by the Archbishop—a lecture every other Sunday in the afternoon.—Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 366. The annual income of the estate in 1790 was 52*l.*

Royal Free and Exempt Chapel of St. Clements, within the Castle of Pontefract.—This Chapel was built by Ilbert de Lacy, and was granted by the founder to the Priory of St. John's, and was amply endowed. It was designed as a place of worship for those who dwelt in the Park and St. Nicholas's Hospital. It was Collegiate, and possessed by a Dean and three Prebendaries. Being much dilapidated, the Chapel was repaired by Queen Elizabeth, but was demolished along with the Castle. — Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 1,474; Torre's MS., page 49.

THE CHAPEL OF ST. THOMAS PLANTAGENET, in Pontefract.—This Chapel was built on the summit of the hill where Thomas Earl of Lancaster was beheaded, on the north-east side of the Castle. It was built by one Simeon about 1361. It was a very beautiful Church, and Leland says that in his time it contained several splendid monuments.

Many miracles were reported to have occurred at the tomb of Thomas Earl of Lancaster. Blood was said to have flowed from it in 1359, and his girdle was said to assist women in travail, and his hat to cure all pains in the head. This Chapel is now entirely demolished. —Torre's MS., page 53.

HERMITAGE, at Pontefract.—This was founded near the Church of St. Thomas, about 1368, by Adam de Laythorpe and Robert, his son. The grot is hewn out of the solid rock.

WHITE FRIARS COLLEGE, in Pontefract.—Founded by Edmund de Lacy, and surrendered 31st Henry VIII.—Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 1,581.

AUSTIN FRIAR, in Pontefract.—An hospital and oratory of this order was founded in the reign of King Edward I. by William de Tabouriere for a Chaplain and eight poor people.—Mon. Angl., vol. vi., page 149.

LAZAR HOUSE.—Founded by Henry de Lacy 14th Edward I.—Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 781.

PRIORY OF DOMINICAN FRIARS.—Founded before 1266 by Edmund de Lacy.

PRIORY OF ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.—A Cell to La Charité sur Loire, founded about the year 1390 by Robert de Pontefract, son of Ilbert de Lacy, for Cluniac Monks. It was richly endowed. —Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 118.

COLLEGE AND HOSPITAL OF ST. NICHOLAS.—Founded about the reign of William II. Given 17th Henry VI. to the Priory of Nostell, which maintained a Chaplain and thirteen poor persons.—Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 781.

2nd March, 4th Jac. I., the King, by charter, conferred the nomination of the Reader and poor persons upon the corporation.

About the year 1673, this Hospital was nearly rebuilt, partly by aid of 100*l.* left by Mr. Thomas Sayle. Income: rent of 5A. 0R. 16P. and of moiety of two houses, and rents-charge of 23*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* and 3*l.* 10*s.* The overseers receive the income, and pay the poor persons 1*s.* per week, and supply them with coals.—Torre's MS., page 54.

CHARITIES.—*Corporation Poor's Land.* Rent of fourteen acres of land given annually to the poor by the mayor and three senior aldermen.

John Akister's gift, by will, dated 27th March 1733. Three bushels of wheat at Christmas to poor widows living in Micklegate.

Ann Hirst's charity, given in April 1781. 50*l.* to be lent out by the mayor, recorder, and Vicar, in sums of 25*l.* each, for seven years, without interest.

Richard Thompson's charity, by deed, dated 13th December 1823. 100*l.* to be lent out in a similar manner, in sums of 50*l.* each. He also left the interest of 50*l.* to the Dispensary, and in failure thereof, to be laid out in bread.

Robert Moore's dole, by will, 1662. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum to the poor.

William Oates's dole. 2*l.* per annum.

Leonard Healeigh's dole, by will, in 1600. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum.

John Eastwood's dole, by will, 1628. 2*l.* per annum.

Robert Frank's dole, by will, in 1737. Rent-charge of 2*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

TANSKELFE CHARITIES.—*John Akister's gift*, by will, dated 27th March 1733. Two bushels of wheat at Christmas amongst poor widows.

Richard Bannister's gift, by will, in 1762. Interest of 10*l.* for teaching a poor child.

Robert Franks' dole. 17*s.* 3*d.* per annum.

Ward's Hospital, foundation unknown. Two poor widows have each a cottage and a small income of about 8*l.* 12*s.* per annum, arising from the rent of four cottages and a plot of land.—Vide 16th Report, page 422.

Torre's MS., page 51. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 157. 335. Gent's Ripon, page 8. Hutton, page 21. Boothroyd's Pontefract. Gent's Pontefract. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 206. Fox's History of Pontefract.

EAST HARDWICK.—(*Parish of Pontefract. Donative.*)—Osgoldcross

wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 139, vide Pontefract; CHAPEL-ROOM, no return; GROSS and NET VALUE, no return.

Patron, ————

No certificate of value.

"This Chapelry, together with the School, was founded (though not yet consecrated) by Stephen Cawood, and endowed with present 20*l.*; but about forty years hence, at the expiration of a lease, the lands belonging to the Chapel and school will be worth 60*l.* per annum." Signed, "F. Drake, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 653.

In the 12th Report of the Charity Commissioners, page 646, the Chapel is said to have been founded by Stephen Cawood, and endowed by him, by deed, dated 9th January 1653, with land amounting to 67A. 1R. and four cottages, for preaching the Word of God every Lord's-day in the Chapel, and keeping a free-school for all such children as should desire to be taught there.

No return as to glebe or registers.

Post town, Pontefract.

KNOTTINGLEY.—ST. BOTOLPH.—(*Parish of Pontefract. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 3,666, vide Pontefract; CHAPEL-ROOM, 500[1]; NET VALUE, 129*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Pontefract.

"Two miles from Pontefract. About 100 families. A town of much trading. 55*s.* per annum, given for ever for the maintenance of a minister, by one Nicholas Hargraves. To be made a parish of itself."—Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 397.

"To this Chapelry belongeth nearly 10*l.* per annum in land, but sacrilegiously made use of by the inhabitants for lay services." Signed, "F. Drake, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 653.

Augmented in 1725 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Messrs. Ingram and Atkinson; in 1741, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mrs. Dorothy Ingram; in 1793, with 200*l.*, by lot; and, in 1809, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. J. Bailey, the incumbent, and others.

8th August 1755, faculty granted to enlarge the Chapel and build pews, 176*l.* 12*s.* 7½*d.* having been collected under a brief.

This Chapelry is not noticed by Torre.

An Inclosure Act was passed 33rd Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The registers for baptisms commence in 1724, and for marriages in 1789.

CHARITIES.—*Mrs. Banks's charity*, by will, about 1792. Interest of 200*l.* for educating poor children. Sixteen girls taught reading, knitting, and sewing.

Elizabeth Brown's charity, 1811 and 1812. Dividends of stock bought with 200*l.*, for teaching 14 poor girls; and under her will, 2*l.* 10*s.* 4*d.* per annum is paid to poor widows.

Post town, Ferrybridge.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 158.

ROTHWELL[1].—HOLY TRINITY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 8210 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.——POPULATION, 6,635[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,800[3]; NET VALUE, 843*l.*

The Rev. R. H. Brandling is the present patron.

This Church was given by Robert de Lacy to Nostell Priory, and appropriated thereto, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 15th June A.D. 1254; and a new ordination was made 19 Kal. July, A.D. 1282.

At the Dissolution, the advowson was granted to the Talbots. Impropriators, several proprietors.

In Pope Nicholas's first taxation, the Church was valued at 18*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and the Vicarage at 8*l.* per annum, but which in his new taxation are respec-

[1] 700 additional sittings (of which 500 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 500*l.*

[1] So called, says Dr. Whitaker, from a rapid well near the church.

[2] Viz. Carlton with Lofthouse, 1,463; Middleton, 976; Oulton with Woodlesford, 1,496; Rothwell, 2,638; Thorpe, 62. The mines in this parish afford employment to 380 labourers.

[3] Estimated in 1818 at 2,000. 804 additional sittings (of which 644 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 800*l.*

tively reduced to 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* and 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books at 19*l.* 12*s.* 11*d.* per annum, after deducting for Synodals 4*s.* and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 288, at 30*l.* per annum.

Three Chantries are mentioned in the Valor. Ecc.

"The Vicar of Rothwell is entitled to the tithe of hay, and to all other small tithes arising on the ancient farm called Rothwell Haigh estate in kind." Ord *v.* Clarke, 4 Wood. page 480.

Inclosure Acts were passed in the 25th, 36th, and 49th Geo. III.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

The glebe house was certified in 1818 to be unfit for residence, "being an entire ruin with the exception of one room;" and in 1834 a return was made that there was no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1538. Chasm, 1556 to 1569.

CHARITIES.—*William Lyley's gift*, by will, dated 3rd November 1602. Rentcharge of 5*l.*

Edm. Schollfield's gift. 1*l.* 4*s.* per annum.

Robert Glover's gift. 18*s.* per annum.

Roger Swift's gifts. 16*s.* and 14*s.* per annum.

Charles Robinson's gift. 20*s.* per annum.

Mr. Foster's gift. 26*s.* per annum in bread, viz. sixpennyworth each Sunday. The other sums are given in money.

Poor's money. Interest of 50*l.*, given by Ann Bubwith, Walter Calverley, Ann Wetherell, and Roger Swift.—Vide 16th Report, page 410.

Post town, Leeds.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 615. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 168. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 93. Burton's Mon. Eborac. page 306. Bodleian, MS. page 5101. Loidis et Elmete, page 241. Scatcherd's Morley, page 317.

MIDDLETON.—(*Parish of Rothwell.*) Here was a Chantry at the altar of the Virgin, which was valued at the Dissolution at 2*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.* per annum.

OULTON. — (*Parish of Rothwell. Perpetual Curacy.*) — Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, vide Rothwell; CHAPEL-ROOM, 600[1]; GROSS and NET VALUE, no return.

Patron, John Blayds, Esq.

An elegant Gothic Chapel with a lofty spire, erected by John Blayds, Esq., under an Act of the 7th and 8th Geo. IV., and consecrated in December 1829.

An Inclosure Act was passed 49th Geo. III.

No district assigned.

No return as to glebe house or registers.

Post town, Leeds.

SANDAL MAGNA.—ST. HELEN. (*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 7,630 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 2,878[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 650[3]; NET VALUE, 157*l.*—This Church was given by William Earl Warren to the Monastery of Lewes, and in 1356 it was appropriated to the Chapel of St. Stephen's, Westminster, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 27th March, A. D. 1357.—Torre's MS., page 677.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown.

Impropriators, Sir W. Pilkington, Bart., T. W. Beaumont, Esq., C. Waterton, Esq., and G. Allott, Esq.

The Church is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 28*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; and the Vicarage, in the King's Books, is valued at 13*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.* per annum. Synodals, 4*s.*; and pension to the Sacrist of the Church, 13*s.* 4*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 301, it is stated: "Vicarage 14*l.* per annum, besides 25*l.* per annum granted for ever out of Mr. Richard Pilkington's estate in the impropriate Rectory of this parish, upon his composition. There is an augmentation granted by order of Parliament to the Vicar out

[1] According to the last edition of the Clerical Guide (1835), no return being made in 1834.

[2] Viz.: West Bretton, 161; Crigglestone, 1,266; Great Sandal, 1,075; Walton, 276. In 1834, the population was returned at 1,612.—West Bretton township is partly in Silkstone parish (Staincross wapentake), and entered accordingly.

[3] In 1818, estimated at 800.

of another part of the Rectory of Sandall, belonging to Mrs. Bridget Waterton, a papist and delinquent."

"The ordination is annexed to the ordination of Kirkburton, and is of an ambiguous construction. However, by usage immemorial, the tithe corn, wool, lamb, pigs, hens, and geese, are enjoyed by several impropriators, purchased from the Crown. 14*l.* per annum is paid to the Vicar, who has also a small house and about four acres of land, to the value of about 20*l.* per annum. About the year 1631, Sir Richard Beaumont, Bart., impropriator of the tithe corn, by his will charged the Rector with the payment of 20*l.* per annum towards the maintenance of divine service, which was detained until about twenty years ago; the present incumbent, by a suit in the Exchequer, recovered it, and the 14*l.*, and Easter Dues above-named (all which was detained and claimed by the impropriators); and about that time, one Mr. Ray, with whom the contest was, being owner of the tithe corn, sensible, by the event, of the wrong the Church had sustained, left by will the sum of 50*l.*, the interest to be paid for the maintenance of divine service. William Brounley left a charge of 13*s.* 4*d.* out of a close in the parish. One Arnold left 6*s.* 8*d.* out of a close. About 1702, an old, rich man, guilty of fornication, commuted for his penance, and paid the sum of 95*l.*, 50*l.* of which his Grace the present Archbishop of York gave to the Church, the yearly interest of, to be paid for preaching a sermon every Ash Wednesday against the sin of fornication; the ordination was made by Archbishop Thoresby, 27th March 1357." Signed, "Joseph Wood, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,340.

Two Chantries were founded in the Church and one in the Castle.

23rd June 1820, a faculty was granted to erect a gallery.

A decree in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 1st Jac. II., as to tithes, is unreported.

The Vicar is entitled to a pension of 14*l.* a year from the Rector, and to an annuity of 20*l.* issuing out of the Rectorial tithes; to 1*d.* for a cow, in lieu of tithe milk; to a halfpenny for a calf; to 3*d.* for a foal; to 1*d.* for every swarm of bees; and to certain rates, in lieu of tithe hay and herbage in the township of Criggleston[1].

The impropriator is entitled to the tithes of pigs, geese, hens, and to a customary payment called a hen, in lieu of the tithes of carts.

The owners of the great tithes of Criggleston are entitled to the tithes of wool and lamb in the township of Sandal Magna.

The tithes of clover seed and the agistment of cattle in the parish of Sandal Magna belong to the Vicar, and not to the impropriator of the parish. But in the township they belong to the impropriator, and not to the Vicar.

The four ancient farms, called Grices, Arthingtons, Carters, and Barkers, pay certain moduses to the Vicar in lieu of tithe hay. But the impropriator is entitled to the tithe hay arising in the township of Sandal Magna, which is payable in kind[2].

The Vicar is entitled to the tithes of turnips and potatoes arising in the township[3], and he is only entitled to a yearly modus of the tithes of hay and agistments in the township of Criggleston, and this modus covers clover hay.

The impropriator is only entitled to five shillings an acre in lieu of the tithes of Weld.

The impropriator of the great tithes is entitled to have the tithes of corn and grain situate set out in shocks, and the odd shock in sheaves[4].

The impropriator of the tithes is only entitled to the tithe of weld, clover seed, line seed, and agistments arising in the said township, and to the hay on the Tithe Laith Close. But quere as to the tithes of turnips and potatoes, and the tithe hay and agistments of certain lands.

The lay impropriator of the tithes is entitled to the agistment tithes, the tithes of hay, rape, rape seed, clover, clover seed, weld, and other tithes arising on the lands called Townsend Close, Pugnel Close, and Castlefield Close, in the said township, in kind[5].

[1] Wood *v.* Beaumont, 1 Wood, page 216.
[2] Lambert *v.* Smith, 2 Wood, page 439.
[3] Lambert *v.* Zouch, 2 Wood, page 440.
[4] Taylor *v.* Beaumont, 3 Wood, page 403.
[5] Gill *v.* Zouch, 4 Wood, page 478.

An inclosure Act was passed in the 29th Geo. III., which may probably affect the tithes, &c., above-mentioned.

Augmented, in 1731, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Charles Zouch.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1652.

CHARITIES.——*George Grice's almshouses*, for two poor widows, nominated by the vestry.

Robert Dickenson's almshouses, for two poor widows, who also receive the rents of eight acres of land.

Luke Sprignel's charity, by will, dated 4th June 1607. Rent of 10A. 3R. 13P. of land and three cottages, distributed on St. Thomas's day.

Sykes's and *Arnold's charities*. Rent of 2A. 2R. of land, distributed, after paying 6*s.* 8*d.* to the Vicar.

Elizabeth Wray's charity. Interest of 50*l.*, distributed yearly. Now paid by the parish.

Dr. Zouch's charity. Interest of 50*l.*, distributed yearly. Now paid by the parish.

Hardcastle's charity. Rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum, distributed yearly.

Richard Taylor's charity, by will, dated July 1686. Rent of four houses, let on lease, terminable 11th November 1868, for 18*l.* per annum. Eight poor children are educated, and two poor widows receive 3*l.* per annum each.

Dame Mary Bowles's gift. Rent of 22A. 1R. 8P., laid out in apprenticing children, with premiums of 3*l.* each.

Mrs. Catherine Neville's gift, who died in 1790. 10*l.* to a Sunday school at Sandal. This legacy had not been paid when the Report was made.

CRIGGLESTONE CHARITIES.—*Edward Allott's dole*. 1*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

Anthony Worril's dole. 5*l.* per annum to four widows.

John Dodsworth's dole. 5*s.* per annum.

Thomas Beaumont's dole, in 1731. 7*l.* 10*s.*

Mrs. Neville's gift, in 1790, to Crigglestone school. Interest of 10*l.*

Rev. John Lonsdale's gift, in 1807. Interest of 50*l.* to the Sunday school.

Rev. George Wilson's gift, in 1807. Interest of 50*l.* to the Sunday school.

West Bretton poor's land. Rent of a piece of land, let for 6*l.* 9*s.* per annum, distributed to the poor of West Bretton.

Walton School, founded by Charles Waterton, Esq., in 1722, and augmented by Mrs. Catherine Neville, by will, dated 4th March 1790. Interest of 140*l.* Fourteen boys and girls taught English. Two free scholars.—Vide 17th Report, page 676.

Sandal Castle was built by the Earls Warren about the year 1520. It afterwards became the property of Richard Duke of York, who was slain in the great battle fought near Sandal, but called the battle of Wakefield, in 1460. This castle was held for the King in the civil wars by Colonel Bonevant, but surrendered in October 1645, and soon afterwards dismantled.

Post town, Wakefield.

Torre's MS. page 677. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 192. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 1,348.

CHAPELTHORPE. — ST. JAMES. —(*Parish of Sandal Magna. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 1,267; CHAPEL-ROOM, 550; NET VALUE, 189*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Sandal Magna; impropriator, R. Allatt, Esq.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 302, it is stated: "Chapelthorpe Chapel, in the township of Crigglestone. 300 communicants. 10*l.* maintenance. The Chapel to be made a parochial Church, and all Crigglestone (save Kebblethorpe and New Millerdam) to be annexed thereto, and also that part of Bretton which now belongs to Sandal Church."

"The nomination to our Chapel is in the Vicar of Sandal Magna, with the approbation of the inhabitants. The whole tithes are appropriated. Joshua Brook gave 10*s.* per annum for preaching two anniversary sermons. Yearly revenue, 11*l.* 6*s.* 2*d.*, besides 7*l.* 11*s.*, which they say is recovered by law, but is not yet come to the Curate's hand, the nomination, &c." Signed, "G. Burton, Curate."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 584.

The Chapel was rebuilt in 1773 under the authority of a faculty.

Augmented, in 1735, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* and upwards from the Rev. William Vevers.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

Register books, no return, vide Sandal Magna.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Wakefield.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 193.

SNAITH.—ST. MARY.—(*Peculiar. Perpetual and unaugmented Curacy.*)—Area, 34,810 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 8530 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 800 [2]; NET VALUE, 479*l.*

Patron and impropriator, N. E. Yarburgh, Esq.

The Church and soke of Snaith were by Gerald Archbishop of York granted to the Abbey of Selby, but in 7th John, Roger de Lacy, Constable of Chester, obtained of the King a grant in fee of the manor and soke of Snaith. It now belongs to Sir Thomas Yarburgh, who finds a Clerk to serve the Cure thereof, but who is visitable by the Archbishop, and accordingly pays. Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

The Church of Snaith was valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 153*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Apud Selby in festo Ap. Petre et Paule, A.D. 1285. The Abbot and Convent decreed, in order that the Church of Snaith might be better served for the future, that there should be therein two Chaplains to minister in the said Church, by whom the poor should be more fully visited, and at due hours ecclesiastical rites conferred upon the parishioners.

In Snaith was a cell of the Abbey of Selby.

4 Kal. September, A.D. 1304. Whereas a controversy between the Abbot of Selby and Nicholas Frambaud, Rector of the Church of Athelingflete, arose in the King's Court touching certain tithes of Whitgift and Reedness, then the same was determined after this manner, viz.: by decree of Thomas Corbridge, Archbishop of York, that this Church of Snaith, being appropriated to the Abbey of Selby, should have parochial rights in the manors and towns of Ouseflete, Whitgift, Redness, Swineflete, and Esketofts.

14th May, A.D. 1340, William Archbishop of York, by sentence, pronounced that the Abbot and Convent of Selby might, at their will and pleasure, place and remove two of their monks in the Church of Snaith, to be continually resident, and by a secular priest, by them to be substituted and displaced as aforesaid, to hear the confessions of the parishioners, and to administer baptism to children, and so perpetually to serve without any ordination of a Vicar.

8th October, A.D. 1393, 15th Ric. II., the Duke of Lancaster having claimed that this Church was within the liberties of the Duchy, the Abbot and Convent, in chapter assembled, granted to the parishioners for ever, that this Church of Snaith do keep and preserve their ancient custom of the soke, with a salvo jure to the Abbot and his successors.

14th March, A.D. 1409, the Chancellor of the Archbishop of York made a decree defining the jurisdiction of the Abbot and Convent in Snaith, Selby, Fryston, Hilton, Hamilton, Thorpe, Brayton, and Acaster. The decree is very special and curious.—Vide Torre's MS., page 1,382.

Two Chantries are named in the Valor Ecc.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 363, it is stated: "Hensall, Heck, Balne, and half of Whitley. A Church to be erected at the west end of Heck, and these towns to be made a parish."

Inclosure Acts were passed 25th Geo. II. and 12th Geo. III. (Pollington); 13th Geo. III. c. 85 (for inclosing and draining Gowdale); 13th Geo. III. (Snaith); 13th Geo. III. (Cowick); 58th Geo. III. (Hensall); and 1st and 2nd Geo. IV.

Robert Ballard left 15*s.* per annum to the minister.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

[1] Viz. Armin, 567; Balne, 343; Carlton, 808; Cowick, 928; Goole, 1,671; Gowdale, 260; Henshall, 250; Heck, 236; Hooke, 650; Pollington, 482; Rawcliffe, 1,450; and Snaith, 885. In 1834, the population was returned at 3,000, which probably excludes the Chapelries.

[2] In 1818, returned at 1,600.

The Register Books commence in 1568.

CHARITIES. — *Snaith Free Grammar School*, founded by Nicholas Waller, gent., by deed of settlement in 1741. Endowment: 30*l.* per annum, charged upon lands belonging to Mr. Nicholas Yarburgh. The schoolmaster is appointed by Mr. Yarburgh. No free instruction, except the rudiments of Latin, but the terms are very moderate.

Hospital, founded by said Nicholas Waller, for six aged widowers, who have 20*l.* per annum divided amongst them, and also 18*s.* for coals. The charity is not in practice confined to widowers, but given to persons having large families.

Holling's and Stadlock's charities. Rent of 23A. of land, two-thirds to the poor of Cowick, and one-third to the poor of Snaith.

Robert Balland's charity, by will, 1st May 1693. Rent-charge of 16*s.* to the poor of Cowick, 15*s.* to the minister, and 4*l.* 12*s.* to the poor of Snaith.

Poor's Land. Rent of three roods.

John Lord Downe's charity. Rent-charge of 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* at Christmas to the poor.

Dorothy Williams's charity. Interest of 200*l.* consols, at the time of the Report standing in the name of the Rev. Edward Bracken as surviving trustee, to be laid out in the purchase of bread or corn for the poor at Christmas. The Commissioners, however, reported that the dividends were laid out in coals.

Johnson's charity. Rent of seven acres of land, purchased with 60*l.* left by Mr. Johnson, late servant to Lord Downe, to be laid out in bread, two-thirds to Cowick, and one-third to Snaith.

Martin Headley's charity. 1*l.* per annum to the poor, given in money.

Yarburgh's gift. Interest of 25*l.* This is now lost, in consequence of the insolvency of the person in whose hands the principal was placed.

Lord Downe's Cowick charity. 2*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

Gowdale Poor's Land. Rents of nine acres of land, and also two cottages and one rood of land.

LOST CHARITIES.—*Ellis's gift*. 20*l.* given in 1674 by the heirs of Thomas Ellis. This, in 1786, was in the hands of a Mr. Fisher.

Sotheron's gift (no date). 1*l.* per annum, mentioned in the return made in 1786.

HOOK CHARITIES, vide Goole.—Vide 12th Report, page 658.

A post town.

Nonæ Roll, page 226. Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1,382. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 153. Mon. Ang., vol. iii. page 493.

ARMIN.—ST. DAVID.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Snaith. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Osgoldcross wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 567, vide Snaith; CHAPEL-ROOM, 200[1]; NET VALUE, 74*l.*

Patrons, the Earl of Beverley and N. E. Yarburgh, Esq.; impropriator, the Earl of Beverley.

Ralph Paganel had possessions here.

Richard, son of William de Neusom, Clerk, gave to the Priory of Drax the sixth part of the ferry of Armin, which was given to him by Adam, the son of Adam de Armin, by John the Carpenter of York and Margaret his wife, and by William de Garton and Joan his wife.

5th Id. October, A.D. 1318, upon the clamorous insinuation made to the Archbishop of York that the parishioners of Snaith, in the town of Armin, could not receive the benefit of the administration of the sacraments and sacramentals in due season, by reason whereof many of them died without confession, and their holy viaticums and infants without baptism; whereupon the Archbishop wrote to the Abbot and Convent of Selby his letters exhortatory for dedicating the Chapel of Armin, that the Chaplain in that town might serve their parishioners there, that they may less frequently repair to their parish Church of Snaith to hear divine service there.

4th February 1363, concord between the Abbies of Selby and St. Mary's about tithes of Armin.—Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1,392.

A Chantry is mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 366, it is recommended that Hook

[1] In 1818, the Chapel-room was returned at 250.

be made a parish, and Armin and Goole annexed thereto.

Augmented, in 1819, with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot. (Query.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1726.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Howden.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 301. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, page 188. Burton's Monast., page 100. Torre's MS., page 1,392.

CARLTON IN BALNE.—SAINT MARY.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Snaith. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Barkston Ash wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 808, vide Snaith; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 168*l.*

Patrons, the trustees of J. Day and assignees of T. Lee; impropriator, —— Stapleton, Esq.

The lordship was held of the king in capite by the heirs of the Stapletons, Knights, who had it by descent from the family of the Bella Aquas, as they had them from the Lords Brus, of Skelton, by marriage, which Lord Brus obtained a charter of free warren here.

The Grange was given to Selby Abbey.

See an agreement in Torre's MS., page 1309, about tithes; also dedication of the chapel-yard, because the river Aire, running between the town and Snaith, sometimes overflows, insomuch that the inhabitants cannot get to their parish Church to bury dead; wherefore, at the request of Sir Bryan de Stapelton and divers inhabitants, license was granted to bury at Carleton.

See also an agreement with the Monasteries of Selby and Drax respecting tithes, and the bounds and metes of the parish.

Recommended by the Parliamentary Commissioners "to be made a parish, the way between Snaith and Carleton being often impassable, by reason of the overflowing of the river Aire."—Vol. xviii. page 371.

Augmented, in 1834, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 400*l.* (as one benefaction), by subscriptions.

A Chantry is named in the Valor Ecc., which was founded 17th November, 12th Henry IV., A.D. 1411.

Inclosure Acts were passed 39th and 40th Geo. III.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1628. There are some chasms.

CHARITIES.—*Elizabeth Fisher's charity*, by will, 9th January 1724. Rent of a house and twenty acres of land. 4*l.* per annum is paid to a schoolmaster for teaching ten poor children to read. Twelve-pennyworth of bread to poor widows or other poor every Sunday; 20*s.* to the Curate for preaching a sermon on new year's day; residue of the rents to the Incumbent Curate, he preaching a sermon on the 14th March, and giving away forty shillings' worth of bread on that day.

Stapleton's almshouse, for four widows. Each receive 4*l.* per annum and 1*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.* at Christmas, to purchase a gown and petticoat, and 2*s.* for a dinner. Miles Stapleton, Esq., makes the payments, repairs the premises, and nominates the widows. No account preserved.

Poor's Money. Sundry rent-charges amounting together to 3*l.* per annum. No trace of any payment since 1771.—Vide 12th Report, page 662.

Post town, Snaith.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1,389. Mon. Ang., vol. iii. page 488. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 317.

GOOLE.——(*Peculiar. Parish of Snaith. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Osgoldcross wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 1,671, vide Snaith; CHAPEL-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 94*l.*

Patrons and impropriators, the trustees of the Aire and Calder Navigation.

The Parliamentary Commissioners recommended this Chapelry to be annexed to Hooke.—Survey, vol. xviii. page 366.

There are two Chapels in this town, one in Old Goole, and the other in New Goole. The latter is not yet consecrated, and is the one named as above in the patronage of the trustees of the Aire and Calder Navigation.

Registers, vide Hooke.

No glebe house.
Parochial Charities.—Vide Hooke.
A post town.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1,392.

HOOKE.—ST. JOHN.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Snaith. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Osgoldcross wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 650, vide Snaith; CHAPEL-ROOM, 250[1]; NET VALUE, 59*l.*

Patron, Lord Petre.

1st March 1499, licence was granted to the Bishop of Dromore to consecrate the chapel-yard for the use of Hooke, Armin, and Goole, each township contributing to the repairs of Snaith Church.

The Parliamentary Commissioners recommended that Hooke be made a parish of itself, and that Armin and Goole be annexed thereto.—Survey, vol. xviii. page 366.

Augmented in 1798 with 200*l.*; in 1812 with 200*l.*; and in 1827 with 200*l.*—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 8th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1683.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's land.* Seven cottages, &c. at Redness, let on lease for 100 years, which will terminate 2nd February 1853, for 6*s.* per annum, which sum is paid alternately to the schoolmasters at Goole and Hooke.

Clough Dyke land. Rent of 2R. 33P. of land, due to the poor of Hooke and Goole. Rent unpaid for some years.

Joshua Jefferson's school and almshouse, founded by will, dated 4th October 1721. Rent of 18A. of land. 6*l.* per annum paid to a schoolmaster for teaching twelve poor children gratis, (reading only is now gratis, but writing and arithmetic is charged half price); and 6*l.* each paid to three poor widows.

Jefferson's bread money. The said Joshua Jefferson left a rent-charge of 5*l.* 4*s.* for bread. The Commissioners express an opinion that this payment has been shifted from the land originally charged, and paid out of the feoffee land abovementioned, as there is only one distribution.

Rent-charges, five in number. Origin unknown. Amount 4*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, given away at Easter.

Town's land. One acre. Said to have been given by Ann Taylor, formerly a poor parish girl. Three roods of other land are also mentioned, as occupied by Ralph Creyke, Esq., and two roods more as under inquiry.

Goole Free School. Origin unknown. Stipend as above, 21*l.* per annum, and 6*s.* every alternate year.

Judith Boynton's gift. Vide Rawcliffe. 10*s.* per annum in Testaments.

Skerne's charity. Vide Adlingfleet. 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum to poor widows.

Feoffee land. Said to have been left by Richard Baley, clerk, 17th Eliz. 51A. 2R. 1P. of land and rent of three houses. At the time of the Report Admiral Sotheron was the sole trustee. The rents are applied as follows:—To the Goole schoolmaster, for teaching twelve poor children, 21*l.*; to the poor at Hooke Chapel, (2*s.* per Sunday in bread) 2*l.* 12*s.*; to the poor at the dissenting Chapel at Howden (ditto) 2*l.* 12*s.*; balance, after repairing the school-house at Goole, is paid to the order of the town's meeting, and generally applied in aid of the highway assessment, or providing substitutes for the militia. No documents appear which show the origin of this trust.—Vide 12th Report, page 664.

Post town, Goole.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 1,392. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 301.

RAWCLIFFE.—ST. JAMES.—*Peculiar.*—(*Parish of Snaith. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Osgoldcross wapentake, L.D. POPULATION, 1,450, vide Snaith; CHAPEL-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 120*l.*

Patron, N. E. Yarburgh, Esq.

Impropriator, — Gossip, Esq.

"John, abbot of Selby, temp. Edward III. or Richard II., granted license to the inhabitants of Rawcliffe, that they should have in their Chapel, newly built, a baptismal font, but without prejudice to the mother church of Snaith."—Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 1392.

[1] According to the return of 1818. No return made in 1834.

"The Chapel was founded by one of the abbots of Selby, for the celebration of mass during the time of his residence on his manor of Rockcliffe, and left at the Reformation without any endowment, till 1689, when Matthew Boynton, Esq. endowed it by will with 20*l.* per annum, charged upon his lands at Pollington; and Mr. Francis Boynton, of London, merchant, by will left 400*l.* which in 1701 was laid out in the purchase of lands at Stubbs Walden. All the tithes are impropriate; the great tithes to John Bigby, Esq., and the small to Sir Thomas Yarborough. The Chapel was rebuilt in 1701 by Judith Boynton, widow of the aforesaid Matthew Boynton, Esq." Signed, "Charles Hall, Vic." Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,010.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 370, this Chapelry is recommended to be made a distinct parish.

Augmented in 1813 with 600*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 25th Geo. II.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books for baptisms and marriages commence in 1689, for burials in 1753; prior to which they were entered at Snaith, as were also marriages from 1754 to 1824, since which the right of marrying at Rawcliffe has been exercised.

CHARITIES.—*Free School.* Founded for eight poor children, by one of the family of the Boyntons. Reading, writing, and arithmetic are taught gratis. Income: rent of 22A. 2R. of land, and there is a school-house and garden. The Commissioners reported it as their opinion that more free scholars should be taught.

Matthew Boynton's almshouse for four poor widows. Rent of one acre of land, and an annual payment of 4*l.*

Judith Boynton's charity, by will, dated 19th November 1700. Interest of 200*l.* to be paid out of land; 20*s.* per annum, to be laid out in Bibles, to be given on St. Matthew's day; 10*s.* more in Bibles for poor people at Goole; 2*s.* a week in bread, to poor people attending prayers in the chapel on Wednesdays and Fridays; 40*s.* per annum to the parish-clerk, for attending chapel on holidays, and the residue to be laid out in Bibles or some other charitable use.—The money was never invested, and the bond could not be found. 4*l.* per cent. interest continued to be paid at the time of the Report, and the Rev. Thomas Horncastle Marshall, of Ordsall, Notts, had guaranteed the ultimate payment of the money.

Lancelot Huddersfield's dole, by will, 20th August 1778. 20*s.* per annum, to the poor at Christmas.—Vide 12th Report, page 670.

Post town, Snaith.

Vid. Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 1,392. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 301. 316.

THORNHILL.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 7,600 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 6,271[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 2000[2]; NET VALUE, 988*l.*

Patron, the Earl of Scarborough.

An ancient Rectory, of the patronage of the Thornhills from many generations, and from them of the Saviles.

Dr. Whitaker says this was one of the portions of the old Saxon parish of Dewsbury, and probably the first which was severed from it, as it had a priest and Church at the era of Domesday; he also gives a view of the interior of the Chapel containing the monuments of the Savile family in the Church of Thornhill, and a list of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 40*l.* per annum; in the King's books at 40*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 268, at 197*l.* per annum. "Mr. Jonah Wytton, master of arts, is parson there, a godly and painful preacher, chaplain in the wars to the late Lord Fairfax." Synodals 4*s.*; Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and pension to the Vicar of Dewsbury, 13*s.*

Trinity Term, 21st Geo. II., decree as to tithes, unreported.

55th Geo. III., an Act for inclosing lands in the manor of Thornhill; and 56th Geo. III., Act for inclosing lands in the manor of Breistwistle.

[1] Viz. Flockton, 995; Shitlington, 1,893; Thornhill, 2,371; and Lower Whitley, 1,012. There are 350 coal miners within this parish.

[2] In 1818, the return was only 450.

Torre gives a list of the Rectors.

A Chantry is mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

12th February 1763, faculty to erect a gallery.

25th April 1785, ditto to erect an organ.

2nd May 1778, ditto to erect galleries.

A brief was granted in 1766 for repairing this Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1580.

CHARITIES. — *Thornhill Free School*, founded by the Rev. Charles Greenwood, Rector, by will, dated 14th July 1642, for the better bringing up of youth. About eleven free scholars are instructed in reading, writing, and accounts. The income consists in the interest of 400*l.*, and rent of 1R. 4P. of land and a garden. The Commissioners recommended an investment to be made of the 400*l.* in land.

Poor's estate. 104A. of land, let for 120*l.* 14*s.* per annum; purchased with 100*l.* left in 1688 by Richard Swallow, and 300*l.* left in 1698 by Margaret Trappes. The rents are distributed at Midsummer and Christmas amongst the most necessitous persons.

George Nettleton's dole, 1640. 2*l.* per annum.

Matthew Copperthwaite's dole, 1726. 2*l.* per annum. He is also supposed to have left 10*s.* per annum to the minister for a sermon on St. Thomas's day, but it has neither been paid nor demanded for more than forty years.

Rev. Mr. Copley's charity, 1732. Dividends on 100*l.* three per cent. consols. Laid out in Bibles and Prayer-books.

Mrs. Mary Bethia Elmsall, who died in 1810. Interest of 180*l.* (duty being deducted), laid out in Bibles and Prayer-books. The Commissioners recommended that the principal should be invested in stock.

Richard Walker's Free School, founded by deed, dated 20th May 1712, for instructing children of both sexes in reading, writing, and arithmetic as far as the rule of three, but no further. The estate consists of 2A. 1R. of land, ten cottages, six-sevenths of the hay of a close containing about one acre. About eighty-two children taught on the National plan.

Sunday School. Interest of 100*l.* left by Richard Walker, by will, 5th August 1812.—Vide 17th Report, page 680.

Post town, Dewsbury.

Torre's MS. page 611. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 194. Loidis et Elmete, page 310. Bodleian MS. Nos. 5,078 and 5,101; and Ashmolean MS. No. 8,518.

FLOCKTON.—SAINT JAMES.—(*Parish of Thornhill. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 995, vide Thornhill; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 94*l.*

Patrons, the Trustees of certain lands.

Chapel consecrated 25th July 1699.

A brief was granted in 1754 for this Church.

14th March 1758, faculty to rebuild and enlarge the Chapel, and to dispose of the seats therein.

26th October 1760, faculty to remove such tombstones as had been placed in the church-yard without any legal authority, and to level the church-yard.

Augmented in 1731 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir J. Lister Kaye, Bart.

No glebe house.

The registers for baptisms and burials commence in 1717.

CHARITIES.—*Richard Carter's charity*, by deed, in 1698. 6*l.* per annum, for teaching six poor boys; 3*l.* per annum for apprenticing a poor boy or girl; 16*l.* per annum among four poor widows, who have also cottages rent free; and 2*l.* per annum as a dole to the poor.

Sir William Wentworth's gift. Interest of 100*l.* for teaching five poor children.

Beaumont's charity. Vide Darton.—Vide 17th Report, page 682.

Post town, Wakefield.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 194.

WAKEFIELD. — ALL SAINTS. — (*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 9,390 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, L.D[1].—POPULA-

[1] And in the liberty of the manor of Wakefield.

TION, 24,538[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1800[2]; NET VALUE, 537*l.*—This Church was given by William Earl Warren to the monastery of Lewes.. In 1329 it was rebuilt and consecrated by Abp. Melton on the 4 Id. August in that year.

In 1348, the Church having reverted to the Crown, was given by the King to the Chapel of St. Stephen's, Westminster, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 2nd June 1349. At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

There were eight Chantries in this Church, and one in Westgate and another on the Bridge, which were served by twenty-four priests. Four only are noticed by Torre.

The present beautiful Church was built about the year 1369, but it appears from Domesday Book there had been a church before the Conquest. The height of the tower and spire is above 237 feet.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation, the Church is valued at 36*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the King's Books the Vicarage is valued at 29*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.* per annum. Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 286, it is valued at 20*l.* per annum. The Vicar is charged with the repairs of the Chancel of the Church, and also of the Chapel of Horbury, but the impropriators, Sir John Ramsden and others, are bound to rebuild the same when requisite to be done.

The Vicar of Wakefield was entitled to the small tithes of the parish in kind[3], but by the subsequent inclosure Acts all the tithes are commuted.

An Act was passed in the 33rd Geo. III. for inclosing the townships of Wakefield, Stanley, Alverthorpe with Wrenthorpe, and Thornes, and another in the 49th Geo. III. for inclosing Horbury.

[1] Viz. Wakefield, 12,232; Alverthorpe with Thornes, 4,859; Horbury, 2,400; and Stanley with Wrenthorpe, 5,047. Upwards of 300 men are employed in the mines in this parish.

[2] Viz. Exclusive of St. John's 900. There are also Chapels at Horbury, Alverthorpe, Stanley, and Thornes. All Saints, St. John's, and Horbury, have alone the privilege of celebrating matrimony, and Horbury claims to be exempt from the church assessment to the mother church.

[3] Baron v. Brooksbank, 4 Wood, page 283.

Abp. Sharp mentions a payment from the Crown of 14*l.* per annum, towards serving the Cures of Wakefield and Horbury.

A bloody battle was fought near Wakefield in 1460, in which the Duke of York was defeated and slain by the army of Margaret of Anjou, wife of Henry VI. The head of the Duke was transmitted to York, and placed over Micklegate Bar.

Several eminent men have been born at Wakefield, viz. Dr. Thomas Robertson, Dean of Durham, one of the original compilers of the Liturgy; Jeremiah Whitaker, one of the divines in the Assembly of 1642; Richard Thompson, Dean of Bristol; Dr. John Potter, Archbishop of Canterbury; the Rev. Joseph Bingham, D.D., author of "Origines Ecclesiasticæ;" Dr. John Radcliffe, the founder of the Radcliffe Library, at Oxford; Dr. John Burton, author of "Monasticon Eboracense;" the Rev. Thomas Robinson, Vicar of St. Mary's, Leicester, and author of "Scripture Characters;" and several other literary men are mentioned by Dr. Sisson as having been natives of Wakefield.

For the arms, monuments, &c. see Torre's MS. page 659; Bodleian MSS. Nos. 5,078 and 5,101; Dr. Sisson's elegant work, entituled, "Historic Sketch of the Parish Church of Wakefield;" and Dr. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 274; which two last-mentioned works contain beautiful engravings of the Church, &c. The parish is also slightly noticed in Bray's Tour, page 258; Gent's Ripon, page 81; and Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 202. Dr. Whitaker and Dr. Sisson, as well as Mr. Torre, also give a list of the incumbents, and an account of the endowment; and Dr. Sisson gives a copy of the Terrier of 1809.

23rd October 1789, faculty to build a vestry.

9th February 1815, an additional burial ground was consecrated.

There is a glebe house fit for residence, which was repaired by subscription in 1769.

LECTURESHIPS.—There are two lectureships: the afternoon lectureship is in the gift of the Mercers' Company, and endowed with 8*l.* per annum by the

pious charity of the noble Lady Campden (Mag. Brit. vol. vi. page 359); and the Sunday evening lectureship, founded in the year 1801 by subscription, is in the gift of seven trustees, of which the Vicar is one, ex officio.

The Register Books commence in 1613; baptisms defective in 1653; marriages defective in 1654, and 1656 to 1673 inclusive.

CHARITIES. — *Free Grammar School*, founded 34th Eliz. Income: rent of 70A. 1R. 7P. of land; six houses; and rents-charge of 21*l.* 10*s.* About forty free scholars in classics alone. The free scholars pay half-charges for reading, writing, and accounts.

Parish and town's poor estate. Rent of 43A. 28P. of land, and rents-charge amounting to 25*l.* 11*s.* per annum. One-third is paid to poor widows, and the other two-thirds go in aid of the poor's rate.

Town's poor estate. Rent of 38A. 1R. 22P. of land, of several houses, and a rent-charge of 14*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum, distributed amongst poor women. Nineteen widows receive 6*d.* a day, and about two hundred women receive clothing annually.

Richard Wilson's gift, by will, dated 7th December 1672. Rent of 11A. 3R. 19P. of land, divided between the Vicar and Curate, the master and usher of the school, and the poor of the parish.

Charity School, founded 1707. Income, aided by collections, 42A. 1R. 20P. and rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum. Seventy-five boys and fifty girls taught reading, writing, and arithmetic.—Storie's petty gift is connected with this charity.

John Bromley's old gift, by will, dated 3rd January 1722. Rent of 18A. 0R. 34P. and certain houses in aid of the Charity School, subject to an annual payment of 5*l.* to the Curate of Wakefield.

John Bromley's new gift, by his will, dated 3rd January 1722. Rents amounting to upwards of 700*l.*, which, after paying 20*l.* a year to the master and usher of the free grammar school, and the expense of repairs and management, is applied for the purpose of apprenticing and clothing poor boys, and in donations to poor housekeepers.

John Storie's exhibition for two students at one of the universities, by will, dated 29th April 1674. The Report states that a scheme for the future management was then (1825) before the master for approval. The payments to the two students in that year were 157*l.* 10*s.*[1]

Brooksbank almshouses. Founded by will of Leonard Bate, dated 31st August 22nd Eliz. for five poor widows. The sum of 45*l.* 10*s.* is equally divided amongst the widows.

Cotton Horne's almshouses, by deed, dated 4th February 1646, for ten poor women. The income in 1825 was 282*l.* 7*s.* 10*d.*

William Horne's almshouses, by deed, dated in 1669, for ten poor men. The income in 1825 was 178*l.* 10*s.* 4*d.*

Robert Watson's gift, who died in 1728. Rent-charge of 2*l.* 12*s.* per annum, for bread for twelve poor people every Sunday.

The above eleven charities are all under the administration of the governors of the Free Grammar School.—These governors, fourteen in number, are appointed under a charter of Queen Elizabeth, dated 19th September, anno 34.

Hutchinson's charity. Mary Hutchinson, by will, dated 1st October 1663. Rent-charge of 8*l.* per annum for two poor decayed cloth-workers. No person to have the 4*l.* longer than one year within seven years. It is now given in several sums, and to the same persons during life.

Lady Bolles's charity, by will, dated 4th May 1662. Rent of 197A. 3R. 1P. of land and interest of 220*l.*, for binding poor children apprentices. Trustees, the minister of Wakefield, and three individual trustees.

Joseph Harrison's charity, by will, dated 12th January 1825. Dividends of Stock amounting to 220*l.* per annum. The Vicar of Wakefield to be one of the trustees. 20*l.* to be given annually to one of each of twenty persons, members of the Established Church, and also to each a Bible and Prayer-book.—Vide 17th Report, page 683.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 175. 177. Gent's Ripon, page 11. Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete, page 274. Bray's Tour, page 258. Sisson's (Rev. Dr.) History of Wakefield

Church. Hargrove's Knaresbro', page 202. See also Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus.

ST. MARY'S CHAPEL on WAKEFIELD BRIDGE.—There were (20th September 1398) two Chantries ordained in this Chapel (then described as lately built,) which were founded by William, son of John William Tery del Wakefield and Robert del Hoth, who obtained the King's licence (viz. Rich. III.) to give and assign to two chaplains celebrating divine service daily in the Chapel, 10*l.* rent in Wakefield, Stanley, Ossett, Horbury, Holmondwick, Shafton, Darfield, Wameford, Pontefract, Preston Jackling, and Fryston by the Water.

Torre's MS., page 671.

SAVILLE'S HOSPITAL.—See some account of this Hospital in Torre's MS. page 671.

WAKEFIELD.—ST. JOHN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, vide All Saints; CHURCH-ROOM, 900[1]; NET VALUE, 118*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Wakefield.

Augmented in 1816 with 600*l.*, and in 1817 with 600*l.*, both from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

Built under an Act of Parliament 31st Geo. III., which Act was amended 55th Geo. III., and consecrated 28th July 1795, together with the church-yard.

Marriages are celebrated in the Church from any part of Wakefield, but no district has been assigned.

In 1796, Thomas Rogers, A.M., licensed to the lectureship of St. John's, on the nomination of the Commissioners for that new Church[2].

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1795.

Parochial Charities, vide All Saints.

[1] In 1818, returned at 1,200.

[2] Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 177. (Additions.)

ALVERTHORPE.—(*Parish of Wakefield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 2,429, vide Wakefield[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,590[2]; NET VALUE, 72*l.*

Patron, the Rev. Samuel Sharp, now Vicar of Wakefield, and after his incumbency the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriators, Sir John Ramsden and others.

Built under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Gothic, with tower. First stone laid 12th March 1823. Cost, 7,828*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* A District has been assigned under 59th Geo. III. cap. 134, sec. 16.—Vide 6th Report, page 3.

Augmented in 1826 with 1,800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

No return as to registers or glebe.

CHARITY.—*John Forster's charity*, by will, 1670. Rent of three cottages, &c. to the poor.

Richard Taylor's charity, by will, 1686. Rent of 22A. 2R. 3P. for putting out apprentices and for the poor.—Vide 17th Report, page 708.

Post town, Wakefield.

HORBURY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Parish of Wakefield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 2,400[3], vide Wakefield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 700[4]; NET VALUE, 225*l.*

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

"A parochial Chapel, within the precincts of Wakefield, the tithes of which are impropriated to Mr. John Smith, tradesman, in Wakefield, out of which there was at the dissolution of chauntries reserved for a Curate there 7*l.*, and to this a certain number of feoffees in the said town, about the year 1650, added the yearly sum of 10*l.* out of some lands there, commonly called by the name of Common Lands, and have settled the same upon the ministers successively for ever. It is an ancient Chapel. The surplice fees not above 30*s.* per annum."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 810.

[1] As returned in 1834. In 1830, returned with Thornes at 4,859.

[2] Of which 832 are free sittings.—Vide Parliamentary return. In 1831, only 1450 returned.

[3] In 1834, returned at 2,450.

[4] In 1818, the return was 800.

The Parliamentary Commissioners recommended that this Chapelry should be made a separate parish.—Vol. xviii. page 287.

The present Chapel is a beautiful edifice, built by John Carr, Esq., an eminent architect, who was a native of Horbury.

Augmented in 1717 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of a rent of 15*l.* per annum from J. Smyth, Esq. and others; and in 1727 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Henry Robinson.

4th January 1790, faculty to take down and rebuild the Chapel.

31st March 1794, confirmation of allotment of pews.

8th April 1812, faculty to alter the situation of the pulpit and certain pews.

An Inclosure Act was passed 49th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1598.

CHARITIES.—*Common lands.* These were first settled in trust, by deed, dated 23rd March 1653, and comprise 45A. 1R. 33P. of land, besides lime-kilns and buildings; let at the time of the Report for 249*l.* 1*s.* per annum. The annual payments are as follows:—To the minister (5*l.* for an afternoon sermon), 20*l.*; to the schoolmaster, 15*l.* 15*s.*; to the parish-clerk, in lieu of dues, 7*l.* 2*s.*; ale at meetings, one gill to each householder, about 3*l.*; to the Leeds Infirmary, 3*l.* 3*s.*; residue towards paying the accounts of the constable, church-wardens, and overseers of the highways.—The Commissioners gave a long account of this trust, and recommended an increase of the minister's allowance, but which might require the aid of a court of equity.

Richard Wormald's almshouses, by will, 28th March 1731. Building only.

DOLES.—*Wormald's*, 2*l.* per annum; *Heron's*, 10*s.* per annum; *Pollard's*, 1*l.* per annum.

Schoolmaster. 2*l.* per annum (Wormald's), and 10*s.* per annum (donor unknown); also rent of 1A. 28P. of land, donor unknown.

Anniversary Sermons. Wormald's, 2nd February, 1*l.* per annum; Thoms's, Michaelmas-day, 1*l.* per annum.—Vide 17th Report, page 710.

Post town, Wakefield.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 176. Loidis et Elmete, page 295.

STANLEY.—(*Parish of Wakefield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 5,047[1], vide Wakefield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,500[2]; NET VALUE, 85*l.*

Patron, the Rev. Samuel Sharp, now Vicar of Wakefield, and after his incumbency, the Lord Chancellor.

Built under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Gothic, with turrets. First stone laid 13th September 1821. Cost, 12,191*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.* A District has been assigned under 59th Geo. III. cap. 134, sec. 16.—Vide 4th Report, page 3, and 11th Report, page 6.

Augmented in 1826 with 2,200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

No return as to registers.

No glebe house.

CHARITIES.—*Almshouses* for two widows, purchased with 50*l.* given by Anne Harrison, widow.

Alice Newstead's charity, by will, in 1771. Interest of 50*l.* (now taken by the parish) to be distributed among poor persons.—Vide 17th Report, page 710.

Post town, Wakefield.

THORNES.—(*Parish of Wakefield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 2430, vide Wakefield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 600[3]; NET VALUE, 43*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Wakefield.

Built under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Roman Doric, with cupola. First stone laid 12th August 1829. Cost 2,038*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* No District assigned. Completed.—Vide 11th Report, page 4.

No glebe house.

No return as to registers.

CHARITIES.—*John Forster's charity*, by will, 25th February 1670. Rent of a copyhold cottage, croft, and three roods of land. Distributed amongst the poor.

Richard Taylor's charity, by will, dated 5th July 1686. Rent of 16A. of land,

[1] Stanley with Wrenthorpe.
[2] Of which 724 are free sittings.
[3] Of which 250 are free sittings.

applied towards apprenticing two or three poor children; residue amongst poor ancient, decrepid, and impotent people.—Vide 17th Report, page 708.

Post town, Wakefield.

WARMFIELD[1]. — ST. PETER. — (*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 3,000 acres. Agbrigg wapentake.—POPULATION, 995[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250[3]; NET VALUE, 148*l.*

Patrons, trustees of Barnabas Oley.

This Church was given by Robert de Lacy to the Priory of Nostell, and appropriated thereto, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 5th March, A.D. 1253. In 1662, Dame Mary Bolles gave an augmentation of 100*l.* to buy lands for the maintenance of the minister.

In 1684, Barnabas Oley, clerk, presented; and in 1741, 1763, 1770, 1797, 1808, and 1810, his trustees presented.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation the Church and Vicarage are each valued at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books at 5*l.* 4*s.* 2*d.* after deducting for Synodals 4*s.* and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 285, it is stated "A Vicarage, 15*l.* 10*s.* Part of the great tithes are impropriated to Clare Hall. The rest are in several hands.

"Endowed with a moiety of the tithe corn, by deed of gift, by Dr. Barnaby Oley, of Great Gransden; also an augmentation of about 3*l.* per annum, by Dr. Oley." Signed, "Jo. Leake, Vic." —Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,540.

A Chantry is mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

Torre gives a list of the Vicars.

The Vicarage is endowed with a moiety of the great tithes, remainder to Clare Hall, Cambridge. There are 11A. of glebe.

10th September 1818, a faculty was granted to take away a coach-house, &c. belonging to the Vicarage.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1652.

[1] Alias Kirkthorpe.

[2] Viz. Sharlston, 243; and Warmfield with Heath, 752. Part of Sharlston township is in Upper Osgoldcross wapentake, Wragby parish.

[3] In 1818, returned at 700.

CHARITIES.—*John Freeston's almshouse,* founded by will, dated 26th November 1594, for seven aged men, elected by turn, out of the parishes of Warmfield and Normanton; to receive 12*d.* per week, and the eldest to have 6*d.* per week more, and one woman as laundress to have 12*d.* per week, and the Vicar to have 6*d.* per week for doing divine service. Various official trustees are named, but none have acted except the Vicar of Warmfield. The funds are now accumulating, in order to afford a weekly payment to each poor person of 3*s.* 6*d.* or 4*s.* per week. Income: rent of 3A. 1R. 19P. of land, one croft, rent-charges of 23*l.* 14*s.* and interest of 266*l.*

Othoneus Sagar's almshouse, for four poor women, who receive 3*l.* and 6*s.* each. Founded by will, 14th February 1558.

William Pearcey's gift. Dividends of 400*l.* three per cent. consols, payable to the poor people in Freeston's and Sagar's hospitals.

Countess of Westmoreland's gift, by will, 25th August 1727. 20*l.* per annum, for apprenticing poor children.—Vide 16th Report, page 411.

Some further Charities will be noticed in the Addenda.

Post town, Wakefield.

Torre's MS., page 731. Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 165. 334. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101.

WHITGIFT.—ST. MARY MAGDALENE.—(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 7,180 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 2,252[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[2]; NET VALUE, 287*l.*

Patron, N. E. Yarburgh, Esq.

Impropriator, — Worsop, Esq.

William the Conqueror gave a fishery at Whitgift to the monastery of Selby; and Henry de Lacy, Earl of Lincoln, gave to the same monastery the churchyard, formerly dedicated, for the monks to build a Church or Chapel in the same, to the honour of Mary Magdalene, for

[1] Viz. Ousefleet, 243; Reedness, 644; Swinefleet, 1,055; and Whitgift, 310. In 1834, the population was returned at 1,197.

[2] In 1818, the church-room was returned sufficient for the then population of 736.

the benefit of the inhabitants of Ousefleet, Whitgift, Eastoft, Reedness, and Swinefleet, and also for certain landowners in Folcarby and Haldenby, all in the parish of Snaith.

Torre particularly mentions the way in which the tithes of this parish were settled.

Valued in 1707 at 40*l.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 374, it is thus stated, "Vicarage 10*l.*; Rectory, 200*l.*"

A Chantry was founded in this Church.

Inclosure Acts were passed 30th Geo. II. (Whitgift pasture); 33rd Geo. III. cap. 108, inclosure and drainage (Reedness and Swinefleet); and 9th Geo. IV. (Ousefleet).

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The manor of Whitgift was granted to the Constable of Chester, and afterwards by Edward II. to Henry Lord Scrope, of Massam. It appears to have been subsequently given to the Abbey of St. Mary's at York.

The Register Books commence in 1562. Chasm 1630 to 1652.

CHARITIES.—*Mrs. Mary Stephenson's charity*, by deed, 20th September 1740. 1*l.* 10*s.* per annum for clothing (generally flannel petticoats), and 12*s.* per annum in bread.

Skerne's gift. Rent-charge of 6*s.* 8*d.* to the poor.

Ousefleet School, for six poor children. Reading, writing, arithmetic, and grammar. Founded by Emanuel Empson, by will, dated 19th February 1727. Income: rent of a moiety of 41A. 2R. 28P. of land and a house, &c. The Commissioners recommend a division of the land.

Reedness School, &c. John Wressel, by will, dated 11th May 1705, devised about 70 acres of land to the minister of Whitgift for the time being, who should preach a sermon every Friday in the Church there; and he also subjected the said estate to a payment of 15*l.* per annum to a schoolmaster, 5*l.* per annum to the poor, and 20*s.* a piece to the clerk and sexton; and the testator appointed the Archbishop of York to be a trustee. The master is appointed by the minister, and licensed by the Archbishop, and he instructs four free scholars of Reedness in reading, writing, and arithmetic. The Commissioners report that it was said four free scholars used to be sent from Swinefleet, two from Whitgift, and two from Ousefleet, in addition to those sent from Ousefleet.

Joseph Rennard's charity, by deed, 5th April 1814. Interest of 300*l.* for educating four poor boys and four poor girls for four years, and for premiums, apprentice fees, and marriage portions.

Catherine Hawkes's charity, by will, dated 26th May 1699. Rent of three acres of land for the poor.

Poors land. Rent of 3A. 2R. of land.

Nicholas Wressel's charity, by will, in 1703. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum for four sermons, and 10*s.* to the poor in bread.—Vide 21st Report, page 604.

Post town, Howden.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 1,393. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 302. Mon. Ang. vol. vi. page 1644.

SWINEFLEET.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Whitgift. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Osgoldcross wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 1,055, vide Whitgift; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 127*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Whitgift; impropriator, A. R. Worsop, Esq.

"Three miles from the parish Church. Way very bad. Two hundred families. To be made a parish Church."—Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 375.

Augmented, in 1754, with 200*l.*; in 1755, with 200*l.*; in 1782, with 200*l.*; in 1789, with 200*l.*; in 1792, with 200*l.*; and in 1814, with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot.

An Act was passed 32nd Geo. II. for an inclosure, and another, 33rd Geo. III., c. 108, for inclosure and drainage.

The manor, &c., formerly belonged to the Abbey of St. Mary, at York.

There is no glebe house.

The registers are entered in Whitgift parish. No marriages take place at Swinefleet.

CHARITIES.—*Town Land.* Rent of 24A. 3R. 35P. of land, granted by Queen Elizabeth, together with two pews in the Chapel. 8*l.* per annum is paid to the minister (he performing weekly, in lieu of occasional duty); 15*l.* to a

schoolmaster, for teaching twelve poor children reading, writing, and arithmetic; residue to keeping up the banks of the river, and to other public purposes. —Vide 21st Report, page 608.

Post town, Howden.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1,396. Mon. Angl. vol. iv. page 1,644. Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 302.

WOMERSLEY.—ST. MARTIN.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 7,780 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, L. D.—POPULATION, 843[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350[2]; NET VALUE, 258*l.*

Patron and impropriator, Lord Hawke.

This Church anciently belonged to the Barons Newmarsh; afterwards it came to John Lord Dacre, who gave it to the Nuns of Heveninges, in the diocese of Lincoln, and it was appropriated to that house, and a Vicarage ordained therein 3rd June, A.D. 1348.

After the Dissolution, the Crown granted the Advowson to Sir John Jackson.

The Church is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 40*l.*, and the Vicarage, in the King's books, is valued at 6*l.* 11*s.* 2*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 5*s.*, and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 378, it is stated: "Vicarage, 15*l.* Newsome Grange to be annexed to Burghwallis."

A Chantry is mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

"The Vicarage is endowed with all small tithes. Some books were given for the use of the Vicar, by Samuel Mellish, Esq., of Doncaster. Annual value above 25*l.* per annum, except when rape or line are sown." Signed, "Thos. Tennant, Vicar."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 574.

Augmented, in 1721, with 200*l.*, to meet a benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* from Mr. W. Barraclough, sen., and others.

Torre gives a list of the Vicars.

[1] Viz. Cridling Stubbs, 118; Little Smeaton, 222; Walden Stubbs, 139; and Womersley, 364.

[2] In 1818, the return was 700.

Inclosure Acts were passed 26th Geo. III. and 37th Geo. III. (Cridling Stubbs), 39th and 40th Geo. III., and 1st and 2nd Geo. IV.

There is a mortgage under Gilbert's Act of 539*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.*, which will cease in 1841.

22nd July 1796, faculty to new pew the Church.

12th November 1805, confirmation of allotments of pews.

The glebe house was returned in 1834 as unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1564. Some of the early entries are defective.

CHARITIES.—*Middleton's gift.* Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum out of land in Holmfirth Field, in the parish of Ackworth, belonging, at the time of the Report, to Mr. John Barff, of Wakefield, for the benefit of poor widows. The origin of the charity is not known.

Elizabeth Copley's gift, by will, dated 12th April 1691. Interest of 10*l.*, to be paid amongst six poor men and women of Little Smeaton. The interest is paid by Lord Hawke.

Ann Jackson's gift, in 1675. Interest of 24*l.* for teaching three of the poorest children of Little Smeaton to read well, and to have a Bible away with them on their departure from school, and which interest was converted in 1691, by the will of the Rev. Edmund Hough, into a rent-charge of 30*s.* per annum (now paid by Lord Hawke). An additional child to be taught as above.—Vide 18th Report, page 599.

Post town, Ferrybridge.

Nonæ Roll, page 225. Torre's MS., page 647. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 154. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101.

COBBETOFT.—ST. NICHOLAS.—This Chapel, which anciently stood in the parish of Womersley, was founded by the charter of Adam de Novo Mercuto, patron thereof, which, on 5th Id. November, A.D. 1230, Walter, Archbishop of York took into his protection, and collated thereto Fr. Stephen, saving in all things the dignity of the Church

of York, his pontifical rights, and right in the parish Church of Womersley.

The Chapel is demolished.

Torre's MS., page 852.

WOODKIRK, OR WEST ARDSLEY.—SAINT MARY.——(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,250 acres. Agbrigg wapentake, L.D.—POPULATION, 1,450; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 265*l.* —Formerly a cell to Nostell Priory.

Patron and impropriator, the Earl of Cardigan.

In Pope Nicholas's Taxation, the Church of Woodkirk is valued at 10*l.* per annum. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 320, it is stated: "The Lord Savill allows to the present minister 30*l.* per annum, but we conceive that payment arbitrary. All the tithes are the inheritance of the Lord Savill."

Augmented, in 1721, with 200*l.*, to meet a benefaction from Messrs. Copley and Hodgson of lands worth 10*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 7th Geo. IV.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1652.

CHARITIES. — *Greenwood's Hospital*, for three poor women, founded by Richard Greenwood, by deed, dated 28th August 1593, and endowed with a rent-charge of 20*s.*, and augmented with an annuity of 20*s.* under the will of William Naylor, dated 22nd April 1682.

Taylor's charity. Rent-charge of 5*s.*, distributed to the poor in bread.

Joshua Scholefield's charity, by will, dated 27th January 1807. Dividends of 121*l.* 0*s.* 7*d.* three and a half reduced, for educating children of the name of Scholefield or Kitson.—Vide 16th Report, page 406.

Post town, Wakefield.

Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 99. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i., page 178. Scatcherd's Morley, page 214. Torre's MS., page 25.

WOODKIRK PRIORY.——In this parish was a Priory of Austin Friars, founded temp. Henry II. by William Earl Warren and others. It was a cell to Nostell Priory.

WRAGBY.—SAINT MICHAEL.—(*Donative Curacy.*)—Area, 3,390 acres. Part Osgoldcross wapentake, U. D., and part Staincross. — POPULATION, 756 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, no return [2].—Formerly appropriated to Nostell Priory.

Patron, Charles Winn, Esq.

Not named in Pope Nicholas's taxation, or in the King's books.

An Inclosure Act was passed 45th Geo III. (Ryhill and Camerton.)

In Mich. Term, 10th Anne, a decree as to tithes was given, but which is unreported.

21st March 1736, faculty granted to re-pew the Church.

5th May 1759, ditto to erect an organ.

No return as to glebe house.

The registers commence in 1540, but they are defective till 1598.

CHARITIES.—*The School.* 6*l.* 5*s.* per annum is paid out of the revenues of the Duchy of Lancaster to a schoolmaster, who teaches reading, writing, and accounts.

Mrs. Sarah Winn's charity, by will, dated in 1765. 20*l.* per annum amongst twenty poor widows.

Wombwell's dole, given by Thomas Stringer. 1*l.* 10*s.* given at Easter.

Countess of Westmoreland's gift. 5*l.* per annum for apprenticing poor children of Foulby. — Vide 19th Report, page 549.

Post town, Pontefract.

Torre's MS. page 23. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 163.

NOSTELL PRIORY.—The Priory of St. Oswald, of Nostell, was situate within the parish of Wragby, and was founded by Ralph Adlave, chaplain to King Henry I. The monks were of the Austin order.—Mon. Ang. vol. vi. p. 29.

[1] Viz. West Hardwick, 85; Hessle, 134; Hill Top, 86; Hurstwick and Nostell, 142; Ryhill, 160; and Winterset, 149.

[2] Either in 1818 or 1834.

DEANERY OF DONCASTER.

ADWICK UPON DEARNE.—(Patron Saint not known. *Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,130 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 145; CHAPEL-ROOM, 100[1]; NET VALUE, vide Wath upon Dearne.

Patrons, the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, Oxford.

Sweine, son of Ailrick, gave the Church to the Priory of Nostell, and Hugh de la Val confirmed the same, and it was appropriated by Archbishop Walter Grey to the use of the fabric thereof, and he directed the Canons to serve the Church by a secular Priest, who was to have a stipend, without ordination.

Adwick was part of the fee of Roger de Busli, and the mesne lords were Ailrick, Sweine, and Adam. The latter left two daughters, by one of whom a moiety came to the Nevilles, and afterwards a portion came to Ingelram, the Lutterells, Clarels, Fitzwilliams, and Foljambes, and lastly, through the Pierrepoints, to Earl Manvers.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 4*l.*; in 1707, at 20*l.* 5*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 506, it is stated to be "A Rectory impropriate to Christ Church, Oxford, worth 60*l.* per annum; 10*l.* paid to the minister. To be annexed to Mexbrough." And in 1818, at 40*l.* per annum.

Augmented, in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; in 1811, with 200*l.*; and in 1824 with 200*l.*—all by lot.

Decree in the Exchequer as to tithes was made in Michaelmas Term, 4th Jac. I., but which is unreported.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1690.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Mr. Hunter says the Church is the purest specimen remaining in this Deanery of the original village Church; and he is of opinion it is the original fabric erected in the time of Sweine. He describes a shield on some old pewing.

Post town, Doncaster.

[1] In 1818, estimated at 150.

Nonæ Roll, page 221. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 256. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, page 149. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 388. Burton's Monasticon, page 302.

ADWICK IN THE STREET[1].—SAINT LAWRENCE. — (*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,950 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 536[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[3]; NET VALUE, 364*l.*

Patron, T. Fullerton, Esq.

"This was anciently a Chapel (as far as I can gather, but even then parochial), for I find in the King's books the Chapel of Adwyck charged 9*s.* 4*d.* for tenths. To what parish it belongs, unless to Hutton Pagnell, I know not, for above this two hundred years it has been accounted a parish Church, as appears by the testamentary burials mentioned by Mr. Torre. I suppose the revenues of this Church or Chapel were appropriated to some religious house, and little left for the serving the Cure, till that lately Mrs. Saville purchased them back again from her brother, Mr. Saville, of Methley, together with the Advowson."—Archbishop Sharp's MS.

The industry of Mr. Hunter has shown that the Rectory was given by Albreda de Lizours to the Nuns of Hampole.

A Chantry was founded in this Church.

Mrs. Anne Saville, towards the end

[1] "Adwick," says Mr. Hunter, "is nothing more than the Saxon 'Apud.' Wick is a fortified inclosure, or, perhaps, simply a small collection of tenements, vicus."

[2] Viz. Adwick in the Street, 382; Hampole, 128; and Stubbs, 26.—In 1834, the population of the parish was only returned to be 362.

[3] In 1818, stated at 272.

of the seventeenth century, purchased the Rectory, and settled it upon the Cure.

Valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 9*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 502, 10*l.* per annum. The Commissioners add, "In regard we find Langthwaite, in the parish of Doncaster, two miles distance from thence, and but half a mile from Adwick, we annex Langthwaite to Adwick."

A decree in the Exchequer as to tithes was made in Michaelmas Term, 4th Jac. I., but which is unreported.

An Inclosure Act was passed 33rd Geo. II.

Mr. Hunter gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1547.

CHARITIES.—DOLES.—*Wm. Adams's*, by will, in 1593, 1*l.* per annum; *Unknown*, 10*s.* 6*d.* per annum; *Unknown*, 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; *Thomas Cartwright's*, 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum. The two former are distributed with the communion-money, and the two latter are each given to a poor widow.

Rev. William Hedges's charity, who died in 1811, by will. Dividends of 200*l.* three per cents., to be applied yearly on Christmas-day in moieties to such poor persons of the parishes of Adwick-le-Street and Thribergh as the Rector and Vicar and churchwardens of the parishes should consider proper objects. Also the dividends of 350*l.* like stock, to be applied in paying a teacher, to be appointed by the Vicar and churchwardens of Adwick, for constantly teaching in reading and writing, in one course of annual schooling, ten poor children of that parish, boys and girls, of equal or unequal number, at the discretion of the Vicar and churchwardens.—Vide 17th Report, page 781.

Post town, Doncaster.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book, pages 34. 88. 90, 91. 131. 152, 153. Torre's MS., page 383. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 383. Nonæ Roll, page 224. Burton's Monasticon, page 92. Bp. Kennett's Case of Impropriations, page 280. Wood's (Bodleian) MS., No. 5,101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 352.

HAMPOLE.—A Cistercian Nunnery, situate in the parish of Adwick in the Street. This was founded in 1170 by William de Clairfait and Avicia his wife. The site is extra-parochial.

ANSTAN.—ST. JAMES.—(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 3,110 acres, vide Laughton. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S. D.—POPULATION, 840[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 79*l.*

Patron, the Prebendary of the Cathedral of York.

The Chapelries of North and South Anstan belong to the Prebendary of Laughton, who hath jurisdiction of the same, and over all the inhabitants, and hath likewise in Woodsetts all manner of jurisdiction.

The Manvers were anciently lords of these places, and probably built the Chapel. The arms of the Lizours appear also on the windows.

Valued, in 1707, at 10*l.* 10*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 443, it is stated: "A large and spacious Church, without any maintenance, save only of good will. Three houses in Anston, and certain lands and tithes belong to Saint Leonard's, in Dinnington. We think fit that the whole town of Anston, and the place called Woodsalls, be annexed to Anston Church."

Augmented, in 1774, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1793, with 200*l.*; and in 1815, with 1,400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot.

The great and small tithes of the lands called Deep Carr's Farms, Stubbing's Farms, and the Horse Course, in the parish of South Anston, in Yorkshire, belong to the Prebendary of Loughton in the Morthing, as parcel of the possessions of the Cathedral of St. Peter, in York[2].

Quere. Whether the Prebendary is entitled to the tithes of the Plantation, the Howdes, the Pickle Yards, the

[1] North and South Anstan. In 1834, only returned at 810. Mr. Hunter thinks the name of Anstan means "one stone."—For the possessions of Roche Abbey, in these towns, see Burton's Monasticon, page 319.

[2] Rogers *v.* Parkin, 3 Wood, page 296.

Spring Meadow, the Cow Closes, the Lockley Loam Close, and the Crofts Head Close, in kind, or only to sixpenny moduses in lieu thereof[1]?

Quere. Whether he is entitled to the tithes of Cotterell's Woods in kind, or only to a modus of two shillings a year[2]?

An Inclosure Act was passed 7th Geo. III.

For the arms and monuments, see Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 304.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1550.

CHARITY.—*School.* A small building, and a piece of land attached, containing about 1R. 24P., are appropriated for a school, having been given, as supposed, by one of the family of Sykes, and are held by the master of the township school, who, on account of the use of the building and land, teaches in his school four poor children, as free scholars, to read.—Vide 18th Report, page 599.

Post town, Rotherham.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book, pages 147. 159, 160. Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 525. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 304.

ARKSEY.—ALL SAINTS.——(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 5,220 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wap., N. D.—POP.[3], 1,144; CHURCH-ROOM, 350[4]; NET VALUE, 113*l.*—"This Church continued long a Rectory, in the patronage of the Tibetots. In later times, I see Sir John Fastolf twice presented, viz., 1446 and 1456, viz., temp. Henry VI. In 1504, or thereabouts, it was appropriated to the Priory of Lenton, and a Vicarage ordained, but upon what terms I find not; only I find in my list of pensions, a pension of 20*s.* a year was reserved to the appropriation. The reason of this Vicarage being of so good a value (as it is effectually worth 100*l.*) is, that Mr. Bryan Cook, the uncle of Sir George, generously gave the mediety of the impropriation or Rectory to the Vicar for ever. The other mediety he settled for the founding of an almshouse, which is said to be worth 60*l.*, and likewise of a free school, said to be worth 40*l.* per annum: both in the town."—Archbishop Sharp's MS.

Sir W. B. Cooke, Bart., is the present patron and impropriator.

"When we enter the Church," says Mr. Hunter, "we see ourselves surrounded with the armorial insignia of the great aristocracy of this part of the country, as it stood in the reigns of the second and third Edward, still glowing in the windows in their original colours."

A Chantry was founded in this Church.

The Rectory is valued, in P. Nich.'s taxation, at 40*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 12*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 490, it is stated: "A Vicarage. 19 marks per annum paid out of the impropriation. The impropriator pays 30*l.* per annum fee farm rent to the State, and 20*s.* to the Church of York as a pension. We find two ministers contending about the Cure, both pretending to be lawful Vicars of the said Church, viz.: Mr. Greenwood, by virtue of a presentation under the Great Seal, and the other is Mr. Samuel Burtell, who claims by an order of the Committee of Plundered Ministers. Both of them are able and painful ministers, and well affected to the Parliament. We think fit that that part of Stockhouses which is within the parish of Doncaster be annexed to Arksey parish."

Augmented, in 1833, with 200*l.*, and 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 30*l.*, and house, &c., worth 370*l.*, from Sir William Cooke, Bart.

Inclosure Acts were passed 32nd Geo. II., and 7th and 8th Geo. IV.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1557.

CHARITIES.—*Sir Bryan Cooke*, Bart., by will, dated 3rd January 1660, left 87*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the Vicar as a perpetual augmentation. He also founded, by the same will, a hospital for 12

[1] Rogers *v.* Twibell, 3 Wood, page 472.
[2] Rogers *v.* Champion, 3 Wood, page 475.
[3] Bentley with Arksey. In 1834, the population was only returned at 344.
[4] In 1818, the Church-room was stated at 1,100.

poor people of the parish, who should each receive 5*l.* per annum; and he left 40*l.* per annum for a schoolmaster to instruct the youth of the parish in learning and literature. The poor people in the hospital also receive the rent of an allotment of two acres of land on Hessecroft Common.

Richard Brewer, by will, dated 11th November 1687, left certain lands, about 25A. 3R. 34P., as an augmentation, and the rent is divided equally amongst the poor people in the hospital.

The School. This was founded under the will of Sir George Cooke, Bart., dated 2nd July 1683. The endowment, exclusive of the above-mentioned 40*l.* left by Sir Bryan Cooke, and the school-house and garden, consists of four acres of land. Sir W. B. Cooke is the patron. At the time of the Report, the number of scholars was about twenty, and the school was not in much repute, or in a flourishing or satisfactory condition. The Commissioners were of opinion that the school might be rendered very useful in the way of affording education to the children of the better class of the parishioners, and in supplying the means of gratuitous instruction to the children of the lower orders.

Samuel Hall's charity, by deed, dated 10th January 1677. Rent of 7A. 0R. 13P., to be applied in the purchase of kersey or woollen cloth, of the value of 2*s.* 6*d.* a yard, and four yards each to be given to ten of the most aged poor of the parish, on the 1st December annually (excluding the people in the hospital), and the residue to be given in bread to the said ten poor people. About eighteen persons now receive four yards of cloth each.

DOLES.—*Cartwright's*, alias *Vicars's*, in 1593. 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum to a poor person at Arksey, and 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum to a poor person at Bentley.

Margaret Wormley's, by deed, in 1631. 40*s.* per annum to the poor of Arksey.

Henry Howson's, by will, in 1641. One-fourth of rent of land (at the time of the Report, 2*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* a year), distributed among poor persons at Christmas.

George Radley's gift, 24th April 1824. Interest of 20*l.* in the Doncaster Savings' Bank, given in bread to poor widows or widowers of Bentley with Arksey on the Sunday nearest St. Thomas's day.—Vide 18th Report, page 600.

Post town, Doncaster.

Nonæ Roll, page 224. Torre's MS., page 1,009. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 227. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Bishop Kennett's Case of Impropriations, page 276. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 323.

ARMTHORPE[1]. — ST. MARY. — (*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,810 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. — POPULATION, 368; CHURCH-ROOM, 220[2]; NET VALUE, 366*l.*—The manor of Armthorpe was given to the monks of Roche by Richard I. After the Dissolution, the manor passed to the Earl of Northumberland, then to the Washingtons, Swyfts, Daniels, and Parkers.

William, Earl of Warren, gave the Chapel of Hernoldsthorpe, then dependent on Sandal Parva, to the monks of Lewes. It is presumed by Mr. Hunter, that the Chapelry was soon after created into an independent parish. It anciently belonged to the patronage of the Mowbrays. King James I. presented once, by lapse; and King Charles II. in 1662. Since 1708, the Crown has presented.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation, at 5*l.* per annum; in the King's books at 8*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.*; Synodals, 2*s.*; Procurations, 3*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 505, at 80*l.* per annum.

An Act was passed 13th Geo. III. for inclosing the manor and parish.

The Church is a small building without a tower, having merely a penthouse on the roof, with two bells therein.

Mr. Hunter gives the inscriptions and a catalogue of the Rectors.

Holmes, Rector of this Church, was ejected under the Act of Uniformity.

The Priory of Cottingham had possessions here, and the abbot was lord of the town.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

[1] Formerly Hernoldsthorpe, alias Ernelfesthorpe.

[2] Of which 116 are free sittings, under a grant of 100*l.* from the Society.

29th October 1785, faculty granted to build a gallery.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's estate.* About 29 acres set out on the inclosure of the Low Common, in or about 1671. The rent is distributed at Christmas, amongst poor people not receiving constant parochial relief, in sums of 10*s.* and upwards. Trustees: the Rector, the lord of the manor, and the proprietors of land.

Ann Holmes's charity, by will, dated in 1689. Rent-charge of 50*s.* for teaching six poor children and apprenticing boys. On the inclosure in 1754, an allotment of 2A. 3R. was set out for the schoolmaster. The master of the parish school now receives the rent-charge, and rent of the land, and teaches ten poor children, as free scholars, to read.

George Scholey's charity. Two cottages under one roof, and garden of 2R. 29P., were given, as is understood, by one George Scholey, for the use of the parish clerk and sexton; and the same, with an allotment of 2A. 3R. 17P., awarded in lieu of common rights, are accordingly held and occupied by the clerk and sexton jointly.

Bell-rope land. An allotment of 1A. 16P., given in lieu of land appropriated from ancient time to the providing of church bell-ropes, is let by the churchwardens, and the rent carried to their general account.—Vide 17th Report, page 781.

Post town, Doncaster.

Nonæ Roll, page 220. Burton's Monast. page 319. Torre's MS. page 933. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 220. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 86.

ASTON[1].—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area 2,870 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. —POPULATION, 564[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 450[3]; NET VALUE, 831*l.*—A Rectory, which anciently belonged to the Arches, Knights, then to the Meltons, and the Dacres, Earls of Holderness.

Patron, the Duke of Leeds.

The Church is small, with a low Chancel.

Mr. Hunter describes the monuments and arms. He also gives a catalogue of the Rectors. Mason the poet was instituted to the Rectory in 1755, and retained it until his death in 1797.

Mr. Hunter mentions a Chapel as having existed at Canonthorpe in 1231, but it is not named in any list of religious houses.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's Books at 12*l.* 15*s.* 2*d.*, after deducting 4*s.* for Synodals and 7*s.* 6*d.* for Procurations; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 460, at 95*l.* per annum.

12th April 1753, licence to erect a gallery.

9th November 1765, ditto granted for exchange of glebe lands.

7th April 1781, general confirmation of pews.

Inclosure Acts were passed 6th and 38th Geo. III.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1567. Chasm 1622 to 1664.

CHARITIES.—*Charity estate.* Rent of a house, homestead, and 17A. 19P. of land, purchased with sundry benefactions. A schoolmaster is paid 5*l.* per annum for teaching fifteen poor children to read; 6*l.* 10*s.* per annum given in bread; and 13*l.* 10*s.* per annum given in money and clothing to poor widows and indigent persons.

Rev. William Mason's gift. 2*l.* in compliance with the will of the testator, who was Rector of Aston, and died in 1797, paid to the master of the school by the Rector, as a compensation for the enjoyment of a piece of ground purchased by Mr. Mason and added to the glebe.

Hon. Mrs. Darcy's gift, in 1705. Interest of 100*l.*, to be applied for clothing poor widows, teaching poor children, and providing corn for the poor. This is now lost by the insolvency of an individual to whom it had been advanced at interest.—Vide 18th Report, page 606.

[1] The town was anciently called Aston in Morthing. The township of Ulley, which is partly in Aston parish, is entered as part of Treeton parish in this wapentake.

[2] Aston with Aughton. In 1834, the population was stated to be 563.

[3] In 1818, the church-room was returned at 560.

Post town, Rotherham.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 1133. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 253. Bodleian MS., No. 5,078. Nonæ Roll, page 222. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 161.

BADSWORTH.—SAINT MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 4,320 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 782[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 330; NET VALUE, 596*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory belonging to the patronage of the Longvilliers, knights; afterwards by marriage to the Nevilles; subsequently divided between the heirs of Sir Richard de Balderstone, knight, Sir Roger de Swillington, and Sir Robert de Neville, of Hornby, knights, who presented by turns, and from thence to the Earls of Derby.

The Earl of Derby is the present patron.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 20*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 392, at 116*l.* per annum; and in the King's books at 32*l.* 5*s.* 8*d.* per annum, after deducting 2*l.* to the Prebendary at Pontefract. Synodals 4*s.*, and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*

There were three Chantries in this Church.

An Act was passed 50th Geo. III. to inclose Thorpe Audlin, &c.

7th March 1820, faculty granted to erect an organ.

A mortgage of 740*l.* under Gilbert's Act will cease in 1841.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1583. Some chasms.

CHARITIES.—*Feoffee estate.* Rent of 32A. 0R. 19P. of land, with farmstead, cottages, &c., let at the time of the Report for 43*l.* 10*s.* 8*d.* per annum. Applied towards the needful and necessary reparation of the body of the Church except the Chancel, and of the church-yard, and gates and walls thereof.

Thomas Bright's charity, in 1739. Interest of 30*l.* to the poor at Christmas. The principal has been applied towards providing new pews, and the interest is paid out of the rates.

Thorpe Audlin poor's land. Rent of 1A. 3R. 21P. of land, distributed at Christmas.—Vide 15th Report, page 643.

Post town, Pontefract.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 1,037. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 213. Nonæ Roll, page 221. Bodleian, MS., No. 5,101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 435.

BARNBY UPON DONN.—ST. PETER AND ST. PAUL.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,670 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 561[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 115*l.*—This was anciently a Rectory, in the gift of the Barons Newmarch, till it was given by John Gifford to his newly-founded Chantry at Cotheringstoke, to which it was appropriated in 1344, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1349.

Patron, Rev. John Gresham. Impropriator, T. Gresham, Esq.

There was a Chantry in this Church.

There have been no institutions to the Vicarage since 1554.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; also see Nonæ Rolls, page 220. The Vicarage is valued in the King's books at 9*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*, after deducting for Synodals and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; in 1818 at 66*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 463, it is stated, "Vicarage 10*l.* per annum, and 10*l.* more paid by the impropriator."

Augmented in 1731 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* from Roger Postington, Esq.; and in 1821 with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

Mr. Hodgson also observes that "Barnby" was augmented in 1767, with 200*l.* by lot, but he does not distinguish which Barnby it is.

Inclosure Acts were passed 6th Geo. III. (Grumble Hurst and Thorpe Marsh), and 43rd Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1600.

[1] Viz. Badsworth, 198; Thorpe Audlin, 355; and Upton, 229.

[1] Viz. Barnby Donn, 440; and Thorpe in Balne, 121.

CHARITIES.—*Countess of Sutherland's charity*, by will, about the year 1731. Dividends of 884*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.* old south sea stock. Applied to the minister for a sermon on every 1st of August; to four poor women, to be nominated by the minister and two neighbouring justices, 52*s.* each, and 10*s.* each for gowns and coals; residue for management. The Commissioners reported that the charity had been neglected, in consequence of which it had failed so far as relates to the education of poor boys and girls of the town of Bramwith.

John Martin's charity, by will, dated 17th May 1798. Interest of 130*l.* applied in teaching six poor children, and providing them shoes and books.

School and pinder's allotments. Rent of 5A. 1R. 30P. of land, of which 5*l.* per annum is paid to the pinder, and 11*l.* per annum to the schoolmaster, for teaching six poor children as free scholars.

Poor's allotments. 2A. 1R. 3P. The rent distributed among the poor at Christmas.

THORPE IN BALNE TOWNSHIP.—*James Fretwell's charity*, by will, dated 31st December 1751. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum, to be disposed of as follows:—13*s.* 4*d.* to the minister of Barnby Donn, for preaching two sermons in the afternoon on particular days in the will mentioned; 13*s.* 4*d.* to the minister of Campsall, for two sermons in the afternoon on the days therein mentioned; two Bibles to two poor children of the testator's relations, if any such should apply for them. The remainder of the 5*l.* for teaching poor children to read English, and instructing them in the principles of the Christian religion.

Benefactions for education. A small piece of land was purchased with 50*l.*, amount of sundry benefactions for teaching children, and applied to the support of the school and the repairs of the building.—Vide 17th Report, page 782.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS. page 891. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 218. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 208. Nonæ Roll, page 220.

THORPE.—A Chantry within the Chapel of Thorpe is named in the Valor Ecclesiasticus.

BARMBROUGH.—ST. PETER.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,770 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wap., N.D.—POP., 520; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[1]; NET VALUE, 640*l.*—This Church, an ancient Rectory in charge, was given by Robert de Lexington to the Chapter of Southwell, and afterwards appropriated to them by Archbishop Walter Gray, but it seems this appropriation had no effect, and a Vicarage was ordained therein, 4th August 1461.

Patrons, the Prebendaries of Southwell Collegiate Church.

This Church is of the fourteenth century. It had a Chantry therein.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 12*l.*; in the King's books at 22*l.* 19*s.* 10*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 4*s.* and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 483, at 60*l.* per annum.

The impropriator is charged with the payment of 2*s.* per annum to the poor of the parish.

An Inclosure Act was passed 59th Geo. III.

Mr. Hunter gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1558. Entries of marriages deficient 1732, 1754.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's estate.* Two tenements, with an allotment of 1A. 2R. 34P. purchased with sundry benefactions. Rent distributed at Christmas amongst the most deserving poor.

School close, 1A. 2R. 22P. Rent paid to the schoolmaster.

Rev. Mr. Ayde's gift, about 1761. Interest of 50*l.* for teaching five poor children to read.

Robert Wharam's gift, who died 8th November 1671. 2*l.* per annum to each of the most needful poor people of Barmbrough, Hooton Pagnell, and Brodsworth, viz. 13*s.* 4*d.* for each town.

Edward Townson's charity, by will, dated 19th December 1824. Dividends of

[1] Of which 53 are free sittings, under a grant of 40*l.* from the Society for Enlarging Churches.

189*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* new four per cents. to be distributed by the minister and churchwardens amongst the poor on Christmas day.—Vide 18th Report, page 606.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS. page 879. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 235. Nonæ Roll, page 223. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 371.

ST. HELEN'S CHAPEL.—(*Parish of Barmbrough.*)—This was in ruins in 1620. No traces are now visible.

BOLTON UPON DEARNE.—ST. ANDREW.——(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 2,390 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 596; CHAPEL-ROOM, 225[1]; NET VALUE, 88*l.*—This was anciently a Rectory of medieties; the one belonging to the patronage of the Bella Aquas, and the others to the Barons Newmarch, till they were given to the Prior and Convent of Monk Bretton, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 12 Mar. A.D. 1346.

Patrons and impropriators, the executors of the late W. H. Marsden, Esq.

There were three Chantries in this Church, viz. Annesley's, Eynesham's, and Baxter's: the latter is not noticed by Torre.

The endowment is given by Burton. Torre does not notice the endowment of 1360.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, viz. William's part 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* and Richard's part in eadem 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books the Curacy or Vicarage is valued at 6*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 510, it is stated "A Vicarage, 12*l.* 13*s.* 8*d.*, of which 6*l.* is an augmentation by the impropriator," and in 1818, from 60*l.* to 70*l.* per annum.

It is now held as a Curacy, there having been no institution since 1619.

Augmented in 1816 with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 32nd Geo. II.

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned from 200 to 300.

For the catalogues of the Incumbents, Rectors, and Vicars of both medieties, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as unfit for residence, being "too small for the residence of an incumbent," and is still unfit.

The Register books commence in 1560. The first book, ending in 1672, is somewhat obliterated.

CHARITIES.—*Reginald Watson's gift*, by will, dated 8th April 1693. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum for the poor.

Dr. William Spencer's gift, by will, in 1713. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum, for five poor persons.

Richard Bingley's gift, in 1756. Interest of 50*l.* for teaching five poor children.

Elizabeth Pashley's gift, in 1759. Interest of 80*l.*, for teaching five poor children, and instructing them in the first four rules of arithmetic; and also the interest of 20*l.* for four poor widows.

Richard Bingley's gift, in 1760. Interest of 50*l.* for teaching five poor children.

Joseph Johnson's gift, by will, in 1802. Interest of 50*l.* for teaching five poor children.

Thomas Cartwright's, alias Vicars's gift, in 1597. 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, to one poor widow, payable at Brodsworth Church.—Vide 17th Report, page 785.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 1,219. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 257. Nonæ Roll, page 223. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 381. Burton's Mon. page 92. Mon. Ang., vol. v. page 131. Bodleian MS., No. 5,078.

BRAITHWELL.—ST. JAMES.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,990 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 745[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 260; NET VALUE, 330*l.*——This Church was given by William, Earl Warren, to the Priory of Lewes, in Sussex, to which it was appropriated.

The Lord Chancellor is the patron.

Impropriator, the Earl of Scarborough.

In 1248, found to be a Chapel to Co-

[1] Viz. Braithwell, 455; and Bramley, 290. In 1834, the population, exclusive of Bramley, was returned at 456.

nisbrough, and consolidated therewith as a member to the head, and a vicarage ordained therein, in 1357.

In 1357, the Archbishop of York declared upon an inquisition, that the Chapel of Braithwell was not a parochial or mother church, but a Chapel dependant on the Church of Conisbrough.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriator, the Earl of Scarbro'.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation, the Church is valued at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* and the Vicarage at 5*l.*; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 7*l.* 7*s.* 2*d.*; Synodals 2*s.* and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; in 1818, at 70*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 446, at 50*l.* per annum.

"The Vicarage is endowed with all manner of tithes in the hamlet of Bramley, and with all the small tithes in Braithwell, Lord Castleton having the tithe corn, much damaged by inclosing. About 40*l.* per annum." Signed "Tho. Bosvile, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,267.

An Inclosure Act was passed 5th Geo. III.

For the inscriptions and list of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1559.

CHARITIES.—*R. and M. Waterhouse's gift*, by deed, in 1613. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum to the poor.

Charity estate. House and eleven acres of land, purchased with 60*l.* left by John Glendall in 1688, and other charity monies. Rent applied to the payment of 6*s.* 8*d.* to the Vicar for a sermon on the first Sunday after St. John's day yearly, and 3*l.* per annum, for instructing four poor children, to be chosen by the Vicar; residue to the poor.

Town school. Founded by Mr. John Bosville, and endowed in 1818 by the Rev. Thomas Bosville, for ten free scholars, and for providing books. Endowment, 5A. 3R. 31P.

A considerable sum of money was formerly given by another person of the name of Bosville for the use of the school, but no satisfactory account of it could be obtained by the Commissioners. —Vide 17th Report, page 786.

Post town, Tickhill.

Torre's MS. pages 835 and 843. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 239. Nonæ Roll, page 222. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 130.

BRAMLEY.—(*Parish of Braithwell. Perpetual Curacy, unaugmented*[1].)—Area, vide Braithwell. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 290, vide Braithwell; CHAPEL-ROOM, 120; NET VALUE, vide Braithwell.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

"Here is a Chapel, (says Mr. Hunter,) but without parochial rights. Of its foundation I have hitherto met with nothing satisfactory. In the time of the Commonwealth it claimed the right of sepulture."

Not valued in 1707; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 447, it is stated, "Two miles from Braithwell. 8*l.* per annum. About 200 communicants. There are certain hamlets near the said Chapel, and three miles distant from their parish Churches, viz. Helleby in the parish of Stainton, Newell in the parish of Laughton, Woodlaiths in the parish of Conisbrough, and Cole Riddings in the parish of Rotherham. We think fit that Newell aforesaid be made parcel of and annexed to Bramley, and Bramley Chapel to be made a parish Church; and further, that Helleby and Woodlaiths be made a parish of itself, they consisting of thirty-one families at least, and a Church built in some convenient place."

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe or registers.

Parochial Charities.—Vide Braithwell.

Post town, Rotherham.

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 136.

BRODSWORTH.—ST. MICHAEL. —(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,170 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 447[2]; CHURCH-

[1] Mr. Hunter (South Yorkshire) mentions an augmentation made in 1730, but which appears to be wrong, the augmentation being made to Bramley, in the parish of Leeds.

[2] Viz. Brodsworth with Pickburn and Scansby. In 1834, the population was stated only at 386.

ROOM, 150[1]; NET VALUE, 367*l.*—The Rectory of this Church was anciently of the patronage of the Dayrells, afterwards came to the Dean and Chapter of York, who have there, says Mr. Torre, the Rectory, one oxgang of land, and jurisdiction of their whole family; and on the 12th April, A.D. 1307, William de Hamilton, Dean of York, granted the said advowson and oxgang of land to William de Grenfield, Archbishop, who appropriated the Church to the Dean and Chapter, and ordained a Vicarage therein. The Dean and Chapter have still the Rectory, which they let, but the Archbishop still continued to collate to the Vicarage till 1662, when the Dean and Chapter succeeded in obtaining the presentation.

Patron, the Archbishop of York.

The Archbishop hath the ecclesiastical jurisdiction, not the Dean and Chapter.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 6*l.* 6*s.* 10*d.* per annum; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 495, it is stated, "Vicarage 50*l.* per annum. The advowson was formerly in the Dean and Chapter of York. The Rectory is impropriate, belonging to the executors of Mr. James Crossland, worth about 60*l.* per annum."

An Inclosure Act was passed 55th Geo. III.

For the list of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

22nd April 1784, faculty to enlarge the church-yard.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538.

CHARITIES.—*Robert Wharam's gift*, in 1671. 13*s.* 4*d.* rent-charge per annum, for two of the most needful poor people.—Vide 18th Report, page 606.

Cartwright's, alias Vicars' gift. Vide General Charities. 15*s*, a year, distributed among poor persons, and pensions of 13*s.* 4*d.* a year are given to three poor persons of Brodsworth and one of Pigburn.

—— *Wentworth, Esq.'s gift.* Rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum, for teaching ten poor children to read and write.

[1] In 1818, the church-room was returned at 200.

Mrs. Thellusson's gift. Rent-charge of 4*l.* 4*s.* per annum, for teaching six poor girls to read, knit, and sew.—Vide 18th Report, page 606, and 19th Report, page 561.

Post town, Doncaster.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 1,247. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 230. Wood's MS. (Bodleian,) No. 5,101. Nonæ Roll, page 220. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 314.

BURGHWALLIS.—ST. HELEN.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,700 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 223[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 85[2]; NET VALUE, 275*l.*

This Church is an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Wallises, and from them to the Gascoignes of Gowlthorpe, and afterwards to the Annes, and since to the Wyatts.

Patron, Michael Tasburgh, Esq.

Valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 12*l.*, and in the King's books at 14*l.* 6*s.* 10*d.* per annum, after deducting for Synodals 5*s.* 6*d.*, and Procurations 4*s.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 381, it is stated: "Rectory, 60*l.* per annum. The inhabitants of Skelley, in the parish of Anston, every Christmas day have used to repair to the parish Church of Burghwallis, and so for that day only are holden to be of that parish. We think fit that that custom be broken, and no longer continued, and that Skelleye be always of Anston parish, no day excepted."

Mr. Hunter gives a list of the Rectors, and the arms, monuments, &c.

An Act was passed 53rd Geo. III. for effecting a drainage.

In 1818 the glebe house was unfit for residence, being too small and ruinous, but it has been rebuilt under Gilbert's Act.

The Register books commence in 1597. Some chasms.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Land.* 2A. 1R., purchased in 1678 with 10*l.* bequeathed by William Huscroft for the use of the poor.

Poor's Money. 5*s.* per annum, as in-

[1] The return of Burghwallis parish includes Haywood and Sutton.

[2] In 1818, it was returned that there was accommodation for between 150 to 200.

terest of 5*l.*, in the hands of M. Tasburgh, Esq., and distributed with the rent of the above-mentioned land.—Vide 17th Report, page 735.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 1,001. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 210. Nonæ Roll, page 222. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 483.

CAMPSALL.—ST. MARY MAGDALENE.—(*Discharged Vicarage*[1].)—Area, 3,930 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U. D.——POPULATION, 1,974[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 575; NET VALUE, 128*l.*

22nd Edw. I., Henry de Lacy, Earl of Lincoln, obtained a charter for a market on Thursday here, and a fair on the eve and morrow of St. Mary Magdalene and two days following.

This Church, a Rectory of medieties, was of the patronage of the Barons Newmarch and Lacies, till the consolidation of them into one, viz. that of the Lacies; from them it came to the Dukes of Lancaster, and in 1481 Edward IV. gave it to the Priory of Wallingwells, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 8th February 1482. The endowment provides that the incumbent shall be a graduate, not below the degree of Master of Arts.

Patrons and impropriators, J. and G. C. Yarborough, Esqrs.

The Church is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 66*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 16*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 383, it is stated: "Vicarage, 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* The towns of Fenwick and Mosse, in this parish, distant above three miles from the Church, and ill ways, where hath been a Chapel, though now demolished, which towns consist of about sixty-eight families. We think fit that the said Chapel be re-edified, and made a parish Church, and Fenwick and Mosse divided from Campsall, and made a parish, and annexed together."

Augmented, in 1720, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. William Moore and others; in 1773, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Henry Yarborough; and in 1802, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Miss Elizabeth Yarborough.

"The Rectory impropriate is worth between 240*l.* and 250*l.* per annum. A Vicarage was ordained by Archbishop Rotherham, who appointed the Vicar a portion of 25 marks per annum, together with a portion of the Rectory for his mansion-house. This is the present state of this Church. Nothing besides the surplus fees remains to the incumbent but the yearly sum of 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, together with the privilege of dwelling in the house. The portion of tithes and glebe out of which the Chancel is repaired, and the Vicar's portion paid, is now in the hands of one Mr. Harvey, a neighbouring gentleman. No benefaction, save the yearly sum of 10*s.*, left by one Mrs. Middleton." Signed, "T. C."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 933.

Inclosure Acts were passed 19th Geo. III. (Fenwick); 20th Geo. III. (Moss); 54th Geo. III. (Campsall, Norton, and Askern); and 1st and 2nd Will. IV.

For the inscriptions and list of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The Valor Ecclesiasticus mentions a Chantry in this Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1563.

CHARITIES.—*Dole.* 10*s.* per annum, charged on the great tithes in 1483, for the poor.

Poor's Land. Allotment of land at Fishlake, purchased with 10*l.* given by the Rev. Thomas Wray, the Vicar, in 1619, and 20*l.* by the Rev. Dr. Cooke in 1707.

Bread Land. Garths, given by John Pinder, by will, dated 5th December 1735, to provide half-a-dozen loaves, or sixpence in lieu thereof, for the most needful poor widows every Lord's Day morning; residue to the poorest people of Norton.

NORTON TOWNSHIP.—*Thomas Goodridge's gift*, in 1700. 2A. 0R. 38P., rent to be dealt on Good Friday to poor widows and fatherless children. The Commissioners thought the land was underlet.

William Moore's gift, by will, dated

[1] In 1834, Campsall was returned as a Perpetual Curacy.

[2] Viz. Askerne, 256; Campsall, 386; Fenwick, 286; Moss, 269; Norton, 643; and Sutton, 134.

9th April 1730. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum, for teaching as many poor children as the sum should be sufficient for, and 12*s.* per annum to the poor. The 1*l.* had not been paid, at the time of the Report, for several years.

Elizabeth Roebuck's gift, in 1715. 3*l.*, the interest for the poor. Lost by insolvency.

SUTTON TOWNSHIP.——*Jane Middleton's*, otherwise *Jane Vickers's gift*, in 1723. Rent of 3A. 2R. 0P. of land. Rents-charge of 10*s.* per annum to the minister; 10*s.* per annum to the poor of Sutton, to be paid every new year's day; and 1*l.* 5*s.* 10*d.* per annum for teaching three of the poorest children of Sutton to read, &c., and that each of the said poor children be provided with a Bible and Prayer-Book.

MOSS TOWNSHIP.—*Edward Bowser's gift*. 8*l.*, left for the poor. No account obtained by the Commissioners.—Vide 18th Report, page 596.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 1,021. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 209. Nonæ Roll, page 222. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 463.

NORTON.—There was a free Chapel at Norton, in which were two Chantries.

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 473.

CANTLEY [1].—SAINT WILFRED [2]. —(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 5,160 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 634; CHURCH-ROOM, 270 [3]; NET VALUE, 233*l.*—This Church was a Rectory till given to the Priory of Wallingwells in 1262, and appropriated thereto, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1289.

Patron and impropriator, J. W. Childers, Esq.

The Church is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.*, and the Vicarage at 5*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage at 6*l.* 6*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 489, it is stated: "Vicarage, 24*l.* per annum. The impropriate Rector pays a fee farm rent to the State of twenty nobles per annum."

Augmented, in 1767, with 200*l.*, by lot; and in 1778, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Childers Walbank Childers, Esq.

Inclosure Acts were passed 5th Geo. III., 17th Geo. III., and 55th Geo. III. (Brampton.)

For the monuments and list of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

26th February 1814, faculty granted to effect an exchange.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538. Entries of baptisms and burials deficient 1783 to 1796.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Land.* Thirteen acres. Rent applied towards teaching 45 free scholars on the National plan.—Vide 18th Report, page 607.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 911. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 223. Nonæ Roll, page 220. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 81.

CONISBROUGH.—ST. PETER.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 4,000 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S. D.—POPULATION, 1,347; CHURCH-ROOM, 311 [1]; NET VALUE, 206*l.*—This Church, with its Chapel, was given by William Earl Warren to the Priory of Lewes, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 17th Kal., August, A.D. 1253; and on 4th November, 5th and 6th Philip and Mary, the Crown granted the Advowson to the See of York.

Patron, the Archbishop of York. The Duke of Leeds and others are impropriators.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation, the Church is valued at 36*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and the Vicarage at 5*l.* per annum; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 8*l.* 12*s.* 8*d.*; Synodals and Procurations, 11*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 498, at 20*l.* per annum.

For the inscriptions and list of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

[1] Alias Brampton.

[2] Torre says St. Nicholas; but James Grave, the Vicar of Cantley, by will, dated 2nd March 1504, directed his body to be buried before the image of St. Wilfred, patron of the Church.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room was returned as sufficient for the then population of 548.

[1] In 1818, returned "500 or 600."

Here was a Chantry.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1555.

CHARITIES.—*Richard Maxwell's gift*, by will, in 1612. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum for the poor.

Philip Waterhouse's gift, by deed, dated 6th December, 10th Jac. I. Rent-charge of 30*s.* per annum. 10*s.* per annum added by means unknown.

Henry Saxton's gift, by will, dated 6th March 1694. Rents-charge of 2*l.* per annum to the schoolmaster, and 5*l.* per annum to twenty poor persons.

Almshouses. The site of four small ancient almshouses, which had become ruinous, was demised by the Vicar and churchwardens in 1812 on a building lease for a term of 999 years, at the annual rent of 5*l.*

Henry Howson's gift, by will, dated 28th August 1641. One-fourth of the rent of 4A. 3R. 22P. of land to the poor.

Cartwright's charity.—Vide General Charity. Pension of 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum to a poor person, who is usually nominated by the Vicar.

School House, built upon the Waste. Four free scholars. Income: rent of two houses, and 2*l.* under Saxton's gift. —Vide 18th Report, page 608.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 835. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 238. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Nonæ Roll, page 223. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxxi. pages 207 and 421. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 98.

DARFIELD.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 11,720 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N. D. —POPULATION, 5,703[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600[2]; NET VALUE, 93*l.*—This was a Rectory of medieties[1]. The one belonged to the Flemyngs, and from them to the Woodhalls, and thence came to the Draxes. This was never appropriated. The other moiety belonged to the Lords Grey of Rotherfeld till it was given to the Priory of St. John of Jerusalem, to which it was appropriated in 1363, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

The Rev. Henry Cooke is patron of the Rectory, and Trinity College, Cambridge, of the Vicarage. The College has also the impropriation.

Valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 70*l.*; viz., Robert's part, 36*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and John's part, 33*l.*-6*s.* 8*d.* In the King's books, the Rectory is valued at 53*l.* 1*s.* 7*d.* Synodals and Procurations, 5*s.* 9*d.*; Pension to the Priory of Pontefract, 5*s.*; and the Vicarage at 14*l.* 11*s.* 9*d.* Synodals, 2*s.*; Procurations, 3*s.* 9*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 449, it is stated: "In medieties. The Rectory of the one mediety at 120*l.* per annum; in the other, there is a Vicarage at 14*l.* per annum."

Augmented, in 1720, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 140*l.*, and lands worth 60*l.*, from the Hon. Thomas Wentworth; in 1770, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from John Hinchcliffe, D.D.; in 1774, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Bishop of Peterborough; and in 1833 with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Trinity College, Cambridge.

"One-half of the tithes go to Trinity College, Cambridge, and the other half to the Rector. There is also a Vicar, who hath a stipend of 22 marks." Signed, "Samuel Crooke, Vicar."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 978.

There was a decree in the Exchequer, in Trinity Term, 2d Jac. II. as to tithes, but which is unreported.

Inclosure Acts were passed 33rd Geo. III. (Ardsley), and 45th Geo. III.

For the monuments and list of the Rectors and Vicars of both medieties, both before and since the Reformation, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

A Chantry was founded in this Church.

[1] Viz. Ardsley, 1,029; Billingley, 217; Darfield, 520; Great Houghton, 292; Little Houghton, 132; Wombwell, 836; and Worsbrough, 2,677. In 1834, the population was returned—Darfield, 2,226; and Wombwell, 800. Total, 3,026.

The parish of Darfield is partly in Staincross wapentake. The great increase of population in the township of Worsbrough (1,285 persons) is attributed to the inclosure of 400 acres of waste land and the building of cottages on the small allotments.

[2] In the return made in 1818, the estimate is 2,000, of which 130 free sittings have been obtained under a grant of 30*l.* from the Society for Enlarging Churches.

[1] Which is now a Discharged Vicarage.

The glebe house is fit for residence, which was built under a faculty, dated 27th March 1738.

13th July 1739, faculty to build a gallery.

10th December 1784, ditto to erect gallery.

22nd July 1786, ditto to erect a gallery.

The Register Books commence in 1628.

CHARITIES.—*Almshouses*, occupied by four poor widows, who receive an annuity of 8*l.*, paid by Mr. Saville, of Edwardthorpe, by some of whose ancestors the charity was established.

Robert Wainwright's dole. Rent-charge of 17*s.* 7*d.* per annum to the poor.

John Rayney's gift to the poor. 1*l.* 13*s.* per annum.

CHARITIES FOR EDUCATION.—The sum of 5*l.* a year is paid by the trustees of Goodwin's charity, in the parish of Rawmarsh, to the master of a township school in Darfield, for teaching ten poor children gratuitously in reading.

Rev. Mr. Lonsdale's donation. Interest of 49*l.* 10*s.* for the support of a Sunday school.

ARDSLEY TOWNSHIP.—*John Micklethwaite's gift*, in 1742. 50*l.* for establishing a school, applied in erecting a school-house; and on that account the master teaches two poor children, nominated by the representatives of the donor.

Jonathan Roodes's gift, by will, dated 26th June 1653. Rents-charge of 10*s.* per annum to the poor.

GREAT HOUGHTON TOWNSHIP. —— *School*, founded by a member of the family of Rhodes. Endowed with a school-house and rent-charge of 3*l.* 5*s.* Ten free scholars taught to read.—Vide 17th Report, page 787.

Post town, Barnsley.

Torre's MS., page 1,207. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 237 and 307. Nonæ Roll, page 224. Bodleian MSS., Nos. 5,078 and 5,101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 103.

WOMBWELL.—SAINT MARY.—(*Parish of Darfield. Donative.*)—Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N. D.—POPULATION, 836, vide Darfield[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 200[1]; GROSS and NET VALUE, no return.

The Incumbents of the two medieties of Darfield provide service alternately.

The Chapel is a Saxon building, and contained a Chantry, founded 22nd Henry VII. by Roger Womburd.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 451, it is stated to be "Three miles from Darfield, and often times stoppage in the way by reason of the waters. About 130 families. To be made a parish, comprising the town."

An Inclosure Act was passed 4th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house or registers.

CHARITIES.—*Raines's gift*, vide Worsbrough. 2*l.* 10*s.* a year.

Margaret Wormeley's charity, by deed, dated 18th April, 7th Charles I. Rent-charge of 40*s.* for the poor of Smeathley and the township of Wombwell, to be distributed on St. Thomas's day yearly.

The Town Land. Fifteen acres, given by William Hinchcliffe in 1433, for the general benefit of the commonalty.—Vide 17th Report, page 788.

Post town, Barnsley.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 800.

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 122.

WORSBROUGH.—SAINT MARY.—(*Parish of Darfield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Staincross wapentake.—POPULATION, 2,677, vide Darfield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,000[2]; NET VALUE, 140*l.*

Patron and impropriator, the Rector of Darfield.

Valued, in 1818, at 63*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.* per annum. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 452, it is there stated to be "Five miles from Darfield. 100 families. Value, 35*l.* per annum, of which 30*l.* is for a lecture, founded by one John Rayney, gent., deceased. To be made a parish."

A Chantry was founded in this Chapel on the 10th October 1412, by Sir Robert Rokeley, Knight. Two Chantries are named in the Valor Ecc.

[1] A grant of 100*l.* has been made by the Society for enlarging the Chapel, and obtaining 182 additional seats, of which 104 will be free sittings.

[2] As returned in 1818. No return in 1834.

Augmented, in 1722, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* from T. Edmunds, Esq., Francis Hall, and Henry Carrington; and in 1767, with 200*l.*; and in 1813, with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—both by lot.

Mr. Hunter gives some information relative to the income of the Curacy.

An Inclosure Act was passed 57th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was built about 1700, chiefly at the expense of Henry Edmunds, Esq.

The Register books commence in 1559.

LECTURESHIP.—This was founded in 1631 by John Rayney, Esq., of the city of London, and the nomination is in certain trustees (vide nomination of William Porter in 1781). Archbishop Sharp gives a particular account of the endowment of this Lectureship.

CHARITIES.—*The School.* This school appears to have been, by its original institution, a grammar school. The master has always been the Curate or Minister of the Chapel. It is under the superintendence of trustees. Income (exclusive of a dwelling-house for the master): pension of 4*l.* 15*s.* per annum from the Duchy of Lancaster, rent of 3A. 1R. 0P. of land, and rent-charge of 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, left by John Rayney. The dead languages were formerly taught in the school, but for upwards of 50 years only English reading, writing, and arithmetic, have been taught; and under the sanction of the trustees, the duties of the master have been performed through the medium of an assistant, who receives the whole of the emoluments. About thirty children are termed free scholars, who, however, pay 3*s.* 4*d.* each per annum.

John Rayney's charity, by will, dated 25th February 1631. Rents-charge of 30*l.* per annum, for the better maintenance of a preacher, to preach twice on the Sabbath-day in the Chapel, and to read divine service in the absence of the reader appointed for that purpose; 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the schoolmaster; and 6*l.* 13*s.* for the aged and impotent people of Darfield, Wombwell, Worsbrough, and Worsbrough Dale.

Roades's gift. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum for the poor.

Richard Townend's gift. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum for coals for the poor.

Mrs. Skiers's gift. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum for teaching six poor girls to knit and sew.

Poor's Money. Interest of 174*l.*, given by Francis Willson, Mrs. Wilcock, William Allott, and a person unknown. Given in coals.

Mrs. Ann Shaw's gift, by will, dated 4th June 1818. A legacy of 20*l.*, to be applied for the encouragement of a Sunday school.—Vide 17th Report, page 789.

Post town, Barnsley.

Torre's MS., page 1,215. Bodleian MSS., No. 5,101. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 237. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 281.

DARTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,510 acres. Staincross wapentake.——POPULATION, 2,960[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600; NET VALUE, 150*l.*—This was a Rectory belonging to the Lacies, and from them to the Dukes of Lancaster, and in 3rd Richard III. it was appropriated to the Priory of Monk Bretton. This grant was vacated by authority of Parliament, but King Henry IV., under seal of the Duchy of Lancaster, re-granted it, and a Vicarage was ordained therein, 2nd June 1484[2].

Patron and impropriator, T. W. Beaumont, Esq.

The Church is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 23*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* In the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 12*l.* 10*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 419, it is stated: "Vicarage, 12*l.* 10*s.* per annum, together with the Vicarage house and a garden of small value."

Augmented, in 1720, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 250*l.* from William Wentworth, Esq.

"The glebe (which was very considerable) hath several proprietors. The

[1] Viz. Barugh, 946; Darton, 1,466; and Kexborough, 548. In the townships of Barugh and Darton, upwards of 100 men are employed in coal mines.

[2] By the endowment, the Rectors are bound to distribute among the poor of the parish as many loaves as one quartern of bread corn will make, and also 500 red herrings in the time of Lent, yearly for ever.

tithes, which are all impropriated, both great and small, together with the surplice fees, are possessed at present by William Beaumont, gent. (one-third), Sir John Wentworth (one-third), and Henry Eyre, gent. (one-third), who jointly pay an annual rent to the audit, out of which the Vicar hath a stipend of 12*l.* 10*s.*, but pays out of it, for tenths, 1*l.* 5*s.*; for taxes, which the auditors deduct, 2*l.* 8*s.*; and audit fees, 9*s.* 7*d.*; besides the charge of thirty miles' journey, or near upon it, to York, in November, and of one or two days' attendance ere the money will be paid: so the real and intrinsic value of this poor Vicarage does not at present much exceed 8*l.* per annum." Signed, "J. Leech, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 659.

There were unreported decrees in the Exchequer, in Hilary Term, 5th Car. I., in Trinity Term, 6th Car. I., in Hilary Term, 7th Car. I., and in Hilary Term, 8th Car. I.

An Inclosure Act was passed 1st Geo. IV.

For the inscriptions and list of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

There was a Chantry in this Church.

27th September 1740, faculty to build a gallery.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1558.

CHARITIES.—*George Beaumont's charity*, by will dated 24th July 1668, and deed, dated 28th August, 27th Charles II. Income: rent of 127A. 3R. 37P. of land. One moiety is paid to the master of the school, who also has the occupation of a school-house, for instructing all the children of the inhabitants of the parish in reading, writing, and accounts. Previous to admission, the children must be able to read the New Testament. The other moiety of the income is distributed, two-thirds of it among poor people of Darton not receiving parochial relief, or paupers who are in sickness, and the other third among poor people of Over Flockton.

Thomas Beaumont's charity, by will, dated 3rd September 1728. Interest of 100*l.*, to be distributed amongst such poor persons as should have legal settlements.

TOWNSHIP OF KEXBOROUGH. — *The Almshouses*, built with 50*l.*, given in 1771 by Robert Thickett, and occupied by two poor families.

The School, endowed with 5*l.* per annum by the will of John Sylvester, dated 25th January 1719, for teaching eight poor children to read and write.

John Higson's gift, by will, dated 13th October 1814. Interest of 200*l.*, for teaching poor children reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, and the principles of the Christian religion, as taught by the Church of England. Also the interest of 50*l.* as a dole for poor widows and poor families.

Birthwaite dole. 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum to the poor.

TOWNSHIP OF BARUGH.—*Almshouses.* Two cottages occupied by two poor widows, and an annual stipend of seven guineas to be paid to each of the widows by —— Micklethwaite, Esq., of Park House, near Barnsley. The Commissioners notice an opinion which prevailed, that the widows were entitled to the rents of certain closes.

Township School. The mistress receives a stipend of 2*l.* per annum from Colonel Beaumont for teaching small children.—Vide 17th Report, page 745.

Post town, Barnsley.

Torre's MS., page 1,063. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 269. Bodleian MSS., No. 5,101. Nonæ Roll, page 224. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 368.

DINNINGTON.—ST. NICHOLAS. — (*Discharged Rectory.*) — Area, 1,540 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wap., S.D.—POP.[1], 233; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 103*l.*—A Discharged Rectory, given by William Earl Warren to the Priory of Lewes. At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

The Church was founded by the Warrens, and rebuilt about 1770.

4th October 1535, the Prior and Convent of Lewes leased the Advowson for 99 years to Robert Waterhouse, of Halifax, his executors, and assigns.

Valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 4*l.*; in 1818, at 68*l.* 3*s.* 11*d.*; and in

[1] In 1834, the population was only returned at 110.

the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 439, it is stated: "Rectory, 24*l.* per annum. All the town to be made of the parish, part of it now lying in another parish."

Augmented in 1798, with 200*l.*, by lot.

"Endowed with all sorts of great and small tithes. Yearly value, 21*l.*" Signed, "Will. Radcliffe, Rect."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 806.

Mr. Hunter gives a catalogue of the Rectors, also the arms, inscriptions, &c.

An Inclosure Act was passed 18th Geo. III.

There is a glebe house fit for residence.

29th October 1785, faculty to rebuild the Church.

The Register Books commence in 1730.—Vide earlier returns in the registry at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS., page 1,173. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 250. Nonæ Roll, page 222. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 137.

DONCASTER.—ST. GEORGE.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)——Area, 5,842 acres. Soke of Doncaster.—POPULATION, 11,572[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 2,000; NET VALUE, 125*l.*—This Church was, in the time of Henry I., given by Nigell Fossard to the Abbey of St. Mary's, York. It was then a Rectory of medieties till 6th Kal., April 1303, when it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained, and which was confirmed 23rd December 1320; and in 36th Henry VIII. the Advowson was granted to the Archbishop, who is still the patron and impropriator, in exchange; and on the 15th Oct. 1434, by composition, the Vicar was charged with the reparation of the Chancel.

Torre names only one Chantry, founded by Thomas de Fledburgh. Seven are named in the Valor Ecc.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 93*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum; The Vicarage, in the King's books, at 32*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.* per annum. Synodals, 6*s.* 8*d.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 2, and vol. xviii. page 518, it is stated: "The Rectory belongs to the Archbishop, charged with 40*l.* to the Vicar, 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* to the poor, 13*s.* 4*d.* for bread and wine, 2*s.* Lord's rent, and 2*s.* 6*d.* to the clerk and sexton." "A Vicarage, with house and garden. 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* paid by the Earl of Kingston, the Rector's lessee, and also 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* augmentation. The Vicar is liable to all subsidies; 20 nobles per annum are paid from the audit at Pontefract to an assistant minister. There are in the parish 1,500 communicants at the least. The towns following to be taken from Doncaster parish, and added to others, viz.: Wheatley to Kirk Sandall parish; Balby, Henthrop, and part of Warmsworth, to Warmsworth parish; and Carr House, Tylts, Langthwaite, and part of Stockbridge, to Arksey parish."

The Lectureship was founded by Alderman Skelton in 1698.

Inclosure Acts were passed 5th Geo. III. and 24th Geo. III.

For the inscriptions, monuments, and list of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

6th October 1739, faculty to build an organ gallery.

18th June 1764, ditto to erect a gallery.

25th October 1766, ditto to alter the situation of the pulpit.

4th November 1768, ditto to erect a gallery.

29th October 1792, an additional burial-ground was consecrated.

23rd September 1796, faculty to build a vestry.

A mortgage of 494*l.* 15*s.* under Gilbert's Act will cease in 1848.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1557.

CHARITIES.—*The Grammar School.* The Commissioners met with no deeds respecting the origin or foundation of the school. The mayor and corporation act as trustees, and appoint the master. The school-room is part of the building which was formerly the Chapel of Saint Mary Magdalen. The master instructs gratuitously in classical learning all the sons of freemen of Doncaster who are sent to him, and has had, on an ave-

[1] Viz. Doncaster, 10,801; Balby with Hexthorpe, 420; Langthwaite with Tilts, 28; and Long Sandall with Wheatley, 323.—The parish of Doncaster is partly in the north division of Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake.

rage, about seven such scholars at a time. He has also voluntarily received and taught as free scholars the sons of some other inhabitants. A quarterage is paid by the free scholars for instruction in writing and accounts. The income consists of 80*l.* per annum, paid by the corporation (which appears to be a voluntary or customary gift), rent of 2A. 1R. 23P. of land, and rent of three pews in the Church. It is surmised that the pews must have appertained to three messuages, now lost or alienated from the school.

Hollis's charity, vide Sheffield. 15*l.* per annum to a schoolmaster, for teaching poor children to read and write.

St. Thomas's Hospital, founded by Thomas Ellis, by deed, dated 10th October, 4th and 5th Philip and Mary, for the habitation of six poor men and women at the least, being such as were of good fame, and had dwelt within the parish, and had fallen into poverty by sickness or misfortune. Income: rent of 185A. 0R. 7P. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 424*l.* 12*s.* per annum. Six almswomen, generally widows, inhabit the hospital, and are paid 9*s.* a week; also 1*l.* 1*s.* a year for coals, and 1*s.* each at Christmas. There are about twelve out-pensioners at 6*s.* each a week, and allowance as above for coals and Christmas-boxes. 10*l.* 10*s.* per annum is paid to a receiver; 2*l.* 2*s.* per annum to a clerk; 5*l.* 4*s.* per annum for making the payments; and 2*l.* 2*s.* per annum for giving notices of meetings. Trustees: the mayor, aldermen, Vicar, and others.

Stock's Almshouses. Three cottages, built in 1815, in lieu of three old ones, and occupied by three poor widows, who divide among them an ancient stipend of 2*l.* per annum.

Thomas Martin's charity, by will, dated 17th January 1688. Rent-charge of 20*l.* a year, for apprenticing three, four, or five poor boys to trades. Nominees: the mayor and Vicar.

Jane Ellerker's charity, by deed, dated 10th February 1736. Rent of two cottages and a close of land, for six, seven, or eight poor housekeepers at Christmas every year. The rents, at the time of the Report, amounted to 16*l.* 16*s.* per annum.

Quintin Kay's charity, by will, dated 10th March 1804. Dividends of 2,150*l.* three per cent. consols, and 6,000*l.* three-and-a-half per cents. 2*l.* 2*s.* a year, for a sermon on the first Sunday in September, on the tendency of religion to promote diligence in business; 5*l.* per annum in bread; 60*l.* per annum in apprenticing six poor children; 3*l.* 3*s.* per annum to the Dispensary; 10*l.* per annum to the town-clerk, for keeping the accounts; and the residue to be expended in payments to poor persons, of the age of 50 years, of 1*l.* 1*s.* a-piece on the first Saturday in every month. Trustees: the corporation of Doncaster.

John Jarratt's charity, by bond, dated 9th May 1821. 30*s.* a month to each of six poor, reduced, or decayed persons, whether male or female, being of the age of fifty years or upwards, and residing in Doncaster; and 2*l.* per annum to the parish officers, to be laid out in bread.

Cartwright's, alias Vicars's, charity, vide General Charities. Four poor persons receive yearly pensions of 13*s.* 4*d.* under this charity.

William Bradford's charity, by will, dated 5th February 1619. Legacy of 20*l.*, to be employed by the churchwardens and overseers towards the perpetual relief of the poor. This charity appears to have been lost.—Vide 18th Report, page 609.

The free Chapel of St. James, in this town, was valued, at the Dissolution, at 1*l.* 14*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 937. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 221. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101 Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 1. Miller's Doncaster. Nonæ Roll, page 209. Mon. Ang. vol. iii. pages 533. 572, and vol. ii. pages 780. 1544.

DONCASTER. ——— CHRIST CHURCH.—Area, vide Saint George. Soke of Doncaster.—POPULATION, vide St. George [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000; NET VALUE, 198*l.*

Patrons, the trustees of the late J. Jarratt, Esq.

Built, under an Act passed 7th and 8th Geo. IV., cap. 110, by John Jar-

[1] The population was not returned in 1834.

ratt, Esq., who expended 10,000*l.* on the building, and 3,000*l.* in endowing the living. The first stone was laid 9th October 1827, and the Church was consecrated 10th September 1829. No district assigned.

No glebe house.

No return as to register books.

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 490 (2nd vol. Additions).

LOVERSALL.—(*Parish of Doncaster. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,220 acres. Soke of Doncaster.—POPULATION, 154[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 150[2]; NET VALUE, 53*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Doncaster.

Valued in 1707, at 10*l.* 10*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. pages 521—526, recommended to be made a parish.

Augmented in 1766, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1824, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

A Mrs. Overton, by her will, made a handsome augmentation, but which became void by the statute of mortmain.

For the inscriptions, &c., see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

28th October 1785, faculty to new pew the Church, and erect a gallery.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1703.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Doncaster.

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 60, and page 490 (2nd vol. Additions). Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 222.

ECCLESFIELD.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 43,540 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 13,415[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,500[4]; NET VALUE, 573*l.*—This Church was given and appropriated to the Abbey of St. Wandrille, in Normandy, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 7th Id. December, A.D. 1310; but in 9th Richard II., 1386, it was taken from it, and given to the Priory of St. Anne juxta Corintre.

T. Ryder, Esq., is the present patron.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 116*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* In the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 19*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 426, at 95*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1720 with 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 50*l.* from Lord Bruce, 50*l.* from Lady Dorothy Saville, 50*l.* from Lady Mary Saville, and a legacy of 50*l.* from the Rev. Mr. Turey.

A decree in the Exchequer, in Hilary Term, 8th William III., as to tithes, is unreported.

Inclosure Acts were passed 24th Geo. III., 51st Geo. III., and 55th Geo. III. (Wisewood Common.)

For the arms, &c., vide Hunter's Hallamshire, where there is also a catalogue of the Vicars.

11th July 1823, faculty to re-pew the Church and erect new galleries.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

A mortgage of 1,200*l.* under Gilbert's Act will cease in 1843.

The Register Books commence in 1620, but they are much torn and defaced till 1742, and marriages deficient from 1754 to 1769.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Edward Sylvester's Hospital*, founded about 1693, for seven poor men or women, to be chosen by the Vicar and churchwardens out of the parish, with a preference to those residing on the north side of the parish, each to be paid 3*l.* annually. The income arises from the rent of 65A. 3R. 19P. of land; interest of 200*l.*, left by Mrs. Ann Reresby, by will, dated 29th June 1801, on an augmentation; and the interest of 35*l.* taken by the parish; and, after deducting the expense of repairs, &c., the whole is annually divided among the seven inmates.

George Bamforth's six tenements, for three poor persons of Owleston, and three of Ecclesfield.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 131.

[2] Estimated in 1818 at 200.

[3] Viz. Bradfield, 5,504; Ecclesfield, 7,911; and Aldeward, population not separately returned. The township of Aldeward heretofore made a distinct return.

[4] Stated, in 1818, at 2,100. 397 additional sittings (of which 200 are free) have been obtained, towards which the Society made a grant of 200*l.*

Ann Sylvester's gift, by will, dated in 1711. Rent of a farm, with house, barn, &c., let, at the time of the Report, for 36*l.* per annum. One-fourth for teaching poor children belonging to Chapel Town, Mortomley, Lane End, and Burnt Cross; half to be distributed among poor housekeepers within Grenafirth quarter; and the remaining fourth in apprenticing poor children of the same quarter, at the discretion of the Vicar.

William Parkin's gift, by will, in 1757. Interest of 50*l.*, for teaching six poor children of Mortomley and Mortomley Lane End.

Rev. Robert Turie's gift. House, buildings, and croft, situate at Wadsley Bridge, purchased with 80*l.* given about 1720, for teaching twelve poor children of the soke of Southey; six of them at Parson's Cross school, and six at Shire Green school, at the nomination of the Vicar.

Joseph Dungworth's gift, by will, dated 8th April 1800. Interest of 50*l.*, for educating six poor children.

Grenoside School, originally established by the inhabitants. The endowment consists of a school-room, tenement, with garden, and three crofts; annual payment of 5*l.* 17*s.* out of the poor-rates, being the interest of 100*l.*, given by Nicholas Gill, in 1735, for teaching six poor children; and 30*l.*, given by Richard and Martha Carr, for teaching poor children; which sums were applied for the use of the parishioners; the yearly rent-charge of 26*s.*, given by Mrs. Sarah Smith, in 1773, for teaching poor children; rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum, given by William Walker, Esq. Twenty children are taught by the master reading, writing, and arithmetic.

Ann Reresby's gift, by will, dated 23rd June 1801. Interest of 500*l.*, for educating thirty poor girls within High Green, Thompson Hill, Potter Hill, and Mortomley, in such manner as the trustees shall think proper.

Feoffee Estate. This property has been from ancient times vested in feoffees, and appropriated to the maintenance of divine service in the parish Church, the relief of the poor, the repairs of the Church and its ornaments, the reparation of highways and bridges in the parish, and such other necessary and charitable uses as to the feoffees should seem meet. Eighteen poor children are taught reading, writing, and arithmetic. The estate consists of 68A. 0R. 26P. and the site of eight houses, let, at the time of the Report, for 136*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.*, and a rent-charge of 5*l.*

Poor's Land. 12A. 0R. 20P., purchased, in 1680, with 100*l.* given by William Shirecliffe; 40*l.* by Margaret Shirecliffe; and 5*l.* by the feoffees. Rent distributed at Christmas among the poor.

DOLES, given annually among the poor at Easter.—*Rev. John Tyas's* rent-charge by deed, in 1584, 14*s.*; *Edward Scott's*, by will, dated 15th November 1602, 6*s.* 8*d.*; *Ralph Hadfield's*, by will, in 1625, 1*l.* 8*s.*; *John Shaw's*, by will, dated 27th December 1629, 4*l.*; *Mrs. Creswick's*, by will, dated 9th July 1706, 1*l.*

Sundry benefactions. Interest of 180*l.*, laid out in building a workhouse; 8*l.* 2*s.* paid out of the poor's rate.

Lady Trott Mallory's charity. Rent amounting at the time of the Report, to 13*l.* 13*s.*

Building Lease. Rent 3*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

Bread Money. Interest of 130*l.*, arising from sundry benefactions, paid out of the poor's rate. The principal was applied towards building the poor-house.

Barries Hall Hospital, founded under the will of Sir Richard Scott, Knight, dated 6th April 1668, for six poor people. The heirs of Richard Watts are special visitors.—Vide 21st Report, page 612.

Post town, Sheffield.

Torre's MS., page 1,119. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 261. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Nonæ Roll, page 223. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. pages 15, 16. 19. Hunter's Hallamshire, page 255.

BOLSTERSTONE.—(*Parish of Ecclesfield. Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, vide Ecclesfield. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 830, vide Ecclesfield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 420[1]; NET VALUE, 119*l.*

[1] In 1818, the Chapel-room was returned at 550.

Patron, J. Remmington, Esq., as lord of the manor. Founded by Sir Robert de Rockley in 1412.

Valued in 1707, at 7*l.* 14*s.* 7*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 428, it is stated: "No maintenance for a minister. About 90 families. To be made a parish Church."

Augmented in 1721, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction; and, in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

16th December 1790, a faculty was granted to take down and rebuild the Chapel.

30th July 1795, the new Chapel was consecrated, and also an additional burial-ground.

An Inclosure Act was passed 18th Geo. III.

Mr. Hunter gives a catalogue of the Curates, and some account of the income.

A parochial library was founded by the Hon. Thomas W. Wentworth.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Registers, for baptisms and burials, commence in 1772.

CHARITIES.—*School*, founded under the will of Ralph Ellis, of York, dated 3rd January 1622, and augmented by the will of John Hodgkinson, dated 15th January 1780. Income: interest of 150*l.* on note, and dividends of 1,366*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* three per cents. (subject to the payment thereout of 1*l.* per annum to the poor). All the children of the chapelry who choose to apply are instructed in reading, writing, and accounts. The average number of scholars is between 30 and 40.

Feoffee Estate, vide Bradfield.

The Rev. Thomas Bland's gift, who died in 1818. 20*s.* a year to the poor not receiving parochial relief, and not being of the sect called Methodists. To be given at the discretion of the minister and the proprietor of the Yew Trees Farm every Christmas.—Vide 19th Report, page 563.

There is a manor court at Townend, in Bolsterstone, which claims the right of proving wills, and granting letters of administration, but no return has yet been received relative to it.

Post town, Barnsley.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 309. Hunter's Hallamshire, page 280. Thoresby's Ducatus, page 241. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 196.

BRADFIELD.—(*Parish of Ecclesfield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Ecclesfield. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.——POPULATION, 5,298, vide Ecclesfield; CHURCH-ROOM, 750[1]; NET VALUE, 186*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Ecclesfield.

Impropriators, Sir G. Sitwell and others.

Valued in 1707, at 24*l.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 427, it is stated to be "Four miles from Ecclesfield. About 300 families. To be made a parish Church."

Augmented in 1720, with 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 200*l.* from the Rev. Mr. Steer and others; in 1769, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Harker Crook; and in 1812, with 400*l.*, and in 1817 with 600*l.*, both from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

"This is a parochial Chapel, in the parish of Ecclesfield, the Vicar whereof hath the third part of the tithes, and the four other impropriators have all the rest. Bradfield is under Ecclesfield, and the Vicar gives what he pleaseth unto the Curates of Bradfield."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 299.

There were unreported decrees in the Exchequer, in Hilary Term, 34th Car. II.; in Hilary Term, 1st Jac. II.; and in Michaelmas Term, 9th Anne.

"There is a modus in this parish to pay a halfpenny for every lamb fallen, and sold after lambing time and before clipping time, in lieu of all the tithes thereof. Fox *v.* Shawe." 1 Wood, page 215.

Mr. Hunter, in his Hallamshire, page 270, gives a list of the Curates, and the inscriptions in the Chapel; also the pedigrees of the Morewoods and Wilsons of Broomhead Hall.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as unfit for residence, on account of its smallness and decayed state. Archbishop Sharp gave 20*l.* towards the erection of this house, and Mr. Mansel, then Vicar of Ecclesfield, gave 30*l.*, and

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 850.

Mr. Torre furnished a library; and, in 1834, it was returned there was no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1559.

20th July 1798, faculty granted to re-pew the Church.

CHARITIES.—*Feoffee Estate.* 263A. 3R. 21P. of land and three houses. Proceeds appropriated, by decree of Commissioners of Charitable Uses, dated 27th September, 13th Jac. I., for repairs of the Chapel of Bradfield, and for payment of taxes, lays, fifteenths, relief of the poor, and other good and charitable purposes. Some property appears to have been sold about the year 1798, to defray the expense of re-pewing the Chapel, but the account-books had been destroyed by fire, through accident, as alleged. The Commissioners recommended an annual audit of accounts, and that such accounts should be submitted to public inspection.

DOLES to the poor.—*Rev. John Tyas's*, by will, in 1578, 14*s.* per annum; *Rowland Morewood's*, by will, in 1618, interest of 20*l.* (not paid for many years); *Dr. Morton's*, in 1625, 10*s.* per annum out of the Spout House Estate; *Richard Gillott's*, by will, dated 10th September 1640, interest of 10*l.* to the poor of Westnall Bierley, and the interest of 10*l.* to the poor of Waldershelf Bierley.

Anthony Worrall's gift, by will, dated 26th April 1760. 10*s.* per annum.

George Worrall's gift, about 1762. Interest of 11*l.*

Richard Morton's gift, by will, dated 20th July 1667. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum.

Hodgkinson's gift, vide Bolsterstone School. 20*s.* per annum.

Hannah Hobson's gift, by will, dated 12th November 1806. Rent-charge of 20*s.*, for poor widows.—Vide 19th Report, page 561.

Post town, Sheffield.

Hunter's Hallamshire, page 268. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 191. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 262.

MIDDOP.—ST. JAMES.—(*Parish of Ecclesfield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Ecclesfield. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 292, vide Bradfield township[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 120[2]; NET VALUE, 70*l.*—This is an old Chapel, which was probably founded by the De Midhopes or the Barnbys, lords of this manor.

Patron, Lord Macdonald.

Valued in 1707 at 7*l.* 13*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 429, it is stated to be "Three miles from Ecclesfield. Maintenance, 6*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum. To be made a parish, and Langside, in the parish of Penistone, being within a mile of it, and two miles from Penistone, to be divided from Penistone, and annexed to Midhope;" and in 1818, at 40*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1741 with 200*l.*; in 1767 with 200*l.*; in 1790 with 200*l.*; in 1810 with 200*l.*, from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1824 with 200*l.*,—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 58th Geo. III.

For the catalogue of Curates, see Hunter's Hallamshire, page 283.

There is no glebe house.

The registers for baptisms and burials commence in 1772.

CHARITIES.—*School. Bland's charity.* A schoolhouse has been built, partly by subscription. The Rev. Thomas Bland, who died about the year 1819, bequeathed 153*l.* to establish a free school for the instruction of eight poor children, whose parents should not have been dissenters, in reading, writing, and arithmetic. This legacy, together with 30*l.* borrowed, was laid out in the purchase of 1A. 2P. 20R. of land, with two cottages and a barn erected thereon.—Vide 19th Report, page 572.

Post town, Barnsley.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 309. Hunter's Hallamshire, page 282. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. pages 194—197.

STANNINGTON.—(*Parish of Ecclesfield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Ecclesfield. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 2,052, vide

[1] This manor is understood to extend over portions both of the Chapelry of Bradfield and of the parish of Penistone, but the vill and Chapel of Midhope are in Bradfield.

[2] Returned in 1818 at 200.

Ecclesfield[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,000[2]; NET VALUE, 21*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Ecclesfield.

Impropriators, the Rev. T. R. Ryder, and others.

The Chapel was built and endowed in 1652 or 1653, by Mr. Richard Spoone, previous to which the inhabitants had great difficulty in attending divine service in the winter season.

The Parliamentary Commissioners had previously made the following report, "Eighty families; five miles from the parish Church; we think fit that it be made a parish, and a Church built in some convenient place."—Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 431.

Mr. Hunter gives a catalogue of the incumbent Curates.

A new Chapel has been built under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Gothic, with cupola. Expence 2,607*l.* 19*s.* 3*d.*, and first stone laid 21st October 1828. Completed, vide 10th Report, page 3.

No glebe house.

No return as to Registers.

CHARITIES.—*Spoone's trust. Bingley House trust.* Founded by the will of Richard Spoone deceased, proved in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury, on the 20th May 1653, for the maintenance of a preaching minister, and for teaching poor children.—The premises devised are blended with an estate called the Spout House, given by a person named Thomas Marriott, about the year 1730, for the use of a dissenting minister at Stannington; and the combined property had for a long time previous to the Report been appropriated to the use of a minister of a Presbyterian chapel at Stannington, which was represented to have been erected about the year 1741. It had been contended that the income of the estate left by Mr. Spoone should be enjoyed by a minister of the Church of England. The Commissioners expressed some doubt upon the subject, and thought the question could only be determined by a court of equity. Forty pounds was bequeathed in 1723, by William Ronckslley, in aid of the school. Twenty free scholars are taught by the schoolmaster. The estate consists of 57A. 1R. 24P. of land. The rents of the Bingley House trust estate were formerly applied to public purposes, but at the time of the Report were waiting the directions of the trustee, and the Commissioners suggested that the directions of a court of equity should be taken.

Lower Bradfield School, founded by Thomas Marriott in 1706, for teaching twenty poor children. Endowment, house, croft, and garden, and a rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum.

Onesacre School. An ancient school. Endowment of 5A. 2R. 5P., and also one third of 46A. 0R. 33P. of land, for educating not less than twelve poor children. Sixteen were at the time of the Report taught reading, writing, and arithmetic.—Vide 19th Report, p. 565.

Post town, Sheffield.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 262. Hunter's Hallamshire, page 272.

WADSLEY.—(*Parish of Ecclesfield.*) CHAPEL-ROOM, 660[1].

Patrons, the Miss Hamsoms, of Weston House.

A Chapel has been lately built by the abovementioned ladies, and which has been consecrated.

CHARITY.—*School.* Endowment, rent-charge of 20*s.* a year, left by Margaret Bamforth, by will, dated in 1712, and 2A. 2R. 26P. of land. Some free scholars.—Vide 21st Report, page 616.

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 191. Hunter's Hallamshire, page 271.

EDLINGTON.—ST. PETER.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)——Area, 1,680 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wap., S.D.——POPULATION, 129; CHURCH-ROOM, 95[2]; NET VALUE, 260*l.*—This Church belonged to the Percies, afterwards to the Scroops, and then to Sir Thomas Wharton. Torre says the Vavasours, and then to the Lords Scrope of Bolton.

William B. Wrightson, Esq. is the present patron.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at

[1] "There is, properly speaking, no village of Stannington, the principal collections of houses being known as Uppergate and Nethergate."—Hunter's Hallamshire, page 273.

[2] Of which 366 are free sittings.

[1] Of which 222 are free sittings.

[2] Estimated in 1818 at 150.

10*l.*; in the King's books at 5*l.* 19*s.*[1] Synodals 2*s.*, Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; in 1818, at 130*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 516, it is stated, "A Rectory, 60*l.* per annum. The parish being small, containing only twenty-four families, and the town of Clifton, in the parish of Conisbrough, is distant from Conisbrough a mile, and but half a mile from Edlington, and good ways. We think fit to annex it to Edlington, and the house called Crookhill, in the same parish, distant thence a mile, and but a quarter of a mile from Edlington, be annexed to Edlington, both which places will add about seventeen families to this Church, and make a convenient congregation."

For inscriptions, and list of the Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

An Inclosure Act was passed 50th Geo. III.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1731.—Vide earlier returns in the registry at York.

CHARITY.—*Cartwright's alias Vicars's charity*, vide General Charities. A poor person of this parish receives one of the pensions of 13*s.* 4*d.* payable at Brodsworth.—Vide 18th Report, page 616.

Post town, Doncaster.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 859. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 240. Nonæ Roll, page 220. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 90.

FELKIRK.—ST. PETER.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 6,360 acres. Staincross wapentake. — POPULATION, 1,156[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600; NET VALUE, 136*l.*—Given by Swein Fitz Ailric to Nostel Priory, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained 5 Id. Mar. 1253, and in 38th Henry VIII. the parsonage was passed away by the Crown to the See of York in exchange, and the Archbishop is now the patron and impropriator.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 10*l.* and the Vicarage at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* In the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 7*l.* 1*s.* 10*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 4*s.* and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 421, at 38*l.* per annum; and in 1818, certified to be worth 140*l.* per annum.

For the arms, inscriptions, and catalogue of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire, where it is said there was a Chantry of St. Mary, with a very small endowment in lands at Grimesthorpe and South Hindeley, which produced, at the time of King Henry's Valor, only the income of 20*s.* 4*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

15th December 1774, faculty to repew the Church, and make other alterations.

23rd September 1796, ditto to erect a gallery.

18th July 1801, confirmation of allotment of pews.

The registers for baptisms commence in 1701, and for marriages and burials in 1706; but the earlier registers were destroyed by fire.

CHARITIES.—DOLES for the poor, being rents-charge.

Mr. Berry's, interest of 80*l.*; also the interest of 20*l.* towards maintaining the clock.

John Skirrou's and Alice Grant's. 20*s.* per annum.

Anthony Jenkinson's. 10*s.* per annum.

Richard, Robert, and George Green's. 20*s.* per annum.

Joseph Walker's. 5*s.* per annum.

George Green's. 20*s.* per annum.

William Cawthorne's. 10*s.* per annum.

Edward Lambert's. Interest of 5*l.* per annum.

Mr. Kent's. Do. 20*l.* per annum.

Jonathan Green's. Do. 10*l.* per annum.

Joshua Gill's. Do. 5*l.* per annum.

Charity Stock. The dividends on 233*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* three per cent. consols, bought with sundry benefactions, are yearly applied as follows:

In putting out an apprentice .	£3	10	0
For teaching poor children by schoolmistresses in the four townships, viz. 12*s.* 6*d.* each	2	10	0
Distributed among the poor .	0	10	0
To the poor children saying their Catechism at Lent, in bread	0	10	0
	£7	0	0

[1] In Bacon and Ecton, the value is erroneously stated to be 9*l.*

[2] Viz. Havercroft with Cold Hindeley, 153; South Hindeley, 272; Brierley, 483; and Shafton, 248.

The school. Endowment, 16*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.* per annum, paid by Lord Galway to a master for teaching, as free scholars, in reading, writing, and arithmetic, all the children sent from the township of Havercroft.—Vide 17th Report, page 748.

Post town, Barnsley.

Torre's MS. page 1,227. Nonæ Roll, page 221. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 266. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 400. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. pages 92. 96.

FIRBECK.—ST. PETER.—(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,330 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D[1].—POPULATION, 178[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 241[3]; NET VALUE, 62*l.*

Patron, the Chancellor of the Church of York.

This Church was appropriated to the Prebendary of Laughton, who hath jurisdiction over the Chapel and the whole town.

Valued in 1707 at 15*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 436, at 20*l.*; and in 1818, at 41*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1768, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1790, with 200*l.*; in 1794, with 200*l.*; in 1815, with 200*l.*; in 1824, with 200*l.*; and in 1826, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

For the inscriptions, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The Chapel was rebuilt a few years ago by Mr. Gally Knight, aided by 150*l.* from the Society for Building and Enlarging Churches.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1721.

CHARITY.—*George Jenkinson's charity*, by will, in 1726. Rent of about three acres of land at Tuxford, distributed among poor widows at Christmas and Whitsuntide.—Vide 19th Report, page 573.

Post town, Tickhill.

Torre's MS., page 525. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 295. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 300.

[1] The parish of Firbeck extends into the jurisdiction of St. Peter of York.

[2] Part of the hamlet of Stone is in this parish.

[3] Of which 114 are free sittings.

FISHLAKE.—ST. CUTHBERT.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 6,170 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 1,334[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 650; NET VALUE, 171*l.*—The town and manor of Fishlake belonged to the Earls Warren, and so did the Church till William, Earl Warren, gave it to the Priory of Lewes, in Sussex. In 1372, it was given up by the Priory to the Crown, together with other Churches, as a compensation for the grant to Lewes of all the privileges of an English Priory. King Edward III. gave it to Durham College, in Oxford, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein 8th August 1387.

The Dean and Chapter of Durham are the present patrons and impropriators.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 40*l.* In the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 13*l.* 3*s.* 8*d.* Synodals 2*s.* Procurations 8*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 467, it is stated, "Vicarage 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum. The impropriate Rectory is worth 180*l.* per annum."

Augmented in 1814, with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1824, with 300*l.* and 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.*, and 200*l.* from the Dean and Chapter of Durham.

Inclosure Acts were passed 51st Geo. III., and 1st and 2nd Geo. IV.

"The tithes of corn and other grain in the ancient inclosures in the parish, must be set out in the sheaf and not in the stack; but the owners of meadow ground, within the ancient inclosures in the parish, pay a modus of 4*d.* an acre in lieu of tithe hay. Simpson *v.* Hill."—1 Wood, pages 255 and 258. Vide Hatfield.

There were two Chantries in this Church. The magnificent porch is a remnant of the original Church built by the Warrens, and nearly resembles the porch of St. Margaret's Church in York.

For the arms, inscriptions, engraving of the doorway, font, and effigies, and catalogues of the Rectors and Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

6th November 1766, faculty to erect a gallery.

The glebe house was certified in 1818

[1] Viz. Fishlake, 717; and Sykehouse, 617.

to be unfit for residence, "being a thatched cottage," and is still unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1561.

CHARITIES.—*The School.* Founded in 1641, by Richard Rands, Rector of Hartfield, in the county of Sussex, for teaching all such children of the parish as should repair to the school, without requiring any pay or salary for such teaching. The master to be a graduate of Oxford or Cambridge, and not to be troubled with any scholars, but such as were Latin scholars, or had entered into the Accidence. At the time of the Report, the school was maintained as an English school only, and forty free scholars were instructed in reading, writing, and accounts. The income arises from the rent of 73A. 2R. 3P. of land, let at the time of the Report for 102*l.* 13*s.* per annum.

Rev. Richard Rands's charity, by will, dated 30th June 1640. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum to the poor.

Poor's estate. 10A. 1R. 27P. Rent distributed among the poor.

DOLES.—Donors unknown. Rents-charge of 20*s.*, 10*s.*, and 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Allyn's charity, founded by Thomas Allyn the elder, by deed, dated 5th September 1685, and augmented by the will of Thomas Allyn the younger, dated 7th August 1733, for charitable purposes, very specially set forth in the deed, and which cannot be specifically carried into effect without great difficulty and inconvenience; but in substance, say the Commissioners, the charity is duly and properly administered, an allowance being given to a great number of poor people in weekly sums, and coats and gowns being given annually to about sixty poor men and women. The number of poor persons supplied with money and clothing is determined by the trustees, according to the sufficiency of the income for such purpose; and care is taken that what they receive is additional to, and independent of, any relief obtained by them from the parochial rates or other sources. 10*s.* 6*d.* per annum is paid to the minister and each of the trustees. The former is required to preach a sermon, inciting to charity, on the first Sunday in December in every year. One object of the trust was the apprenticing into London of an orphan boy of the town of Fishlake, every sixth year; but for several years previous to the Report, there had been no application made for that purpose. The income arises from the rent of 30A. 2R. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 59*l.* per annum, and there was a balance in hand of 38*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.*—Vide 17th Report, page 790.

Post town, Thorne.

Torre's MS., page 953. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 225. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Nonæ Roll, page 219. Wilkin's Concilia, vol. ii. page 617. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 191.

DONSTHORPE.—(*Parish of Fishlake.*)—In the Valor Ecclesiasticus, a Chantry in the Chapel of Donsthorpe is mentioned as valued at 4*l.* per annum.

Donsthorpe appears to be identical with Sykehouse.

SYKEHOUSE[1].—(*Parish of Fishlake. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Fishlake. Strafforth wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 617, vide Fishlake; CHAPEL-ROOM, 270; NET VALUE, 50*l.*

Patrons, Trustees.

Valued in 1707 at 7*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.* per annum, and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 468, it is stated, "Sykehouse, alias Dowstron Chapel, three miles from Fishlake, and bad ways. Only 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* given for ever by Nicholas Waller, 106 families." Recommended to be made a parish.

Augmented in 1830 with 600*l.* by lot.

Glebe house fit for residence.

No return as to Registers.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's land.* 9A. 1R. 10P. of which 2A. 0R. 9P. were purchased with money by Mr. and Mrs. Dennis, for the teaching of poor children.

Rents-charge for the poor. *Joseph Thoresby's*, 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; *John Briggs's*, 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum; *Ralph Smith's*, 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Township School. The master has the occupation of a house and about a rood of ground, and he receives two rents-charge of 1*l.* each, donors unknown; and he instructs fifteen free scholars in

[1] Alias Dowstron.

reading and writing.—Vide 17th Report, page 794.

Post town, Thorne.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 225. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. pages 184—195.

FRICKLEY WITH CLAYTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,640 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 321[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 100[2]; NET VALUE, 73*l.*—An augmented Curacy, but called a Vicarage in Archbishop Sharp's MS.

Patron and impropriator, St. Andrew Warde, Esq.

Valued in 1707 at 17*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.*; in the King's books at 2*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. p. 487, at 20*l.* per annum, where it is there stated that "Clayton Chapel is a mile from Frickley. As most of the inhabitants of the parish live at Clayton, and but an inconsiderable number at Frickley, we think fit that Clayton be made a parish Church, and Frickley be annexed to it;" valued in 1818, at 120*l.* per annum.

Clayton Chapel is now desecrated. Mr. Hunter gives a view of it.

Of Frickley the Commissioners report, "We find belonging to the parish Church of Frickley, a Vicarage presentable with cure of souls. Mrs. Anne, a papist and delinquent, is patron. The glebe, privy tithes, and other profits, we find to be worth about 20*l.* per annum." The tithes of the Rectory are impropriate.

15th June 1714, a faculty was granted to take off the lead from the roof, and re-cover the same with slate, in order, as set forth in such faculty, that the inhabitants might not be oppressed with such an exceeding assessment as would otherwise have been requisite for the necessary repairs of the roof.

The Chapel, says Mr. Hunter, was no doubt a domestic Chapel, erected for the use of the Annes, or their predecessors, and their dependants.

Augmented in 1810 with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 54th Geo. III.

[1] The population in 1834 was returned at 323.

[2] In 1818, returned at 190.

For the arms, monuments, and inscriptions, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being too small and totally unfit in every respect; and in 1834, a return was made that there was no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1577.

CHARITIES.—*Martin Wharam's dole.* 10*s.* per annum rent-charge, for the poor.

Poor's estate. Cottage and garden. The rent is distributed with the Communion money.

Cartwright's, alias Vicars's charity, vide General Charities. The sum of 13*s.* 4*d.* a year is payable to a poor person of Clayton and one of Thurnscoe, alternately.—Vide 18th Report, page 607.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 1,008. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 229. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 147.

HANDSWORTH.—ST. MARY.—(*Peculiar. Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,510 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.[1]—POPULATION, 2,338; CHURCH-ROOM, 650[2]; NET VALUE, 589*l.*—An ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Lords Lovetot and Furnival, by whom it descended by Thomas Lord Nevill to the Talbots, Earls of Shrewsbury; and Gerald de Furnival gave out of it two marks and a half to the prebend of Laughton, as an annual pension, and it hath been reckoned as a Peculiar belonging to the jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter, by virtue of that Prebend.

The Duke of Norfolk is the patron.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books at 12*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 435, at 120*l.* per annum, where it is recommended that "Orgrave be taken from Rotherham, from which it is distant three miles, and annexed to this parish, being only half a mile from Handsworth Church."

[1] The parish of Handsworth extends into the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Two hundred additional sittings (of which 100 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 100*l.*

An Inclosure Act was passed 42nd Geo. III.

For the inscriptions and catalogue of Rectors, see Hunter's Hallamshire, and South Yorkshire.

17th May 1832, faculty to repair and enlarge the Church, and erect new galleries.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1558.

CHARITIES.—*School.* The income arises from the dividends of 421*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.* three per cent. consols, bought with a legacy of 200*l.* left by the will of the Rev. Francis Lockier, D.D. formerly Rector of Handsworth, dated 12th May 1734, for educating ten poor children, in reading, writing, and arithmetic, and the dividends of 246*l.* 13*s.* 2*d.* three per cent. consols, bought with a legacy of 200*l.* left by Mrs. Howard, the widow of a late Rector, as an augmentation of the master's salary. The master is elected by the inhabitants, and the children are nominated by trustees, of whom the Rector is always one.

Gifts of Fenton and another. It is mentioned in the returns made to Parliament in 1786, that William Fenton gave by will, for five poor widows, a rent-charge of 5*s.* a year, and that some unknown benefactor gave 60*l.* for the poor of Handsworth, which being laid out in land, produced 2*l.* 2*s.* a year, then vested in the Rev. John Stacye and John Parker; but the Commissioners reported that they could obtain no information whatever respecting these donations.—Vide 19th Report, page 573.

Post town, Sheffield.

Torre's MS. West Riding, page 1,237. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 297. Hunter's Hallamshire, page 283. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 182.

HARTHILL.——ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,940 acres. Strafforth wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 632[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 450[2]; NET VALUE, 689*l.*—This Church was given by William, Earl Warren, to the Priory of Lewes. 4th October 1535, the Prior and Convent of Lewes leased the advowson for ninety-nine years to Robert Waterhouse, of Halifax, and John his son, their executors and assigns.

[1] Harthill with Woodhall.
[2] In 1818, estimated at 500.

Patron, the Duke of Leeds.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 20*l.*; in the King's books at 18*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.* after deducting for Synodals 4*s.*, Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*, and pension to the Prior of Lewes 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 433, at 90*l.* per annum.

For the inscriptions and list of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

23rd February 1738, faculty to erect a gallery.

An Inclosure Act was passed 33rd Geo. II.

The glebe house is fit for residence; it was rebuilt by faculty granted in 1818.

The Register Books commence in 1653. Baptisms deficient 1688 to 1694. Burials deficient 1688. Marriages deficient 1688 to 1694.

CHARITIES.—*Poors fund.* Dividends of 117*l.* 8*s.* three per cent. consols, (amount of sundry benefactions) and distributed among the poor on St. Thomas's day in every year.

The Rev. John Hirst's gift, in 1812. Dividends of 555*l.* 10*s.* three per cent. consols, paid to the master of the school. —Vide 19th Report, page 574.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS. page 1,139. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 255. Nonæ Roll, page 222. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 139.

KNETON.—In the Valor Ecc. a Chantry in the Chapel of Kneton, in the parish of Harthill, is valued at 2*l.* 14*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

HATFIELD.—ST. LAWRENCE.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 21,150 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. —POPULATION, 3,000[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 750; NET VALUE, 139*l.*—Formerly an ancient Rectory, till given in the 19th Edward III. by John, Earl Warren, to the Abbey of Roche, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1346. Archbishop Sharp says the Vicarage is in the Crown, but there has been no institution since Queen Elizabeth's time.

[1] Viz. Hatfield, 2,148; and Stainforth, 852. The eighty-eight labourers not agricultural in the township of Stainforth, are mostly employed as boatmen in the navigation.

Patron and impropriator, the Countess of Coventry.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 46*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books (where it is called a Vicarage in charge) at 15*l.* 5*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 469, it is stated "The Rectory impropriate belongs to the Earl of Devonshire, who lets the same for 800*l.* per annum, and allows the minister a certain salary of 10*l.* per annum, now of late increased by the said Earl to 36*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, but dissolvable at his pleasure." Certified value in 1707, 42*l.* 14*s.*; and in 1818, at 80*l.* 4*s.* 3*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1727 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 140*l.* and lands worth 60*l.* from the Rev. Marmaduke Drake; and in 1812, with 400*l.*; in 1813, with 200*l.*; and in 1824, with 200*l.*—all from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

There were unreported decrees in the Exchequer, in Michaelmas Term, 7th Car. I., and in Trinity Term, 12th Car. II.

"The impropriator is only entitled to 2*d.* an acre in lieu of the tithe hay of the lands called the North Ings; to 2½*d.* a year for every ancient messuage, orchard, and garden; to 1½*d.* a year in lieu of the tithes of an ancient cottage; to 1½*d.* for every litter of pigs under five; to the value of half a pig for every litter above that number, and under ten; to one pig in every ten; to 2*d.* a head for Easter offerings, and to other moduses in lieu of the tithes of calves, cows, goslings, chickens, bees, tups, and ewes; to 1*d.* an acre in lieu of the tithe hay of ancient grounds, and to the tithes of Bramwith Hall." Popplewell *v.* Hatfield. 2 Wood, page 398.

"The occupiers of ancient messuages in the manor, pay the tithes arising on Thorn North Common and the other waste lands appurtenant to the said messuages, to the Rector or Vicar respectively of the parish in which the ancient messuage is situated, and not to the Rector or Vicar of the parish in which the right of common is enjoyed." Hunt *v.* Etherington. 4 Wood, page 368.

Inclosure Acts were passed 23rd Geo. III., 27th Geo. III., and 51st Geo. III.

For the inscriptions and catalogues of the Rectors and Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

There were two Chantries in this Church.

10th May 1746, faculty to build a gallery.

23rd July 1764, ditto to erect two galleries.

There is no glebe house.

The Register books commence in 1566.

CHARITIES.—*Henry Travis*, by will, dated 29th May 1706, devised all his lands and hereditaments in the counties of York and Lincoln, for the support of a charity to certain poor children of the inhabitants of the three parishes of Thorne and Hatfield in the county of York, and of Wroot in the county of Lincoln, in such manner and form as was contained in a certain draft in his own hand writing; by which draft he appointed the Archbishop of York for the time being to be visitor, with power to make orders and rules; and by an order of the Court of Chancery, dated 27th November, 7th Anne, in a certain cause, Tench and another *v.* Travis and another, it was referred to the Master to settle the draft of settlement, who reported on the 5th July 1710, and on the same day the premises were conveyed to trustees. Vide 17th Report, page 815. This charity having a special visiter, the Commissioners could not report further thereon.

DOLES AND RENTS-CHARGE.

John Myrfin's, by will, dated 8th November 1592. Twenty marks were left to provide 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum for a schoolmaster and 6*s.* 8*d.* for the poor. Only 10*l.* was paid, and the parish applied the money towards building a school-house, and pay 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the schoolmaster, and 3*s.* 4*d.* to the poor.

John Spirey's gift, by will, dated 17th January 1619. Rents-charge of 2*l.* per annum to a fit schoolmaster to teach children at Hatfield, and 2*l.* a year to the minister.

John Spirey, by deed, in 1609. 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, 3*s.* 4*d.*, and 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum. Object not stated in the Report.

Thomas Wormeley, by deed, 1st January, 3rd Car. I. Rents-charge of 1*l.* per annum for the poor of Hatfield, and 10*s.* for the poor of Hatfield Woodhouse.

William Sutcliffe's rents-charge. 5*s.* a

year to the church, and 10*s.* a year to the poor.

Cornelius Dickenson's, in 1667. Rent of allotments of land, let at the time of the Report for 4*l.* 4*s.* Half for the poor, a quarter for the schoolmaster, and a quarter for the minister. Also rent-charge of 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum for the poor.

Sarah Beal's, by will, dated 24th February 1669. 10*s.* per annum to the poor.

Cornelius Lee's. Rent-charge of 8*s.* 5¾*d.* per annum for the poor.

Thomas Lee's, in 1669. 10*s.* per annum for the poor.

William Moor's, 1713. Interest of 10*l.* left to the poor. Paid out of the rates.

William Woodhead's, by will, in 1713. Rent-charge of 15*s.* per annum for the poor.

Free Grammar School. Founded 1st January, 3rd Chas. I. by Thomas Wormeley, in order that an able scholar of one of the Universities, if conveniently he might be had, might be therein placed and maintained for the free instruction of the children of all the inhabitants of the parish, as well in religion as other good literature. An augmentation took place in 1716. Endowment, a rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum. At the time of the Report, no free scholars appear to have been taught, and it appeared desirable to apply the income to the support of an ordinary national school.

Robert Forster's charity, by will, dated 22nd January 1619. Rent of 10A. 2R. 39P. of land, to be applied in purchasing every year four rug gowns; the first year for four poor men of Hatfield, the second year for four of Hatfield Woodhouse, and the third for four of Stainsforth, and so for ever; the gowns to be given every Michaelmas day, and the men to go to Church to hear a sermon preached by the minister, to whom he directed 3*s.* 4*d.* to be paid for that purpose; and that the minister of Hatfield should every third year have a gown, and that another gown should be given every third year to the schoolmaster of Stainforth. The rental being at the time of the Report 24*l.* 1*s.* per annum, the minister was paid 1*l.* 10*s.* per annum, and also received for his gown once in three years; and twelve coats, value about 25*s.* each, were annually given instead of four gowns; but the allowance to the schoolmaster at Stainforth has not been regularly made.

William Porter's charity, by will, about 1788. Rent of nearly ten acres of land, to be enjoyed by two poor widows of the constabulary of Hatfield, each to be upwards of seventy years of age.

Rent-charge for repairs of the church, 2*s.* 4*d.* per annum, out of a croft called St. Catherine Garth.—Vide 18th Report, page 616.

Post town, Thorne.

Torre's MS. page 917. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 217. Nonæ Roll, page 219. Peck's Bawtry, page 89. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 150.

HENES.—(*Parish of Hatfield.*)—A Cell of St. Mary's Abbey.

William, Earl Warren, gave and granted to the Abbey of St. Mary's, York, and to the monks there serving God, Henes with the moor and marshes about it, to do therewith whatever might be improved to their own profit, as well in the land already gained, and marshes and Munkeflete, with all the fishings.—Torre's MS. page 930.

STAINFORTH.—(*Parish of Hatfield.*)—POPULATION, no return; CHAPEL-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, no return.—On the day of Pentecost 1355, the Abbot of Roche permitted the inhabitants of Stainforth, by the Archbishop's license, to maintain, at their own charge, a chaplain to celebrate divine service in the Chapel of Stainforth, then newly built, for the space of three years daily, excepting on Sundays and other great festivals, whereon they were to repair to the parish church of Hatfield.

Here was a Chantry of the Blessed Mary, which was valued at the Dissolution at 3*l.* 8*s.* 5½*d.* per annum.

A new Chapel was erected in 1819.

Glebe house and Registers, no return.

CHARITIES.——DOLES, being annual rents-charge to the poor:—

Cornelius Dickenson's in 1667, 6*s.* 8*d.*

Drax's and Reynold's, 14*s.*

Ridgill's, 10*s.*

Thomas Lee's in 1699, 8*s*.
William Woodhead's in 1725, 5*s*.
Thomas Wormeley's in 1627, 10*s*.
Mrs. Beal's in 1699, 3*l*. 4*s*.

John Spivey, in 1619, charged three roods and a half of meadow, now a close in the East Ings, between the waters, and half an acre of land in Hatfield, with the annual payment of 1*l*., half to the poor and half for repairing the Chapel. This rent-charge, at the time of the Report, had not been paid for several years, but the Commissioners said the payment ought to be resumed.—Vide 18th Report, page 621.

Post town, Thorne.

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 195.

HEMSWORTH.—SAINT HELEN. —(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 4,120 acres. Staincross wapentake.—POPULATION, 937; CHURCH-ROOM, 250[1]; NET VALUE, 1,064*l*.—This Church is an ancient Rectory of the patronage of the Warnevills, Knights, for a long time, and from them of the Wortleys.

Patron, William B. Wrightson, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 13*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*.; in the King's books at 20*l*. 1*s*. 11*d*.; Crown rent 13*s*. 4*d*.; Synodals 4*s*.; Procurations 7*s*. 6*d*.; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 401, at 112*l*. per annum.

Torre says there was a Chantry on the north side of the Church.

The manner in which the Rector is entitled to the tithe of the second crop of clover hay, of turnips fed off by sheep which has paid tithes, and of the depasturing of lambs fatted for sale, is set out in the report of the cause Wood *v*. Harrison. 3 Wood, page 250.

A bill for the tithes of Hemsworth, was dismissed as to the tithes of turnips, and retained until a modus should be tried. Wood *v*. Bingley. 4 Wood, page 584.

An Inclosure Act was passed 43rd Geo. III.

For the inscriptions and catalogue of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire, and Torre's, and the Bodleian MSS.

The glebe house is fit for residence; it was rebuilt under a faculty granted 20th April 1793.

[1] In 1818, the return was 1,200.

25th April 1793, faculty to erect a gallery.

The Register Books commence in 1685.

CHARITIES.—*Free Grammar School.* Founded by Archbishop Holgate in 1548, for the teaching "grammar and other knowledge, and godly learning freely, without taking any stipend or exaction of the scholars." The Archbishop of York is the patron. The endowment is given at considerable length in the Report of the Commissioners, together with the particulars of the estate. At the time of the Report, 1828, the school was attended by fifty or sixty scholars, who were instructed in reading, writing, and accounts, by the usher, (who received a salary of 21*l*. per annum,) at a quarterly payment of 10*s*. each, for instruction in all branches taught in the school, and a lower quarterage for such as were taught reading, or reading and writing only, and some few boys were occasionally taught Latin to a small extent. The quarterages were received by the usher.

The master (the Rev. John Simpson,) professed to the Commissioners that he had always been willing and ready to receive and instruct boys as free scholars, in grammatical and classical learning, which he considered the only duty of the master, by the terms of the foundation; but there were no scholars of that description, and the master stated that he had never been applied to to take scholars for the purpose of receiving a classical education, neither had his predecessor during his time any free scholars.

The endowment consists of 266A. 2R. 9P. of land, with a school-house. Part of the estate was let on leases for twenty-one years, with fines on renewal every seven years. The annual income, at the time of the Report, was 170*l*. 8*s*. exclusive of fines. He has also the right of presentation to the Vicarage of Sinnington.

Archbishop Holgate, by the foundation deed, gave several constitutions or orders, which provide for the appointment of six poor scholars, to teach writing, and for an allowance to them; and for laying up the fines or surplus produce as a stock, and applying the same

for the reparation of highways, relief of the poor, and of poor scholars; but if they ever were observed, which does not appear, they have for a very long time been disused.

The Commissioners thought that a more liberal salary should be paid to the usher; and that if, by consent of all parties interested, a free school, for the instruction of children of the neighbourhood in the ordinary branches of an English education, could be engrafted, under proper authority, upon the institution, such a measure would be very desirable.

Hemsworth Hospital. Founded by the will of Archbishop Holgate, dated 26th April 1555, for a master and twenty brethren and sisters; the master to be a clerk in holy orders, and to dwell in the Hospital, and not to be absent therefrom above a month in every year.

The endowment consists of 1,555A. 2R. 24P. and two houses, let at the time of the Report for 2,306*l.* 6*s.* 10*d.* per annum, exclusive of fines on renewals and periodical falls of timber. The master receives one fifth of the rents and fines, and the remainder is divided equally among the brethren and sisters.

The several objects of the charity are appointed by the Rector, churchwardens, and four parishioners of Hemsworth, owners or occupiers of land in the parish, who are selected by the householders present on the occasion of filling up the vacant places in the hospital, or, in case of dispute, by suffrage of all the householders in the parish; and the places of the brethren and sisters are supplied from poor persons of the parishes of Hemsworth, Felkirk, South Kirkby, and Wragby, in turn and by rotation. Notice of vacancy is given in the Church at Hemsworth, on two successive Sundays next after the vacancy happens, and the election takes place on the Thursday following, the candidates attending with the overseers of the poor of the parish entitled to the turn, when such as obtain a majority of the votes of the electors are appointed. Due regard is paid to the character and merits of the candidates, and in general the choice falls upon persons who have been reduced in their circumstances through misfortune; but the only qualification required is that the candidate be upwards of sixty years of age when admitted to the hospital, and this is strictly attended to.

DOLES.—*William Bedford's.* 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* being a rent-charge out of lands at Hemsworth and South Kirkby, in the following proportions, viz. Kemp's 1*l.*; Bolland's 13*s.* 4*d.*; Dymon's 6*s.* 8*d.*; Jessop's 6*s.* 8*d.*; and Wilson's 6*s.* 8*d.*

Mrs. Eastwoods, by will, in 1645. Interest of 50*l.* to the poor.

Robert Weighton's. 10*s.* per annum to the minister for a sermon on the 19th December, and 30*s.* to the poor.

Poor's land. One acre.

Sunday Schools. Robert Duffin, Esq. by will, in 1813, gave 50*l.*, and Mr. Trant 100*l.* now invested in 203*l.* 7*s.* 3*d.* consols.—Vide 19th Report, page 551.

Post town, Pontefract.

Torre's MS. page 961. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 215. Nonæ Roll, page 221. Bodleian MSS. Nos. 5,078 and 5,101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 423. Gilbert's Liber Scholast. page 291.

HICKLETON.—SAINT DENNIS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 770 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 154 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 192 [2]; NET VALUE, 53*l.*—This Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Rotherfelds, and from them of the Cursons and Scotts, and given, 25th Edward III., by Sir William Scott, Knight, to the Priory and Convent of Monk Bretton, to which it was appropriated on the 28th June 1386. Mr. Torre does not mention any endowment, or give any list of Vicars, neither is any catalogue of them given by Mr. Hunter. It is now only a Perpetual Curacy.

Patron, Sir F. Wood, Bart.

The Church is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 8*l.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 514, it is stated: "A Vicarage, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*" In 1707, at 4*l.*; and in 1818, at 100*l.* per annum.

Augmented, in 1746, with 200*l.*, by lot; in 1749, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* from Godfrey Wentworth, Esq.; in 1809, with

[1] Including Spotfield, an extra-parochial spot, containing one family. In 1834, the population was returned at 192.

[2] According to the return of 1818. In 1834, the return was—"sufficient."

200*l.*, by lot; in 1812, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* and 100*l.* from Godfrey Wentworth Wentworth, Esq., the patron; and in 1814, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees, and 100*l.* from the said Godfrey Wentworth Wentworth, Esq.

For the inscriptions, &c., see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

There is no glebe house. A charge of 96*l.* upon the living is mentioned in the Report of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, page 941. Time of cessation uncertain.

The Register Books commence in 1694. The early registers, says Mr. Hunter, are lost.

CHARITIES.—*Cartwright's*, alias *Vicars's charity*. A pension of 13*s.* 4*d.* a year is paid to a poor person of this parish.—Vide General Charities.

Lady Hutton's charity. The sum of 10*l.* is mentioned in the return made in 1786, but the Commissioners could obtain no information relative to this donation.—Vide 19th Report, page 574.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 871. Nonæ Roll, page 220. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 232. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 132.

HIGH HOYLAND.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 3,250 acres. Staincross wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,118[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 455*l.*—A Rectory, formerly of two medieties, the one of the patronage of the Burghs and Assenells, Knights, from them to the Watertons, of Skelton, Knights, and then to the Wentworths; the other to the Carltons and Scotts, Knights, and from them to the Watertons and Dymocks.

11th August 1811, the medieties were consolidated, by decree of the Archbishop of York.

[1] Viz. West Clayton, 887; High Hoyland, 231; and Skelmanthorpe, . The population is exclusive of Skelmanthorpe, part of which is in Emley parish, but is included in Cumberworth half (Kirkburton parish, Agbrigg wapentake). The population of the High Hoyland part of Skelmanthorpe is included in Cumberworth half (Silkstone parish, in this wapentake).

Patrons, Mrs. Beaumont and the Earl of Mexborough, alternately.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; viz., Alexander's part, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and Ralph's part, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 5*l.* 3*s.* 3¼*d.* each mediety; Synodals, 2*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 413, it is stated: "Rectory of medieties, each worth 50*l.* per annum. Mr. William Sarvyle, parson of one, is not well affected to the Parliament, and hath been punished for reading the Book of Common Prayer, and notwithstanding will sometimes make use of the same in administration of the Sacraments. The medieties to be annexed, and Bretton, in the parish of Silkston, to be also annexed."

Augmented, in 1727 (first mediety), with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir W. Wentworth, Bart.

Inclosure Acts were passed 39th and 40th Geo. III. (Denby and West Clayton), and 39th and 40th Geo. III. (Skelmanthorpe).

For the inscriptions, and catalogue of the Rectors of both medieties, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The glebe house, which was rebuilt under faculty dated 11th August 1811, is fit for residence.

13th August 1766, faculty to build a gallery.

19th November 1803, ditto to rebuild the Church, except the steeple and belfrey.

The Register Books commence in 1720.—Vide earlier transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.——TOWNSHIP OF WEST CLAYTON.—*Poor's Land.* 1A. 3R. 38P. Rent distributed yearly on the Saturday before old Midsummer-day among poor persons, with a preference to widows and others not receiving parochial relief.

William Turton's gift, by will, dated 10th August 1559. Rent-charge of 12 strikes of rye, to be distributed yearly in Passion Week among the poor of Denby and Clayton. For several years last past, an equivalent sum of money has been rendered in lieu of the rye, and distributed among poor widows.

Poor's Money. A benefaction fund, amounting to 40*l.* Interest distributed annually with the rent of the poor's land.

HAMLET OF SKELMANTHORPE.—*Allotment.* Seven acres allotted under the inclosure. 6*l.* per annum out of the rent is paid to the schoolmaster for teaching six free scholars to read and write; the remainder to the poor, on St. Thomas's day.

The Frith dole. 10*s.* per annum rent-charge, given among poor people on St. Thomas's day.—Vide 17th Report, page 750.

Post town, Barnsley.

Torre's MS., page 1,071. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 270. 335. Nonæ Roll, page 224. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 363.

HOOTON PAGNELL. ——— ALL SAINTS. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 2,740 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N. and S. D.—POPULATION, 425[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 247*l.*—The early history of this Church is full of difficulties. Ralph Paganel is said to have given the Church to the Priory of the Holy Trinity, in York, but which grant was probably only two-thirds of the tithes. His son, William Paganel, afterwards made a grant of the Church to the Priory of Nostell. This grant seems never to have taken effect, perhaps in consequence of the opposition of the Priory of the Holy Trinity. Subsequently, William Paganel gave the Church to the Chapel of St. Mary and the Holy Angels, at York, to whom it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1411, and a decree relative thereto was made 4th Non. March 1231. By the endowment, two marks per annum are directed to be paid by the Rectors to the poor of the parish, and the Vicar is charged with the reparation of the Chancel;—though in the Nonæ Rolls, page 220, the parish is stated to be in medieties between the Priory of the Holy Trinity and the Sacrist of the Chapel.

Patrons, the Governors of charities at Wakefield.

[1] Viz. Bilham, 76; Hooton Pagnell, 340; and Stofford, 9. In 1834, the population was returned at 350. The parish of Hooton Pagnell is partly in the south division of Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake.

Impropriator, S. A. Warde, Esq.

The Church is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and the Vicarage at 5*l.*; the Vicarage, in the King's books, at 5*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.*; Synodals, 10*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 483, at 25*l.* per annum. It is added: "We annex that part of Billam, in the parish of Barmbrough, to this parish, because half thereof is already in this parish, and nearer it already by a mile."

Augmented in 1796, with 200*l.*, by lot.

"Two-thirds of the corn tithes are impropriated to Lord Raby, and one-third to Wakefield Grammar School. The tithe of hay and other things (except corn) belonging at present to the Church. Yearly value, 22*l.*, reckoning the glebe land at 10*l.*"—Notitia Parochialis, No. 970.

For the inscriptions and catalogue of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 147.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538. The first book is stated, in the official return, to be very imperfect till 1723. Mr. Hunter, on the contrary, page 147, says there is a very good parish register.

CHARITIES.—*Cartwright's,* alias *Vicars's, dole.* Two yearly payments of 13*s.* 4*d.* each are paid to two poor persons of this parish.

MARRIOTT'S AND HUTTON'S CHARITIES.

Thomas Marriott, who died in 1731, left 20*l.* to the poor, the interest to be dealt on St. Thomas's day yearly.

Lady Elizabeth Hutton, by will, dated on or about 18th October 1674, gave 100*l.*, the interest to be applied in apprenticing children, or for the relief of the indigent inhabitants with coals. These sums were laid out in the purchase of land (quantity not stated), let, at the time of the Report, for 9*l.* per annum.

Elizabeth Turner's gift, by will, dated 11th June 1690. Rent of six acres of land, distributed to the poor by the Vicar.

Robert Wharam's dole, in 1668. Rent-charge of 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum for two poor persons.

Thomas Worrill's dole, in 1772. In-

terest of 20*l.* for educating two poor children.

John Tyes's gift, by will, dated 27th November 1806. Interest of 10*l.*, to be paid yearly on St. Thomas's day to two of the poorest old men in Hooton Pagnell.

Customary dole, amount not stated, issuing out of the tithes of the parish.

Henry Worrill's gift, by will, dated 30th November 1782. Interest of 20*l.* to the schoolmaster for instructing two poor children legally settled in the township.—Vide 18th Report, page 622.

Post town, Doncaster.

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 140. Torre's MS., page 1,005. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 229. 335. Nonæ Roll, page 220.

HOOTON ROBERTS.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.——(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 1,050 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 178; CHURCH-ROOM, 130; NET VALUE, 340*l.*—A Rectory, of the patronage of the Hootons, from them to the Meltons, then to the Darcys, and from them to the Wentworths.

Earl Fitzwilliam is the present patron.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.*; in the King's books, at 7*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 2*s.*, and Procurations 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 515, "at 50*l.* per annum. About 27 families."

Augmented in 1720, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Hon. Thomas Wentworth.

"Our Church is endowed with all tithes, both great and small."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,519.

For the memoirs, inscriptions, and list of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1702.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS., page 1,167. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 243. Nonæ Roll, page 223. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 399.

KIRKBRAMWITH.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,200 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 211; CHURCH-ROOM, 100[1]; NET VALUE, 517*l.*—An ancient Rectory, formerly in the patronage of the Lacies, Earls of Lincoln, by whom it came to the Dukes of Lancaster.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 12*l.* 18*s.* 4*d.*; Synodals, 5*s.*; Procurations, 4*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 373, at 80*l.*

There was a Chantry in this Church.

An Inclosure Act was passed 20th Geo. III.

For the inscriptions and catalogue of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt, under a faculty granted 30th September 1730.

The Register books commence in 1700.

CHARITIES.—*The Rev. Mr. Errat's dole*, in 1702. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum to the poor on new year's day.

Mrs. Beale's dole, in 1701. Rent-charge of 12*s.* per annum to the poor on new year's day.

Rev. William Good's charity, in 1641. Rent of about an acre of land, for buying a Bible, and maintaining one poor child at school. At the time of the Report, the distribution of Bibles and the sending poor children to school had been discontinued, and the rent (then 2*l.* per annum) was distributed, with the doles, among the poor.—Vide 17th Report, page 735.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 969. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 226. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 475. Nonæ Rolls, page 219.

KIRKSMEATON.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,770 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 318; CHURCH-ROOM, 190[2]; NET VALUE, 370*l.*—An ancient Rectory, of the patronage of the Folyots, Knights, till temp. Edward II., when it came, by the marriage of the heiress of Richard

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was stated at 160.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned sufficient for the then population of 299.

Folyot, to John de Camois, and from him to the Lords Hastings.

Earl Fitzwilliam is the present patron.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.*; in the King's books, at 10*l.* 1*s.* Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 386, at 70*l.* per annum.

"The Rector is entitled to the tithes of the parish in kind. Hugill *v.* Coates." 3 Wood, page 73.

An Inclosure Act was passed 48th Geo. III.

For the arms, inscriptions, and list of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as unfit for residence, being "a wretched farm-house."

The Register Books commence in 1604, but defaced and much obliterated till 1695. Chasm, 1696 to 1719.—Vide transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Ferrybridge.

Torre's MS., page 983. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 212. Nonæ Roll, page 221. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 460.

NORTON.——Here was a Chantry, which was valued, at the Dissolution, at 5*l.* per annum.

LAUGHTON EN LE MORTHEN.—ALL SAINTS.——(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 7,590 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 1,232[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 96*l.*—This Church was given by King Henry I. to the Canons of York, at the instance of Gerald, Archbishop of York, and by him made a Prebend; and on 20th July 1484, it was appropriated to the Chancellorship of the Church of York, who hath jurisdiction of the whole town.

A Vicarage was ordained, but Torre does not give the date or particulars of the endowment.

The first known institution was in 1319.

[1] Viz. Gildenwells, 81; Laughton en le Morthen, 780; Letwell, 155; Throapham, 70; and Woodsetts, 146. Thorpe Salvin is not included in the above. The townships of Gildenwells, Laughton en le Morthen, and Woodsetts, with the Chapelry of Letwell, extend into the jurisdiction of St. Peter of York.

The Chancellor of the Church of York is the present patron and impropriator.

The Vicarage is valued, in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 174 (Manor), and vol. xviii. page 434, it is stated: "A Vicarage, 20 marks per annum;" and in 1818, at 44*l.* per annum.

A Chantry was founded in this Church.

Augmented in 1810, with 200*l.*; and in 1816 with 1,200*l.* both from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III.

For the inscriptions, catalogue of Vicars, and an engraving of the Church, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books are officially returned as commencing in 1677, but Mr. Hunter appears to have seen an old register book kept from the beginning of Queen Elizabeth.

CHARITIES.——*Cousins's rent-charge.* 20*s.* per annum to the poor.

Mrs. Beckwith's gifts, in 1766. Rents-charge of 1*l.* per annum for educating children, and 2*l.* 12*s.* per annum for bread on Sundays.

Margaret Mirfin's gift, by will, dated 20th October 1817. Interest of 100*l.*, to be given to the poor every Candlemas day.

William Beckwith's charities, by will, dated 2nd October 1816. 2*s.* a week for bread, to be distributed every Sunday to such poor people as receive no parochial relief; 5*l.* per annum for teaching five poor children reading, and arithmetic; 30*s.* per annum for Bibles, Prayer-Books, and the New Whole Duty of Man, for children on leaving school; 2*l.* per annum to the schoolmaster, for teaching his scholars the Church Catechism; 1*l.* per annum to the minister, for examining the children in the Church half-yearly; 30*s.* per annum for rewards to the children found perfect in their Catechism; 7*l.* per annum for apprenticing a poor child of the parish yearly, or, if needful, for clothing the child when put out; or, if there should be no poor child to be apprenticed, for a poor maid of the parish married within the year, at the discre-

tion of the minister and churchwardens; or, if not wanted for either of such purposes, then to be distributed to poor persons not receiving alms or pay of the parish, by 6*d.* a week each, as far as it would extend, and 16*s.* to the trustees for their trouble. These payments are made by the Governors of the Foundling Hospital in London out of the sum of 7,255*l.* 7*s.* three-and-a-half per cents., bequeathed by the testator.

School. This is endowed with a dwelling-house, garden, school-house, and 3R. 19P. of land, and a rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum out of a close called the Town Ing. Ten free scholars, nominated by the Vicar, are taught reading, writing, and arithmetic.—Vide 19th Report, page 574.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 519. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 294. Nonæ Roll, page 228. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 280. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101.

LETWELL WITH GILDINGWELLS.—(*Peculiar*[1]. *Perpetual Curacy. Parish of Laughton.*)—Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S. D.—POPULATION, 236[2], vide Laughton; CHURCH-ROOM, 193; NET VALUE, 60*l.*

The Chapel of Letwell was built before 1573.

The Prebendary of Laughton hath jurisdiction over Letwell, Thwaytes, Gildingwells, and Wallingwells.

Patron and impropriator, the Chancellor of the Cathedral of York.

Valued in 1818, at 40*l.* per annum. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 437, it is stated: "We think fit that they are all nearly situate one to another; that Firbeck, Letwell, Stone, anciently belonging to Firbeck, Langall, Gildingwells, and Thwaytes, be made one parish, and that Letwell Chapel be made the parish Church."

Augmented, in 1768, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1791, with 200*l.*; in 1807, with 200*l.*; in 1814, with 200*l.*; in 1824, with 200*l.*; and in 1832, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

For the arms, monuments, and inscriptions, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

No glebe house.

The registers are entered at St. John's, the Chapelry having no parochial rights.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Tickhill.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 526. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 295. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 295.

[1] Peculiar of Laughton.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 227, for Letwell only, but which probably includes Gildingwells.

THROPHAM.—SAINT JOHN'S.—(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy. Parish of Laughton.*)—Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. — POPULATION, 70[1], vide Laughton; CHURCH-ROOM, 250[2]; NET VALUE, 49*l.*—The Prebendary of Laughton hath one Chapel in Thropham, and jurisdiction of the whole town.

An augmented Curacy, enjoying the rights of marriage, baptism, and burial.

Patron, the Vicar of Laughton en le Morthen.

Valued in 1707, at 7*l.* 14*s.* 7½*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 435, it is stated: "Not a quarter of a mile from Laughton Church. To be annexed to Laughton parish." Certified value in 1818, 33*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.*

Augmented in 1742, with 200*l.*; in 1772, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.*; in 1817, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1832, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

The Chapel is built at the extremity of the town of Laughton en le Morthen.

Jurisdiction, Peculiar Court of the Chancellorship and Prebend of Laughton en le Morthen.

An Inclosure Act for the township of Dinnington was passed 18th Geo. III.

Mr. Hunter gives the inscriptions.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1612.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Rotherham.

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. pages 287. 295.

THORPE SALVIN.—ST. PETER.—(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy. Parish of Laughton.*)—— Area, 2,180 acres.

[1] In 1834, the population of Thorpe Saint John's was returned at 347.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 100.

Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S. D. ——POPULATION, 233; CHAPEL-ROOM, sufficient[1]; NET VALUE, 63*l.*——This Chapel, which is an augmented Curacy, and had a Chantry therein, belongs wholly to the jurisdiction of the Prebendary of Laughton.

Patron and impropriator, the Prebendary of the Cathedral of York.

Valued in 1707, at 10*l.* 4*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 445, it is called "A Vicarage. 4*l.* and a noble paid by the Dean and Chapter's lessee."

Augmented in 1775, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1789, with 200*l.*; in 1830, with 400*l.*; and in 1832, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

For the arms, inscriptions, and engravings of the doorway and font, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1592.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Worksop.

Archbishop Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 295. Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 523. Archœologia, vol. xii. pages 207. 209, and vol. xv. page 405. Ant. Rep., vol. iii. page 302. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 309.

MALTBY.—ST. BARTHOLOMEW.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,280 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 844[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 320[3]; NET VALUE, 120*l.*—This Church was a Rectory, anciently belonging to the patronage of the Barons Viponts, from whom it descended to the Lords Clifford, and was given by Roger de Clifford to the Priory of Arthington, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 12 Kal. October 1240.

Patron, the Earl of Scarborough.

Impropriators, the Earl of Scarborough and others.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, the Church and the Vicarage at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* In the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Synodals 6*s.* 8*d.* Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 494, at 16*l.* per annum; and in 1818, certified to be worth 30*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1792, with 200*l.*, and in 1815 with 1,400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant,—both by lot.

"The tithe of hay belongs to the minister, who has four marks allowed by the impropriator out of the tithe corn; annual value 18*l.*" Signed "Samuel Pickering, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis.

For the inscriptions and catalogue of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being in "want of internal repairs," and is still unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1597. Chasm 1632 to 1677.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's estate.* Two parcels of land, containing together between eight and nine acres; one of them given by Thomas Tankersley in 1645, and the other purchased with a benefaction of 150*l.* given by George Spence in 1762. The rents are distributed amongst poor persons not receiving parochial relief.

The School. By deed, dated 10th February 1714, James, Lord Viscount Castleton, then lord of the manor, gave fourteen acres of land for the support of a free school for the poor of the town, in reading, writing, and common arithmetic. Eight free scholars, to be nominated by the lord of the manor. The master has the use of a house and garden.—Vide 17th Report, page 795.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS. page 1,193. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 249. Bodleian MS. No. 5,101. Nonæ Roll, page 222. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 261. Rhodes, page 68. Mon. Ebor. page 89. Mon. Angl. vol. iv. pages 519. 521, 522.

MARR[1].—ST. HELEN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,140 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 221; CHAPEL-ROOM, 100[2]; NET VALUE, 128*l.*—This was anciently a parochial Chapel in the parish of Hickleton, but has now for a long time been accounted a Church.

[1] In 1818, the Chapel-room was returned at 300.

[2] Viz. Hooton Levett, 92; and Maltby, 752. In 1834, the population was only returned at 751.

[3] Estimated in 1818 at 350.

[1] Mr. Hunter thinks it was a parcel of Adwick.

[2] Estimated at 200 in 1818.

Patrons and impropriators, the trustees of P. J. Thelluson, Esq.

Valued in the King's books at 4*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 509, it is stated, "Vicarage, 10*l.* per annum;" and in 1818, at 100*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1763 with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; and in 1792, with 200*l.*,—all by lot.

For the inscriptions, &c. see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, on account of its small size and mean fabric, being "scarcely fit for the occupation of a labourer;" and is still unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1729.

CHARITIES.—*Jane Lewis's charity*, by will, dated 6th Feb. 1666. Rent-charge of 10*l.* on lands at Heck, for apprenticing poor children, and when not required for that purpose, in purchasing blankets and warm clothing for the poor.

Cartwright's, alias Vicars's dole. The yearly sum of 13*s.* 4*d.* is paid to a poor widow of Marr. Vide General Charities. —Vide 18th Report, page 623.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 875. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 233. 238. 346. Bodleian MSS. No. 5,101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 359.

MELTON ON THE HILL[1].—ST. JAMES.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,790 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N. D.——POPULATION, 131; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 97*l.*

Patron and impropriator, Richard Fountayne Wilson, Esq.

The Rectory and tithes were appropriated to Harepoole Priory.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 7*l.*; in 1707, at 20*l.*; in the King's books the Curacy is valued at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 504, it is stated, "Vicarage, 12*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, paid by Mr. Thomas Vincent, the impropriator and patron, to William Bedford, clerk, a godly minister, and painful in his calling, submitting to the present government, who receiveth the profits. The said Mr. Vincent pays much too little to maintain a minister."

There was a Chantry in this Church.

For the inscriptions and catalogue of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The glebe house is unfit for residence. In 1818, it was returned as fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538.

CHARITIES.—*Mrs. Elizabeth Fountayne's charity*, by will, dated 3rd June 1766. One-fifth part of 16A. 2R. of land, purchased with a legacy of 100*l.* The interest to be applied in putting out four girls to read, write, and work, and two boys to read and write, and what should remain to be laid out in books for them.

Mrs. Catharine Williams's charity. Interest of 58*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.* left for sick poor or other objects of relief. Dr. Fountayne, Dean of York, settled the sum of 4*l.* a year as the interest of this charity; and that sum, with a considerable voluntary addition, is distributed yearly among the poor, under the direction of Richard Fountayne Wilson, Esq., in meat, money, and occasionally in coals.

Cartwright's, alias *Vicars's dole.* Two annual sums of 13*s.* 4*d.* are paid at Brodsworth, to poor persons of Melton. Vide General Charities.—Vide 18th Report, page 623.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 876. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 233. 332. 346. Mon. Angl. vol. v. page 486. Nonæ Roll, page 223. Bodleian MS. No. 5,078. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 363.

MEXBROUGH.[1]—(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,340 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 1,270[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[3]; NET VALUE, 95*l.*—The Church was founded by the Saxon family of

[1] Mr. Hunter is of opinion that the name is a contraction of Middletown.

[1] The township of Mexbrough is partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Dannaby 130, and Mexbrough 1,140. Cushworth is sometimes said to be in this parish, but Mr. Hunter states the whole of it to be within the parish of Sprotborough.

[3] In 1818, returned at 500. 15*l.* has been granted by the Society towards building galleries to contain 147 sittings, of which 120 are to be free seats.

Ailric, and consisted of two medieties, whereof one was given by Monthegon to the House of Bretton, and the other by Swein to the Hospital of St. Nicholas at Pontefract, but afterwards it appears to have been given to Nostel. Walter Gray, 15th Kal. Jun., 33 Pont., appropriated and annexed one moiety to the Archdeaconry of York, and the other moiety was also annexed thereto, on the 5th Kal. December, 1262. A Vicarage was ordained in 1267. Torre only mentions one Vicar, viz. in 1267.

Patron and impropriator, the Archdeacon of York.

Valued in 1707 at 20*l.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 508, it is stated, "Only fifty families; to be united to Adwick upon Dearne, which is only distant a mile and a half, and Mexbrough to be the parish Church;" and in 1818, at 60*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1767 with 200*l.* by lot; in 1810, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Reverend Archdeacons Cooper and Markham, Mrs. S. Finch, Mr. Wentworth, and Dr. Fountaine, late Dean of York; and in the same year with 200*l.* from the same grant, by lot. In 1816, with 800*l.*, and in 1825 with 200*l.* both from the same grant, by lot; and in 1833 with 200*l.*, and 200*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 400*l.* from the Rev. Archdeacon Markham, the patron.

For the inscriptions and list of Curates, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

26th April 1822, faculty to erect a gallery.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1562.

CHARITIES.—*The Hospital Houses.* These are six small tenements, occupied by poor widows, and supposed to have been founded about the year 1728, by persons named Horne and Calverley, and endowed with a rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum out of an estate at Mexbrough, belonging to R. Fountayne Wilson, Esq. The almswomen are chosen by the minister of the parish and the owner or occupier of a farm in Mexbrough, formerly belonging to the family of Horne. The rent-charge is the only fund for repairs.

Cartwright's alias *Vicars's dole.* A pension of 13*s.* 4*d.* a year is paid under this charity to a poor widow of Mexbrough.—Vide General Charities.

Rev. Mr. Belton's gift. A legacy of 10*l.* to the poor. The Commissioners could obtain no account of this legacy. —Vide 18th Report, page 624.

Post town, Rotherham.

Vid. Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 789. Nonæ Rolls, page 230. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 303. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 390. Bodleian MS. No. 5,101.

OWSTONE. — ALL SAINTS. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 2,560 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 473[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 93*l.*—This Church was an ancient Rectory belonging to the patronage of the Veseys, Knights, and so to the Hamertons, and from them to the King, from whom it came to John, Duke of Lancaster, who gave it to the Abbey of Welbeck, to which it was appropriated by Pope Boniface IX., and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1418.

Patron and impropriator, Philip Davis Cooke, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 7*l.* 0*s.* 1*d.* Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

The impropriator is charged with the annual payment of 3*s.* 4*d.* to the poor of the parish.

There were three Chantries in this Church.

Inclosure Acts were passed 33rd Geo. II. and 41st Geo. III. (Skellow.)

For the monuments, inscriptions, and catalogue of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

There is a beautiful monument by Chantry, to the memory of Frances, wife of Bryan Cooke, Esq.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1683.

CHARITIES.—*William Adams's charity.* Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum. 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum to the poor of Owstone, and 6*s.* 8*d.* to the poor of Skellow.

[1] Viz. Owstone 292, and Skellow 181. In 1834, the population was returned at 447.

Cartwright's, alias *Vicars's charity*. A pension of 13*s*. 4*d*. is paid to a poor person of Owston, and a like pension to a poor person of Skellow.—Vide 18th Report, page 598.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS. page 975. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 211. Nonæ Roll, page 221. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 876. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 477.

PENISTONE. — ST. JOHN BAPTIST. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 21,580 acres. Staincross wapentake.—POPULATION, 5,201 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 800; NET VALUE, 147*l*.—The Church was founded after the Conquest, and the parish appears to have been taken out of Silkstone.

This was a Rectory of medieties, one belonging to the De Burghs, and the other to John de Rupibus, and consolidated 15 Kal. March 1232; and subsequently given by the Burghs to the Chapel of St. Stephen's, Westminster, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 7th June 1413.

Patron, Lord Macdonald.

Impropriator, the Hospital of Sheffield.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 53*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*.; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 16*l*. 14*s*. 2*d*.; Synodals and Procurations 12*s*. 6*d*.; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 410, at 22*l*. per annum.

"The whole of the tithes are impropriate to the Duke of Norfolk, who pays the Vicar thereout 16*l*. per annum. There is a small glebe, formerly reckoned at 8*l*. per annum. There have been some augmentations made by charitable persons, and some more are about to be settled; but what the whole of them will be, I cannot yet give account of, because some things are not yet settled nor paid, though by will left." Signed "E. H." Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,215.

There were unreported decrees in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 31st Elizabeth, and in Easter Term, 37th Elizabeth.

Inclosure Acts were passed 39th and 40th Geo. III. (Inburchworth); 50th Geo. III. (Hunshelf); 51st Geo. III. (Langsett); 52nd Geo. III. (Thurlstone); 58th Geo. III. (Oxpring); 59th Geo. III. and the 1st Geo. IV. (Langsett.)

For the inscriptions and catalogue of Rectors and Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The parish is in the Diocese of York, but wills of persons dying at Swindon are also proved in the Honour Court of Knaresborough.

8th October 1747, faculty to erect a gallery.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1644, but entries of marriages are defective from 1740 to 1745, and also from 1786 to 1812.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITIES. — *Free Grammar School.* An ancient foundation, and described as such in a decree under a commission of pious uses, made in the 1st Jac. I. The endowment consists of 27A. 3R. 32P. of land, let at the time of the Report for 81*l*. 14*s*. 6*d*. per annum, and rents-charge of 6*l*. 4*s*. 4*d*. per annum, and two-fifths of the clear rents of Wordsworth's charity, then 22*l*. 13*s*. per annum. Until a short time previous to the Report, the charity had been maintained as a free grammar school, for the sons of persons residing in, and lawful inhabitants of, the parish of Penistone, by masters properly qualified to teach boys in the rudiments of a classical education, but at that time it only subsisted as a school for teaching reading, writing, and accounts.

Samuel Wordsworth's charity, by will, dated 9th March 1703. Endowment, 50A. 3R. 23P., let at the time of the Report for 118*l*. 10*s*. per annum. One-fifth of the rents is applicable to the use of the most poor aged and infirm inhabitants of the parish, not being common beggars; two-fifths to the Vicar, provided he preach every Lord's day, forenoon and after, in the parish church, and also preach a sermon on the 24th of June; and the other two-fifths are to be

[1] Viz. Denby, 1,295; Gunthwaite, 99; Hunshelf, 531; Inburchworth, 371; Langsett, 320; Oxpring, 283; Penistone, 703; and Thurlstone, 1,599. In 1834, the population was returned at 5,204.

paid to the master and usher of the free grammar school, provided they teach their scholars the Assembly's Catechism, but if they neglect so to do, then such shares to be bestowed on the Vicar.

Free School for Girls, founded by Joseph Cam, Esq. by deed, dated 12th September 1821. Endowment, 420*l.* new four per cents. About 120 girls are taught reading, sewing, and knitting. 1*s.* is paid on entrance, which is the only charge.

Josias Wordsworth's charity, by will, dated 12th April 1732. Interest of 200*l.* for teaching poor girls to read and work. Now paid to the mistress of the National School, for teaching twenty free scholars.

DOLES.—*William Turton's*, in 1559. Rent-charge of one quarter of rye, to be distributed yearly on Good Friday.

Edward Booth's. Rent-charge of 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* to be distributed at Easter.

William Rich's, by will, dated 29th October 1673. Rent-charge of 1*l.* a year to the poor of the parish.

The above doles are distributed among poor persons not receiving parochial relief.

TOWNSHIP OF PENISTONE.

Sir Thurston Bycliff and Alderman Micklethwaite, gave to the poor of the township 20*l.* The sum of 1*l.* a year, interest of this gift, is paid as a rent-charge.

John Wordsworth's rent-charge. 3*s.* a year, to be divided among six poor widows.

The poor's cottages. The sum of 10*l.* given by Francis Burdett, 10*l.* by William Sotwell, and 5*l.* by Joanna Swift, were laid out in the purchase and repairs of three cottages, and the rents received are distributed among poor people not receiving parochial relief.

Payment by trustees of Lord Shrewsbury's Hospital at Sheffield. 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum for repairing of the church windows; 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the poor; (which appears to be the 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum directed by the endowment to be paid to the poor of the parish by the impropriator;) and 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum, in bread and ale upon Thursday before Easter day, in the Chancel of the Church, to the poor.—Vide 17th Report, page 751.

Post town, Barnsley.

Torre's MS. page 1,057. Bodleian MS. No. 5,101. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 274. Nonæ Roll, page 224. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 333.

DENBY.—ST. MARY.—(*Parish of Penistone. Perpetual Curacy.*) — Area, vide Penistone. Staincross wapentake. —POPULATION, 1,295[1], vide Penistone; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 98*l.*—Built in 1627, and 12th December in that year, the Archbishop granted a licence to perform divine service therein, but it does not appear ever to have been consecrated.

Patron, the Vicar of Penistone, though the people have claimed the right of election.

Valued in 1707 at 32*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 412, it is stated to be "Three miles from Penistone, and a quarter of a mile from Gunthwaite Chapel; without minister or maintenance. We think fit in regard of their nearness to annex them, and have them made one parish, and all Cumberworth; both that part of the town in the parish of Silkstone, as also that part in the parish of Kirkburton, to be annexed to that new parish, so as we conceive it fit that all Gunthwaite, Denby, and whole Cumberworth be made a parish of itself, and Denby Chapel to be the parish church;"—and in 1818, at 50*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1739 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Jonathan Perkins; and in 1816, with 1,200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

For catalogue of Curates, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

6th April 1819, faculty to alter and enlarge the chapel.

No glebe house.

No Register Books are kept in this Chapel, and marriages are not celebrated therein.

CHARITY.—*Francis Burdett's charity*, by will, dated 13th August 1731. Rent of cottage, with a barn and appurtenances, and about ten acres of land.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 1,766.

Half the rent to a schoolmaster for teaching twelve free scholars, and the other half to such poor widows and widowers, and poor children, as might stand in need and not have common pay. The trustees at the time of the Report had reduced the number of free scholars to six.—Vide 17th Report, page 754.

Post town, Barnsley.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 275. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 350.

RAVENFIELD[1].—ST. JAMES.—(*Peculiar*[2]. *Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,170 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 229; CHAPEL-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 160*l.*

Patron, T. B. Bosville, Esq.

Impropriator, the Archdeacon of York.

Mr. Hunter could find no account of the foundation of the Chapel.

Valued in 1707 at 10*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 484, it is stated "A minister, but no certain salary. The impropriator pays him twenty marks per annum. The parish, as now it stands, consists of about forty-six families, and one third part of Ranfield is of another parish, to wit, Conisbrough, and most fit both for situation and suppliance of number for a congregation; we think fit that the whole town of Ranfield, together with Flasby in Conisbrough parish, be annexed to Ranfield Church;" valued in 1818, at 117*l.* per annum.

"Ranfield, or Ravenfield, is a Chapelry in the parish of Mexbrough. All parochial offices and duties are performed, and Easter dues and surplice fees paid to the Curate, as if it were an entire parish of itself. The great and small tithes are part of the corps of the Archdeaconry of York, whose lessee nominates to the Cure, and pays the Curate 26*l.* per annum, which is the whole endowment." Signed "Edmund Withers, Curate."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 805.

Augmented in 1743 with 200*l.* by lot; in 1752, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of a rent-charge of 16*l.* per annum, from the Bishop of Norwich, then Archdeacon of York; in 1762, with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 300*l.* from Walter Oborne, Esq.; in 1788, with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Matthew Morgan, Esq.; in 1814, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of a stipend of 15*l.* per annum from the Rev. R. Markham, Archdeacon of York; in 1819, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. T. Bosville; and in 1824, with 300*l* from the same grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the said Rev. T. Bosville, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees.

For the arms and monuments, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The Chapel was rebuilt in 1756 by Mrs. Parkin.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1563. Chasm 1600 to 1634.

CHARITIES.—*Howson's charity estate.* Henry Howson, by will, dated 29th August 1641. Rent of moiety of 4A. 3R. 22P. of land for the poor. The Commissioners censured the practice which prevailed at the time of the Report, of applying the rent in aid of the poor's rate, and recommended that the money should be distributed separately among industrious and deserving poor persons.

Mary Oborne's gift, by will, dated 23rd January 1779. Dividends on 762*l.* 15*s.* 8*d.* three per cent. consols, distributed every Christmas among the indigent inhabitants.

Thomas Omfrey's gift. Interest of 100*l.* distributed annually among the poor.—Vide 19th Report, page 575.

Post town, Rotherham.

Not mentioned in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 303. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 396.

RAWMARSH[1].—SAINT MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,470 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 1,538[2]; CHURCH-ROOM,

[1] Yr Avon Field—the field of the waters.

[2] The Archdeacon of York grants probates of wills and visits; all other jurisdiction is exercised by the Dean and Chapter.

[1] In Pope Nicholas's taxation called Romnarreys.

[2] The iron works and collieries in the parish of Rawmarsh, which give employment to many labourers, have tended to increase the popula-

450[1]; NET VALUE, 402*l.*—This Church was given by Paganus to the Abbey of Welbeck, the Rector of which anciently had a Vicar.

The Lord Chancellor is the present patron.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 12*l.*; in the King's books at 8*l.* 7*s.* 2*d.*; Synodals 4*s.*, Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and pension to the Abbey of Welbeck 2*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 478, at 90*l.* per annum.

"All the parish pays me tithes, except a composition and a modus for Ing Ground. Mrs. Mary Goodwin, in 1701, left 20*s.* per annum to the minister, on condition to preach a sermon August 18th; if he neglect, it goes to the poor of the said parish." Signed "Will. Stephenson, Rector." Notitia Parochialis, No. 424.

An Inclosure Act was passed 14th Geo. III.

For the arms, inscriptions, and list of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

14th July 1780, faculty to erect a gallery.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt under a faculty dated 19th May 1652.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*Edward Goodwin's charity*, by deed, dated 13th June 1743. Endowment, 23A. of land and 3,500*l.* three per cent. consols. The income, which at the time of the Report was 135*l.* per annum, was applied as follows:—To the schoolmaster of Rawmarsh, for educating twenty boys in reading, writing, and accounts, and finding them books, paper, pens, and ink, 20*s.* each; to a schoolmistress, for teaching fifteen girls belonging to Rawmarsh, to read, write, and spin, 13*s.* 4*d.* each; 15*l.* for putting out three apprentices in Rawmarsh, at 5*l.* each; for teaching ten poor boys or girls at Darfield to read, 10*s.* each; for the like number at Burne, 10*s.* each; agent's salary, 5*l.*; expenses at the annual meeting, 2*l.* The residue, after keeping the buildings in repair, is laid out in bread-corn, and distributed to the poor of Rawmarsh. The trustees are in possession of six cottages, which they permit to be occupied by six poor widows of Rawmarsh.

School. Founded by Richard and John Oxley, 21st December, 16 Jac. I. and augmented 15th November, 19 Car. I. and 15th March 1653, and another 3rd September 1803, by Thomas Wilson the elder, for the children of poor folks inhabiting within the parish, and unable to pay for their teaching in reading, writing, and grammar; ten of the poorest sort to be taught free, and the others as the master could agree with them. Endowment, 7A. 3R. 14P. of land, two houses, and rent-charges 4*l.* per annum. Also 20*l.* per annum from Goodwin's charity, and 2*l.* per annum from Ellis's charity. Vide General Charities. Twenty-three free scholars, exclusive of the twenty taught under Goodwin's charity.

Mallory's charity. Vide General Charities.—Vide 18th Report, page 625.

Post town, Rotherham.

Vid. Torre's MS. page 1127. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 260. Nonæ Roll, page 223. Bodleian MS. No. 5101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 45.

ROTHERHAM.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 12,810 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 10,417[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 2,000[2]; NET VALUE, 170*l.*—This was a Saxon parish, and is supposed to have comprised Ecclesfield, Sheffield, Handsworth, Treeton, and Whiston.

The Church was a Rectory of medieties, the one belonged to the Lords Vesey, and was given by John de Vesey to the Abbey of Rufford, and the other supposed to be given by the Lexingtons to the Abbey of Clervaux, in the diocese of Lyons, in France, founded by St. Bernard, who held the same, appropriated

tion 279 persons. In 1834, the population was returned at 2,057.

[1] In 1818, the return was 500; but in the last edition of the Clerical Guide (1836), the return was 350.

[1] Viz. Brinsworth, 227; Catcliffe, 196; Dalton, 187; Greasbrough, 1,290; Kimberworth, 4,031; Orgreave, 35; Rotherham, 4,083; and Tinsley, 368. The population is stated in the Ecclesiastical Return of 1834 at 1,417 only, but which is probably a typographical error. The parish of Rotherham is partly in the north division of Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake. In the townships of Rotherham and Tinsley, upwards of 100 men are employed in coal mines.

[2] Estimated in 1818 at 2,300.

by the Pope for many years, and in their mediety was a Vicar; and the Abbey of Clervaux, for a pension of 20*l.* per annum, granted their mediety to the Abbey of Rufford, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 24th September 1349.

Patron and impropriator, Lord Howard of Effingham.

There was a Chapel on the Bridge, of which a plate is given by Mr. Hunter, and also five Chantries.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation, the mediety of the Abbey of Clervaux is valued at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; the Vicarage at 5*l.*; Roger's mediety at 21*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and a pension to the Priory of Lewes of 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 16*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.* 6*d.*; Procurations, 7*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 453, "Vicarage house and 37*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.* in money, viz. 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* from the impropriator, 14*l.* 4*s.* 8*d.* from the Crown, and 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* from the Crown for the assistant minister;" it is also recommended that Gillthwaite be given to Whiston.

Augmented in 1809 with 200*l.*, and in 1827 with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant,—both by lot.

The occupiers of lands lying in the township of Kimberworth, and out of the hamlets of Thorpe and Scholes, in this parish, were by custom bound to set out their tithes of corn, peas, and beans, by every tenth shock or stook, each shock or stook containing ten sheaves[1].

The Rector is bound to pay a pension of 20*l.* a year to the Dean and Canons of St. George's Chapel in Windsor[2].

Inclosure Acts were passed 2nd Geo. III. (Rotherham); 5th Geo. III. (Marsbrough); 36th Geo. III. (Kimberworth); 37th Geo. III. (Dalton); 52nd Geo. III. (Brinsworth); and 54th Geo. III. (Kimberworth); which may affect the above customs.

The Church is one of the most beautiful in the diocese, and is of the age of Edward IV.

22nd September 1743, faculty to new pew the Church.

12th July 1746, ditto to alter the situation of the pulpit and font, to take down certain lofts, and to new seat the Church.

1st August 1760, faculty to rebuild certain galleries.

8th June 1776, ditto to erect three galleries, and to alter the situation of the pulpit.

12th July 1792, ditto to take down the old wall of the church-yard, to lay part of the church-yard to the street, and to erect new walls.

26th May 1796, an additional burial-ground was consecrated.

18th November 1815, faculty to erect an organ and gallery.

For the inscriptions, monuments, and catalogue of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

For the endowed grammar school, see Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, page 305.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1556, but the entries of marriages are imperfect from 1649 to 1754.

CHARITIES.—*Mary Bellamy's charity*, by will, dated 28th January 1780. Endowment, 34A. 1R. of land; 223*l.* 6*s.* 10*s.* new four per cents. There are almshouses for four widows, who receive among them quarterly 12*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.*; and 10*l.* a year is given to the poor. Residue for repairs, &c.

Estates and Charities of the feoffees of the common lands.—The common lands are first noticed in a deed dated 1st September 26th Elizabeth. The number of feoffees is fixed at twelve, of whom the lord of the manor and the vicar are always one. The feoffees are chosen by the 10*l.* rate-payers. The estate consists of lands, houses, rents, &c. producing at the time of the Report 564*l.* per annum.

The following annual payments were made out of the rental:—

Thomas Dickenson's rent-charge, 1*l.* 10*s.* to the poor; Cutforthay's dole, 2*l.* 10*s.* in bread; Vicar, for sermon on St. George's day, 2*l.*, and two annual gifts for sermons, 2*l.*; putting out two apprentices, 8*l.*; to four widows, 4*l.*; Bellamy's dole, 8*l.*; Kay's dole, 1*l.* 12*s.*; Foljambe's dole, 1*l.*; Field's dole, 1*l.* 10*s.*; Tooker's bequest to poor housekeepers, 1*l.* 10*s.*; to the master of the grammar-school, 8*l.*; Vicar for a sermon

[1] Lord Effingham *v.* Turner, 2 Wood, 551.

[2] The Dean and Canons of Windsor *v.* Lord Effingham, 4 Wood, 267.

on St. Thomas's day, 2*l.*; and Robert Heppenstall's gift, by will, 23d September, 1812, the interest of 47*l.* (1*l.* 17*s.*) in bread to the poor; to poor people in the town and neighbourhood, in money and coals, 78*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.*; clothing for sundry poor persons, 12*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.*; Rotherham Dispensary, 21*l.*; Sheffield Infirmary, 10*l.* 10*s.*; Bible Society, 3*l.* 3*s.*; Benevolent Society, 1*l.* 1*s.*; Sunday Schools, 5*l.* 5*s.*;—total, 171*l.* 13*s.* The residue of the income is laid out for occasional purposes, concerning the general interest of the inhabitants and the public benefit, and improvement of the poor.

Grammar School. The master is appointed by the feoffees. Endowment, allotment of three acres of land; 8*l.* per annum from the feoffees; 3*l.* per annum, rent of allotment; Okes's gift, rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum; and Crown rent of 10*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.* per annum. The school is kept up as a grammar school, for the education of boys of the town of Rotherham as free scholars, in classical learning; but the number of those who resort to the school for such instruction is usually very small.

The Charity School. Reported to have been established by a person named Scott. Since 1775, it has been under the management of the feoffees of the common lands. Twenty-eight boys and twenty girls, nominated by the feoffees of the common lands, are clothed and brought up at the school, and instructed in reading, writing, and arithmetic.—Endowment: 19A. 3R. 11P. of land; pew rents 5*l.* 4*s.* per annum; rent-charge 4*l.* 3*s.* per annum; and 20*l.* per annum from Ellis's charity. Vide General Charities.

The great dole. Rent of 10A. 0R. 33P. of land, let at the time of the Report for 44*l.* 2*s.* per annum; six houses, let for 12*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.* per annum; and two rents-charge, 4*l.* 10*s.* per annum. 2*l.* 12*s.* given annually in bread; residue in money among poor persons on the 29th December in every year. The Commissioners did not consider that part of the property was advantageously let or managed.

William Malin's gift. Rent-charge of 1*l.* for poor widows and widowers. Distributed with the great dole.

Thomas Taylor's gift, by deed and will, both dated in April 1667. Rent of a messuage, &c. 40*s.* a year to the Vicar; residue of the rent to be divided among eight poor widows.

Mallory's gift. Vide General Charities. 12*l.* 1*s.* per annum, among poor people, in sums of 1*s.* and 2*s.*

Downes's gift. 1*l.* per annum rent-charge, for bread to the poor on Christmas day.

Mrs. Mansel's gift. Rent-charge of 6*l.* 10*s.* per annum, for weekly bread to the poor.

George Beardsall's gift, by will, 5th February 1702. Rent-charge of 6*l.* per annum, to be divided among twenty-four impotent, old, blind, and poor persons not able to work. This is subject to the costs of a suit in Chancery (upwards of 200*l.*, taxed in 1822), and therefore a considerable time must elapse before any distribution can be made.

Hollis's School. Vide General Charities. 20*l.* a year is paid to the master of a school attached to the Presbyterian chapel, and the master has also the use of a school-house. Between twenty and thirty free scholars in reading and writing. The school was reported to be satisfactorily conducted.

TOWNSHIP OF CATCLIFFE.

Shipley's charity. Dwelling-house, orchard, garden, and allotment of thirty-three perches. Rent distributed among the poor, with a preference to widows.

George Beardsall's charity, by will, dated 5th February 1702. Rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum, for teaching ten free scholars in reading and writing.

TOWNSHIP OF DALTON.

Lady Mallory's dole. 35*s.* per annum, to be distributed in small sums.

Dorothy Taylor's dole, by will, in 1671. 26*s.*, of which 12*s.* is for teaching a poor girl to read, knit, and sew, and the residue to be given to the poor in small sums.

TOWNSHIP OF KIMBERWORTH.

The school and dole money. The master has the occupation of a school-house, also 4*l.* a year, which is probably the interest of 80*l.* formerly appropriated to the use of the school. 3*l.* 6*s.* per annum, being a moiety of the rent of two cottages and premises, formerly appropriated to the use of the school, the other half being distributed among the

poor; and 1*l.* 12*s.* a year paid under the will of William Brailsford, dated 18th February 1784.

Earl of Effingham's charity, in 1710. Interest of 20*l.* for teaching two poor children.—Vide 18th Report, page 627.

A post town.

Torre's MS. page 1093. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. pages 246. 328. Bodleian MS., Nos. 5078 and 5101. Nonæ Roll, page 223. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 1. Hunter's Hallamshire, page 5. Rhodes, page 38. Hutton, page 10. Bray's Tour, page 326. Mon. Ang. vol. vi. page 1441.

ROTHERHAM COLLEGE, founded by Archbishop Rotherham, and suppressed by King Edward VI.

Mr. Torre, in page 1105, gives a particular account of this College. See also an interesting account of it in Mr. Hunter's Hallamshire.

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 5.

GREASBROUGH. — HOLY TRINITY.—(*Parish of Rotherham. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Rotherham. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S. D. —POPULATION, 1,290, vide Rotherham; CHAPEL-ROOM, 800; NET VALUE, 182*l.*

Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

Impropriator, Lord Howard.

Valued in 1707, at 5*l.* 10*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 458, it is stated: "Without a minister, and only a maintenance of 58*s.*, which was heretofore given for ever. To be made a parish, and Schooles, Nether Hawke, and Morley, in the parish of Rotherham, to be annexed thereto;" and in 1818, at 110*l.* per annum.

Augmented, in 1718, with 200*l.*, by lot; in 1722, with 200*l.*, to meet a joint benefaction of 200*l.* from the Hon. Thomas Wentworth and Thomas Wentworth, jun., Esq.; in 1730, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Thomas Lord Malton; and in 1812, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

3rd May 1788, faculty granted to rebuild the Chancel.

The Church was rebuilt under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Gothic, with tower; grant, 2,000*l.*; first stone laid 29th September 1826; completed, vide 9th Report, page 4. Will accommodate 785 persons. Free seats, 415.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, "being a mere cottage, and inhabited by a labourer;" and is still unfit.

The Registers for baptisms commence in 1747, and for burials in 1755.

An inclosure was made in 1727 by the lord of the manor and the freeholders.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Estate.* Cottage and 1A. 1R. of land, devised, in 1636, by Jane Horsfall, for the relief of the poor.

Rev. Dr. William Spencer's dole, by deed, dated 19th August 1713. Rentcharge of 5*l.* per annum, distributed among poor widows not receiving regular parochial relief.

Sir Thomas Wentworth's charity, in 1716. 3*l.* 10*s.* per annum, paid by Earl Fitzwilliam (together with a voluntary addition), for teaching fourteen poor children, who are also clothed at his lordship's expense.

Mallory's charity, vide General Charities. About 3*l.* per annum is distributed among the poor at Easter eve.

The Common Lands Payment. The lands set out for the poor on the inclosure, being thirty acres, and which only produced 14*l.* per annum, were sold in 1766 to the Marquis of Rockingham, in consideration of the grant of an annuity of 20*l.* The annuity is added to the poor rates.—Vide 18th Report, page 637.

Post town, Rotherham.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 247. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 28.

TINSLEY. — ST. LAWRENCE. — (*Parish of Rotherham. Perpetual Vicarage*[1].)—Area, vide Rotherham. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S. D.—POPULATION, 368[2], vide Rotherham; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 124*l.*

Patron and impropriator, Earl Fitzwilliam.

[1] Bacon calls this a Chapel to Rotherham.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 289.

The ancient parochial Church or Chapel (says Thoresby) of St. Lawrence, at Tinsley, having all its endowment taken away (except 4*l.* 18*s.*) about the time of Henry VIII., has been decayed and ruined for many years. The Hon. Thomas Wentworth rebuilt this Church in 1710, inclosed fifteen acres of the common, and settled them upon the Church, with a rent-charge of 15*l.* per annum payable out of two parts of the tithes of Tinsley, which he lately bought. He also fenced the church-yard, and gave a Bible, Common Prayer-Book, surplice, silver salver, and chalice to the Church, and founded a parochial library. His lady also gave a velvet cloth and fine diaper cloth for the altar, and a velvet cushion for the pulpit.

Valued in 1707, at 29*l.* 18*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 455, it is stated to be "A mile and half from the mother Church. Sixteen families. 4*l.* 12*s.* paid by the Crown. Recommended to be made a parish, and Brumsworth and White Hills to be annexed thereto."

Augmented in 1718, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Hon. Thomas Wentworth; and in 1818, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Earl Fitzwilliam.

10th April 1780, faculty to remove part of the north wall of the Church.

4th June 1791, ditto to erect a gallery.

A Chantry, called St. Leonard's, was founded in this Church.

For the inscriptions and catalogue of Incumbents, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1715.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Rotherham.

Thoresby's Ducatus, page 241. Torre's MS., page 857. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 277. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 30.

ROYSTON.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 12,710 acres. Staincross wapentake.—POPULATION, 3,690[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600[2]; NET VALUE, 166*l.*—An ancient Saxon parish, but originally part of Silkstone parish. One mediety was given to Monk Bretton Priory by William de Neville, and the other by John Malherbe and Maude his wife, and appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained, 4th Kal., April 1234. This ordination was very ample. In 1263, the Monks got back the corn tithe of Cudworth, and in 1300 or 1301, there was a new Ordination; and at the Dissolution, the Advowson was given by the Crown to the See of York.

Patron and impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 28*l.* the Rectory, and 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* the Vicarage; in the King's books, at 17*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 416, it is stated: "Vicarage, 21*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and five marks from the Archbishop's Lessee;" and in 1818, certified at 107*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1814, with 800*l.*; and in 1821, with 200*l.*, both from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1834, with 200*l.* and 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of a stipend of 30*l.* per annum from Edward, Lord Archbishop of York.

For the inscriptions and catalogue of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

19th May 1792, faculty granted to re-pew the Church.

2nd January 1795, confirmation of allotment of pews.

There was a Chantry in this Church, and also Chapels at Chevett, Notton, Carlton, and Cudworth.

Inclosure Acts were passed 12th Geo. III., and 49th Geo. III. (Cudworth.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Registers for baptisms and burials commence in 1588, and for marriages in 1563.

CHARITIES.——*The Free Grammar School*, mentioned in a deed, dated 16th July, 5th Jac. I., as of ancient foundation. Endowment: 16A. 0R. 27P., let,

[1] Viz. Carlton, 340; Chevett, 38; Cudworth, 451; Monk-Bretton, 1,394; Notton, 317; Roystone, 597; and Woolley, 553.—In 1834, the population was returned at 3,149.

[2] Estimated in 1818 at 1,000.

at the time of the Report, for 68*l.* 10*s.* per annum; 2A. 3R. 15P., in the hands of the master; crown-rent, 4*l.* 6*s.* 11*d.* per annum; and interest of 13*l.* Between thirty and forty free scholars, in Latin and Greek, English, and writing. A quarterage is paid for arithmetic.

Poor's Estate. Rent of land (quantity not stated), 13*l.* per annum, and house, 5*l.* per annum, distributed among the poor.

William Pennell's dole, in 1582. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum, distributed among the poor people of the parish.

Lady Bolles's charity, by will, dated 4th May 1662. Interest of 100*l.* for apprenticing poor children of the parish, exclusive of the township of Cudworth; and the rent of five acres of land, to be applied in like manner for Cudworth township.

TOWNSHIP OF ROYSTON.——*Thomas Wood's gift*, in 1817. Interest of 100*l.* to be distributed among the poor.

TOWNSHIP OF CUDWORTH.—*William Poppleton's charity*, in 1747. Rent of seven acres of land, received by the schoolmaster, subject to an outpayment of 28*s.* per annum to the poor. Seventeen free scholars in reading and writing.

Thomas Woodhead's gift, in 1796. Rent of cottage, for teaching three poor children to read and write.

Joseph Ramsden's gift, in 1806. Interest of 50*l.*, for teaching four poor children to read.

William Scales's gift, by will, dated 12th February 1780. Interest of 200*l.* for such of the poor as had no parochial relief. In 1825, it was resolved to purchase a close, and the money was called in and lodged in a bank at Wakefield, and was remaining therein at the time the house failed. A very considerable dividend will, however, have been subsequently received.

Sir George Wood's gift. Moiety of 10*l.* per annum, for the poor.

Bamforth's and *Lady Bolles's gifts.*—See the account of these charities.—Vide 17th Report, page 755.

Post town, Barnsley.

Torre's MS., page 1083. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 267. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 379. Nonæ Roll, page 224.

CHEVETT.—It seems there was anciently a Chapel here, for in the endowment it is said, "Neither shall the Vicar be tied to any service in the Chapel of Chevett."

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 392.

MULVELEY.——Here was also a Chapel, in which the Prior and Convent of Monk-Bretton are, by the endowment, directed to find a Chaplain, perpetually to celebrate divine offices therein.

MONK-BRETTON, OR WEST-BRETTON.—(*Parish of Royston. A Donative.*)—Area, vide Royston. Staincross wapentake.——POPULATION, vide Royston; CHAPEL-ROOM, 170 [1]; NET VALUE, no return.—This Chapel is a donative, or rather a private Chapel.

The Priory here was founded in 1156 by Adam Fitz Swain, and was at first subordinate to the Priory of Pontefract, but afterwards to the Monastery of La Charité, in France.

Patron, vide Royston.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 410, it is stated: "A member of Silkstone; distant from it five miles, neither minister nor maintenance being to it; which Chapel we think fit to annex to High Hoyland."

An Inclosure Act was passed 17th Geo. III.

The Registers for baptisms and burials commence in 1750.

CHARITIES.——*Dame Mary Talbot's almshouses*, founded in 1654. Six cottages, occupied by six poor women, each of whom receive from Sir George Wombwell, Bart., the yearly sum of 40*s.* for a stipend, and 10*s.* in lieu of a gown.

Mary Woodhouse's gift. Interest of 10*l.* to the poor.

Henry Broadhead's charity, by will, dated 28th September 1753. Interest of 400*l.*, distributed on Old Christmas-day among poor persons not receiving parochial relief.—Vide 17th Report, page 758.

Post town, Barnsley.

Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 131. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. pages 239 and 396.

[1] According to the return of 1818. No return made in 1834.

WOOLLEY.—ST. MARY.—(*Parish of Royston. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Royston. Staincross wapentake. —POPULATION, 553 [1], vide Royston; CHAPEL-ROOM, 400 [2]; NET VALUE, 200*l.*

Patron, W. Godfrey Wentworth, Esq.

By Ordination of Archbishop Corbridge, the Monks of Bretton were bound to find a Chaplain to officiate in the Chapel of Woolley.

Valued in 1707, at 21*l.* 14*s.* 4*d.* per annum; in the King's books, at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 418, it is stated: "Chapel, 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum. About 160 communicants. Two miles from Royston. To be made a distinct parish."

Augmented in 1721, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth upwards of 15*l.* per annum from William Wentworth, Esq.; and in 1760, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Godfrey Wentworth, Esq., the patron.

"Woolley, a parochial Chapel, in the parish of Royston. All manner of tithes are impropriate. The Archbishop allows fourteen nobles to the Curate per annum. The Countess of Eglington (then Lady Grace Wentworth) gave an augmentation of 5*l.* per annum for a constant preacher; otherwise to go to the poor of the parish or town of Woolley. Matthew Husband left by will 20*s.* per annum to the minister, to be paid on Sunday before St. Thomas's day, a rent-charge. Grace Husbands left by her will 10*s.*, to be given to the minister at Whitsuntide; and Mr. Thomas Ellis left by will 100*l.* to the Church, the use thereof to be paid to the minister on St. Thomas his Festival."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 395.

A Chantry is named in the Valor Ecc.

For the arms, inscriptions, and catalogue of Curates, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

3rd June 1794, faculty to re-pew the Chapel and erect gallery.

There is no glebe house.

The Register books commence in 1651.

CHARITIES.—*The Dole Land.* About eight acres. The rent is divided equally among sixteen poor persons, after deducting from each share 1*s.* for the parish clerk for winding up the chapel clock.

Matthew Husband's gift, by will, dated in 1687. Rents-charge of 20*s.* a year to the minister, and 10*s.* a year to the poor on St. Thomas's day.

Charity Funds. The sum of 130*l.*, being amount of benefactions for the poor, and 70*l.* given for educating poor children, is secured by bond. The interest of the 130*l.* is applied in purchasing coals for the poor, and the interest of the 70*l.* is paid to the schoolmaster.

The School, endowed by Nicholas Burley, by deed, dated 3rd December 1726, with eleven acres of land, for teaching ten poor children to read and write.—Vide 17th Report, page 760.

Post town, Wakefield.

Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 268. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 383. Torre's MS., page 1069.

[1] Woolley and Emley. In 1834, the return was 540.

[2] In 1818, the Chapel-room was 560.

KIRK SANDALL, ALIAS SANDALL PARVA.—SAINT OSWALD.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)——Area, 990 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. ——POPULATION, 200; CHURCH-ROOM, 120 [1]; NET VALUE, 393*l.*—This Church was given by William, Earl Warren, to the Priory of Lewes, to which it was appropriated, but always remained a Rectory.

The Lord Chancellor is the present patron, but the Crown did not present before 1632.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 8*l.*; in the King's books, at 9*l.* 0*s.* 1*d.* Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 6*s.* 8*d.*; Pension to the Priory of Lewes, 6*s.* 8*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 497, it is stated: "Rectory, 60*l.* per annum. We think fit to annex Long Sandall, in the parish of Doncaster, and distant from that Church two miles, to Kirk Sandall, being within a quarter of a mile of that Church."

"A Rectory, worth between 40*l.* and 50*l.* per annum." Signed, "Thos. Bosvile, Rect."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,267.

[1] In 1818, the church-room was returned at 153.

A Chantry is named in the Valor Ecc.

For the inscriptions and list of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

An Inclosure Act was passed 46th Geo. III.

The glebe house is unfit for residence, being "very small, damp, and subject to the overflowing of the river."

The Register books commence in 1679.

CHARITY.—*The Free School*, founded by the will of Robert Wood, dated 23rd August 1626. Endowment, 32A. 3R. 16P. The premises, which were partly in the occupation of the master, were, at the time of the Report, of the yearly value of 60*l.* The school was formerly conducted as a Latin school; but in consequence of little demand for that branch of learning, it had for some years previous to the Report been carried on as a school for the instruction of the children of the inhabitants of the parish in reading, writing, and arithmetic, the children of the poorer class being taught gratuitously.—Vide 17th Report, page 795.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 885. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 219. Nonæ Roll, page 219. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 198.

SHEFFIELD.—SAINT PETER.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)——Area, 22,830 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S. D.——POPULATION, 91,692 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,900 [2]; NET VALUE, 535*l.*, and three Assistants, 750*l.*—The Church of Sheffield was probably founded by the first William de Lovetot, in the reign of Henry I. The second William de Lovetot gave the Church and one-third of the tithes to the Priory of Worksop, and also gave to the Monks of that house the power of nominating a Vicar, but no endowment of the Vicarage can be found, which is accounted for by the fact that the Priory had obtained a bull from Pope Alexander III. in 1161, which precluded the Archbishop of York from the power of compelling an Ordination to several of their Livings. The grant of this William de Lovetot was confirmed by two charters, one of Henry III., and the other by Maud de Lovetot.

The Priory allowed the Vicar the tithe of wool and lamb, oblations, Easter book, and minute and privy tithes, paying thereout 4*s.* to the Archbishop for Synodals, and 7*s.* 6*d.* to the Archdeacon for Procurations.

The other two-thirds of the tithes were given (probably by the Countess Judith, the Conqueror's niece) to the Abbey of St. Wandrille, near Rouen, and that foreign house enjoyed it until the seizure of its English possession by the Crown, when Richard II. granted its interest in Sheffield to the Carthusian Monastery, St. Ann, Coventry. At the Dissolution, the two-thirds of the tithes were granted to the Countess of Northumberland, and descended to the Earls of Shrewsbury, and from them to the Dukes of Norfolk. The other third, together with the Advowson, were conveyed to the Jessops and the Gells. The patronage is exercised alternately by the Lawsons and the Gells.

Patrons, P. Gell, Esq. and Mrs. B. Lawson, appointed as trustees by twelve laymen.

Impropriator, the Duke of Norfolk.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation, the two-thirds of the tithes are valued with the Church of Ecclesfield, and the portion of the Prior of Worksop is valued at 10*l.* per annum; in the King's books, at 12*l.* 15*s.* 2*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 4*s.*, and for Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 440, it is stated: "Vicarage, 22*l.* per annum." (Archbishop Sharp considered the Vicarage to be worth about 80*l.* per annum); and it is stated, "The Rectory impropriate in the hands of the Countess of Kent is of great value. There be three assistant ministers belonging the said Church, who

[1] Viz. Attercliffe with Darnall, 3,741; Brightside Bierley, 8,968; Ecclesall Bierley, 14,279; Nether Hallam, 4,658; Sheffield, 59,011; and Upper Hallam, 1,035. The parish of Sheffield is partly in the north division of Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake. The population of Sheffield in 1821 was 65,275; consequently it has increased 26,417 persons, of whom 16,874 are in the township of Sheffield. Of the labourers not agricultural in the township of Attercliffe with Darnall, 162 are boatmen and miners; and in the town of Sheffield, upwards of 200 are miners.—In 1834, the population was returned at 73,672, which is probably exclusive of some of the Chapelries.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at "about 3,000."

have for their salaries forty marks apiece, issuing out of certain lands given to that use."

In 1786, the Vicar was enabled by Act of Parliament to grant building leases.

Mr. Wilkinson, the late Vicar, purchased of the Duke of Norfolk two-thirds of the small tithes, and annexed them to the Vicarage, charged with a payment of 10*l.* per annum to the infirmary for ever.

The Church was repaired in 1806. The organ was erected as early as the reign of Queen Elizabeth. The duty is taken week by week by the Vicar and his three assistants.

"The Vicarage is endowed only with the third part of the tithe of wool and lamb, of mortuaries, and of the other small tithes of the parish; only in the Prior Row and Stocks Farm, the whole small tithe and mortuaries are due to the Church. The Chapel of Attercliffe was founded in 1629 by joint contribution. The minister hath 40*l.* per annum, and 4*l.* a year allowed for a house. A library is fitted up in the vestry of Sheffield Church, and a small collection of books made." Signed, "Nath. Drake, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,014.

5th November 1768, faculty to remove the situation of the font, and make certain alterations in the Church.

15th April 1802, ditto to re-pew the Church, and to take down the galleries, and erect new ones.

23rd September 1805, and 21st March 1806, confirmation of allotments of pews.

Inclosure Acts were passed 28th Geo. III. (Brightside); 31st Geo. III. (Manor); and 50th Geo. III. (Attercliffe with Darnall); and Acts were passed 26th Geo. III., to enable the Vicar to grant leases; 11th Geo. I. c. 33, Earl of Shrewsbury's Hospital; and 13th Geo. II. c. 12, for making the Chapel, by R. Downes and others, a perpetual Cure and Benefice.

Mr. Hunter minutely describes the arms and inscriptions, and complains heavily of the sweeping removals of brasses and monuments within a very recent period. He also gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1560.

ASSISTANT MINISTERS.

It appears, that previous to the Reformation three priests were supported by voluntary contributions to assist the Vicar, being the only instance of that kind within the diocese, except in the Church of Laughton en le Morthen. These contributions failed altogether about 30th Henry VIII. The priests were, however, supported out of the rents of certain lands given for public purposes until the 1st Edward VI., when the Commissioners for suppressing Charities visited Sheffield, and they, choosing to consider the priests as chantry priests, seized upon the lands from which their income was derived. Queen Mary restored the lands, and incorporated the inhabitants and burgesses of Sheffield by the name of the Twelve Capital Burgesses and Commonalty of the town and parish of Sheffield. They have power to acquire lands, plead and be impleaded, and have a common seal, and fill up the vacancies which may occur by death or removal. The trusts are as follows:—

I. To find and maintain three Chaplains or Presbyters, to celebrate divine office in the parish Church of Sheffield, as helpers to the Vicar.

II. To repair the parish Church, bridges, and common ways.

III. To assist the poor inhabitants.

At the time of the Parliamentary Survey, the stipends of the ministers were 40*l.* each per annum. They are now 250*l.* each per annum. The income of the trust in 1828 was upwards of 1,400*l.* per annum.

Mr. Hunter gives a full account of the trust, and also copies of the petition to Queen Mary, and the letters patent granted in consequence thereof; and the particulars of the income will be found in the 19th Report of the Charity Commissioners, page 624.

CHARITIES. — *Town Burgesses' trust* and *Church Burgesses' trust. Free Grammar School,* founded by charter 2nd Jac. I. for the instruction of boys in English grammar. Endowment: rent of 169A. 1R. 2P. of land, and 300*l.* on mortgage. Twenty-five free scholars.

Ann Swan's gift, in 1783. 10*s.* 6*d.* for a sermon, and 9*s.* 6*d.* to the poor.

CHARITIES UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF THE CUTLERS' COMPANY.

Thomas Hanbey's charity, by will, dated 10th January 1782. Dividends on 8,000*l.* three per cent. consols. 83*l.* 10*s.* per annum is applied towards supporting a charity school; 20*s.* a year to the minister for a sermon; 10*s.* to the clerk and sexton; 5*l.* a year for a dinner; residue for poor men and women of the age of fifty years or upwards, 20*s.* each and clothing.

Francis Sitwell's charity, in 1741. 400*l.* to be lent out, in sums not exceeding 5*l.* each, to necessitous persons, without interest. The Commissioners could not learn any thing respecting this charity.

Joseph Hudson's charity. 8*l.* 10*s.* per annum to poor file-strikers.

The Earl of Shrewsbury's Hospital, founded in 1673, for ten poor men and ten poor women, and regulated by Acts of Parliament, 11th Geo. I. and 10th Geo. III. The Duke of Norfolk being a special visitor, the Commissioners could not inquire into this charity.

Francis Barlow's gift, by will, dated 6th December 1688, and codicil, dated 2nd March 1689. Rent-charge of 6*l.* per annum, to be distributed annually amongst the most needy decayed tradesmen of the town.

Thomas Hollis's Hospital, founded by deed, dated 27th August 1703. Endowment: 191A. 0R. 5P. of land, several houses, dividends of 2,000*l.* old south sea stock, 1,100*l.* three per cent. consols, and four navigation shares. The income is applied to the support of an hospital for sixteen poor persons, a school, and the support of several dissenting ministers.

Lydia Wright's charity, in 1702. Interest of 50*l.* for the benefit of poor dissenters.

Margaret Bamforth's charity. Rent of 4A. 1R. 36P. of land, distributed among the poor.

William Birley's charity, by will, dated 10th June 1715, for teaching writing and arithmetic, for supporting a minister to perform divine service in the Hospital Chapel, or other place regularly appointed, and for old and indigent tradesmen, or their widows. Endowment: 230A. 2R. 23P., and forty-eight acres of wood land, two houses, and 241*l.* 14*s.* 3*d.* three per cent. consols. There are about forty free scholars.

Elizabeth Parkin's gift, by will, dated 18th January 1763. Dividends of 762*l.* 15*s.* 8*d.* three per cent. reduced, distributed yearly among the poor.

Richard Boughton's gift, in 1699. Rent-charge of 5*l.* a year, distributed among decayed cutlers and scissorsmiths.

George Younge's charity, by will, dated 28th August 1766. Interest of 62*l.* for poor housekeepers not receiving parochial relief.

John Kirkby's charity, by will, dated 31st July 1779. Dividends of 750*l.* three per cent. consols, paid in pensions to five poor women.

Mary Parsons's charity, by will, dated 5th May 1815. Dividends of 1,528*l.* 6*s.* new four per cents. 2*l.* per annum for a sermon on St. John's day, in the parish Church, or some Protestant Chapel of Ease, to be preached by the Rev. Matthew Preston, who should have power to nominate a successor for the like purpose. Residue to be given in sums of 1*l.* each to old and infirm silversmiths in the town and parish of Sheffield who should have served their apprenticeships, and regularly worked there in the business.

TOWNSHIP OF BRIGHTSIDE BIERLOW.

Grimesthorpe School, and Donations for Education. In 1762, a school was built by subscription on ground given by the Duke of Norfolk. The master has the benefit of the following donations:—

Donation of 40*l.*, given by sundry persons in 1753. Principal taken by the overseers, who pay out of the rates 2*l.* a year for the education of six poor children nominated by them.

John Mirfield's donation, by will, dated 14th February 1785. Rent of tenement, for teaching six poor children to read.

Elizabeth Fell's gift, by will, proved 14th February 1795. Interest of 300*l.* for the support of a Sunday school, and interest of 250*l.* for poor widows, widowers, and old housekeepers, at the workhouse yearly, on St. John's day. At the time of the Report, the inhabitants and Mrs. Fell's executors were engaged in a chancery suit, which ap-

peared to the Commissioners to be a party proceeding.

Fulwood School, founded by John Fox in 1720, and augmented by the will of William Roncksley, dated 9th October 1723. Endowed with four acres of land. Eighteen free scholars taught reading and writing.

TOWNSHIP OF NETHER HALLAM.

The Crookside School, founded by William Roncksley, by will, dated 29th October 1723. Endowment: seven cottages, let at the time of the Report for 22*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* per annum. Thirty free scholars taught to read.

Upper Heely School, augmented by the will of Thomas Chapman, dated 5th June 1801. Endowment: certain small gardens, let for 10*l.* 8*s.* per annum, and dividends of 250*l.* three per cent. consols. About eighteen free scholars are paid for out of the income.—Vide 19th Report, page 576.

CHAPEL IN THE CASTLE.——In the Castle of Sheffield was a Chapel, wherein the Prior and Convent of Worksop were to find two Chaplains to celebrate daily, and also one Clerk to minister in divine offices, together with a chalice, books, lights, vestments, and other ornaments necessary, and to pay one of the said Chaplains five marks per annum.—Torre's MS., page 1109.

LECTURESHIP.—A Wednesday evening lecture was voluntarily undertaken in 1815 by the clergy of the town.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 1109. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 263. Bodleian MSS., Nos. 5078 and 5101. Ditto Ashmolean, No. 8518. Hunter's Hallamshire. Bray's Tour, page 245. Gentleman's Magazine, April 1764, page 157, and July, page 329.

SHEFFIELD.—SAINT JAMES.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—POPULATION, vide Saint Peter's; CHURCH-ROOM, 750; NET VALUE, 160*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Sheffield.

Built by subscription, at an expense of about 3,000*l.*, in 50*l.* shares, each of which entitled the subscriber to a pew, as a freehold inheritance. Consecrated 5th October 1789. In 1797, painted glass, by Peckett, representing the Crucifixion, was placed in the east window.

Augmented in 1824, with 300*l.*, and 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions of 200*l.*, and 200*l.* by subscriptions.

No return as to registers.

There is no glebe house.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Hunter's Hallamshire, page 158.

SHEFFIELD.—ST. PAUL.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—POPULATION, vide St. Peter's; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,200; NET VALUE, 136*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Sheffield.

Built in 1720 by voluntary subscription, to which Mr. Robert Downes, a goldsmith in Sheffield, contributed 1000*l.* and settled 30*l.* a year for the support of a minister. Difficulties arose respecting the patronage, which were not removed until an Act of Parliament was obtained in 1740, and it was consecrated 22nd May 1740.

Augmented in 1833 with 200*l.*, 200*l.*, 200*l.*, 200*l.*, and 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 1,000*l.* by subscriptions.

The Church is in the Grecian style of architecture. It contains a fine-toned organ, and a beautiful monument by Chantry, to the memory of the Rev. Alexander Mackenzie.

No district has yet been assigned.

No glebe house.

Hunter's Hallamshire, page 157.

SHEFFIELD.—SAINT MARY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—POPULATION, vide St. Peter's; CHURCH-ROOM, 2,000; NET VALUE, 190*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Sheffield.

Built under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Gothic, with tower and porch. Free seats, 740. Expense, 13,946*l.* 11*s.* 9*d.* First stone laid October 1826. Consecrated in 1830.

No district has yet been assigned.

No glebe house.

SHEFFIELD.—ST. GEORGE.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—POPULATION, vide St. Peter's; CHURCH-ROOM, 2,000; NET VALUE, 365*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Sheffield.

Built under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Gothic, with tower and pinnacles. 1,011 free sittings. Cost, 15,129*l.* 9*s.* First stone laid 19th July 1821. Consecrated 29th June 1825.

The ground was consecrated for a public burial ground in 1817, but in consequence of a dispute which arose upon the subject of rates, it was not inclosed until some years afterwards.

No district has yet been assigned.

No glebe house.

SHEFFIELD.—SAINT PHILIP.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—POPULATION, vide St. Peter's; CHURCH-ROOM, 2,000; NET VALUE, 135*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Sheffield.

This Church was built under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Gothic, with tower and pinnacles. 755 free seats. Expense, 13,970*l.* 16*s.* First stone laid 26th September 1822. Consecrated in 1829.

No district has yet been assigned.

No glebe house.

ATTERCLIFFE.—HOLY JESUS.—(*Parish of Sheffield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Sheffield. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 3,741, vide Sheffield[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 2,000[2]; NET VALUE, 194*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Sheffield.

Valued in 1707 at 10*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 442, it is stated to be "Near two miles from the parish Church. But 10*l.* per annum maintenance, which was given by several inhabitants. About 250 families. To be made a parish, and the town and places of Grymsthorpe, nether part of Brightside and Bierley, in the parish of Sheffield, to be united and annexed to the same parish;" and in 1818, at 40*l.* per annum.

"The Chapel was erected about 1629, at the cost of Stephen Bright and William Spencer, gents. and others of the inhabitants of Attercliffe, Daynall, and Carbrook, three hamlets next adjoining to it, and at the time of the consecration was endowed with 10*l.* per annum, and land set forth for the payment of the same. Mr. Bright set forth land for the payment of 5*l.* per annum; Mr. Spencer, for the yearly payment of 40*s.*, and other inhabitants aforesaid set forth so much as made up the said 10*l.*, besides which there are several new seats erected in a gallery, for which there hath been formerly paid the sum of 40*s.*; but since these late Acts of Parliament about the land tax, for the payment of 3*s* or 4*s.* in the pound, Sir Henry Liddell, who now holds the said Mr. Bright's estate, hath deducted something yearly for the said land tax, and by reason that there is a meeting house for Dissenters in Attercliffe, some of the new erected seats stand empty, and are unpaid for." Signed "Danl. Leech, minister."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 832.

The Chapel was consecrated on Wednesday the 27th October 1636, by Richard, Bishop of Sodor.

In 1740, a faculty was granted to Mr. Fell and Mr. Milner, to build a gallery in the north side of the Church, and to let the pews. In 1793, the parties gave up their interest in the pews.

17th November 1778, ditto to build a gallery.

In 1779, ditto to build a gallery at the east end of the Church, and let the pews for the benefit of the minister.

5th June 1779, confirmation of allotments of pews.

1st April 1790, faculty to new roof the church.

Augmented in 1731 with 200*l.*, and in 1756 with 200*l.*—both by lot; in 1810, with 200*l.*; in 1811, with 1,200*l.*; in 1812, with 200*l.*; and in 1821, with 800*l.*, all from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1822, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from Catherine Hall, Cambridge, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees; in 1823, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the trustees of John Marshall, gent.; and in 1826, with 300*l.*, and 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 125*l.*, and lands worth 275*l.* from the Rev. John Blackburn.

An Inclosure Act was passed 50th Geo. III.

[1] Attercliffe with Darnall. In 1834, the population was returned at 12,609.

[2] Of which 1,024 are free sittings.

A mortgage under Gilbert's Act of 595*l.* 10*s.* will cease in 1848.

Mr. Hunter, in his Hallamshire, gives the inscriptions, and also a north view of the Chapel.

23rd October 1822, an additional burial-ground consecrated.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Registers for baptisms commence in 1719, for burials in 1734, and for marriages from 1734 to 1752. No further entries of marriages.

This Chapel was rebuilt under the Parliamentary grant, under peculiar circumstances. Architecture Gothic, with tower and pinnacles. Expense, 11,700*l.* First stone laid 30th November 1822. Vide 2nd Report, page 7. Completed, vide 7th Report, page 3.

CHARITIES.——*Elizabeth Grammar's gift*, in 1720. Interest of 50*l.* distributed amongst the poor on St. Thomas's day.

William Staniforth's gift, in 1786, bequeathed 50*l.*, (the interest thereof 2*l.* 5*s.*) 10*s.*, part thereof, to keep a vault and two tombs in repair, and the residue among the poor of Attercliffe on St. Thomas's day.

Elizabeth Fell's gift, in 1795, and *Robert Clay's*, in 1786. Dividends on 449*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* three per cents. applied for the general purposes of the Sunday School.

Poor and waste lands. Rent of about 3A. 2R. of land at Acres Hill, distributed at Christmas among the poor of Darnall. Also the interest of 60*l.*, being the produce of the sale of timber cut down, is distributed at the same time.

The sum of 2*s.* 10*d.* is paid by Samuel Staniforth, Esq. in respect of a slip of land left out on the inclosure; and the sum of 4*s.* is paid by Mr. Cheetham, as interest of 4*l.*, agreed to be paid by him for a slip of land awarded in respect of the land at Acres Hill. These two annual sums are distributed with the rent of the poor's land.

Almshouses. Four cottages, occupied by four poor widows, placed therein by Samuel Staniforth, of Liverpool, Esq., from whom they receive a cart-load of coals and a guinea each at Christmas. The charity appears to be of a voluntary kind.

Samuel Staniforth's gift, by will, dated 11th September 1815. Interest of 20*l.* to the poor of the district of Darnall, in such manner as the overseers should think proper.—Vide 19th Report, page 596, and Hunter's Hallamshire, p. 242.

Post town, Sheffield.

Torre's MS. page 1117. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 264. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, page 153. Hunter's Hallamshire, page 238. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 182.

ECCLESALL.—(*Parish of Sheffield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Sheffield. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. —POPULATION, 14,279[1], vide Sheffield; CHAPEL-ROOM, 800[2]; NET VALUE, 160*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Sheffield.

Impropriator, the Duke of Norfolk.

The old Chapel, after the Reformation, was disused until 1622, when the inhabitants repaired it.

A new Chapel was erected with the assistance of a brief, and consecrated 5th August 1789.

Valued in 1707 at 9*l.* 10*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 443, it is stated to be "Two miles and a half from Sheffield. No maintenance. About three hundred families. To be made a parish Church, and provided for in respect of maintenance;" and in 1818 at 110*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1746 with 200*l.*; in 1754, with 200*l.*; and in 1812, with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, all by lot; in 1819, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the inhabitants and others; in the same year with 600*l.* from the same grant, by lot; and in 1830, with 200*l.*, 200*l.*, and 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 618*l.* 4*s.* from the Rev. W. H. Vale and others.

An Inclosure Act was passed 19th Geo. III.

For the arms, inscriptions, and catalogue of the Curates, see Hunter's Hallamshire.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

Register Books.—No return.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's land.* 3A. 2R. 5P. purchased with 20*l.* bequeathed by John Bright for twenty poor housekeepers;

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 19,982.

[2] In 1818, returned at 1,000.

40*l.* given by Henry Young for the poor; and 60*l.* left by John Bright, for providing bread for the poor on four Sundays in the year.

Roger and *George Lee's dole.* Rent-charge of 3*l.* per annum, to be distributed among the most aged poor.

William Crawshaw's dole. 10*l.*, the interest as above.

John Yates's gift. Interest of 10*l.*, to ten poor widows.

Robert Bagshaw's gift. Interest of 10*l.*, to ten poor widows.

The Rev. Thomas Savage's gift, in 1782. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum, for teaching eight poor children reading, writing, and arithmetic.

Joseph Wolstenholme's gift. Interest of 10*l.*, for teaching a child at Sharrow School.

The Rev. Robert Turie's gift. Interest of 40*l.*, for teaching six poor children of Ecclesall.

Robert Bagshaw's gift. Interest of 40*l.*, for teaching six poor children at Sharrow School.

The principal of the above three bequests has been received by the parish, and the annual sum of 4*l.* 10*s.* is paid in respect thereof out of the rates.

John Fisher's gift, in 1767. Interest of 10*l.*, for poor widows. The Commissioners could obtain no account of this charity.

TOWNSHIP OF ECCLESALL BIERLOW.

Thomas Marshall's gift, by will, in 1729. Rent-charge of 2*l.*, for instructing six poor children reading, writing, and arithmetic.—Vide 19th Report, page 603.

Post town, Sheffield.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 264. Hunter's Hallamshire, page 195.

SILKSTONE.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 14,530 acres. Staincross wapentake.——POPULATION, 16,561[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 540[1]; NET VALUE, 272*l.*—This Church, with the Chapel of Cawthorne and six ox-gangs of land, was given by Sweine FitzAilric, to the Priory of Pontefract, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, Kal. April 1284, reserving to the Archbishop the nomination of the Vicar. In 1307, touching the repairs of the steeple, it was ordained that the parishioners should do two parts, and the Vicar the third. In 1479, the steeple was rebuilt, and in future the Prior and Convent were to defray two-thirds of the repairs thereof, and the parishioners one-third. A new ordination was made 29th August 1425.

Patron, the Archbishop of York.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation, the Church is valued at 57*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and the Vicarage at 28*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* In the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 17*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 404, at 70*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

There was a Chantry in this Church.

There were unreported decrees in the Exchequer, in Trinity Term, 34th Elizabeth, and in Easter Term, 5th Jac. I.

Inclosure Acts were passed 42nd Geo. III. (Silkstone and Hoyland Swain); 46th Geo. III. (Dodsworth); and 53rd Geo. III. (Thurgoland.)

For the arms, inscriptions, and catalogue of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire, also Bodleian MS.

A mortgage of 780*l.* under Gilbert's Act, will cease in 1837.

15th March 1811, a faculty was granted to effect a certain exchange.

The glebe house is fit for residence; built under faculty dated 1st November 1806.

The Register Books commence in 1558. Some chasms in the early ones.

CHARITIES.—*Cutler's charity*, founded by the will of Thomas Cutler, dated 7th

[1] Viz. Barnsley, 10,330; Cumberworth, 1,374; Dodworth, 1,179; Hoyland Swaine, 748; Silkstone, 1,010; Stainbrough, 304; Thurgoland, 1,147; and part of West Bretton, 427. In 1834, the population, exclusive of Barnsley and Cumberworth Chapelries, was returned at 4,389. Cawthorne is not included, being considered in the population return as a separate parish. The collieries in the townships of Barnsley and Silkstone flourish greatly, and respectively employ 550 and 140 men; to these, and increasing linen manufacture, the increase of population (2,833 persons) is attributable. The Chapelry of West Bretton is partly in Great Sandall parish, lower Agbrigg wapentake. Cumberworth Chapelry includes that part of Skelmanthorpe which is in the parish of High Hoyland. Cumberworth is partly in Kirkburton parish, upper division of Agbrigg wapentake.

[1] In 1818, returned at 790.

January 1622, and the will of Ellen Cutler, dated 27th November 1633, and regulated by decree in Chancery, made on the 29th January 1783. Endowment, 11A. 3R. 20P. of land, and 350*l.* three per cent. consols. The income is distributed in small sums among the poor, with a preference to such as receive no parochial relief.

The Rev. John Clarkson's charity, by deed, dated 12th February 1754, for instructing fifteen poor children in reading, writing, and arithmetic. Endowment: house, cottage, and five acres of land.

Francis Wood's gift. Interest of 70*l.* among the poor.

Stones's charity, vide Cumberworth. 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum is distributed with the Communion money.

TOWNSHIP OF DODWORTH.

The Charity Fund—Brookes' and others' charities. The dividends of 759*l.* 3*s.* 9*d.* three per cent. consols, purchased with 200*l.* left by John Brookes, by will, in 1750: 50*l.* left by William Hobson, in 1758; 50*l.* left by William Garlick, in 1799; 40*l.* given by Mrs. Heatherington; and 50*l.* left by Charles Brooke, in 1790; and the dividends are applied as follows: 11*l.* for teaching ten poor children to read; 9*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* towards clothing such children; and 1*l.* 16*s.* to the poor on St. Thomas's day.

TOWNSHIP OF THURGOLAND.

Dole, donor unknown. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum, out of a farm at Coates, belonging to William Smith, Esq., for the poor.

John Couldwell's dole. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum for the poor.

Poor's land, between two and three acres. Bought with the sum of 40*l.* left by Francis Wood. Rent distributed among the poor not receiving parochial relief.—Vide 17th Report, page 760.

Post town, Barnsley.

Torre's MS. page 1043. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 271. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Mon. Ang. vol. v. page 118. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 220. Nonæ Roll, page 224.

BARNSLEY.—ST. MARY.—(*Parish of Silkstone. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Silkstone. Staincross wapentake.—POPULATION, 10,330, vide Silkstone [1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 1,230 [2]; NET VALUE, 123*l.*—Alan de Bretton gave all his land here to Monk Bretton Priory.

The town of Barnsley was given by the Lacys, about 1150, to the monks of St. John of Pontefract, who founded the Chapel, in which were three Chantries; and on the 3rd October, 5th and 6th Philip and Mary, the Crown granted the advowson to the See of York, and the Archbishop is still the patron.

16th February 1787, faculty to rebuild organ loft.

29th September 1787, ditto to repair the Church.

19th August 1806, an additional burial-ground was consecrated.

In 1822, the old Church was taken down except the steeple, and a new Church built under an Act 59th Geo. III.

The architecture of the new Chapel is Gothic, with a small bell tower. Expense 5,918*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.* First stone laid 23rd April 1821. Consecrated 23rd October 1822. Made a district Church under 58th Geo. III. cap. 45, sec. 21. Vide 11th Report, page 6.

In 1638, Sir Gervas Cutler left by will 100*l.* to be settled in lands, towards a sermon once at least every Sabbath day.

Valued in 1707 at 18*l.* 18*s.* per annum; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 406, it is stated to be "A fair large Chapel, three miles from Silkstone. A market town, containing about 260 families. The minister only 5*l.* per annum;" recommended to be severed from Silkstone, and made a parish church.

Augmented in 1718, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 15*l.* per annum from Mr. H. Wood and others; in 1737, with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. Francis Wood and Mr. Joseph Crofts; and in 1823, with 1,600*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

A decree in the Exchequer, in Easter Term, 5th Jac. I. is unreported.

An Inclosure Act was passed 17th Geo. III.

[1] The population of the town, in 1834, was estimated at 5.000.

[2] Of which 861 are free sittings. The old Chapel only contained 500 sittings.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1568.

CHARITIES.—*The School.* Founded 18th June 1660, by Thomas Keresforth[1], for the maintenance of a master for teaching and instructing all such children as should come to the school to be taught, that should be born within the towns and townships of Barnsley, Dodworth, and Keresforth Hill, whose parents should not be accounted to be worth the sum of 200*l.* in lands, or debtless goods, not demanding any penny of them or their parents, until such children should be made fit for some University, or disposed of otherwise by their friends and parents; and that all persons within the towns and townships aforesaid, that should be accounted to be worth 200*l.* in lands or debtless goods, or above, should have their children taught and instructed in the school, so long as they should think fit, for half of the rate usually paid for teaching scholars at other schools in that part of the country; and that all the children of his kindred and blood should be freely taught wheresoever they should inhabit; and that the trustees should have a care that the poorer sort of children should be as well taught as the richer sort. Income, 18*l.* 17*s.* 7*d.* per annum fee farm rents, and use of the school premises, estimated at 50*l.* a year. No scholars, at the time of the Report, had for many years been taught, or applied to be taught, gratuitously. There were then about 100 children of both sexes, who were instructed in English, reading, writing, and arithmetic, at the quarterly rate of 10*s.* for reading, 15*s.* for reading and writing, and 21*s.* for reading, writing, and accounts. An usher, and a female teacher for the girls, were employed by the master to assist him. The master professed his willingness to teach Latin to the scholars who might desire it, without additional charge.

The Shaw Land trust. Created by Thomas Keresforth, by deed, dated 3rd May, 10th Elizabeth, "for the commonwealth and profit of all the inhabitants and residents within the town and township, towards the making forth their common soldiers in carts there, for the service of their princes in their wars, paying of their common taxes, reparelling of their church or highways, making or amending of their butts, stocks, pinfold, and wells there, or in or about something pertaining to the whole common wealth of the said town or township." The income consists of the rents of 48A. 3R. 12P., and is applied towards repairing the church and the disbursements of the churchwardens, in paying the stipends of the organist and sexton, occasionally repairing the highways, and in buying coffins for poor people.

Edmund Brookhouse's charity, by will, dated 24th May 1493. Three tenements directed to be used as almshouses, and a rent-charge of 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, for the relief of the most needful poor. The tenements now form part of the poor-house, and the rent-charge was also, at the time of the Report, applied in aid of the poor assessment,—a measure disapproved of by the Commissioners.

Edmund Rogers's charity, by will, dated 11th January 1646. Rent of 62A. 0R. 8P. of land, towards the relief of the poor. Applied at the time of the Report in aid of the poor assessment.

Jonas Rhodes's or *Roodes's dole*, by will, in 1653. Rent-charge of 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum for the poor.

Ellis's charity, vide General Charities. 45*l.* per annum towards the National School. A boy apprenticed yearly, and 20*s.* per annum to the Curate for catechising the children.

Samuel Allen's charity. 2*l.* per annum amongst forty poor widows. Lost.

Ann Grantham's charity. Interest of 50*l.* amongst the poor. Lost.—Vide 17th Report, page 764.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 1050. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 272. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5,078. Mon. Ang., vol. v. page 128. Burton's Monast. page 92. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 252.

CAWTHORNE.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Parish of Silkstone. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 3,440 acres. Staincross wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,492[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 500[2]; NET VALUE, 119*l.*

Patrons, John Spencer Stanhope, Esq.

[1] Mr. Hunter gives the pedigree of the Keresforths.

[1] In 1834, the population was stated at 1,540.

[2] 276 additional sittings (of which 216 are

and other principal inhabitants, landowners.

The Crown has the impropriation.

Valued in 1707 at 33*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 408, it is stated, "20*l.* per annum. To be made a parish church." Certified value in 1818, 100*l.* per annum.

Mr. Hunter thinks it is not improbable that this, though now a dependant Chapel, was the original mother Church for the whole wapentake of Staincross.

Augmented in 1718 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir W. Wentworth, Bart.; in 1822, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1831 with 300*l.*, and 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of a house, &c. worth 600*l.* and upwards, from J. S. Stanhope, Esq. the patron.

"Cawthorne was formerly a Chapelry in the parish of Silkstone. In 33rd Elizabeth, the tithes and all other dues of the Church were entirely sold from the Crown (only a small rent reserved to pay the ancient pension of 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* to the Curate); and in the 5th Jac. I., the inhabitants did every one purchase his own tithes, when by decree of Chancery the Chapelry was made parochial, and altogether independent upon Silkstone, and the inhabitants were obliged to make the minister's pension 20*l.* per annum, save that the Easter offerings and surplice fees were to be reckoned 3*l.*, and to choose themselves a minister from time to time, reckoning those the majority who pay the greater part of the remaining 17*l.* All this was done with the consent of Archbishop Matthews; the Archbishop of York is always to admit (if approved) the person whom they shall choose for their minister. About which time also the parishioners gave the minister a house, garden, croft, and other conveniences, valued at about 20*s.* or 30*s.* per annum. Given since to our Church, by Thomas Pashley, yeoman, anno 1667, 6*l.* per annum. Barnabas Oley, clerk, the tithe of four closes, worth by computation, 1674, 2*l.* per annum. Mr. John Spencer, gent., 1702, 6*l.* per annum. So the yearly income is now about 35*l.*" Notitia Parochialis, No. 577.

free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 150*l.*

There were unreported decrees in the Exchequer, in Easter Term, 5th Jac. I.; and in Trinity Term, 14th Jac. I.

An Inclosure Act was passed 42nd Geo. III.

A Chantry in this Chapel was founded by the Bosvile family.

For the arms, monuments, and inscriptions, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

A faculty was granted 20th November 1815, to rebuild a cow-house and stable.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Barnsley.

Torre's MS. page 1055. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 272. 345. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 227.

CUMBERWORTH.—ST. NICHOLAS.—(*Parish of Silkstone. Donative.*)—Staincross and Agbrigg wapentake.—POPULATION, 579, vide Kirkburton[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 280; NET VALUE, 148*l.*

There was a parochial Chapel in Cumberworth, belonging to the patronage of the families of Dronsfield and another.—Vide Torre, who also gives a catalogue of Rectors to 1412.

Patron, T. W. Beaumont, Esq.

4th July 1627, the Archbishop granted the right of sacramentals and burials.

Not named in King Henry's Valor. Valued in 1707 at 18*l.* 15*s.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 412, it is stated "Distant from Penistone two miles."

Cumberworth half includes part of Skelmanthorpe.

An Inclosure Act was passed 39th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1653, but are imperfect until 1708.

CHARITIES.—*Edward Stones's charity*, by deed, dated 26th January, 7th Jac. I. Rent-charge of 33*s.* 4*d.* per annum, viz. 20*s.* for the aged and impotent poor dwelling in Cumberworth half, 6*s.* 8*d.* for the repairs of the Chapel, and 6*s.* 8*d.* to the churchwardens of Silkstone.

Poor's money. Interest of 45*l.*, of

[1] The population is however included in Kirkburton parish, in the official returns. Part of Skelmanthorpe is in the parish of Emley.

which 40*l.* was given by Mrs. Ann Railton, and 5*l.* was money anciently belonging to the poor.

PARISH OF EMLEY, CUMBERWORTH HALF.

Unknown rent-charge of 10*s.* is distributed among poor persons of Cumberworth.

Poor's land. Rent of six acres, half to the poor of Cumberworth, 6*l.*; part of the rent is paid to the master of Skelmanthorpe School, for instructing six poor children, and the residue to the poor on St. Thomas's day.—Vide 17th Report, page 768, and 19th Report, page 548.

Post town, Huddersfield.

Torre's MS., page 1055. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 272. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 250.

STAINBOROUGH.—ST. JAMES.—(*Parish of Silkstone*[1].)—Staincross wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Silkstone; CHAPEL-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, no return.

Patron, the Vicar of Silkstone.

This is an ancient Chapel.

An augmentation in land was made under the will of Thomas Cutler, dated 7th January 1622, who left 300*l.* for that purpose.

Registers.—No return.

CHARITY.—*Free School.* The master occupies a small house and garden, given by a family of the name of Cutler; and also a yearly rent-charge of 8*l.* given by the same family, to which, at the time of the Report, Mr. Wentworth added a voluntary subscription. About fifteen free scholars in reading and writing.—Vide 17th Report, page 769.

Post town, Barnsley.

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 262.

SOUTH KIRKBY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 6,390 acres. Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 1,478[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[1]; NET VALUE, 244*l.*—This was a Saxon Church, and the addition of "South," appears to have been given to distinguish it from Pontefract, which was formerly called "Kirkby."

The Church was given by Robert de Lacy to his Priory of Nostel, temp. Henry I., who from thenceforward had the patronage of it, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, Kal. June 1231. A second ordination was made 8th Id. April 1244, and an inquisition was also had in 1268 relative thereto.

The Advowson was granted at the Dissolution to the Beaumonts, from whom it passed to the Armitages, and the patronage is now in the family of Allott, of Engleston.

Patron, the Rev. G. Allott.

Impropriators, several proprietors.

The Nunnery of Hampole was within this parish.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation, the Church is valued at 20*l.* and the Vicarage at 10*l.*; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 15*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 4*s.* and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 389, at 35*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 47th Geo. III.

For the arms, inscriptions, and catalogue of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 446; also see Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5101.

Here was a Chantry called St. Mary's.

The Rev. Geo. Beaumont, Vicar of this parish, was shot by order of a council of war, in 1648.

8th June 1737, faculty to build a gallery.

3rd July 1812, ditto to re-pew the Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1620.

CHARITIES.—*Pymont's dole.* 5*l.* per annum, given in small sums to the poor.

Cartwright's, alias *Vicars's charity.* Vide General Charities. Two poor widows belonging to North and South Elmsall receive yearly pensions of 13*s.* 4*d.* each.

[1] This is placed in the Archdeacon's Call, and also in the MS. List in the Archbishop's Registry, as within Doncaster Deanery.

[2] Viz. North Elmsall, 256; Skelbrooke, 113; South Elmsall, 494; and South Kirkby, 615. In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at 1365.

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned between 400 and 500.

Poor's estate. Devised by the will of Robert Allott, dated 29th September 1735. Two messuages, a blacksmith's shop, and upwards of six roods of land. The rent is distributed in small sums.

William Armroyd's charity. Dividends on 234*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.* three per cent. consols. Distributed by the Vicar and churchwardens at Christmas.

Mrs. Ann Bowes's charity, by will, dated 19th November 1784. Interest of 100*l.* to the poor of South Elmsall and South Kirkby.

James Allott's charity, by will, dated 27th September 1811. Interest of 400*l.* to be distributed by the minister and churchwardens every Easter Tuesday.

Green's dole. 15*s.* per annum to the poor.

Poor's money. 10*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* lent on bond at interest.—Vide 16th Report, page 421.

Post town, Pontefract.

Torre's MS. page 989. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 214. Bodleian MS. No. 5101. Nonæ Rolls, page 221. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 446.

SKELBROOKE.—ST. MICHAEL[1]. —(*Parish of South Kirkby. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide South Kirkby. Osgoldcross wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 113, vide South Kirkby; CHAPEL-ROOM, 111; NET VALUE, 60*l.*

Patron and impropriator, G. Neville, Esq.

20th February 1431, it was ordained that the Vicar of South Kirkby should provide a chaplain to celebrate divine services in this Chapel.

A Chantry was founded in 1338 in this Chapel.

Valued in 1707 at 10*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 390, it is there stated to be "Two miles and a half from the mother Church. To be made a parish, and Hampall and Hampall Abbey being within a mile thereof, and much nearer the said Chapel than any other Church, be annexed thereto and joined in one parish;" and in 1818, certified to be worth 60*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1728 with 200*l.* by lot; in 1734, with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Henry Browne, Esq.; and in 1792, with 200*l.* by lot.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1592.

Parochial Charities—No return.

Post town, Ferrybridge.

[1] Torre states St. John the Evangelist to be the patron saint.

Torre's MS. page 996. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 457.

SPROTBOROUGH.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,380 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D. POPULATION, 500[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 350[2]; NET VALUE, 685*l.*

This Church anciently belonged to the patronage of the Fitzwilliams, Lords of Emley, from whom it came to the Copleys.

Sir J. Copley, Bart. is the present patron.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books at 44*l.* 18*s.* 8½*d.* after deducting for Synodals and Procurations 12*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 486, at 120*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 49th Geo. III.

For the monuments and inscriptions, see Bodleian MS. and Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 331.

Mr. Hunter gives a catalogue of the Rectors; see also Torre's MS.

A free chapel or hermitage is mentioned in the Valor Ecclesiasticus. There was also a free chapel at Ancres juxta Doncaster.

Dodsworth mentions the Hospital of St. Edmund, in which there was a Chantry called St. Catharine's Chantry. Another Chantry, called St. Nicholas's, is named in the Valor Ecc.

There was an ancient cross in Sprotborough, which was taken down in 1520.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1559. Some chasms.

CHARITIES.—*Cartwright's,* alias *Vicars's charity.* A pension of 13*s.* 4*d.* a

[1] Viz. Cateby, 178; and Sprotborough, 322. In 1834, the population was returned at 465.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 484.

year is paid to a poor person of this parish. Vide General Charities.

The Wormley dole. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum, given yearly on Good Friday.

Dole, donor unknown. Rent-charge of 3*l.* per annum, charged on the Copley estate, and distributed on St. Thomas's day.—Vide 18th Report, page 637.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS. page 865. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 234. Nonæ Rolls, page 220. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 331.

STAINTON[1].—ST. WINIFRED.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 3,060 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. — POPULATION, 254[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 120[3]; NET VALUE, 168*l.*—This Church, together with Tickhill, of which it was a member, was given to the Priory of Nostel, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1440.

Patron and impropriator, the Earl of Scarborough.

Not mentioned in Pope Nicholas's Survey. Valued in the King's books at 5*l.* 14*s.* 2*d.*; in 1818, at 80*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 501, it is stated "Vicarage 11*l.* 17*s.* per annum. Viscount Castleton is impropriator and patron. Now in regard we find but twenty families in Staynton, and it is but a mile from Brewell, therefore we think fit it be annexed to Brewell, and Helleby to Bramley, in the parish of Braithwell."

Augmented in 1722 with 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from Messrs. N. Pearson, George Pashley, Robert Pashley, Matthew Pursloe, and Thomas Tofield, and a legacy of 100*l.* from the Rev. Robert Turie.

For the arms, inscriptions, and catalogue of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 255, and Bodleian MS.

[1] "Whoever has seen the little obscure village of Stainton, can be in no uncertainty respecting the origin of the name. It is literally a town among the stones." Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 255.

[2] Stainton with Hellaby.

[3] In 1818, returned at 250.

An Inclosure Act was passed 50th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1566. Chasms 1674 to 1720.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.——*Doles,* being annual rents-charge for the poor, and given with the Sacrament money. Robert Woodroofe's, 6*s.* 8*d.*; George Pashley's, 6*s.* 8*d.*; Lord Castleton's, 8*s.*

The Rev. James Bosville's gift, in 1818. Interest of 250*l.* 10*s.* per annum to be paid to the clerk, and the residue to be given by the Vicar or Curate annually, in the first week in November, among the poor of Stainton not receiving parochial relief, in sums of 5*s.* each, or such larger sums as might be thought expedient.—Vide 17th Report, page 796.

Post town, Tickhill.

Torre's MS. page 905. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 245. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 255. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. page 158.

TANKERSLEY.—SAINT PETER. —(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 8,050 acres. Staincross wapentake. — POPULATION, 1,596[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[2]; NET VALUE, 474*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory of two medieties, belonging to the Tankersleys, from them to the Tyases, Elands, Knights, and Savilles; afterwards consolidated.

Earl Fitzwilliam is the present patron.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 26*l.* 0*s.* 2*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 5*s.*, and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 402, at 95*l.* per annum.

"The Rector is only entitled to a modus of 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* yearly at Easter, in lieu of the tithes of the lands called the Park, on the south side of Pilley Brook; to one shilling a year at Lammas, in lieu of the tithes of the demesne lands of the manor of Wortley; and to two shillings yearly at Lammas, in lieu of the tithes of corn and grain ground at Wortley mill; but he is entitled to the tithes of

[1] Viz. Tankersley, 678; and Wortley, 918.—56 men are employed in iron, stone and coal mines.

[2] In 1818, estimated at 600.

the two closes taken out of Hermit Hall and of Ethersley Spring Wood in kind." —Goodwin *v.* Wortley, 2 Wood, page 331.

For the monuments, inscriptions, and list of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 299; and for arms, &c., see Bodleian MS., No. 5,101.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1598. The entries of burials from 1678 to 1771 are mutilated and scorched by fire.

Parochial Charities.—No return[1].

Post town, Barnsley.

Torre's MS., page 1077. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 273. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Nonæ Roll, page 224. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 299.

WORTLEY.—SAINT LEONARD. —(*Parish of Tankersley. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Tankersley. Staincross wapentake.——POPULATION, 918, vide Tankersley; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300[2]; NET VALUE, 105*l.*—The Chapel having been rebuilt, it was consecrated 29th November 1815.

Patron, Lord Wharncliffe.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 403, it is stated: "Chapel, 20*l.* per annum. Thurgoland town be dissolved from Silkstone, from whence it is distant three miles, and annexed to Wortley, one mile and a half distance. The whole to be made a separate parish." Certified value in 1818, 98*l.*

Augmented in 1740, with 200*l.*; in 1751, with 200*l.*; and in 1813, with 1,400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot; and in 1815, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 300*l.* from J. A. Stuart Wortley, Esq.

For the arms, inscriptions, and account of Curates, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1686, but no marriages have been solemnized in this Chapel since 1752.—Vide Official Return.

[1] The Charity Commissioners have entered Tankersley in their index, but without reference to any page, and the author has not discovered any return.

[2] Returned in 1834 above 500.

CHARITIES.—Vide Tankersley. Mr. Hunter mentions an old benefaction, now disused, of loaves to five poor persons, who, on receiving them, were to say the Lord's Prayer, kneeling, and then, holding up the right hand, to say aloud, "Thanks be to the Lord GOD for this and all other Thy benefits."—No return made to the Commissioners.

Post town, Barnsley.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 273. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 307.

THORNE.—SAINT NICHOLAS. —(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 10,840 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S. D. —— POPULATION, 3,779; CHURCH-ROOM, 800; NET VALUE, 117*l.* —This was anciently a parochial Chapel, belonging to the Church of Hatfield, and it was given by William, Earl Warren, to the Priory of Lewes, to which it was appropriated. It is now accounted a parish Church, but pays neither Tenths, Procurations, nor Synodals.—Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 216. Torre's MS., page 925.

Patron and impropriator, the heir of Sir Henry Hetherington.

There were two Chantries in this Church.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 472, it is stated: "A Vicarage. Only 5*l.* per annum paid by the impropriator out of the tithes, and 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* given out of lands by some well-disposed persons. There are about 300 families in the parish." Certified value in 1707, 48*l.* 17*s.* 10*d.*, and in 1818, 72*l.*

Augmented in 1812, with 800*l.*; in 1820, with 200*l.*; and in 1823, with 200*l.*—all from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

17th June, A.D. 1321, an indulgence was granted by William, Archbishop of York, of forty days' relaxation of penance enjoined to all parishioners and others of the diocese (being truly contrite, penitent, and confessed), who should charitably contribute to the repairs, building, and support of this Chapel.—Torre's MS., page 925.

"The impropriator of Thorne and Hatfield is entitled to the tithes of

wheat, willows, hop-poles, turkies, ducks, and fruit in new orchards, in kind; to the tithes of depasturing barren cattle on the commons in the parish of Thorne, and on Ditch Marsh, Double Briggs Closes, Fleet Groves, and Meer Closes, in kind; to twopence a statute acre for all the moor lands on the north side of Kirkbridge Causeway, and one penny an acre for all such lands on the south side of the said Causeway, in lieu of tithe hay and pasturage; to twopence an acre for the Old Juggs, the Land's End, and Ashfield, and one penny an acre for the Low Grounds, Middle Marsh, and Fordall Close; to twopence halfpenny a year for every ancient house, orchard, and garden, in lieu of the tithes of fire-wood and fruit; to one penny for every litter of pigs not exceeding five, and twopence for every litter above that number; and to other moduses in lieu of cows, calves, milk, foals, goslings, cocks, hens, and bees, and to twopence an acre in lieu of the tithe hay of the Fields, Wyke Closes, and Bradholme Closes, Church Close Meadow, New Close, and Gwinne Close."—Popplewell *v.* Canby, 2 Wood, page 390.

"The occupiers of ancient messuages in the parish of Thorne, Fishlake, or any other parish lying within the manor of Hatfield, in Yorkshire, pay the tithes arising from Thorne North Common and other waste lands appurtenant to their said messuages, to the Rector or Vicar respectively of the parish in which the ancient messuage is situated, and not to the Rector or Vicar of the parish in which the right of common was taken and enjoyed."—Etherington *v.* Hunt, 4 Wood, page 368.

An Inclosure Act was passed 51st Geo. III.

For the arms and inscriptions, see Hunter's South Yorkshire; also see Bodleian MS. and Peck's Bawtry and Thorne.

16th January 1746, faculty to erect a gallery.

8th September 1764, ditto to erect another gallery.

9th March 1793, ditto to erect another gallery.

7th February 1794, confirmation of allotment of seats.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1565. Some chasms.

CHARITIES.—*William Brooke's charity*, by surrender, dated 29th January 1705, for the maintenance of one able, sober, learned, and sufficient schoolmaster, for instructing such children as should come to the school, but *not as a free school*; provided that ten of the poorest boys within the town should be freely instructed. Endowment: 65A. 1R. of land, two houses, and 56*l.* 16*s.* 10*d.* in the bank.

William Rodwell's gift, by will, dated 8th March 1720. Rent of five roods of land, for preaching a sermon every Sacrament day in the afternoon.

Sundry doles. 12*l.* 17*s.* 8*d.* per annum, distributed at Christmas.

Benjamin Darling's gift to the poor. One-eighteenth part of the tolls at fairs and markets. Averages about 4*s.* 6*d.* or 5*s.* a year.

Mordecai Cutts's gift, by will, dated 12th May 1786. Interest of 60*l.*, to be divided among ten poor housekeepers yearly on the 25th March.—Vide 17th Report, page 797.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 925. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 216. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. pages 189 and 194. Peck's Bawtry and Thorne, page 77. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101.

THRIBERGH.—ST. LEONARD.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,290 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. ——POPULATION, 332; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[1]; NET VALUE, 329*l.*——This anciently belonged to the Normanvilles, and from them to the Reresbys.

Patron, J. Fullerton, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 12*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 2*s.*, and Procurations 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 473, it is stated: "A Rectory, 60*l.* per annum. Now, as Dalton Parva lieth part in the parish of Rotherham, and part in Thribergh, but nearer this parish by half a mile, we annex Dalton Parva to Thribergh."

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned sufficient for the then population of 272.

An Inclosure Act was passed 37th Geo. III. (Dalton.)

For the arms, monuments, crosses, and list of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 39; and for the arms and inscriptions, see Bodleian MS. No. 5078, and mem. ib. 5101.

A Chantry is mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

8th November 1783, faculty to erect a gallery.

The glebe house, which was built under a faculty, dated 13th August 1750, is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1599.

CHARITIES. — *Elizabeth Finch's gift*, by will, in 1760. Rent-charge of 10*l.* 10*s.* per annum, for teaching ten poor children of the parish.

Hedge's gift, vide Adwick in the Street. The dividends on 100*l.* three per cents. are distributed by the minister on St. Thomas's day among the poor. Also the dividends on 600*l.* like stock are paid to the schoolmaster.—Vide 18th Report, page 637.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS., page 1161. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 244. Bodleian MS., Nos. 5078 and 5101. Nonæ Roll, page 223. Rhodes, page 139. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 37.

THURNSCOE. — ST. HELEN. — (*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,160 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D. ——POPULATION, 223; CHURCH-ROOM, 140[1]; NET VALUE, 341*l.*—An ancient Rectory, in the patronage of the Vavasours of Haslewood, afterwards and still of the Wentworths, now Earls of Strafford.

Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 11*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.*, after deducting for Procurations 8*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 499, at 60*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 2nd Geo. II.

For the inscriptions and list of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

[1] In 1818, estimated at 300.

14th February 1675, a faculty was granted to exchange certain glebe lands.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1619, but partly illegible before 1654.

CHARITIES. — *Cartwright's*, alias *Vicars's, charity*. A yearly pension of 13*s.* 4*d.* is payable to a poor person of this parish and of the parish of Clayton, in turns.—Vide General Charities.

Almshouses, founded by Dr. Spencer, Rector of Thurnscoe, in or about the year 1710, for three poor widows, and endowed by him with a rent-charge of 5*l.* a year.—Vide 18th Report, page 638.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 1233. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 236. Nonæ Roll, page 221. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 153.

TICKHILL. — ST. MARY. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 6,470 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. —POPULATION, 2,084[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 800; NET VALUE, 261*l.*—There was a Church at Tickhill before the Conquest, and which King Henry I. gave to the Priory of Nostel[2].

Thurston, Archbishop of York, probably confirmed the gift, but he was not the donor, as stated by Burton and Torre. A Vicarage ordained therein, 15th Kal., June 1248. A second ordination was made in 1302, and on the 15th February 1431, by which the Vicar was charged with the repairs of the Chancel.

At the Dissolution, the Advowson was granted to the Foljambe family.

Patron and impropriator, G. S. Foljambe, Esq.

The Rectory is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and the Vicarage at 20*l.* In the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 7*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.*, after deducting for Synodals and Procurations 11*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 482, it is

[1] Viz. Stancill with Wellingley and Wilsack, 66; and Tickhill, 2018.—In 1834, the return was 2118.

[2] This fact is established by the Prior's Book, in the possession of Mr. Winn.

stated: "Vicarage, 30*l.* per annum. The Rectory is impropriate, the inheritance of Peter Foljiam, Esq. paying 32*l.* per annum fee farm rent to the State. There is another tithe impropriate called St. Nicholas Tithes, belonging to the Earl of Arundel, paying 4*l.* 10*s.* fee farm rent to the State."

Augmented in 1793, with 200*l.*, by lot.

"The Vicarage is worth about 27*l.* per annum. No glebe, except the church-yard and two yards, about an acre and a half. It is endowed with wool, lamb, Easter dues, fruit, &c., and the tithe hay of some small yards adjoining to their dwelling-houses. 3*l.* 12*s.* was left to the Church, viz., by J. Rawnster, 8*s.* for a sermon on the first Sunday in August; by John Skinner, 6*s.* 8*d.*; and by Henry Burn, 17*s.* 4*d.*; and by Henry Saxton, 2*l.*"—Notitia Parochialis, No. 794.

An Inclosure Act was passed 5th Geo. III. (High and Low Commons.)

For the inscriptions, catalogue of Vicars, and view of the interior of the Church, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

Four Chantries were established in this Church. Two only are named by Torre.

21st May 1770, faculty to erect a gallery.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1542. Some chasms.

CHARITIES.——*Almshouse*, or *Maison Dieu*. There are no original deeds or writings extant respecting the foundation and endowment of this institution. The almshouse, which was rebuilt in 1730, contains eight separate tenements for as many poor persons, and the charity is under the management of three inhabitants of the parish, called Maison Dieu Masters, who are nominated once in three years by the inhabitants and the occupiers of the almshouse, each of the trustees acting exclusively in the direction for one year. The income arises from the rent of 29A. 0R. 18P. of land, two houses, and rents-charge of 1*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.* Each of the poor persons, usually widows, receives 6*s.* a month, and they have divided among them 2*l.* at Tickhill fair, and 1*l.* on the rent day, and they receive each of them one load of coals per annum. The residue of the rents is applied in support of the almshouse and the buildings on the charity estate.

DOLES.—*Godfrey Holmes*, by will, in 1581. Rent-charge of 1*l.* 10*s.* per annum for six poor families.

Mr. Woodroof, by will, in 1664. Rent-charge of 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the poor.

Jennet Nicholson, by will. Rent-charge of 18*s.* per annum to the poor.

Henry Burn, by will, 20*l.* to the poor, now in the hands of the Vicar, who pays 4½ per cent.; 20*l.* to the Vicar, to remain in his own hands; and 20*l.* to the school, which latter sum was expended in 1790 in erecting a school-house.

Lord Castleton, by will. 10*l.* to the poor, now in the hands of the overseers.

Humphrey Holmes's gift. Annual payment of 5*l.* out of two closes in the possession of the churchwardens and overseers, distributed among the poor at Christmas.

Bread Charities.—*John Skinner*, by will, in 1673. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum; also 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the Vicar.—*Jane Farmery*, rent of two acres of land.—*Hierome Rawsterne*, in 1540. Rent-charge of 2*l.* 12*s.*; also 8*s.* per annum to the Vicar, which is not now paid.—These annual sums are laid out in bread, which is distributed at the Church.

Charities for Education.—*Jane Farmery* devised a close at Stonebridge, containing 5A. 3R. 8P., the profits to be disposed of as follows: 40*s.* yearly to the Vicar for a sermon on new year's day, and on the 24th September, if a Sunday, and if not, on the following Sunday; the residue of the profits to be for solid learning for three poor boys of the parish of Tickhill, or as many as the residue would be sufficient for learning, and books at the free school at Tickhill.

Duchy Payment. 4*l.* 8*s.* 8*d.* is paid annually from the Duchy Court of Lancaster for school teaching at Tickhill.

Robert Dann's gift, by will. Rent-charge of 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum to buy poor children books.—The above-mentioned rents and payments are now applied towards the support of a national school. The accounts are kept by the Vicar, who acts as treasurer.—Vide 17th Report, page 800.

Post town, Bawtry.

Torre's MS., page 849. Nonæ Roll, page 220. Ashmole Catalogue. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 241. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 220.

FREE CHAPEL ROYAL.—There was a Free Chapel Royal in the Castle of Tickhill, which was collegiate, and governed by a warden, whose patronage belonged to the Dukes of Lancaster.

Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 1474. Torre's MS., page 855.

HOSPITAL OF ST. LEONARD.—This existed before A.D. 1225.

Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 782.

HOUSE OF AUSTIN FRIARS, founded by John Clarell, Dean of St. Paul's.

Mon. Ang., vol. iv. page 1603.

TODWICK.—ST. PETER AND ST. PAUL.——(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,860 acres. Strafforth wapentake, S.D. ——POPULATION, 224; CHURCH-ROOM, 120[1]; NET VALUE, 121*l.*—This was in the patronage of the Wasteneys of Hedon for many generations, and from them to the Osbornes.

Patron, the Duke of Leeds.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 6*l.* 14*s.* 4*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 4*s.*, and Procurations 6*s.* 8*d.*; in 1818, at 148*l.* 17*s.* 7*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 431, it is stated: "Rectory, 35*l.* per annum."

An Inclosure Act was passed 7th Geo. III.

For the arms, inscriptions, and list of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. pages 159 and 160.

There was a Chantry in this Church, founded at the altar of St. Mary, for the soul of Edmund Wasteneys.

25th April 1777, faculty to re-pew the Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 213.

The Register Books commence in 1600.

CHARITY.—*Poor's Money.* The sum of 30*l.*, the amount of certain benefactions for the poor, was placed out at interest with John Garland, Esq., of Woodhall, near Barnsley, who died in 1810. Mr. George Fox and Mr. Skelton were his executors. Mr. Fox paid two years' interest in 1813. The executors are now dead. John Garland, jun. Esq., who was the residuary legatee under his grandfather's will, when he came of age, offered to pay the principal; but as the minister of the parish declined to receive it without the arrears of interest, the offer was withdrawn, and Mr. Garland has since declined to pay either principal or interest, on the alleged ground that the executors had not accounted to him for any part of the residue of his grandfather's personal estate. —Vide 19th Report, page 605.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS., page 1177. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 254. Nonæ Roll, page 222. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 158.

TREETON.—ST. HELEN.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 3,230 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. —POPULATION, 680[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 674*l.*—An ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Lords Furnivall (sometimes to their tenants in fee farm), and from them to the Nevilles, and the Talbots, Earls of Shrewsbury.

Patron, the Duke of Norfolk.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 12*l.*, after deducting for Synodals 4*s.*, and Procurations 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 423, it is stated: "Rectory, 120*l.* per annum. Mr. Sherland Adams, the late parson, was cast out for delinquency, and allowed 7*l.* per annum," and vol. xviii. page 424, it is stated: "Brampton. We think fit that a Church should be built in Mr. Thomas Lawd's

[1] Viz. Brampton in le Morthen, 112; Treeton, 345; and Ulley, 193. In 1834, the population was returned at 652. The whole of Ulley township is included in Treeton, which is partly in the parish of Aston with Aughton.

Long Close for Brampton Ulley, and all Morthen to resort to, which town we conceive fit to be annexed and made one parish, and divided from Treeton, the nearest of them being a mile and a half distant from Treeton Church; and further think fit that Cattgrave and Orgrave, in the parish of Rotherham, be annexed to Treeton, and made part of that parish; and also Haworth Grange, in Rotherham parish, a mile and a half off the parish Church, and within half a mile off Treeton, we find most fit to be annexed to Treeton."

"All tithes belong to the Rectory, excepting at Utley and Brampton some modus in lieu of tithe hay. At Treeton and part of Wales I have it entire. No augmentation did I ever hear of; God keep us from subtraction, and we are satisfied. I suppose formerly the whole town of Wales did belong to our Church, but how dismembered I cannot tell. There is scarce a book in the whole parish but what are in my own library. Thank God, the whole living is worth more than thirty pounds. There is a cognomination between Treeton and Wales; what belongs to the parish of Treeton is called Wales, and what belongs to the parish of Wales is called Wales. The churchwardens of Wales are subordinate to those of Treeton, gathering by the same book of assessment." Signed, "Francis Jessop, Rector."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 396.

Inclosure Acts were passed 11th Geo. III. (Brampton in le Morthen), and 38th Geo. III.

For the arms, &c., see Hunter's South Yorkshire; and for the inscriptions, see Hunter's Hallamshire.

The glebe house is fit for residence, which was rebuilt under faculty, dated 25th June 1805. The old house appears to have been very large, as a faculty was granted on the 25th September 1776, to reduce its size.

The Register Books commence in 1677.

CHARITIES.—*School.* A cottage is occupied by a schoolmistress, who instructs eight free scholars in lieu of paying rent. An opinion exists that the school had formerly an endowment of 20*l.* a year, but an attempt to establish a charge upon an estate in the neighbourhood is reported to have failed.

Church Land. 2A. 1R. 20P. The rent thereof is paid to the sexton as his salary.—Vide 18th Report, page 638.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS., page 1145. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i., page 252. Nonæ Roll, page 222. Hunter's Hallamshire, page 287. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 177.

WADWORTH.—SAINT MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage. Peculiar.*)—Area, 2,930 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 690[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 404[2]; NET VALUE, 110*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Prebendary of South Cave, who, says Torre, was Rector, and had jurisdiction of the whole town, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 11th Kal., Dec. 1232.

Patron, W. Walker, Esq.

Impropriators, several proprietors.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 4*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 4*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 500, at 18*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1792, with 200*l.*, by lot.

"The great tithes are impropriated, except the tithe hay, which was given to the Church by Mrs. Martha Battie. The Church is also endowed with the small tithes. Mrs. Battie's gift was by will, and she died in 1684. Value, 24*l.* per annum." Signed, "Robt. Wace, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 993.

An Inclosure Act was passed 5th Geo. III.

For the arms, inscriptions, and catalogue of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire; also Bodleian MS.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1575.

CHARITIES.—*Cartwright's*, alias *Vicars's charity.* The sum of 13*s.* 4*d.* a year is received by a poor widow of Wadworth, nominated by the Vicar.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 730.

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 420, (but in the Clerical Guide, 1836, at 464); of which 84 free sittings have been obtained under a grant of 70*l.* from the Society for Enlarging Churches.

Poor's Money. The sum of 15*l.*, the amount of several ancient benefactions to the poor, was applied in 1738 towards the expense of rebuilding the Church, under an agreement that the yearly interest should be paid out of the Church assessment, and distributed on St. Thomas's day. This agreement appears to have been neglected for many years, but the Commissioners ordered the payment to be renewed and continued.

John Tofield's gift. Rent-charge of 6*s.* 8*d.* a year for the poor out of Flash Hill Close, in the parish of Stainton.

Robert Elwess's gift. 10*s.* per annum. The Commissioners could not discover either the property or the person liable to the payment.—Vide 19th Report, page 606.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 821. Bodleian MS., Nos. 5078 and 5101. Nonæ Roll, page 229. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 293. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 249.

WALES.—ST. JOHN.—(*Perpetual Curacy. Peculiar.*)—Area, 1,950 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. —POPULATION, 226[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 160[2]; NET VALUE, 100*l.*—The Prebendary of Laughton hath jurisdiction over the Chapel and the whole town.

Patron and impropriator, the Prebendary of the Cathedral of York.

Valued in 1707, at 10*l.* 5*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 460, it is stated: "We find a parish Church in Walles, but neither Parsonage nor Vicarage presentable thereto belonging. The tithes are impropriate. We find no cause of alteration, saving for part of Walles and Walles Wood, situate in the several parishes of Harthill and Treeton, be annexed to and made part of the parish of Walles, in regard of vicinity;" and in 1818, at 75*l.* 1*s.* 3*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1723, with 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from Messrs. Billam and Rogers, and lands worth upwards of 100*l.* by the will of Mr. Robert Turie; and in 1755, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mrs. Mary Pole.

An Inclosure Act was passed 6th Geo. III.

For the arms and inscriptions, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1580.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Allotment.* Two acres of land. Rent distributed on St. Thomas's day.

Poor's Money. Interest of 38*l.*, given by the Rev. T. Hewitt and Richard Hanner, distributed also on the said day.

Thomas Robinett's dole. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum for the poor.

Turie's gift. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum for teaching five poor children to read and write.—Vide 19th Report, page 606.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 525. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 295. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 307.

WARMSWORTH.—ST. PETER.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 1,010 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 362[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 170; NET VALUE, 168*l.*—An ancient Rectory, formerly a portion of the parish of Conisbrough, in the patronage of the Hodsakes, then of the Grendons, Deyvills, from whom it came to the D'Eyrills, and from them to the Copleys of Doncaster and Batley, and is now in the heirs of Thomas Bosville, Esq. It is not charged either with Synodals or Procurations, which makes it probable that anciently it was only a Chapel belonging to Doncaster; accordingly, in my Doncaster Lease, the lordship of Warmsworth (the tithes whereof are there let) is said to be in the parish of Doncaster.—Abp. Sharp's MS.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 240. The parish of Wales is partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] In 1818, stated at 500.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 364.—The return of the parish of Warmsworth includes the inhabitants of three extra-parochial houses. 11 men are employed in quarries and mines within this parish, and 19 in quarries and coal-mines in the parish of Whiston.

Patron, W. Wrightson, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; the Vicarage, in the King's books, at 6*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 1*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 512, it is stated: "Rectory, 46*l.* per annum. The township of Warmsworth extends into the parishes of Conisbrough and Doncaster, though two miles distant from thence, and near the Church of Warmsworth. The whole to be made one parish, and annexed to Warmsworth."

For the arms, inscriptions, and catalogue of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being very small.

The Register Books commence in 1594.

CHARITIES. — *Cartwright's*, alias *Vicars's, charity*. A pension of 13*s.* 4*d.* a year is paid to a poor person of this parish.—Vide General Charities.

Ann Battie's charity, 10*l.*

Battie's ditto, 5*l.*

Thomas Aldan's, by will, in 1759, 10*l.*

Thomas Aldan's, jun., by will, in 1777. 10*l.*—Interest on the above (35*s.*) is annually distributed among poor persons.—Vide 18th Report, page 638.

Post town, Doncaster.

Torre's MS., page 1031. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 224. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 125. Nonæ Roll, page 220.

WATH[1] UPON DEARNE.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 11,120 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D. — POPULATION, 6,972[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 800; NET VALUE, 315*l.*—A Rectory of the patronage of the Flemings, Knights, consisting of three parts, until consolidated by Walter Gray, 12th Kal. September 1229, and given by Robert Waterton, Esq. to the Hospital of St. Nicholas, Pontefract, to which it was appropriated. A Vicarage was ordained therein, 2nd Kal. August 1235, and a new ordination was made 7th August 1410. 6*s.* 8*d.* is payable annually by the impropriators to the poor of the parish. By the first ordination, the Vicar is exempt from the lodging of the Archbishop. At the Dissolution, the Rectory was assigned to Christ Church, Oxford.

In the 18th Hen. VI. the patronage of this Church was passed away with the advowson of St. Nicholas's Hospital to the Prior and Convent of Nostel.

Patrons and impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of Christ Church, Oxford.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 50*l.*; in the King's Books at 15*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.*, after deducting for Synodals and Procurations 11*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 479, it is stated: "Vicarage 34*l.* per annum, out of which 10*l.* is paid to the minister at Wentworth, and 30*s.* Crown rent."

"The Vicar is only endowed with small tithes. The Dean and Chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, are the impropriators and patrons." Notitia Parochialis, No. 849.

"The Vicar is entitled to the tithes of fruits, turnips, potatoes, clover seed, rape seed, hemp seed, line seed, wool, lambs, pigs, geese, and three loads of hay in kind; but for the grass of certain farms, whether mowed or fed, he is only entitled to the several moduses stated in the case, and to one penny a foal, to one penny for every strop milch cow, and threehalfpence for every calving cow, in lieu of the tithes of foals, milk, and calves." Rowley *v.* Hudson. 4 Wood, page 191.

Two Chantries are named in the Valor Ecc.

Inclosure Acts were passed 50th Geo. III. 54th Geo. III. (Wentworth), and 55th Geo. III. (Wath and Swinton.)

For the inscriptions and catalogue of Vicars, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

A lectureship is founded in this Church.

20th June 1782, faculty to erect a gallery.

13th August 1828, ditto to erect another gallery.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

[1] The word "Wath" is no more, says Mr. Hunter, than "Ford."

[2] Viz. Brompton Bierlow, 1,462; Nether Hoyland, 1,670; Swinton, 1,252; Wath upon Dearne, 1,149; Wentworth, 1,394. In 1834, the population was returned at 2,611. In the township of Brompton Bierlow and the Chapelries of Hoyland and Wentworth, upwards of 300 men are employed in quarries, iron, stone, and coal mines.

The Register Books commence in 1598.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's estate.* Five acres of land and five cottages. 40*s.* a year is given in bread at Christmas, under the will of Thomas Tuke, dated in 1800, and the remainder of the rent distributed among the poor.

Anthony Sawdrie's charity, by deed, dated 14th May, 6 Car. I. 50*s.* per annum for apprenticing a child, and if not wanted for that purpose, the money is laid out in blankets.

Anthony Sawdrie's School, founded by will, dated 19th May 1647. Rent of 7A. 2R. 2P. of land, with a house (subject to an out-payment of 50*s.*) to the schoolmaster; also the interest of 30*l.*, but which sum was considered by the Commissioners to be irrecoverable. The testator also left the rent of a leasehold close to the schoolmaster, for teaching eight poor children, but the lease expired in 1835.

DOLES TO THE POOR.—*Thomas Tilney's gift.* 4*s.* per annum, in bread.

Dr. Spencer's, by deed, dated 10th and 11th February 1712. 5*l.* per annum, for poor widows.

George Gawtress's, in 1725. Interest of 10*l.*

Rev. William Steer's, in 1769. Interest of 30*l.*

Mrs. Twittey's. Interest of 20*l.*, half to poor widows, and half for teaching a poor boy.

Jonathan Walker's. Interest of 20*l.* Lost.

TOWNSHIP OF BRAMPTON BIERLOW.

Ellis's charity. Vide General Charities. About eighty boys and girls taught on the National system. The master is paid 63*l.* a year, and 12*l.* a year augmentation, under the will of John Higson, dated 13th October 1814; 15*l.* a year is also paid to a schoolmistress; 3*l.* per annum, to a poor widow; and 2*l.* 10*s.* per annum, for apprenticing a poor boy.

Higson's dole. Interest of 50*l.*, given in blankets and money.

Poor's estate. 9A. 0R. 18P. of land, and cottages. The rents are applied in aid of the poor rates.

Hooper poor land. Settled, in 1714, by the Hon. Thomas Wentworth upon an inclosure, in lieu of rights which the poor had in the commons. 31A. 2R. 5P. Rent applied in aid of the poor rates.

Doles, being annual rents-charge to the poor.—*Robert Skiers's*, by will, in 1658, 1*l.*

Dr. Spencer's, by deed, dated 11th February 1712. 5*l.*, for five poor widows.

Mary Wharam's, in 1735. 10*s.*

Robert Jebson's, 3*s.* 4*d.*

Widow Elams's, 1*l.*

TOWNSHIP OF NETHER HOYLAND.

Skiers's dole. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum, for the poor.

Stenton's dole. Rent-charge of 3*s.* 4*d.* a year to the poor.

Freeman's dole. Rent-charge of 3*l.* a year to the poor not receiving parochial relief.

The School. 10*l.* per annum is paid by Earl Fitzwilliam, for educating twenty poor children, who are also clothed at his lordship's expense, but the charity appears to be voluntary.—Vide 18th Report, page 639.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS. page 1199. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 258. Nonæ Roll, page 223. Mon. Angl. vol. ii. page 168. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 62.

HOYLAND JUXTA WATH, OR LOW HOYLAND.—(*Parish of Wath upon Dearne. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Wath upon Dearne. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake. N.D. — POPULATION, 1,670, vide Wath upon Dearne; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 150*l.*

Patron, the Hon. E. Phipps.

Valued in 1818, at 93*l.* 8*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1741 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* from Mr. Richard Townsend; in 1813, with 200*l.*, and in 1823, with 200*l.*, both from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1824, with 300*l.*, 300*l.*, and 300*l.*, from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions of 200*l.*, 200*l.*, and 200*l.*, from the Rev. Francis Maude.

Consecrated 19th November 1740.

This Church was rebuilt under the Parliamentary grant. Architecture Gothic, with tower and steeple. Will accommodate 500 persons. Free sittings 374. Expense, 1,976*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.* First stone laid 18th January 1830. Completed, vide 11th Report, page 4.

An Inclosure Act was passed 34th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Registers for marriages commence in 1740; for baptisms in 1741; and for burials in 1743.

Parochial Charities.—No separate return.

Post town, Barnsley.

Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 100.

SWINTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Parish of Wath upon Dearne. Perpetual Curacy.*) Area, vide Wath upon Dearne. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 1,252, vide Wath upon Dearne; CHAPEL-ROOM, 500[1]; NET VALUE, 160*l.*

Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

Impropriators, Dean and Chapter of Christ Church, Oxford.

The old Chapel appeared to have been built about the 12th Century. The present Chapel was erected in 1817, at the sole expense of the late Earl Fitzwilliam, and consecrated, together with the chapel-yard, on the 15th July in that year.

Valued in 1707 at 24*l.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 481, it is stated to be "distant from Wath about a mile. A great town, consisting of about sixty families, and 160 communicants. Neither minister nor maintenance belonging it. We think fit, seeing part of Swinton lieth part of it in Mexbrough parish, and part in Wath, that the whole town of Swinton be divided from the said other parishes, and annexed to Swinton Chapel, and that to be made a parish Church."

Augmented in 1718 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Hon. Thomas Wentworth; in 1730, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Thomas Lord Malton; in 1824, with 300*l.*, and 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions of 200*l.* from Earl Fitzwilliam, the patron, and 200*l.* from the Rev. John Lowe; and in 1828, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 100*l.*, and land worth 100*l.* from the Rev. John Lowe, the incumbent.

For an account of the Scholarship at University College, Oxford, see Liber Scholasticus, page 7.

An Inclosure Act was passed 55th Geo. III.

"Two farms, lying in this township, which belong to Earl Fitzwilliam, every year change their parish for one year, from Easter day at twelve at noon, till next Easter day at the same hour; they lie in the parish of Mexbrough, and then till Easter day following, at the same hour, they are in the parish of Wath upon Dearne, and so alternately."—Blount's Tenures.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

31st March 1787, faculty to build a gallery.

The Register books commence in 1815.

Parochial Charities.—No separate return.

Post town, Rotherham.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 276. Rhodes, page 139. Blount's Tenures. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 76.

WENTWORTH. —— HOLY TRINITY.—(*Parish of Wath upon Dearne. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Wath upon Dearne. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 1,394, vide Wath upon Dearne; CHAPEL-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 125*l.*

On 18th August 1491, a commission was decreed to the Bishop of Dromore to consecrate this Chapel.

On the 2nd August 1546, Thomas Wentworth, Esq. by will, bequeathed to the building of an aisle all the pillars with the inbowings, and all other stone as they shall need to have, which he bought of the King's visiters, at Burton Grange.

Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

Impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of Christ Church, Oxford.

In 1684, the Chapel was nearly rebuilt by the Earl of Strafford.

Valued in 1707 at 27*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 480, it is stated to be "Three miles from Wath; no certain maintenance; about 400 communicants; to be made a parish, and that Upper Hoyland and Nether Hoyland, and the whole town of Thorpe, two miles from Rotherham, its parish Church, and within a

[1] Of which 120 are free sittings.

mile of this Chapel, be annexed to Wentworth parish, and divided from Rotherham;" valued in 1818, at 120*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1718 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Hon. Thomas Wentworth; and in 1722, with 200*l.* to meet benefactions of 60*l.*, and land worth 140*l.* from Messrs. Freer and Beall.

Some benefactions to the Chapel are noticed by Mr. Hunter.

A parochial library was founded by the Hon. Thomas Wentworth.

For the monuments and inscriptions, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

3rd April 1790, a faculty was granted to take down a stable belonging to the living.

17th March 1822, an additional burial-ground consecrated.

An Inclosure Act was passed 54th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1654.

CHARITIES.—*The Hospitals*, founded 24th February 1697, under the will of William, Earl of Strafford, for six poor men and six poor women, who each receive a stipend of 3*l.*, being the endowment; in addition to which they are allowed by Earl Fitzwilliam, a coat for each man and a gown for each woman once a year, and a supply of bread once a fortnight, and the overseers also allow five tons of coals once a year. The late Earl Fitzwilliam expended upwards of 500*l.* in repairs and improvements of the buildings.

Morris's and Pickles's gifts. Richard Morris, in 1635, left 23*l.* to augment the Curacy, and Ann Pickles, in 1669, left 60*l.* for the use of the Curate and poor, and for the education of poor children, which legacies were laid out in the purchase of 5A. 2R. of land. Half the rent is received by the Curate; one quarter by the schoolmaster; and another quarter by the overseers, in aid of the poor's rate, after paying thereout 10*s.* among four poor widows.

The School, founded 22nd September 1716, by the Hon. Thomas Wentworth, for clothing and teaching fifty poor children, boys and girls. Endowment: school-house, seven acres of land, and annuity of 65*l.* The deficiency to defray the expense of clothing, is made up by Lord Fitzwilliam.

George Holmes's gift. House in Rotherham, with three roods of land, now leased at 7*l.* per annum, for a term which will end 21st October 1863. The rent is applied in aid of the poor rates.

Richard Williston's gift, in 1607. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum on three cottages; but the cottages have been rebuilt by Lord Fitzwilliam, and given up for the use of paupers.

Thorpe Hesley School. Built by subscription, in 1806. The master receives the following payments, for teaching poor children, viz.:

William Brailsford's gift, by will, dated 18th February 1784. 32*s.* per annum, for teaching four poor children.

John Marshall's gift, by will, dated 3rd October 1792, proved in July 1793. Legacy of 100*l.* left for instructing poor boys. The executors appeared to the Commissioners to be indisposed to continue the payment of the interest, on the ground that there were no trustees for the school.

Thomas Walker's gift, by will, dated 20th May 1802. 4*l.* 10*s.* per annum, for educating ten poor boys, and 10*s.* to the clergyman of Thorpe Hesley, for hearing the boys read and say their Catechism yearly.

Dr. Spencer's dole, by deed, dated 19th August 1713. Rent-charge of 5*l.* a year, for five of the poorest persons of Wentworth.

Mrs. Agnes Willson's gift. The sum of 10*s.* a year is mentioned in the table of benefactions, but no other traces of the charity can be discovered.—Vide 18th Report, page 643.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS. page 1205. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 259. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 78. Bray's Tour (House only), page 323. Thoresby's Ducatus, page 241.

WHISTON.—ST. JAMES.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,190 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. — POPULATION, 927; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[1]; NET VALUE, 868*l.*—An ancient Rectory belonging to the patronage of

[1] According to the returns in 1818 and 1834;

the Lovetots, and from them to the Furnivalls, Talbots, and Howards. Torre says that there was sometimes a Vicar under the Rector.

Lord Howard of Effingham is the present patron.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books at 10*l.*, after deducting for Synodals 4*s.* and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 42, and vol. xviii. page 461, it is stated "Rectory 103*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum. We think fit to annex Gilthwaite Hall, in the parish of Rotherham, two miles distant from Rotherham, and within half a mile of Whiston, to this parish."

There were decrees in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 9th Wm. III., and in Trinity Term, 2nd Geo. I., which are unreported.

14th June 1762, faculty to erect a gallery.

An Inclosure Act was passed 56th Geo. III.

For the arms, see Hunter's South Yorkshire, and for the catalogue of Rectors, see Hunter's Hallamshire.

There is a glebe house fit for residence; which was rebuilt under faculty dated in June 1781.

The Register Books commence in 1592, many leaves torn. Chasm from 1630 to 1652.

CHARITIES.—*Frances Mansel's gift*, by will, dated 15th September 1728. Rent-charges of 6*l.* to a schoolmaster, for teaching twelve poor children to read, write, cast accounts, and say the Catechism, and 52*s.* a year to be laid out in bread; and also charged her estate with what might be necessary to buy books for the children whilst at school; and that each of the scholars, when able to read, should have a new Bible and the Whole Duty of Man. 12*s.* a year was paid for books, which the Commissioners suggested should be increased.

Joseph Hammond's donation, by will and codicil, dated 10th and 22nd April 1794. Interest on 443*l.* 9*s.* 2*d.* 52*s.* per annum to be laid out in bread, and the residue for teaching poor children. At the time of the Report, twelve children were instructed in reading and writing. The Commissioners had required the money to be invested on good security.—Vide 19th Report, page 607.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS. page 1151. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 251. Nonæ Rolls, page 222. Hunter's Hallamshire, page 292. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. ii. page 181.

but in the last edition of the Clerical Guide (1836), it is returned 460.

WICKERSLEY.—ST. ALBAN.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,230 acres. Strafforth and Tickhill wapentake, S.D. — POPULATION, 527; CHURCH-ROOM, 210[1]; NET VALUE, 343*l.*—This Church was given to the Priory of Worksop, and has ever since continued a Rectory.

Patron, H. Kater, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books at 8*l.* 0*s.* 2½*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 2*s.*, Procurations 6*s.* 8*d.*, and pension to the Priory of Worksop 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 464, it is stated "Rectory 47*l.* 10*s.* per annum. Dalton Magna be divided from Rotherham and annexed to this parish."

An Inclosure Act was passed 54th Geo. III.

For the memoirs, inscriptions, and list of Rectors, see Hunter's South Yorkshire.

21st May 1832, faculty to rebuild the Church, except the steeple and chancel, to re-pew it, and erect a gallery.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1567.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's allotment and pew rent.* 4A. 1R. of land, and a pew in the Church. Half the rent is paid to the schoolmaster for teaching six poor children, and the other moiety is given to the poor.

George Ridley's and *Nicholas Scholey's gifts.* 1*l.* per annum in bread, and 1*l.* 5*s.* per annum among five poor families. —Vide 18th Report, page 646.

Post town, Rotherham.

Torre's MS. page 1155. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 248. Nonæ Rolls, page 222. Rhodes, page 68. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 276.

[1] In 1818, the return was 270.—313 additional sittings (of which 231 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 200*l.*

DEANERY OF CRAVEN.

ADDINGHAM[1].—SAINT PETER.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 4,310 acres. Staincliffe wapentake[2], E.D.—POPULATION, 2,251[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 360[4]; NET VALUE, 124*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, anciently belonging to the patronage of the Vavasours and Rythers, and now of Mrs. Mary Cunliffe.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's second taxation at 5*l.*; in the King's books at 8*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 190, at 50*l.*; and in 1818, at 122*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.* per annum.

The Rectory was augmented in 1812 from the Parliamentary grant, by lot, with 200*l.*; in 1813, with 300*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. John Coates, the Rector; in 1815, with 300*l.*, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Rev. J. Coates, the Rector, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees; and in 1816, with 300*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* from Mrs. Mary Cunliffe, widow.

"The Rector is entitled to tithes of Gatecroft Farm, of Beachcroft Farm, and of the Reddings, in kind; but query whether there be a modus of 1*s.* 4*d.* in lieu of tithe grass.—Thompson *v.* Emmot." 4 Wood, pages 307-8.

The Church, one of the neatest in Craven, was completely repaired in 1757. A brief was granted for that purpose in 1754, and the faculty to rebuild is dated 1st September 1756.

Mr. Torre gives a close catalogue of the Rectors, which is continued by Dr. Whitaker.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt under a faculty granted 21st April 1808.

The Register Books commence in 1612.

CHARITIES.—*John Crossley's gift*, by deed, dated 24th March 1685. Rent of three acres of land for the poor.

John Dawson's charity, by deed, dated 18th March 1686. Rent of one acre of land for the poor.

Ellen Boocock's charity, by will, dated 23rd December 1712. Interest of 40*l.* in the hands of the parish. One moiety thereof is distributed among poor widows, and the other among industrious poor of the township.

John Cunliffe's charity, by will, dated 3rd July 1812. Interest of 64*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* on turnpike tolls, among poor families not receiving parochial relief.—Vide 3rd Report, page 505.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS. page 399. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 121. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, pages 37. 39. 194. Whitaker's Craven, page 221.

ARNCLIFFE[1].—ST. OSWALD.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 38,080 acres[2]. Staincliffe wapentake, W.D.—POPULATION, 964[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, no return[4]; NET VALUE, 36*l.*—The manors in this parish originally belonged to Roger de Poitui, but were soon alienated to the Percies. The De Arches were mesne lords here, and Dr. Whitaker thinks they were the founders of the Church.

The advowson belonged to the Percies until 21st Hen. VI., when Henry,

[1] "Addingham," says Dr. Whitaker, "rejecting two redundant letters, not unfrequent in the composition of local names in Craven and elsewhere, is the Home, or habitation of Addi, a personal appellative found in Bede."

[2] The parish of Addingham is partly in Upper Claro wapentake.

[3] Viz. Addingham, 2,179; and part of Beamsley (the principal part being in Skipton parish), 72.

[4] In 1818, a return was made of 500 sittings.

[1] Anciently Erncliffe, i. e. the eagle's rock.

[2] The parish of Arncliffe extends into the east division of Staincliffe and Ewcross wapentake, Buckden being within that division. This parish has experienced a decrease of population ninety-nine persons, attributed to the decline of hand-loom weaving.

[3] Viz. Arncliffe, 213; Buckden, 309; Haltongill, 88; West Halton, 171; Hawkswick, 81; and Litton, 102. In 1834, the population, exclusive of the Chapelries, was stated to be 350.

[4] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 500.

second Earl of Northumberland, conferred it, with three acres of land, upon University College, Oxford, for the support of three fellows of that society, and they are still the patrons and impropriators. The benefaction is stated in Wood's Athenæ, Oxon, quoted by Dr. Whitaker.

A Vicarage was ordained in 1445, but which is not noticed by Torre. He notices a composition for tithes made in 1230 with the Abbot and Convent of Fountains.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in his new taxation at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 194, at 45*l.* per annum.

The Vicarage was augmented in 1766 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Thomas Kay.

The Canons of Bolton had the mill here; and the monastery of Fountains had also large possessions.

A catalogue of the Rectors and Vicars is given by Dr. Whitaker.

"The greater part of the tithe is appropriate to University College, Oxford. It is endowed with the tithe corn of Arncliffe and Hakeswich, with twenty marks payable yearly by the farmers of the Rectory, and with glebe land of the value of 20*l.* per annum. 10*s.* per annum was given by William Fawcett, of Upton, in the parish of Westham, in the county of Essex, gent., for preaching a sermon on the 5th November, which is now lessened to 5*s.* 6*d.* per annum, by reason of the fall of land, taken in security for the same, and for other benefactions to Haltongill Chapel and to the poor." Signed, "Miles Tennant, Vic." —Notitia Parochialis, No. 695.

The Church, except the tower, was rebuilt some years ago.

The following inclosures have taken place, viz.: 8th Geo. III. (Litton); 6th Geo. III. (Stinted Pastures); 56th Geo. III. (Buckden and Starbotten); and 56th Geo. III. (Hawkswich.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1669.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Atkinson's dole*, by will. Rent-charge of 3*l.* to the poor of Arncliffe, Litton, and Hakeswich, viz. one half to Arncliffe and the other to Litton and Hakeswich.

Poor's money. Interest of 10*l.* to the poor of Arncliffe.

Church land. Rent of 1A. 1R. 20P. of land. For the winding up the clock 2*l.* 3*s.*; the remainder of the rents to the repairs of the church.—Vide 15th Report, page 632.

Post town, Settle.

Torre's MS. page 455. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 127. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, pages 28. 232. 234. Burton's Monast. pages 115. 150. Whitaker's Craven, page 490.

HALTONGILL.—(*Parish of Arncliffe. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Staincliffe wapentake, W. D.—POPULATION, 88, vide Arncliffe [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient [2]; NET VALUE, 52*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Arncliffe.

Impropriators, University College, Oxford.

Valued in 1707, at 12*l.* 1*s.* 2*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 195, it is stated: "Haltongill and Hubberholme to be made parishes;"—and in 1818, at 60*l.* 7*s.* 7*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1775, with 200*l.*; in 1791, with 200*l.*; and in 1810, from the Parliamentary grant, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

"In the parish of Arncliffe, built about 86 years since, and endowed by Edward Fawcett, citizen and alderman of Norwich, with 10*s.* per annum, for reading service and teaching poor men's children. Afterwards, William Fawcett, his brother, gave 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum for preaching, catechising, and teaching children, and 10*s.* per annum for a sermon, to be preached yearly upon the 5th November. After that, Elizabeth Topfield, relict and executrix of the said William Fawcett, gave, as an enlargement to her husband Fawcett's gift, three pounds per annum, for a sermon to be preached yearly upon the 29th day of March. But all these gifts, by reason of the fall of land, are lessened to about sixteen pounds per annum." Signed, "Miles Tennant, Vic. of Arncliffe." —Notitia Parochialis, No. 695.

The Chapel was rebuilt in 1636.

[1] In 1818, the population was returned at 141.
[2] In 1818, sufficient for the population (141).

The glebe is unfit for residence, being "very small, and under the same roof with the Church."

No Register Books prior to 1813.—Marriages are not celebrated at this Chapel.

CHARITIES.—*Henry and William Fawcett's charities.* The said Henry Fawcett, by will, in 1619, left 10*l.* per annum to the minister of Haltongill for teaching poor men's children, and reading service; and the said William Fawcett, by will, dated 27th April 1630, left the sum of 630*l.*, upon trust to pay out of the interest thereof 18*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum, viz., 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* to the minister to preach a sermon and catechize the children on Sundays in Haltongill Chapel; 20*s.* a year for two sermons, one in the morning of the 5th November in Arncliffe Church, and the other in the afternoon in the Chapel of Haltongill; and 4*l.* a year to the poor of Litton Dale.

Elizabeth Topfield's charity, by will. Rent of eight acres of land and rent-charge of 50*s.* to the Curate and poor persons of Haltongill, and poor persons of Arncliffe. Three-fifths of the above to the Curate of Haltongill for a sermon on 29th March yearly, and the remainder for buying gowns for poor women of Haltongill and Arncliffe.

LITTON DALE.—*Poor's Money.* Interest of 30*l.*, secured on promissory note, and distributed among the poor on St. Thomas's day.—Vide 15th Report, page 692.

Post town, Settle.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 127. Whitaker's Craven, page 132.

HUBBERHOLME. — SAINT MICHAEL.—(*Parish of Arncliffe. Perpetual Curacy.*)——Staincliffe wapentake, W.D.—POPULATION, 309, vide Arncliffe; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 58*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Arncliffe.

Impropriators, University College, Oxford.

Valued in 1707, at 10*l.* 6*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 195, it is stated: "Haltongill and Hubberholme to be made parishes."

"No tithes. Pension of 8*l.* per annum from University College, Oxford. Augmentation of land (of about 40*s.* per annum) by one Tennant. Also 6*s.*, left by one Christopher Tennant for an anniversary sermon on new year's day. Curate nominated by the Vicar of Arncliffe." Signed, "Miles Tennant, Vic. de Arncliffe."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 145.

The Curacy was augmented in 1765, with 200*l.*; in 1772, with 200*l.*; and in 1795, with 200*l.*—all by lot; and in 1811, with 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Rev. Thomas Lindley, the incumbent, and of 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees; and in 1826, with 200*l.*, by lot.

The glebe is unfit for residence, "because there are no out-houses, except a barn. The house itself is sufficiently large."—Vide return in 1818.

The Register Books commence in 1663.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIP OF BUCKDEN.—*Cattle-gates.* Seven beast-gates, or twenty-eight sheep-gates, upon a pasture called Kirkgill. The rents whereof, at the time of the Report, were let for 9*l.*, which sum, after payment of 6*s.* to the Curate for a sermon on new year's day, is distributed among poor persons of the Chapelry.

Thomas Tennant's gift, by will, dated 25th November 1734. Interest of 10*l.* to the poor of the township of Buckden in Dale.

Elizabeth Wade's gift, by will. Benefaction of 9*s.* per annum to the poor of Litton.

Thomas Sparke's gift, in 1731. Rent-charge, 20*s.* to the poor of Hawkswick.—Vide 15th Report, page 694.

Post town, Settle.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 127. Whitaker's Craven, page 502.

BARNOLDSWICK, OR GILL.—ST. MARY. — (*Perpetual Curacy.*) — Area, 6,040 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E.D.—POPULATION, 2,724 [1]; no Return as to CHURCH-ROOM; NET VALUE, 162*l.*

The Monastery of Saint Mary was founded here in 1147, but removed, in 1152, to Kirkstall. The town was given to the Priory by Henry de Lacy.

Patron, the Rev. M. Barnard.

The land-owners are impropriators.

[1] Viz. Barnoldswick, 1,682; Brogden, 229; Coates, 88; and Salterforth, 725. In 1834, the population was returned at 2,642.

In the King's books, this is called Gylkyrk, and valued at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 215, it is stated: "No minister. The impropriation is worth 50*l.* per annum. Only 7*l.* per annum for maintenance. We recommend them to the State, certifying thus much on their behalf, that the said parish have always unanimously concurred, to their great loss and damage, in all good ways to promote the public service."

This Curacy was augmented in 1731, with 200*l.*; in 1771, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1794, with 200*l.*; and in 1815, with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot; in 1824, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 100*l.* from Sir J. Lister Kaye, and of 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees; and in 1826, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir John Lister Kaye, Bart., the patron. Previous to the augmentation, it was a Donative.

Dr. Whitaker gives an account of the income of the minister.

The manor of Barnoldswick, in the parish of Gilkirke, in Yorkshire, was formerly parcel of the Duchy of Lancaster, and never belonged to the Abbey of Kirkstall, and therefore not tithe-free.—Mitchell *v.* Brogden, 1 Wood, page 354.

An Inclosure Act was passed in the 54th Geo. III.

Glebe house unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1587. There are some chasms. Also a register of Anabaptists from 1717 to 1752.

The lord of the manor, which is co-extensive with the parish, has, from time immemorial, had the right of granting probates and administrations; but the steward returned, in 1829, that no court had been held for twenty-three years last past, and he stated that the wills were then in the custody of the representatives of the late John Cockshott, Esq., of Bracewell, near Skipton.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS., page 603. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 144. Whitaker's Craven, page 59. Burton's Monasticon, page 290. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 526.

BINGLEY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 13,180 acres. Skyrack wapentake, U.D.—POPULATION, 9,256[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[2]; NET VALUE, 233*l.*—This Church was given to the Priory of Drax, with one carucate of land, being the whole town of Presthorpe, by William Pagenell.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriator, Rev. W. Penny.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 30*l.*; in his new taxation, at 14*l.* 13*s.* 11*d.*; in the King's books, at 7*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 343, it is stated: "Vicarage, 26*l.* per annum. A thousand communicants."

Torre is silent as to the endowment of this Vicarage. His catalogue of Vicars commences in 1275. Dr. Whitaker says the endowment was examined and ratified by Archbishop Grenfield in 1315 (Registr., pars. 2, folio 85). In Monast. Eborac., page 101, is an account of this Vicarage, and of a composition made in 1312 between the Abbey of Rievalx and the Priory of Drax about some tithes in this parish.—Samuel Sunderland, Esq., by will, gave 22*l.* to the Vicar of this parish and his successors for ever.

The Vicarage was augmented in 1730, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from William Busfield, Esq., Benjamin Ferrard, Esq., and T. Dobson, gent.; and in 1818, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Dr. R. Hartley and Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees.

Archbishop Sharp mentions an augmentation to this Vicarage of a house and lands to the value of 16*l.* per annum.—Vol. i. page 120.

"The Church is endowed with the small tithes, together with a small modus, which is paid throughout the parish. About forty-five years ago, John Kynns, Esq., of Rushworth, charged his whole estate with the payment of 2*l.* yearly to the Vicar. Also, Samuel Sunderland, of this parish, about thirty years

[1] Viz. Bingley and Micklethwaite, 8,036; and East and West Morton, 1,219. The increase of population (1,861 persons) in the townships of Bingley and Micklethwaite is attributed to increasing worsted and stuff manufacture.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 1,000.

ago left houses and lands to the Church of Bingley, which amount to 22*l.* His charity to the Church, to the poor, and to the schools, amount to 400*l.* Yearly value, above 30*l.* per annum." Signed, "Gervas Neville, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 783.

A decree in the Exchequer, in Michaelmas Term, 34th Eliz., is unreported.

Inclosure Acts were passed 28th Geo. III. (Riddlesden-with-Morton), and 49th Geo. III. (Cullingworth.)

An additional burial-ground was consecrated 2nd July 1781.

No glebe house, but there is a good house attached to the school.

The Register Books commence in 1577. Deficient 1653—1663.

Manor Court of Probate.—This Court is called "the Court of the Manors of Crossley, Bingley, and Pudsey, late parcel of the dissolved Priory or Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem, in England." The wills are kept in Mr. Ferrand's evidence closet at St. Ives. The earliest will proved is dated in 1623.

Charities.—*The Grammar School*, founded in 1529, augmented by William Wooller, by will, dated 25th March 1597, and with 40*l.* by Michael Broadley's will, dated in 1613. There are about ten free scholars, who are taught reading, writing, and accounts, at a moderate charge, and they are instructed in English and the principles of religion. The income of the school arises from the rent of 70A. 0R. 39P. (exclusive of Wooller's and Sunderland's devises, the quantity of which is not stated), and rent-charges of 11*l.* 6*s.* 10*d.* The Commissioners point out alterations as to Wooller's gift, whenever there is a new master.

Cullingworth's School. Rent (number of acres not mentioned), 10*l.* Thirty-five scholars taught.

Mercy Smith's gift. Interest of 100*l.* to the poor.

Rev. Mr. Nevill's gift. 15*s.* per annum in bread.

Mrs. Sarah Rhodes's charity. Five cottages and 15*l.* per annum among five widows.

Thomas Busfield, Esq.'s charity, by will, dated 1767. Interest of 800*l.* for clothes for poor people.—Vide 17th Report, page 735.

Post town, Keighley.

Torre's MS., page 527. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 120. Bodleian MS., No. 5,101. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 195. 197. Burton's Monasticon, page 101. Whitaker's Craven, page 152.

BOLTON, nigh BOLLAND.—ST. PETER AND ST. PAUL.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 4,940 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, W.D.—Population, 1,174; Church-room, sufficient[1]; Net value, no return.—This is an ancient Rectory, some time of the patronage of the families of the Boultons and Pudseys, and now of John Bolton, Esq. It was anciently in moieties, but they were united in 1245.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in his new taxation, at 5*l.*; in the King's books, at 11*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 192, it is stated: "Rectory. Glebe lands, but no tithes, instead whereof there is a fee rent paid to the parson, value 50*l.*"

In Easter Term, 8th Jac. I., there was a decree in the Exchequer, which is unreported; and there were unreported decrees in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 9th Car. I. (query what Bolton?), and in Easter Term, 8th Jac. I.

"No tithe paid, save some small tithes, and those are paid to the Rector. The Church is endowed with glebe lands, glebe rents, and fixed and certain rents, paid out of all estates within the parish to the Rector, at several rent-days. Yearly value, better than 60*l.*" Signed, "John Miers, Rector."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1065.

Here was a Chantry.

Augmented in 1828, with 200*l.*, 200*l.*, and 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 600*l.* from the Rev. H. G. Lonsdale, the Rector.

Mr. Hodgson also observes that there are augmentations for the Vicarage of Bolton—in 1714, with 200*l.*; in 1767, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; and in 1793, with 200*l.*—all by lot; but he does not distinguish which Bolton it is.

A catalogue of the Rectors is given by Dr. Whitaker. The Doctor also

[1] Vide return in 1818. No return was made in 1834.

gives the pedigree of the Pudseys, and engravings of a tomb and brasses.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as fit for residence. No return was made in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1558.

CHARITIES.—*Hungrill School.* About sixty scholars of both sexes are gratuitously taught reading, writing, and arithmetic, on the national plan. The endowment consists of a rent-charge of 3*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* per annum, and a farm in Bolton, comprising a house, barn, and thirty acres of land. The farm is understood to have been given by a gentleman named Parker.

Mrs. Pudsey's Girls' School. Ten poor girls are taught reading, knitting, and sewing. Income: cottage and garden, and the dividends on 250*l.* three per cent. consols, bequeathed by Christopher Dawson, Esq., who died in 1786.

Poor's Land. Thirteen acres. Rent distributed on St. Thomas's-day.

Matthew Walker's dole. Rent-charge, 20*s.* to the poor.

James Ellis's dole. Rent-charge of 3*s.* to the poor.—Vide 21st Report, page 611.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS. page 397. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 140. Whitaker's Craven, page 110.

BRACEWELL.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 1,920 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E. D.—POPULATION, 160; CHURCH-ROOM, 150[1]; NET VALUE, 123*l.*—Bracewell was part of the fee of Roger of Poitou, and was granted, soon after the date of Domesday Book, to Roger de Tempest.

Dr. Whitaker gives the pedigree of the Tempest family.

This Church was given and appropriated to the Abbey of Kirkstall. Both Ecton and Bacon have fallen into the error of stating the appropriation to have been made to Kirkham Abbey.

A Vicarage was ordained in 1347.—See Torre's MS[2]. for the particulars of this ordination.

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 180, or more.

[2] Torre's MS., page 489.

Patron and impropriator, Earl de Grey.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation, at 12*l.*; and in his new taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 2*l.* 9*s.* 8*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 197, it is stated: "Vicarage, 4*l.* in glebe, and 6*l.* diet or money: but whether it be of right due, we know not. The rest is made up in small tithes."

Augmented in 1747, with 200*l.*, and in 1767, with 200*l.*, both by lot; in 1781, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mrs. Mary Jolliffe; in 1817, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 100*l.* from the Rev. W. A. Wasney, the Vicar, and of 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees; and in 1820, with 300*l.* more from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. Weddell and Lord Grantham.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

The glebe in 1818 was a miserable thatched cottage. Dr. Whitaker says it is a disgrace to the parish. Two rooms only.

The Registers commence in 1587. The first book is imperfect. Chasm 1719 to 1753.—Vide transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Skipton.

Mon. Ang., vol. v. pages 529. 552. Burton's Monasticon, page 290. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 131. Whitaker's Craven, page 80.

BROUGHTON, IN AIREDALE.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,950 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E. D.——POPULATION, 407[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 190*l.*—Given to the Abbey of Bolton by William, nephew of the King of Scots, and Cicily de Rumely, his wife, and appropriated thereto in 1442, and a Vicarage ordained; and at the Dissolution, the patronage was given to the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, who are still the patrons and impropriators.

The impropriators are charged with

[1] Including Elslack. In 1834, the population is stated to be 427.

a payment of 3*s.* 4*d.* to the poor, in time of Lent.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation, at 20*l.*; and in his new taxation, at 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 5*l.* 16*s.* per annum; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 206, at 27*l.* per annum; and the certified value, in 1818, was 24*l.* 12*s.*

Augmented in 1742, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. Edward Guy.

"The corn tithes of the parish impropriated to the Earl of Burlington, and farmed by him of the Dean and Chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, except some that belong to Mr. F———, and the corn tithe of four closes in Elslack. All other tithes belonging to the Church. Endowed with all small tithes. Not taken notice of in the Valor Ecc. Yearly value of the Vicarage, 25*l.* per annum. Church founded by Alice Duramella." Signed, "Ellis Nutter, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 87.

Dr. Whitaker gives the substance of the endowment, and a catalogue of the Vicars.

4th September 1786, faculty to take away a barn.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Registers are returned to Parliament as commencing in 1689, but imperfect till 1703, though Dr. Whitaker supposed they were lost from their commencement to 1746; but it appears that there is a chasm from 1703 to 1740.—Vide transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS., page 477. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 201. Whitaker's Craven, page 87.

BURNSALL.—SAINT WILFRED.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 25,950 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E. D.—POPULATION, 1,385 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 550; NET VALUE (first mediety), 315*l.*; NET VALUE (second mediety), 276*l.*—A Rectory in charge, of two medieties, whereof the one anciently belonged to the patronage of the Lords Fitz Hugh, and the other was of the patronage of the Hebdens, Knights, and others. The one is now in the patronage of the Earl Craven, and the other of the Rev. John Graham.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* each mediety, viz., Richard's part and John's part. This is the only Church in the Deanery of Craven where no alteration was made in the second taxation. In the King's books, the Rectory is valued at 36*l.*, viz., 18*l.* each mediety. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 202, it is stated: "Two medieties, worth together about 160*l.* per annum; yet some of the parish claim exemption from payment of tithes of the Cistertian order. We find that there are three Chapels in the said parish, but no certain maintenance belongeth to any of them. The Chapels are these—Rilston, Coniston, and Bradley; which, in regard they are far distant from any Church, and one from another (the nearest not being within three miles, and the way being bad), and the congregation belonging to each Chapel being sufficient for a parochial assembly, we conceive it fit that the said three Chapels be all made parish Churches, and endowed with a competency for a minister's maintenance;" and in 1818, Burnsall was certified to be worth 63*l.* per annum, without distinction of medieties.

In Archbishop Dawes's Registry is a concord, dated 14th June 1708, relative to the Chapels of Rilston and Coniston.

The Notitia Parochialis, No. 253, contains the following notice of the parish:—"There are two medieties, each worth about 70*l.* per annum or upwards. Part of the Rectory is impropriate as the town of Rilston, the tithe corn whereof is received now in kind by the tenants of the Honble. Henry Boyle, and the same has so continued since the time of Queen Elizabeth in the hands of the Earls of Cumberland, whose grant they show for the enjoyment of that tythe, they paying yearly to the Rectory 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; but we can give no account how that part of the Rectory was dismembered, it being an entire lordship, not given to any religious house, and formerly in the hands of the Nortons, who, as tradition informs us, at the time

[1] Viz. Appletreewick, 425; Burnsall with Thorpe-sub-Montem, 242; Coniston with Kilnsea, 162; Craco, 150; Hartington, 115; Hetton with Bordley, 176; and Rilston, 115.

of the northern rebellion in Queen Elizabeth's days, were seized of the tithes by way of lease, and, as it is also supposed, had then been some time, by the connivance of a son of that family, which, upon his rebellion, were, with several other lordships, conferred upon George, Earl of Cumberland, for services then done."

Dr. Whitaker gives a list of the Rectors. See also Torre's MS.

Inclosure Acts were passed 11th Geo. III. (Hetton); 27th Geo. III. (Cracoe); 28th Geo. III. (Grassington); 29th Geo. III. (Thorpe); 45th Geo. III. (Burnsall); and 55th Geo. III. (Appletreewick.)

The glebe house for the first mediety is unfit for residence. There is one for the second, which is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1560.

CHARITIES.—*Grammar School*, founded by Sir William Craven, Knight, by deed, dated 21st May 1605, and augmented by his will, dated August 1616, and also by the will of Lady Craven, dated 16th June 1624. There are thirteen trustees, viz., Earl Craven, the Rectors of the two medieties of Burnsall, the Rector of Slaidburn, William Dawson, Esq., and eight inhabitants of Burnsall. The master is usually in holy orders. The school is considered as free for the instruction of boys whose parents are inhabitants of the parish both in the English and Latin languages. Eightpence a week is charged to each scholar for instruction in writing by the usher, and 1*s*. for arithmetic. The income consists of 22*l*. per annum rents-charge, and the interest of 89*l*.; also 20*l*. per annum for school, and 10*l*. per annum for repairs of the Church. 2*l*. deducted from the latter for land-tax, paid by the Merchant Tailors' Company.

TOWNSHIPS OF APPLETREEWICK AND BURNSALL.

Poor's Land. The said Lady Craven, by her will, bequeathed 100*l*., and John, Lord Craven, by his will, dated 28th May 1647, bequeathed 40*l*., to be distributed among the poor. 45*l*., part of the above, was laid out in the purchase of some open field land, and the remaining 30*l*. is placed out at interest; and the rent of the land and the interest of the money are distributed by the minister and churchwardens on St. Thomas's day amongst poor persons of Appletreewick and Burnsall.

TOWNSHIP OF HARTLINGTON.

S. Pawson's rent-charge, by will, dated 28th March 1733. 4*l*. to the poor.—Vide 13th Report, page 621.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS., page 515. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 125. Whitaker's Craven, page 428.

CONISTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Parish of Burnsall.*)——Area, vide Burnsall; Staincliffe wapentake, E. D.—POPULATION, vide Burnsall; CHAPEL-ROOM, 310; NET VALUE, no return.—The town contained five carucates of land, held of the Castle of Skipton.

The Chapel may be considered as the oldest building in Craven.—Whitaker, page 455.

An Inclosure Act was passed in the 41st Geo. III.

The Register Books commence in 1571. They are in Rolls till 1772.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's land* and *dole*. 15A. 2R. 3P., and rent-charge of 5*s*. for the poor of Coniston with Kilnsay.—Vide 13th Report, page 623.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS., page 512. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 125. Whitaker's Craven, page 451.

RILSTON.—ST. PETER.—(*Parish of Burnsall.*)——Area, vide Burnsall. Staincliffe wapentake, E. D.—POPULATION, 115, vide Burnsall; CHAPEL-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, no return.—The town contained six carucates of land, held of the Castle of Skipton.

An Inclosure Act relative to the Stinted Pastures in the 11th Geo. III.

The Chapels of Rilston and Coniston are supplied alternately by the Rectors.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1559, and for marriages in 1803.

CHARITIES.—*Donor unknown*. Rent-charge of 30*s*. per annum to the poor of Rilston and Cracoe at Easter.

William Elliworth's dole. 10*s*. per annum to the poor of Helton and Bardley, viz., 7*s*. 6*d*. to the former, and 2*s*. 6*d*. to the latter.—Vide 13th Report, page 623.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS., page 512. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 125. Whitaker's Craven, page 443.

CARLTON.—ST. MARY, including LOTHERDEN.——(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,390 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E.D.—POPULATION, 1,265 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 287; NET VALUE, 400*l.*—A Vicarage, appropriated to the Priory of Bolton, in 1120, by William de Meschines and Cicily his wife.—Torre's MS. page 413. It was then appendant to the Church of Skipton.

At the Dissolution, a Vicarage was ordained 14th Kal., Maii, A.D. 1292, and 2nd Kal., Julii, A.D. 1311. The Rectory was given to the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, Oxford, who are still the patrons of the Vicarage, and impropriators.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation, at 8*l.*; and in his second valuation, at 5*l.*

The value of the Vicarage, in the King's books, is 5*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 213, at 25*l.*; and the annual certified value in 1818, was 52*l.* 15*s.*

Augmented in 1719, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Earl of Burlington and Lord Carlton.

"A modus of 3*l.* a year is payable at Midsummer to the Vicar, in lieu of the tithes of milk, wool, lambs, and calves, arising on Carlton Hall Farm; but the Vicar is entitled to the tithes of wool, lambs, and calves, of the rest of the parish in kind.—Markham *v.* Laycock." 4 Wood, pages 373—6.

"The Vicar is entitled to the tithes of hay, milk, eggs, poultry, garden-stuff, bees, honey, and all other tithes, except corn and grain in kind.—Markham *v.* Wilkinson." 4 Wood, page 398.

Dr. Whitaker gives the particulars of the endowment and a list of the Vicars.—See also Torre's MS., page 414.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538.

CHARITIES.—*School*, founded by Elizabeth Wilkinson, by deed in 1709, confirmed by will, dated 16th February 1710, for clothing and educating four poor boys, and for teaching eight poor children to read. One guinea is paid to the Vicar for a sermon. There are now twenty boys brought up in the school. The income arises from the rent of 99 acres of land.

The Hospital, founded by the will of Ferrand Spence, dated 15th April 1698.—The Archbishops of Canterbury and York have the power of appointing new trustees and of making rules, and in April 1785, certain rules were made by the Archbishops. There are twelve widows in the Hospital, all above fifty years of age, six of whom are from Market Bosworth, in Leicestershire, and the other six are from the parish of Carlton. The income arises from the rent of 164A. 0R. 23P. of land and a rent-charge of 9*l.*

Poor's Land. One acre. Rent distributed on St. Thomas's day and Good Friday.

Thomas Parkinson's donation of a bushel of wheat, left by will in 1690.—Vide 13th Report, page 623.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS., page 414. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 124. 350. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 201. 207. Whitaker's Craven, page 171.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 1,218.

GARGRAVE.—SAINT ANDREW. (*Vicarage in charge.*)——Area, 10,420 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E. D.—POPULATION, 1,748 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,520[2]; NET VALUE, 750*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Priory of Sallay by Henry de Percy, Knight, previous to which there had been a kind of Vicar under the Rector. A Vicarage was ordained in 1321. See the particulars of the endowment in Torre's MS.

Patron, the Rev. J. M. Wright.

Impropriators, Trinity College, Cambridge.

In Pope Nicholas's first taxation, the Church is valued at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in his second, at 20*l.* The value of the Vicarage per annum in the King's books is 12*l.* 13*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 204, the Vicarage is valued at 60*l.* per annum.

"The Vicar is entitled to the agistment tithes of barren and unprofitable

[1] Viz. Bank Newton, 125; Cold Coniston, 336; Eshton, 82; Flasby with Winterburne, 143; and Gargrave, 1,062.

[2] As returned in 1818. No return made in 1834.

cattle in the township of Gargrave, in kind.—Croft *v.* Mason." 4 Wood, page 293.

There was a decree in the Exchequer, in Trinity Term, 33rd Elizabeth, relative to tithes in this parish, but which is unreported.

Here was a Chantry.

22nd October 1739, confirmation of all the seats in the Church.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1675.

CHARITIES.—*Free School*, founded by Henry Coulthurst, by deeds dated 2nd and 3rd June 1686, for the benefit of the inhabitants of the parish. The income consists of a rent-charge of 15*l.* and the interest of 150*l.* due on bond. The school was suspended at the time the Commissioners sat on the inquiry.

Poor's Land. 19A. 2R. and two houses. Rent distributed to the poor not receiving parochial relief.

Flasby with Winterburn dole. 10*s.* per annum to the poor.

Thomas Blakey's dole. 10*s.* per annum to the poor.

Hospital Land. Site less than a rood.

Mr. Coulthurst's charity. 2*l.* 2*s.* per annum among poor widows of Coniston.

Henry Coulthurst's gift. Interest of 60*l.*—Vide 13th Report, page 632.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS., page 469. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 135. Mon. Angl., vol. v. pages 510, 511. Whitaker's Craven, page 176.

GIGGLESWICK.—ST. ALKELD[1]. —(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 15,200 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, W.D.—POPULATION, 3,107[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000; NET VALUE, 82*l.*—This Church was given to the Cell of Finchall, Durham, by Henry de Puleaco, and appropriated thereto, and a Vicarage ordained in 1230, and confirmed 9th John by charter. The living is now in the alternate presentation of J. N. Coulthurst, Esq. and G. Hartley, Esq.

[1] Nephew of King Ina, and Bishop of Sherbourne. Died A.D. 709.

[2] Viz. Giggleswick, 780; Rathmill, 347; Settle, 1,627; and Stainforth, 263. In 1834, the population was returned at 3,583.

Impropriators, the Rev. J. Clapham and others.

In Pope Nicholas's first taxation, the Church is valued at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, which in the new taxation is reduced to 14*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

The Vicarage is valued in the King's books at 21*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.*, and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 189, it is stated: "Vicarage 50*l.* The parish church is well situate for the most conveniency of the whole parish."

"The Vicarage is endowed with the corn tithe of two small villages, called Langcliffe and Stainforth-under-Bargh; with Easter dues, small tithes, and surplice fees. Endowment dated in 1249. The right to the advowson not well known, but supposed to belong to the heirs or assigns of Josias Dockeray, D.D. late Rector of ————, in the county of Northumberland. Above 30*l.* per annum." Signed "Richard Ellershaw, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 809.

Augmented in 1732 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. Anthony Lister.

A decree in the Exchequer, in Michaelmas Term, 37th Eliz. as to tithes, is unreported.

The Inclosure Acts are 31st Geo. II. (Settle), and 29th Geo. III. (Langcliffe).

2nd February 1738, faculty to build a gallery.

5th March 1742, ditto ditto.

4th March 1785, ditto ditto.

9th February 1810, ditto, and to reroof the Church.

6th August 1817, additional burial-ground consecrated.

17th December 1819, faculty to re-pew the Church.

12th March 1822, confirmation of allotment of pews.

Dr. Whitaker, in his History of Craven, page 138, gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Three Chantries are mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

Two houses in the village of Feizer are one year within Clapham, and the next within Giggleswick. The inhabitants have seats in both Churches, and resort to them alternately, and pay corn tithes to the Rectors, and Easter dues to the Vicars of the two Churches alter-

nately also, but pay their assessed taxes to Stainforth.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1669. There are some prior, but very imperfect.

CHARITIES. —— *The Free Grammar School,* founded and endowed by King Edward the Sixth, in the seventh year of his reign, out of the possessions of the Collegiate Church of St. Andrew, in Acaster, in the county of York. The Vicar is a trustee ex officio, and the governors, with the advice of the Archbishop, may make ordinances, and such were made in 1592 and 1795. The school is free for instruction in classical learning to all boys, for whose admission application is made, the charter containing no restriction or qualification as to residence or place. There are about sixty-three scholars. The head master's salary is 510*l.* per annum, the usher's, 205*l.*, and the English assistant's, 150*l.* The income of the school arises from the rent of 663A. 2R. 14P. of land, with sheep-walks, and a house, and there are exhibitions for Cambridge (Clapham's and Tennant's) amounting to 38*l.* 6*s.* 5*d.* per annum.—The statutes were entered in Archbishop Markham's Registry, on the 27th July 1795.

Thomas Foster's charity, by will, dated 25th December 1692. 5*l.* per annum rent-charge, distributed amongst the poor.

Samuel Clarke's gift, about the year 1753. Dividends on 52*l.* 10*s.* new four per cents., given in clothes, coals, and corn, for two of the poorest persons in each of the townships of Giggleswick and Rathmill, alternately.

Poor's Allotment. 7A. 3R. 33P. Rent distributed amongst the poor.

GIGGLESWICK TOWNSHIP.

Shute's charity. Rent of 26A. 1R. 8P., distributed among poor persons not receiving parochial relief.

Thomas Clapham's charity, given in 1797. Dividends on 105*l.* new fours, distributed in like manner.

William Brown's charity, by will, dated 4th January 1762. Interest of 20*l.* between two poor housekeepers not receiving relief from the town.

Matthew Lister's charity. Rent-charge of 1*l.* 6*s.* per annum for poor widows.

Agnes Hargrave's charity, by deed, dated 12th July 1768. Moiety of rent of two acres of land for teaching three poor children to read.

TOWNSHIP OF SETTLE.

William Knowles's charity. Rent-charge, 1*l.* 10*s.* per annum for the poor.

Isaac Atkinson's charity, by will, in 1718. Interest of 20*l.* for the poor.

RATHMILL TOWNSHIP.

DOLES.—*Mr. Banks's,* 10*s.* per annum; *James Carr's,* 3*s.* per annum; *Stephen Carr's,* 2*l.* 16*s.* per annum; *Unknown,* 11*s.* per annum; *Unknown,* 10*s.* per annum.

School, founded by George Clarke, by will, 24th February 1716, and augmented in 1725 by the will of Stephen Carr, for the free education in reading of all the children of the township of Rathmell. The income arises from the rent of 13A. of land and the interest of 70*l.*

LANGCLIFFE TOWNSHIP.

Dole, 5*s.* per annum.

LOST CHARITIES.—5*l.* left by William Clapham, to be lent at interest to poor housekeepers.

Richard Chamberlain's gift, by will, dated 16th January 1738. Rent-charge of 6*l.* per annum on certain estates in Settle and Langcliffe, or 120*l.* in lieu thereof for the poor. The 6*l.* was for sometime paid.——Vide 13th Report, page 646.

Post town, Settle.

Torre's MS., page 575. Ashmolean MSS., 8518. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 142. Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 251, and vol. iv. page 333. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, page 285. Whitaker's Craven, page 133.

GISBURNE.—ST. MARY.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 18,190 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, W.D.—POPULATION, 2,306[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 652[2]; NET VALUE, 161*l.*—This Church, which was endowed with one carucate of land, was appropriated to the nuns of Stansfield, who, by virtue of the Pope's indulgence, obtained the same to be converted to

[1] Viz. Gisburne, 607; Gisburne Forest, 400; Horton, 200; Middop, 62; Nappa, 43; Newsholme, 70; Paythorne, 187; Rimmington, 701; and Swinden, 36. In 1834, the population was returned at 2,463.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 800.

their own proper use, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1332. At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown. The appropriation, by Archbishop Walter Gray, is given at length in the Mon. Ang.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriator, Lord Ribblesdale.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 46*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova tax 26*l.*; in the King's books at 11*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 30. 34., and vol. xviii. page 198, it is stated: "The Rectory belongs to the Archbishop. The Chancel is in great decay. Vicarage 50*l.* per annum. Richard Shaw, the Vicar, pays a fifth of the income to the wife and children of Mr. Thomas Bullingham, late Vicar, a delinquent."

Augmented in 1824 with 200*l.*, from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1828, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Lord Ribblesdale, the impropriator.

In Michaelmas Term, 7th Eliz. there was a decree in the Exchequer as to tithes, but which is unreported.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Rectors to 1338. That of the Vicars is brought no lower than 1686.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1561.

CHARITIES.—*Free School.* The Commissioners could not obtain any account of the origin of this school. Seven free scholars in reading, writing, and arithmetic, are sent by Lord Ribblesdale, and one by the Vicar. The income arises from the interest of 200*l.*, left by one William Stanley, and 20*l.* left by Thomas Halstead.

Matthew Core's gift. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum, to the poor of Grange Meer and Gisburne, and distributed among the poor on the 23rd December.

Christopher Browne's gift. 20*s.* per annum. Half to the poor of Gisburne, and half to those of Paythorne.

Thomas Halstead's gift, by will, dated 29th May 1729. Interest of 10*l.* to the poor, on the 23rd December in every year.

James Ellil's gift, by will, dated 26th May 1731. Interest of 5*l.*, to be given at the church porch, on the 22nd December in every year.

William Tipping's charity, by will, dated 26th December 1772. Dividends of 800*l.* three per cents. given annually amongst six poor inhabitants. The Vicar is ex officio one of the trustees.—Vide 13th Report, page 655.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS., page 495. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 132. 278. Whitaker's Craven, page 31. Mon. Angl. vol. iv. pages 308. 311.

SALLEY CISTERCIAN ABBEY.—(*Parish of Gisburne.*)—Founded about 1147, by William de Percy.

Whitaker's Craven, page 39.

HOUGHTON OR TOSSETT.—ST. BARTHOLOMEW [1].—(*Parish of Gisburne. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Staincliffe wapentake, W.D.—POPULATION, 446; CHAPEL-ROOM, 400 [2]; NET VALUE, 50*l.*

Patron, Lord Ribblesdale.

Valued in 1707 at 5*l.* 18*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 199, it is said: "In the forest of Gisburne, about four miles from the parish Church. To be made a parish Church, and have some maintenance annexed."

Augmented in 1739 with 200*l.*; in 1777, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1809, with 200*l.*; and in 1832, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms commence in 1769; and for burials in 1796. Marriages are celebrated at Gisburne.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Settle.

Whitaker's Craven, page 35.

HORTON IN RIBBLESDALE.—ST. OSWALD; OR ST. THOMAS A BECKET.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 18,970 acres. Staincliffe and Ewcross wapentakes, W.D.—POPULATION, 567;

[1] Probably not the Apostle, but a saint who occupied a cell in Farne Island in 1244.—See a notice of his life and writings in Mon. Angl. vol. iv. page 480.

[2] In 1818, returned at 470.

CHURCH-ROOM, 500[1]; NET VALUE, 108*l.* —Horton contains six carucates of land, whereof John de Steling held two oxgangs of the Hospital of St. Leonard of Boulton, and six others were held of the same hospital.

The Rectory and tithes belonged to the nunnery at Clementhorpe, near York.

Archbishop Sharp says he finds nothing of this Church, but that it was in his list as a Vicarage, and pays 6*s.* 8*d.* Procurations and 8*d.* Synodals; that no Vicar had ever been instituted, and that the patron was also impropriated.

Patron, the Rev. G. Holden, LL.D.

Valued in the King's Books at 4*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in 1818, the certified value was 55*l.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 218, the Vicarage was valued at 9*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1763, with 200*l.*, by lot; and in 1765, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 400*l.* from the Rev. Thomas Wilson, Dean of Carlisle; and in 1793, with 200*l.*, and in 1816, with 1,200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, both by lot.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Trinity Term, 20th Car. II:

"The particular manner of tithing in the parish of Horton, in Riddlesdale, in the county of York, is set forth in Wilson *v.* Redman, 1 Wood, page 63.

"The demesne lands of the manor of Horton are tithe free, as having been formely parcel of the possessions of the monastery of Jerveaux."—Wilson *v.* Redman, 1 Wood, page 64.

An Inclosure Act was passed 54th Geo. III.

2nd August 1826, faculty to rebuild part of the Church, and re-pew it.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1556. The entries for marriages are apparently defective from 1707 to 1718. —Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Free grammar school.* Founded by John Armitage, by deed, dated 25th January 1725, for the children of the parishioners. The master to be in holy orders. About fifty scholars in reading, writing, and arithmetic; only about five at the time of the Report were receiving classical instruction, and all who desired it were taught the dead languages. The quantity of land is not stated, but the income at the time of the Report was 160*l.*

Preston's poor land. Rent of house and ten acres of land, distributed among poor housekeepers.

Poor folks' close. Rent of one acre of land, distributed among the poor.

Ann Redmayne's gift. Interest of 15*l.* distributed on the 1st of March in every year, among four poor persons, preferring such as are understood to be of kin to the donor.—Vide 15th Report, page 698.

Post town, Settle.

Torre's MS. page 502. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 141. Mon. Ang. vol. iv. pages 323. 326, 327. Whitaker's Craven, page 146.

[1] According to the return of 1818. In 1834, the Church-room was returned "sufficient."

ILKLEY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 7,600 acres. Skyrack wapentake, U. D. and Upper Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,063[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[2]; NET VALUE, 126*l.* —Here was a Roman station called Olicana.

The Church was an ancient Rectory belonging to the patronage of the Kymes and Percies. It was appropriated to the Priory of Hexham by Henry Percy, Earl of Northumberland, and a Vicarage ordained in 1378.

Patron, G. Hartley, Esq.

Impropriator, W. Middleton, Esq.

In Pope Nicholas's first taxation, the Church is valued at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* and in his second at 17*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*

The Vicarage is valued in the King's books at 7*l.* 13*s.* 8*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 349, at 20*l.*

A Chantry is mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

Augmented in 1807 with 200*l.*; and in 1815 with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant,—both by lot.

[1] Viz. Ilkley, (including 166 visiters,) 691; Middleton with Stockhill, 166; and Nesfield with Langbar, 206. In 1834, the population was returned at 940.

[2] 111 additional sittings (of which 65 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 100*l.*

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as fit for residence, but in 1834 returned unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1597. Burials and marriages deficient 1656 to 1673.

Dr. Whitaker gives a list of the Vicars.

CHARITIES.—*Free School.* Founded by one Marshall, in the fifth year of King James I., and augmented by Reginald Heber in 1696. The trust deed provides that the schoolmaster shall teach and instruct all the male children within the parish gratis. The school has very long been conducted on the footing of an English school only, and the scholars, about forty in number, are taught reading without any charge, and writing and accounts on payment of a small weekly sum. Annual income 124*l.*, (of which 120*l.* arises from the rent of 54A. 1R. 32P. and 4*l.* from the interest of 100*l.*) The Vicar is the schoolmaster, who receives 46*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.* out of the rents, and his assistant 70*l.*

Poor's estate. Rent of somewhat less than three acres, and seven cattle gates, let for 15*l.* 2*s.* per annum. 12*s.* 6*d.* is given to Ilkley poor, in bread, and 2*s.* 6*d.* in bread to Middleton poor. The rest is distributed in money.

Ilkley poor's money. The sum of 115*l.* is placed upon mortgage. Out of the interest, 5*s.* is distributed in bread, and the rest in money. This sum of 115*l.* is part of a sum exceeding 300*l.* given by sundry benefactors to the poor of Ilkley township, but of the remainder no account whatever can be given.

Middleton poor's money. 45*l.* given by William Carrer and others, is placed in the Otley Savings' Bank, and the interest distributed.

Benson's benefaction, being 30*l.* lent on bond to Christopher Hawkesworth, and payment refused by his son, on the ground of deficiency of assets, and proceedings were about to be taken by the parish officers.—Vide 21st Report, page 608.

Post town, Otley.

Torre's MS. page 405. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 119. Whitaker's Craven, page 215. Hargreve's Knaresbro', page 402.

KEIGHLEY. — ST. ANDREW. — (*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 10,160 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E.D.— POPULATION, 11,176; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000; NET VALUE, 358*l.*—An ancient Rectory, which belonged to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Bolton, to whom it was granted by Ralph de Kighley. Upon the Dissolution, the advowson was granted by the Crown to the Cliffords, Earls of Northumberland, and by marriage came to the Earls of Burlington, and the Duke of Devonshire is the present patron.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's second taxation at 8*l.*; in the King's books at 21*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 217, at 120*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 20th Geo. III.

The Church was rebuilt in 1805. The old Church would only contain 900 persons.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

30th January 1761, license to erect a gallery.

12th September 1793, additional burial-ground consecrated.

8th February 1805, faculty to rebuild the Church and erect galleries.

7th November 1808, confirmation of allotments of pews.

11th February 1811, faculty to erect an organ.

11th August 1814, confirmation of allotments.

30th January 1815, faculty to make certain alterations in the Church, and also in the sittings.

The old glebe house was unfit for residence, being a very ancient and dilapidated building. A new glebe house is now erected.

The Register Books commence in 1562.

CHARITIES.—*The Free School,* founded by the will of John Drake, dated 27th March 1713, for the gratuitous teaching of children residing within the parish, in English, Latin, and Greek; the schoolmaster to be an unmarried man. The Rector and six inhabitants are the trustees. There are about fifty scholars, who pay for instruction in writing and arithmetic. The income of the school is

162*l.* 9*s.* 6*d.* arising from the rent of seven acres of land and of several houses. The master's salary is 100*l.* per annum.

The preparatory school, founded for the support of an usher, by Jonas Tonson, by deed, dated 19th October 1716. The usher to be chosen by the trustees, with the consent of the parson. The income arises from rent of 16A. of land and a house, but subject to a debt of 300*l.*

Harehill free school, founded by Sarah Heaton, by will, dated 27th June 1738, for teaching English and Latin, without requiring any salary. The trustees to be chosen by the freeholders within the manor of Oakworth. There are about sixty scholars (boys and girls) in the whole, who are instructed in English reading, but the free scholars pay 4*d.* a week for instruction in writing and arithmetic. The income arises from the rent of 33A. of land, but subject to a debt of 105*l.*

Isaac Bowcock's charity, by will, dated 11th February 1669, for apprenticing five poor boys and relieving the poor. Income (subject to a debt of 400*l.*): rent of 13A. 2R. 21P., and 3,525 square yards of land, eleven houses, and rent-charge of 4*l.*

Poor's estate. 19A. 0R. 3P. of land.—Vide 17th Report, page 770.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 533. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 129. Gent's Ripon, page 34. Whitaker's Craven, page 156. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxxxv. page 495.

KETTLEWELL. — ST. MARY. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 8,320 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E.D. — POPULATION, including Starbotten, 673[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[2]; NET VALUE, 120*l.* —This Church was a Rectory of two medieties; the one belonging to the patronage of the Lords Grey, of Rotherfeld, and the other to the Abbot and Convent of Coverham; to which the said mediety was appropriated, 4th December 1344; and again in 1388, and a Vicarage ordained.

Patron, R. Foster, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's second taxation at 8*l.* per annum; in the King's books at 5*l.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 201, at 40*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1741 with 200*l.*, to meet a benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Cavendish Neville.

In the 41st Geo. III. and 56th Geo. III. Acts were passed for inclosing Buckden and Starbotten.

21st August 1819, faculty granted to take down and rebuild the Church.

3rd May 1822, confirmation of allotment of pews.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as fit for residence. It was obtained in exchange, under a faculty dated 26th November 1743. In 1834, the house was returned as unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1698; though Dr. Whitaker, in page 485 of his History of Craven, says the old books are lost. The doctor gives a list of the Vicars; see also Torre's MS.

CHARITIES. — *Fawcett's dole.* Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum, for poor people.

School-house. Solomon Swale built a school-house on the Waste, and gave five sheep gates for keeping the building in repair. An allotment of two acres was given in lieu of the gates on the inclosure. A rent-charge of 30*s.* per annum, given by some person unknown, is paid to the schoolmaster, for teaching three poor children to read and write.—Vide 15th Report, page 700.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS., page 461. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 128. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 921. Whitaker's Craven, page 479. Bray's Tour, page 306.

KILDWICK.—SAINT ANDREW. —(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 25,990 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E.D. — POPULATION, 9,926[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,100; NET VALUE, 357*l.*—This Church was appropriated by Walter Gray, Archbishop of York, to Bolton Abbey, to which it appears to have been given by

[1] 25 men are employed in lead mines.

[2] 114 additional sittings (of which 71 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 100*l.*

[1] Both Bradleys, 614; Cowling, 2,249; Farnhill with Connonley, 1,567; Glusburn, 987; Kildwick, 190; Silsden, 2,137; Steeton with Eastburn, 859; Stirton with Thorlby, 170; and Sutton, 1,153. In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at 7,619.

Cicily de Rumely, and a Vicarage ordained in 1321; and a new ordination was made in 1455.

At the Dissolution, it was given to the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, who are the present patrons and impropriators.

In Pope Nicholas's first taxation, the Church is valued at 32*l.*, and in the new taxation at 12*l.* The Vicarage is valued in the King's books at 10*l.* 8*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 196, at 30*l.* per annum.

A Chantry is mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

Augmented in 1718, by the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Earl of Thanet.

Inclosure Acts were passed 8th Geo. III. (Connonley); 13th Geo. III. (Kildwick; 18th Geo. III. (Chisburn Moor); 25th Geo. III. (Kildwick); 27th Geo. III. (Steeton and Eastburn); 29th Geo. III. (Bradley); 46th Geo. III. (Kildwick); and 55th Geo. III. (Sutton).

2nd July 1823, faculty to erect a gallery.

Dr. Whitaker gives a list of the Vicars.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1575.

CHARITIES.—*The winter silver*, being sundry rents-charge, amounting together to 14*l.* 6*s.* per annum. The money is distributed in certain established proportions, among poor people of the different townships. The rents-charge appear to have been purchased in 1620, 1653, and 1656, but it is not known how the purchase-money was acquired, save that John Pycroft, temp. Edw. VI. gave 80*l.* to the Vicar and churchwardens, for the purpose of purchasing kine, the use of which was to be let to the poor parishioners at a certain rate.

Margaret Currer's gift, by will, dated 8th July 1761. Interest of 100*l.* for the purchase of Bibles and Books of Common Prayer, for distribution among poor children.

COWLING TOWNSHIP.

Hugh Smith's charity, by deed, dated 12th February 1665. Rent of 14A. 2R. 9P. of land, for educating poor boys and girls. Five boys and five girls are taught. The Commissioners thought the number should be increased.

TOWNSHIP OF FARNHILL CUM CONNONLEY.

Poor's money. Interest of 20*l.*, being sundry small benefactions to the poor.

TOWNSHIP OF GLASBURN.

William Spencer's dole. 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the poor.—Vide 13th Report, page 635.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS., page 537. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 122. 344. and 349. Whitaker's Craven, page 160.

SILSDEN.—ST. JAMES.—(*Perpetual Curacy. Parish of Kildwick.*)—Staincliffe wapentake, E.D.—POPULATION, 2,137, vide Kildwick; CHAPEL-ROOM, 400[1]; NET VALUE, 121*l.*

Patron and impropriator. the Earl of Thanet.

"This Chapel," says Dr. Whitaker, "which had been endowed by Thomas, Earl of Thanet, was, in the year 1712, consecrated by Archbishop Sharp, and dedicated to St. James."

Valued in 1707 at 20*l.*; and the certified value in 1818 was 86*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1719 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Earl of Thanet; in 1764, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sackville, Earl of Thanet; and in 1815, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

The faculty to rebuild the Chapel is dated 19th April 1815.

JURISDICTION.—The manor of Silsden comprises the township of Silsden only, and the Court of the said manor has the right to grant probates of wills and letters of administration, relating to personal estate within the said manor. The wills and administration bonds are deposited with the steward.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books for baptisms commence in 1768; and for burials in 1783.

CHARITIES.—SILSDEN AND STEETON TOWNSHIPS.—*William Laycock's charity*, by deed, dated 5th October 1612. Rents-charge of 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* and 1*l.*, to be applied as follows: the 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* towards maintaining a school at Steeton for five poor children, viz. three from Silsden and two from Steeton, in read-

[1] In 1818, estimated at 500.

ing and writing, gratis; and the sum of 1*l.* equally between poor persons of Silsden and Steeton, at the discretion of the overseers.

Thomas Townend's charity, by will, dated 21st December, 2nd Car. II. 50*l.* which in 1683 was laid out in the purchase of 5A. 2R. 33P. of land; the rent whereof (14*l.*) is distributed at Christmas, among poor persons of Silsden not receiving parochial relief.—Vide 13th Report, page 637.

Post town, Keighley.

Whitaker's Craven, page 168.

KIRKBY MALHAMDALE. — PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 22,040 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, W.D[1].—POPULATION, 1,033[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600[3]; NET VALUE, 81*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Abbey of West Dereham. "When this Church was appropriated to the Vicarage therein endowed," says Archbishop Sharp, "I find nothing."

Patron, the Duke of Devonshire.

Impropriator, J. Peach, Esq.

A Chantry was founded in this Church.

Torre, in his account of this parish, is silent as to any ordination, but has left a blank space in his MS., evidently for the purpose of inserting any thing he might subsequently find. He merely says the Church is endowed with two oxgangs of land. He gives a close catalogue of the Vicars, which commences in 1275 (vide page 447), and ends in 1621.

Dr. Ducarel does not give any information as to the endowment; but Dr. Whitaker, in his History of Craven, page 189, says, that in the Registry of Walter Gifford, is a kind of Inspeximus, dated 1275, referring to an act of Archbishop Geoffrey's, A.D. 1205, ordaining a Vicarage, with an assignation of ten marks per annum to the Vicar. The owner of the great tithes now pays to the Vicar a pension of 30*l.* per annum.

In the time of Archbishop Sharp there was no Vicar, but the impropriator put in a Curate, and allowed him 20*l.* per annum, which was all the Curate had, the very surplice fees going to the impropriator's tenant. In 1775, a Vicar was however instituted.

In Pope Nicholas's first taxation, the Church is valued at 40*l.* and in his second, at 15*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; the Vicarage is valued in the King's books at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum.; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 193, it is stated: "Vicarage, twenty nobles per annum, paid by the impropriator, and also an augmentation of twenty marks." Certified value in 1818, 43*l.* 10*s.*

Augmented in 1809, with 200*l.* by lot; in 1812, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Duke of Devonshire and Lord G. A. H. Cavendish; and in 1814, with 1,200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

8th July 1768, faculty to erect a gallery.

On the 9th October 1813, a faculty was granted to cut down trees in the church-yard, and apply the produce towards building a parsonage-house. No house has however been yet built.—Vide Returns, 1818 and 1834.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Vicars to 1621; since which time, the Doctor says, it has been held by sequestration.

For notes concerning schools, &c., see Ashmole Catalogue, and Bodleian MS., No. 5,101.

The Register Books commence in 1597.

CHARITIES.—*Free grammar school*, founded by John Topham, by deed, dated 12th October 1606, free to all who repair to the school, be they rich or poor. At the time of the Report, there were three classical scholars, and between twenty and thirty English scholars. A moderate charge is made for writing and arithmetic. The income, at the time of the Report, was 21*l.* 5*s.* per annum, arising from rents of cattle gates 5*l.* 5*l.*, rents-charge of 10*l.*, and dividends on 200*l.* three per cent. consols.

TOWNSHIP OF KIRKBY MALHAMDALE.

Poor's cattle gates. Rent of thirteen cattle gates and 1A. 2R. of land. Dis-

[1] The township of Calton is in the west division of Staincliffe and Ewcross wapentake.

[2] Viz. Airton, 179; Calton, 79; Hanlith, 42; Kirkby Malhamdale, 219; Malham, 259; Malham Moor, 94; Otterburn, 66; and Scosthorpe, 95. In 1834, the population was returned at 1,138. It may here be observed, that within this parish are situate Malham Cove, Malham Tarn, and Gordale.

[3] In 1818, estimated at 700.

tributed among poor persons not receiving parish relief, on the Wednesday next after Easter week.

Poor's land, 1A. 2R. Rent distributed among the poor of the township of Kirkby.

TOWNSHIPS OF AIRTON, CALTON, AND SCOSTHORPE.

Alice Ellis's charity, by deed, dated 26th September 1709. Rent of 29A. 0R. 38P. of land, for apprenticing poor children. This charity is confined to the Society of Friends.

Airton cattle gates. The rent of a beast gate and a half, is distributed annually among the poor of Airton.

TOWNSHIP OF HANLITH.

Poor's estate. Rent of four acres of land, distributed among the poor.

Edward Wilson's dole, by deed, dated 19th and 20th April 1677. 20*s*. per annum among the poor.

TOWNSHIP OF MALHAM.

School, founded by Rowland Brayshaw, by deed, dated 10th and 11th June 1717, for all the children of the township, as well poor as rich. Endowment: thirteen acres of land, and 107 sheep gates. The school is well attended, and the children are gratuitously instructed in reading, writing, and arithmetic, and in Latin when required.

Mary Hargrave's dole. Interest of 10*l*. to the poor, and rent-charge of 10*s*. per annum, unknown.

TOWNSHIP OF MALHAM MOOR.

Fish's dole. Rent-charge of 15*s*. per annum, to the poor not receiving parish relief.

Richard Chamberlain's charity, by will, dated 16th January 1738. Rent-charge of 30*s*. per annum to the poor. This has not been paid since 1791.—Vide 15th Report, page 701.

Post town, Settle.

Torre's MS., page 447. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 138. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 901. Whitaker's Craven, page 188. Bray's Tour, page 308. Ashmole Catalogue, Nos. 5,101 and 8,518.

LINTON.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Rectory in charge*.)—Area, 11,110 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E.D.—POPULATION, 2,113[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 950; no return of value[1].—The Church of Linton is a Rectory of two medieties, both of which belonged to the patronage of the Lords Grey, of Rotherfeld.

The patronage of the former mediety came to the Crown in the time of Queen Elizabeth, and the other in the time of King James I., and the patronage is exercised by the prime minister.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 16*l*. 13*s*. 4*d*. each mediety, viz. Hugh's part, and the part which was John Grey's, and which in the second taxation are reduced to 13*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*. each. In the King's books, each mediety is valued at 16*l*. per annum; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 208, it is stated: "Two medieties, worth together 120*l*. per annum. The furthest towns not much exceeding a mile from the Church;" and in 1818, the first mediety was certified to be worth 100*l*. and the second 120*l*. per annum.

There was a decree in the Exchequer, in Trinity Term 20th Eliz., as to tithes at Linton and Threshfield, but which is not reported.

"Linton hath two Rectories in the same Church; real value of each about 80*l*. per annum. Endowed with all tithes, hay only excepted, for which a modus of about 2*l*. 10*s*. is paid to each Rector, and 20*s*. more paid to each from a mill within the parish, commonly called a smelt mill, which runs or refines lead ore. This parish is by the neighbouring parish called Burnsall (of which there are two Rectors also), three parts of four surrounded, and we have one-third part of the tithes of two or three towns within the parish of Burnsall paid to us as Rectors of Linton, and also some particular houses within the said parish, and particularly in the town of Burnsall, that pay their tithe of all kinds to us, and for that reason concluded to be of this parish, paying no acknowledgment to the Rectors of Burnsall." Signed, "Ja. Roberts, Rect."—Alter. Med.—Notitia Parochialis, No. 143.

In Dr. Whitaker's Craven, is a cata-

[1] Viz. Grassington, 1,067; Hebden, 491; Linton, 343; and Threshfield, 212. In the townships of Grassington and Hebden, 170 men are employed in lead mines.

[1] Except that "the tithes being in dispute, the incumbent was unable to make any certain return."

logue of the Rectors. The Rector of the first mediety has 15A. of glebe, and the Rector of the second 11A. The incumbents discharge the duty alternately, week by week, and each performs it from his own stall. There is only one pulpit.

Burnsall is supposed to have been taken out of Linton, and one-third of the corn tithe in Burnsall and Thorpe, and a modus of 1*l.* 5*s.* out of Harthington, for corn and hay; 6*s.* 8*d.* out of Appletreewick; and 13*s.* 4*d.* from the demesne of Rilston Hall, and 6*s.* 8*d.* for hay in Thorpe, are still paid to Linton; and one house in Appletreewick is in the parish of Linton.

An Inclosure Act was passed 30th Geo. III.

The glebe house for the second mediety is much too small; the other is fit for residence. Vide return in 1818.—In 1834, the second was returned as fit for residence. No return as to the first.

The Register Books commence in 1562, but are defective to 1609.

The Grange belonged to the Priory of Old Malton.

CHARITIES.—*Hewitt's grammar school*, founded by the will of the Rev. Matthew Hewitt, Rector of the one mediety. It is free to all who apply, in English grammar and classics, paying for instructions in writing and accounts, and there are a considerable number of scholars. The income, arising from rent-charges, is 83*l.* 12*s.* There are four exhibitions of 12*l.* 10*s.* for scholars at St. John's, Cambridge, but seldom made available.

Richard Fountain's Hospital, founded by will, dated 15th July 1721, for six poor old men or women. Women are now always appointed; 20*l.* is paid to the minister for reading prayers twice a week in the hospital, and to the minister for preaching two sermons in Linton Church on Whitsunday 1*l.*; to the poor of Linton, attending to hear divine service on that day 2*l.* 10*s.*; for apprenticing four boys 12*l.*; to nine poor relations of the testator three guineas each half yearly, and three others two guineas each half yearly; to the six poor persons in the almshouse 10*l.* each half yearly; and to the agent for keeping the accounts 10*l.*; and there are other out payments. In 1812, new trustees were appointed by the Court of Chancery. Income arises from the rent of 280A. of land, and there is a rent-charge of 13*s.*

Mrs. Redmaine's charity. Rent of twenty-two acres, to the poor of Linton and Threshfield.

Thomas Beckett's gift. Rent of twenty acres, to the poor of Hebden township.

Robert Ibbotson's gift, by will, dated 30th October 1723, for eight poor widows of Hebden and Grassington. Rent-charge 4*l.*; also rent of nine acres of land, for apprenticing poor children.

Thomas Hammond's gift. Rent-charge of 1*l.* to the poor of Linton and Threshfield.

LOST CHARITIES.—*Mrs. Addison Fountaine's charity*. Dividends on 150*l.* three per cent. consols, to poor people of the parish of Linton, not receiving parochial relief.—Vide 13th Report, page 638.

Henry Bland, by will, dated 25th April 1716. Interest of 25*l.* to the poor of Hebden.

Ann Green's charity, 50*l.* *James Sheepshank's* 10*l.*, and *Thomas Topham's* 10*l.* The whole of the above are now lost.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS. page 505. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 126. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. pages 974. 1645. Whitaker's Craven, page 457.

LONG PRESTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)——Area, 10,090 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, W.D.—POPULATION, 1,501 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient [2]; NET VALUE, 302*l.*——This Church was appropriated to the Abbey of Bolton by Henry, Archbishop of York, and a Vicarage ordained 1303. There was a new ordination in 1307, an augmentation of the Vicarage in 1322, and another ordination in 1455; and it was given, at the Dissolution, to the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, Oxford, who are the present patrons and impropriators.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation, at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, which in the new taxation is reduced to 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* In the King's books, the Vicarage is valued

[1] Viz Hellifield, 250; Long Preston, 808; and Wigglesworth, 443.

[2] Agreeably to the return in 1834. In 1818, the return was 600.

at 10*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 209, it is stated: "Vicarage, 35*l.* per annum. The tithe of corn and wool is impropriate."

"The Vicar hath three oxgangs of land, the tithes of lambs[1] . . . foals, pigs, and pullen, a modus for hay and mills. The corn and wool pertain to Christ College. Annual value, about 60*l.*"—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1064.

Dr. Whitaker gives a list of the Vicars.

6th July 1805, faculty to erect a gallery.

Inclosure Acts were passed 21st Geo. III. (West Halton), and 39th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Registers for baptisms and burials commence in 1584; for marriages in 1563. Some chasms.

CHARITIES.—*James Knowles's Hospital*, founded by will, dated 17th March 1613, for ten poor old people. Income arises from the rent of 43A. 2R. of land, one house, and rent-charge of 17*l.* 10*s.*, out of which 20*s.* is paid to the Vicar for two sermons, 5*s.* to one of the poor men for reading prayers at the Chapel in the Hospital, and 5*s.* to the churchwardens for ornamenting the parish Church. The Vicar is, ex officio, a governor.

John Smith's charity, by will, dated 23rd October 1732. Rent of 8A. 2R. of land and two houses.

Doles and Poor's Funds. Rent-charge of 10*s.* and the interest of two sums of 20*l.* each, donors unknown, out of which 9*s.* is paid towards apprenticing a poor child, and the remainder among poor persons of Long Preston.

TOWNSHIP OF WIGGLESWORTH.

Clarke's and *Hargreave's gifts.* Interest of 15*l.* to poor persons of the township.

Free School, founded by the will of Lawrence Clarke, dated 15th August 1789. The income arises from the dividends of 1,135*l.* 19*s.* 8*d.* three per cent. consols. The Vicar is one of the trustees. Master's salary, 30*l.* About 60 scholars, who are taught gratis in reading, writing, and arithmetic, and a few are occasionally taught Latin.—Vide 15th Report, page 686.

[1] Illegible in MS.

Post town, Settle.

Torre's MS., page 429. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 137. Mon. Angl., vol. ii. page 170. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Whitaker's Craven, page 121.

HAMERTON.—Here was a Chantry at the altar of Saint Anne, which was valued, at the Dissolution, at 4*l.* 7*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

MARTON.—ST. PETER.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,310 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E. D.—POPULATION, 443[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 170[2]; NET VALUE, 150*l.*—This Rectory was anciently of the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Bolton. It is now in the patronage of R. Heber, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the second, at 5*l.*; in the King's books, at 14*l.* 14*s.* 4*d.*; in 1818, at 150*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 208, at 56*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 26th Geo. III.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of Rectors.

The Rectory house is small and mean.—Vide Parliamentary Return in 1818.

The Register Books commence in 1560. Deficient 1637—1639.

CHARITY.—*School*, founded by Frances Green, by deed, dated in 1755, for teaching poor children, and augmented by the will of the Rev. Reginald Heber, dated 19th January 1799. The income arises from the rent of 9A. 0R. 19P. of land, a beast gate on Hayfield, and the interest of 56*l.*—Vide 21st Report, page 611.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS., page 485. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 133. Whitaker's Craven, page 72.

MITTON[3].—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 18,540 acres.

[1] The population in 1834 was returned at 500.

[2] In 1818, estimated at 200.

[3] The parish of Mitton is partly in the Lower Division of Blackburne hundred (Lancashire).

Staincliffe wapentake, W. D.—POPULATION, 5,277[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 800; NET VALUE, 153*l.*—A Vicarage, appropriated to the Abbey of Cockersand. Ecton and Bacon both fall into the error of stating this to have been appropriated to the Abbey of St. Mary's.

Patron, T. Aspinall, Esq.

Impropriator, T. Weld, Esq.

A Vicarage was ordained in 1338; but on the 21st of June 1438, a composition between the Rector, Vicar, and inhabitants was made, &c. Reg. John Kempe, page 181. Previous to which, viz., 7th June 1401, there had been a new ordination of the Vicarage. Reg. Ric. de Scrope, fo. 33. Ducarel's MSS. —For the particulars of the two ordinations and compositions, see Torre's MS.

Apud Lond., 9th Kal. Maii, anno W. G., 40, viz., A.D. 1256.—Whereas the Abbot and Convent of Kokersand had presented William de Rotherfield, their Clerk, to the Church of Mitton, whose presentation Sir Ralf de Mitton, Knight, opposed; but the King sent to the Archbishop of York his letters in these words, the tenor whereof being, viz.:—

That the said Ralf de Mytton had arraigned an Assize of Darien presentment in the King's Court at Westminster against the Abbot of Kokersand, touching the Advowson of the Church of Mitton; which the said Ralfe, coming into Court, acknowledged the right thereof to belong to the said Abbot and the Church of Kokersand, and so rendered up the same to them in open Court.

Test. R. de Thurkilby, apud Westminster, 22nd Apl., 39 H. III. Which letters the Archbishop having received and inspected, did thereupon institute the said William their Clerk, then presented by the Abbot and Convent of Kokersand to the Church of Mytton.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 53*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the new taxation, at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 14*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.*; in 1818, at 140*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 184, it is stated: "Vicarage, 22*l.* per annum, including twenty marks paid by the impropriator. For want of a painful ministry, most of the inhabitants are professed recusants." The Commissioners recommended that the Chapelries at Chaighley and Bailey be made parochial.—It does not appear that there are now Chapels in those towns.

Augmented in 1823, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Rev. J. Wilson, the Vicar, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees; and in 1830, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from John Aspinall, Esq., the patron.

There was a Chantry in this Church.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

17th November 1815, faculty to erect a gallery.

An Inclosure Act was passed 52nd Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1611.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIPS OF AIGHTON BAILEY AND CHAIGHLEY.—*Edward Pickering's charity*, by will, dated 16th September 1746. Rent of 7A., distributed in sums of 7*s.* and under to poor persons not receiving parochial relief.

John Richmond's charity, by will, dated 30th July 1769. Interest of 50*l.* for clothing poor children and old people, expended in the purchase of linen cloth, which is given away every two years.

Chaighley Free School, founded by Helen Haighton, by deed, dated 21st September 1795, and placed under the management of Dissenters who agree in doctrinal points with the Church of England, and use the Church Catechism. Endowment: 16A. 3R. of land. About 20 scholars of both sexes, and about 50 Sunday scholars.

William Parkinson's gift, by will, dated 21st September 1817. Rent of a house at Ribchester, applied towards the support of the Sunday school.

Sir Nicholas Shireburn's charities.—Almshouses, school, and other charities, founded by deed, dated 19th and 20th July 1706. The heirs male of Sir Nicholas, and, in default thereof, the owners and possessors of the mansion house

[1] Viz. Bashall Eaves, 310; West Bradford, 522; Grindleton, 1,103; Mitton, 262; Aighton Bailey and Chaighley (Lancashire), 1,980; Laund Old Booth, 476; and Waddington, 624.—In 1834, the population was returned at 2,552, but which probably excludes the Chapelries.

at Stonyhurst, were appointed special visitors; and therefore the Commissioners could make no inquiries.

TOWNSHIP OF BASHALL EAVES.

Rents-charge of 20*s*. each per annum to the poor.

TOWNSHIP OF MITTON AND CROOK.

Rent-charge, 30*s*. per annum to the poor.

William Parkinson's gift, by will, dated 21st September 1817. Interest of 270*l*. Two-thirds on St. Thomas's day to the poor of Mitton and Crook, and the remainder for the support of a Sunday school at Mitton.—Vide 15th Report, page 704.

Post town, Clitheroe.

Torre's MS., page 565. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 139. Whitaker's Craven, page 19. Whitaker's Whalley, page 447.

BAILEY.—There was a Chapel at Beyle, in the parish of Mitton, wherein was a Chantry founded to the honour of St. John the Baptist by Henry de Clyderowe.—Vide Torre's MS., page 572.

GRINDLETON.—(*Parish of Mitton. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Staincliffe wapentake, W.D.—POPULATION, 1,103, vide Mitton; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300[1]; NET VALUE, 85*l*.

Patron, the Vicar of Mitton.

Certified value in 1707, 4*l*. 3*s*.; and in 1818, 95*l*. per annum. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 185, it is stated: "The township or 'Lay Monastery' of Sawley to be annexed, and Grindleton made a distinct parish."

This Cure was augmented in 1741, with 200*l*.; in 1776, with 200*l*.; in 1785, with 200*l*.; in 1799, with 200*l*.; in 1813, with 200*l*. from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1823, with 200*l*. from the same grant—all by lot.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Easter Term, 24th Eliz.

An Inclosure Act was passed in the 52nd Geo. III.

7th June 1803, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Chapel; and on the 4th April 1805, the new Chapel was consecrated.

[1] In 1818, the return was 350.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1774. Marriages are celebrated at Mitton.

CHARITIES.—*School*. Endowment: cottage and two roods of land, and moiety of rent-charge of 4*l*. 10*s*., under the will of Henry Robinson. The children are taught reading, writing, and arithmetic, at a moderate quarterage.

Poor's Estate. Twelve acres. Rent applied in aid of the poor's rate.

Customary Payments. Rent-charges of 13*s*., 9*s*., and 2*s*., also applied in aid of the poor's rate.

Poor's Cottages. Six tenements (now four) occupied by poor people.

Parker's gift. 13*l*. to the poor. This sum has been laid out in repairing a barn on the poor's estate.

Henry Robinson's gift, by will, in 1717. Moiety of rent-charge of 4*l*. 10*s*. per annum to the poor.—Vide 15th Report, page 707.

Post town, Clitheroe.

Torre's MS., page 572. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. page 139. Whitaker's Craven, page 39. Whitaker's Whalley, page 453.

WADDINGTON.—ST. HELEN.—(*Parish of Mitton. Perpetual Curacy.*) Staincliffe wapentake, W.D.—POPULATION, 624, vide Mitton[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 700; NET VALUE, 122*l*.—The Chapel was endowed (as by composition between the Vicar of Mitton, Sir J. Tempest, Knight, and others) A.D. 1438, but not improbably founded long before.—History of Craven, page 24.

Patron and impropriator, T. Parker, Esq.

Valued in the King's books at 2*l*. 8*s*. 8*d*. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 185, it is stated to be worth "about twenty marks per annum in glebe, 3*l*. 9*s*. crown rent, and 1*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*. by the impropriator;" and recommended to be made a distinct parish;—and in 1818, at 122*l*. 18*s*. 4*d*. per annum.

Augmented in 1739, with 200*l*., to meet a benefaction of 200*l*. from John

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 1,400.

Parker, Esq.; and in 1794, with 200*l.*, by lot.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Easter Term, 24th Eliz.

A Chantry is mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

21st April 1825, faculty to re-roof and improve the Chapel.

26th July 1834, ditto to erect a gallery.

An Inclosure Act was passed 52nd Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1616.

CHARITIES.—*The Hospital*, for poor widows, founded by Robert Parker, gentleman, by deed, dated 25th September 1701, augmented by his will, dated 17th June 1716, and regulated by Act of Parliament passed in 1825. Twenty-six widows have houses, with plots of garden-ground; each receives 24*l.* per annum, the Chaplain 60*l.* per annum, and three guineas for a sermon on the 13th June in every year. The widows to be appointed from that part of Whitewell, in the parish of Whalley, which is within the county of York, and the townships of Waddington cum Bradford and Grindleton; and in case of failure of widows within those places, then within Slaidburn and Newton. Endowment: 280A. 2R. 27P. of land.

Rent-charge, 30*s.* per annum, and also the interest of 20*l.* Both sums are applied in the purchase of blue cloth, which is distributed among children and poor women not receiving parochial relief.

Simon Chapman's gift, by will, dated 27th March 1734. 7*s.* per annum to the poor, at the discretion of the minister.—Vide 15th Report, page 709.

Post town, Clitheroe.

Torre's MS., page 572. Whitaker's Craven, page 24. Whitaker's Whalley, page 453.

SKIPTON.—HOLY TRINITY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 26,760 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E.D., and Upper Claro.—POPULATION, 6,193 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,364 [1]; NET VALUE, 185*l.*—This Church was appropriated to Bolton Abbey, to which it had been given by William de Meschines and Cicily de Romeli, his wife; and, at the Dissolution, it was given to the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, Oxford, who are the present patrons and impropriators.

A Vicarage was ordained 16th September, A.D. 1326. Dr. Whitaker gives the purport of this endowment.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation, at 30*l.*; in the second, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and the Vicarage at 8*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage at 10*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 211, it is stated: "The impropriate Rectory is worth about 150*l.* per annum, and the Vicarage 24*l.*"

Augmented in 1718, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Earl of Thanet; in 1830, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Dean and Chapter of Christ Church, Oxford; and in 1832, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Rev. J. Pering, the Vicar, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees.

"The Church is endowed with part of the small tithes. There is a discretional benefaction of 20*l.* per annum given by the Earl of Thanet. A library, of indifferent value, is settling by Silvester Pettyt, Esq. of Barnard's Inn. The value of the Vicarage is between 30*l.* and 40*l.* per annum." Signed, "Roger Mitton, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 856.

Dr. Whitaker gives a list of the Vicars.

27th April 1719, faculty to new pew the Church.

7th December 1786, ditto to erect a gallery.

26th November 1802, ditto to erect an organ and gallery.

28th July 1835, ditto to erect an additional gallery.

Inclosure Acts were passed 7th Geo. III. (Tarn Moor), 7th Geo. III. (Halton Green), and 13th Geo. III.

[1] Viz. Barden, 214; part of Beamsley, 207 (the other part is in Addingham parish); Bolton Abbey, 112; Draughton, 223; Embsay with Eastby, 891; East Halton with Bolton, 144; Hazlewood and Storith, 221; and Skipton, 4,181.—The parish of Skipton extends into Upper Claro wapentake. In the townships of Embsay and Skipton, upwards of 100 men are employed in stone quarries.

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 2,300.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1592. No entries of burials, 1644—1648.

CHARITIES.—*Free Grammar School*, founded by William Ermystead, Clerk, 2nd Edw. VI. Endowment: 287A. 0R. 9P. of land, houses, (of which 83A. and the houses are occupied by the master), rent-charge of 3*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.* per annum, 719*l.* new fours, and 150*l.* at interest. It was decided by the Court of King's Bench, in the cause Withnell *v.* Gartham, 6th Term Reports, p. 388, that the power of appointing the schoolmaster was well executed by the Vicar and a majority of the Churchwardens: in case of neglect to appoint, lapse to Lincoln College, Oxford. The school was reported to be properly conducted, and about seventy boys gratuitously instructed.

The Clerk's School. The deeds are lost. The sum of 12*l.* per annum rent-charge, being the only known income, is paid to the parish clerk for teaching the national school.—Vide 17th Report, page 778.

TOWNSHIP OF SKIPTON.

The Earl of Cumberland's gift. Rent of 4A. 1R. 5P. of land, bought with 50*l.* given about 1643. Distributed among the poor.

Lord Craven's gift, by will, dated 28th May 1647. Rent of 10A. 1R. 22P. of land, and interest of 50*l.*, distributed among the poor at Christmas.

Elizabeth Newby's dole. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum, distributed among poor persons not receiving parochial relief.

Jackman's gift. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum for the aged poor.

Mrs. Parker's gift. Interest of 30*l.*, distributed in bread on the last Sunday in every month.

Catherine Priest's gift, by will, dated 9th July 1784. Interest of 30*l.*, to be given in bread on the second Sunday in the month.

Robert Robinson's gift, by will, dated 5th February 1801. Interest of 89*l.* 7*s.* for one poor industrious person whose legal settlement is in the township of Skipton, not having less than three children, and who has not received parochial relief within one year before. No person to receive the benefit more than once.

TOWNSHIP OF BARDEN AND DRAUGHTON.

Newby's dole. 5*s.* per annum among the poor not receiving parochial relief.

TOWNSHIP OF EMBSAY WITH EASTBY.

Poor's Land. Rent of six acres of land, given on St. Thomas's day in sums of 10*s.* and under.

TOWNSHIP OF EAST HALTON.

Gott's dole. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum, to the poor.

Poor's Land. Rent of 5A. 2R. of land, distributed on St. Thomas's day among the poor.

TOWNSHIP OF STIRTON WITH THORLBY.

Newby's dole. 5*s.* per annum to the poor.—Vide 13th Report, page 642.

Beamsley Hospital, founded by Margaret, Countess of Cumberland, 16th March, 35th Elizabeth, for thirteen poor women, called the mother and twelve sisters, who are appointed by Earl Thanet. The mother is paid 18*l.* per annum, and the sisters are each paid 16*l.* per annum. A reader, appointed by Earl Thanet, reads the prayers on a Sunday and on three other days in the week, for which he receives 20*l.* a year. A clergyman also administers the sacrament four times a year, for which he receives 50*s.* per annum, and to the steward, for keeping the accounts, &c., 28*l.* The income arises from the rent of 229A. 1R. 26P. of land and dividends, on 449*l.* 8*s.* 9*d.* navy fives; and at the time of the Report, there was 234*l.* 12*s.* 7*d.* in hand.—Vide 3rd Report, page 507.

TOWNSHIP OF HAZLEWOOD WITH STORITH.

School. Endowment: 15*l.* per annum from Silvester Petyt's charity. A considerable number of children are instructed gratis in reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism. 1*s.* is paid for entrance.

Thomas Holmes's gift. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum to the poor of Hazlewood.

William Frankland's dole, by will, dated 19th August 1574. 3*l.* per annum, paid by the Clothworkers' Company in London, among the industrious poor who support their own families.—Vide 4th Report, page 438.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 419. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 123 and 344. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 201. Burton's Monasticon, page 119. Whitaker's Craven, page 223. Gent's Ripon, page 37. Bray's Tour, page 311. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 388. Gilbert's Liber Scholast., page 309.

SKIPTON CASTLE.—The Castle and Lordship of Skipton was the inheritance of Robert de Romeli, and, by Alice, his daughter and heiress, came to the Courtneys, then to the Earls of Aumarle, and, for default of heirs of that noble family, came escheated to the Crown, and by Edward II. was granted to Robert, Lord Clifford, and 1st Edward IV. granted to Sir W. Stanley, Knight, in special tail.

The Rectory in the Castle was valued, at the Dissolution, at 4*l.* 8*s.* per annum; and the Chantry at the altar of St. Mary at 4*l.* per annum.

BOLTON.—ST. MARY AND ST. CUTHBERT.—(*Parish of Skipton. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Staincliffe wapentake, E.D.—POPULATION, 112[1], vide Skipton; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient[2]; NET VALUE, 111*l.*

Patron and impropriator, the Duke of Devonshire.

Valued in 1707, at 32*l.* 10*s.*; and in 1818, at 46*l.* 1*s.* 11*d.* per annum.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 212, the Commissioners remark that there is "A spacious Church of the late dissolved Priory at Bolton, four miles distance from Skipton, but no profits belonging to it. We think, in regard of the distance of Bolton from Skipton Church, and the many inhabitants in Bolton, that it be made a parish, and the township of Halton, part of the same parish, and within the constablery of Bolton, be annexed thereto, it being nearer Bolton, and both will make a sufficient congregation."

Augmented in 1814, with 1,200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; in 1816, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Rev. William Carr, the incumbent, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees; and in 1817, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the said Rev. William Carr, the Incumbent.

Dr. Whitaker, in his History of Craven, gives a detailed account of the charities and Church, with plates of the Abbey, &c.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1689.

CHARITIES.—*The Free School* of the Hon. Robert Boyle, founded by the Earl of Burlington, by deed, dated 29th June 1700. Endowment: 53A. 2R. 35P. of land, some cottages, and a rent-charge of 20*l.* per annum. All children in the neighbourhood, if the parents desire it, are regularly instructed in the Latin and Greek tongues. Between twenty-five and thirty children are gratuitously taught reading, writing, and arithmetic.

Cumberland's dole. 3*l.* per annum to poor housekeepers not receiving parochial relief.

Earl of Burlington's charity. Rent-charge, 5*l.* per annum to the master of Bolton school. Vide Boyle's Free School.—Vide 3rd Report, pages 253 (Appendix) and 509.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS., page 597. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. i. pages 123 and 337. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 201. Whitaker's Craven, page 368. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 386.

PRIORY.—The Austin Canons' Priory of Bolton was founded in 1220 by William de Meschines and Cecily de Romeli, his wife, Baroness of Skipton.

SLAIDBURN.—ST. ANDREW.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 35,560 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, W.D.[1]—POPULATION, 2,409[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 700[3]; NET VALUE, 336*l.*

[1] In 1834, returned at 843.

[2] According to the return in 1834 (for 843). In 1818, returned at 815.

[1] Part of Bowland Forest, called Whitewell, containing 2,890 acres, is said to extend into Whalley parish, in the lower division of Blackburn hundred, (Lancashire,) and is there entered.

[2] Viz. Bowland Forest, High, 177; Bowland Forest, Low, 344; Easington, 424; Newton, 544; and Slaidburn, 920. In 1834, the population was returned at 2,065.

[3] In 1818, returned at 1,000.

Patron, the Rev. H. Wigglesworth.

It appears from Torre, that the Church was given by Hugh de la Val, Lord of Pontefract, to the Priory of Pontefract, and thus continued a Rectory of their patronage till 24th August 1456, when the Priory granted the advowson to Laurence Bothe, clerk, Nic. Byron, Robert Clifton, and Seth de Wortley, Esqs. and they, as patrons thereof, gave it to the Chantry of St. Catherine, in the Church of Eccles, in the diocese of Lichfield and Coventry, to whom it was appropriated, and a Vicarage endowed, of which Torre gives the particulars; but he observes, that notwithstanding such ordination, he could find but one institution of a Vicar, viz. Wm. Johnson, 16th January 1507.

Dr. Whitaker gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation at 20*l.*, nova tax 16*l.*; in the King's books at 28*l.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 182, it is stated: "Rectory, 130*l.* A Church to be built at Chapel House, near Rushton Grange, where a Chapel hath formerly been, as it is believed, and Daleheads, Gradell and Steene Moor to be made a parish."

"The Rector is entitled to the tithes of wheat, barley, oats, and other grain, arising on Raingill farm, in the township of Easington, in the said parish, in kind."—Wilson *v.* Maston. 4 Wood, page 89.

Ecton and Bacon mention a Chapel dedicated to St. Peter, and valued at 4*l.* in the King's books; but such Chapel is not noticed in the Visitation Call; and on inquiry at the Visitation in 1833, it appears there is no such Chapel in existence.

There was a Chapel at Hamerton, in this parish, wherein was a Chantry, founded by Stephen de Hamerton, in 1332, for the souls of said Stephen, and of Richard his father, and of Agnes his mother.

25th October 1740, faculty granted to take down the pulpit and reading-desk, and erect new ones.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books for baptisms commence in 1662; for burials, in 1653; and for marriages, in 1654.

Charities.—*The free school*, founded by John Brannard, by will, dated 11th May 1717. The master and usher are required to be in orders. The school is free for any boys in the parish or neighbourhood to be instructed gratis in the learned languages, or in the English grammar only, at the option of their parents. A small charge is made for teaching writing and accounts. The endowment consists of a rent-charge of 80*l.* per annum, viz. 50*l.* for the master and 30*l.* for the usher.

Dale Head school. Endowed in 1732, by William Clayton. The school is free to all children of Dale Head, who are taught English gratuitously, but a charge is made for writing and arithmetic. Income: interest of the dividends on 367*l.* 10*s.* 3*d.* new four per cents.

Newton school. John Brabbin, by will, dated 21st April 1767, founded a Quaker's school, and directed that six Newton children, male or female, not Quakers, should be taught Latin, English, and arithmetic, freely.

Christopher Raingill's charity, by grant, about 1684. 31a. 2r. of land. The rent is applied in the same way as the rent of the poor's land.

Poor's land, 56a. The rent had been often applied in aid of the poor's rate, but the Commissioners recommended that it be given among the poor who do not receive parochial relief.

Thomas Forster's charity, by will, in 1692. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum, for the poor of Slaidburn.—Vide 15th Report, page 714.

Post town, Clitheroe.

Torre's MS. page 587. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 143. Whitaker's Craven, page 27. Whitaker's Whalley, page 447.

THORNTON IN CRAVEN.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 6,710 acres. Staincliffe wapentake, E.D.[1]—Population, 2,246; Church-room, 600; Net value, 248*l.*—An ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Lords Ross, of Hamluc; and from them, of divers others, till it came to the Listers, of Thornton.

[1] The township of Tathamfell, in the parish of Tatham, in the county of Lancaster is said to be connected with this parish.

The present patron is Sir J. L. Lister Kaye, Bart.

30th Nov. 1476, a commission issued out to appropriate this Church, then of the patronage of Sir John Pilkington, Knt., to Fountains Abbey, which had the patronage thereof, by the gift of the said Sir John. The appropriation, however, does not appear to have taken place.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation at 20*l.*; in the second, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books at 19*l.* 5*s.* 2½*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 210, at 50*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 59th Geo. III.

Dr. Whitaker gives an account of the monuments and catalogue of the Rectors.

9th November 1792, faculty to erect a gallery.

The Register books commence in 1566, but there is a chasm from 1645 to 1654.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt under faculty, dated 19th January 1754.

CHARITIES.—*The free school*, founded by Robert Windle, by will, before 1623, for the support of a master, to teach Latin, and instruct the youth within the parish. Income: 20*l.* per annum rent-charge.

Rachel Smith's almshouses, founded in 1815. Income: dividends on 2000*l.*

Viscountess Lumley's charity. See General School and Charities for this county.—Vide 16th Report, page 437.

Post town, Skipton.

Torre's MS. page 441. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. i. page 173. Whitaker's Craven, page 101.

ARCHDEACONRY OF THE EAST RIDING.

DEANERY OF BUCKROSE.

ACKLAM, OR EAST ACKLAM.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,130 acres. Buckrose wapentake.[1]——POPULATION, 827[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 108*l.*

Patron and impropriator, the Chancellor of the Church of York.

Earl Siward had nine carucates and a half here. Two vassals had it of the King at the time of Domesday Survey. There was then two ploughs and a Church.

The Church was given by William de Scurs to the Priory of Thornton on Humber.

Archbishop Walter Grey purchased this Church of the Priory of Thornton, and on the 3rd March 1223, annexed it to the Chancellorship of the Church of York for ever, together with all the spiritual jurisdiction belonging thereto, and freed it from all episcopal customs or exactions whatever.

Mr. Torre is silent as to any endowment of the Vicarage, but he mentions a composition as to the tithes of Barthrop, where it appears there was then a Chapel.

The Priory of Bridlington had large possessions within this parish, which are specified by Burton, and on the Non. October 1273, a composition was made between the Priory and the Chancellor as to the tithes of wool and lamb on the lands belonging to the monastery. They had also the manor, which was given to them by the Lords Ross. The Nuns of Marrick had also an annual rent out of Acklam.

Valued in the King's books at 5*l.*; in 1707, at 24*l.* 13*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 147, (Rectory) 151, (Vicarage) 431, it is stated: "Composition of 40*s.* out of Barthropp. Great tithes of some closes, and all small tithes (20*l.*) Vicarage worth 20*l*;" and in 1818, at 130*l.* per annum.

"The Vicarage is only endowed with part of the tithe hay, the old enclosure, Easter reckonings, and privy tithes. An augmentation of 6*l.* per annum, made at the Restoration; annual value 25*l.* per annum. The Rectory is farmed for above 123*l.* per annum." Signed, "Joseph Ellynthorp, Vic. of Acclam."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 455.

Inclosure Acts were passed 9th and 44th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1716.—Vide earlier transcripts in the Peculiar Registry.

CHARITIES.—*Frances Barker's charity*, by will, dated in 1729. Rent of about one acre of land at Leavening, paid to a schoolmaster, for teaching five poor children to read and write.

[1] And partly in the west division of Langbarugh. The townships of Acklam with Barthorpe and Leavening, are partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Acklam with Barthorpe 371, and Leavening 354. Population of the parish only returned at 300 in 1834.

William Hudson's gift, about 1759. Interest of 5*l.* given at Christmas to the poor. Now paid out of the rates.

John Smith's or *Smithson's charity*, in 1681. Two rents-charge of 20*s.* each; one to be paid on his tombstone on St. John the Baptist's day, and the other at the same place on St. John the Evangelist's day, to the poor of the two townships.—Vide 9th Report, page 715.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 513. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 130. Burton's Mon. pages 29. 61, 62. 213. 227. 269. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Aclun, Laclum, or Achelum, Cleuinde) pages 29. 83. 227. 235.

BIRDSALL.—ST. MARY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 3,650 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 244[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 40*l.*—Archbishop Sharp thought this was one of Walter Espec's Churches, and appropriated to his Priory of Kirkham, within two miles of this place, and was served by one of their Canons.

Patron and impropriator, the Marquis of Hertford.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; new taxation 10*l.*; in 1707, the Cure was valued at 15*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 431, it is stated: "The minister is paid 10*l.* by the impropriator;" and in 1818, at 49*l.* per annum.

This Church was recently rebuilt by Lord Middleton.

Augmented in 1771 with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1827, with 200*l.*; in 1832, with 200*l.*; and in 1834, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

Decrees were made in the Exchequer, in Mich. Term, 43rd Elizabeth, and in Mich. Term, 1st Anne, as to tithes, but which are unreported.

No glebe house.

The Register books commence in 1568. A chasm for 1685 and 1686.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Seller's charity.* One fourth part of a rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum for the poor. Paid by Earl Fitzwilliam. Date of gift not stated.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 240.

Rothwell's, *Willoughby's*, and *Walter Crompton's doles.* Two rent-charges of 10*s.* each, given among the poor.—Vide 9th Report, page 716.

Post town, Malton.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 118. Bodleian MS. No. 5101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Briteshale or Breddale) pages 48. 83. 203. 224. 233.

BUGTHORPE.—ST. ANDREW.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,990 acres. Buckrose wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 300[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 280[3]; NET VALUE, 111*l.*

Patron and impropriator, the Prebendary of the Cathedral of York.

The Prebendary hath the manor and twenty-two oxgangs of demesne land, each worth one mark per annum; also two marks rent out of a certain mill, and hath jurisdiction of the whole town.

The monks of Roche had two acres of land here.

Mr. Torre gives no account of the ordination of the Vicarage, but notices an augmentation made in the time of Henry VI. by the Prebendary of 1*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Valued in the King's Books at 12*l.*; in 1707, at 19*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 433—460, it is stated: "Vicarage, 13*l.* Garraby to be taken from Kirkby Grindalyth, and added to this parish. The tithes of wool and lamb, Easter book, and all small tithes, worth 6*l.* per annum;" and in 1818, at 95*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1760 with 200*l.*, and in 1804 with 200*l.*,—both by lot.

Torre gives a catalogue of Vicars, commencing in 1349.

"Bugthorpe is a Vicarage, pays 1*l.* 4*s.* yearly to the Queen. We cannot find the endowment. The Vicar hath a house and garth, and church-yard, scarce worth valuing, together with a small parcel of glebe land in two fields, as also a horse gate, two beast gates, with common pasture, with three beast gates in

[1] Partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] In 1834, the population was stated to be only 273.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 300.

an east field, viz. pasture ground, price 40*s.* a year, tithe wool and lamb, and other small tithes, and the Easter book, belong to the Vicar. There is an augmentation of 5*l.* per annum made by Dr. Burton, and Dr. Wyrell has promised 3*l.* more on the next renewal of the Prebendal lease. The Vicarage is worth 18*l.* a year." Signed, "Thos. Watson, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,222.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1661. The first book contains several loose sheets.

CHARITIES.—*Wood's dole*, vide Pocklington. The yearly sum of 3*s.* 4*d.* is received by the overseers, and distributed with the Communion money.

Poor's money. The sum of 11*l.* is in the hands of the overseers of the poor for the time being, at five per cent. interest. From what source the money was derived is not known. The interest is laid out in coals for the poor.—Vide 11th Report, page 717.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS., (Peculiars) page 607. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Buchetorp), pages 48, 213. Burton's Monast., page 320.

BURYTHORPE.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)——Area, 1,020 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 211; CHURCH-ROOM, 150[1]; NET VALUE, 270*l.*—This Church was a Rectory, in the patronage of the Priory of Kirkham, and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 8*l.* and in his new taxation at 4*l.*; in the King's books at 6*l.* 16*s.*; Synodals, 2*s.* 6*d.*, Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii., page 431, at 40*l.* per annum.

"In Oliver's time, the freeholders inclosed the parish, and in lieu of the glebe, which lay dispersed in arable fields, they gave other, but the worth of the living is much impaired thereby. The Church is endowed with all things that are titheable. The yearly value of the Rectory is about 50*l.*" Signed, "Thos. Clarke, Rector."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 37.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, "being a mere hut;" and in 1834, unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1721. Chasm 1752—1758.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Seller's charity.* Vide Birdsall. One-fourth part of a rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum for the poor.

Unknown rents-charge. 8*s.* and 3*s.* per annum, distributed among poor widows about Easter.—Vide 9th Report, page 717.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS. page 835. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 117. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Bergetorp), pages 32. 83. 123. 214. 234.

COWLAM[1].—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 1,930 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 49[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 50; NET VALUE, 30*l.*—This Church, at the time of the Domesday Survey, belonged to the Archbishop, with half a carucate of land. It was long in the patronage of the Grimstones, Knights, and since of the Barnards, who first presented in 1617. In 1736 Sir George Caley presented, and in 1757 the Foords first presented.

Patron, the Rev. T. F. F. Bowes.

Thomas de Crohum gave two oxgangs of land and a croft here to Bridlington Priory.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 8*l.*, and in his new taxation at 5*l.*; in the King's books at 11*l.* 11*s.* 2*d.*; Synodals and Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*, and Thraves, 1*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 423, at 70*l.*; and in 1818 at 30*l.* per annum.

This appears to have been formerly a Village of much greater extent.

18th May 1713.—Faculty granted to contract the Chancel (then very ruinous) into the length of two yards and a half, on certificate "that such contraction would be no prejudice to the Church or parishioners, whether in respect of the beauty of the former or convenience of the latter, the Chancel being then much ruined, and much larger than it is

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned as sufficient for the then population of 217.

[1] Alias Collume.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 52.

probable there ever will be parishioners to communicate therein; but on the contrary, the contracting the same, it being very large, will be a benefit to the living, which is not worth 30*l.* per annum, and no prejudice at all to the decency or conveniency of the said Church, the parish being depopulated, and no houses now being left therein, nor any inhabitants save two shepherds, who are hired servants, and keep no families to resort to the said Church."

22nd September 1735, faculty granted to take down the steeple and contract the dimensions of the Church.

No glebe house.

There is no Register of baptisms prior to 1813. No service is performed in the Church. Burials and marriages take place at the Churches of the adjoining parishes.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Sledmere.

Torre's MS., page 819. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 124. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Colnun), pages 33. 48. 123. Burton's Mon. page 222.

FRIDAYTHORPE.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,070 acres. Buckrose wapentake[1]. — POPULATION, 283; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 112*l.*

Patron and impropriator, the Prebendary of Wetwang in York Cathedral.

The Prebendary of Fridaythorpe had anciently some jurisdiction within the parish, but none such is now exercised.

The Prebendary of Fridaythorpe, alias Tang, hath here one capital messuage and twenty-two tenements, and forty-four oxgangs of land, and jurisdiction over his tenants, but the Church of Fridaythorpe belongs to the Prebend of Wetwang, where there is a Vicarage endowed[2], to which, in 1401, an augmentation of four oxgangs of land out of the Prebend's glebe was added. Edwin Sandys, son of the Archbishop, made also an augmentation of 12*l.* payable by the lessee of the Prebend.

One tenement and four oxgangs also belonged to a Chantry in York Minster.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 5*l.*; in the King's books at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 435, it is stated: "The parsonage is worth 40*l.* per annum, and belongs to Colonel Sandyes;" and in 1818, the Vicarage was certified at 100*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 50th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1687. No marriage Registers from 1739 to 1755 can be found, but there are transcripts in the Prebendal Registry at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 194. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 131. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Fridaytorp), pages 33. 47. 214.

HELPERTHORPE.—ST. PETER.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,620 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 131; CHURCH-ROOM, 140[1]; NET VALUE, 178*l.*—This was formerly a Chapel annexed to Weaverthorpe, but has since been appropriated to the Church of York, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 19th Kal. Junii 1282. An augmentation of 20*l.* is paid by the Dean and Chapter of York.

Patrons and impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of York.

Valued in the King's books at 4*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.*; Synodals 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 423, and vol. xviii. page 109, at 16*l.* per annum. The Vicarages of Helperthorpe and Weaverthorpe, recommended to be united, being only half a mile distant.

An Inclosure Act was passed 41st Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as fit for residence, but in 1834 as unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1733. Burials take place at Weaverthorpe. Vide transcripts of earlier registers in the Dean and Chapter's Registry at York.

[1] Partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Torre does not give the date of the endowment. The first institution mentioned in his catalogue of Vicars, is dated in 1320.

[1] In 1818, the return was 200.

Parochial Charities.—No return.
Post town, Sledmere.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 567. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Elpetorp), page 48.

KIRKBY GRINDALYTHE[1].—ST. ANDREW.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 7,970 acres. Buckrose wapentake.——POPULATION, 414[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 144[3]; NET VALUE, no return.—This Church was given to the Priory of Kirkham by Walter Espec, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein. No endowment is noticed by Torre: the first Vicar named in his catalogue was instituted in 1305. In 1617, the Toweys became entitled to the presentation; in 1722, it passed to the Osbaldeston family; and in 1772, it came to the Lillingstons, who presented in 1753, 1772, 1781, and 1789.

Sir Tatton Sykes, Bart. is the present patron.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 53*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, new taxation 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 8*l.* 9*s.* 6*d.*; Synodals 4*s.*; Procurations 6*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 420, at 25*l.*; and in 1818, at 80*l.* per annum.

14th July 1718, a faculty was granted to repair and cover the remains of the steeple, (part having been blown down, and it being judged unsafe to rebuild it as high as formerly,) and to repair the body of the Church.

3rd July 1826, faculty to re-roof the Church, and cover it with black Lancashire slate instead of lead, and to re-pew the Church, and make other alterations therein.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, having "only an earthen floor, in which a cottager has a bed, and goes up a ladder into a dark place, where the children sleep." No return in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1722. The marriage registers since 1754, were returned in 1831 as lost. Transcripts are lodged in the Archbishop's Registry at York.

[1] Or Crendale.
[2] Viz. Duggleby, 186; Kirkby Grindalythe, 184; and Thirkleby, 44.
[3] According to the return of 1818. No return in 1834.

Parochial Charities.—No return.
Post town, Sledmere.

Torre's MS. page 777. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 123. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Cerchebi, Dighelibi, Turgilibi), pages 12. 32, 33. 48. 84. 123. 186. 224. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. pages 207. 210. Burton's Monast. page 375. Wood's Tithe Cases, vol. i. page 14, Towers *v.* Pearson.

KIRKBY UNDERDALE.——ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 5,060 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 293[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150[2]; NET VALUE, 867*l.*—This Church was given by Heinegrine, the monk, to St. Mary's Abbey, in whose patronage it continued till it came to the Crown.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 21*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books at 6*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 6*s.* and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 434, at 150*l.* per annum.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1557.

CHARITIES.—*Wood's dole*, vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 4*d.* per year is paid to the overseers, who apply it to the relief of one or more poor widows.

Thomas Ross's charity. 20*s.*, left in 1629. The donation was in the hands of the churchwardens in 1786, but the Commissioners could not ascertain what had since become of the money.—Vide 11th Report, page 717.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. page 765. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 115.

LANGTON. — ST. ANDREW. — (*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,480 acres. Buckrose wapentake.——POPULATION, 341[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 460*l.*—The Church was given to the Priory of Malton by Burga, the wife of William Vescy, and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 290. The population has decreased 42 persons since 1831, in consequence of emigration.
[2] In 1818, estimated at 300.
[3] Viz. Kennythorpe 75, and Langton 266. Kennythorpe is omitted in the return of 1834, 266 being the population stated.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 15*l.* 8*s.* 8*d.*, and in his new taxation at 12*l.* 2*s.*; in the King's Books at 17*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* Synodals 4*s.*, Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 431, it is stated to be then sequestered and without a minister.

An Inclosure Act was passed 28th Geo. III. (Little Langton.)

20th February 1821, faculty granted to repair the Church.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as fit for residence, but was returned in 1834 unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITY.—*Thomas Seller's charity.* Vide Birdsall. One half of a rent-charge of 40*s.*, viz. 10*s.* for the poor of Langton, and 10*s.* for the poor of Kennythorpe.—Vide 9th Report, page 718.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 789. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 120. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Langeton, or Lentune,) pages 27. 95. 97. 203. Burton's Monasticon, page 274.

NORTH GRIMSTON.——SAINT NICHOLAS.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,350 acres. Buckrose wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 158[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 160*l.*—At the time of the Domesday Survey, Walchelin, a knight, held Grimston under the Archbishop.

The Abbot and Convent of St. Mary's, in York, had the most land in Grimstone, for King William Rufus gave them four carucates and a half there, and Ordo de Balistariis the same number; also Robert de Musters four carucates, and Robert de Middleham four oxgangs. Twelve oxgangs of land were, by Galfrid de Elton, given to the Dean and Chapter of York.

The Prebendary of Langtoft has his manor in Grimston, and ten oxgangs of land on demesne, and four bond tenants holding as many tenements and eighteen oxgangs of land; also eight acres of Forland, and jurisdiction over them all.

The Church was given by Robert de Monasteris to St. Mary's Abbey, but afterwards became part of the possessions of the Prebendary of Langtoft, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 26th June 1408.

The Prebendary is the patron.

Valued in the King's Books at 6*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 423, at 25*l.* per annum.

"The Vicarage is endowed with all tithe of hay, wool, and lamb, and privy tithes. 3*l.* per annum augmentation, by Rev. Dr. Timothy Thursecross, for ever, about twenty-seven years ago. We have a very useful library, given and bequeathed to the Vicars for ever, by the above said Timothy Thursecross. Yearly value about 40*l.*" Signed, "Marm. Flathers, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,008.

An Inclosure Act was passed 32nd Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1686.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Langley's dole*, left by will, before 1720. Rent-charge of 2*l.* 6*s.* per annum, distributed at Christmas among widows and other poor.

Rev. Mr. Penston's gift. Interest of 5*l.*, also distributed at Christmas.—Vide 9th Report, page 717.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., (Peculiars,) page 642. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 133. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Grimstone,) pages 32. 48. 204. 215. 224. 234. For the Benefactions of Books to the Vicar, see Kennet's Cases of Impropriations, page 288.

NORTON.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,510 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION[1], 1,425; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 120*l.*—Norton with Welham formed a portion of the fee of Hugh, the son of Baldric. At the time of the Survey, there was a Church, a priest, and a mill. The manor is one of the very few which were returned of the same value as in the time of King Edward the Confessor. William de Percy gave three oxgangs of land at Norton to Thickhed Nunnery, and Adam de Rainavill and William Folliot gave a mill at Norton to Nostel Priory.

[1] Partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 150.

[1] Norton, Sutton, and Welham.

The Church was appropriated to the Priory of Malton, and served by one of their Canons, and therefore there was probably no Vicarage endowed.

Torre is silent, merely giving "Norton juxta Malton, Cap."

Patrons, the representatives of Thomas Ewbank, Esq.

Impropriators, several proprietors.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 8*l.*; new taxation, 5*l.*; in 1707, the Cure was valued at 9*l.* 4*s.* 1*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 430, at 10*l.*

Augmented in 1743, with 200*l.*; and in 1767, with 200*l*, both by lot; in 1811, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Rev. J. Richardson, the Incumbent, and 100*l.* from Robert Brown, Esq.; in 1816, with 800*l.*; and in 1826, with 200*l.*, both from the same grant, by lot.

An Inclosure Act for Sutton was passed 9th Geo. III.

10th August 1813, faculty to rebuild the gallery.

28th June 1814, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Church.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "two small bad cottages only." In 1834, the return was, "no glebe."

The Register Books commence in 1560.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 793. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 121. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 781. 974. Burton's Monasticon, pages 280. 306. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Nortone, Sudtune, Wéllun), pages 31. 63. 186. 204.

HOSPITAL.—The Hospital of St. Nicholas, in Norton, was founded early in the reign of Henry II. by Roger de Flamvill, and put under the Canons of Malton.

RILLINGTON.—ST. ANDREW.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 5,300 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 955[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[2]; NET VALUE, 105*l.*—This Church, together with half a carucate of land, was given to the Abbey of Byland by William de Kaytona, son of Durand de Clyne, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1230. On the 22nd November, A.D. 1344, a new ordination of the Vicarage was made. William de Augoteby gave them the right of patronage to both medieties, and on the 5th November, 10th Edward I., the King confirmed the same.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriator, Dr. Simpson.

The medieties, viz., John's part and Richard's part, are respectively valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, which sums, in the new taxation, are respectively reduced to 5*l.* The Vicarage is valued in the King's books at 8*l.* 14*s.* 8*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 424, it is said: "The Vicarage is worth 13*l.*, the Chapel 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; the Chapel to be taken away, and the parish united;" and in 1818, at 130*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1774, with 200*l.*; and in 1804, with 200*l.*—both by lot.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, "on account of its dimensions;" and returned "unfit," in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1638. Chasm 1675 to 1687.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 801. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 127. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Redlintone), pages 32. 83. Burton's Monasticon, pages 285. 335.

SCAMPSTON.—(*Parish of Rillington. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 231, vide Rillington[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 59*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Rillington.

Augmented in 1766, with 200*l.*; in 1783, with 200*l.*; in 1790, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; in 1817, with 200*l.* from the same grant; in 1820, with 200*l.*; and in 1826, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 424, it is recommended that the

[1] Viz. Rillington, 724; and Scampston, 231.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 559.

[1] The population in 1834 was stated to be 260.

Chapel be taken away, and the parish united to Rillington.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms commence in 1783, and for marriages in 1756. Burials take place at Rillington. —Vide transcripts of earlier registers at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Malton.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Scameston), pages 32. 186. 233. Burton's Monasticon, pages 75. 336. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 127. Not noticed by Torre. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 252.

SCRAYINGHAM.—ST. PETER.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 4,780 acres. Buckrose wapentake.——POPULATION, 522[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150[2]; NET VALUE, 661*l.*—This Church was anciently in the patronage of the Lords Wake, of Lyddel, from them it came to the Crown, by whom it was granted to the Archbishop of York, in the time of Henry VIII. The Archbishop collated only once (1585), but ever since the Crown has presented, and the patronage is exercised by the prime minister; and, in the opinion of Archbishop Sharp, the right of presentation was lost to the See for the want of looking after. The Rector had sometimes a Vicar under him.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 36*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and in his new taxation at 23*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's Books at 21*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.*; Synodals, 5*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 433, at 100*l.* per annum. "Howsham to be made a parish of itself and united to Kirkham. The tithes of Howsham now paid are 20*l*[3]. The Cure of the Chapel of Leppington is worth yearly 26*l.*"

An Inclosure Act was passed 6th Geo. IV.

[1] Viz. Howsham, 240; Leppington, 118; and Scrayingham, 164. In 1834, the population was returned at 530.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 320.

[3] "The lands called Thomas's Farm pay a modus of 7*s.* 6*d.* a year, and the lands called Taylor's Farm, a modus of 10*s.* a year in lieu of the tithes thereof. Zouch *v.* Hudson." 4 Wood, page 555.

"The tithes of the water corn mill, in the township of Howsham, erected on the site of Howsham Mill, are a portion of tithes in gross, separate and distinct from the Rectory. Zouch *v.* Hudson." 4 Wood, page 558.

"The Rector is only entitled to a modus of 6*l.* a year, in lieu of the tithes of certain lands in the township of Howsham. Zouch *v.* Hudson." 4 Wood, page 560.

"The third part of all the tithes of certain lands, except a close called the Ox Close, and two-thirds of the tithes of the lands called the High Gamsters, the Middle Gamsters, the Low Gamsters, the Great Ings, and the Little Ings, are a portion of tithes in gross, distinct from the Rectory. Zouch *v.* Hudson." 4 Wood, page 560.

"The Rector is entitled to the tithe of the Ox Close, and other lands in the parish in kind. Zouch *v.* Hudson." 4 Wood, page 560.

These decisions were all previous to the inclosure.

A faculty was granted in 1775, to rebuild the Rectory barn.

28th September 1811, ditto to re-pew and repair the Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1648.

CHARITY.—*Anonymous dole.* 8*s.* 4*d.* per annum is paid out of a field called Bearcroft, but the Commissioners could not discover the origin of this gift. It is given away among the poor at Christmas.

John Rayney's charity, in 1717. 50*l.* for apprenticing poor children. Now lost.—Vide 11th Report, page 718.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. page 759. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 114. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Escraingham), pages 201. 204; (Huson), pages 83, 84.

LEPPINGTON.—(*Chapel to Scrayingham.*)—Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 118, vide Scrayingham; CHAPEL-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, vide Scrayingham.

Patron, vide Scrayingham.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 433, it is stated: that "The Cure of the Chapel of Leppington is worth 26*l.* per annum." No certificates of value in 1707 or 1818.

No return as to glebe or registers.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, York.

Not noticed by Torre.

SETTRINGTON.—ALL SAINTS. —(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 5,540

acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 779[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 1,045*l.*—The manor of Settrington was held by the noble family of the Bygods, Earls of Norfolk, and in a younger branch continued of knight's degree.

It was held of the King in capite, as of his Crown, by the service of one knight's fee, rendering to the King per annum 12*d.* as a fine to the wapentake of Buckrose, on the feast of the Purification of our Lady.

There was a Chantry here, which was valued at the Dissolution at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum, and another at 4*l.* per annum.

The patronage of this Rectory is now in the executors of the Earl of Bridgewater. There was once a Vicarage, but it was consolidated with the Rectory, non. April, 1249.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 41*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and in his new taxation at 21*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books at 42*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*; Synodals 9*s.*, Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*, Thraves 5*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 424, at 250*l.* per annum; and the Commissioners recommended that "Scagglethorpe and Thorpe Bassett be united into one parish, being but one mile distant, and the way very good."

Inclosure Acts[2] were passed 12th Geo. I. (confirming awards for inclosing Scagglethorpe), and 37th Geo. III.

14th July 1731, a faculty was granted to make certain alterations in the Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1559. Chasm 1654—1687.

CHARITIES.—*Topham's charity.* Vide General Charities.

The Lady's dole. The yearly sum of 15*s.* is payable to the poor out of an estate at Settrington, which belonged to the late Sir Mark Sykes, Bart. The payment is regularly made about Easter, and the amount is distributed, by the name of the Lady's Dole, among poor widows selected by the overseers. No account can be given of the origin of the charity.—Vide 16th Report, page 404.

[1] Viz. Scagglethorpe 252, and Settrington 527. In 1834, returned at 804.

[2] Being the first Yorkshire Inclosure Act.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 735. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 122. Bodleian MS. No. 5101. Ashmolean MS. No. 8518. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Sendriton) page 123, (Scachetorp) page 83.

SHERBURNE, IN HARFORD LYTHE.—ST. HILDA.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,630 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 536; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 120*l.*—The Church of Sherburne, in Harford Lythe, was given by Peter de Mordevilla to the Priory of Gisburne, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein. The ordination is not given by Torre. The first Vicar named in his list was instituted in 1280.

The advowson is in the hands of the Stricklands, who first presented in 1617.

The present patron is Sir Geo. Strickland, Bart.

Impropriator, the Hon. M. Langley.

In Pope Nicholas's first taxation, the Church is valued at 16*l.*, which in the new taxation is reduced to 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and the Vicarage is valued in the first taxation at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage at 6*l.* 0*s.* 2*d.*; Synodals 4*s.*, Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 428, the Vicarage at 20*l.*, and the parsonage at 100*l.*

Augmented in 1780, with 200*l.*; in 1795, with 200*l.*; and in 1824, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot[1].

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as fit for residence; but the return in 1834 was "unfit for residence."

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES. — *Thomas Butery's gift.* Interest of 25*l.* given at Easter and Christmas, among the most necessitous poor and those having the largest families. At the time of the Report, it was the practice for the overseers to hold the money at four per cent. interest.

Rev. James Nelson's gift. Interest of two guineas, to be given among such of the poor as receive the sacrament at Easter and Whitsuntide.

[1] It is not clear whether these were all made to this parish, or to Sherburn in Elmet.

Church land, 8A. 0R. 30P. Rent applied from time immemorial to the repairs of the Church.—Vide 9th Report, page 718.

Post town, Scarborough.

Torre's MS. page 795. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 130. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Scireburne,) pages 48. 203. Burton's Monast. pages 239. 352.

SKIRPENBECK. —— (*Rectory in charge.*) —— Area, 1,560 acres. Buckrose wapentake[1]. —— POPULATION, 214; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 232*l.* —The town was held for one knight's fee, by Thomas de Chancy, of the King in capite.

The manor had the extraordinary good fortune to be of greater value at the time of the Domesday Survey than in the reign of Edward the Confessor.

This Church, with fifty acres of land, was given by Walter de Chancy to the Abbey of Whitby, and came to the patronage of the Crown at the Dissolution.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and in his new taxation at 8*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's Books at 14*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.* Synodals 5*s.*, Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 428, it is valued at 90*l.* per annum. "There is another tithe," say the Commissioners, "called Almuer tithe, the inheritance of Sir Watkinson Payler, in the possession of William Sampson, worth yearly 14*l.*"

An Inclosure Act was passed 31st Geo. II.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as fit for residence, but in 1834 was returned as unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1660.

CHARITY.—*Wood's dole*, vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 4*d.* a year is received by the churchwardens, and distributed amongst the poorest parishioners.—Vide 11th Report, page 718.

Post town, York.

[1] Partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

Torre's MS., page 751. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 113. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Scarpenbec,) pages 214. 239. Burton's Monast., pages 70. 75. 336. Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 408.

SLEDMERE.—ST. MARY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*) — Area, 6,650 acres. Buckrose wapentake. —— POPULATION, 480[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 388[2]; NET VALUE, no return.—"This parish," says Abp. Sharp, "was originally a Chapelry in the parish of Grindalyth, and was with it appropriated to the Priory of Kirkham; it yet owns some dependence on it, the keys of the Chapel being every St. Andrew's day carried to the Church of Grindalyth and laid upon the altar, upon the delivery of which back the churchwardens pay half-a-crown to the minister by way of acknowledgment. The minister of Grindalyth hath also all the mortuaries within this Chapelry, and also half-a-crown payable at Easter from the impropriator, and a certain proportion of the offerings."

"The impropriation is now in the hands of Mr. Roper, of Escrick, and another; they allow but 8*l.* per annum for the service of it, so that it is with much difficulty that a Curate is got; at the present Mr. Leech comes now and then, but is weary of it."

Patron, Sir Tatton Sykes, Bart.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 437, at "10*l.*, paid by the impropriators;" and in 1818, at 32*l.* 15*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1741, with 200*l.*; in 1781, with 200*l.*; and in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 15th Geo. III.

28th June 1755, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Church.

No glebe house in 1818. No return in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1696. No entries of marriages for the years 1713, 1714, 1716, 1717, 1719, 1720, 1726, 1727, 1728, 1731, 1735, 1736, 1738, 1740, 1744, and 1747.—See transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*William Taylor's* rent-charge, by will, in 1663. 40*s.* per annum to the poor upon Christmas eve.

Poor's Stock. The sum of 89*l.*, part

[1] Sledmere with Croom.

[2] As per return in 1818 (the whole parish). No return in 1834.

of 100*l.* given in the year 1812, by Mr. Edward Rousby, was laid out in the following year, in the purchase of 100*l.* stock, late navy fives, in the names of John Dickenson and others, the then churchwardens and overseers, now 105*l.* new four per cents.; 9*l.*, the balance, after purchase of the stock and expenses thereon, was left at interest in the hands of the overseers, and the money was passed to Mr. Robert King as overseer, who stated that he paid it to his successor in office, Mr. John Topham, at Easter 1817; but the latter denied having received the money. The Commissioners state that they are inclined to believe that the money had been paid by Mr. King, but as he had no evidence of the fact to produce, they apprehended he was still liable in law to the parish, for both principal and interest.—Vide 10th Report, page 652.

A post town.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 131. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Ledemere, Sledemere,) pages 38. 84. 219; (Crogun,) pages 33. 48. 84. 123. 237. Burton's Monast., pages 336, 376.

THORPE BASSETT.—ALL SAINTS. —(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,870 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 206; CHURCH-ROOM, 85[1]; NET VALUE, 328*l.*—The town and Church were given to the monks of St. Alban's, and confirmed to them by King John's charter, and afterwards the Church came to the patronage of the Lords Greystock, and from them to the Lords Dacre, and afterwards to the Earls of Carlisle, who presented till 1766, when Mrs. Thompson, of Escrick, widow, presented, and she again presented in 1771. In 1801 and 1802, George Watson and others presented; in 1807, William Wood and others; and in 1820, the Archbishop presented by reason of lapse.

The present patron is Earl Fitzwilliam.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 12*l.*, and in his new taxation at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's Books at 12*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 426, at 50*l.*

[1] Estimated in 1818 at 150.

There was no glebe house returned in 1818. In 1834, the return was "unfit."

The Register Books commence in 1656.

CHARITY.—*The Rev. James Graves's gift*, by will, dated 4th June 1804. Dividends on 200*l.* navy five per cents. for teaching as many poor boys and girls reading, writing, and arithmetic, (and the girls to be also taught useful needlework,) as the trustees should think proper. Ten children were taught at the time of the Report.—Vide 9th Report, page 718.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 807. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 126.

WEAVERTHORPE.—ALL SAINTS. (*Peculiar. Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 5,100 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 753[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[2]; NET VALUE, 168*l.*—The town of Weaverthorpe was held of the Archbishop of York, by Michael Fitzherbert, which, together with Loundesburgh, made three knights' fees and a half, and by the service of suit of court to the Archbishop's manor of Wilton, from three weeks to three weeks.

The Church was given by King Henry I. to the treasurer of the Church of York, and confirmed by King Stephen, and afterwards became part of the possessions of the monks of Nostell Priory, who, on the 4th Id. July 1268, gave it to the Dean and Chapter of York, who are Rectors, and have jurisdiction of the whole town, to whom it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1300.

Patrons and impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of York.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's Books at 9*l.* 6*s.* This sum is cast up wrong in the original, it should be 8*l.* 11*s.* Synodals 5*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 422, at 40*l.*

A mortgage of 334*l.* 6*s.* under Gilbert's Act will cease in 1853.

[1] Viz. Luttons Ambo 350, and Weaverthorpe 403. The township of Luttons Ambo is partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 600.

An Inclosure Act was passed 41st Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1702.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 559. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 135. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Wifretorp,) page 48; (Ludton,) page 48.

LUTTONS AMBO.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Weaverthorpe.*)—Buckrose wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 350, vide Weaverthorpe[2]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, vide Weaverthorpe.—Both East and West Lutton are within the parish of Weaverthorpe.

Torre mentions a Chapel in each town.

Patrons, vide Weaverthorpe.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 423, it is recommended that Thirkleby be taken from Kirkby Grindalyth and with Luttons made a distinct parish.

No return as to registers or charities.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 567. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 135. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Ludton,) page 48.

WEST HESLERTON. —— ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 6,170 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 514[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 170[4]; NET VALUE, 465*l.*—This Church, with half a carucate of land and a house, together with the Chapel of East Heslerton, was given by Walter Ingelram to the Priory of Gisburne, in free alms, and confirmed to it by the charter of King Henry III., and was a Rectory of their patronage until it came to the Crown at the Dissolution, and the patronage is now exercised by the prime minister.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and in his new taxation at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books at 21*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Synodals and Procurations 13*s.* 6*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 429, it is stated: "The parsonage is worth yearly 50*l.*, whereof 10*l.* issueth from the lordship of Yeddingham, which we conceive ought to be added to the Vicarage of Yeddingham."

An Inclosure Act was passed 10th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1561.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 813. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 129. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Esrelton,) pages 123. 203. 224, 225. Burton's Monasticon, page 346.

EAST HESLERTON.—(*Parish of West Heslerton.*)—Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 215, vide West Heslerton; CHAPEL-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, vide West Heslerton.

Patron, vide West Heslerton.

Valued in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 429, at 50*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 10th Geo. III.

No returns as to glebe, registers, or charities.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS. page 813. Burton's Monast. page 361.

WESTOW.—ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,700 acres. Buckrose wapentake.——POPULATION, 606[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 270; NET VALUE, 173*l.*—This Church was given by Walter Espec to the Priory of Kirkham, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1394, and on the 36th Henry VIII., the Rectory with the Advowson was given in exchange to the Archbishop of York, who is the present patron and impropriator.

Valued in the King's books at 4*l.* 18*s.* 2*d.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in

[1] Partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] In 1834, the population was stated to be only 303.

[3] Viz. East Heslerton 215, and West Heslerton 299.

[4] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 350.

[1] Viz. Eddlethorpe, 53; Firby, 38; Menethorpe, 126; and Westow, 389.—In 1834, the population was returned at 591.

the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 116, at 16*l.* per annum.

The first Vicar mentioned in Torre's catalogue was instituted in 1333.

"The tithes of corn, grain, hay, wool, and lamb, are impropriate to the Archbishop. The small tithes belong to the Vicar. There is an augmentation of 20*l.* per annum, given by Archbishop Sterne." Signed, "William Dealtry, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1040.

6th February 1801, faculty to erect a gallery and make certain alterations in the Church.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1560. A chasm for the years 1598, 1599, 1600, and 1601.

CHARITIES.—*Frances Idle's gift*, by deed, dated 14th November 1766. Dividends on 225*l.* three per cents. reduced. 24*s.* to be expended in bread to the poor on Christmas-day, Easter Sunday, and Whit Sunday; viz., 8*s.* on each day, and the remainder is distributed in money at Christmas.

Tomlinson Thompson's gift (date unknown). Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum to the poor.

Thomas White's gift (date unknown). Rent-charge of 6*s.* per annum for bread for the poor at Christmas, Easter, Whitsuntide, and Michaelmas.

Elizabeth Sugar's gift, by will, dated 17th March 17[illegible]6. Interest of 50*l.* for teaching poor children. Three children are instructed in reading and writing, without charge.

Henry Boulton's gift. Interest of 20*l.* given in bread on Trinity Sunday among poor widows.—Vide 9th Report, p. 719.

Post town, Whitwell.

Torre's MS., page 761. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 116. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Edwardestorp) page 234, (Fredebi) 234, (Mennistorp) pages 32. 83. 123.

WETWANG.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 5,740 acres. Buckrose wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 621[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient[1]; NET VALUE, 220*l.*—The manor anciently belonged to the see of York, but was given to the Crown 26th Henry VIII. The Prebendary is Rector and patron, and hath jurisdiction; and Edwin Sandys, son of the Archbishop, settled an augmentation of 22*l.* per annum out of the Prebend, 24th May, 44th Eliz., to which the Church had been appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 3rd Henry III.

Valued in the King's books, at 9*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.* per annum: and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 436, and vol. xviii. page 61, it is stated: "The Rectory and tythes belong to Colonel Sandyes, and are worth yearly 140*l.* The Vicarage worth yearly 9*l.* 10*s.*, and Colonel Sandyes pays yearly to Mr. Thomas Wayte, an able preaching minister, 24*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*"

9th February 1810, faculty to re-pew and improve the Church.

An Inclosure Act was passed 43rd Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, on account of "its smallness;" and in 1834 the return was, "No glebe house."

The Register Books commence in 1653. Entries of marriages wanting for 1742, 1744, and 1745.

CHARITY.—*Lost charity*. There appears to have been a sum of 10*l.* or 12*l.* formerly in the hands of the overseers of the poor for the time being, the interest of which used to be distributed amongst poor persons; but the Commissioners understood that the money was lost several years ago through the insolvency of one of the overseers, and nothing has been since distributed.—Vide 10th Report, page 653.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1071. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 133. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wetwangha), page 47.

FIMBER.——(*Peculiar. Chapel to Wetwang.*)—Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 139, vide Wetwang; CHAPEL-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, vide Wetwang.

[1] Partly within the jurisdiction of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Fimber, 139; and Wetwang, 482.—In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at 440.

[1] As returned in 1834; viz., for the population, 440. In 1818, the return was from 20 to 30.

Patron, the Prebendary of Wetwang.

Value not certified, either in 1707, 1818, or 1834.

An Inclosure Act was passed 43rd Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books, vide Wetwang.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Driffield.

Not mentioned by Torre.

WHARRAM PERCY.—(*Discharged Vicarage*[1].)—Area, 8,480 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 330[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 100[3]; NET VALUE, 60*l.* —Robert de Percy was patron of this Church; from the Percies it came to the Lords Scrope, and afterwards to the Lords Wake, one of whom, Thomas, Lord Wake, gave it in 1325 to the Priory of Haltenprice, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1327, and in 1440 there was a moderation made in the endowment[4], which was confirmed in 1441. In 1618 Sir Timothy Hutton presented, and in 1668 Sir John Buck, Knight, presented, in whose family it continued; and in 1787 the two sisters and co-heiresses of Sir Charles Buck presented.

Lord Middleton is the present patron and impropriator.

In 1327, a Chapel was founded in this Church by Sir Geoffrey le Scrope, Knight.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation, at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the new taxation, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Vicarage, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage at 11*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 418, at 20*l.*; and the Commissioners recommended the parish "to be united to Wharram in the Street, Towthorpe and Burdall to be united to Fimber, and made a parish, Raisthorpe to be united to Fridaythorpe, and Thixendale to be united to Kirkby Underdale."

[1] Torre says, there was a Vicar till 7th Id. June 1301, when Archbishop Corbridge consolidated it with the Rectory.

[2] Viz. Raisthorpe and Birdall, 45; Thixendale, 207; Towthorpe, 48; and Wharram Percy, 30. In 1834, the population was returned at 319.

[3] In 1818 estimated at 150.

[4] It would appear, from the endowment, that there were anciently Chapels at Raisthorpe and Thixendale.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, "being a small cottage covered with thatch;" and returned "unfit" in 1834.

The Register books commence in 1554. There are some chasms.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Sledmere.

Torre's MS., page 783. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 119. Burton's Monasticon, pages 309. 316, 317.

WHARRAM IN THE STREET.—ST. MARY.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2080 acres. Buckrose wapentake.——POPULATION, 150; CHURCH-ROOM, 80[1]; NET VALUE, 125*l.* —William de Aguillon, temp. Henry III., gave to the fabric of the Church of York in pure alms two oxgangs of land in East Wharram.

The Church was given by Robert Fossard to the Priory of Nostell, and which was held by the Prior as parcel of the Prebend of Bramham, to which Prebend it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein. No ordination is given by Torre. Torre's first Vicar was instituted before 1349.

Patron and impropriator, Lord Middleton.

Valued in the King's books, at 6*l.*, in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 419, at 16*l.*; and in 1818, at 70*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1773, with 200*l.*; and in 1788, with 200*l.*, both by lot.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "only a cottage." In 1834, the return was, "No glebe house."

The Register Books commence in 1538. Deficient for 1697, 1698, 1699, 1700, and 1701.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 903. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 134. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Warran), pages 32. 83. 224. Burton's Monasticon, page 309.

WINTERINGHAM.—ST. PETER.—(*A Donative.*)—Area, 8,480 acres. Buckrose wapentake.—— POPULATION,

[1] In 1818, returned sufficient for the then population of 100.

589 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, no return [2]; NET VALUE, no return.

Here Eddive, previous to the Conquest, had twenty carucates of land to be taxed.

This Church, with a mansion at the west end thereof, was given by Eustace Fitz John to the Priory of Malton, to which it was appropriated, and served by a stipendiary Curate. In Archbishop Sharp's time, the impropriator, Sir William Strickland, paid the Curate 17*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum. Archbishop Sharp does not call this a Donative, but gives no catalogue of Curates.

Hamelin Bardolf and Katherine his wife, and Robert, son of Eudo, gave lands here to Roche Abbey.

Patron, Sir George Strickland, Bart.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the new taxation, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in 1707, the Cure was valued at 17*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 426, it is stated: "The Vicarage is worth 15*l.*; the Rectory is worth 100*l.* per annum; the tithes of Knapton are worth 150*l.* per annum. 7*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.* paid to the minister; and in 1818, at 17*l.* 6*s.* per annum.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1690.

CHARITIES.—*The Town Stock.* Several benefactions are inscribed on a tablet in the Church, viz.:—40*l.* given by Sir William Strickland in 1736, the interest to be paid yearly to the poor, as the churchwardens and overseers should think necessary. This donation appears to have been afterwards increased, by accumulations of interest, to 48*l.* 10*l.* left by Dorothy Clarkson in 1693, to pay 10*s.* yearly to poor widows on Easter Sunday, after evening service; 5*l.* given by Thomas Duckworth in 1733; 5*l.* by Ambrose Crompton in 1737; and 5*l.* by Thomas Smith in 1749. Of these donations, amounting together to 73*l.*, the sum of 71*l.* 10*s.* 9*d.* was laid out in the purchase of 105*l.* three per cent. consols; the residue, 1*l.* 9*s.* 3*d.*, with a further sum of 1*l.* (how acquired is not known), remained at interest, at the time of the Report, in the hands of one of the principal inhabitants. The dividends and interest, together with the sacrament money, are distributed at a vestry meeting amongst poor widows and such other deserving poor as endeavour to subsist without parochial relief. —Vide 9th Report, page 720.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 841. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 125. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wentrigham), page 186. Burton's Monasticon, page 323. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 974.

[1] Viz. Knapton, 242; and Winteringham with Linton and Newton, 347.

[2] Either in 1818 or 1834.

KNAPTON.—(*Parish of Winteringham. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Buckrose wapentake.—POPULATION, 242, vide Winteringham [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 48*l.*

Patron, John Tindall, Esq., as lord of the manor.—Vide presentations in 1715, 1719, 1790, and 1794.

Knapton was part of the fee of Ralph de Mortimer. Here Eddive had six carucates of land.

Two carucates of land in Knapton were, by one Orleman, given to the Abbey of St. Mary at York. It is not, however, clear whether the grant was of land in this town, or at Knapton, near Acomb.

The Parliamentary Commissioners say "It is desired by the inhabitants of Knapton that the Chapel may be made a parish Church."—Vol. xvii. page 426.

Valued in 1707 at 6*l.*

Augmented in 1742, with 200*l.*; in 1770, with 200*l.*; in 1789, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; in 1828, with 200*l.*; and in 1832, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

No glebe house.

Register Books, vide Winteringham. There is a register of marriages from 1760 to 1812.

CHARITY.—*Lutton's gift.* Interest of 40*l.* left for the poor, placed at interest in a bank, which suspended payment in 1820. No dividend on the debt had been received at the time of the Report. —Vide 9th Report, page 720.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 845. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 125. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cnapeton), page 186.

[1] In 1834, the population was stated to be 235.

YEDDINGHAM.—SAINT JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)——Area, 1,150 acres. Buckrose wapentake.——POPULATION, 109[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient[2]; NET VALUE, 205*l.*—This Church was given to the Priory at Yeddingham by Anketin de Heslerton, and was appropriated to it, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 7th Id. August 1231, and on 4th Non. January 1306, there was a further ordination.

The Advowson passed through various hands until it came to the Marquis of Rockingham, who presented the Rev. John Ward in 1767; and Earl Fitzwilliam is the present patron.

Impropriator, Mark Foulis, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; new taxation, 5*l.*; Vicarage, 5*l.*; new taxation, 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the King's books, at 5*l.* 4*s.* 1½*d.* per annum; Synodals, 2*s.*; and Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

The Vicar has tithe of garbs in West Heslerton belonging to Yeddingham.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Registers for baptisms and burials commence in 1717, and for marriages in 1758.—Vide earlier transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

A post town.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 129. Torre's MS., page 825. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 351. Mon. Angl., vol. iv. page 273. Burton's Mon., pages 285, 286.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 119.

[2] For the population, 119.—Vide return in 1834.

YEDDINGHAM NUNNERY.—A small Monastery founded for Benedictine Nuns, by Heliwesia de Clere, before the year 1168. On the 17th Kal., September 1241, the Convent was dedicated to the Virgin Mary; and the anniversary of the day of dedication was appointed to be for ever observed as a holiday in the parish, and forty days' pardon granted to all persons, who out of devotion, came thither to solemnize the same on the octaves thereof.

In the ancient notices, this Nunnery is frequently termed Little Maries, or De Parvo Marisco.

The Nuns had a grange at Yeddingham, with a court walled in, and a garden upon the river Derwent. They had also possessions at Allerston, Ebberston Hill, Little Maries, Marton, Marton super Ripam in Pickering Lythe, Rillington, Sivelington[1], Snainton, Wilton, and Yeddingham.

Annual value, at the Dissolution, 21*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*

There were delivered in this house, to the Prioress and Convent, sixty-two loaves daily; to nine brethren, twelve loaves a-piece weekly; to brother James, fourteen loaves; to three priests, four chaplains, and other officers accordingly; and canibus in singulis maneriis trigenta novem panes de pane duriori—*i.e.*, to the dogs in each manor, thirty-nine loaves of the coarser sort of bread. These are supposed to have been wolf-dogs, which were kept to protect both cattle, inhabitants, and travellers from those fierce animals.

Mon. Angl., vol. iv. page 273. Burton's Monasticon, page 285. Hinderwell's Scarborough, page 319.

[1] Alias Sinnington.

DEANERY OF DICKERING.

BEMPTON.—ST. MICHAEL.——(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,930 acres. Dickering wapentake.——POPULATION, 287; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 51*l.*

In Bempton, Legolf had one manor of six carucates to be taxed.

In 1441, a composition was made between the Prior and Convent of Bridlington and the inhabitants of Bempton, within the parish of Bridlington, that the inhabitants might have one Chaplain in the Chapel of Bempton; and 22nd of July 1441, a commission was granted to the Bishop of Dromore to consecrate the Chapel and chapelyard.

Patron and impropriator, H. Broadley, Esq.

Valued in 1707, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 407, it is stated: "13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* paid by the impropriator to the minister;" and in 1818, at 46*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1766, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1796, with 200*l.*; in 1824, with 200*l.*; and in 1832, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 5th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for marriages and burials commence in 1597, and for baptisms in 1605.

CHARITIES.——*Walmsley's gift*, vide Flamborough.

Poor's Stock. The sum of 10*l.*, the amount of two ancient benefactions to the poor, is retained by the overseers for the time being, and the interest yearly distributed among poor widows. —Vide 9th Report, page 721.

Post town, Bridlington.

Torre's MS., page 955. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 233. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bentone), page 82. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 284. Burton's Monasticon, page 216. Prickett's Bridlington, page 53.

BESSENBY.—ST. MARY MAGDALENE.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,230 acres. Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 83; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient[1]; NET VALUE, 59*l.*—The Church and town were given by Gilbert de Gant to the Prior and Convent of Bridlington, to which the Church is appropriated. There is no Vicarage here, but there is a crown rent of 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* paid to the Curate.

The Stricklands used to present till 1717, when it passed to the Hudsons of Bessenby.

Patron, H. Hudson, Esq.

Valued in 1707, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 407, it is stated: "Minister's salary, 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*;" and in 1818, at 33*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1748, with 200*l.*; in 1773, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1808, with 200*l.*; in 1819, with 200*l.*; and in 1824, with 400*l.*—all by lot.

30th June 1765, a faculty was granted to reduce the length of the Church from 51 feet to 31 feet, to take away the tower, to sell the lead, and cover the Church with pantiles.

An Inclosure Act was passed 6th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register books commence in 1698. No entries for 1785.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Bridlington.

Torre's MS., pages 34. 995. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 218. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 287. 290, 291. Prickett's Bridlington, page 55. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Basinghebi), page 14. Burton's Monasticon, page 216.

BOYNTON[2].—ST. ANDREW.—(*Perpetual Curacy. Unaugmented.*)—Area, 2,690 acres. Dickering wapen-

[1] According to the return in 1834. In 1818, the return was 80.

[2] Alias Bonnyngton.

take.——POPULATION, 114; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 141*l.*—The town of Boynton contained eighteen carucates and six oxgangs of land; whereof ten carucates were held of the fee of Meynill, who held them of the Archbishop, and he of the King for one knight's fee. And William de Bonnington and John de Moncas held five carucates, of which the Prioress of Appleton held two oxgangs in Frankalmoigne, of the fee of Holderness. And the Church is endowed with seven oxgangs of land. And the residue, being three carucates, were held of the fee of Gant, who held the same of the King by 4*s.* rent, excepting part of the fee of Holderness, which paid 22½*d.* for castle guard.

The nuns of Nun Appleton had two oxgangs of land in Boynton.

This Church was given by Galfrid, Dispensator, to the Priory of Bridlington, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein; but Torre does not give the endowment. His list of Vicars commences in 1268. Abp. Sharp thought the presentation must be in the Crown. The last Vicar, Peter Levett, was presented by the Crown in 1666.

The Stricklands have nominated the Curates since 1750.

Patron and impropriator, Sir George Strickland, Bart.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books (the living is called a Discharged Vicarage), at 7*l.* 14*s.* 2*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 4*s.* and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 406, it is stated: "Vicarage sequestered for the State, worth 30*l.*;" and in 1818, at 140*l.* per annum.

Mr. Prickett notices the monuments, in his History of Bridlington Church.

23rd July 1767, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Church.

An Inclosure Act was passed 17th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1563.

CHARITIES.—*Lady Strickland's gift* and *poor's money*. Dame Elizabeth Letitia Strickland, by will, dated 24th July 1803, left 50*l.* The interest to be applied for the relief of such poor persons residing in Boynton or Carnaby, as the Vicar of Boynton should think proper objects, from sickness or other particular distress; and in case of no proper object being found within the year, the interest to accumulate. The principal, together with an accumulation of 10*l.*, and also a sum of 50*l.* donor unknown, are secured on mortgage, and applied as above.—Vide 9th Report, page 721.

Post town, Bridlington.

Torre's MS. page 957. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 231. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Bouintone,) pages 14. 30. 82. Burton's Monast. pages 217. 277. Prickett's Bridlington, page 55.

BRIDLINGTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 12,410 acres. Dickering wapentake.——POPULATION, 5,673[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 900[2]; NET VALUE, 143*l.*—Here was a Church at the time of the Conquest.

In the town of Bridlington are sixteen carucates of land, of which the Prior of Bridlington held twelve in frankalmoigne, of the fee of Gant, and he of the King in capite, for one knight's fee.

And four carucates were held of the Prior of Bridlington, who held them of the fee of Meynill, and he of the Archbishop of Canterbury, and he of the King.

Walter de Gant, with the consent of King Henry I. placed Canons regular in the Church of Bridlington, giving them his estates there. The Church was confirmed to them by Archbishop Grenefeld, and after the appropriation, was served by the Canons themselves so long as their monastery stood, and appropriated to their Priory.

26th January, A.D. 1346, a Commission issued out to inquire about the certainty of those miracles said to be done by Fr. John de Thwing, late Prior of Bridlington, at his tomb, &c.

[1] Viz. Bridlington Quay, 4,792; Buckton, 171; Easton, 17; Grindall, 121; Hilderthorp, 73; Sewerby and Marton, 352; and Speeton, 111. In 1834, the population was returned at 5,405, excluding, it is presumed, the Chapelries.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 3,300. 210 free seats have been obtained under a grant of 150*l.* from the Society.

Odenell, son of Nicholas de Aubeney, gave one mark per annum, out of his mill at Bridlington, to Roche Abbey.

The patronage of this Church was conveyed 11th February 1768, to Samuel Buck, Esq., in consequence of his benefaction of 200*l.* by virtue of statute 1st Geo. I.

Patron, the Rev. Charles Simeon.

Impropriator, Mrs. Harland.

Torre merely gives an account of the monastery.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 66*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in 1707, the Curacy was valued at 8*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 402, it is stated: "Impropriation worth 280*l.*, only 8*l.* allowed for a Curate. No minister at present. Buckton to be annexed to Brompton;" and in 1818, at 83*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1747, with 200*l.* by lot; in 1769, with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Samuel Buck, Esq.; and in 1812, with 1000*l.*; and in 1817, with 600*l.* both from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

30th July 1808, faculty to erect a gallery.

4th December 1833, ditto to rebuild a gallery, fit up 140 free seats in the Church, and make other alterations.

Inclosure Acts were passed 8th Geo. III. and 46th Geo. III. (Sewerby cum Marton.)

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1564. Chasm 1642 to 1645 inclusive.

The Prior of Bridlington had jurisdiction until the Dissolution. It is said the Dean and Chapter of York, and the Prebendary of Bugthorpe, had formerly jurisdiction within Sewerby and Marton, in the parish of Bridlington. It does not appear to be known where the wills proved in the peculiar jurisdiction previous to the Dissolution (if extant) are now deposited.

CHARITIES.—*The Free School*, founded by William Hustler, of Bridlington, by deed, dated 27th September, 12th Charles I. Endowment, a rent-charge of 40*l.* per annum. The Vice-Chancellor by order, dated 29th March 1819, directed the number of free scholars to be limited to twenty, and that they be instructed in the art of grammar, reading, writing, and common arithmetic. That the office of usher be abolished, that the master be chosen by the heirs of the founder, and the minister and churchwardens of Bridlington.

William Bower's gift, by deed, dated 7th July, 23rd Charles II. Endowment: a messuage at Bridlington, and a house and 59A. 0P. 38P. of land, part of which is woodland, and the interest of 50*l.* Twelve girls are taught knitting and reading, and are paid 10*d.* a week each; and, after paying the mistress 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* salary, and 1*d.* a week for each child, and repairs, &c. the residue of the income is distributed among the children every new year's day. The foundation deed requires that the children be taught to spin and card wool.

Henry Cowton's charity, by will, dated 10th April 1696. Income: rent of house, 148A. 0R. 4P. of land, and rents-charge of 26*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum, subject to a rent-charge of 3*l.* and portion of rents to Hunmanby. 6*l.* per annum is expended once a year, in money or coals, among the poor, approved at a vestry meeting; 13*l.* per annum to the minister for reading prayers, and preaching every Wednesday; 17*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum in bread, distributed every Wednesday among poor persons attending divine service; and to the parish-clerk 2*l.* 12*s.* per annum, for attending to the distribution of such bread. Residue to the poor of Bridlington and Hunmanby; three-fifths to the former and two-fifths to the latter.

William Hudson's and *Joseph Hudson's charities*, under will and deed, dated respectively 8th December 1731, and 5th June 1771. Rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum, to the poor of Bridlington and the Quay.

Joseph Hudson's rent-charge. 4*l.* per annum, in augmentation of the above 10*l.*

Ann Yates's gift, by will, in 1795. Interest of 100*l.* for the poor.

Timothy Woolf's gift, by will, dated 21st February 1734. Rent of 31A. 0R. 6P. of land, distributed in small sums.

Jane Woolfe's charity, by deed, dated 24th March 1775. Rent of 6A. 0R. 7P. of land, distributed among the poor.

Thomas Dale and *Mary his wife* (which said Mary Dale was the executrix of Mary Stead, who had intended to leave

100*l.* for charitable purposes), by deed, dated 25th September 1756. Rent of 2A. 1R. 12P. of land, for the poor not receiving common alms.

Mrs. Mary Watson's charity. 1*l.* 6*s.* per annum, for monthly bread to the poor.

Isaac Wall's charity, by will, dated 20th August 1795. Dividends on 1,000*l.* three per cents. Half to be expended in weekly bread, and the remainder in coals on Christmas Eve.

LOST CHARITIES.—It appears by the returns made in 1786, that two annual rents-charge, one of 2*l.* given by Robert Prudon, and another of 4*l.*, donor unknown, were payable to the overseers, but the Commissioners could obtain no satisfactory information either as to the persons or property liable. Also George Parkin, by will, dated 11th August 1723, devised certain houses and lands, charged with the providing of forty bushels of coals for poor widows. The payment, at the time of the Report, had been discontinued above thirty years, and it did not appear advisable to the Commissioners to recommend any legal proceedings.

TOWNSHIP OF BUCKTON.

2*l.* per annum rent-charge. No free scholars.

TOWNSHIP OF MARTON CUM SEWERBY.

Richard Raine's gift, in 1772. Interest of 5*l.*, lodged in the hands of the overseers, for the indigent poor.—Vide 9th Report, page 721.

A post town.

Torre's MS. page 945 (East Riding), and page 615 (Peculiars). Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 232. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Brettinton, Bocheton, Eston, Grendale, Hilgertorp, Spretune, Siwardbi,) pages 14. 29. 82. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 284. Burton's Monast. pages 219. 232. 321. Thompson's History of Bridlington. Prickett's History of the Priories. Hinderwell's Scarborough, page 353. Gent's Hull. Cole's Filey, pages 32—40.

SYWARDBY AND MARTON.—— There are three carucates of land held of the liberty of St. Peter of York.

So there is in Sywardby certain tenements of the Dean and Chapter's jurisdiction.

Also fourteen tenements and eight oxgangs, and a fourth part of an oxgang of land, which belong to the Prebend of Bugthorpe, who hath jurisdiction of all the tenants thereof.

Also the Prebend of Bugthorpe hath in Marton certain tenements and a farm, which rendered 28*s.* per annum.

And the Lady Euphemia de Heslerton held the fifth part of the manor of Marton, whose tenants are all of the Prebendary of Bugthorpe's jurisdiction.

BUCKTON.—Here was a Chantry, which was valued at the Dissolution at 4*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

GRINDALL.—(*Parish of Bridlington. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 121, vide Bridlington[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 60; NET VALUE, 57*l.*—Walter de Grindall held lands here of the fee of Gant.

Four carucates of land are held of the Prebend of St. Peter, in pure alms; so the Prebendary hath here his manor and sixteen oxgangs of land in demesne, thirty acres of land more, and twenty-one tenants and ten acres of demesne meadows, and jurisdiction over all his tenants.

The Prebendary of Grindall hath jurisdiction over all his tenants, but the Church or Chapel does not belong to him, but all the tithes are paid to the Rector of Bridlington. The Chapel is served by a stipendiary Priest, and is endowed with half a carucate of land.

The Hustlers presented till 1786, when it came to the Greames.

Patron and impropriator, Y. Greame, Esq.

Valued in 1707 at 5*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 403, the Minister's salary 5*l.*, and recommended that Ergham be annexed; and, in 1818, at 95*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1749 with 200*l.*; in 1767, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1808, with 200*l.*; in 1824, with 200*l.*; and in 1827, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1592. Vide Bridlington Registry.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 122.

Jurisdiction, in the Diocese of York; but formerly a peculiar within the jurisdiction of the Prebendary of Grindall.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Bridlington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 675. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 229. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Grenedele), pages 14. 47. Prickett's Bridlington, page 54.

SPEETON.—(*Parish of Bridlington. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 111, vide Bridlington; CHURCH-ROOM, 70[1]; NET VALUE, 50*l.*—Speeton is accounted to belong to the parish of Bridlington, to which Priory it was appropriated.

Patron, W. T. Denison, Esq.

Valued in 1707 at 3*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.*; and in 1818, at 60*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1734 with 200*l.*; in 1758, with 200*l.*; in 1765, with 200*l.*; and in 1805, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

"Speeton belongs to the Mother Church of Bridlington. All tithes impropriated. Salary, 3*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, paid by the Queen."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,050.

An Inclosure Act was passed 33rd Geo. III.

No glebe house.

Register Books, vide Bridlington.

CHARITY.—*Town's stock.* This consists of a sum of 2*l.* 10*s.*, the amount of two small benefactions remaining in the hands of the overseer, the interest of which is distributed with the Sacrament money.—Vide 9th Report, page 732.

Post town, Bridlington.

Torre's MS., page 936. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. pages 223—232. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Spretone), pages 14. 82. Burton's Monast. page 248. Prickett's Bridlington, page 53. Cole's Filey, page 9.

BURTON AGNES.—ST. MARTIN.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 6,540 acres. Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 653[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 450[3]; NET VALUE, 897*l.*—In 1299, Sir William de St. Quintin, knt. lord of Harpham, gave to the Abbot and Monks of Fountains, a free road and chase for carriages, &c. beyond the moor of Burton Agnes, of forty feet in breadth.

The Abbey of Byland also held an oxgang of land with a toft, one acre and a rood of land in Haisthorpe.

The Church and tithes were given by Gosfred Baynard to the Abbey of St. Mary's, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein 4 Non. September 1235; and in 1619, the Crown presented by lapse, the patronage afterwards went into the Bridgewater family, and then to the St. Quintin's.

Here was a Chantry, founded by Robert de Somervile.

King Henry VIII. on the 6th February, 36th year of his reign, granted the advowson of this Church to the See of York; but in the grant, the advowson was by error said to have belonged to St. Mary's Abbey, which was not then suppressed. In 1600, the Archbishop collated William Crashaw, upon which the heirs of the Earl of Derby brought a *quare impedit*, and judgment was given against Crashaw, but afterwards Crashaw was reinstated.—Vide Cook's Entries, 494.

Patron, R. Raikes, Esq.

Impropriator, T. St. Quintin, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 44*l.*, new taxation, 34*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage was valued at 20*l.* 6*s.* 2*d.*; Synodals 7*s.* 6*d.*; Procuration 8*s.*; Pension to the Abbot of St. Mary, 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 411, at 65*l.* per annum.

"The Vicarage cum Capella de Harpham, is endowed with the third part of all the great tithes in the three common fields, and with all the tithes of the old enclosures; the other two parts of the tithes belong to the Church of York, to the Archbishop, or his proctors. The endowment is not to be found in Scriptis, but supposed so by custom; the value is above 120*l.* per annum. The present Archbishop claimed the right of presentation, but it was adjudged against him by the two Judges to whom it was referred, about Easter 1703." Signed, "Jo. Burghope, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 242.

[1] Estimated in 1818, at 150.

[2] Viz. Burton Agnes, 350; Gransmoor, 93; Haisthorpe, 117; and Thornholme, 93. In 1834, returned at 648.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 700.

15th May 1730, a faculty was granted to shorten the Chancel of this Church.

21st March 1763, a licence was granted to erect a monument to the memory of Sir Griffith Boynton, Bart.

An Inclosure Act was passed 13th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt under a faculty granted 13th October 1760.

The Register Books commence in 1700.

CHARITIES.—*Green's charity* and *Free School.* Founded by the will of Richard Green, dated 15th February 1563. Endowment: 35A. of land, and a farmhouse, bought in the reign of William III. with 200*l.* left by the founder; 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum is paid to the churchwardens for their trouble, and the residue of the rent is divided into three parts, one of which is paid to the schoolmaster, who instructs the poor gratuitously in reading; one-third is distributed among the poor, and the remaining third is applied towards the repairs of the Church. The schoolmaster charges a moderate quarterage for writing and arithmetic.

Payment out of land. The sum of 8*l.* 4*s.* 9*d.* is annually paid out of a field called Moorhouse Field, comprising between fifty and sixty acres, and distributed among the poor.

Rev. George Burghope's gift, in 1716. Interest of 35*l.*; one-third to the Minister, for preaching a sermon on preparation for death; the other two-thirds to the poor, who shall be present, or really sick. It appears that a distribution of the principal (which had been placed in the hands of Sir Griffith Boynton) took place among the poor.

TOWNSHIP OF HAISTHORPE.

Town stock, 56*l.* The interest is annually distributed among the poor.—Vide 11th Report, page 718.

Post town, Kilham.

Torre's MS., page 977. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 207. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bertune, Grenzmore, Haschetorp, Thirnon,) pages 15. 223. 233. 235. Burton's Monast. page 219. Mon. Angl. vol. iii. pages 332, 333. Prickett's Bridlington, page 126.

GRANSMOOR[1].—The Prior of Bridlington held half a carucate of land of Gant, and he of the King.

On the 5th April 1361, a Chantry was founded in the Chapel of Gransmoor, by Walter de Harpham, Vicar of Gilling, for the remission of his own sins, and the sins of Sir William de St. Quintino, lord of Harpam, and others.

Here was a Chantry, which was valued at the Dissolution, at 3*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

THORNHOLME, in this parish, contained seven carucates of land, whereof ten oxgangs were held of Maurley, who held of Brus, and he of the King, by no rent.

Here twenty-one carucates made a knight's fee.

And the Prior of Bridlington held half a carucate of Gant, and he of the King, by no rent; whereof ten carucates made a knight's fee.

HASSELHORPE. — Another town, which contained five carucates of land, whereof two were of the liberty of Saint John of Beverley, and three were held by William de Hasselhorpe, of the fee of Maurley, who held the same of Brus, and he of the King in capite, by no rent.

HARPHAM. — ST. JOHN OF BEVERLEY.—(*Parish of Burton Agnes.*) Area, 1,970 acres. Dickering wapentake.——POPULATION, 240; CHURCH-ROOM, 120; NET VALUE, vide Burton Agnes.—This was anciently a Chapel, says Archbishop Sharp, within the parish of Agnes Burton, but now accounted a parish Church, and so called in the wills. It is charged 4*d.* for Synodals. But Torre says, There is a Chapel in Harpham, in the parish of Burton Agnes, which hath right of sepulture and other ecclesiastical services.

A Chantry is named in the Valor Ecc.

Patron, vide Burton Agnes.

Value in 1707 not returned; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 411, it is stated, "There is a very large Chapel to be made a distinct parish."

[1] Alias Crancemore.

An Inclosure Act was passed 13th Geo. III.

The monuments of the St. Quintin family are given by Torre.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1720. Vide earlier transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Kilham.

Torre's MS., page 986. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 208. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Arpen) pages 15. 223. 233. 235. Bodleian MS. No. 5101. Prickett's Bridlington, page 126.

BURTON FLEMING, OR NORTH BURTON.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 3,590 acres. Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 414; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[1]; NET VALUE, 84*l.*—In the town of Burton Fleming are eighteen carucates of land, whereof the Prior of Bridlington held twelve carucates, and the Prior of St. Oswald of Nostell one carucate, in frankalmoigne; and the residue, being five carucates, were held by Hugh Fitz-Ralf, who held the same of the fee of Gant, and he of the King, in capite, for one knight's fee and a half, and 5*s.* rent per annum.

The Canons of Bridlington had large possessions here.

A rent-charge of half a mark out of two oxgangs of land here was payable to the monks of Nostell.

The Nuns of Keeling had also some possessions in this parish.

This Chapel was given by Walter de Gant to the Abbey of Bardney, with the other Chapels of Hunmanby, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1296.

This has been held as a Curacy, and the Osbaldestons have nominated since 1742, and H. Osbaldeston, Esq., is the present patron.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.*; in the King's books (where it is called a Discharged Vicarage), the Living is valued at 6*l.* 4*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. p. 414, it is stated: "Northburton. A Chapel belonging to the parish of Hunmanby. The Vicarage is worth 13*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* yearly;"—and in 1818, at 70*l.* 18*s.* per annum.

[1] As returned in 1818. No return was made in 1834.

Augmented in 1767, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; and in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot.

"A pension of 3*l.* a year is payable by the Rectors of North Burton, in Yorkshire, to the Crown or its grantees. —Tempest *v.* Barker."—2 Wood, page 560.

"The Chapel of North Burton belongs to the mother Church of Hunmanby. All the tithe corn is impropriated. The tithe of lambs is impropriated to Sir Richard Osbaldeston. The Chapel is endowed with all the tithe wool, hay, Easter book, a little close, and all the small tithes; yearly value, about 10*l.*"—Notitia Parochialis, No. 869.

An Inclosure Act was passed 8th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1538.

CHARITY.—*Thomas Sawden's gift*, by will, in 1773. Interest of 30*l.*, expended in white bread for the poor, on three Sundays in each month.—Vide 9th Report, page 732.

Post town, Kilham.

Torre's MS., page 928. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 225. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bertune). It is impossible, from the number of Bertunes mentioned in the Survey, to give a more particular reference. Burton's Monasticon, pages 219, 220. 304. 386.

CARNABY.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST. —(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,950 acres. Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 155; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 44*l.*

The Priories of Bridlington and Helagh Park had possessions in Carnaby.

The Church of Carnaby was given by Robert de Percy to the Prior and Convent of Bridlington, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein. The Stricklands have presented since Archbishop Sharp's time.

Patron and impropriator, Sir George Strickland, Bart.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicho-

las's taxation, at 16*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 7*l.* 8*s.* 10*d.* after deducting for Synodals 4*s.*, and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 405, it is stated: "The impropriation worth 110*l.* 40*l.* paid to the Minister;"—and in 1818, at 40*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1816, with 200*l.*; and in 1829, with 200*l.*—both by lot.

No glebe house.

Torre's first Vicar was instituted in 1292.

The Register Books commence in 1596.

CHARITIES.——*Poor's Money.* The sum of 25*l.*, part of a benefaction of 50*l.* given by some persons unknown, was, at the time of the Report, in the hands of Mr. George Robinson, and the interest distributed on the 29th May among poor widows and other poor. The remainder of the 50*l.* has been lost many years ago through insolvency.

Lady Strickland's gift. Vide Boynton. Vide 9th Report, page 733.

Post town, Bridlington.

Torre's MS., page 989. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 211. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cherendbi), page 227. Burton's Monasticon, pages 221. 283. Prickett's Bridlington, page 54. Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 284.

KILBURN, a town in the parish of Carnaby, contained two carucates of land, whereof one was held of Meynill, who held it of the Archbishop of Canterbury, and he of the King, in capite.

There was a Chapel in this town of Kilburn, dedicated to the honour of St. Lawrence the Martyr, wherein was a Chantry, founded by the Lords Darcy, who were patrons of it.

FRAISTHORPE WITH AUBURN.—(*Parish of Carnaby. Perpetual Curacy.*) Area, 2,040 acres. Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 103 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient [2]; NET VALUE, 38*l.*—The Priory of Bridlington had possessions at Fraisthorpe. Swine Priory had also lands, which Maud, Prioress of Swine and the Convent, exchanged, with all the villains and their families and cattle thereon, with the Priory of Bridlington, for lands in Howum.

[1] In 1834, the population was stated to be 114.

[2] Vide return in 1831.

Fraisthorpe is a Chapel belonging to Carnaby. Auburn is also a Chapel to Carnaby. This was formerly claimed by the Stricklands to be a Donative, till 1737, when the Curacy was augmented.

Patron and impropriator, Sir George Strickland, Bart.

25th September 1731, a faculty was granted to take down the Chapel of Auburn; and, by a license dated 20th December, in the same year, the inhabitants of Auburn are directed to resort to the Chapel of Fraisthorpe.

Valued in 1707 (Fraisthorpe) 3*l.* (Auburn) 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 406, it is stated: "Fraisthorpe and Auburne, both in Carnaby parish. 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* paid to the minister at Auberne;"—and in 1818, at 27*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1737, with 200*l.*; in 1767, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; and in 1824, with 600*l.*—all by lot.

No glebe house.

Register Books, vide Carnaby.

CHARITY.——*Lady Strickland's gift.* Interest of 20*l.* for widows and other poor not receiving regular weekly relief from the rates.—Vide 9th Report, page 735.

Post town, Bridlington.

Not mentioned by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 209. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Frestintorp), pages 89. 203. 223. Burton's Monasticon, pages 228. 253. Prickett's Bridlington, pages 54, 55. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 284.

GREAT DRIFFIELD.——ALL SAINTS.——(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 7,520 acres. Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon.—POPULATION, 2,854 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 850; NET VALUE, 154*l.*

The manor of Driffield was parcel of the possessions of Morcar, Earl of Northumberland, at which time there

[1] Viz. Great Driffield, 2,660; Little Driffield, 92; and Emswell with Kelleythorpe, 102. Great and Little Driffield are partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

were two Churches, and afterwards came to the Earls of Chester, and in 20th Henry III. by Christian, daughter and heir of Allan of Galloway, came, by marriage, to William de Fontibas, Earl of Albemarle, and in the time of King Henry IV. to the Lords Scrope of Massam.

In the town of Driffield are twenty-four carucates of land, whereof nineteen and a half are held by an uncertain service, and three and a half of the demesne of Balliol, and of one carucate the Church of Driffield is endowed.

The Church was given by Henry I. to the Archbishop of York, who afterwards gave it to be a Prebend in the Cathedral. The Prebendary is Rector, patron, and impropriator, and hath nine oxgangs of land and nineteen tenements, and all manner of jurisdiction over the tenants and inhabitants.

There was a Chantry founded at the altar of St. Nicholas and St. Mary the Virgin in this Church for the souls of John Tebb and Joan his wife, which was of the patronage of the Lords Scrope of Massam, and from them of the Danbys of Farnley.

No endowment is given by Torre, but he mentions a curious correction cause.

The Church is now held as a Perpetual Curacy.

Valued in the King's books, (where it is called a discharged Vicarage) at 7*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 324. 488, it is stated: "Mr. Ralph Mason preaches at both Churches of Great Driffield and Little Driffield, after his fashion. Easter book and all small tithes of Great and Little Driffield, Kellythorpe, and Emswell, worth 26*l.* per annum."

Augmented in 1772, with 200*l.*, by lot.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 10th Geo. I., as to tithes.

An Act was passed 14th Geo. II. for inclosing and settling money payments in lieu of tithes.

The Church is partly of Saxon architecture, and exhibits a very antique appearance.

26th July 1805, faculty to re-pew the Church.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1556. Entries of baptisms defective 1653, 1697, 1698. Burials defective 1699. Marriages defective 1713 and 1723.—Vide transcripts in the Registry of the Peculiar Court.

CHARITIES.—*Walter Crompton's dole*, by will, proved 31st March 1714. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum, distributed among poor widowers and widows.

Matthew Ellis's gift. A legacy of 100*l.*, the interest to be applied in the relief of poor persons. Lost nearly thirty years before the Report, through the insolvency of the person in whose hands the money had been placed.—Vide 9th Report, page 745.

A post town.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 653. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 103. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Drifelt, Elmesauelle, Calgestorp), pages 12, 13. 79, 80. 236, 237. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxxx. page 416. (Epitaph only.)

LITTLE DRIFFIELD. —— SAINT PETER.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Great Driffield. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon[1].—POPULATION, 92, vide Great Driffield[2]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, vide Great Driffield.—Archbishop Sharp says Little Driffield is a distinct parish. It is, however, only one Cure with Great Driffield, and was so acknowledged in 1365, when on the 21st July, John, Vicar of Driffield, appeared before the Chapter, and acknowledged himself to be bound to find one Chaplain or himself to celebrate divine service in the parish Church of Little Driffield, and to minister the sacraments to the parishioners, and the sacramentals to the ecclesiastics.

The Prebendary hath his manor in Little Driffield, and certain tenants holding of him by annual rents, but not by suit of Court, over which he hath all manner of jurisdiction.

Patron, the Prebendary of the Cathedral of York. Vide Great Driffield.

Valued in the King's books, as a Vicarage, at 5*l.* 3*s.* 5*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1821, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1825, with 300*l.* from the same grant,

[1] Partly in Peter liberty.

[2] In 1834, the return for the Chapelry was 194.

to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Hon. and Rev. Edward Rice, D.D.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1578.

Parochial Charities.——Vide Great Driffield.

Post town, Great Driffield.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 656. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 183.

ERGHAM.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST. —(*Discharged Rectory.*)——Area, 510 acres. Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 29[1]; NO CHURCH; NET VALUE, 21*l.*—The town of Ergham contained four carucates of land, whereof William de Ergham held three carucates of the fee of Meynill, who held it of the Archbishop of Canterbury, and he of the King in capite, and rendered per annum 3*s.* Andrew Marshal gave an annual rent of 1*s.* 6*d.*, to find a wax candle to burn at the mass of the blessed Virgin in this Church.

This was orginally a Chapel dependant upon Hunmanby, and was given therewith to the Abbey of Bardney, and a Vicarage was ordained therein in or about 1269. This, however, does not appear to have taken effect, for Ergham has been considered as a Rectory, and in the patronage of the Erghams, afterwards of the Ashes, then of the Constables, and then of Alderman Gregory, of Hull; lapsed in 1715 and 1731, and has ever since been in the patronage of the Grimstones. The present patron is C. Grimstone, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*; new taxation, 3*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*; and in the King's books, at 4*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1714 with 200*l.*, and in 1749 with 200*l.*,—both by lot.

No glebe house.

Register Books.—Entries made at Bridlington.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Hornsey.

Torre's MS., page 935. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 229. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ergun, or Argun), pages 18. 30. 93. 180. Burton's Monasticon, pages 72. 225. 332.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 20.

FILEY.—ST. OSWALD.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 3,090 acres. Pickering Lythe and Dickering wapentake. POPULATION, 1,192[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[2]; NET VALUE, 95*l.*—This Church was given by Walter de Gant to the Priory of Bridlington, to which it was appropriated, but no Vicarage ordained therein.

In 1353, the Chapel of Filey was confirmed in its exemption from archidiaconal visitations, and was proved to have been so from time immemorial, as a dependant of the Church of Whitby.

When Hugh was Dean of York, it was agreed, that when the fishermen of Whitby plied at Filey, they should pay their tithe fish there; and when the fishermen of Filey plied at Whitby, they should pay their tithe fish at that place.

Ralph, the son of Ralph de Nevil, gave the stone in his quarry here towards building the monastery at Bridlington. Roger, the son of Uctred de Gristhorpe, in 1175 gave four acres of land in the field of Gristhorpe, with one messuage, &c., for the finding lights in the house at Fountaines, where the poor and strangers then lay.

Patron, H. Osbaldeston, Esq.

The roof of the Church, says Mr. Cole, appears to have been at some time considerably higher than it is at present, as the tower yet retains the lines of its boundary.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.*; also see Nonæ Rolls, page 241; in 1707, the Curacy was valued at 16*l.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 416, it is stated: "The Church now in the North Riding to be accounted in the East Riding; Lebberston, Gristhorpe, and Newbiggin, in respect of their nearness and convenience, to be made a parish Church, and belong to the North Riding;"—and in 1818, at 120*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1780, with 200*l.*; in 1791, with 200*l.*; and in 1796, with 200*l.*,—all by lot; in 1810, with 300*l.*, and 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 400*l.* from Humphrey Osbaldeston, Esq.; and in 1814,

[1] Viz. Filey, 802; Gristhorpe, 217; Lebberston, 173.—In 1834, the population was returned at 1,608.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 1,000.

with 1,000*l.* from the same grant, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 28th Geo. III.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1573. Deficient, 1683 to 1694 inclusive.

CHARITIES.—*Elisha Trott's charity*, by will, dated 11th August 1697. Rent-charge of 20*s.* a year to the poor of Muston, and 20*s.* a year to the poor of Filey, upon St. Helen's day, being the 3rd day of May.

Poor's Land. Rent of 1A. 0R. 38P., part of a field purchased by Mr. Christopher Russell, of Muston, the 1A. 0R. 38P. having been distinguished and excepted in the printed particulars of sale as belonging to the poor of Filey. At the time of the Report, no rent had been paid since 1817, in consequence of Mr. Russell refusing to pay more than 8*s.* per annum rent, and the overseers requiring 12*s.* per annum.

TOWNSHIP OF LEBBERSTON.

Town's Stock. The sum of 6*l.* 10*s.* in the hands of the overseers. The Commissioners state that no satisfactory account had been given to them of the application of the interest of it, and they recommended that the interest should be distributed among poor persons of the township.

TOWNSHIP OF GRISTHORPE.

Lost charity. The sum of 8*l.* 10*s.*, formerly belonging to the poor of this township, and kept in the hands of the overseers, was lost about the year 1800. —Vide 9th Report, page 733.

Post town, Scarborough.

Torre's MS., page 917. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 221. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Fucelac), page 11. Burton's Monasticon, pages 72. 78. 168. 222. 226. 231. 234. 235. 361. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 287. 291. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxxv. page 793, and vol. lxxvi. page 388. Prickett's Bridlington, page 50. Cole's History of Filey.

FLAMBOROUGH.—ST. OSWALD. (*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,980 acres. Dickering wapentake. — POPULATION, 975; CHURCH-ROOM, 350[1]; NET VALUE, 81*l.*—Flamborough was part of the possessions of Harold, at the time of his accession to the throne, and it was then valued at 24*l.*, but at the Domesday Survey, its then value was only 10*s.*

"The town of Flamborough contains sixteen carucates and four oxgangs of land, of which the Church is endowed with six (or sixteen) bovates, of the fee of William Constable, who held ten carucates of land of the Honor of Chester.

"And divers tenants held the residue, being four carucates and ten oxgangs.—Vide Kirby's Inquest."

This Church was given by William Fitz Nigel to the Priory of Bridlington, to which it was appropriated, but no Vicarage ordained therein. Torre gives a very curious composition as to the tithe fish, made in 1260, and confirmed to them by Popes Eugenius III. and Celestine III.

There was a Chantry in this Church, called Constable's Chantry.

Patron, Sir G. Strickland Bart., and the Archbishop of York, alternately.

Impropriator, Sir. G. Strickland.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in 1707, the Curacy was valued at 16*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 401, it is stated, "Impropriation worth 208*l.* Minister paid 48*l.*"

Augmented in 1767, with 200*l.*; in 1796, with 200*l.*; and in 1814, with 1,400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant —all by lot.

30th July 1811, a faculty was granted to enlarge the school-room in the Church.

An Inclosure Act was passed 5th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1564. The entries for burials are deficient 1669 to 1674 inclusive.

CHARITIES.—*Francis Walmsley's gift*, by will, dated in 1782. Rent-charge of 30*s.* per annum; 24*s.* for Flamborough, and 6*s.* for Bempton, to be given in bread monthly, among the helpless poor.

Melchior Gibbon's dole, (date of gift unknown). Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum; distributed among poor widows. —Vide 9th Report, page 734.

Post town, Bridlington.

Torre's MS. page 939. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 234. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Flaneburg), pages 66. 223. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Burton's Monasticon, pages 72. 226.

[1] In 1818, it was returned that there was accommodation for 900 persons.

Mon. Angl. vol. vi. pages 287. 291. Prickett's Bridlington, page 51, Cole's Filey, page 8. Gentleman's Magazine (October, 1753), page 456 (Epitaph).

FOLKTON.—SAINT JOHN THE EVANGELIST.—(*Sinecure Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 5,040 acres. Dickering wapentake.———POPULATION, 455 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 874*l.*; no return of Vicarage, supposed to be included in the Rectory.

The Monks of Rievaux had pasturage in Folkton for one thousand sheep and cattle.

This Church contains both a Rectory and a Vicarage, which was ordained 6 Id. Aug. 1226. The Rectory and Vicarage were anciently in the patronage of the Lords Greystock, from whom they came to the Howards, and now to the Osbaldestons, who present both to the Rectory and Vicarage. Torre describes the Monuments.

Patrons H. Osbaldeston, Esq. and the Rector of Folkton.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and the Vicarage at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books, the Rectory is valued at 15*l.* per annum, and the Vicarage [2] at 8*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 409, it is stated: "Parsonage, 105*l.*; Vicarage, 28*l.*; owners of the parsonage not known. No Minister."

Augmented in 1718, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.*, from the Archbishop of York and the Rev. John Gibson.

Inclosure Acts were passed 42d Geo. III. (Flixton), and 42d Geo. III. (East and West Flotmanby).

On the 22d June 1771, a faculty was granted to contract the dimensions of the Church; and on the 17th March 1772, a faculty was granted to contract the Chancel also.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1665. Chasm from 1696 to 1716 (except for 1714). Entries for baptisms and burials deficient in 1791. Vide Transcripts at York.

[1] Viz. Flixton, 251, and Folkton, 204.
[2] Which is discharged.

Parochial charities.—No return.

Post town, Hunmanby.

Torre's MS., page 999. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 217. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Fulcheton), page 30. Burton's Monast. pages 228. 256. 360. 361.

FOSTON ON THE WOLDS.—ST. ANDREW.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,560 acres. Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 715 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600; NET VALUE, 102*l.*—The Manor of Foston belonged to Carle previous to the Conquest, when it was granted to William de Percy. There was then a Church and a mill.

Pope Nicholas III. confirmed the agreement between the Prior and Convent of Bridlington and Robert de Scarleburg, Rector of Foston, about certain tithes.

The Church was the King's, and continued to be a Rectory, till, being purchased by William de la Pole, it was by him granted to the Priory of Carthusians of Hull, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein 18th May 1381.—Vide also a composition for tithes at Brigham, dated 4th August, 1512. After the Dissolution, the Crown presented till 1635, after which there were no presentations till 1788, when Henry Dawkins presented, and in 1803 the Crown presented by reason of lapse. The patronage is now in the Rev. R. Otterburn.

5 Id. April, A.D. 1315, an inhibition issued under the seal of the Archbishop, that no person should adore the image of St. Mary, newly placed in the Church of Foston; whither a great concourse of simple people flocked annually, and in pretence of the said image made their oblations in money and in other things.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 15*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 399, it is stated: "Impropriation worth 146*l.*, out of which 17*l.* is paid to the Minister;" and in 1818, at 36*l.* per annum.

A Chantry is named in the Valor Ecc.

[1] Viz. Brigham, 151. Foston on the Wolds, 308. Gembling, 78; and Great Kelk, 178.

Augmented in 1782, with 200*l.*; in 1792, with 200*l.*; and in 1824, with 1,200*l.*, from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot.

There was an unreported Decree in the Exchequer, as to the tithes of Foston, in Trinity Term 11th Car. II.

28th June 1824, faculty to re-pew the Church, and erect a gallery.

An Inclosure Act was passed 6th Geo. III. (Brigham).

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*Ann Walker's charity*, by will, dated in 1717. A cottage, with rooms for three poor widows, and a rent-charge of 30*s.* per annum, which is divided among the widows.

Poor's Money. The sum of 18*l.* is placed out, and the interest distributed to the poor. The sum was originally 20*l.*, but 2*l.* have been lost.

Gembling's and *Kelk's gifts*. Interest of 5*l.* and 1*l.*, (but it appears the latter has been laid out in repairing the poor house), paid to poor persons at Easter.—Vide 9th Report, page 734.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS., page 1365. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 201. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Fostane), page 171; (Bringeham), page 82; (Ghemelinge), page 57; (Chelche), pages 30. 57.

KELK MAGNA.——Here was a Chantry, which was valued at the Dissolution at 4*l.* 1*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

The Chapel of Magna Kelk is named in the Endowment, and the Prior was bound to find a Chaplain to serve at certain times therein.

BRIGHAM.——Here was also a Chantry, valued at 4*l.* per annum.

FOXHOLES.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 4,150 acres. Dickering wapentake.——POPULATION, 217[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 531*l.*—The town of Foxholes contained six carucates of land, of which the Church was endowed with half a carucate.

And Robert de Acklum held two carucates of William Harpham, who held the same of the Lady of Kildall, and she of the King in capite.

Also Walter de Bubwith held ten oxgangs of the fee of Gant, who held them of the King in capite.

And Roger le Despenser held one carucate and a half, of the said William de Harpham.

The town paid 4*s.* per annum.

The Abbey of Whitby had certain portions of tithe corn in Foxholes.

The Church was given by Goisfrid Baynard to the Abbey of St. Mary's, York, and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown. In 1661, the Gees began to present. In 1736, the Foords first presented; and in 1783, the presentation came to the family of Sykes.

Patron, R. Sykes, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 34*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; new taxation, 26*l.*; in the King's Books, at 22*l.*, after deducting for Synodals and Procurations, 15*s.* 6*d.*; pension to the Abbot of St. Mary's, 8*l.*; Synodals and Procurations, 9*s.* 6*d.*; Hospital of St. Giles in Beverley, 10*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.*; a corody to the heirs of William Babthorpe, 10*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 411, it is stated: "Rectory worth 120*l.* per annum, 11*s.* 6*d.* Crown rent."

"Here are four oxgangs of glebe, and all tithes." Signed, "Caleb Wilkinson, Rector."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 897.

14th May 1777, faculty granted to take down and rebuild the Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt under a faculty, granted 2nd April 1716.

The Register Books commence in 1654. The entries of marriages from 1750 to 1783 deficient.—Vide Transcripts at York.

Parochial charities.—No return.

Post town, Kilham.

Torre's MS., page 1003. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 220. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Foxele), pages 14. 233. Burton's Monast. pages 70—72.

[1] Viz. Butterwick, 100; and Foxholes with Boythorpe, 117. In 1834, the population was returned 177, but probably excluded Butterwick.

BUTTERWICK.—(*Parish of Foxholes. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 100[1], vide Foxholes; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 47*l.*—The Abbey of Whitby held one carucate of land in Butterwick, and Roger de Mowbray gave lands here to Selby Abbey.

This is a very ancient Chapel, and was given by Robert de Butterwick to St. Mary's Abbey, a composition being made in 1333, about rebuilding it. It hath right of burial, and is charged for Synodals, 1*s.* 4*d.*

Patron, the Rector of Foxholes.

Valued in 1818, at 60*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1790, with 200*l.*; in 1791, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; in 1811, with 200*l.*; in 1812, with 200*l.*; and n 1813, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed in the 11th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1796. See Transcripts of an older date at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Kilham.

Torre's MS., page 1008. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 204. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Butruic), page 200. Burton's Monast. pages 71. 392.

GALMPTON OR GANTON.——ST. NICHOLAS.——(*Perpetual Curacy*).—Area, 3,650 acres. Dickering wapentake.——POPULATION[2], 275; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 131*l.*

"The Church, then a Chapel under Willerby, was by Adelardus Venator given to the Canons of Bridlington, to which Priory it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein 31st July, 1367, and after the Dissolution the Patronage passed to the Legards. Now held as a Perpetual Curacy.

Patron, Sir Thomas de Legard, Bart.

The Vicar is charged with one-third of the expense of rebuilding the Chancel.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.*; and in his new taxation, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's Books (where it is called a Discharged Vicarage), at 5*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; Pension to the Prior of Bridlington, 4*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 410, it is stated: "The tithes are Mr. Legard's, and are worth 50*l.*; Vicarage, 25*l.*;" and in 1818, at 150*l.* per annum.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt by faculty dated 3rd February, 1738.

The Register Books commence in 1553, but there are many chasms. Entries of marriages deficient, 1757 to 1792 inclusive. Vide Transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Scarborough.

Torre's MS., page 897. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 213. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Galmeton), pages 14. 235. Burton's Monast. pages 229. 344. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 287. 291. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 349.

GARTON ON THE WOLDS.—ST. MICHAEL. (*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,380 acres. Dickering wapentake[1].——POPULATION, 428; CHURCH-ROOM, 333[2]; NET VALUE, 125*l.*

At the time of the Conquest here was a Priest and a Church.

This Church, with one carucate of land called St. Michael's Flat, was given by Walter Espec to the Priory of Kirkham, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, but Torre does not give the endowment. The first Vicar named in his catalogue was instituted in 1322.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriator, Sir T. Sykes, Bart.

For many years this was held by Sequestration, but in 1797, the Seals were taken out by the Rev. Adam Ibbotson.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.*; new taxation, 12*l.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage was valued at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; after deducting for Synodals, 4*s.*; and Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 400, it is stated: "Vicarage worth 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*;" and in 1818, at 110*l.* per annum.

[1] But in 1834, the population was certified to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners to amount only to 20.

[2] Ganton with Brompton.

[1] Partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] According to the return in 1818.—In 1834, the return was "sufficient" for 428.

Augmented in 1769, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; and in 1792, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed in the 43rd Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1653.—No entries in 1668, 1673, 1682, 1696, 1725.

CHARITIES.——*Jane Cooke's gift*, by will, dated 7th July 1779. 240*l.* was bequeathed on trust, to pay the interest to the Vicar of Garton, in case a sermon should be preached every Lord's Day in the Church, there being at that time only service once a fortnight; but in case the Vicar should refuse or neglect, then the interest during such a refusal or neglect, should be employed in beautifying and repairing the Church and Chancel.

The affairs got into Chancery after the testator's death, and it appears that the legacy was never raised.

The testatrix also bequeathed to Robert Lakeland and Christopher Seymour a security on the Driffield Navigation for 120*l.*, the interest to be employed in teaching poor children to read. This interest is regularly paid to a master, chosen by the townspeople. There are no free scholars, but a lower quarterage is charged to the poor.

Poor's fund, 7*l.* The principal was applied, above twenty years before the Report, in building a school-house.—Vide 11th Report, page 720.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS., page 963. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 214. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. pages 207. 210. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Gartune), pages 57. 82. Burton's Monast. page 374.

HACKNESS[1].—ST. MARY AND ST. PETER.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 12,730 acres. Whitby Strand Liberty.—POPULATION, 749[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 53*l.*—At the time of the Conquest, Hackness, Suffield, and Everley had each a Church.

By composition, dated 1231, the Prior and Convent of Bridlington had common of pasture in Hackness for fifty cows with their calves, as far as three years old; and for twenty mares with their foals, till three years old; paying yearly to the Abbey of Whitby, one pound of wax and one pound of incense.

A Cell to Whitby Abbey was founded here by St. Hilda, and a new Monastery erected temp. William II., but there were only four Monks in the fraternity at the Dissolution.

This Church was given by William de Percy to the Monks of Whitby, when they complained to him that they were so infested by robbers and thieves at Whitby, that they could not serve God there in quietness. Here these stayed for a time, and some of them laid their bones there. It was afterwards appropriated to the Abbey.

This Church was built and endowed by Sir Thomas Posthumus Hobby, Knt., and consecrated 16th October 1636.

In 1783, John Watts was licensed to the Curacy of Hackness, with the Chapel of Harwoodale annexed.

Patron and Impropriator, Sir J. V. B. Johnstone, Bart.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; new taxation, 16*l.*; in 1707, the Curacy was valued at 21*l.*; and in 1818, at 88*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1807, with 200*l.*; in 1811, with 200*l.*; in 1812, with 200*l.*; in 1824, with 400*l.*; and in 1828, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

Torre gives the monuments and inscriptions.

An Inclosure Act was passed 58th Geo. III.

No Glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1653, but defective till 1777.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITY.——*John Craven, senior's.* Rent-charge, by will, 52*s.* per annum for white bread for the poor, on every Sunday.—Vide 7th Report, page 756.

Post town, Scarborough.

Torre's MS., page 161. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii., page 237. Nonæ Roll, page 241. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Brecca), p. 64; (Hagenesse), page 173; (Sudfelt), page 173; (Evrelai), page 175. Burton's Monast. pages 54. 56. 72. 76. 78. 82. 332. Mon. Angl. vol. i. page 408. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 341.

[1] Torre places this in Cleveland Deanery.

[2] Viz. Broxa, 74; Hackness, 215; Harwood Dale, with Silpho, 336; and Suffield, with Everley, 124. In 1834, the population was returned at 509.

HARWOODALE CHAPEL.——(*To Hackness. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Whitby Strand Liberty.—POPULATION, 336, vide Hackness; CHAPEL-ROOM, 200; NET-VALUE, 200*l.*

This was built by Sir Thomas Posthumus Hobby, of Hackness, and consecrated in 1636.

Patron, Sir J. V. B. Johnstone, Bart.

Value not certified in 1818.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1780.—Vide Transcripts of earlier Registers at York.

Charities.—No return.

Post town, Scarborough.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 237. Not mentioned by Torre. In the Report of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, the Chapel is said to be endowed with Rectorial and Vicarial tithes.

HUNMANBY.——ALL SAINTS.—(*Vicarage in Charge.*)—Area, 7,200 acres.—Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,079; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET-VALUE, 350*l.*—A Church existed at Hunmanby, at the time of the Domesday Survey.

The Church of Hunmanby is endowed with one carucate of land, which together with the Chapels of Burton, Newton, Geldston, Reighton, Fordon, Barkedale, Folkthorpe, Muston, Straxton, and Ergham, was given by Walter de Gaunt to the Abbey of Bardney, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1269[1]. Of these, Barkedale and Folkthorpe are demolished, but the towns continue parcel of the Parish of Hunmanby. As for Straxton and Geldston, the recollection of them seems to be lost.

The Osbaldestons appear to have presented soon after the Dissolution. Wold Newton, Burton Fleming, Ergham, Muston, and Reighton, are now become Parish Churches, but they still continue Members of the Parish as to the repairs of the Church, and all of them except Reighton bury there; Reighton has right of sepulture.

Patron and Impropriator, H. Osbaldeston, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 105*l.* 11*s.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 20*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 8*s.*; and Pension to the Abbey of Bardney, 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. p. 414, it is stated: "The Parsonage is in Mr. Osbaldeston's hands, worth yearly 180*l.*; the Vicarage is worth 70*l.* per annum."

8th May 1784, faculty to erect a gallery.

27th May 1811, ditto to alter the Church porch.

Inclosure Acts were passed 12th Geo. II., and 39th and 40th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1584.

CHARITIES.—*Cowton's Charities*, vide Bridlington. At the time of the Report, the two-thirds applicable to the use of the poor of Hunmanby, were received by the Vicar (Archdeacon Wrangham) and the late Humphrey Osbaldeston, Esq., and applied as follows:—Five guineas a year, with other moneys voluntarily contributed by the Trustees, to the purpose of a Parish Dispensary for the poor gratuitously, under the care of a surgeon resident in the place; six guineas a year, or thereabouts, laid out in coals for the poor women in the Almshouse; and the rest of the money, amounting to about 40*l.*, distributed in moieties at Christmas and Easter among the poor, according to a list settled by the Trustees themselves, and in such proportions as they think proper. From sixty to seventy poor persons annually partake of this charity. The distribution is not confined to poor persons belonging to the parish, but extended to other resident poor, who by a long course of honest labour in the parish are thought to have acquired a claim, and a preference is shown to members of the Church of England, constant in attendance on its services, which is in conformity to the implied intention of the testator.

The Widows' Hospital, origin unknown.—Three tenements, each containing two rooms, occupied by widows placed there by Mr. Osbaldeston's family. The sum of 7*l.* per annum, rent charge, is divided among the widows, and each widow is supplied by Mr. Osbaldeston with a peck of barley

[1] The Vicar is charged with the entertainment of the Archdeacon, when he visits the Church.

a month. The number of widows seldom exceeds four.—Vide 9th Report, page 746.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 921. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 223. Bodleian MS., No. 5080. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hundemanebi), pages 190, 191. Burton's Monast. pages 233. 361. Mon. Angl. vol. page 641. Cole's Filey, page 150.

FORDON.—(*Parish of Hunmanby.*)—Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 56, vide Hunmanby; CHAPEL-ROOM, 40; NET VALUE, vide Hunmanby.

A Chapel of ease to Hunmanby.

Patron, vide Hunmanby.

In this Chapel service is only performed twice a year, viz. on Good Friday, and the Feast of St. Stephen.

An Inclosure Act was passed 39th and 40th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house or register books.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Hunmanby.

Not mentioned by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 223. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Fordun,) page 30. Burton's Monast. page 228.

KILHAM.—ALL SAINTS.—*Peculiar.* (*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 7,660 acres. Dickering wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 1,042[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[3]; NET VALUE, 145*l.*—The Church, with its soke, was given by Henry I., at the request of Archbishop Gerard, to the Dean of York, for ever. The grant was confirmed by King Stephen, and a Vicarage ordained therein 8th Id. Nov. 1252.

Patron and impropriator, the Dean of York.

There was a Chantry in this Church.

Torre gives a broken catalogue of the Vicars.

In the town of Kilham are fifty carucates of land, twelve carucates whereof make a knight's fee, and of which the Archbishop and Chapter of Roan held thirty-eight carucates in ancient demesne of the King in capite, and of these the King hath the custody, after the said Archbishop's death.

And six other carucates here are held of the soccage of Driffield, and six other carucates are held of Bajou, at the rent of 2*s.* per annum, and of these Richard de Gorum held three carucates, and the residue are held of the fee of Chauncy, and he of the King in capite.

In A.D. 1334, William de Melton, Archbishop of York, constituted Thomas de Kelom, his attorney, in his name to receive of Peter, Archbishop of Roan, and the Dean and Chapter of the same seisin of the manor of Kilham, fully granted to the said Archbishop and his heirs, by the said Archbishop of Roan and Dean and Chapter thereof.

Valued in the King's Books at 6*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 407, it is stated: "Kilholme and Swathorp. Value of impropriation (a church lease for lives) 250*l.*; Vicarage 16*l.*;" and in 1818, at 106*l.* 18*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

"Tithe hay only belongs to the Vicar. Dean Finch augmented the Vicarage 10*l.* per annum. There was likewise another Church, as has appeared by its ruins in the mind of man. Yearly value, about 25*l.*" Signed, "Thos. Prickett, Incumbent."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 146.

31st July 1818, faculty to re-pew the Church, erect a gallery, and make other alterations.

An Inclosure Act was passed 11th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*The free school,* founded by John Lord D'Arcy, by deed, dated 4th October, 9th Charles I., for the free teaching of all the children and youths of the parishioners and inhabitants of Kilham, in grammar, and other books of learning. Endowment: school-house and garden, and annual rent-charge of 30*l.*; of which 20*l.* is for the master, and 10*l.* for the usher. The Duke of Leeds appoints the master. The school is open for gratuitous instruction in Latin grammar, but charges are made for instruction in English reading, writing,

[1] Partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Little Keld, an extra-parochial place, is not included. Its area is 640 acres, and it contains a population of 50. In Pope Nicholas's taxation, the Church of Little Kelk is valued at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

[3] In 1818, the return was 1,200.

and arithmetic, from 2*s.* 6*d.* to 10*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; nearly 100 scholars, but not more than a dozen received instruction in Latin.

Watson's dole. Rent-charge of 5*l.* a year, distributed on St. Thomas's day among poor widows.

Elizabeth Thompson's gift, by will, dated 16th September 1745. The interest of 5*l.*, distributed on St. Andrew's day among poor widows.

Elizabeth Knowsley's gift, by will, dated in 1800. Dividends on 85*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* three per cent. consols, among the industrious poor not receiving parochial relief.

Robert and *Jonas Thomson's gifts,* 20*l.* and 10*l.* These sums, left for the poor, were expended in the purchase of a poor-house. The Commissioners recommended that the interest should be distributed by the overseers.

Drinkrow's gift. 30*s.* in the hands of the churchwardens. The interest given among poor widows.—Vide 9th Report, page 735.

A post town.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 727. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 243. Bodleian MS. No. 5078. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Chillon,) pages 12, 13. 31. 215. 223. Burton's Mon. pages 174. 234. Prickett's Bridlington, page 56.

LANGTOFT.—ST. PETER.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 5,900 acres. Dickering wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 523[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250[3]; NET VALUE, 354*l.*——In the town of Langtoft were three carucates and a half of land, which were held of the fee of Reginald Fitz Peter, who held them of the Archbishop of York, and he of the King in capite, without rent, &c.; and twenty-one carucates and a half are of the liberty of St. Peter in York.

The Prebend of Wilton, since annexed to the treasury, had in Langtoft fifteen tenements and thirty-seven oxgangs of land, held by several tenants.

Also the Prebendary of Stillington hath in Langtoft eleven tenements, wasted, sixteen oxgangs of demesne land, and seven freeholders, who hold of him five tenements and sixteen oxgangs of land, and nine cottages at certain rents and services.

And the Prebendary of Strensall hath in Langtoft eleven tenements and thirty-two oxgangs of land.

But the Prebendary of Langtoft is lord of the town, having his manor there, nine oxgangs and two acres of demesne land, each oxgang containing sixteen acres, and rent of assize, 1*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.*, paid by the freeholders, yearly.

Also thirty-five tenants, holding twenty-nine tenements and forty-two oxgangs of land in bondage, at three shillings per oxgang.

The Prebendary is Rector, to whom it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 12th December 1274. Augmented 15th Kal. April 1302.—See Curious Collection Entry.

Patron, the Prebendary of Langtoft, in York Cathedral.

Impropriator, the Rev. E. Gibbons.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books at 8*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 400, it is stated: "Langtoft and Cottam—Minister 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, paid by the State out of the late Prebend."

An Inclosure Act was passed 41st Geo. III.

15th Kal. April 1302, Roger Marmyon, Prebendary of Langtoft, gave the Vicar for his habitation one toft within the said town, which the Dean and Chapter confirmed accordingly.

No glebe house.

The Register books commence in 1537.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Kilham.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 647. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 241. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Langetou,) pages 15. 31. 47.

COTTAM.——(*Peculiar. Parish of Langtoft.*)—Area, vide Langtoft. Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 25, vide Langtoft[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 25; NET VALUE, vide Langtoft.

[1] The townships of Cottam and Langtoft are partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Cottam 25, and Langtoft 498. In 1834, Cottam was returned at 28, and Langtoft at 523.

[3] In 1818, returned at 450.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 28.

Registers, vide Langtoft.
Glebe house.—No return.
Parochial Charities.—No return.
Post town, Kilham.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Cottun,) page 48.

LOWTHORPE.—ST. MARTIN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,960 acres. Dickering wapentake.——POPULATION, 138; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[1]; NET VALUE, 64*l.*

A Church at Lowthorpe is mentioned in the Domesday Survey.

The town of Lowthorpe contained eight carucates of land, of which the Church is endowed with half a carucate. And one carucate and a half were held of the liberty of St. John of Beverley, and the residue, being six oxgangs, were held of the fee of Meynill, who held them of the Archbishop of Canterbury, and he of the King in capite, by no rent.

This was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Lowthorpes, then of the Heslertons, afterwards of the Hothams, and for above a century back of the St. Quintin family, and was appropriated to the College of Lowthorpe.

In A.D. 1333, this was made a Collegiate Church, consisting of a Rector, six chantry priests, and seven chaplains, all of which were to live in common, and had their several salaries assigned them, (the Rector by the last ordination being to receive no more than ten marks per annum for his private use,) besides revenues for their housekeeping.

A new ordination was made 9th February 1372.

There have been no institutions since 1579, the living being served as a Curacy.

Patron and impropriator, W. T. St. Quintin, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 16*l.*, and in his new taxation at 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in 1707, the Curacy was valued at 9*l.* 3*s.* 8*d.*; and in 1818, at 67*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1749 with 200*l.*; and in 1766, with 200*l.*,—both by lot; and in 1780, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir W. St. Quintin, Bart. and the Rev. Thomas Bowness.

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned for the then "whole population" of 275.

A decree was made in the Exchequer, in Michaelmas Term, 36th Elizabeth, but which is not reported.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1546. No entries in 1553—1557, 1559, 1560.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS. page 1017. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 203. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Loghetorp,) pages 31. 224. 239. Burton's Monast. page 235. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 1474. Prickett's Bridlington, page 126.

MUSTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,860 acres. Dickering wapentake.——POPULATION, 382[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 172; NET VALUE, 153*l.*

This was originally a Chapel to Hunmanby, and was given therewith by Walter de Gaunt, to Bardney Abbey, but appropriated to the Priory of Thornton, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1269.

Patron and impropriator, Humphrey Osbaldeston, Esq.

Valued in the King's books at 6*l.* 10*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 415, at 25*l.* per annum.

A Drainage Act was passed 39th and 40th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as unfit for residence, it being then "let and occupied as a cottage," and returned unfit in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1542; defective 1695 to 1699. Some entries are in the Hunmanby Book.

CHARITY.—*Trotter's gift*, vide Filey.

Post town, Scarborough.

Torre's MS. page 927. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 226. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Mustone,) pages 30. 191. Cole's Filey, pages 148—152.

NAFFERTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 5,130 acres. Dickering wapentake.——POPULATION,

[1] In 1834, the population was only returned at 175.

1,184[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 380[2]; NET VALUE, 139*l.*

This town, containing fourteen carucates and two oxgangs of land, was held of the King by the Percies, in capite, and 8*d.* per annum rent.

The Church was given by Sir Henry Percy to the Abbot and Convent of Meaux, to which it was appropriated by Archbishop Corbridge, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 2nd Id. April 1304. Now held as a perpetual Curacy.

The Rectory, together with the Advowson of the Vicarage, was given by King Henry VIII. to the See of York, in exchange. There is an augmentation of 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, paid by the Archbishop's lessee.

Patron and impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 63*l.*, and in his new taxation at 34*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books (where it is called a Discharged Vicarage), at 13*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.*; Pension to the Abbey of Melsa 3*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 12—399, it is stated: "Wool and lamb, 9*l.* 3*s.*; petty tithes 5*l.* The value of provision rent in the time of the Survey, was 381*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* Wansworth, part of Nafferton Rectory, fit to be made a parish;" and, in 1818, at 97*l.* 19*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1780, with 200*l.*; in 1802, with 200*l.*; and in 1814, with 1,200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III. (Nafferton and Wansford.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's estate.* 10A. 1R. 8P. of land, part of which was given by William Robinson, in order to carry into effect a devise under the will of his brother Thomas Robinson, dated 21st February 1698, which was defective in law; another part was given by one Robert Moore of Hornsey. The rents are distributed among the most indigent and deserving poor not receiving parochial relief.

[1] Viz. Nafferton 1032, and Wansford 152. In 1834, the population was returned at 1,278.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 1,000.

The town land. 11A. 1R. of land, under the management of twelve feoffees. It does not appear how the property was acquired. The trusts in the feoffment, dated in August 1737, are declared to be for defraying the common expenses of the town of Nafferton and the inhabitants thereof, and for their common good and benefit; and the income is applied, partly in affording pecuniary relief to the poor in need and distress, or in supplying corn to the poor in times of scarcity; partly in teaching, and occasionally apprenticing one or more poor children, and also in the repairing of the highways, or otherwise for the general benefit of the inhabitants. At the audit in 1821, there was a balance of 96*l.* 18*s.* due to the trust, of which 70*l.* was lodged in the Beverley bank, and it was in contemplation to employ the balance in building small tenements for the poor.

John Baron's charity, by will, dated 28th March 1709. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum, towards a free-school for poor children. The stipend is paid to a schoolmaster, who has also a house belonging to the town, but there are no free scholars. 3*s.* a quarter is paid for reading, 4*s.* for reading and writing, and 2*s.* 6*d.* for arithmetic. From twenty-five to thirty scholars.—Vide 9th Report, page 737.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS., page 1009. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 227. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 396. 398. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Nadfartone,) pages 30. 171. Burton's Monast. pages 74. 236.

WANSFORD.—July 2nd 1330, Elias de Wandesford, clerk, having at his own cost founded to the honour of St. Mary the Virgin and St. Nicholas, in this place, where sometime a Chapel was built, but then ruinous, and time out of mind was always accounted a Chapel dependant on the parish church of Nafferton. And whereas sacramentals and other divine offices were formerly administered to by virtue of the King's license, gave certain lands for the maintenance of a Chaplain to celebrate divine offices therein as a Chantry. This Chapel was disused before Archbishop Sharp's time.

January 25th 1354, at the instance of the Abbot and Convent of Meaux, the

inhabitants of Wandesford were inhibited from burying their dead in the Chapel or Chapel-yard of Wandesford, which before, by reason of the plague time, they had license granted to them so to do, by Archbishop Zouch.

Poor's money, 13*s*. for Wansford, being the amount of several old benefactions. The interest is annually distributed among poor widows.—Vide 9th Report, page 739.

REIGHTON.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,680 acres. Dickering wapentake.——POPULATION, 234; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 177*l*.—This was anciently a Chapel belonging to Hunmanby, and given therewith to the Abbey of Bardney, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1269. The Smiths presented from 1739 to 1768. No further entries.

Patron and impropriator, Sir George Strickland, Bart.

Valued in the King's books at 9*l*. 9*s*. 10*d*., after deducting for Synodals 6*d*.; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 411, it is stated: "Vicarage worth 30*l*. per annum."

Augmented in 1803, with 200*l*. by lot; and, in 1826, with 300*l*., 300*l*., and 300*l*., all from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of houses and lands worth 600*l*. from Sir William Strickland, Bart.

"The Vicarage belongs to the mother church of Hunmanby: two-thirds of the tithe corn, hay, and lamb, are impropriated to Ed. Hutchinson, Esq.; one-third the Vicarage is endowed with. It is also endowed with all the tithe wool, Easter book, and the small tithes. The yearly value of the Vicarage is about 26*l*. per annum. The advowson belongs to Mr. Hutchinson."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 869.

An Inclosure Act was passed 51st Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1559.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Bridlington.

Torre's MS., page 925. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 227. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Rictone,) pages 30. 57. Prickett's Bridlington, page 56.

RUDSTONE.—ALL SAINTS.——(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 5,060 acres. Dickering wapentake.—POPULATION, 518; CHURCH-ROOM, 360[1]; NET VALUE, 236*l*.—The Prior of Bridlington held four carucates of Richard de Thornay, and he held them of Richard de Luterell, and he of the King for one knight's fee.

The Church was given to the Abbey of St. Mary's, York, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 12th May 1354, but altered 2nd December 1355. In 1661, Sir Francis Boynton presented. The presentation is now in the Archbishop of York.

Impropriator, Sir Henry Boynton, Bart.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 44*l*.; new taxation, 30*l*. 13*s*. 4*d*.; in the King's books, the Vicarage was valued at 9*l*. 13*s*. 6*d*. per annum, after deducting for Synodals 4*s*., and Procurations 7*s*. 6*d*.; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 408, it is stated: "Rudston, Thorpe, and Easthorpe impropriate, the parish Church situate at Rudston. Impropriator, Sir Francis Boynton; the value, 140*l*.; the value of the Vicarage yearly 45*l*.; Mr. Grantham preaching minister."

An Inclosure Act was passed 14th Geo. III.

The glebe house is unfit for residence, vide return in 1834. In 1818, it was returned fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1717.—Vide transcripts of earlier registers at York.

CHARITIES.—There are no charities now subsisting in this parish. *John Harrison*, by will, dated 13th November 1607, confirmed the grant of a rent-charge of 20*s*. per annum, granted by deed, dated 20th September, 5th James I., out of land at Rudston; but no traces are to be found of any payment of such rent-charge, and the specific property made liable cannot be ascertained.—Vide 9th Report, page 739.

Post town, Bridlington.

Torre's MS., page 969. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 230. Bodleian MSS., Nos. 5101 and 7063. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Rode-

[1] Estimated in 1818 at 400.

stan), pages 82. 187. 233. 238. Burton's Monasticon, page 238. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. pages 536. 571. Prickett's Bridlington, page 56. Cole's Filey, page 153. Archæologia, vol. v. page 95. "The stone in the church-yard," says Dr. Pegge, "stands about four yards from the south-east corner of the Church: its depth under ground is equal to its height above, as appeared by an experiment made by the late Mr. William Strickland." Dr. Pegge supposed that the stone was a Danish funeral monument. It stands above 24 feet above ground, is 5 feet 10 inches in breadth, and is 2 feet 3 inches in thickness. Its weight is computed to be 46 tons.

RUSTON PARVA.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 910 acres. Dickering wapentake. ——— POPULATION, 152; CHURCH-ROOM, 90; NET VALUE, 51*l.*—Millicent, daughter of Nicholas de Ruston, with the consent of her son William, gave to the Priory of Wykeham all her land amounting to three oxgangs adjoining to the court of the Nuns, extending from the end of Ruston to the end of Wycham, with all the turbary thereto belonging, and a toft extending from Sciterie to the great road leading from Pickering to Scardeburg.

Patron, W. T. St. Quintin, Esq.

Impropriators, W. T. St. Quintin, J. Greame, and T. Oliver, Esqrs.

Valued in 1707, at 4*l.* 17*s.* per annum. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 398: it is stated "10*l.*, and 20*l.* out of the tithes."

There is a payment of 15*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* made to the Curate from the Exchequer.

Augmented in 1741, with 200*l.*; in 1763, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1817, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant: in 1824, with 200*l.*; and in 1832, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 41st Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1585, but imperfect till 1620.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Driffield.

Not mentioned by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 203. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Roreston), pages 31. 57. 224. Burton's Monasticon, page 256.

SCALBY.—SAINT LAWRENCE.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 11,060 acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,676 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 450 [2]; NET VALUE, 302*l.*—This Church was given by Eustace Fitz John to the Canons of Bridlington, to whom it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein; and upon the Dissolution, the Rectory and Advowson was granted by the Crown to the Dean and Chapter of Norwich, who are now the patrons and impropriators of it.

King Henry II. gave to the Monks of Bridlington free pannage for all their swine in his forest at Scalby, at the time other hogs feed thereon.

Torre gives no particulars of the ordination; his first Vicar was instituted in 1238.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.*, and the Vicarage at 8*l.*; and in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

15th September 1710, license to build a school-house.

An Inclosure Act was passed 11th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*Christopher Keld's Hospital*, by will, date not given. Endowment: house for four widows, and rent of six acres of land. The rent, after providing for repairs and incidental expenses, is equally divided among the widows.

Sarah Knowsley's gift, by will, dated 15th March 1714. Rent of about three acres of land, for purchase of bread, to be distributed every year among the poor of Scalby, Burniston, and Newby.

Robinson Farside's gift. Rent-charge of 3*l.* per annum for the most necessitous poor, in sums of 1*l.*, at Easter, Whitsuntide, and Christmas.

Hodgson's dole. 5*s.* per annum, given in weekly sums of one penny each to the poor of the townships of Burniston and Cloughton.—Vide 7th Report, page 745.

[1] Viz. Burniston, 317; Cloughton, 415; Newby, 55; Scalby, 583; Stainton Dale, 252; and Throxenby, 54.—In 1834, the population was returned (exclusive of Cloughton) at 1,008.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 550.

Post town, Scarborough.

Torre's MS., page 855. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 238. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Brinnistun,) page 11. 115; (Cloctune,) pages 11. 71. 172; (Scallebi,) page 11; (Steintun,) page 11. Nonæ Roll, page 241. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. pages 285. 287. 291. Burton's Monasticon, pages 221, 222. 239. 251. Cole's Scalby.

CLOUGHTON.—(*Parish of Scalby.*) Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, 415, vide Scalby[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 400[2]; NET VALUE, vide Scalby.—This is charged with 8*d.* Synodals.

Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Norwich.

Value not certified in 1707 or 1818.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1685,—kept with the Scalby register.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Scarborough.

Not mentioned by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 238. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cloctune), pages 11. 71. 172. Burton's Monasticon, pages 221, 222. Cole's Scalby, page 58.

SCARBOROUGH.—ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 2,160 acres. Borough of Scarborough.——POPULATION, 8,760[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,500[4]; NET VALUE, 243*l.*—The town of Scarborough was part of the ancient possessions of the Earls of Albemarle. William le Grosse, Earl of Albemarle and Holderness, inclosed the whole plain of the rock with a wall, and also built a tower at the straight passage thereof, which, in process of time, falling down, King Henry II. caused to be built in the same place a great castle.

The Church was given by Richard the First to the Abbey of the Cistercians at Albemarle, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1321; and on the Dissolution of that Alien Monastery, it was, temp. Henry IV., given to the Priory of Bridlington, to which it was appropriated. After the Dissolution, the Rectory was granted by the Crown, in 1538, to Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk, in tail male. This entail became extinct in 1551. It was afterwards successively leased to Walter Whalley, Robert Whalley, and John Awdley. It appears to have been again vested in the Crown. Queen Elizabeth presented in 1602. In 1608, the Earl of Huntingdon and his wife presented. In 1613, it was granted, under the Great Seal, to Francis Morris and Francis Phillipps, and their heirs and assigns, on payment of twenty pounds yearly to the Vicar. Under this grant, John Earl of Bridgewater and his wife presented in 1630, and the Earls of Bridgewater successively until 1708, when William Thompson, Esq. of Humbleton, presented, and the patronage is still in that family, now in the person of Beaumont Lord Hotham. The endowment is not given by Torre; his first Vicar was instituted in 1227.

Impropriators, the Corporation of Scarborough.

The Church was valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 106*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the new taxation, at 40*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage was valued at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in 1818, at 60*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1816, with 1,200*l.*, and in 1817, with 600*l.*, both from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

A decree in the Exchequer in Easter Term, 3rd Jac. I., relative to tithes, is unreported.

The fishermen of the town of Scarborough formerly paid to the Rector the twentieth part of all fish caught by them at sea, in lieu of the tithes of the said fish, wheresoever the same might be sold; but the Corporation took upon themselves the payment of the tithe of fish, as an encouragement to the fishery, and since purchasing the tithes, &c., have altogether relinquished the tithe of fish[1].

24th February 1762, faculty to erect an organ.

15th September 1779, and 28th July 1808, additional burial-grounds were consecrated.

[1] In 1834, returned at 667.

[2] 244 additional sittings (of which 170 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 175*l.*

[3] Viz. Falsgrave, 391; and Scarborough, 8,369. Falsgrave excluded in the return in 1834.

[4] In 1818, returned at 1,700.

[1] Audley *v.* Fiddey, 1 Wood, page 5. Thompson *v.* Field, 2 Wood, page 154.

29th September 1820, faculty to new roof part of the Church, and to make other alterations therein.

An Inclosure Act for Falsgrave was passed 13th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, "being too small;" and returned "unfit," in 1834.

The Register Books for baptisms commence in 1672; and for marriages and burials in 1689.

CHARITIES.—*The Church or Grammar School.* This appears to have existed previous to the year 1648, when it was removed by an order of the corporation, (in consequence, as supposed, of the demolition of the old school house during the siege of the Castle,) to a part of St. Mary's Church, called Farrer's Isle, which was directed to be made fit for a school-house, and where the school has ever since been kept.

Gregory Fysh, by will, in 1640, bequeathed to this school a close, containing 1A. 2R. of land, for the continual support of four poor scholars of his own kindred or near alliance; and if none such, then the scholars to be chosen by the minister, or the overseers of the school.

The corporation are in possession of an extract from the will, in an ancient manuscript; and in Gent's History of Hull, the benefaction is stated to be recorded on a tablet at the north end of the Church, but the tablet has been since removed, and the will cannot be found, either at York or Canterbury.

At the time of the Report, the master had, from the period of his appointment in 1786, declined teaching any free scholars, on the ground, that in a copy of the will which he had obtained from an agent of some branch of the family, no such condition was annexed to the gift of the land. This copy had been subsequently lost or mislaid, and could not be produced to the Commissioners; but their opinion was, that as the corporation copy was confirmed by the tablet and the uniform practice of the two preceding masters, it was obligatory on the master to teach four poor children as free scholars.

Francis Thompson appears to have given 100*l.* to the corporation in 1692 for the school, but the trusts do not appear. Up to 1821, the interest (viz., 5*l.* per annum) was paid to the Vicar, and was so entered in their books, as paid for the use of the school, but the Vicar considered himself as entitled to the money as lecturer. In 1821, the corporation suspended the payment, and contended that the interest might be laid out in repairs, or otherwise to the use of the school. The Commissioners gave it as their opinion, that the interest should be paid to the master of the school. The corporation claim the nomination of the master, but Mr. Irvine was appointed in 1786 by the Vicar; but the corporation never formally recognized his appointment.

CHARITIES UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF THE CORPORATION.

Sir John Lawson, who died in 1665, gave 100*l.*, the interest to be paid by the corporation yearly on St. Thomas's day to the poor of Scarborough. This sum, with 40*l.* given by —— *Conyers*, and 20*l.* by *Alice Chambers*, is vested in the corporation at five per cent. interest, and the money distributed, with the sacramental money, among the poor by the churchwardens.

Thomas Sedman, in 1714, devised a house and garth as an hospital for six poor people, to be placed therein by the corporation. Also a close, the rent of which, after deducting 20*s.* for repairs of the hospital, to be distributed annually at the Church door of St. Mary's, on the 1st day of May, to all such poor as frequent the said Church.

William Magginson, in 1697, devised a close, the rent to be distributed to the poor on May-day. The land altogether comprises 4A. 2R. 32P. The corporation provide for all repairs over and above the 20*s.* per annum.

John Farrer's Hospital. Two cottages under one roof, near the Low Conduit, given about 1627, for occupation by poor widows. Three poor persons are placed in this Hospital by the corporation, who also keep the building in repair.

North's Hospital, in Tollergate, inhabited by five poor persons, appointed by the corporation.

St. Thomas's Hospital, founded by Hugh de Bulmer, temp. Hen. III., con-

tains thirteen tenements, with a small garden to each, occupied, rent-free, by poor persons nominated by the corporation.

Burgh's Hospital, in Dumple-street, occupied by a poor widow, nominated by the corporation.

William Robinson's almshouse, rebuilt by the corporation, and let for 1*l.* 1*s.* per annum. When the expenses are liquidated, the rent will be applied to the use of the poor.

CHARITIES NOT UNDER THE CARE OF THE CORPORATION.

Elisha Trott's Hospital, founded by will, dated 10th August 1697. Two tenements, each occupied by a poor widow. Endowment: rent of an acre of land.

Cornelius Stubbs's almshouse. A tenement occupied by two poor persons, placed therein by the Vicar and churchwardens; and there is an annual rent-charge of 10*s.* for keeping the building in repair.

Richard Allatson's charity, in 1717. Rent of dwelling-house and 38A. 0R. 10P. of land at Weaverthorpe, distributed by the churchwardens and overseers at Christmas, either in money or coals, among the poor not receiving parochial relief.

James Rickinson's charity, by will, dated 20th April 1711. Rent-charge of 26*s.* per annum out of a certain close, called Church Close, to the poor. This close is supposed to be one which was in 1786 vested in John Parkin, since deceased, whose descendants conveyed the same to the Rev. Samuel Bottomley. Mr. Bottomley purchased without notice of the charge, and the Commissioners thought there was not sufficient means of re-establishing the payment.

Joseph Taylor's charity, by will, dated 4th May 1810. Free dwellings for fourteen aged poor persons, erected with 750*l.*, part of the sum of 1,000*l.*, less 100*l.* duty, bequeathed for that purpose. The bequest was void, under the 9th Geo. II. cap. 36, but Messrs. Isaac and George Mennell, the residuary legatees, consented to the payment of the legacy. There are thirteen trustees, of which at least two are required to be Quakers. The interest of the residue, being 150*l.*, forms a fund for repairs, and is placed on mortgage. The testator also left a legacy of 100*l.*, the interest to be applied in educating with a small portion of learning, not exceeding one or two years, as many poor boys as the interest would admit of. This is placed on mortgage, and thirteen or fourteen boys are educated for two years at the Lancastrian school. The testator also devised a close, containing about three acres, the rent to be applied in the purchase of coals for the poor. The devise was void in law, but was carried into effect by the heir at law. About eighty poor families (including those in the different hospitals) receive four metts a-piece in December or January.

Merchant Seamen's Fund and Hospital. This is a branch of the general institution incorporated by the 20th Geo. II. cap. 38. Fifteen trustees are annually chosen by the owners and masters of ships belonging to the port of Scarborough. Every seaman belonging to the port pays sixpence a month. At the time of the Report, there was also the sum of 400*l.* in the three per cent. consols. Every seaman's widow receives 3*s.* a month, and also 1*s.* additional for each child under fourteen years of age. About one hundred and fifty persons per annum are relieved.

Merchant Seamen's Hospital. This contains apartments for twenty-five aged seamen, or widows of seamen. The inmates receive no benefit from the seaman's fund.

Trinity House. This is an ancient building in St. Sepulchre-street, with apartments for twenty poor persons of the same description as those in the Seamen's Hospital. Part of the building is let, and applied towards repairs, as is also the rent of five small tenements in Merchant's-row.

Thomas Bell's gift, by will, dated 27th May 1773. Interest of 200*l.* to the poor. In 1821, the bank failed in which the principal was lodged, and no dividend had been paid at the time on the Report.

William Solit's gift, by will, dated 2nd November 1812. Dividends on 189*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.* late navy five per cents; to be divided among the inmates in the Seamen's Hospital, and a further sum of 40*l.* like stock was bequeathed by Mr.

Williamson in 1820, which was sold, and the produce carried to the general fund, out of which the repairs are provided for.

Estates for the Repairs of St. Mary's Church. These have from very ancient times been in possession of the corporation, and are supposed to be the lands called Church Lands, recognised and comprised in a grant of land to the corporation from King Edward III. by charter, dated 2nd November 1353. The annual rental, at the time of the Report, was about 48*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.*—Vide 11th Report, page 780.

There were formerly other Churches not parochial in Scarborough, belonging to the Hospitals of St. Nicholas and St. Thomas. There were also four Convents, with Churches or Oratories belonging to the same, viz. :—

Convent of Black Friars, founded before 13th Edward I.

House of Franciscans, commenced about the year 1240.

House of Carmelites, said to have been founded by King Edward II.

Alien Priory of Cistercian Monks, founded before the 4th of King John, and given to Bridlington Priory 1st Edward IV.

Hospital of St. Thomas the Martyr, founded temp. Henry II. by Hugh de Bulmer.

St. Nicholas's Hospital, for poor brothers and sisters, founded by the burgesses of Scarborough.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 859. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 239. Nonæ Roll, page 240. Testa de Nevill, pages 368. 375. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Walesgrif), pages 10. 71. 173. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 192 639. 1496. 1545. 1581. Burton's Monasticon, pages 56, 57. 75. 199. 256. 336. Hinderwell's Scarborough. Gent's Hull. Young's Whitby, page 644. Hutton's Tour to Scarborough. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 344. Cole's Filey, page 3.

SCARBOROUGH. ——— CHRIST CHURCH.—(*Perpetual Curacy. Unaugmented.*)—Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, vide St. Mary.—CHURCH-ROOM, 1,200[1]; NET VALUE, 145*l.*

[1] Of which 600 are free sittings.

Patron and Impropriator, Lord Hotham.

Architecture Gothic, with tower. Built under the Parliamentary grant of 5,000*l.*, and first stone laid October 16th, 1826. Vide 9th Report[1].

No district assigned.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1826.

SEAMER.—ST. MARTIN.—(*Vicarage in Charge.*)—Area, 5,150 acres.—Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, 981[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600[3]; NET-VALUE, 243*l.*—There was a Church and a Priest at Seamer, at the time of the Norman conquest. The Manor of Seamer was parcel of the ancient possessions of the Percies, Earls of Northumberland, where they resided, and had a private Oratory for the exercise of their devotions.

And on the 15th October A.D. 1424, a Commission was granted to John Bishop of Dromore, to dedicate the Chapel with the altars therein erected, within the manor of Seamer, belonging to the Right Honourable Lord Henry, Earl of Northumberland.

5th Richard II., Henry Earl of Northumberland obtained a Charter for a yearly fair at Seamer, upon the feast of St. Martin in July.

This Church was given to the Abbey of Whitby, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 7th Id. Dec., 1323. The Patronage after the Dissolution was in the Napier family; afterwards in the Duke of Leeds, and since 1790 in the Denison family.

[1] Extract from a codicil to the will of Robert North, dated 1st August 1749. "Item, I give to the Most Reverend his Grace Doctor Matthew Hutton, Lord Archbishop of York, the sum of two hundred pounds in trust, to be by him applied toward the building or other uses and services of another Church or a Chapel of Ease, in the town of Scarbro' aforesaid; provided any such Church or Chapel of Ease shall be there erected, and have Divine Service performed in it according to the usage of the Church of England, within ten years after my decease."

[2] Viz. East Ayton, 360; Irton, 107; and Seamer, 514. In 1834, the population was returned at 621.

[3] In 1818, the Church room (Seamer with East Ayton) was returned at 1000.

Patron and Impropriator, W. J. Denison, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 56*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 18*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.* per annum; Synodals, 7*s.* 6*d.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; Deacon, 40*s.*

There was a Chantry founded in the Church of Seamer, to which Henry Lord Percy by his will, proved 20th March 1351, bequeathed 20*l.*

There were two other Chantries in this Church.

Mr. Torre describes the monuments in the Church.

2nd April 1713, commission issued to Sir Arthur Caley, Baronet, Arthur Caley, Vicar of Brompton, Henry Docker, Vicar of Scarbrough, George Sheffield, Vicar of Hutton Bushell, and William Pierce, Vicar of West Heslerton, reciting that the steeple of the Parish Church of Seamer was then very ruinous and in great danger of falling, and thereby prejudicing the nave or body of the Church, insomuch as the parishioners could not without great apprehension of danger from the falling thereof (at least in windy and tempestuous weather) resort to their Parish Church, and authorizing them the said Commissioners, or any three of them, to take a personal view of the said steeple, and to certify the state thereof, before the 7th May next.

An Inclosure Act was passed 49th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1588, deficient in 1671.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Scarbrough.

Torre's MS., page 883. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 235. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Semers), pages 70. 172. Burton's Monast. pages 70. 75. Nonæ Rolls, page 240. Mon. Angl. vol. i. page 421.

EAST AYTON.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Parish of Seamer*) Pickering Lythe wapentake.——POPULATION, 360, vide Seamer.——CHAPEL-ROOM, 200; NET-VALUE, vide Seamer.—Here was a Church at the time of the Conquest.

The Barons Aton were possessed of this lordship, from the reign of King Henry I. till the 13th Richard II., when the inheritance descended by three coheiresses to the Lords Evers, St. John, and Conyers.

"There is," says Mr. Torre, "a pretty Chapel still standing in this town, wherein, on the 7th Richard II., William Baron Aton founded a Chantry for his soul and the souls of his parents and friends."

Patron, W. J. Denison, Esq.

Not valued in 1707.

An Inclosure Act was passed 8th Geo. III.

In 1818, the glebe house was returned as fit for residence.—No return made in 1834.

Register Books and Charities.—No return.—Vide Seamer.

Post town, Scarbrough.

Torre's MS., page 890. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Atune), pages 11. 70. 120. 156. Burton's Monast. page 71. Eastmead's Rievallensis, pages 70—340.

CAYTON.—ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.—(*Parish of Seamer.*)—Area, 2,430 acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, 514[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, vide Seamer.—There is in Cayton a parochial Chapel or Church dependant on the Church of Seamer, by which Vicar it is served in administration of divine offices, burials, christenings, &c. for the towns of Cayton, Kynardby, and Osgodby.

Patron, W. J. Denison, Esq.

Torre gives the monument of Robert Barde, and some armorial coats in the windows.

23rd June 1738, faculty granted for erecting a gallery.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1684.

CHARITY.—*Elisha Trott's rent-charge*, by will, dated 11th August 1697. Rent-charge of 20*s.* a year to the poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 736.

Post town, Hunmanby.

Torre's MS., page 893. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Chetune, or Caitune), pages 17, 21.

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[1] Viz. Cayton, Deepdale, and Killaby, 449; and Osgodby, 65.

OSGODBY.—(*Parish of Seamer.*)—In Pickering Lythe. Here was anciently a Chapel, dedicated to the honor of St. Leonard.

Torre's MS., page 896.

THWING.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*) — Area, 4,060 acres. Dickering wapentake.——POPULATION, 350[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 520*l.*—The Church was a Rectory of medieties; the one of the patronage of the Thwings, barons, from whom it descended to the Lords Lumley, the other of the Harphams, but given by one of them to the Priory of Bridlington.

Both medieties came to the Crown, which has presented since 1570; and in 1748, at the request of the Rev. Marmaduke Draper, Rector of both medieties, and with the consent of the Crown, the Archbishop of York consolidated the medieties.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 20*l.* each mediety, viz., Roger's part and John's part, which in the new taxation is reduced to 12*l.* each; in the King's books at 8*l.* 11*s.* 11*d.* each mediety; Thraves 2*s.* 8*d.*, Synodals 4*s.*, Procurations 1*s.* 9*d.* each mediety; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 411, it is stated: "the medieties are worth 127*l.* per annum."

There was a Chapel in this Church, dedicated to the honour of St. Thomas the Martyr, in which was a Chantry, found by Thomas de Thwing, Rector of the Church of Lythum.

22nd June 1803, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Chancel.

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1691. Early ones, loose parchment; deficient from 1727 to 1735, inclusive; also from 1743 to 1746.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—*Mary Austin's charity*, by codicil to her will, dated 1st February 1770, and also by a subsequent codicil (date not specified). Dividends of 200*l.* three per cent. consols, distributed every Michaelmas day among the six oldest poor widows in the parish.—Vide 9th Report, page 739.

Post town, Hunmanby.

[1] Including Octon, Octon Grange, and Wold Cottage.

Torre's MS., page 997. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 205. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Teuuenc,) pages 15. 31. 233. Burton's Monast. page 242.

OCTON.—A town in the parish of Thwing, belonged, together with its manor, to the family of the Thwings.

Here was a Chapel dedicated to St. Michael, in which was a Chantry, founded by Sir William de Thwing in 1327; as to which, A.D. 1328, it was ordered by the Archbishop, that the Rectors of Thwing should pay two marks per annum, towards finding a chaplain to serve there from Martinmas to Pentecost, which is the winter half year, certain festivals being there named, both in the winter and summer, on which they (the inhabitants) were obliged to come to the parish church of Thwing. This Chapel is charged with Synodals, 4*d.*

WILLERBY.—ST. PETER.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,180 acres. Dickering wapentake.——POPULATION, 356[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 116*l.*

In the town of Willardeby were six carucates of land, whereof the Church is endowed with one carucate, and the Templars held half a carucate; and the residue, being four carucates and a half, were held by the Prior of Bridlington, of the fee of Wake, who held them of Gant, and he of the King, in capite.

The monasteries of Rievalx and Haltemprice had possessions in Willerby.

The Church was given by Adelarus Venator to the Priory of Bridlington, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriator, W. J. Denison, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 7*l.* 4*s.*; new taxation 5*l.* 10*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books the

[1] Viz. Binnington, 58; Staxton, 260; and Willerby, 38.

Vicarage is valued at 9*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.* Pension to the Priory of Bridlington, 10*s.* 8*d*; Synodals, 4*s.*; and Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 410, it is stated: "Impropriation, 60*l.*; Vicarage, 24*l.*;" and in 1818, at 120*l.* per annum.

Torre's first Vicar was instituted in 1273.

26th September 1783, faculty to make certain alterations in the north wall.

16th May 1793, ditto to rebuild the Chancel on a reduced scale.

21st September 1811, ditto to new roof the Church.

Inclosure Acts were passed 41st Geo. III. and 43rd Geo. III. (Binnington.)

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as unfit for residence, "being a small farm-house;" and, in 1834, the return was "no glebe house."

The Register Books commence in 1653.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Scarborough.

Torre's MS., page 905. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 215. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Bignetun), page 82; (Stactone), pages 14. 30. Burton's Monast. pages 242, 243, 244. 317. 360. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. pages 285. 290, 291.

WOLD NEWTON[1]. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,420 acres. Dickering wapentake.——POPULATION, 252[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient[3]; NET VALUE, 113*l.*—The town of Newton contained fourteen oxgangs of land, whereof the Church is endowed with two.

And the Prior of Bridlington held one carucate in Frankalmoigne, of the fee of Gant.

And Walter de Rochford held eight carucates and six oxgangs of the heirs of Percy, and they of Gant, for one knight's fee.

And Robert, son of Jordan, held two carucates of St. Hilda.

This was formerly a Chapel dependant upon Hunmanby, and given therewith by Walter de Gant to the Abbey of Bardney, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1269. The presentation passed to the Hutchinsons; and in 1742, to the Langleys.

Patron and impropriator, the Hon. Marmaduke Langley.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books at 6*l.* 19*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 415, it is stated: "A Chapel. The Vicarage is valued at 30*l.* The parsonage belongeth to Mr. Hutchinson, worth yearly 37*l.*"

An Inclosure Act was passed 12th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as fit for residence, but in 1834, the return was "glebe house unfit for residence."

No return as to Register Books. There is no burial-ground to this parish.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Kilham.

Torre's MS. page 930. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 224. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (vide Nawetun, in the Index). Burton's Monast. page 236.

[1] Or Newton Rochford.

[2] Viz. Forder 48, and Wold Newton 177. In 1834, the population was returned at 140.

[3] According to the return in 1834. In 1818, returned at 100.

DEANERY OF HARTHILL.

ALLERTHORPE.—(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 2,050 acres. Harthill wapentake, Wilton Beacon [1].—POPULATION, 185 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, vide Thornton.—In Allerthorpe, six carucates were of the Soke of Pocklington, formerly belonging to Earl Morcar, but held of the King after the Conquest.

In Waplington, the Barons Greystoke held half a knight's fee, and half a carucate of land was held of Ralph Fitzwilliams.

8th November 1252, Vicarage ordained with Thornton.

The inhabitants buried at Pocklington till 1828, when the Archbishop consecrated a chapel-yard.

Patron, the Dean of York.

Value in 1707 not returned. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 372, it is recommended to be made a parish; and, in 1818, valued at 76*l.* 6*s.* 3*d.* per annum.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms commence in 1620, and for marriages in 1654; for burials in 1828.

CHARITIES.—*William Westoby's charity.* Rent of 8A. 0R. 15P. of land (subject to some small out payments), distributed among the poor not receiving parochial relief.

Minister's and *poor's land,* 2A. Half the rent is paid to the minister, and half is distributed among the poor.

The poor houses. Five dwellings given for the poor, by William Bell, 22nd April 1765.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 6*d.* per annum to the poor of Allerthorpe, and 1*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the poor of Waplington.—Vide 11th Report, page 721.

Post town, Pocklington.

[1] Allerthorpe township is partly within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Allerthorpe 167, and Waplington 18. Population only returned at 70 in 1834.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 718. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 95. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Aluuarestorp), p. 13; (Waplinton), page 14.

AUGHTON.—ALL SOULS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,200 acres. Harthill wapentake, Holme Beacon.—POPULATION, 665 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200 [2]; NET VALUE, 90*l.*

In the town of Aughton are five and a half carucates of land (where twenty-four made a knight's fee), held by German del Hoy, of the Lords Mauley.

Nigel held land at Aughton of Earl Morton, formerly belonging to Ernui. Other lands held by Richard, formerly belonging to Lepsi, Grim, and Lefchil. William de Warrene had one sokeman and three bordars. Nigel also held a manor in Cottingwith, formerly Cnuds'; Ralph Paganel held ten oxgangs of waste; and Emeis de Barun held one carucate, also waste, formerly Grim's.

This Church was given by the Del Hays to the Priory of Ellerton, who for some time served the Cure by one of their own Canons, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage was ordained therein, 4th Kal. September 1231, but the endowment was for the life of the then Vicar only. In Archbishop Sharp's time the patronage was in Lord Castleton. In 1753, Lord Scarborough presented. In 1763, Thomas Moseley, of Wigginton, presented; and, in 1786, William Deans was collated by the Archbishop, by reason of lapse.

The first date given in Torre's catalogue of Vicars is in 1484.

Patron, T. Mosley, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 40*l.*; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 4*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. p.

[1] Viz. Aughton, 217; East Cottingwith, 310; and Laytham, 138. A decrease of 52 since 1821, in consequence of emigration.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 400.

366, it is stated: "30*l.* impropriation; 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* the minister;" and, in 1818, at 85*l.* 18*s.* 3*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1722 with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of a rent-charge of 5*l.* and lands worth 5*l.* per annum from the Earl of Castleton.

The glebe house is unfit for residence. Vide return in 1834. In 1818, returned fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1611.

Aughton was the residence of Robert Aske, gent., who headed the insurrection called the Pilgrimage of Grace, in the reign of Henry VIII. Some curious papers relative to this insurrection are said to be extant in the Chapter House, Westminster.

CHARITIES. — *The Allerthorpe dole.* Rent-charge of 13*s.* 4*d.* Distributed by the overseers among poor widows of Aughton.

Church land. 24A. The rent whereof, at the time of the Report, was used for repairing the Church.

TOWNSHIP OF LAYTHAM, vide Pocklington. The sum of 1*s.* 8*d.* is received by the overseers, and distributed about Candlemas to poor widows.

The Commissioners mention a sum of 5*l.* as stated in the returns of 1786, but could not ascertain the donor.—Vide 10th Report, page 654, and 11th Report, page 722.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. page 1217. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 19. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Actun, Hactone,) pages 77. 79. 89, 90. 159, 160. 237; (Coteuuid,) 77. 187. 208; (Ladone,) 77. 192. Burton's Monast. pages 259. 380, where the substance of the endowment is given. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 918. Gentleman's Mag. August 1754, page 358, as to the family of Aske.

LATHAM.—A town in the parish of Aughton, wherein the Lord Mowbray held one carucate of land, whereof the Prior of Ellerton held five oxgangs in demesne.

And John de Bowelton held another carucate of the heirs of Mowbray, and paid 6*d.* per annum.

Also the Lords Mauley held therein three carucates, whereof the Prior of Ellerton held six oxgangs of German Hoy, who held them of Mauley.

And Remigius de Pokelington held one and a half carucate and half an oxgang, and Roger de Lynton half a carucate, and Richard, son of Adam, two oxgangs, of the said Prior; and Robert de Fenton one oxgang,—all of the fee of Mauley.

EAST COTTINGWITH.—(*Parish of Aughton.*)—Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon.—POPULATION, 138, vide Aughton; CHAPEL-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, vide Aughton.

The lordship, &c. belonged to Saint Mary's Abbey.

Archbishop Sharp thought this Chapel rather belongs to Ellerton than to Aughton.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Valued in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 371, at 7*l.* per annum, and recommended to be united to Aughton.

15th April, A.D. 1343, licence was granted to the inhabitants of East Cottingworth, to have divine service celebrated by a fit chaplain, till such time as the Chapel (then fallen down) should be rebuilt.

Inclosure Acts were passed 13th and 31st Geo. III.

There was no glebe house in 1818.—No return in 1834.

24th April 1784, faculty to rebuild the Chapel on a larger scale.

Register Books, vide Aughton.

CHARITIES.—*The town's land,* 18A. Let at the time of the Report for 28*l.* 14*s.* per annum, which sum is added to the poor's rates, after paying to the schoolmaster, for teaching four poor children to read, 3*l.* 10*s.* The Commissioners reported that there were no deeds or writings respecting this property.

DOLES.—*Ellis Bradley's,* by will, about 1719. Rent-charge of 10*s.* to the poor, at Lady day and Michaelmas.

Unknown. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum to the poor.—Vide 10th Report, page 654.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 1224. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 21. Mon. Angl. vol. iii. page 572. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Coteuuid), pages 77. 187. 208.

BAINTON.—SAINT ANDREW.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,320 acres.

Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon. —POPULATION, 358[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 650; NET VALUE, 757*l.*—Peter de Mauley held in Bainton nine and a half carucates of land (which made one knight's fee), whereof the Prior of Gisburne held in frankalmoigne five oxgangs; also six oxgangs more, on suit of the King; and Mr. Thomas de Grimston six other oxgangs, on suit; likewise the Prior of Ellerton nineteen oxgangs, and Roger de Lynton thirteen oxgangs;—and the Church is endowed with half a carucate of land.

Nigel held Bainton at the time of the Survey, under the Earl of Morton. He had there two ploughs, a priest, and ten villanes, with three ploughs.

This Church was anciently of the patronage of the Lords Manby, from them it came to the Salvins, Knights, and after Queen Elizabeth's time the Gees presented. Sir William Gee, in 1611, left the Advowson to St. John's College, Cambridge. This did not, it seems, take just effect, as in 1619 Ralph Salvin presented, and then the Hodgsons. The perpetual Advowson was finally purchased by the College for 700*l.*, and the President and Scholars first presented in 1741.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors of this Church.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 66*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 35*l.* 14*s.* 8*d.*, after deducting for Synodals and Procurations 12*s.*, and Thraves 3*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 339, it is stated: "Rectory, 192*l.* Mr. Robert Johnson, an able preaching minister."

A Chantry is named in the Valor Ecc.

For an account of the tenure of the Manor and Advowson, see Blount, p. 22.

An Inclosure Act was passed 14th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1561. Several chasms.

CHARITY.—*Poor's Stock*, benefactor unknown. Interest of 30*l.*, distributed by the overseers among the poor at or about Lady-day.—Vide 9th Report, page 739.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 418.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS., page 1295. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 71. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bagenton), pages 81. 203.

BARMBY MOOR[1].—ST. CATHERINE.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,290 acres. Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon[2].—POPULATION, 452; CHURCH-ROOM, 200: NET VALUE, 50*l.*—The whole town was given by Ulphus to St. Peter, part of which belongs to the Prebendary, who is lord of the town, having therein his demesne manor and six oxgangs of land[3]. The Church belongs to the Dean of York, as Parson of Pocklington, to whom it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained in 1252, in the Chapels of Barmby and Fangfoss. Fangfoss is as much a parish Church as Barmby, but they make but one Vicarage. 2*s.* per annum was reserved, in token of subjection to Pocklington. No catalogue of Incumbents is given by Torre.

Patron and impropriator, the Dean of York.

Valued in the King's books, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 376, it is stated: "Vicarage, 6*l.*; impropriation, 60*l.*;" and in 1818, at 55*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1777, with 200*l.*, and in 1799, with 200*l.*, both by lot.—Mr. Hodgson also observes, that there was an augmentation in 1767 with 200*l.*, by lot, for "Barnby," which is presumed to be this parish.

An Inclosure Act was passed 17th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1683.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Land. Layton's and Johnson's gifts.—William Layton*, by surrender, dated 15th February 1722, gave half an oxgang of land for the use and benefit of the poor for ever; and *John Johnson, Esq.*, by surrender, dated 12th January 1744, gave a messuage and cottage, with the appurtenances; the rents thereof to be paid to the over-

[1] Or "Barnby Moor."
[2] Within the liberty of St. Peter of York.
[3] The Prebendary of Barmby Moor had formerly jurisdiction in this parish.

seers at Christmas and Whitsuntide, and distributed by them to the poor at their discretion. The Commissioners for Barmby Moor have allotted, in lieu of the half oxgang, 81A. 3R. 34P. of land, together with the rent of two houses, which was let, at the time of the Report, for 37*l.* 13*s.* per annum. Part of the fund is appropriated for schooling of from eight to twelve poor children, who are taught reading, writing, and accounts. The master receives for each child per quarter—for reading 2*s.* 6*d.*, writing 3*s.*, and accounts 5*s.* The trustees provide coals for the school, and books, &c. for the scholars. The remainder is given to the poor parishioners, in sums from 2*l.* 2*s.* to 5*s.*

Wood's dole. Vide Pocklington.

William Westoby's dole. 5*s.* per annum.—Vide Allerthorpe. Both these last-mentioned sums are carried to the same account with the rents of the poor's land.—Vide 11th Report, page 722.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 697. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 94. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bernebi), page 201.

BEVERLEY.—ST. JOHN WITH ST. MARTIN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 7,910 acres. Beverley Borough.—POPULATION, 4,204[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 700[2]; NET VALUE, 128*l.*

Beverley Minster is said to have been founded in the time of Lucius, about the year 185. This tradition is, however, now exploded, and the actual foundation appears to have been made by John of Harpham, about the year 700. The building was destroyed by the Danes, in the year 877, but it was soon rebuilt.

King Athelstan conferred many privileges upon the Church of Beverley[3], and endowed it with the King's thraves of corn throughout the East Riding.

In 1188, the monastery was entirely destroyed by fire, and the present stately Church rose from its ruins.

In the 1st Edward VI. the Collegiate Church was suppressed, and all its revenues came into the hands of the Crown, and a great portion of it was granted by Queen Elizabeth to the Corporation of Beverley, and the Church became parochial.

It is not distinctly known when the Church of St. Martin was united with St. John's, but it most likely occurred in the 37th Henry VIII.

The government of the Church was collegiate, under a provost. There were nine prebends (one of which was always held by the Archbishop of York), a precentor, chancellor, sacrist, and several chantries.

The Collegiate Church of Beverley, until the Dissolution in 1544, exercised jurisdiction over Beverley and several other parishes, viz. Brandsburton, Cherry Burton, Leckonfield, Leven, Middleton on the Wolds, Ottringham, Pattrington, Sigglesthorne, Scorbrough, South Dalton, and Welwick, to which Bacon, in his Liber Regis, adds Halsham and Rise. It is not known where the wills proved in the peculiar jurisdiction, if extant, are now deposited. Torre and Bacon both speak of a peculiar jurisdiction as existing in their days.

In Archbishop Sharp's time there was only 50*l.* per annum paid out of lands which were settled upon the corporation of Beverley at the Dissolution, for the keeping the Church in repair, and finding a preaching minister to serve in it; and 16*l.* per annum was paid to a Curate for reading prayers.

Patron, the Archbishop, until the perpetual advowson can be sold under the provisions of the Municipal Act, the pre-

[1] Viz. Part of Aike, 39; Molscroft, 124; Stockhill and Sandholme, 34; Thearme, 67; Tickton and Hull Bridge, 110; Weel, 136; Woodmansey and Beverley Park, 360; Eske (north division of Holderness wapentake), 17—Total of St. John's parish, 887; St. Martin's, 3,334. In 1834, the population was returned at 4,202.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 750.

[3] Amongst others, the right of sanctuary, or the freed stole, respecting which Mr. Coltman judiciously observes, "Though at the first view, we may be disposed to consider this privilege as pregnant only with mischief; shocked, too, as we must be, at the abuses to which it gave rise, yet, on more mature consideration, perhaps, we shall see reason to think that in times of turbulence and imperfect civilization, it might be not without its benefit, and prove a not unimportant barrier, where almost every other barrier was wanting, against the oppressions of power, or the attacks of private animosity and revenge."

sentation having previously been in the mayor, aldermen, and burgesses of Beverley, under a grant from Queen Elizabeth.

Impropriators, the representatives of Sir M. Wharton, and the Crown.

Valued in 1707 at 31*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 394, at 21*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1721 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from John Midgley, Esq. and others.

The glebe house is fit for residence, but the situation is very low and damp.

The Register Books commence in 1558. Chasm 1696 to 1702 inclusive.

CHARITIES.——*The Grammar School.* The Commissioners report that there has existed a grammar school for a considerable length of time, but could not find any satisfactory account of its origin or foundation. The master's salary arises from an annuity of 10*l.* by Dr. Metcalfe's will; 70*l.* per annum from the corporation; 20*l.* per annum from the members, or, in case of non-payment, then by the corporation; and 10*s.* per quarter from each scholar, subject to a right reserved by the mayor for fixing a smaller payment by the sons of poor freemen. Eight free scholars were taught at the time of the Report; the master has also other scholars.

Dr. Robert Metcalfe's gifts and exhibitions, by will, dated 9th October 1652. Rents of 137A. 3R. 29P. of land. To the preacher or lecturer and his successors, the sum of 10*l.*; to the schoolmaster, 10*l.*; to his sister, Prudence Metcalfe, 20*l.* per annum, and after her decease, to pay the said sum of 20*l.* to St. John's College, Cambridge, for three poor scholars, for their better support at the University; the scholars to be appointed by the mayor, aldermen, and burgesses, and by the lecturer and schoolmaster and their successors; the said maintenance to be continued till they should have taken the degree of master of arts; but, in case of there not being three poor scholars, the money to be divided amongst the poorest people of Beverley; 20*l.* per annum, on the 20th December, amongst the poorest people of the said town, and the remainder to be applied for taxes and rates due to the Commonwealth, for maintenance of soldiers. At the time of the Report, it appears there was only one exhibition, and the residue, therefore, was distributed amongst such poor as had not legal settlements. The residue of the rents of the estates given by the testator are applied to the common purposes of the corporation.

William Coates's exhibition, by will, dated 5th November 1681. Interest of 100*l.* for a poor scholar, born in the parish of St. Mary, to be sent from the Grammar School to the University of Cambridge, and the payment to be continued until he takes the degree of master of arts. When there happens to be no scholars to receive the exhibition, the interest (6*l.*) is distributed among poor people of the town, by the mayor, aldermen, and burgesses.

Dr. William Lacie's exhibition, by will, dated 7th September 1670. Rent-charge of 16*l.* per annum, to two scholars as aforesaid, and entered students in St. John's College, 8*l.* apiece. When there are no scholars, the money is distributed among the poor in November.

Bishop Green's exhibition. John Green, Bishop of Lincoln, by will, dated 17th August 1778. Dividends on 1,000*l.* three per cent. consols, for the benefit of a scholar, the son of a freeman of Beverley, to be sent from thence to Bennet's, or St. John's, Cambridge. In case there is no scholar, the interest accumulates, and is paid to the next scholar.

Thwaites Fox's Hospital, founded by deed, dated 4th June 1636, for four poor widows, who are each paid 10*s.* a month; 8*d.* a week (out of Forster and Hall's benefaction); a gown each, once in two years, and one chaldron of coals each, once a year. Endowment: rent of three roods of land; rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum; dividends on 284*l.* 4*s.* new four per cents; dividends on 199*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* three per cent. consols, and the interest of 100*l.* There was a balance in hand in November 1821, of 27*l.* 16*s.*

Margaret Ferrer's charity, by will and codicil, dated 18th August 1669, and 13th July 1671. Rents of sixteen acres and other lands (quantity not ascertained) purchased with 150*l.*, intermixed with estate of corporation, by whom 9*l.* only was paid as a rent-charge up to the time of the inquiry. The commissioners reported that the

charity lands were about to be ascertained, and full rent accounted for. 5*s*. apiece is distributed yearly to twelve poor women in St. Mary's Church, on the 22nd March; 20*s*. per annum to a minister, to preach a sermon in the Church on the said day, and 40*s*. of the residue of the rents for schooling a poor boy of the town of Beverley, and, if capable and fit to send to the University, to have the same and the residue and rents as an exhibition for his better maintenance for seven years, in case he should not get any better preferment; but if so, the money to be paid to some other scholar who shall have been educated at the grammar school; and if there happens to be no such scholar, the residue is allowed to accumulate for the benefit of the one who is next appointed.

Anne Routh's Hospital, founded by will, dated 6th October 1721, for thirty-two poor old widows of the parish of St. John's and St. Martin's frequenting the Church; the widows to have a weekly allowance of 5*s*. each, a gown each, of the value of 16*s*., (such gown to be of a purple colour, with a silver badge fixed to the same, with the testator's name and the day and year of her death engraven on it,) and thirty-two chaldrons of coals among them (but it appears there are forty-eight consumed on an average); to the matron, 3*s*. per week; to two nurses, each 3*s*. per week; to the surgeon for attending the hospital, 16*l*. per annum; and the receiver of the rents, 15*l*. per annum. The remainder is applied to the payment of a fee-farm rent and the repairs of the hospital, &c. Endowment: rent of 366A. 0R. 18P. of land; two houses; dividends on 234*l*. 13*s*. 7*d*. three per cent. consols, and the interest of 30*l*. 9*s*. 2*d*. being cash in the hands of the Accountant-General, besides arrears of dividends. The Commissioners reported that there was, 15th November 1821, a balance in hand of 515*l*. 13*s*., but that a considerable expenditure would be shortly requisite; but taking into consideration the balance and money due from the Accountant-General, there was a considerable surplus in hand, and they thought that the hospital might be expected soon to bear a still further extension.

Said *Anne Routh's charity*. Rent-charge of 16*l*. per annum, payable on the 30th November. 40*s*. per annum to the minister of the parish of St. John's and St. Martin's, and his successors; 30*s*. per annum to the boys at the charity school; and the residue of the rents to the poor of St. John's parish frequenting the Church.

Benjamin Dalton's charity, by will, date unknown. Rent of 10A. 0R. 12P. of land, let at the time of the Report for 48*l*. 6*s*. per annum: 4*l*. per annum, for poor members of the Independent Chapel in Lairgate, about Michaelmas and Lady-day, in different sums from 1*s*. to 4*s*., and the remainder to poor persons of each of the nine wards, by the mayor, aldermen, and burgesses, at Christmas, in sums of 1*s*. each.

John Dymoke's gift, who died about 1687. Interest of 150*l*. to the poor at Christmas.

Peregrine Buck's charity, by will, dated 20th February 1693. Rent-charge of 2*l*. 10*s*. per annum to the poor, at the discretion of the Vicar of St. Mary's, the master of the grammar school, and the mayor.

Matthew Ashmole's charity, by will, dated 16th January 1724. Rent-charge of 3*l*. per annum, to twenty-four poor burgesses in St. Mary's quire, on the 5th November, by the mayor and the two ministers.

The Rev. George Davies's and *Mrs. Frances Pinckney's charities*, by their wills, respectively dated 13th March 1764, and 2nd February 1788. Interest of 200*l*. in bread, to the poor of St. Mary's, at Christmas.

John Bradley's gift, by will, dated 21st September 1770. Interest of 100*l*. in coals, to the poor of St. Mary's, on St. John's day.

The Rev. Thomas Leake's gift, by deed, dated 13th March 1784. Dividends on 200*l*. three per cent. consols. Distributed about Christmas unto such ancient poor and necessitous widows and widowers of St. Martin's, as should have never received relief as paupers or parish poor, or had any benefit from an almshouse, hospital, workhouse, poor-house, or other public charity, in sums of 5*s*. each.

William Wilson's gift, by will, dated 25th June 1816. Dividends on 1,457*l*. navy five per cents. to the corporation

of Beverley, to be distributed in such charitable purposes as they think proper. Distribution at the time of the Report: 50*l.* for medicines for the poor; 10*l.* 8*d.* to poor widows in Fox's Hospital, and 12*l.* 9*s.*, the residue, to the Lying-in charity.

Ann Hall's charity, by will, dated 17th February 1819. Dividends on 175*l.* navy fives; half thereof to the four poor widows residing in the bede-houses or almshouses, and the remainder to old and poor widows equally, in sums of 5*s.* each. At the time of the Report, the latter distribution had not been made.

The Corporation Almshouses. These consist of four tenements in the Back-street, or Lairgate, called bede-houses, and of thirteen rooms near the south end of Lairgate, and nine similar rooms on the east side of Butcher-row, called Maison Dieus. They are kept in repair by the corporation, but there are no specific estates or funds appropriated to their support, except some benefactions to the poor, of which separate reports are given. The poor people are nominated by the mayor, and each are supplied with three bags of coals at Christmas, annually.

John Foster Gent's gift, by will, dated 17th September 1813. Dividends on 86*l.* navy fives, to the poor of the four bede-houses in the Back-street, at Christmas.

James Nelthorpe, Esq's charity, by will, proved in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury, 8th January 1700. Rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum, for the use of the poor of the town of Beverley. The Commissioners reported that they had not been able to ascertain whether an annuity of 10*l.* was settled by the testator in his life time or afterwards purchased; but they found that previously to the year 1805, when an estate at or near Beverley, belonging to Lord Yarborough, was sold, a yearly payment of 10*l.* thereout used to be made in respect of Nelthorpe's charity, and that for thirty years preceding the sale Mr. Dickenson, Lord Yarborough's steward, paid the rent-charge, in half-yearly sums of 5*l.* at Lady-day and Michaelmas, for teaching poor children; but that since 1805 payment had been refused, and that if it should be considered expedient to re-establish the charity, the assistance of a court of equity would be necessary for that purpose.

The Charity or *Blue-coat School.* This institution was established about the year 1709, by subscription of some of the principal inhabitants, for the maintenance, clothing, and education of poor children belonging to the town of Beverley. Endowment: dividends on 1,300*l.* three per cent. consols, and 380*l.* 14*s.* 6*d.* navy five per cents. Of which, 36*l.* 18*s.*, two shares out of twenty-one of rent, included in Minster estates, by the will of Sir Michael Warton in 1724; 20*l.* from Bishop Green's charity, by will, dated 17th August 1778, and 100*l.* by the will of John Bowman, with other benefactions and donations not known, except 50*l.* under Ann Nelson's will, dated 20th July 1799, making in the whole the sum of 1,300*l.* three per cent. consols; 380*l.* 14*s.* 6*d.* navy five per cents. by the will of William Wilson, in 1816; 1*l.* 10*s.* rent-charge, by Mrs. Ann Routh; and 10*l.* per annum, by the will of Henry Legard, dated 14th May 1819. Ten boys were, at the time of the Report, boarded, clothed, and educated, and taught reading, writing, and arithmetic, and a premium of 3*l.* for each boy is paid on their being bound apprentices; Master's salary, 12*l.* 12*s.* per annum. There was a balance in hand, in 1821, of 39*l.* 7*s.* 4½*d.*

Robert Stephenson's charity, for Dissenters, by deed, dated 15th August 1711. Rent of 1A. 2R. of land, for the Non-conformist Protestant preaching minister or ministers of the Chapel in Lairgate. By a subsequent deed, dated 31st July 1800, it appears that new trustees were appointed, and the land let on lease for ninety-eight years, which will expire in 1898, and a fine, amounting to between 200*l.* and 300*l.*, was taken for the renewal, which was expended in rebuilding the Chapel.

Charles Warton's Hospital and *charities*, the former founded by will, dated 5th February 1712, for fourteen poor widows, nominated by the trustees, who receive 4*s.* each, weekly; one chaldron and a half of coals each, yearly; one gown each, yearly; and 5*s.* each, in lieu of stays, once a year. Besides, there is

4*s*. a week paid to the nurse; and to the preacher at St. Mary's, for an anniversary sermon on the day of the testator's death, one guinea. One-sixth part of the revenues is distributed among the poor in February, and all the remaining clear residue of the annual rents is applied in the putting out apprentices poor boys of Beverley. The sum of 4*l*. is allowed as a premium with each apprentice, and he is presented with a Bible, a Prayer-book, the Whole Duty of Man, and the Preparation for the Sacrament. There is also a salary of 5*l*. 5*s*. paid to a clerk for keeping the accounts. Endowment: rent of 201A. 1R. 39P. of land; dividends on 200*l*. consols; mortgage for 800*l*. and interest of 100*l*. on turnpike tolls. There was a balance in hand in May 1822, of 264*l*.

Sir Ralph Warton's gift, by will, date not given. Dividends on 300*l*. three per cent. consols to the corporation of Beverley, to begin a manufacture of knitting of coarse stockings; but it appears that the dividends are now paid to the overseers of the poor, and applied with the poor rates, for the respective parishes of St. Mary's, St. Martin's, and St. Nicholas's, in the respective proportions of eleven-twentieths, seven-twentieths, and two-twentieths.

Sir Michael Warton's Hospital, founded by will, dated 23rd May 1724, for six poor widows, nominated by the town's council, who have each paid them 3*s*. per week, one gown each yearly, and coals; residue for repairs, &c. Endowment: 55*l*. 8*s*. 3*d*.; three shares in 21 out of Minster estates.

The Minster estates and funds. These are regulated by an Act of Parliament, passed in the 6th Geo. III., intituled "An Act for vesting certain estates in the county of Lincoln in trustees, and to enable them to appropriate the rents and profits thereof, and also certain sums of money subject to the trusts declared by the will of Sir Michael Warton, knight, deceased, for the augmentation of the revenues of the curacies of the late Collegiate Church of St. John in Beverley, in the county of York, and for erecting an organ in the said Church, and for other purposes therein mentioned;" and another Act, passed in the year 1806, intituled "An Act for appointing new trustees of certain estates in the county of Lincoln, and for authorizing the application of part of the rents and profits thereof, and of other estates, towards the augmentation of the stipends of the curates of the late Collegiate Church of St. John of Beverley, in the county of York, and for appointing another assistant curate of the said Church, and for other purposes therein mentioned."

The first Act recites that Queen Elizabeth, by letters patent under the Great Seal, dated 2nd July, in the 21st year of her reign, granted to the mayor, governors, and burgesses of Beverley, certain chantries, lands, tenements, and rents, for the maintenance and reparation of the late Collegiate Church, and that Sir Michael Warton, by will, dated 23rd May 1724, left 4,000*l*. as a perpetual fund, to keep such Church in repair, to be under the direction of the Archbishop of York, the Dean and Chapter of York, and the mayor and recorder of Beverley, for the time being; and that as the rents and accumulations were more than sufficient for the maintenance and reparation of the Church, that the minister should have an augmentation of 50*l*. per annum, and his assistant 25*l*. per annum; that an organ should be purchased, and placed in the Minster, and a salary of 40*l*. per annum paid to the organist; and by the second Act, the stipends are increased, and an additional assistant provided.

Income: rent of land (quantity not stated), let at the time of the Report for 725*l*. 6*s*. 6*d*. per annum; rents of about eighty houses, let for 704*l*. 10*s*. 3*d*. per annum; rent-charge of 4*l*. 13*s*. 4*d*. per annum; dividends on 2,523*l*. 15*s*. 10*d*. three per cent. consols, and 360*l*. old south sea stock; and interest of 750*l*. (250*l*. thereof in the hands of the corporation, and the residue on turnpike tolls). The land tax is 45*l*. 10*s*. per annum, and 92*l*. 6*s*. 3*d*. is paid out of the income to the Blue Coat School and Sir Michael Warton's Hospital. The clear residue is applied to the repairs of the Minster, the expenses of the churchwardens, and salaries of the ministers, choir, organist, and receiver.

William Grayborn's gift, by will, dated 16th February 1726. Rent-charge of 5*l*. per annum, amongst twenty poor de-

cayed housekeepers, in sums of 5*s.* each, on Candlemas-day. Not paid since 1822, but expected by the Commissioners to be resumed.

Susannah Archer's charity, by deed, dated 24th June 1740. Rent of 71A. 2R. 11P. of land, and three houses; dividends on 144*l.* 0*s.* 3*d.* three per cent. consols, and interest of 167*l.* 12*s.* distributed amongst distressed and decayed housekeepers and inhabitants of honest repute, men or women, not receiving alms of the parish, of and in the town of Beverley.

Ann Nelson's charity, by will, dated 20th July 1779. Interest of 100*l.* amongst the four poor women inhabiting the bede houses in the Back-street or Lairgate in Beverley.

Tymperon's Hospital. Vide General Charities.

PARISH OF ST. JOHN WITH ST. MARTIN.

BREAD CHARITIES.—*John Greaves's charity*, by will, date not given. Interest of 50*l.* in the hands of the corporation, for 1*s.* worth of bread to the poor of the parish of St. John's, who attend divine service in the Minster, every Sunday.

Popple's charity. Rent-charge of 2A. 3R. 4P. per annum, for the poor, which is added to Greaves's and the sacrament money, and distributed in bread.

William Wilson's charity, by will, in 1816. Dividends on 399*l.* new four per cents. for 7*s.* worth of white bread weekly, to the most deserving and needy poor of St. John's, who attend divine service in the Minster.

James Nelthorpe's gift. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum, added and applied with the poor rates.

Anne Routh's charity, by will, dated 6th October 1721. Rents-charge of 3*l.* 10*s.* per annum. 40*s.* thereof to the minister of St. John's and St. Martin's, and his successors; 30*s.* to the boys of the charity school, and the residue amongst the poor of the parish of St. John and St. Martin.

Anna Maria Elliott's charity, by will, dated 9th March 1821. Interest of 300*l.* for purchasing six brown stuff gowns, six black silk handkerchiefs, and six pairs of wash-leather gloves, for six poor widows of the parish of St. John or St. Martin, on Easter Monday, who are also to receive the residue of the interest in money. The legacy was not paid at the time of the Report, October 1822.

James Graves's charity, for education, by will, dated 4th June 1804. Rents of three houses, and dividends on 1,716*l.* new four per cents. for teaching and instructing as many poor boys and girls of the parish of St. Martin as the trustees think proper. The boys are instructed upon the Lancasterian system in reading, writing, and arithmetic; and the girls on the National system, reading, writing, and accounts, and likewise to knit and sew. They are each presented with a Bible. There are about 200 children of both sexes that attend the school, and each boy and girl pays 4*s.* per annum quarterage money. Balance in hand (December 1821,) 4*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.*—Vide 10th Report, page 676.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 43. Mon. Angl., vol. ii. page 127. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Bevreli,) page 55. Burton's Monast. pages 54. 56, 57. 62. 221. 256. 277. 359. 382. 390. Wood's Bodleian MS. No. 5101. and Ashmolean Catalogue, No. 8518. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus. Oliver's Beverley. Poulson's Beverlac. Frost's Hull, page 119. Tickell's Hull, page 107, &c. Gent's Ripon, page 88. Gent's Magazine, 1806, p. 520. Torre's MS.

BEVERLEY.—ST. MARY WITH ST. NICHOLAS.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 1,460 acres[1]. Beverley Borough.—POPULATION, 4,098[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,200; NET VALUE, 289*l.*—When Beverley began to grow populous, two Chapels were built here, St. Mary's and St. Thomas's; the latter is now demolished. They were erected in the Saxon times, with the consent of the College, the rights of St. John's Church being saved.

This Church was appropriated to the Prebend of St. Martin's, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1325. The Prebendary was Rector, and had jurisdiction of the whole town, and in Henry VI. made an augmentation to the Vicarage of 1*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.*

[1] Viz. St. Mary, 600 acres; and St. Nicholas, 860.

[2] Viz. St. Mary, 3,359; and St. Nicholas, 739.

Present patron, the Lord Chancellor.

The Lecturer of St. Mary's is named by the Vicar.

Valued in the King's books, at 14*l.* 2*s.* 8½*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 394, at 50*l.* per annum.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 42nd Eliz.

Inclosure Acts were passed 11th Geo. III. (Lockington); 25th Geo. III., 30th Geo. III. (Tickton Carr); and 41st Geo. III. (Molscroft.)

17th February 1787, faculty to enlarge galleries.

20th April 1792, ditto to erect an organ and enlarge the galleries.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt under a faculty granted 27th July 1791.

The Register Books commence in 1569.

CHARITIES.—*Margaret Altmare's* alias *Smailes's charity*, by will, dated 21st July 1616. Interest of 20*l.* for the poor of St. Mary's; 4*s.* thereof to the poor of the Maison Dieu at the North Bar.

Lambert Smith's charity, by will, in 1620. Interest of 10*l.*; half thereof to the poor, and the other half to be applied for maintenance of the stock [1].

Margaret Darcey's charity, by will, dated 14th April 1626. Interest of 40*l.* for the maintenance of scholars at the University, or towards binding poor children apprentices; but if not needed for such purpose, to be added to the 40*l.*, to increase the stock for the said use.

Master Read's charity, about 1623. Interest of 20*l.*, half to poor tradesmen, and the other half to the said stock.

Priscilla Doyle's charity, in 1685. Interest of 5*l.* in bread to the poor on the 13th March.

John Jackson's charity, 30th June 1712. Interest of 10*l.* for the poor dwelling within North Bar ward, at Christmas.—The above sums were laid out several years ago in erecting lofts or galleries, and the interest is paid out of the rents of the sittings therein.

Thomas Ellinor, jun.'s charity, by will, dated 12th October 1726, and codicil, dated 19th March 1728. Rents of three houses, stable, and other outbuildings, and a garden, let, at the time of the Report, for 26*l.* 19*s.* per annum. 1*l.* 1*s.* to be paid to the preacher for a sermon on charity or death, or the providence of God towards the preservation of mankind, upon Easter Sunday in every year; and the clear residue of the rents, after deducting for necessary expenses, is distributed amongst poor housekeepers of the parishes of St. Mary, St. Nicholas, and St. Martin, on Good Friday, a list of their names being first approved of by the trustees. The testator also bequeathed the remainder of his money, goods, chattels, and personal estates to his said trustees, to purchase a piece of ground, and to build an hospital thereon for four poor men, being freemen and decayed tradesmen. There was a balance in hand in 1822 of 22*l.* 6*s.*, but on the previous audit the charity was 6*l.* 9*s.* 3*d.* in debt.

Francis Brogden's charity, by will, dated 25th March 1770. Interest of 40*l.* 20*s.* per annum to the Vicar for a sermon on Ash Wednesday, and 20*s.* per annum, in sums of 2*s.* 6*d.* each, amongst eight poor widows.

Henry Simpson's charity, by will, dated 16th July 1785. Rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum. Half on the 20th January, and the other on the 20th July, to poor housekeepers of Beverley, by and at the discretion of the Vicar of St. Mary's and the Curate of St. John's.

Henry Myres's charity, by will, dated 3rd November 1792. Interest of 300*l.* for coals for poor widows and poor housekeepers of the parish. The coals to be distributed during the last week in December, and each person to have not less than four metts.

Mrs. Decima Sykes's charity. Dividends on 105*l.* new four per cents., applied towards the support of the National School.

William Tesseyman's charity, in 1806. Interest of 12*l.* 12*s.* for bread. Twenty-six sixpenny loaves are distributed on Christmas-day to poor widows.

Mrs. Ann Wride's and *John Marshall's charities*, by wills, dated respectively 2nd August 1778, and 3rd January 1803. Dividends on 1,001*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* three per cent. consols, and on 186*l.* 15*s.* 3*d.* new

[1] It does not appear what this stock is.

four per cents. 20*s.* a-piece to eight poor women; 20*s.* a-piece to be laid out by the trustees in gray stuff gowns, or other necessary apparel: none to partake of the charity two years together. 10*s.* each to eight poor men; the parish clerk, sexton, and wand-bearer to be always three. The whole to be given on Easter-day. 5*l.* on Christmas-day to the poor: poor families, half-crowns; and single persons, 1*s.* each; and 10*s.* each to the poor persons inhabiting the Maison Dieu in the North Bar; and 1*l.* 1*s.* on Easter Sunday to the Vicar of the said parish, in consideration of his seeing the said charitable trusts duly performed: and the dividends of the said 186*l.* 15*s.* 3*d.* (Marshall's gift) are distributed in bread on Christmas-day to the poor at the Saturday Market Cross.

William Wilson's and *James Bell's donations*, by wills, dated respectively 25th June 1816, and 5th May 1812. Dividends on 421*l.* 5*s.* 8*d.* new four per cents. 400*l.*, part thereof (Wilson's charity), to the poor of St. Mary's, and 400*l.* to the parish of St. John's; and 20*l.* in bread (Bell's donation) to the poor of St. Mary's, in the same manner. Distributed at the Market Cross on Christmas-day.

Michael Warton, Esq.'s charity, by deed, dated 10th June 1688. Rent-charge of 6*l.* per annum to the poor of St. Mary's parish at Christmas, at the discretion of the town's council of Beverley.

The Church Lands. By an inquisition taken 7th January 1633, under a commission of charitable uses, it was found that, by letters patent, dated 3rd February, 27th Elizabeth, her Majesty granted to the mayor, governors, and burgesses of Beverley, and their successors, certain lands, tenements, and rents, intended for the common use and benefit of the parish Church of St. Mary's, in Beverley (as was testified by a writing, indented under the seal of the corporation, made between the said mayor, governors, and burgesses, of the one part, and the churchwardens of St. Mary, of the other part, and dated 17th May, 32nd Elizabeth). Income: rent of lands (quantity not stated), let, at the time of the Report, for 21*l.* 15*s.* per annum; about seventy-five cottages, stables, &c., let for 301*l.* 1*s.* 10*d.*; rents-charge of 10*s.* 8*d.* per annum; total, 323*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* per annum; and it was supposed that on the expiration of the leases in 1828, the annual income would be about 700*l.* The income is expended in supporting the fabric of the Church, in finding ornaments and utensils for the same, in payment of salaries to the sexton and other officers, and in providing bread and wine for the Communion. At the time of the Report, there was a debt owing from the estate of about 800*l.*—Vide 10th Report, page 706.

Torre's MS., page 173. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 43.

SAINT NICHOLAS, OR HOLME CHURCH, BEVERLEY.——Beverley Borough.—POPULATION, vide St. John's, Beverley.—The Church of St. Nicholas was built by St. John of Beverley, and was a Rectory in the gift of the Archbishop of York, but afterwards came to the Crown — the first presentation by which was in 1574.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 8*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.*; Synodals and Procurations, 10*s.*; Pension to the Provost of Beverley, 4*s.* 6*d.*, and to the Prebendary of St. Andrew, 6*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 397, at about 50*l.* It is there stated to be "without a minister," and recommended "to be joined to the other two parishes in Beverley, for the more comfortable maintenance of able preaching ministers and a lecturer, and that, that part in Norwood that belongeth to Holme Church parish to be united to the Minster."

In 1667, Archbishop Sterne united this parish to that of St. Mary's, reserving all parochial rights.

There was a Chantry at the altar of the Virgin Mary.

The Church is now demolished.

Torre's MS., page 195. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 44.

BISHOP BURTON.—ALL SAINTS. —(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,970

acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon.—POPULATION, 556[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 110*l.*—The manor was an ancient possession of the Archbishops of York, until passed away by Archbishop Lee to the Crown, 36th Henry VIII.

The Church was parcel of the ancient possessions of the Dean and Chapter of York, and was confirmed to them in 1194 by the bull of Pope Celestine III., and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1264. They were Rectors thereof, which Rectory was let at 37*l.* per annum to a Canon Residentiary. Mr. Torre gives the purport of an endowment, but no date.

There was an augmentation made in 1318 by the Dean and Chapter of the tithes of Northdale, and a subsequent augmentation of 10*l.* per annum.

Torre gives a catalogue of Vicars, commencing in 1264, which is continued by Oliver[2].

Patrons and impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of York.

Valued in the King's books, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 342, and vol. xviii. page 82, it is stated: "The Rectory is leased out by the Dean and Chapter at 37*l.* reserved rent. Tithes are worth 165*l.*, and eight oxgangs 30*l.* per annum. Kelin, vol. xvii. page 343, to be united to Bishop Burton;"—and in 1818, at 90*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1820, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1821, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Dean and Chapter of York, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees.

An Inclosure Act was passed 7th Geo. III.

The nave was recently rebuilt, under faculty granted 6th March 1820. The tower and chancel are old.

Formerly the Dean and Chapter of York exercised jurisdiction within the parish.

The glebe house appears by the return made in the year 1834 to be unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1562.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 533.

[2] Oliver's Beverley, page 491.

CHARITIES.—*Ralph Hansby's charity*, by deed, dated 24th July, 12th Jac. I. An almshouse for the habitation of two poor unmarried men and one poor widow, to be chosen out of the parish of Bishop Burton; but in case there should be none, then from any of the adjoining parishes. Each of the poor people to have 4*l.* per annum., and the Vicar the sum of 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* The poor men and women to attend divine service in the parish Church, and not to be absent without reasonable cause. The original deed is lost, but it is recited in several others, the last of which is dated 5th and 6th May 1816. The number of poor people had (at the time of the Report) been four ever since 1778, who received 10*l.* 10*s.* each, and four chaldrons of coals per annum, and the feoffees pay 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* to the Vicar of Cherry Burton; the remainder is applied in the repairs of the almshouse, and expenses incurred by the trustees.—Vide 9th Report, page 740.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 531. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 40. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Burtone), page 55.

BISHOP WILTON.—ST. EDITH[1]. —(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 7,280 acres. Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon[2].—POPULATION, 831[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 148*l.*—At the time of Domesday Survey, there was a Church and a Priest at Bishop Wilton, and the manor was held by the Archbishop, who had there fifteen farmers, having seven ploughs.

The manor with three carucates of land was given by King Athelstan to the Archbishop of York, and was passed away to the Crown 36th Henry VIII. The Church was appropriated to the Pre-

[1] There were two Saints of the name of Edith, one, daughter of King Edgar, who was Abbess and Patron Saint of Wilton Nunnery before 984, and another, daughter of King Egbright or Egbert II.

[2] Partly within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[3] Viz. Bishop Wilton with Belthorpe, 622; Bolton, 103; and Youlthorpe with Gowthorpe, 106.—In 1834, the population of the parish was only returned to be 690.

bendary of Wilton, who had jurisdiction over all the tenants at Wilton, and the towns within its parish, viz., Bolton, Besthorpe, Golthorpe, and Youlthorpe, and a Vicarage was ordained therein, on Ascension-day, 1311.

The Church was newly consecrated by Archbishop Zouch, who dying soon afterwards, the inhabitants of the town were sued by his executors in the Ecclesiastical Court for the sum of 47*s.* 8*d.*, due by contract to the Archbishop for that consecration.

Patron and impropriator, Sir Tatton Sykes, Bart.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

22nd September, A.D. 1441.——Whereas, the feast of the dedication of the parish Church of Bishop Wilton was wont to be kept on the fifteenth of September yearly, now, in regard the said day of dedication fell in autumn, when people were busy about their harvest, John, Archbishop of York, then translated the said feast of dedication until the Sunday then next ensuing, every year solemnly to be celebrated.

In 1707, 6*l.* per annum was raised by voluntary contributions for a monthly lecture.

Valued in the King's books, at 7*l.* 3*s.* 5½*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 382, it is stated: "Vicarage worth 3*l.*; impropriation in tithes, 150*l.*; glebe (16 oxgangs), 40*l.*;" and recommended that "Goulthorpe and Youlthorpe should be united to Full Sutton;"—and in 1818, at 114*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1756, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; and in 1795, with 200*l.*—all by lot; in 1797, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir Christopher Sykes, Bart.; and in 1823, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir Mark Sykes, Bart., the patron.

Inclosure Acts were passed 9th Geo. III. (Youlthorpe); 9th Geo. III. (Bishop Wilton); and 50th Geo. III. (Gowthorpe.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1613.

CHARITIES.—*Sir William Hilyard's charity*, by will, dated 1st October 1632. Rent-charge of 8*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* 10*s.* per month to a preacher, for preaching a sermon in the Church every month, and 3*s.* 4*d.* to be distributed on that day to the poor in bread.

Poor's Land. 22A. 2R. 19P. of land. The rents are added to other charitable funds, and distributed in coals to poor persons, selected by the parish officers at the vestry meetings. It appears that in March 1822 there was a balance in hand of 8*l.* 3*s.*, for which credit was given in the trustees' account.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. 10*s.* per annum.

Benjamin Cobb's dole. 2*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

Jeremiah Cobb's dole. 1*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Alexander Mitchell's dole. 2*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Thomas and *Ralph Sotherby's doles.* 1*l.* each.

Thomas Sanderson's dole. 3*s.* per annum.

Joy Best's dole, in 1793. 6*s.* 6*d.* This had not been paid at the time of the Report since 1793.

William Walgate's charity, by will. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum for bread for the poor on the Sunday after Holy Rood or Holy Cross; and there is a sum of 3*s.*, said to be given by Richard Walgate, for poor widows. The two sums were afterwards substituted for a money payment, which is applied as above.

In the returns of 1786, a rent-charge of 5*s.* is mentioned as given by *Henry Barnard*, but the Commissioners could learn nothing of it.

Lost Benefactions. Two sums of 5*l.* and 3*l.* each were given by unknown benefactors, which are mentioned in the Return of 1786, of which the Commissioners could learn nothing. They also state that there are many small sums, together about 30*l.*, but that there is no trace of their repayment, and therefore presumed to be lost.

TOWNSHIP OF YOULTHORPE.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. Rent-charge of 1*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the poor.

Anonymous dole. There is a rent-charge of 3*s.* 6*d.* mentioned in the Returns under the Act 26th Geo. III., as given to the poor of this township by

an unknown benefactor. — Vide 11th Report, page 749.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1063. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 98. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wiltune, Widton), pages 11. 47; (Bodelton), 47.

ST. HELEN'S CHAPEL. — About 23rd Henry VIII., Sir William Bulmer, knight, settled several lands for the maintenance of a priest to say mass daily in the Chapel of St. Helen's, in Wilton, and to pray for him, his father, mother, and wife for ever; which said priest and his successors shall be called the perpetual masters of St. Helen's Chapel, and appointed another priest to be his associate, who shall be named brother unto the said master; which said master shall have for his salary 4*l.* 10*s.*; and the other priest, brother unto the aforesaid master, 4*l.* per annum for his salary, payable by the churchwardens of Kirkleatham out of the profits of such lands he especially set apart for that purpose. Furthermore, he willed, that there be in the said Chapel four poor men and women to pray for him and his family daily, who shall have for themselves either meat, drink, and clothing, at the said Chapel, or else to each one penny per diem, at least.

Torre's MS., page 1065.

GOLTHORPE and YOLTHORPE, two other hamlets within this parish, wherein John de Melsa held one knight's fee of the Archbishop.

BOLTON.——(*Peculiar. Parish of Bishop Wilton* [1].)—Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon.—POPULATION, 103, vide Bishop Wilton.

Robert de Grey held in Bolton and Yapham one knight's fee of the Archbishop, and out of that the heir of Thomas de Bolton held one carucate of land in Bolton. Also, Ralph de Mikelfeld held the fourth part of a knight's fee, and all the residue was held by the said Robert de Grey.

[1] But Bacon and Ecton erroneously say it is within the parish of Pocklington.

There is now no Chapel at Bolton.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 387, it is stated: "To be united to Fangfoss."

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 9th Car. I. (Quere, what Bolton?)

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1068. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bodelton), page 47.

BLACKTOFT.—(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,730 acres. Howdenshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 394 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 48*l.* —In Blacktoft, the Bishop of Durham held three carucates of land by barony of the King in capite, which Richard Housard held of the said Bishop by the rent of 6*d.* per annum.

This Chapel belonged to the Monastery of Durham, and was served by a stipendiary priest, and 7th March, 4th Edward VI., was granted by the King in fee to Walter Jobson, of Kingston-upon-Hull, merchant.

Patrons and impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of Durham, to whom the patronage was granted by statute 1st Geo. I., in consideration of their benefaction of 200*l.*

Valued in 1707, at 20*l.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 231, it is stated: "A parochial Chapel. Salary, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, so small that a minister cannot be got;"—and in 1818, at 38*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1776, with 200*l.*, by lot; in 1786, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Newton Ogle, D.D.; and in 1789, with 200*l.*; in 1824, with 400*l.*; and in 1826, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

Cheapsides, an extra-parochial place, adjoins this parish.

Inclosure Acts were passed 7th Geo. III. (Bishop Soil), and 11th Geo. IV.

No glebe house.

The Register books commence in 1700. For earlier entries, vide transcripts in the Peculiar Court.

[1] Viz. Blacktoft, 267; and Scalby, 127. The population of Cheapsides (extra-parochial) was included with Scalby in 1821.

CHARITIES.—*Ann Lakin's rent-charge*, by will. 30*s*. per annum to the poor of Blacktoft and Scalby (preference being given to widows, and such as receive least assistance from the parish). Distributed by the churchwardens at Easter and Christmas.

John Dawson's gift, by will. Interest of 5*l*. per annum to the poor of Blacktoft.

Anonymous charity. Rent-charge of 10*s*. per annum, in bread, at Easter, Whitsuntide, and Christmas, to the poor attending the Church on those days.—Vide 11th Report, page 753.

Post town, Howden.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1223. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 84. Drake's Eboracum, 231 (proposed Canal).

BRANTINGHAM.—ALL SAINTS. — (*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 3,040 acres. Howdenshire wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 468[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 190[3]; NET VALUE, 176*l*.—This Church was part of St. Cuthbert's patrimony, and was appropriated to the Monastery of Durham, and a Vicarage ordained therein 4th August 1458; and on 4th August 1459, the Monastery was charged with 3*s*. 4*d*. per annum to the Church of York, and 3*s*. 4*d*. per annum to the poor of the parish.

King Edward VI. granted the Advowson to Walter Jobson, of Hull; but the Dean and Chapter of Durham have presented ever since 1625. They are also impropriators.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

In Pope Nicholas's taxation, the Church is valued at 73*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*. per annum; the value is given from Bacon. The Vicarage is valued in the King's books, at 12*l*. 9*s*. 2*d*.; Synodals and Procurations, 17*s*. 6*d*.; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 231, the Impropriation at 200*l*., and the Vicarage at 30*l*. 13*s*. 4*d*. per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 5th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 unfit for residence, but about to be rebuilt; and in 1834, unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, South Cave.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1241. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 86. Mon. Ang., vol. iv. page 676. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bredingham), pages 61. 77. 233. 237.

ELLERKER CHAPEL. — (*Peculiar. Parish of Brantingham.*)—Howdenshire wapentake[1]. — POPULATION, 278, vide Brantingham; CHAPEL-ROOM, 120; NET VALUE, vide Brantingham.—This formerly belonged to the Convent of Durham, and was served by a stipendiary priest, but granted, 4th Edward VI., to Walter Jobson, of Hull. Archbishop Sharp gives a full account of this Chapel.

Patron, vide Brantingham.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 252, it is stated: "The minister hath a salary of 7*l*. per annum."

An Inclosure Act was passed 5th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Register Books, vide Brantingham.

Post town, South Cave.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1247. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 85. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Alrecher), page 60.

BUBWITH. — ALL SAINTS. —— (*Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 10,460 acres. Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon[2]. ——— POPULATION, 1,385[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000; NET VALUE, 102*l*. —In Spaldington, in this parish, Peter Lord Mauley held three carucates and one oxgang and a half in fee, all which Russell Walter Bethell and the heirs of John del Haym held of German le Hay, who held the same of the said Lord Mauley.

In Harlethorpe, the Bishop of Dur-

[1] Part of the parish is in Harthill wapentake, Hunslet Beacon, Brantingham division.

[2] Viz. Brantingham, 124; Ellerker, 278; and Thorpe, 66.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room in Brantingham and Ellerker was returned at 400.

[1] And extends into Harthill wapentake, Hunsley division.

[2] Partly within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[3] Viz. Breighton, 204; Bubwith, 461; Foggathorpe, 128; Gribthorpe and Willitoft, 108; Harlthorpe, 105; and Spaldington, 352.—In 1834, the population was returned at 1,372. The population decreased 70 since 1821, which was attributed to emigration.

ham held one carucate (here twelve made a knight's fee) by knight's service of the King in capite, and no rent.

This Church was a Rectory of two medieties, each of which had a Vicarage ordained therein in 1365. The one mediety belonged to the Dean and Chapter of York, being given to them by Guaisn de Bubwith, temp. Henry II.; upon the appropriation thereof to their common a Vicarage was settled, but when does not appear. Of this mediety, the Dean and Chapter are patrons. The other mediety was, by John de Mowbray, A.D. 1369, given to the Abbey of Byland, to which it was appropriated, and on the Dissolution, the patronage of this mediety came to the Crown.

The Crown seems to have but seldom exercised its right to present to its mediety. It presented Robert Blakey in 1689. In 1713, Robert Taylor was Vicar of one mediety, and Curate of the other. 1729, John Burton collated by the Dean and Chapter, George Ion by ditto, and John Wilkinson by ditto.

On the 17th November, A.D. 1375, the Chapter of York granted leave to William de Feriby, farmer of the farm of Bubwith, to give and assign to the Vicar of the Church one place out of his rectory, or mansion-house of the Rectory, against the Church, to be erected by the Vicar, and by him and his successors held for ever.

Burton gives the particulars of the endowment.

The Dean and Chapter of York are the impropriators.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Gilbert Tyson, standard-bearer to the Conqueror, gave two carucates of land at Bubwith to Selby Monastery.

The Priory of Ellerton had lands, &c., at Spaldington.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, one mediety of the Vicarage at 7*l.* 2*s.* 4*d.*, and the other mediety at 8*l.* 0*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 367, and vol. xviii. pages 111—126, it is stated: "Vicarage worth 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Spaldington and Willitoft to be united and made a parish, and Willitoft to be the parish Church." There were then two Chapels;—and in 1818, at 112*l.* 17*s.* 11*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1760, with 200*l.* (first mediety); and in 1792, with 200*l.* (second mediety)—both by lot.

"Eight towns and hamlets, all impropriated, except Gunby pays no tithes, only pays 5*s.* 6*d.* per annum to the Vicar of Bubwith, in lieu of all tithes. The Vicarage is endowed with Easter dues and all small tithes, and half the wool and lamb, and an augmentation of 10*l.* per annum from the Dean and Chapter, to whom half of the impropriated tithes belong. All the impropriators receive the tithes alternately. Bubwith is a mediety." Signed, "Timothy Smith, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1041.

A mortgage, under Gilbert's Act, of 300*l.* will cease in 1836.

Inclosure Acts were passed 2nd and 3rd Wm. IV.

Part of the parish was anciently considered to be within the jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter of York.

11th March 1790, faculty to re-pew the Church.

5th May 1798, confirmation of allotments of pews.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1623.

CHARITIES.—*James Turner's charity*, in 1714. Six acres of land, let, at the time of the Report, for eight guineas per annum; which rent (with the exception of 10*s.* 6*d.* to the minister for a sermon on Low Sunday) is distributed on St. Thomas's day among poor widows and other industrious poor of the whole parish.

Hotham's Charity Land. Eleven acres. The rents are distributed at Christmas and Whitsuntide amongst widows and other poor of the townships, in sums of 1*s.* to 10*s.*, at their discretion.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Lost charity. 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the poor. No account of the receipt of the money since 1754.—Vide 10th Report, page 655.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 999. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. pages 17—25. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bubuid), page 192; (Briston), 192; (Fulcartorp), 77. 185. 191, 192; (Spellenton), 77; (Gripetorp), 185. 192; (Wilgetot), 77. 185. 192. Burton's Monasticon, pages 261. 331. 392. Wood's Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.

SPALDINGTON.—(*Parish of Bubwith.*)—Here was a Chantry, which was valued at the Dissolution at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

WILLITOFT.—(*Parish of Bubwith.*)—The Chapel of Willoughtoft is mentioned in the endowment of the Vicarage of Bubwith.

Burton's Monasticon, page 331.

BURNBY.—SAINT GILES.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 2,100 acres. Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon.—POPULATION, 93[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient[2]; NET VALUE, 318*l.*—The town of Burnby was held by Edmund Deyncourt of the fee of the Archbishop of York for one knight's fee; and the Church is endowed with two oxgangs of land.

At the time of Domesday Survey, the manor of Burnby belonged to the Archbishop of York.

The Rectory was of the patronage of the Deyncourts, from them of the Fulthorps, and so came to the Bromfletes, Lords Vescy, and from them of the Cliffords, Earls of Cumberland. Lord Mansfield presented in 1769, since which time the Dukes of Devonshire have presented.

The Priory of Ellerton had one oxgang of land here, given by Robert de Tibethorpe.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.*; in the King's books, at 7*l.* 14*s.* 10*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 389, at 30*l.*; and in 1818, at 98*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

Part of the township is in the parish of Hayton, and within the jurisdiction of the Dean of York, and certain tithes belong to the Dean of York.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1584. Deficient in 1625 and 1626.

CHARITIES.—*Wood's dole*, vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum to the poor.

Dole. 3*l.*, donor unknown. The interest of this, with the sacrament money and Wood's dole, are distributed yearly among the most needy and deserving persons in the parish, selected by the overseers.—Vide 11th Report, page 724.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. (East Riding), page 1169, and (Peculiars), page 713. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 28. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Brunebi, Bonnebi), pages 13. 44. 155. 170. Burton's Monast., pages 260. 382.

CATTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 8,150 acres. Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon[1].—POPULATION, 1,095[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 410*l.*—In the time of King Edward the Confessor this town was held by Harold, Earl of the West Saxons, and after the Conquest came to the Lords Percies, and was held of the honour of Chester.

Patron, the Earl of Egremont.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, of the patronage of the Percies, and from them came to the Dukes of Somerset, and was one of the livings given by the Duke to the Crown in exchange for Petworth, by Act of Parliament, 4th and 5th William and Mary, in consequence of which the Crown presented in 1737 and 1755. However, the Earl of Egremont established his right to the presentation, and accordingly presented in 1787 and 1816.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 40*l.*; in the King's books, at 21*l.* 12*s.* 8*d.*; Synodals and Procurations, 14*s.*; and Thraves, 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 392, at 120*l.* 6*s.* per annum, where it is stated: "Kexby pays in lieu of all tithes, 4*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* Scorby pays in lieu of all tithes, 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* There are also certain closes in East Hunsley that pay in lieu of tithes, 1*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.* Burton House ditto, 1*l.* 10*s.*;" which last is recommended to be united to Full Sutton.

[1] But in the Parliamentary Return, in 1818, is stated 1,175.—In 1834, the population was returned at 95.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 170.

[1] And extends into Ouse and Derwent wapentake.

[2] Viz. High Catton, 221; Low Catton, 178; Kexby, 160; Stamford Bridge East, 385; and Stamford Bridge West with Scoreby, 151.—Stamford Bridge is partly within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

"Endowed with all tithes great and small. The yearly value is above 30*l.* per annum."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 116.

An Inclosure Act was passed 33rd Geo. II.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "in a ruinous state, but about to be rebuilt." In 1834, the return was, "Glebe house unfit."

The Register Books commence in 1592.

CHARITIES.——*Mr. Hammond Dealtary's, Mr. William Dealtary's, Mr. George Dealtary's,* and *Mrs. Margaret Dealtary's charities.* Rent of 1A. 2R. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 1*l.* 15*s.* per annum, distributed to the poor.

The Rev. Henry Dealtary's charity, in 1753. 5*l.* to the poor of Upper Catton.

John Horsley's charity, by will. 20*s.* to the poor of the parish.

Henry Lazenby's charities, by will. 20*s.*, and 20*s.* to the poor of Upper and Lower Catton.

Richard Lofthouse's charity. 3*l.* to the poor of the parish.—There are also several sums on bond, amounting to 10*l.*, which were formerly given to the poor of this parish.

Thomas Chapman's charity, in 1750. The interest of 1*l.* to three of the best ringers that can be obtained on Christmas-day yearly. One shilling is paid to the ringers at Christmas, and the rest, with the sacrament money, is apportioned at Easter among the overseers of the different townships, who distribute it to their poor in small sums of 1*s.* or 2*s.* each person.

William Headlam's charity. Rent-charge of 2*l.* 12*s.*, given in bread weekly.

TOWNSHIP OF HIGH CATTON.

Richard Gell's charity, by will, dated 20th April 1712. 3*s.* per annum to the poor of Upper Catton.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum to the poor.

TOWNSHIP OF LOW CATTON.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum to the poor.

TOWNSHIP OF KEXBY.

William Headlam's charity. Rent-charge of 5*l.* 4*s.* per annum, distributed at Christmas among the poor not receiving parochial relief, in sums varying from 30*s.* to 5*s.*

TOWNSHIPS OF STAMFORD BRIDGE EAST AND WEST.

Christopher Wharton, Esq.'s School, founded by will, dated 11th August 1787, for educating twelve poor boys and six poor girls of Stamford Bridge, as well of the East as West sides thereof; but if not so many there, then to be made up from Gate Helmsley township. Endowment: dividends on 630*l.* new four per cents., which are paid to the schoolmaster as his salary; and he instructs the prescribed number to read and write, and occasionally arithmetic and English grammar. He also teaches a few pay scholars, making the number, at the time of the Report, about 30.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. 1*s.* 6*d.* per annum to the poor.—Vide 11th Report, page 724.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 1153. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 29. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cattune), pages 66. 174. Burton's Monasticon, pages 29. 289. 331. 434.

KEXBY, a town in the parish of Catton, contained one carucate of land (ten whereof made a knight's fee), which town Thomas de Burdon held of Robert de Percy, and he of the heirs of Percy, who held it of the King, in capite, by knight's service, and sixpence rent per annum.

STAMFORD BRIDGE.—The town de Ponte Belli was held by Robert de Percy of the heirs of Chamberlain, who held it of Percy, and he of the King, in capite, by the service of one knight's fee and no rent.

Here the Prebendary of Osbaldwick hath a manor and mixed dominion, and all those tenements on the north side of the town as far as Over Girt Sutton; also the tithe corn of the town of Stamford.

CHERRY BURTON.—SAINT MICHAEL.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area,

3,180 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon.—POPULATION, 447; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[1]; NET VALUE, 887*l.*—This is an ancient Rectory, formerly in the patronage of the College of Beverley, and upon the dissolution thereof continued in the Crown till Queen Elizabeth, who presented twice; after that it came to the Hothams.

Patron, the Rev. H. Ramsden.

Torre's catalogue only commences a little before 1574.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.*; in the King's books, by the name of North Burton, at 23*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 340, at 147*l.* per annum.

Decrees in the Exchequer, in Trinity Term, 24th Elizabeth, and in Trinity Term, 7th Car. II., are unreported.

An Inclosure Act was passed 4th Geo. IV.

JURISDICTION.——In the diocese of York, vide Beverley.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1597.

CHARITIES.—*Dr. Hodgson Johnson's charity*, by will, dated 5th May 1722. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum for providing coals for four poor persons on the 5th November annually, viz., 10*s.* each person.

Elizabeth Johnson's charity, by will, dated 11th September 1740. Interest of 40*l.* amongst the poorest inhabitants of the township at Christmas, by the minister, churchwardens, and overseers. —Vide 9th Report, page 741.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 235. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 39. Oliver's Beverley, page 496. Bawdwen's Domesday Book.

COTTINGHAM.—SAINT MARY. (*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 8,530 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon. —POPULATION, 2,575[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 700; NET VALUE, 124*l.*—At the time of the Domesday Survey, there were here five fisheries of eight thousand eels.

The manor of Cottingham was held, together with its members, by the heirs of Cottingham or Stutevill of the King, whereof John de Hastings held half a carucate by mesne of St. John of Beverley. And the Abbot of Meaux held ten carucates in the same, with pastures for twenty-one cows and one bull, in exchange for a certain ditch passing through. Also the Lady de Stutevill held therein two carucates of land of the Archbishop of York, which came to the Stutevills and the Lords Wake of Lydell, who held of the said Archbishop the east part of the orchard of his manor of Cottingham, with two carucates of land and two places of meadow, containing fifty-eight acres, by knight's service and suit of court at the Archbishop's manor of Burton, from three weeks to three weeks.

Apud Ebor., 6th November, 2nd Ed. II.—The King granted to Thomas Lord Wake and his heirs the liberty of a Tuesday market every week at his manor of Cottingham, and also of two yearly fairs, for six days' space, viz., the one on the vigil day and morrow of St. Thomas the Martyr, and the other on the vigil day and morrow of St. Martin, in winter.

The Church, which contained three Chantries, was part of the endowment which the Lord Wake, who had it from the Stutevills, settled upon his Priory of Haltemprice, and it was by apostolic license appropriated to the Canons there, and a Vicarage ordained therein, Non. December 1338. Notwithstanding this appropriation, the Church came afterwards into the Crown, and was given by Richard II. to the Vicars Choral of York, to whom it was appropriated 15th December 1485 by Archbishop Rotherham, who endowed a Vicarage therein; but it does not appear that this appropriation took any effect, for until the days of King Henry VIII. it continued a Rectory presentable to by the Crown, and in Queen Elizabeth's time begins a catalogue of Vicars, who were all presented by private patrons. The last was in 1622, when Mr. Maltby presented. From that time there were no institutions until 1723, when the Crown pre-

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned sufficient for the then population of 300.

[2] The parish contains part of the township of Willerby, in the county of the town of Kingston-upon-Hull.

sented by reason of lapse, since which the Bishop of Chester has presented. The Bishop is also the impropriator.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 66*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 106*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 347, at 240*l.*; and in 1818, at 102*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1812, with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1814, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. James Deans, the Vicar.

A decree in the Exchequer, in Michaelmas Term, 42nd Elizabeth, is unreported.

Inclosure Acts were passed 6th and 54th Geo. III.

23rd October 1773, a faculty was granted to erect a gallery.

9th July 1798, ditto to erect an organ.

5th October 1804, ditto to erect a gallery.

27th July 1805, ditto to alter the situation of the pulpit, &c.

The glebe house is fit for residence, and which was rebuilt under faculty granted 19th November 1791.

The Register Books commence in 1563.

CHARITIES.—*Edward Thompson's charity*, by will, dated 24th October 1653. Rent of four acres of land, for apprenticing a boy, or otherwise for the benefit of the poor.

Mark Kirby's charity, by will, dated 16th September 1712. Rent of sixteen acres of land, paid to the master of the free school for teaching ten poor children reading, writing, and arithmetic.

James Milnes's charity, by will, dated 18th October 1750. Interest of 200*l.* on Christmas-day and the Sunday after Midsummer-day among the poor, of whatever religion or profession soever.

Joseph Meadley's charity, by will, dated 26th August 1813. Interest of 100*l.* among the poor of Cottingham, at the discretion of the trustees.—Vide 9th Report, page 742.

Post town, Hull.

Torre's MS., page 1351. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 50. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 519. Oliver's Beverley, page 458. Frost's Hull, page 43. Tickell's Hull, page 888. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cotingeham), pages 7. 202. Burton's Monasticon, pages 57. 313, 314. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Ashmole Catalogue, Nos. 8487 and 8518.

HALTEMPRICE.—(*Parish of Cottingham.*)—Here was an Austin Priory, founded about the year 1324 by Thomas Lord Wake of Lydell. It was originally begun at Cottingham in 1322.

NEWLAND.—(*Parish of Cottingham.*)—POPULATION, vide Cottingham; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[1].—A Chapel at this place has been recently built and consecrated.

CHARITY.—*Joseph Meadley's charity*, by will. Interest of 100*l.* to the schoolmaster of Newland. No stipulation for free scholars.

Post town, Beverley.

EASTRINGTON.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 6,910 acres. Howdenshire wapentake.————POPULATION, 1,676[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 260[3]; NET VALUE, 202*l.*—The Bishop of Durham held here six carucates of land by barony of the King in capite.

This Chapel belonged to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Durham, to which Priory it was appropriated, with right of sepulture, and a Vicarage ordained therein on the 6th Kal. Mart., A.D. 1267. In 1616, Michael Warton, Esq., presented, and in 1620 the Crown, by reason of lapse, since which time the Crown has continued to present.

Impropriators, several proprietors.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 60*l.*, and the Vicarage at 5*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 12*l.* 9*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 230, it is stated: "The Vicar hath tithe hay and other small tithes, worth 40*l.* per annum."

[1] Of which 250 are free, were obtained under a grant of 200*l.* from the Society.

[2] Viz. Bellasize, 189; Eastrington, 328; Gilberdike, 632; Newport Wallingfen, 367; and Portingen and Cavill, 160.—In 1834, the population was returned at 1,680.

[3] The return in 1818 was 800.

A decree in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 26th Car. II., as to tithes, is unreported.

Inclosure Acts were passed 7th Geo. III. (Bishop Soil), 53rd Geo. III., and 2nd Geo. IV.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1563. Deficient in some years.—Vide transcripts in the Registry of the Peculiar Court.

CHARITIES.—*The Free School*, founded by Joseph Hewley, by will, dated 14th March 1726, for the poor children within the parish, to be taught reading, writing, and the Church Catechism. Endowment: 18A. 1R. 39P. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 28*l.* per annum. The number varies in winter, being about thirty-eight, and in summer twenty.

John Atkinson's charity, by will, dated 8th November 1678. Rent-charge of 8*l.* per annum to the deserving poor, in sums from 1*s.* to 5*s.* each person.

Burton's gift. Rent of one acre of land to poor persons, in sums from 2s. to 6*s.* each person.

Waterson's gift. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum to poor persons who attend Church at the four great festivals.—Vide 11th Report, page 754.

Post town, Howden.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1213. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 83. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cheuede), page 61; (Estrincton) 61, 62; (Portiton), 61.

ELLERTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 2,320 acres. Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon.—POPULATION, 305; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 110*l.*—Roger de Lassells and Thomas de Greystoke held one carucate of land in Ellerton of the Baron of Greystoke, who held the same of Gilbert de Gant, and he of the King in capite. Also the Knights Templars held one oxgang of land.

This Church was given by Peter, son of Peter de Malolacu, to the Priory of Ellerton, in this town, and appropriated to it, but it does not appear that a Vicarage was ever ordained in it. There is a payment from the Crown of 5*l.* 6*s.* per annum.

Patron and impropriator, Sir C. B. Codrington, Bart.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in 1707, the Curacy was valued at 10*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 366, at 56*l.* impropriation; and in 1818, at 127*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1732, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of common lands worth 210*l.* and upwards, from Hugh Bethell, Esq., with consent of the freeholders; and in 1794, with 200*l.*, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 42nd Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1680.

CHARITIES.—*Sir Hugh Bethell's almshouses*, founded by will, dated 1st August 1610. These consist of three very ancient dwellings. 20*l.* per annum is divided among six almspeople, and there is an allowance to each of three chaldrons of coals.

William Bethell, Esq.'s charity, by will, proved at York 25th February 1696. 11*l.* per annum, to be given in bread weekly to such poor persons as have no relief from the Hospital.

Poor's Land. Twenty-one acres. Rent distributed.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Allerthorpe dole. 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum rent-charge on a cottage belonging to Mr. Hall, of York.

Payment by Mr. William Richardson. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum to the poor.

Payment by Mr. Thomas Boast. Rent-charge of 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum to the poor.—Vide 11th Report, page 727.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (East Riding), page 1207. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 21. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 975. Burton's Monasticon, page 343. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5078. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Elreton, Alreton), pages 79. 98, 99. 104. 236.

PRIORY.—The Priory of Ellerton, for Gilbertine Canons, was founded before 1212 by William Fitz Peter.

ELLOUGHTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,420 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon[1].—POPULATION, 355[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 270[3]; NET VALUE, 97*l.*

At the time of the Norman Survey, the manor was held by the Archbishop. There was a priest and a Church at Elloughton at that time; also thirty-six villanes and three bordars.

The Church was appropriated to the Prebend of Wetwang, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

Torre does not give the ordination. The first institution mentioned in his catalogue of Vicars is dated in 1349.

Patron and impropriator, the Prebendary of the Cathedral of York.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books at 5*l.* 0*s.* 5*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 350, it is stated: "10*l.* maintenance; no preaching minister."

"To the Vicar belongs 20*l.* as an augmentation, made 44th Elizabeth, together with the small tithes." Signed, "Peter Hickington." Notitia Parochialis, No. 995.

An Inclosure Act was passed 34th Geo. III.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1657.

CHARITY.—*William Mason's charity*, by will, dated 11th April 1705. A house, stable, coach-house, yard, and garden, containing in the whole about 2R. and an allotment of 2A. 3R. of land, all copyhold. The property was bought with a legacy of 120*l.* for the purchase of a house for the constant residence of the Vicar; and if he refuse to reside, then the rent to be distributed among the poor. At the time of the Report, the rent was added to the poor's rate.—Vide 10th Report, page 657.

Post town, South Cave.

Torre's MS., (Peculiars,) page 483. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Elgedon), page 45; (Walbi), pages 45. 184.

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[1] Partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.
[2] Elloughton with Brough.
[3] According to the return of 1818. In 1834, returned "sufficient."

ETTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,960 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon.—POPULATION, 407[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 853*l.*

In the town of Etton the Lords Mauley held one knight's fee, whereof the prior of Watton held seven oxgangs in frankalmoigne; whereof the King lost the wardship of James de Frevill, knt., who, and his tenants, held the residue of this fee.

Also the Lords Stutevill held another knight's fee in Etton, whereof the Templars held twenty-one oxgangs in frankalmoigne. And the Prior of Watton held two tofts and three carucates.

This Rectory was heretofore in the patronage of the Lords Wake of Lydell, by them to the Vescys; afterwards Edmund Mortimer, Earl of March, presented, and from him it came to the Crown, and was given by Henry VIII. to the See of York, and the Archbishop is still the patron.

A Chantry was founded in this Church by John de Etton, Clerk.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 16*l.*; in the King's books at 20*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 341, it is stated: "Rectory, 133*l.* 19*s.* per annum."

An Inclosure Act was passed 58th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

18th July 1804, faculty granted to make certain alterations in the rectory house.

The Register Books commence in 1557. Baptisms and burials defective 1653 to 1660. Burials defective 1574 to 1579, and from 1592 to 1599. Marriages defective from 1648 to 1660.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's land.* Cottage, garth, and about 4A. of land, purchased many years ago with the sum of 60*l.*, given by two persons named Towers Wallis and Benjamin Eland. The rent is applied with the next-mentioned fund.

Poor's stock. Dividends on 330*l.* four per cent. consols, purchased partly with 40*l.* arising from the sale of a common-right belonging to the poor's estate, and with donations given by Francis Legard,

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 406.

Esq. and the Rev. J. Fox, late Rector, and partly with a legacy of 200*l.* bequeathed to the poor of Etton, by the will of William Wilson, dated 22nd July 1816. The sum of 20*s.* is distributed among the poor every sacrament day, and the remainder of the dividends and interest is given weekly in bread, to the poor who attend at Church.—Vide 9th Report, page 746.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS., page 1265. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 38. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Ettone,) pages 56. 80. 202. Burton's Monasticon, page 70.

EVERINGHAM.—ST. EMELDIS.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 3,080 acres. Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon.——POPULATION, 276[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[2]; NET VALUE, 237*l.*

The town of Everingham was held by the family of Everingham (viz. half a knight's fee, or the manor) of the fee of the Archbishop of York, by the service of performing the office of butler in his house upon the day of his inthronization; and two carucates of land were held of the fee of Lincoln, and paid 9*s.* to the sheriff's fine.

At the time of the Survey, the manor was held by the Archbishop of York.

The Church, in which was a Chantry, was of the patronage of the Everinghams, from them came to the Elleys, then to the Suthills, and from them to the Constables of Flamborough.

Present patron, the Rev. William Alderson.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 10*l.*; in the King's books at 8*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 361, at 40*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 5th Geo. III.

16th July 1763, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Church, 240*l.* having been previously collected under a brief.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—DOLES.—*Payment by the Rev. T. C. R. Read.* Ancient rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum for the poor, out of an estate at Hayton.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 294.
[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 300.

Payment by Mr. R. Rooke. Ancient rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum to the poor, out of an estate at Seaton Ross.

Wood's dole. Vide Pocklington. 5*s.* per annum to the poor.

Rachel Cook's benefaction. Interest of 3*l.* left in the hands of the overseer, who distributes the amount of the interest in bread.—Vide 10th Report, page 657.

Post town, Market Weighton.

Torre's MS., page 1129. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 22. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Evringham,) page 46. Wood's Bodleian MS. No. 5101. Burton's Monasticon, page 294.

FANGFOSS.—(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 980 acres. Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon.—POPULATION, 155[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 60 or 70[2]; NET VALUE, 46*l.*

A Vicarage was ordained in 1252, for Barnby Moor and Fangfoss, reserving a payment of 2*s.* per annum to the Mother Church of Pocklington.

Patron and impropriator, the Dean of York.

Valued in 1707 at 8*l.* 10*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 387, it is stated: "No minister. Privy tithes 5*l.*;" and in 1818, at 44*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1747 with 200*l.*; in 1779, with 200*l.*; in 1791, with 200*l.*; in 1798, with 200*l.*; and in 1819, with 200*l.*,—all by lot.

14th October 1824, faculty granted to re-pew the Church.

An Inclosure Act was passed 11th Geo. I.

No glebe house.

The Register Books, for marriages, commence in 1755 (1791 and 1792 wanting), and for burials in 1779. Vide Transcripts in the Deanery Registry.

CHARITIES.—*William and Margaret Cade's gift.* Rent-charge of 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum, payable out of Hill Garth, in Fangfoss.

Timothy Overend's gift. 10*s.* per annum, payable out of a cottage house in Spittle.

Both the above are distributable among the poor.

[1] Fangfoss with Spittle. In 1834, the population was stated at 200.
[2] According to the return of 1818. No return in 1834.

Anonymous rent-charge of 2*s.* per annum to the poor, out of lands at Spittle, late James Bell's, late Nottingham's. This was in arrear at the time of the Report.

Wood's dole. Vide Pocklington. 5*s.* per annum to the poor.

Poor's money, 10*l.* Amount of sundry small benefactions. The principal was passed from overseer to overseer. Half the money had been lost at the time of the Report, and the other moiety was considered to be in danger.

Church estate, acquisition unknown. 6A. 0R. 36P. of land, and rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum. The rent is laid out in the repairs of the Church.

Rent-charge for repairs of the Church. Origin unknown. 10*s.* per annum, paid by Mr. William Nolton, out of an estate which he purchased of Timothy Overend Seymour, Esq., and which was conveyed to him by deed, dated 10th January 1797, subject to the above charge.—Vide 11th Report, page 729.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 697. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Frangefos,) page 14.

FULL SUTTON.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 950 acres. Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon.—POPULATION, 140; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 150*l.*

The Church was of the patronage of the De Alta Ripas, or Dealtrys, down to 1672, when the advowson was sold to Francis Elwick. In 1714, the patronage was in John Eyre, Esq. of Bramley. In 1739 and 1759, in William Simpson, Esq. In 1789, in J. Simpson, Esq.

Present patron, Lord Feversham.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books at 10*l.* 12*s.* 8*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 390, at 40*l.*; and in 1818 at 130*l.* per annum.

"Endowed with all tithes, great and small. The yearly value is above 30*l.* per annum." Notitia Parochialis, No. 116.

The glebe house is unfit for residence. In 1818, the return was "fit for residence."

The Register Books commence in 1713; the earlier registers were destroyed by fire. See the Transcripts at York. The book for marriages, commencing in 1754, is defective.

CHARITIES.—*Town stock,* 7*l.* 10*s.* in the hands of the overseers, arising out of sundry ancient donations. The interest is paid out of the poor's rates, and distributed at Lady-day, among the poor not receiving parish relief.

John Cobb's charity, by will, dated 25th April 1783. Rent-charge of eight dozen of bread yearly, viz. two dozen every sacrament, to be paid out of the Far Moor Close.

Elizabeth Cobb's charity, by will, dated 17th January 1809. Interest of 72*l.* to be distributed by the minister and churchwardens among the poor, on Christmas-day, or the day after.

Wood's dole. Vide Pocklington. 2*s.* 6*d.* per annum. Distributed by the overseers to the poor.—Vide 11th Report, page 744.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 1189. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 31. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Sudtone), pages 81. 170.

GIVENDALE.——(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*) Area, 1,130 acres. Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon [1].—POPULATION, 78 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 50 [3]; NET VALUE, vide Millington.

The Prebendary of Givendale is lord hereof, and hath the site of his manor, five tenements, and as many oxgangs of land, and had all manner of jurisdiction over his tenants; but no ecclesiastical jurisdiction is now exercised by the Prebendary.

And the Prebendary of Salton hath one tenement and six oxgangs of land in Givendale.

The Church was anciently a Chapel appendant to the Church of Pocklington, but 8th Id. November 1252, a Vicarage was ordained in the Chapels of Givendale and Millington, reserving 2*s.* per annum to the mother church, in name of subjection. "Millington is as much a parish Church," says Archbishop Sharp, "as Givendale, though they have but one Vicar."

[1] Partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.
[2] Viz. Great Givendale 59, and Grimthorpe 19.
[3] In 1818 the return was 120.

Patron, the Dean of York.

Torre gives a broken catalogue of the Vicars.

Valued in the King's books at 3*l.* 18*s.* 4*d.* per annum, and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 382, it is stated to be "in the hands of the Commonwealth."

Augmented in 1742 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 500*l.* from the Hon. and Rev. Edward Finch's executor; and in 1757 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* by will, from J. Atkins, Esq.

An Inclosure Act was passed 3 and 4 Wm. IV.

No glebe house in 1818. No return made in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1710. The early ones much decayed.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 676. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. p. 95. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ghiuedale, Gherindale), pages 14. 55. 92; (Grimtorp, Torgrimestorp), 13. 234. Burton's Monasticon, page 168.

GOODMANHAM.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,930 acres. Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon[1].—POPULATION, 268[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 447*l.*

The town of Godmandham, saith Camden, was so called of certain heathen gods or idols in the Saxon's time, of which it was an habitation or temple.

And when the Britons flourished here was a famous oracle, much frequented by superstitious people of those parts.

But when Paulinus preached Christ unto the Northumbrians, one Cofti, the pontifix or bishop of their heathen rites, being converted to the Christian religion, destroyed it by fire, with all its inclosures.

In the Saxon's days, this town had for its lord the famous Ulphus, prince of the Deiri, and great benefactor to the Church of York, who (amongst other his ample donations) conferred upon it four carucates of land in this town, probably the same which now belongs to the prebendary of Fridaythorpe.

The Rectory was formerly in three parts, each of whom had its several Rectors, of the patronage of the Grymstons; one of which three parts having been granted by Mr. John de Hoveden, the then Rector thereof, to the Priory of Ellerton, that house re-granted to him and his heirs the advowson, together with one oxgang of land. Afterwards they were all consolidated into one Rectory.

9th Kal. December 1328, Sir Roger de Grimston, the patron, called upon the Prior of Walton, and the rest of the land-owners of Kiblingcotes, and the Prior of Ellerton, and the inhabitants of Easthorpe, to contribute towards the rebuilding and repairs of this Church of Goodmanham.

The Grimstons presented till 1673.

Present patron, J. Clark, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 18*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, viz. William's part 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and Hugh's part 8*l.*; in the King's books at 12*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.*; Synodals and Procurations 12*s.*, and Thraves 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 364, it is stated: "tithes worth 80*l.* per annum."

The parish was anciently within the jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter of York.

A mortgage of 1,623*l.* under Gilbert's Act, will cease in 1842.

An Inclosure Act was passed 15th Geo. III. (Normanton and Cow Meadow.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books for burials commence in 1678, for births and marriages in 1696.

CHARITIES.—*Wood's dole*, vide Pocklington. Rent-charge of 2*s.* 6*d.* to poor persons not receiving relief from the parish.

Robert Stephenson's dole. 5*s.* per annum, as above.

William Stephenson's dole. Rent-charge of 2*s.* per annum, given in like manner as the preceding.

Robert Cross's charity, by will, in 1775. 2*s.* per annum, to be laid out in white bread, and distributed by the minister and churchwardens at Easter and Christmas.—Vide 11th Report, page 731.

[1] Partly within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 250.

Post town, Market Weighton.

Torre's MS., page 1145. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 27. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Gudmundham), pages 12. 46. 78. 169. Burton's Monast., pages 260. 280. Thompson's Occ. Prom., page 114.

HARSWELL.—ST. PETER.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)——Area, 720 acres. Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon.—POPULATION, 70[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 198*l.*

This Rectory was a long time in the patronage of the Salvins, from them of the Gascoignes, and now of the Slingsbys, Barts.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books at 4*l.*, after deducting for Synodals and Procurations 9*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 362, at 24*l.*, and stated to be "fit to be united to Everingham, distance less than a mile;" and in 1818, at 103*l.* per annum.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as very unfit for residence; and it was also returned unfit in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Market Weighton.

Torre's MS., page 1195. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 23. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ersuuelle), page 12.

HAYTON.—ST. MARTIN.—*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,980 acres. Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon.——POPULATION, 434[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[3]; NET VALUE, 288*l.*

This was originally a Chapel to Pocklington, but 2nd Id. November 1252, a Vicarage was ordained in the Chapels of Hayton and Beilby, and Hayton is now accounted the parish church, and Beilby a Chapel therein, 4*s.* per annum being reserved to the mother church of Pocklington, in name of subjection to it.

[1] In the return made to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners in 1834, the population is stated to be only 35.

[2] Viz. Beilby 248, and Hayton 186. In 1834, the population was returned, exclusive of Beilby, at 263.

[3] In 1818, the return was 600 for Hayton and Beilby.

Patron and impropriator, the Dean of York.

In temp. Hen. III. William de Ruddeston gave to God, and the Church of St. Peter of York, one carucate of land in the territory of Hayton.

Valued in the King's books at 7*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 362, 363, it is stated: "Vicarage 26*l.* per annum. Burnby lieth within half a mile of Hayton, and fit to be united to it. Beilby fit to be made a parish of itself."

Augmented in 1737 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of a legacy of 200*l.* from Mrs. E. St. Quintin.

20th October 1763, faculty to re-pew the Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1610. The entries of marriages are deficient from 1748 to 1753.

CHARITIES.—*The Poor's land.* 16A.

DOLES.—*Michael Lambe's dole,* given in 1686. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum, to the poor at Easter. The Commissioners reported that the rent-charge had not been received the year preceding their inquiry, but they had no doubt it would be paid in future.

George Ramsay's rent-charge, given in 1685. 4*s.* per annum to the poor. The Commissioners reported that no payment had been made within the memory of persons then living, and doubted whether the payment would be resumed.

Robert Tindall's rent-charge. 6*s.* 8*d.* to the poor at Christmas and Whitsuntide.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. 5*s.* per annum to the poor at Christmas.

Thomas Pearson's rent-charge, who died in 1711. 5*s.* per annum to the poor of Hayton.—Vide 10th Report, page 658.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 707. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 92. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Haiton), pages 13. 170.

BEILBY.—ST. GILES.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Hayton.*)—Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon.—POPULATION, 248, vide Hayton; CHAPEL-ROOM, 80; NET VALUE, vide Hayton.

In Beilby are two carucates and a half of land, of the fee of the Bishop of Durham.

The Chapel belongs to the jurisdiction of the Deanery of York.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 363, it is stated: "Fit to be made a parish of itself."

An Inclosure Act was passed 54th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books, vide Hayton.

CHARITIES.—*Luke Bateman's charity*, by will, dated in 1648. Rent of 12A. of land, to be distributed equally amongst the poor, at Christmas and Whitsuntide.

Marsden's dole. Rent-charge of 1*l.*

Tindale's dole. Rent-charge of 6*s.* 8*d.*

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington, 3*s.* 4*d.* These are distributed with the rents abovementioned. — Vide 10th Report, page 658.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 713. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Belebi), page 13.

HESSLE.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 2,410 acres. Hullshire wapentake.——POPULATION, 1,172[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[2]; NET VALUE, 303*l.*

The Prior of Ferriby held in Hessle one carucate of land in frankalmoigne.

And the heirs of Stutevill held four carucates of the King, which made the fourth part of a knight's fee.

The Church was given to the Priory of Gisburne, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1251. It is endowed with a mediety of the Rectory.

"This was originally," says Archbishop Sharp, "the mother church to Trinity, Hull."

Torre gives no particulars of the ordination; his first Vicar was instituted in 1251.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 17*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and the Vicarage at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 10*l.* 7*s.* 1*d.* per annum.

An Act was passed 32nd Geo. III. cap. 100, inclosure and drainage (Hessle, Anlaby, and Tranby.)

8th November 1782, faculty to erect a gallery.

30th June 1802, ditto to re-pew the Church and erect a gallery.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The first legible entries in the Register Books commence in 1561; deficient from 1672 to 1681.

CHARITIES.—*The Hospital and School.* These consist of a building containing four rooms, three of which are for the habitation of three poor persons, and the other for a school-room, built by the Rev. Joseph Wilson, and by the will of Mr. Leonard Chamberlain. 1*l.* each per annum is paid to the poor persons, and 5*l.* per annum to the schoolmaster, for teaching ten poor children to read.

John Garratt's charity estate. Rent of 2A. 3R. of land, let at the time of the Report for 18*l.* per annum. Distributed to the poor on St. Thomas's-day.

Robert Raikes's gift. 100*l.* applied many years previous to the Report in building a poor-house. The sum of 5*l.* per annum is paid out of the poor's rates, as the interest is added to and applied with the rents of the above-mentioned charity estate.

William Green's charity, by will, dated 25th March 1812. Dividends on 100*l.* navy five per cents., added to and applied as above.

The poor's allotment. Rent of 11A. of land. Rent distributed on St. Thomas's day amongst the poor of Hessle and Anlaby, whether they receive parochial relief or not.

BREAD CHARITIES.—*John Marshall's gift*, by will, dated 3rd January 1803. Dividends on 160*l.* 10*s.* navy five per cents., distributed in bread every Sunday.

Unknown rent-charges. 1*l.* 11*s.* per annum; one issues out of Mr. William Dealtrey's house, the other out of William Volace, Esquire's close near Pulcroft. Distributed in bread on every Sunday.—Vide 9th Report, page 818.

Post town, Hull.

Torre's MS., page 1055. Abp. Sharp's MS.,

[1] Forty men are employed in stone quarries. Part of Anlaby is in Kirk Ella parish.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 700.

vol. ii. page 55. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 957. Burton's Monast. pages 305. 316. 346. Frost's Hull, page 13. Tickell's Hull, page 877.

HOLME ON SPALDINGMORE.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 10,820 acres. Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon[1].—POPULATION, 1,438; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 97*l.*

Here was a Church and a priest at the time of the Domesday Survey. Also twelve villanes and eight bordars.

The town of Holme was held in knight's service by William de Constable, of Robert de Percy, who held it of Adam de Everingham, and he of John de Vescy, and he of the heirs of Mowbray.

And the Abbot of Selby had one carucate of land here.

The nuns of Swine Priory had lands here.

This Church, in which was a Chantry, was an ancient Rectory, in the patronage of the Constables, knights, till by the attainder of Sir Robert Constable it came to King Henry VIII., and continued in the Crown, until King Charles I. gave it to St. John's College, Cambridge, to which it was appropriated, and the College still presents.

There was a Vicarage ordained in this Church. The College purchased the advowson of Sir William Gee, the profits of which they give to the Vicar.

Torre does not notice the Vicarage.

Sir Marmaduke Constable founded a Chantry in this Church.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books the Rectory at 26*l.*; Synodals and Procurations 11*s.* 6*d.*; Thraves 1*l.*; Deacon 1*l.*; rent to Sir R. Constable 4*s.*; and the Vicarage at 10*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 366, it is stated: "Tithes and glebe, 140*l.* per annum."

A decree in the Exchequer, in Easter Term, 40th Elizabeth, as to tithes, is unreported.

An Inclosure Act was passed 13th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

[1] Partly within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

The Register Books commence in 1559. Chasm 1600—1627.

CHARITIES.—*Constable's* and *Carlill's charities.*—Sir Marmaduke Constable's knight's charity, by deed, dated 7th May, 1st Henry VII. and Peter Carlill's charity, by will, dated 25th September 1666. Rent of 13A. 3R. 26P. of land, one house, and rent-charge of 1*l.* The former charity for the poor of Holme and Market Weighton, and the latter for the poor of Holme. One half of the rent of Constable's charity is paid to the churchwardens of Market Weighton, and the other half, with the rent of Carlill's charity estate, are distributed at Christmas and Easter, among the poor of Holme not receiving regular parochial relief, in sums from 10*s.* 6*d.* to 5*l.* 5*s.*

DOLES.—*Christopher Yeoman's dole,* in 1666. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum.

Unknown rent-charge of 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Unknown rent-charge of 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Thomas Wood's dole. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum to the poor.

The Commissioners reported that they had not been supplied with a satisfactory account of these doles, but that there was an undertaking that they should be regularly applied.—Vide 13th Report, page 615.

Post town, Market Weighton.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 1135. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 20. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hase), pages 185. 191. Burton's Monasticon, page 253.

HOLME ON THE WOLDS[1].—ST. PETER.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,360 acres. Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon.—POPULATION, 136; CHURCH ROOM, 120; NET VALUE, 58*l.*

The Prebendary is lord of the whole town of Holme, Archiepiscopi, and hath therein one capital tenement, thirteen

[1] "I meet with nothing about it," says Archbishop Sharp, "unless this be the Holme where Archbishop Alfred purchased lands, which he settled upon the College of Beverley. It is called in my list a Vicarage, but I do not meet with it in the King's Books. There is indeed the Vicarage of Holme, as well as the Rectory there mentioned, but they are both super Spaldingmore." Not noticed in Torre's MS.

oxgangs of demesne land, and nineteen oxgangs of other land, tenanted at certain rents and services, and hath jurisdiction of the whole town, holding a chapter within his prebend when he pleases.

Appropriated to the Priory of Swine.

Patron and impropriator, the Duke of Devonshire.

Valued in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 333, the Vicarage at 10*l.* and the impropriation at 80*l.*; and in 1818, at 30*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1714 with 200*l.*; in 1777, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; in 1814, with 200*l.*; and in 1824, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

"Within less than one quarter of a mile of South Dalton. Wholly impropriate, only 6*l.* and one mark a year paid for serving the Cure, out of a Rectory worth 60*l.* and upwards per annum." Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,039.

An Inclosure Act was passed 35th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1570; but they are returned as imperfect.—Vide Transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Market Weighton.

Torre's MS., page 1075. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. ii. page 61. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Holme), page 192.

HOTHAM.—ST. OSWALD.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 2,530 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon. —POPULATION, 286; CHURCH-ROOM, 135[1]; NET VALUE, 328*l.*

In the town of Hotham were four carucates of land, held of the fee of Stutevill, whereof the Abbot of Meaux held five oxgangs.

Also the Lords Mauley held therein three carucates and five oxgangs, whereof St. John of Beverley held one carucate and one oxgang.

And the Prior of Watton half an oxgang.

And the Templars one oxgang.

And the Lords Mauley the residue.

The patronage was anciently in the Hothams, knights, afterwards it came to the Beauchamps, Earls of Warwick, and from them to Richard III., then Duke of Gloucester, and by him to the Crown.

The Church is endowed with half a carucate of land.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books at 10*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. p. 356, at 65*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 8th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, on account of "its inferior size;" and in 1834, it was returned "unfit."

The Register Books for baptisms commence in 1706; for burials in 1709; and for marriages in 1711.

CHARITY.—*Anthony Rotherham's charity*, by will. Rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum, for the poor.—Vide 11th Report, page 732.

Post town, South Cave.

[1] Estimated in 1818 at 160.

Torre's MS., page 1109. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 35. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hode, Holde, Hodhum), pages 12. 29. 61. 77. 78. 155. 233.

HOWDEN[1].—ST. PETER.—(*Peculiar.*)—Area, 14,510 acres. Howdenshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 4,531[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000[3]; NET VALUE,

[1] *Laxton.*—The Bishop of Durham held here three carucates of land.

Knedlington.—And six carucates here.

Asselby.—Also six in this town.

Belby.—And here two and a half.

Balkholme.—Also here two carucates and two oxgangs.

Frandyke.—The Bishop had here one carucate.

Cotness.—In this town the Bishop had 12 oxgangs.

Metham.—Here the family of the Methams held the manor of the Bishop, by rent of 16*l.* per annum.

Inflete.—The town was held by the Methams of the Prior of Finchall, by the annual rent of 6*l.* 10*s.* 4*d.*

[2] Viz. Asselby, 297; Balkholme, 117; Barmby Marsh, 473; Belby, 44; Cotness, 29; Howden, 2,130; Kilpin, 349; Knedlington, 123; Laxton, 281; Metham, 35; Saltmarsh, 191; Skelton, 228; Thorpe, 44; and Yokefleet, 190.—In 1834, the population was returned at 3,777, which is supposed to be exclusive of the Chapelries.

[3] In 1818, returned at 1,500.

162*l.*—Here was a Church and a priest at the time of the Domesday Survey.

This was first a Rectory parochial, of the patronage of the Priory of Durham; in 1267 it was made Collegiate, and a Vicarage was ordained in 1319. The Church is still presented, and instituted to, as a Vicarage.

The repairs of the Church were settled by an award of Archbishop Sharp's.

In the days of King Edward the Confessor, the manor, Church, and lands, were wrested from the Monastery of Peterborough, and being in the King's hands, William the Conqueror gave them to the Bishop of Durham, who gave them to the Monks of Durham; and on 20th June 1387, Alexander, Archbishop of York, confirmed to the said Monks all ecclesiastical jurisdiction, except criminal causes, *pro salute animo*, and causes of deprivation and degradation. Walter Skirlaw, Bishop of Durham, built a very great and large steeple to this Church, that if there happened any inundation, it might serve the inhabitants for a place of refuge to save themselves in; and by his will he left 40*l.* towards the fabric of the same steeple.

This Church was first a parochial Chapel of the patronage of the Priory of Durham, and A.D. 1267, Archbishop Walter Gray, after reciting that the parish of Hovenden is very wide and large, and the profits and rents thereof so much abounding as to be sufficient for the maintenance of many spiritual men, ordained five Prebends, each one of whom as an Hebdomary to orderly keep his turn, and serve the Cure of the parish by his respective Priest, and further ordained that the Prebend of Howden should be the first Prebend, and free from all cure of souls.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriators, several proprietors.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 438, it is stated: "The tithes are impropriate. There is a large Church, but the Chancel is extremely out of repair. The Minister hath no profits out of the tithes, but there is a salary of 33*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* paid him by the Receiver-General at York."

Valued in 1818, at 130*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1821, with 200*l.*; and in 1826, with 200*l.*, both from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

A decree in the Exchequer, in Hilary and Trinity Terms, 13th Wm. III., as to tithes, at Yorkfield, is unreported.

Inclosure Acts were passed 7th Geo. III. (Bishop Soil), and 49th Geo. III. (Skelton.)

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1542. Deficient in 1724.—Vide transcripts in the Peculiar Registry.

CHARITIES.—*Richard Foster's charity*, by will, dated 20th June 1604. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum, apparently now lost, there being no sufficient evidence of the payments.

Robert Nelson's charity, by will. Rent of 2A. 2R. of land. One-half for the relief of the poor of Howden, and the other to the poor of the townships of Thorpe and Beilby. The Commissioners recommended that the rents be applied in the same manner for the education of poor children of those places, agreeably to the will of the testator.

John Dunn's charity, by will, dated 25th May 1628. Rent-charge of 8*l.* per annum, for the putting forth and binding apprentices of children of Howden; 3*l.* of children of Laxton; 40*s.* of children of Saltmarshe; 40*s.*, and 20*s.* to the preacher, for an anniversary sermon on the Tuesday after the day of the burial of the said John Dunn. The Commissioners reported that, as the applications for binding apprentices had been so few, there was a balance in hand, at the time of the Report, of 76*l.* 12*s.*

Francis Barker's charity, by will. Rent of 9A. 0R. 27P. of land towards putting out apprentice every year one poor boy born in Howden.

Robert Grey's charity, by will, dated 23rd November 1638. Interest of 200*l.* for buying flannel petticoats and waistcoats for poor men and women at Christmas.

Robert Ferris's charity, by will. 20*s.* per annum to the poor, distributed in the same manner, and with the preceding charity.

Poorhouse in Pinfold-street. There is a sum of 20*s.* mentioned on the benefaction table, paid by Michael Musgrave and Henry Tonville to George Stow and

Ann his wife, in consideration of which they sold a house, as appears by deed of sale, dated 19th May 1665. In 1794, the house was taken down, and a workhouse built, previous to which it was occupied by two poor old widows.

John Davies's charity, by will, dated 10th September 1678. Rent-charge of 2*l.* 12*s.* per annum for bread for twelve poor men and women on Sundays.

Rev. John Athorpe's charity, by will, dated 23rd December 1679. Interest of 100*l.*, which, together with 4*s.* from the parish stock, is applied in a weekly distribution of 2*s.* worth of bread to the poor, together with Davies's, beforementioned. One-half is given to a poor woman of the township of Thorpe, and the remainder to the poor of Howden.

William Shaw's charity, by will, dated 24th November 1679. Rent-charge of 12*s.* per annum to twelve poor widows on Old Christmas-day.

Susannah Wray's charity, by deed, dated 4th March 1680. Half an acre of land, sold to the overseers, and now in the tenure of one John Bordon. The Commissioners think there is no claim to the land, owing to Bordon's long possession.

Ann Blanshard, widow's charity, by will. Rent-charge of 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum to the poor on new year's day. Not paid since 1805.

Christopher Hartford's charity, by will (date not given). Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum to the poor on St. Thomas's day.

Sir William Allanson Knight's, gift, by will (date not given). 4*l.*, which sum was laid out in the purchase of a house; and by deed, dated 18th April 1728, in consideration of 8*l.* (4*l.*, part thereof, supposed to have been supplied by the parish), a cottage and croft was conveyed to the overseers for the poor; but it appears there are no documents to confirm this supposition, nor any evidence except the inscription on the benefaction table.

Robert Escricke's charity, by will, dated 1st June 1709. Site of cottage, &c., let, at the time of the Report, for 1*l.* 5*s.* per annum, for the putting out every two years a boy apprentice, as neither they nor their parents have the town's pay, but really are in want, and have not to put themselves with; and for want of such, to the overseers of Howden, to put apprentices out of Howden every two years for ever. At the time of the Report, the rent had not been paid since 1781, but was expected to be resumed.

The Grammar School. The Commissioners reported, that there has for many years been a school kept by the successive Curates, but they found no endowment, or that any grammar scholars had been taught gratuitously. There are two benefactions for English education, which the master of the grammar school receives. Income: rent-charge of 2*l.* 8*s.*, and annuity of 21*l.*, which arise from Thomas Cutts's benefaction, by deed, dated 22nd March 1702; rent-charge of 48*s.* per annum, for teaching four poor children reading, writing, and accounts; and Robert Jefferson, Esq.'s benefaction, by will, dated 15th January 1803; 21*l.* per annum for teaching 12 poor boys reading, writing, and arithmetic.

Robert Jefferson, Esq.'s charities, by his said will. Annuity of 15*l.* 5*s.* 5*l.* 5*s.*, part thereof, to the minister of Howden, for preaching a sermon on the anniversary day of his burial; and 10*l.* distributed in coals on Christmas-eve amongst the poor, according to the size of their families.

TOWNSHIP OF BELBY.

Nelson's gift, vide Howden. One-fourth of the rent of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 7*l.* 7*s.* per annum, is paid to the overseers of Belby, and distributed to the poor.

Storm's charity. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum out of lands in Bownhills to the poor at Christmas. Distributed with Nelson's rent.

TOWNSHIP OF GILBERDIKE.

Poor's Land. Rent of two acres of land to three or four poor widows who endeavour to support themselves without parochial relief.

TOWNSHIP OF SALTMARSH.

Dunn's charity, vide Howden.

Mrs. Elizabeth Steel's charity, by will, in 1679. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum, carried to the overseer's account.

Poor's Land. Seven acres, let, at the time of the Report, for 7*l.* 10*s.* per annum, supposed to have been given by one Robert Patrick. This rent is also carried to the overseer's account.

Mary Wrossal's charity. 10*s.* per annum in bread to the poor of Saltmarsh and Skelton, viz., 4*s.* to the former, and 6*s.* to the latter.

Richard Jewitt's charity. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum to the schoolmistress for teaching three poor children to read.

TOWNSHIP OF SKELTON.

Matthew Pickering's charity, by will, dated 25th April 1688. Rent of 1A. 2R. of land, for the putting poor boys apprentices.

Robert Patrick's charity, by will, in 1697. Rent-charge of 1*l.* 10*s.* per annum, distributed among poor widows.

Poor's allotment. Rent of four acres of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 5*l.* per annum, and distributed to the poor.

Township Money. The Commissioners reported, that from several entries in an old town's book belonging to the surveyors of highways, that in October 1787, one Mr. John Schofield received of Mr. Philip Schofield 100*l.*, the produce of the sale of two common rights; and in part discharge, Mr. Schofield sold a close for 26*l.* 5*s.*, and in 1796 paid 30*l.* for building two town's houses, and the residue (after deducting 1*l.* 1*s.* as interest on the purchase-money), he paid, in 1800, 42*l.* 14*s.* to the surveyor of the highways, who, it is believed, expended it in building some more poor-houses: but the Commissioners found no authority for considering this as a charitable fund.

TOWNSHIP OF THORPE.

Nelson's charity, vide Howden. One-fourth of 7*l.* 7*s.* to the poor, in clothes or coals. Not paid for three years preceding the Report.

Athorpe's charity, vide Howden. One shilling's worth of bread to a poor widow every Sunday.

TOWNSHIP OF YOKEFLEET.

Town's Land. The rent of five acres of land, after being subject to 11*s.* 6*d.* every two years to the rate for the Market Weighton Drainage, is carried to the general parochial account for the township.—Vide 11th Report, page 755.

A post town.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1077. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 82. Burton's Monasticon, pages 57. 106. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 1473. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Aschilebi), pages 61. 62. 79; (Ballebi), 29. 61, 62. 237; (Bernebi), 61, 62; (Cotes), 61; (Hovedene), 61, 62. 78, 79. 237; (Chelpin), 61; (Cledinton), 61, 62; (Laxinton), 61; (Saltemersc), 61; (Lugufeld), 60, 61. 155; (Schultun or Scilton), 61; (Torp), 61. Prickett's Bridlington, page 46. Gent's Ripon, page 56.

ASSELBY.——(*Peculiar. Parish of Howden.*)—Howdenshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 297, vide Howden; CHAPEL-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, no return.—In Asselby, the Bishop of Durham held, at the time of the Domesday Survey, one carucate of land, and the Soke of four carucates belonged to the manor of Howden.

Torchil held a manor of one carucate of Earl Moreton. Nigel had there one vassal, with two oxen, and fisheries yielding 2,400 eels.

Asselby contains six acres of land of the fee of the Bishop of Durham. The tithes thereof belonged to the Prebend of Barmby, within the Collegiate Church of Howden.

Patron, the Vicar of Howden.

Torre gives no information as to the Chapel.

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books, vide Howden.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Land,* donor unknown. Rent of 5A. 1R. of land, and two and a half marsh-gates, to the use of the poor, after deducting 1*l.* 1*s.*—There is also one house occupied by poor people rent free.—Vide 11th Report, page 763.

Post town, Howden.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1211. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Aschilebi), pages 61, 62. 79.

BARMBY MARSH.——(*Peculiar. Parish of Howden. Perpetual Curacy.*) Howdenshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 473, vide Howden; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 30*l.*—The Prebendary of Barmby was the second Prebend in the Church of Howden, and a Vicarage was ordained therein, 2nd Kal. August 1322.

Patron, the Vicar of Howden.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Valued in 1707 at 20*l.*; and in 1818 at 36*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1779, with 200*l.*; in

1797, with 200*l.*; and in 1810, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

The Parliamentary Commissioners recommended the Chapel to be made parochial, and Asselby annexed thereto.—Vol. xvii. page 226.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1783 for baptisms and burials. Marriages take place at Howden.

CHARITIES.——*Richard Garlthorpe's charity*, by deed, dated 19th Edward IV. Rent of 58A. 0R. 30P. of land, and common rights, let, at the time of the Report, for 23*l.* 17*s.* 7*d.* per annum, and rents-charge of 1*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.* per annum, out of which 10*l.* per annum is paid to the reading minister towards his maintenance; two sums of 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* to the poor the week before Easter and the week before Christmas; and the residue applied to the repairs of the Chapel, and the banks, stayths, and waterworks within the town. The Commissioners reported, that the custom which then prevailed in the conducting of this charity was open to much objection, and that the lands were not let to the best advantage, the feoffees being appointed exclusively by the tenants of the charity lands, and generally chosen out of their own body, thereby vesting the charity in persons who were obviously interested in opposing any alteration therein.—Four feoffees are chosen annually.

John Blanchard's charity, given 21st September 1712. Rent of house and cottage, twenty acres of land, and six marsh-gates, let, at the time of the Report, for 60*l.* 2*s.* per annum. The whole is appropriated (subject to the payment of 40*s.* per annum, distributed to the poor in the Chapel on St. John the Baptist's day) to the minister for teaching a school; the children to be taught reading, writing, and accounts; but it appears that, at the time of the Report, the school was suspended.

David Tacker's charity. Rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum to the poor on the 1st January.

Henry Cowlam's charity, by will, dated in 1709. Rent of 3A. 0R. 20P. of land and a house, let, at the time of the Report, for 3*l.* 10*s.* per annum for the poor. The Commissioners reported that the money had been irregularly distributed, and recommended (as all the trustees were then dead) that the heir of the surviving trustee should surrender the premises to new trustees.—Vide 18th Report, page 533.

Post town, Howden.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1088. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bernebi), pages 61, 62.

LAXTON.——(*Peculiar. Parish of Howden. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Howdenshire wapentake.——POPULATION, 281, vide Howden [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 39*l.*—The Prebendary of Skelton and Laxton was the fourth Prebend in the Church of Howden. Archbishop Sharp says a Vicarage was ordained in 1370.

Patron, the Vicar of Howden.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 227—229, it is stated: "Skelton Prebend to be made parochial, the way to Howden being scarce passable in winter for either horse or foot;" and valued in 1818 at 45*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1785, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1788, with 200*l.*; and in 1809, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1779. Marriages take place at Howden.

CHARITIES.—*Matthew Pickering's charity*, by will, dated 25th April 1688. Rents-charge of 3*l.* per annum. 40*s.* per annum to the preaching minister of Laxton, by two equal payments, at Lady-day and Michaelmas; 10*s.* per annum to the poor on St. Matthias's day; and a further sum of 10*s.* per annum to the preaching minister for an anniversary sermon on St. Matthias's day.

Dunn's charity for apprenticing, vide Howden.

John Marshall's charity for apprenticing, by will, dated 19th July 1669. Rent of one house, let, at the time of the Report, for 8*l.* per annum, for and towards the putting such poor boys apprentices as should be born within the town of Laxton. Balance in hand, at the time of the Report, 51*l.* 10*s.*

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 501.

Anonymous charity. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum among five or six poor widows. Now discontinued.

Peter Tune's charity. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum to the poor in bread. Now lost.

Chapel Lands. Rent of two acres of land and rents-charge of 16*s.* 8*d.* per annum, amounting to 3*l.* 14*s.* 8*d.* per annum, are applicable to the repairs of the Chapel at Laxton.

Arthur Saltmarshe's gift, by will, dated 23rd January 1702. Rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum for four sermons every year quarterly, viz., 26th April, 26th July, 26th October, and 26th January, except a fair should happen at any town within fifteen miles of Saltmarsh on any of the said days, then the sermon to be preached on the day following. Now discontinued, but expected to be resumed.—Vide 11th Report, page 765.

Post town, Howden.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1083. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 81. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Laxinton), page 61.

HUGGATE.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 6,500 acres. Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon.—POPULATION, 439; CHURCH-ROOM, 270[1]; NET VALUE, 449*l.*—In the town of Huggate the Lords Mauley held seven carucates of land (whereof sixteen made a knight's fee), and of these the Prior of Ellerton held one and a half carucate of German Hoy, and the Prior of Watre six and a half of the said German, and the Prior of St. Andrew's, York, five and a half oxgangs of him the said German, and the Prior of Watton two oxgangs of him, and St. John of Beverley two oxgangs, and the residue were held by the said German Hoy.

Likewise the Barons of Greystoke held in Huggate ten carucates of land, which the Prior of Watton and his tenants held in frankalmoigne.

The Church was given by Ralph Paganell to the Abbey of St. Mary's, and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 40*l.*; Nova. Tax., 23*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's Books, at 15*l.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 378, at 100*l.*

The Priory of Ellerton had lands here.

An Inclosure Act was passed 7th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1539; but no register can be found from 1625 to 1708.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Francis Barker's charity,* by deed, dated 30th May 1726. 50*l.* for relieving the poor not receiving parochial relief, and legally settled within the parish, and for placing to school such children as their parents cannot afford to keep there. By subsequent deeds (reciting the former), dated respectively 13th July 1726, and 2nd April 1750, the said sum of 50*l.*, and 10*l.* in the hands of the trustees, were secured on a rent-charge of 3*l.* per annum out of the manor of Huggate, and all the messuages, lands, and hereditaments of one Francis Mosley, gentleman, payable at Midsummer and Christmas, and is applied as follows:—10*s.* per annum for schooling; 40*s.* per annum among poor widows; and 10*s.* to the overseers in respect of the 10*l.* poor's stock.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum, applied with the poor's rates. The Commissioners recommended that the money be separately distributed among the poor of this parish.—Vide 9th Report, page 746.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS., page 1227. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 33. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hughete), pages 29. 223. Burton's Monasticon, page 261.

HUTTON CRANSWICK.—SAINT PETER.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 6,230 acres. Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon.——POPULATION, 1,118[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600; NET VALUE, 130*l.*—Peter de Mauley held in this town seven carucates of land, at the rent of 5*s.* per annum.

Cranswick contained two carucates of

[1] In 1818, returned at 300.

[1] Viz. Hutton Cranswick, 1,053; Rotsea, 30; and Sunderlandwick, 35.

land of the fee of Brus, whereof the Prior of Gisburne held thirteen oxgangs in frankalmoigne.

And John de Diton held three oxgangs of the Knights Hospitallers, and they of Brus.

The Church was given by Joan, wife of Gilbert Gertrude, to the Priory of Watton, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 18th Kal., December 1302.

The Rectory seems to have passed from the Crown, about the latter end of Queen Elizabeth's reign, to the Cromptons and Morehouses, and since the Restoration the Hothams have presented.

Present patron and impropriator, Lord Hotham.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 40*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 15*l.* 8*s.* 6½*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 321, it is stated: "Impropriation, 250*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.*; no minister, nor will the means maintain one;"—and in 1818, at 53*l.* 1*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1820, with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot; and in 1821, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Rev. J. Rigby, the Vicar, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees.

"There belong to the Vicarage the house, with three acres of grass land and free common, and three acres of arable land, worth 40*s.* yearly. No tithe is paid, but a stipend of 16*l.* by Sir Charles Hotham, and I think Crisams at Rotsea. Sir Charles Hotham has the Mortuaries and Crisams at Hutton Cranswick and Fetherholm, and Mr. Crumpton those at Sunderlandwick." Not signed.—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1049.

Inclosure Acts were passed 26th Geo. II. and 9th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence. There is a mortgage of 61*l.*, the cessation of which is uncertain.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.[2]—*Walter Crompton's charity*, by will, dated in 1713. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum to poor widows and other indigent persons, and 20*s.* per annum to the poor widows of Sunderlandwick township.

Barker's charity, vide Mason's and Barker's charities, Brandsburton. Rent-charge of 50*s.* per annum for apprenticing poor children of Hutton Cranswick.

Thomas Awbrough's rent-charge, by will, dated in 1716. 20*s.* per annum to the minister for preaching a sermon on the 3rd April; 15*s.* per annum to the poor; and 15*s.* to the master of the National School for teaching three poor children free of expense.—Vide 9th Report, page 747.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS., page 1307. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 73. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hottune), pages 13. 81. 202; (Cransuuic), 13. 81. 202; (Sundrelanuuic), 29. 218. Burton's Monasticon, page 386.

KILDWICK PERCY.——SAINT HELEN.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,610 acres. Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon.—POPULATION, 49[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 45[2]; NET VALUE, 180*l.*—Kildwick was held by William de Percy of the heirs of Brus by the service of one knight's fee and 4*s.* rent, excepting twelve oxgangs of land, which the Prior of Watre held in frankalmoigne.

The Church, in which was a chantry, was given by Robert de Percy to the Deanery of York in the time of King Henry the Second, which was confirmed by the Archbishop in 1232, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 14th Kal., Mart., A.D. 1312.

Patron and impropriator, the Dean of York.

Torre gives a broken catalogue of Vicars.

Valued in the King's books, at 4*l.* 16*s.* 2*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 388, it is stated: "Vicarage, 40*l.* per annum. This is a small congregation, and being within a mile of Pocklington, fit to be united to it."

Augmented in 1714, with 200*l.*; in 1767, with 200*l.*; and in 1785, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

For the monuments, &c., see Bodleian MS.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 50.

[2] In 1818, the return was, "60 or 70."

The glebe house is fit for residence.
The Register Books commence in 1688.
Parochial Charities.—No return.
Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 723. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 79. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Childeuuic), page 38.

KILNWICK JUXTA WATTON.——ALL SAINTS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, more than 3,990 acres. Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon.—POPULATION, 581 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 100 [2]; NET VALUE, 101*l.*—The town of Kildwick contained three carucates of land, and was held of the fee of Mauley, whereof five carucates and five oxgangs were held in frankalmoigne by the Prior of Watton, and the residue were held by Walter Eugaine.

The Church was appropriated to the Priory of Watton, but no Vicarage was ever ordained therein. Archbishop Sharp, however, calls this a Vicarage. The Denisons were patrons till 1798.

Patron and impropriator, C. Grimston, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 8*l*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 328, it is stated: "Impropriation, 100*l.* About twenty houses in Lockington are in this parish. To be annexed to Lockington;"—and in 1818, the Curacy was valued at 100*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1714, with 200*l.*; in 1767, with 200*l.*; and in 1785, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "a small cottage;" and returned "unfit," in 1834.

The legible Register Books commence in 1575. There is an earlier book, which is returned as illegible.

Parochial Charities.—No return.
Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS., page 1275. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 67. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Chileuuid), pages 81. 223.

[1] Viz. Beswick, 205; Brackin, 28; Kilnwick, 217; and part of Lockington, 131. The entire area of Lockington is ascribed to this parish.—The population in 1834 was returned at 337.
[2] In 1818, the return was 150.

BESWICK.——(*Parish of Kilnwick juxta Watton. Perpetual Curacy.*)——Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon.—POPULATION, 205, vide Kilnwick juxta Watton [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 65*l.*—Beswick contained three carucates of land, held of the fee of Mauley, two whereof Galfred Ageleim held of him, and the other he held of Robert de Wieverthorpe, and he of Mauley; afterwards it was the inheritance and seat of the family of the Danyells, knights.

The Rectory of this Church is part of the endowment of Archbishop Holgate's School [2]. The minister has all the small tithes, hay, lamb, and wool, and the surplice fees. The inhabitants contribute one-third part to the repairs of Kilnwick juxta Watton Church.

Patron, the Master of Archbishop Holgate's School, or his lessee. Now in dispute.—Vide Return under the Ecclesiastical Commission.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 330—340, it is stated: "Vicar, 16*l.*; Impropriation, 70*l.* Two oxgangs of glebe. To be made a parish."

Augmented in 1824, with 600*l.*; and in 1825, with 200*l.*—both by lot.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books for baptisms and marriages commence in 1657. Burials take place at Kilnwick.

Parochial Charities.—No return.
Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS., page 1278. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 67. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Basewic), pages 13. 80; (Chilewid), 80. 233; (Locheton), 56. 80.

KIRKBURNE.—SAINT MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 6,320 acres. Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon.—POPULATION, 489 [3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 82*l.*—This Church was given by Robert de Brus to the Priory of Gisburne, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

[1] Returned at 201 in 1834.
[2] And so stated in the Parliamentary Survey.
[3] Viz. Eastburn, 14; Kirkburn, 141; Southburn, 107; and Tibthorpe, 227.—In 1834, the population was returned at 529.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriators, Sir Tatton Sykes and others.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 4*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 336, it is stated: "Curacy, 20*l.*; Impropriation, 132*l.* No minister;"—and in 1818, at 75*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1715, with 200*l.*; in 1753, with 200*l.*; in 1792, with 200*l.*; and in 1827, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot.

"Tithe of corn, hay, wool, and lamb, impropriated. There belongs to the Vicarage the garth, with common, and a little close at Kirkburn, and Chapel garth at Southburn. Plow Pennies, *i.e.* a penny at Easter for every plow in the parish Handlaw, paid at Easter by tradesmen's servants and labourers, at 4*d.* in the pound. Mortuaries are paid. Surplice fees at a publication, 4*d.*; at a marriage, 2*s.*; at a churching, by husbandmen's wives, 10*d.*; by others, 1*s.*; burial in the Church-yard, 10*d.*; in the Church, 1*s.* 8*d.*; in the Quire, 3*s.* 4*d.*; at high altar, 3*s.* 4*d.* The small tithes through the parish are paid to the Vicarage, and tithe hay at Eastburn. The full value of the Vicarage, 8*l.* yearly."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1048.

Inclosure Acts were passed 33rd Geo. III. (Southburn), and 34th Geo. III. (Tibthorpe.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1686.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS., page 1289. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 73. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Austburne, Esebrune), page 13; (Sudburne), 13; (Tibetorp), pages 13. 29. 223. 233. Burton's Monasticon, page 347.

TIBTHORPE.—There was an ancient Chapel here, for which a Synodal of 4*d.* per annum is still charged.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 73. Burton's Mon., page 353.

KIRK ELLA[1].—ST. ANDREW.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 4,390 acres. Hullshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 974[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 375; NET VALUE, 235*l.*—There was a Church and a priest at Kirk Ella at the time of the Norman Survey.

The Church was given first by Gilbert de Tyson to the Abbey of Selby, but in Edward the Second's time, by licence from the King, conveyed by them to the Priory of Haltemprice in exchange for lands, to which Priory it was appropriated in 1343, and a Vicarage ordained therein 3rd May 1343. There was a new ordination 23rd October 1438.

The composition between the Church of Kirk Ella and Cottingham is given in Dugdale, folio 488.—Note from Johnson's MSS.

The patronage was given, at the Dissolution, to the Ellerkers, from whom it passed in 1686 to the Bradshaws, and in 1794 came to the Sykes's.

Patron and impropriator, R. Sykes, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 46*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 13*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

"The Vicar is entitled to the small tithes arising in the townships of Tranby, Anlaby, and Walfreton, in the said parish."—Broadley *v.* Brocklebank, 4 Wood, page 90.

Inclosure Acts were passed 36th Geo. III. and 5th Geo. IV.

15th February 1806, faculty to erect gallery.

23rd April 1830, ditto to re-roof the Church and cover it with slate, and to erect a gallery, with power to sell the seats to the parishioners.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1558.

CHARITIES.—*Francis Wright's charity*, by will, dated 6th June 1674. Rent of 8A. 0R. 37P. of land. 1*s.* 2*d.* a week distributed in bread every Sunday after the sermon amongst those that are in

[1] Alias Elveley.

[2] Viz. Anlaby, 398, of which a small part is in Hessle parish; Kirk Ella, 285; West Ella, 102; and part of Willerby, 189.—In 1834, the population was returned at 836.

greatest need, and the remainder by the minister and churchwardens to the poor on Easter Sunday. At the time of the Report, there was a balance of 3*l.* 10*s.* 8*d.* in hand.

John Marshall's charity, by will, dated 3rd January 1803. Dividends on 180*l.* 16*s.* navy five per cents., distributed in bread to the poor on Sundays with that of Wright's charity, at the discretion of the minister and churchwardens.—Vide 9th Report, page 813.

Post town, Hull.

Torre's MS., page 1337. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 54. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Alvengi), pages 79. 184. 191. 201; (Umlouebi), 28. 77. 184. 191. 222. Burton's Monasticon, pages 315. 393. Tickell's Hull, page 885.

ANLABY.—Here the Abbot of St. Mary's, York, held three carucates of land.

And William Fitz Peter de Anlaby held one carucate of the Prior of Waltham.

And William de Midelton held another carucate of St. John of Beverley.

And John Legard held two oxgangs of the said St. John of Beverley—all of the fee of Mowbray.

Burton's Monasticon, page 313.

WILLARDBY.—Here the heirs of Stutevill held three carucates and six oxgangs of the King in capite, and John de Melsa two and a half carucates, whereof the Templars held two in frankalmoigne; and Richard de Ros held two and a half oxgangs, and Robert Newton two oxgangs.

Burton's Monasticon, pages 242, 243, 244. 317. 363.

TRANBY.—The Prior of Watton held here half a knight's fee of William de Constable, by the rent of 5*s.*; and Richard de Anlaby held two and a half oxgangs of the fee of Vescy; and the Church is endowed with four oxgangs.

LECKONFIELD.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,030 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunslet Beacon.—Population, 301 [1]; Church-room, 350; Net value, 54*l.*—At the time of the Norman Survey, here was a fishery yielding four thousand eels.

The manor was parcel of the possessions of the Lords Percy, and sometimes their place of residence, and came to them in the time of King John, by the marriage of Isabel, daughter of Adam, and sister of Peter le Brus of Skelton, for which they and their heirs were to repair to Skelton Castle every Christmas day, and lead the lady of that Castle from her chamber to her Chapel at mass, and thence to her chamber again, and after dinner with her, to depart.

2nd Edward II., Henry Lord Percy obtained the King's licence to fortify his house at Leckonfield.

5th Ric. II., Henry Earl of Northumberland obtained a charter for a weekly market every Tuesday, and a yearly fair on the eve and day of the Exaltation of the Holy Cross and seven days following.

This Church was an ancient Rectory, in the patronage of the Percies, Earls of Northumberland, till that, being in the time of Henry VI., given by Henry Earl of Northumberland to the Abbey of Alnwick, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, Ult. Mart., 1489.

Patron and impropriator, the Earl of Egremont.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.*; the Vicarage is valued in the King's books, at 7*l.*: (Bacon says 8*l.*, but only 7*l.* is stated in the Valor Ecc.) In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 345, it is stated: "Vicarage, 25*l.*; Impropriation, 64*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*;"—and in 1818, at 66*l.* 7*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1737, with 200*l.*; and in 1774, with 200*l.*—both by lot; and in 1807, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Earl of Egremont.

Jurisdiction.——In the diocese of York.—Vide Beverley.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1551. Chasm 1633—1677.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 237. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 63. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Lachingfield), pages 57. 80. 169. Oliver's Beverley, page 472.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 306.

LOCKINGTON.—SAINT MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, less than 3,200 acres [1]. Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon. —— POPULATION, 475 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200 [3]; NET VALUE, 532*l.*—In Lockington, the Lords Mauley held in fee three carucates of land, whereof the Knights Hospitallers of St. John held two oxgangs in frankalmoigne, and St. John of Beverley twenty-two oxgangs; and John de Dake held one oxgang; and the Church is endowed with one oxgang.

The Church was once given to the Brethren of the Priory of Grandmont by Robert de Turnham and Joan his wife, daughter of William Fossard, and afterwards by Peter de Mauley and Isabel his wife, and confirmed to them by Walter Gray in 1229, but it soon after came into the hands of the Mauleys again. The Rector of this Church sometimes had a Vicar under him to serve the Cure, who was admitted by the Archbishop.

Anciently in the patronage of the Lords Mauley, then of the Bigotts and Remingtons.

Present patron, the Rev. Francis Lundy.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 20*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 332, it is stated: "Vicarage, 151*l.* 5*s.*, and Impropriation, 24*l.* per annum."

An Inclosure Act was passed 2nd Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was partly rebuilt under a faculty granted 7th June 1758.

The Register Books commence in 1565.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS., page 1285. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 65. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5078. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Locheton), pages 56. 80; (Ach), 47. 80. Burton's Monasticon, pages 74. 275.

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[1] The entire area of Lockington township (which is partly in Kildwick parish) being here included. Aike township is partly in St. John's parish, Beverley, and there entered.

[2] Viz. part of Aike, 47; and part of Lockington, 428.—In 1834, the population was returned at 390.

[3] In 1818, estimated at 250.

LONDESBOROUGH.————ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 4,200 acres. Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon.—POPULATION, 259 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 180 [2]; NET VALUE, 798*l.*—The town of Londesborough, containing six carucates of land, was held of the Archbishop of York by Reginald Fitz Peter, by suit of the Archbishop's Court of Wilton.

Also, William de Shermy held one carucate, and the Church is endowed with another.

The Church was of the patronage of the Lords Fitzherbert; from them it came to the Lords Aton, and so by the Bromfleets, Lords Vescy, to the Cliffords, Earls of Cumberland, and afterwards of the Earls of Burlington.

Present patron, the Duke of Devonshire.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 23*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 16*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 364, at 70*l.* per annum.

Inclosure Acts were passed 56th Geo. III., and 1st and 2nd Geo IV., amending ditto.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653, but defective to 1791.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—*The Hospital,* founded by Richard Earl of Burlington and Elizabeth his wife, for six bachelors or widowers and six widows, who have paid to each of them respectively 5*l.*, by monthly instalments; to each of them, for a gown, 1*l.*; and to each of them, for fuel and fire, 1*l.* There is also paid out of the funds, 10*l.* to the Rector for reading prayers; 2*l.* to the parish clerk for ringing the bell and attending the prayers; and the remainder, 4*l.*, for the repairs of the Hospital, but which last sum is generally applied in supplying coals (the Hospital being kept in repair at the expense of the Duke of Devonshire). Endowment: rent-charge of 100*l.* per annum.—Vide 10th Report, page 660.

Post town, Market Weighton.

Torre's MS., page 1139. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 25. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Lodenesburg), page 46.

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[1] Londesborough and Easthorpe.

[2] Agreeably to the return in 1818. In 1834, the return is, "sufficient."

LUND.—ALL SAINTS.——(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,950 acres. Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon. —POPULATION, 370 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 188*l.*—This Church was given to the Prior and Convent of Wartre, to whom it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 6th Kal., Junij 1290.

The Nuns of Swine had pasture here, with the wood called Gunnethorpe, and in 1254 were discharged from the payment of certain tithes.

Sir William de Thwing founded a Chantry in this Church.

Patron and impropriator, C. Grimston, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 6*l.* 6*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 334, it is stated: "Vicarage, at 20*l.*; and Impropriation, at 150*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum."

Augmented in 1793, with 200*l.* by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 34th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1597, but the first book, ending in 1653, is partly decayed.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS., page 1315. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 64. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Lont), pages 61. 185. 192. 237. Burton's Monasticon, page 253.

MIDDLETON UPON THE WOLDS. —ST. ANDREW.—(*Rectory in charge.*) —Area, 3,340 acres. Harthill wapentake, Bainton Beacon.—POPULATION, 527[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[3]; NET VALUE, 917*l.*

"Anciently a Rectory, of the patronage, and in the jurisdiction of the College of Beverley."

At the time of the Conqueror's Survey there was a Church and a Priest at Middleton.

In this parish the Prior of Watton held two oxgangs of land; the Prior of Wartre, five oxgangs; the Prior of Ellerton, one oxgang; the house of St. Giles of Beverley, five oxgangs; the Church of St. Peter of York, three oxgangs; the Prioress of Yugne, one oxgang; and the Archbishop of Canterbury, six carucates.

The presentation has passed through various hands since the Dissolution. The Crown presented up to 1588; in 1601, Thomas Bennington, Esq. presented; and Sir John Crompton in 1617, it then came to the Manbys, and in 1703 to the Breareys.

Present Patron, the Rev. J. Blanchard.

Torre mentions an ordination of a Vicarage, made by John de Chishull, provost of Beverley, on the 18th Kal. Maij, A.D. 1273, but it does not appear to have taken effect.

Torre gives an imperfect list of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 28*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 15*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 335, it is stated: "Rectory worth 140*l.* per annum, two oxgangs.

"The Rector of Middleton on the Wolds is entitled to the tithes of a certain piece of land called 'The Twelve Oxgangs', lying in the Flatts, and of the two closes called Swang Close and South Close." Brearey *v.* Manby, 3 Wood, page 43.

24th April 1741, faculty to erect a gallery.

30th July 1818, ditto to re-pew the Church and make certain alterations therein.

10th November 1830, ditto to take down the wooden tower and part of the western wall, and rebuild the tower and wall with stone, and to place battlements and pinnacles on such tower.

JURISDICTION.—In the Diocese of York. Vide Beverley.

An Inclosure Act was passed 43rd Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt under a faculty granted 4th November 1809.

The Register Books commence in 1678.

CHARITIES—*Wood's dole.* Vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum. Distributed at Christmas amongst poor industrious

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 390.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 490.

[3] In 1818 the Church-room was returned at 406.

persons of the parish who endeavour to keep off the rates.

Thomas Oxtoby's charity, by will. Interest of 40*l.*, distributed (with the above mentioned 3*s.* 4*d.*) to poor persons of the parish not receiving parochial assistance.—Vide 10th Report, page 661.

Post town, Market Weighton.

Torre's MS., (Peculiars), page 624. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 66. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Middeltun), pages 11. 57. 79. 236. Burton's Monast. page 385.

MILLINGTON.—(*Peculiar.*)—Area, 2,750 acres. Harthill wapentake, Wilton Beacon[1].—POPULATION, 255; CHURCH-ROOM, 145[2]; NET VALUE, 219*l.*

In Millington and Beneldale were three carucates of land, held of the fee of St. Peter in York, by the donation of Wolfus.

Torre says, this Church is appendant to Pocklington, and made a Vicarage with Givendale.

Patron and Impropriator, the Dean of York.

Valued in 1707 at 8*l.* 8*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 380, it is stated "Vicarage only 1*l.* 10*s.*, Gristhorpe to be divided from Pocklington, and united to Millington;" and in 1818 at 17*l.* 11*s.* per annum.

16th July 1824, faculty to put a new roof on the Church, and cover it with slate; also, to rebuild part of the Church and steeple, and to re-pew the Church.

An Inclosure Act was passed 8th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1609.

CHARITIES.—*Richard Wilkinson's Charity*, by deed, dated 8th March, 1696. Rent of 7A. 2R. 23P. of land, and two beast-gates, let at the time of the report for 15*l.* per annum, and distributed half-yearly, at Christmas and Whitsuntide, in sums from 10*s.* to 1*l.* 10*s.* to such poor as receive no allowance from the parish.

John Wilkinson's charity, by will, dated 24th September, 1801. Interest of 200*l.* now invested on mortgage for the schoolmaster, for teaching 10 poor children, boys and girls, reading, writing, and arithmetic.

[1] Partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.
[2] Returned in 1818 at 200.

William Flint's charity, by will, dated 30th January, 1804. Interest of 100*l.* for the schoolmaster, for teaching four more poor children, boys and girls, reading, writing, and arithmetic.

Poor's Houses. 4 houses, the gift of Christopher Dent, by surrender, dated 23d May, 1786, for the use of the poor; one room is appropriated as a school-room.—Vide 11th Report, page 732.

Post Town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 679. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Mileton), pages 13. 47. 233.

NORTH CAVE.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 6,360 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon.—POPULATION, 1,000[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 420[2]; NET VALUE 247*l.*

The town of North Cave hath therein three carucates of land held of the fee of Stutevill, whereof five oxgangs belonged to the Knights Templars, and one carucate was held of the Liberty of St. John of Beverley.

Also the heirs of Brus held here two carucates of land.

And the Flamvills held other two carucates of William de Percy of Kildale, who held them of Brus.

Also the Lords Mauley held here five carucates of land.

Roger de Mowbray, that he himself, Aliz his wife, and children, might be admitted into the fraternity of the Canons of York, with his own hand offered upon the altar there, land in North Cave, worth the sum of 10*l.*, viz. tilled in four carucates.

The manor of North Cave for many generations belonged to the family of the Methams, knights.

The Church was of the patronage of the Meauxs, knights, till it was appropriated to the Carthusians at Hull, when there was a Vicarage ordained therein. After the dissolution the patronage came to the Ellerkers, from them to the Mel-

[1] Viz. North Cave, 747, South Cliff, 104, and Drewton and Everthorpe 149, being 91 less than in 1821, and which is attributed to emigration. In 1834 the population was returned at 999.
[2] In 1818 the Church room was returned sufficient for the then population of 665.

thams, Worsleys, Montgomerys, and Burtons.

H. Burton, Esq. is the present patron and impropriator.

Torre mentions no ordination, but says, "7th Dec., 1318, Commission issued to the Bishop of Ely to dedicate this Church, then newly built."

The first Vicar named in Torre's Catalogue was presented previous to 1399.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation at 53*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* In the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 10*l.* 7*s.* 6d.; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 354, it is stated: "Vicarage, 40*l.* per annum;" and recommended that "North Cliffe and South Cliffe be made a separate parish."

Inclosure Acts were passed 4th Geo. III., and 13th Geo. III. (Everthorpe.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1678. No entry of Baptisms from 1683 to 1694, inclusive.

CHARITIES.—The school endowment, 1A. 1R. 11P. of land. The school-house was erected many years ago at the expense of the inhabitants, which, together with an allotment of 2R. 32P. of land, in lieu of common rights, and 2R. 19P. of land, the gift of Sir George Montgomery Metham, the lord of the manor, were, in March 1772, conveyed to new trustees, in trust to nominate a schoolmaster to teach the children of the parish reading, writing, and vulgar arithmetic. The schoolmaster has the house and land, for which he teaches four poor children as free scholars, besides others who are paid for by their friends.—Vide 10th Report, page 655.

Post town, South Cave.

Torre's MS., page 1115. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 34. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5078. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cave), pages 46. 76. 154. 202. 233. 237; (Cline), 233. 236.; (Drowetone), 154. Burton's Monasticon, page 314.

SOUTH CLIFFE CHAPEL.—(*Parish of North Cave.*)—Archbishop Sharp says, there was anciently a Chapel here, for which a Synodal of 8*d.* is still charged.

Here the prior of Watton held three oxgangs, and William de Fairburn seven oxgangs, and the Knights Templars half a carucate of land.

NORTH DALTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 4,850 acres. Harthill wapentake, Bainton Beacon.—POPULATION, 525[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 75*l.*

The Church was appropriated to the Priory of Watton.

In Archbishop Sharp's time, the Curacy was only worth 9*l.* per annum. In 1765 Robert Wharram, Gent., presented, and in 1798 John Micklethwaite, Esq.

Present patron and impropriator, James Walker, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 16*l.* In 1707 the Curacy was valued at 9*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 336, it is stated: "Curacy at 20*l.*, and Impropriation at 130*l.*;"—and in 1818, at 30*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1715, with 200*l.*; in 1760, with 200*l.*; in 1807, with 200*l.*; and in 1817, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant,—all by lot; and in 1819, with 300*l.*, and 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefactions of 200*l.*, a subscription,—100*l.* from the Duke of Devonshire, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees.

An Inclosure Act was passed 18th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1653. No entries for burials in 1695 and 1696.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. page 1237. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 70. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Daltune), page 81; (Nessuic), 81.

NORTH FERRIBY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,760 acres. Hullshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 823[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 163*l.*

The Church was given by William de Vescy to his new founded Priory of North Ferriby, of the order of the Knights Templars, to whom it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 2 Non. Maij 1332.

Patron and impropriator, W. W. Wilkinson, Esq.

[1] Viz. North Dalton, 468; and Neswick, 57.

[2] Viz. North Ferriby, 345; and Swanland, 478. In 1834, the population was returned at 912.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 8*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in 1818, at 96*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1802, with 200*l.*; and in 1814, with 1,400*l.*, from the Parliamentary grant,—both by lot; in 1818, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Rev. John Scott, the Vicar, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees; and in 1820, with 300*l.*, and 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir Robert Peel, Bart., the then patron.

A decree in the Exchequer in Trinity Term, 13th Jac. I. as to tithes, is unreported.

9th February 1776, faculty to erect a gallery.

3rd April 1819, ditto to erect another gallery.

An Inclosure Act was passed 5th Geo. IV.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1695.

CHARITIES.—*Luke Lillington's charity*, by will, dated 5th November 1773. Dividends on 333*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, three per cent. consols, for teaching ten poor children reading and writing.

Sir Henry Etherington, Bart.'s charity, by deed, dated 14th February 1781. Rent charge of 11*l.* 1*s.* per annum; 10*l.*, part thereof, for teaching 10 poor children, boys and girls, reading, writing, and accounts; and the remaining sum of 1*l.* 1*s.* to the minister for reading the deed every Whitsunday, after the sermon.

Thomas Walker's dole, by will, dated 22d November 1596. Rent charge of 20*s.* per annum, to the poor of North Ferriby and Swanland. Payment now refused, as the churchwardens are unable to identify the property.

TOWNSHIP OF SWANLAND.—*Nathaniel Woodmansey's gift*, by will, dated 29th July 1719. Rent of 1A. 1R. of land,—one half to the Presbyterian minister of Swanland, and the remainder to the schoolmaster.

Jeremiah Turner's charity, by will, dated 14th July 1789. Dividends on 815*l.* 16*s.* 1*d.* navy five per cents. to the minister of Swanland and his clerk, to be chosen by the men communicants for that purpose, to officiate every Lord's day in the old Chapel at Swanland—the minister to keep the testator's tomb and tombstone, in North Ferriby Churchyard, in good repair. The dividends on 204*l.* 6*s.* 10*d.*, part of the said 815*l.* 16*s.* 1*d.*, to be paid to the minister's clerk, who should act as schoolmaster, for which he teaches twelve poor children, between the ages of six and twelve years, reading and writing. The children are appointed by the minister.—Vide 9th Report, page 814.

Post town, South Cave.

Torre's MS., page 1091. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 53. Burton's Monast., page 56. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 589. Tickell's Hull, page 880. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ferebi), pages 77. 184.

SWANLAND.—There was anciently a Chapel here, and 4*d.* is still charged.

Burton's Monasticon, page 383.

PRIORY.—An Austin Priory was founded at North Ferriby, in the suppressed preceptory of Knights Templars, which was of the foundation of the Lord Eustace Vescy.

NORTH NEWBALD.—ST. NICHOLAS.—(*Discharged Vicarage. Peculiar.*)—Area, 5,450 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon.—POPULATION, 769[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 102*l.*—There was a Church and a priest at Newbald, at the time of the Norman survey.

The Cathedral Church of York held in North Newbald twenty-eight carucates of land, given by Ulphus, and shared amongst those following Prebends:—

The Prebendary of Riccall hath one capital tenement wasted, on his demesne manor, with eight oxgangs of demesne land, and other tenants holding twenty-five oxgangs by suit of court and certain services.

The Prebendary of Warthill hath one capital messuage and two oxgangs of demesne land, and other tenants and land held by rent and services.

The Prebendary of Osbaldwick hath one hall, or capital tenement, and 16

[1] Viz. North Newbald, 575; and South Newbald, 194. The parish is in the Liberty of St. Peter of York.

oxgangs of land in demesne, with nine tenements and fourteen oxgangs of land.

The Prebendary of South Newbald is lord of the whole town, having therein his manor and fourteen oxgangs of demesne land, and jurisdiction over the inhabitants from the Beck under the Church-yard side as far as the south end of the town, on both sides of the highway, excepting two tenements lying together.

The Prebendary of Husthwaite hath one capital messuage at the south end of the street called Gaylgate, and ten oxgangs of demesne land, also twenty-two tenants holding thirteen oxgangs and three acres of land, and jurisdiction over them all.

The Prebendary of North Newbald hath twenty-four oxgangs of demesne land, and eighteen other tenements, and manor house and mill, and jurisdiction over all his tenants. He is also Rector and Patron of the Vicarage.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars. Also a correction process in 1415, against one of the Vicars.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 5*l.*; in the King's books, at 4*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 183 (Rectory)—187, and 358 (Vicarage), it is stated: "The Vicar hath tithe hay, and all small tithes. No minister. Impropriation, 120*l.*; Maintenance, 15*l.* Bentley, in the parish of Rowley, to be annexed."

Augmented in 1762, with 200*l.*, by lot; in 1779, with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Earl of Thanet's administratrix; and in 1816, with 600*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

A decree in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 7th Car. II., as to tithes, is unreported.

An Inclosure Act was passed 17th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1600. No entries from 1642 to 1654, nor from 1679 to 1709 inclusive.—Vide Transcripts in the Prebendal Court.

CHARITIES.—*William Gill's charity*, by will, dated 26th July 1728. Rent of land, (quantity not stated) let at the time of the report, for 113*l.* 10*s.* per annum, and dividends on 216*l.* 12*s.* three per cent. consols, and interest of 15*l.* in the Savings' Bank. The sum of 1*l.* per annum is paid to a Receiver, and 6*s.* a year to the parish clerk for cleaning the donor's monument in Newbald Church; the residue of the rents and dividends is distributed among twenty poor persons of the parish who have never received parochial relief.

Gunby's, Wilson's, and Burton's rents charge. 2*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* per annum, for educating six poor children, and 1*l.* 6*s.* per annum. laid out in weekly bread.

Payment by J. W. Clough, Esq. 1*l.* per annum to the poor, out of an estate at Newbald, supposed to be an acknowledgment for taking-in part of a public road.

Payment by H. B. Barnard, Esq. An ancient charge of 10*s.* per annum.

Payment by Mr. Peter Lyon. 10*s.* per annum,—an ancient charge to the poor.

Payments by Richard Burgess and Sam. Dawson. 6*s.* 8*d.* and 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum respectively to the poor.

Some small donations left to the poor of the parish appear to have been lost. —Vide 11th Report, page 710.

Post town, Market Weighton.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), p. 809. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 100. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Niwebolt), page 46.

NUNBURNHOLME.—ST. JAMES. —(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 2,120 acres. Harthill wapentake, Holme and Wilton Beacon.—POPULATION, 258[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 100[2]; NET VALUE, 302*l.* —In the town of Burnham the Baron of Greystoke had two carucates of land, and the Nuns thereof held two carucates in Frankalmoigne, and another carucate (whereof six carucates made a knight's fee), and Ralph de Lassells held two carucates; the Prior of Wartre held one carucate; Thomas de Flixton one carucate; William de Levesterne one carucate; Adam de Donvent one carucate, and Galfred de Sharpent two oxgangs.

The Church belonged to the Priory of Wartre, which in 1268 granted the perpetual advowson thereof, together with that of Wheldrake, to Walter Gray, Archbishop of York, and his successors,

[1] Viz. Nunburnholme, 222; and Thorpe in the Street, 31. In 1834, the population was returned at 175.

[2] Estimated at 200 in the return of 1818.

in consideration of his appropriation to the Convent of the Church of Lund, which two advowsons the Archbishops have ever since enjoyed, and the Archbishop is still the patron of this Church.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 9*l.* 12*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 380, at 70*l.* per annum.

A mortgage of 430*l.* 14*s.* under Gilbert's Act, will cease in 1837.

An Inclosure Act was passed 28th Geo. II.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1586. Very illegible until 1650.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Money.* 15*l.*, said in the Returns of Charitable Donations in 1786, to have been given by the Rev. Thomas Gill, the Rev. Jeremiah Farrer, and the Rev. H. Travers. The money is placed out at interest, and added to the communion money, and distributed amongst the poor at Christmas, yearly.

Wood's dole. Vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum to the poor. Distributed as above.—Vide 11th Report, page 734.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS., page 1161. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 26. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Brunhom), pages 12, 13. 223; (Torp), 12. Burton's Monast. pages 57. 382. Mon. Angl. vol. iv. page 278.

EASTHORPE, OR THORPE IN THE STREET.—On 5th October 1440, there was a decree, setting forth that this was no Parochial Chapelry, but that the inhabitants thereof ought to repair to their Parish Church of Burnholme for sacraments and sacramentals, and that they should find at their own costs one secular Chaplain yearly, to celebrate in the said Chapel, the Rector paying him 40*s.* per annum. Archbishop Sharp says, "I suppose this Chapel is now down."

The Parliamentary Commissioners recommended Easthorpe to be united to Shipton, as the way to Nunburnholme was very bad.—Vol. xvii. page 361.

Torre's MS., page 1164. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 26. Burton's Monast. page 383.

NUNNERY.——In Nunburnholme was a Benedictine Nunnery, founded by Richard King of the Romans, brother of King Henry III., before 1254.

POCKLINGTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage, Peculiar.*)—Area, 4,380 acres. Harthill wapentake, Wilton Beacon.—POPULATION, 2,265[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1300; NET VALUE, 131*l.*—The town of Pocklington was by Ulfus given to the Church of York, wherein the Prebendary of Barnby hath divers tenements.

The manor of Pocklington was by William the Conqueror given to the Lord Percy, and continued in the Percy family till 2nd Edward IV., when the King entailed it upon George, Duke of Clarence. At the time of the Domesday Survey there was a Church and a Priest in Pocklington, also two mills, thirteen villanes, five bordars, and four censores.

The Church of Pocklington, in which a Chantry was founded, was given by King Henry I. to Gerard, Archbishop of York, and the Deans of York, together with the Chapels within the Soke thereof, to be as free and quit from Episcopal jurisdiction as are the possessions of the Prebendaries of York, and a Vicarage was ordained therein, 8th Id. November 1252.

Patron and Impropriator, the Dean of York.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Valued in the King's books, at 10*l.* 2*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 372—460, it is stated: "Vicarage, only 3*l.* per annum. The great tithes are worth 104*l.* per annum." "The Vicar hath the Easter book and all small tithes in Pocklington, Owsthorpe, Yapham, and Meltonby, worth 26*l.* per annum;" and in 1818 at 140*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1757, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 500*l.* from the Hon. and Rev. Henry Finch, Dean of York, and Mr. E. Finch, by their wills; in 1821, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the trustees of J. Marshall, Gent.; and in 1822, with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mrs. H. Griffith.

[1] Viz. Pocklington, 2,048; Owsthorpe, 20; Yapham, 137; and Meltonby, 60.

An Inclosure Act was passed 30th Geo. II.

The glebe house is unfit for residence. In 1818 there was a glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1559.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Wood's dole*, by will, dated in 1568. Rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum, distributed in various proportions amongst the poor of 44 neighbouring parishes and townships. The sum to this parish is 20*s.* per annum, which is distributed with six other benefactions, amounting to 4*l.* 12*s.*, during winter, amongst the most indigent and aged parishioners, particularly widows, in sums of 4*s.* or under, according to their necessities.

William Westoby's dole. 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum, to the poor at Whitsuntide. Mr. Westoby also left 5*l.*, the interest to be given to the poor at Christmas, but this sum appears to have been lost.

Jane Smith's dole, by will. Rent charge of 5*s.* per annum to the poor at Christmas.

George Smith's dole, by will. Rent charge of 12*s.* per annum to the poor at Christmas.

Marmaduke Hewitt's dole, by will. Rent charge of 5*s.* per annum to the poor at Christmas.

Ellis Braidley's dole, by will. Rent charge of 10*s.* per annum to the poor at Lady Day and Michaelmas.

John Scorbrough's dole, by will. Rent charge of 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum to the poor at Christmas.

To the above benefactions, 20*s.* from the rent of the poor's land is yearly added, which makes up the dole money 4*l.* 12*s.*, as before stated.

BREAD CHARITIES.—*Robert Chapman's gift*, by will, dated 23rd June 1718. The interest of 10*l.* to be laid out in bread, and distributed to the poor on Christmas day, yearly.

William Westoby's gift, by will (date not mentioned). The interest of 5*l.* in bread to poor widows at Christmas.

Mrs. Isabella Moor's gift, by will. The interest of 10*l.* in bread to the most indigent poor on New-year's-day.

Dr. Henry Watkinson's and *Mr. John Moor's charity* (late Vicar of Pocklington), by deed (date not given). Settled and agreed that there should be paid out of the Vicarage house, (which was purchased for the use of all succeeding Vicars,) 10*s.* per annum to the most indigent widows and fatherless children, on the Monday before Easter.

Mrs. Ann Blackbeard's charity, by will, dated 11th December 1732. Rent of two acres of land for the following uses: 10*s.* to the Curate, for a sermon on St. Thomas's Day; 2*s.* to the clerk, and 1*s.* to the sexton, and the residue to poor persons attending Church on that day, in sums of 2*s.* and under, to each person.

Mr. John Seymour's charity, by will. Rent of half an oxgang of land, distributed at Christmas, yearly.

John Cole's charity, by will. Rent of six lands, in the North fields, to the poor at Easter.—The Commissioners reported that there was then no property under this description, and supposed that a compensation was made for them under the allotment, upon the inclosure of common lands in Pocklington.

Poor's Land.—21A. 2R. 7P. of land. This land was awarded by the Commissioners under an Inclosure Act in 1759, and is supposed to have been allotted in lieu of detached pieces of common field land. The rents, except 1*l.*, added to the dole money, and carried to the general overseer's account.

Church Lands.—29A. 1R. 4P. of land, rent of one house, and rent charge of 1*l.* 5*s.* These were awarded under an Inclosure in 1759, by the Commissioners. The total annual rent at the time of the Report was 50*l.* 17*s.*, which was received by the churchwardens, carried to their general account, and applied to the repairs and other expenses of the Church.

The Grammar School. Founded by John Dowman, LL.D., by writ of Privy Seal, dated 4th May, 6th Henry VIII., for a fraternity or guild of a master and two guardians, and brethren and sisters, to be incorporated by the name of "The fraternity or guild of the name of Jesus, and of the blessed Virgin Mary, and of St. Nicholas the Bishop in the parish Church of Pocklington, in the county of York: founded by John Dowman, Doctor of Laws,"—Who were to find 'a fit man,' sufficiently learned in grammatical science to instruct and teach all scholars resorting to the town of Pocklington, to be taught according

to the statutes and ordinances of the said John Dowman." Dr. Dowman also founded five scholarships at St. John's, Cambridge, with a preference to those of his kindred and name, and scholars educated at his school at Pocklington. The guild was dissolved 1st Edward VI.; and by Act of Parliament, 5th Edward VI. the nomination of the master was vested in the Master and Fellows of St. John's College. The Archbishop of York to appoint in case an avoidance be not supplied within two months. The usher is appointed by the master and the Vicar, or Curate, and churchwardens of Pocklington. The endowment consists of 683A. 1R. 2P. of land, let at the time of the Report for 1018*l.* 13*s.* per annum. There is reason to believe that other property has been lost through neglect. Previous to the appointment of Mr. Shield in 1807, the school-house was dilapidated, and the estates were let on leases renewable on payment of fines. The reserved rents did not exceed 65*l.* per annum. Mr. Shield instituted a suit in Chancery to set aside the leases, in which he ultimately succeeded after incurring a very considerable expense; Mr. Shield also rebuilt the school-house. The school for a considerable period was in a state of great neglect. (Vide Minutes of Evidence annexed to the 3d Report of the Committee of the House of Commons on Education in 1818.) At the time of the Report there were seventeen scholars, most of whom appeared to be very young; they were instructed in the rudiments of a classical education, and were also taught writing and arithmetic.—Vide 11th Report, page 735, and 19th Report, page 541.

A post town.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 683. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 90. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5078. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Poclinton), pages 13, 14. 155 193. 214. 223. 228; (Meltebi), 13; (Lapun), 29.

YAPHAM[1] WITH MELTONBY.—(*Parish of Pocklington. Peculiar.*)—Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon.—POPULATION, 197, vide Pocklington; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, no return.

Patron, the Dean of York.

This Church is considered as attached to the Vicarage of Pocklington, and for time immemorial has been served by the Vicar of Pocklington.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 372, it is recommended that Yapham with Meltonby be made a parish.

There was no glebe house in 1818. No return in 1834.

The Register Books, for Baptisms, commence in 1707; for Burials, in 1654; and for Marriages, in 1734. Burials also take place at Pocklington.

CHARITIES.—*Chapel Lands.* 111A. of land, rents of seven houses, and rent charge of 4*s.* per annum. The Commissioners reported that the only account they had met with of the origin of this property was recited in three successive trust deeds, all of similar import, the last of which is a deed of feoffment, dated 27th November 1816. The rents, at the time of the Report, amounted to 78*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* per annum, which after being subjected to 1*l.* 14*s.* for tithe, to 9*s.* 10*d.* for land tax, to poor's rates and constable's assessments, and to 3*s.* 4*d.*, the value of a pound of pepper, due to the occupier of a certain farm in Yapham for taking care of the Parson's horse, which he is bound to do whenever the Parson goes there to do duty,—are applied, in the first place, in repairing the Chapel; 1*l.* 19*s.* 9*d.* to the clerk for his attendance and washing the surplice; 5*s.* per quarter each for twelve or fourteen scholars, to the schoomaster, for teaching them reading, writing, and accounts; and the residue, after paying 10*s.* for keeping the accounts, is distributed among the most industrious poor on St. John's day, in sums from 1*l.* to 5*s.*

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum to poor widows of the township.—Vide 11th Report, p. 739.

Post town, Pocklington.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Lapun), page 29; (Meltebi), 13. Burton's Monasticon (Meltonby), page 383.

ROWLEY.—ST. PETER.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 7,440 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon.—Po-

[1] Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 705.

PULATION, 501[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 1,465*l.*—"An ancient Rectory, of the patronage of the Stutevills, from them of the Lords Wake, and from them of the Earls of Salisbury, afterwards to the Barringtons of Essex.

Patroness, Mrs. Hildyard.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 46*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 20*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 349, at 153*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum. It was recommended that Wheatley and Woodhouse, in South Cave and Cottingham, should be annexed to Rowley.

An Inclosure Act was passed 41st Geo. III. (Little Weeton and Riplingham.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*Mrs. Nancy Hildyard's* and *Mrs. Wakefield's charities.* 10*l.* 10*s.* and 20*l.* The interest is laid out, together with the sacrament money, in the purchase of bread, which is distributed on Sundays during winter to poor persons, at the discretion of the churchwardens.—Vide 11th Report, page 742.

Post town, South Cave.

Torre's MS., page 1103. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 52. Wood's Tithe Cases, vol. iv. page 361 (Croft *v.* Ayer, and Walter *v.* Bradshaw).

SANCTON[2].—ALL SAINTS.——(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 4,890 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon.—POPULATION, 462[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150[4]; NET VALUE, 49*l.*—In Sancton was a Church and a priest, at the time of the Norman Survey.

The Church was anciently a Rectory of two medieties, which were consolidated by Archbishop Walter Gray in 1251, of which the Priory of Watton had the patronage, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 5th Id. July 1310.

Patron and impropriator, John Broadley, Esq.

[1] Viz. Rowley, 451; and Wauldby, 50. In 1834, the population was returned at 451, which is probably exclusive of Wauldby.

[2] Now held as a Perpetual Curacy. There have been no institutions, says Archbishop Sharp, since 1549.

[3] Viz. North Cliffe, 85; and Sancton and Houghton, 377.—In 1834, the population was returned at 470.

[4] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 412.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 6*l.* 1*s.* 10*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 357, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in 1818, at 58*l.* 12*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1745, with 200*l.*; in 1756, with 200*l.*; in 1792, with 200*l.*; and in 1830, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Easter Term, 1st Jac. I., as to tithes of North Cliffe.

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "only a little low cottage;" and also returned "unfit," in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1538; deficient from 1641 to 1717 inclusive.

CHARITY.—*The Free School,* founded by Marmaduke Langdale, by will, dated 1st August 1609, for the instruction of poor children in reading, writing, and accounts. The number of scholars, at the time of the Report, were about thirty. The schoolmaster to be an University man, either of Oxford or Cambridge, a graduate, and a preacher of the word of God; for which, and the teaching the scholars, he receives the sum of 20*l.*—Vide 11th Report, page 742.

Post town, Market Weighton.

Torre's MS., page 1123. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 36. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Santone), pages 14. 155. 193. 238; (Houeton, Haltun), 12. 155. 193; (Cliue), 12. 238. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 957. Burton's Monasticon, page 198.

SCORBROUGH.—ST. LEONARD.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 1,310 acres. Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon.—POPULATION, 79; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 252*l.*—An ancient Rectory, belonging to the College of Beverley, and afterwards in the gift of the Earls of Northumberland.

Present patron, the Earl of Egremont.

Torre gives an imperfect catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 7*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 331, at 45*l.* per annum,

including one quarter of meadow in the Ings.

JURISDICTION.——In the diocese of York.—Vide Beverley.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, "being too small;" and returned "unfit," in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1653. Burials deficient from 1679 to 1696.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 265. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 62. Oliver's Beverley, page 509.

SCULCOATES.—SAINT MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,010 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon.—POPULATION, 13,468[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600; NET VALUE, 295*l.*—The Archbishop of York held in Sculcoates two carucates of land in demesne.

This Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Lords Gray of Rotherfeld, till that being given to the house of the Carthusians of Saint Michael of Hull, it was appropriated thereto, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 16th July 1381.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Valued in the King's books, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 241. 348, it is stated as follows: "Drypool and Sculcotts Chapels to be made a parish. No minister for four years and a half. Sculcoates contains only eight or nine families. To be united with Newland, and made a parish; the houses of Hull Beck to be joined, and the Church to be built near Newlands."

A brief was granted in 1759 for rebuilding this Church; and on the 1st May 1760, a faculty was granted to rebuild and enlarge the Church, and dispose of the seats therein.

On the 23rd July 1713, and 2nd September 1817, additional burial-grounds were consecrated.

Augmented in 1741, with 200*l.*; in 1771, with 200*l.*; and in 1784, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

An Act was passed 4th Geo. III. for confirming the inclosure.

[1] 460 mariners, belonging to registered vessels, are excluded from the return of population.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1576.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Hull.

Torre's MS., page 1327. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 56. Burton's Monasticon, page 316. Tickell's Hull, page 895. Thompson's Swine, page 200.

SCULCOATES.——— CHRIST CHURCH.——(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon.—POPULATION, no district; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,400; NET VALUE, 169*l.*—Consecrated 26th September 1822.

Patrons, various trustees.

No returns as to value, Register Books, or Parochial Charities.

No glebe house.

Post town, Hull.

SEATON ROSS.—ST. EDMUND[1].——(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 3,380 acres. Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon.—POPULATION, 436; CHURCH-ROOM, 250[2]; NET VALUE, 93*l.*—The Lords Mauley held four carucates and six oxgangs of land in Seaton, whereof the Prior of Ellerton held six oxgangs in frankalmoigne, in Mesne, from John de Hotham.

And the Templars had ten oxgangs.

German Hoy held two oxgangs of John de Melsa, and he of Mauley.

And Remigius de Pokelington held half a carucate by mesne of William de Greystoke, and he of Mauley.

Patron and impropriator, W. C. Maxwell, Esq.

Archbishop Sharp speaks of this parish as a Chapelry to Aughton.

Valued in 1707, at 38*l.* 6*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 369, at 80*l.* per annum, and stated to be "in the hands of the Commonwealth;"—and in 1818, at 48*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1825, with 1,200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

4th August 1789, a faculty was

[1] King of the East Angles; murdered in 870.

[2] In 1818, stated at 500.

granted to contract the dimensions of the Chancel.

An Inclosure Act was passed 51st Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "a very small bad house;" and returned "unfit," in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1653; wanting for 1721 and 1722.——Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Tindall's rent-charge*, by will. 10*s*. per annum to the poor at Whitsuntide and Christmas.

Philip Buttle's rent-charge, by will. 10*s*. per annum to the poor.

William Walker's rent-charge, by will. 10*s*. per annum to the poor upon Candlemas-day.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. 3*s*. 4*d*. per annum.

William Clarke's charity, by will, about 1675. The interest of 5*l*., given at Whitsuntide amongst the most needy and deserving poor.—Vide 11th Report, page 743.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS., page 1225. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. pages 19. 252. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Seton), pages 12. 77. 181. Burton's Monasticon, page 383.

SKERNE.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 2,620 acres. Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon.——POPULATION, 201; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 71*l*.—This was a Rectory, which was given to the Priory of Watton, to which it was appropriated, but no Vicarage seems to have been endowed.

Patron and impropriator, Richard Arkwright, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l*.; in 1707, the Curacy was valued at 13*l*. 5*s*.; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 326, it is stated: "Vicarage, 20*l*.; Impropriation, 50*l*.; Samuel Booth, Minister, preacheth after a fashion;"—and in 1818, at 55*l*. 10*s*. per annum.

Augmented in 1767, with 200*l*., by lot; in 1771, with 200*l*., to meet benefaction of 200*l*. from Thomas Brown, Esq.; in 1827, with 200*l*., by lot; and in 1829, with 200*l*., to meet benefactions of 100*l*. from Richard Arkwright, Esq., the patron, and 100*l*. from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1561; but the entries of marriages from 1677 to 1680 illegible, and many years intervene without entries.

CHARITY.——*The Poor Folks' Close.* 5A. 2R. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 4*l*. 7*s*. 6*d*. per annum. The rents are added by the overseers to the poor's rates. The Commissioners reported that there was no evidence of any other mode of application having existed, and no evidence to show how the land was given or acquired.—Vide 9th Report, page 748.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS., page 1273. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 69. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Schirne), pages 13. 202. Burton's Monasticon, page 200.

SKIDBY.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Perpetual Curacy, unaugmented.*)——Area, 1,250 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon.——POPULATION, 315; CHURCH-ROOM, 250[1]; NET VALUE, vide Cottingham.—The Archbishop of York held in Skidby five carucates of land, of which the house of St. Giles held one oxgang in frankalmoigne, and the Chapter of St. Peter in York held five oxgangs.

This Church was accounted a Chapel dependant on Cottingham, the Rector whereof used to assign the same, together with the tithes garbs thereunto belonging, to a Chaplain during life, for serving the Cure.

"This estate is," says Archbishop Sharp, "I suppose, now in the Wartons of Beverley, who put in a Curate, to whom the Bishop of Chester's lessee pays 20*l*. per annum. Part of the tithes belong to Trinity College."

Patron and impropriator, vide Cottingham.

Valued in 1707, at 20*l*.; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 351, it is stated: "The Minister has the small tithes, 5*l*.;"—and in 1818, at 20*l*. per annum.

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 283.

Inclosure Acts were passed 25th and 33rd Geo. III.

No glebe house in 1818. No return in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1723. They are in bad preservation.

CHARITY.—*The School*, founded by Mr. John Marshall, by will, in 1803. 150*l.* to be laid out in stock, which has been invested in navy five per cents., but the amount thereof is not stated. The master is appointed by the minister and churchwardens, and instructs seven or eight children, besides other scholars. The school-house was erected, by means of a subscription in 1813, on ground belonging to Trinity College, Cambridge, given for the purpose, subject to an acknowledgment of 1*s.* per annum.—Vide 9th Report, page 745.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS., page 1358. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 51. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Schitcbi), page 55.

SOUTH CAVE.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 7,480 acres. Harthill wapentake[1]. Hunsley Beacon.—POPULATION, 1,200[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600*l.*; NET VALUE, 168*l.*—There are in South Cave, of the fee of Mowbray, twenty-four oxgangs of land, whereof eight oxgangs make a carucate, and sixteen carucates a knight's fee, which was held by the heir of the Deyvills, the whole town containing fifteen carucates.

The Prebendary of South Cave hath in the town one carucate (or eight oxgangs) of demesne land and meadow, a manor, and several tenements held of him, over which he hath full jurisdiction.

The Prebendary of South Cave was Rector, to whom the Church was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

The endowment is not given by Torre. The first date of institution given in his list of Vicars is 1327.

[1] Part of the parish is within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Bromfleet, 190; Flaxfleet, 177; and South Cave, 833.

Patron and impropriator, H. G. Barnard, Esq.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 8*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 352, it is stated: "Vicarage, 23*l.* There is a convenient Chapel at Bromfleet. To be made a parish, and Flaxfleet annexed;"—and in 1818, at 140*l.* per annum.

"The Church is endowed with a Vicarage house and the small tithes, not exceeding 30*l.*, at the extended value." Signed, "Peter Hickington, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 995[1].

Inclosure Acts were passed 25th Geo. III. and 11th Geo. IV.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "very inferior;" and returned "unfit," in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1558; deficient from 1627 to 1634, and from 1657 to 1670.—Vide transcripts in the Registry of the Peculiar. The first book is loose parchment.

CHARITIES.—*Samuel Jobson's charity*, by will, about 1697. Rent of one cottage and ten acres of land, applied as follows:—20*s.* per annum to the Minister, for an anniversary sermon on Easter Tuesday; 20*s.* per annum to the master of the workhouse, towards providing a dinner for the poor people therein at Christmas and Cave fair; and the remainder for providing white bread for widows and other necessitous poor on the last Sunday in every month, by the churchwardens.

The School. Endowment: 9A. 1R. 6P. of land, which in 1797 were demised for thirty years on a nominal rent, in consideration of 300*l.*, which was applied in building a market-house, with a school-room above, and a house for the master. The school, at the time of the Report, was conducted on the National plan. About fifty scholars. The master's sa-

[1] "The Rector is now entitled to tithes of the manor of Bromfleet, the lands therein having formerly been parcel of the Monastery of St. Leonard, and tithe free. Clarke *v.* Sunderland." 1 Wood, page 175.

"The Vicar, and not the Impropriator, is entitled to the agistment tithes of sheep, lambs, and all barren and unprofitable cattle in kind, but the Impropriator is entitled to the tithes of hay, wool, and lambs. Garnons *v.* Barnard." 4 Wood, page 377.

lary arises from voluntary subscriptions, and 1*s.* 6*d.* per quarter from each child. —Vide 10th Report, page 656.

A post town.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 815. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 99. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5078. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cave), pages 46. 76. 154. 202. 233. 237. Burton's Monast., page 331.

SOUTH DALTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,730 acres. Harthill wapentake. Hunsley Beacon. ——POPULATION, 273; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 450*l.*—The town and Church of South Dalton was given by King Osred to the Collegiate Church of Beverley; and after the Dissolution, the Rectory came by the Crown to the Aislabys, from whom, in 1698, it came to the Hothams, knights.

Present patron, Lord Hotham.

Torre gives an imperfect catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 17*l.*; in the King's books at 12*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 344, at 165*l.* per annum.

"Sir Charles Hotham is lord of the manor, and whose estate, being one-third or more of the whole, pays no tithe. The Rectory is endowed with the tithe of all the rest, great and small."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,039.

An Inclosure Act was passed 3rd Geo. IV.

JURISDICTION.——In the diocese of York.—Vide Beverley.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—There are two benefactions of 5*l.* each, given by *Mr. Penston* and *Mr. Risingrose,* which sums are placed in the hands of the overseers of the poor for the time being, and the interest thereof (10*s.* per annum) distributed among poor persons of the parish twice a year.—Vide 10th Report, page 657.

Post town, Market Weighton.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 269. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 37. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Daltune), pages 56. 81. 223. 237.

SUTTON UPON DERWENT.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,360 acres. Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon.—POPULATION, 417[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[2]; NET VALUE, 509*l.*—Peter de Malolocu held of the King in capite six carucates of land in Sutton super Derwent, whereof Robert de Percy held three carucates of Mihitine Malore, who held them of Mauley.

The Church was given by Robert de Percy, son of Picot, to the Abbey of Whitby, from which it came to the Mowbrays, of Kirtlington, knights, from them to the Inglebys, thence to the Egglesfields and Vaughans, and then to the Lords Fairfaxes. The Clarges, Baronets, have presented since 1721.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 14*l.* 14*s.* 6*d.*; Thraves, 20*s.*; Synodals and Procurations, 11*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 391, at 100*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 16th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1593; deficient for baptisms from 1720 to 1737, and for marriages from 1699 to 1737.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Wilberfoss's gift,* who died in 1722. Rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum for poor persons not receiving parochial relief, at Easter, Whitsuntide, Michaelmas, and Christmas.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum to the poor.—Vide 11th Report, page 744.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 1185. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 28. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Sudtune), pages 48, &c. Burton's Monasticon, pages 70. 76.

THORNTON[3].—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 6,660 acres. Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon and Holme Beacon.—POPULATION, 791[4]; CHURCH-ROOM, suffi-

[1] The population, in 1834, was returned at 380.

[2] In 1818, estimated at 500.

[3] Torre calls this town "Thornton in Spaldingmore."

[4] Viz. Melburn, 463; Storwood, 119; and Thornton, 209.—In 1834, the population was returned at 300.

cient [1]; NET VALUE, 210*l.*—This was originally a Chapel in the parish of Pocklington, but in 1226 a Vicarage was ordained, and on the 8th November 1252, a Vicarage was endowed for the Chapels of Thornton and Allerthorpe, reserving 12*d.* per annum to the mother Church of Pocklington, in name of subjection; and in 1415 a further payment was made of 4*s.* per annum, on the right of sepulture at Thornton being conceded. The preamble of the grant sets forth, that on the 12th March, A.D. 1415, John Prophete, Dean of York, considering that although all and singular the parishioners of the Chapel of Thornton, depending on the parish Church of Pocklington, ought, when they died, to be buried at Pocklington, yet in regard the corpse of the defunct within the town of Thornton, by reason of inundations which frequently happened both in summer and winter, were hardly preserved from drowning as they were carried to Pocklington to be buried.

Patron and impropriator, the Dean of York.

Torre gives an imperfect catalogue of the Vicars.

Valued in the King's books, at 7*l.* 5*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 379, at 3*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

Inclosure Acts were passed 17th Geo. III. (Melburn and Storthwaite), 36th Geo. III., and 54th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1651.

CHARITIES.—*Wood's dole*, vide Pocklington. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum to the poor on the 12th January.

Poor's Money. The sum of 28*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, arising from several small benefactions, was, about twenty years before the date of the Report, laid out in building a school-house, with a chamber over it, and a blacksmith's shop. The rents of the latter are distributed among the poor.

MELBURN TOWNSHIP.

Poor's Money. The sum of 40*l.*, arising from sundry gifts, was, about twelve years before the date of the Report, laid out in erecting a school-house and a small tenement. The rent of the latter is distributed among the poor.

Rent-charge on Odlin Ings. 5*s.* per annum to the poor.

Wood's dole. 5*s.* per annum.—Vide Pocklington.—Vide 11th Report, page 745.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 717. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 93. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Torentun, Middeburne), page 185.

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 600.

WALKINGTON.—ALL SAINTS. (*Peculiar* [1]. *Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,460 acres. Howdenshire wapentake [2]. —POPULATION, 558 [3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 676*l.*—An ancient Rectory, of the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Durham, from whom, long before Henry VIII., it came to the Neviles of Raby, Earls of Westmoreland, from them to the Barringtons, knights and baronets, of Essex.

Present patron, the Rev. Daniel Ferguson.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 26*l.*; in the King's books, at 24*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, after deducting pension to the Prior of Durham, 5*l.*, and Thraves, 3*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 345, it is stated: "Rectory, 108*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.*, including four oxgangs, a cottage, and a close [4]."

A catalogue of the Rectors is given by Torre, which is continued by Oliver.

An Inclosure Act was passed 34th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books for marriages commence in 1754, and for baptisms and burials in 1756.—See transcripts of earlier entries in the Peculiar Registry.

CHARITIES.—*William Sherwood's cha-*

[1] Archbishop Sharp doubted whether this be a Peculiar.

[2] The parish extends into the Hunsley division of Harthill wapentake. Part of it is said to be within the diocese of York.

[3] Viz. Provost's Fee, 177; and Walkington, 381.

[4] "The Rector is only entitled to 2*s.* 6*d.* a year at Easter, in lieu of all tithes great and small, of the Hall Garth, the manor lands, the East Wood, and the West Wood.—Liddell *v.* Hancock. 3 Wood, page 161."

rity, by will, dated 8th September 1537. Rent of 51A. 2R. 6P. of land, three houses and cottages (two cottages occupied by paupers), and rents-charge of 1*l.* 9*s.* 5*d.* per annum, for purchasing gravel, and repairing therewith the road from Walkington to Beverley; and the remainder of the rents are disposed of in paying for the schooling of poor children, 5*s.* each per annum to poor widows, and 2*s.* 6*d.* per annum to each of such other poor parishioners as are willing to accept that sum; and the residue for affording occasional relief to poor persons, in cases of peculiar exigency and distress.—The Commissioners reported that the rents appropriated to the relief of the poor might be more beneficially applied, if a course of distribution less general were followed, and a greater degree of attention and discrimination were exercised in the selection and preference of the objects receiving relief.

The Church, Poor, and School Lands. Rent of 6A. 3R. 38P. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 13*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* per annum, out of which 6*l.* 14*s.* is paid towards the repairs of the Church, 2*l.* 13*s.* 9*d.* for the poor, and 4*l.* 11*s.* 9*d.* to a schoolmaster. The portions for the repairs of the Church and for the poor are added to and applied with the Church and poor rates respectively; and the portion for the school is paid to the master of the parish school, who, it appears, is not bound by any regulation or usage to teach any free scholars for the income he receives out of the land.—Vide 9th Report, page 748.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1237. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. pages 49. 78. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Walchinton), pages 45. 60. 225. 239. Oliver's Beverley, page 501.

WARTER.—ST. JAMES.——(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 6,960 acres. Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon. ——POPULATION, 470; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 100*l.*—The Domesday Survey mentions a Church, a priest, and a mill, in Warter.

The Church, with its Chapels and six oxgangs of land, was given by Galfred Trusbutt or Geffrey Fitz Payn to the Priory of Warter, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, and in 1358 a new ordination was made. The Penningtons have presented since 1723.

Present patron and impropriator, Lord Muncaster.

The Church, with a mediety of the Chapel of Seaton, is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 24*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 4*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 335, it is stated: "Vicarage, 12*l.*; Impropriation, 140*l.*;"—and in 1818, at 27*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1767, with 200*l.* from the Royal Bounty, and 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; in 1817, with [1] *l.*; in 1818, with 200*l.*; and in 1832, with 600*l.*—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 34th Geo. III., and amended by 53rd Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for marriages commence in 1669, and for baptisms and burials in 1685. Chasm in the latter for 1728, 1729, and 1730.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pocklington.

Torre's MS., page 1241. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 32. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wartre, Warte), pages 12. 42. 80. 169, 170. Burton's Monasticon, pages 56. 383. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 297.

THE PRIORY.—This was for Austin Canons, and was founded A.D. 1132 by Geffrey Fitz Payn or Trusbut.

King Henry III. granted to the Monks the privilege of a fair and a market at Warter.

Burton's Monast., page 381.

WATTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 3,720 acres. Harthill wapentake. Bainton Beacon.——POPULATION, 345 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 60*l.*—In Watton was a Church and a priest, at the time of the Conqueror's Survey.

[1] Query—there being a blank left in Mr. Hodgson's account of Augmentations.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 348.

The whole town, with the Church, was given by Eustace Fitz John to the Priory of Watton, to which the Church was appropriated, and served by a stipendiary minister.

A grant of the Church to Old Malton Priory is mentioned by Dugdale.

Patron, Richard Bethell, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 8*l.*; in 1707, the Curacy was valued at 10*l.* 10*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 326, it is stated: "Vicarage, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Impropriation, 244*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.*;"—and in 1818, at 40*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1746, with 200*l.*; in 1781, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1825, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1558.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS., page 1275. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 68. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wattune), pages 79. 225. Burton's Monasticon, pages 54. 56. 404. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 954. 971. Oliver's Beverley, page 529. Frost's Hull, page 14.

PRIORY.—Here was a Priory for Nuns and thirteen Gilbertine Canons, which was founded about the year 1150 by Eustace fil. Joannis. An ancient Nunnery existed here, A.D. 686.

WEIGHTON[1].—ALL SAINTS.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 7,570 acres. Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon[2]. ——— POPULATION, 2,169[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 650; NET VALUE, 176*l.*—This Church was given for a Prebend in the Cathedral Church of York by King Henry I., yet for sometime it was unjustly severed from them by the Prior and Convent of Durham, till A.D. 1230, upon the submission of the Prior and Convent of Durham and the Prior of Finchhall to the ordination of Walter Gray, Archbishop of York, he, by the assent of his Dean and Chapter, decreed that this Church, together with its Chapels and appurtenances, should be reduced to its former state, and restored to the Church of York, therein to remain a Prebend for ever; and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1255. There is an augmentation of 20*l.* per annum from the Prebendary.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Weighton was reckoned as a member of Cottingham, where John de Bello Campo held two carucates and a half of land.

Sir William de Ross gave a free passage for the carriages, &c. of the Canons of Ellerton over his lands, &c., from Hundegarthe, at Weighton, to Goodmanham.

See curious Correction Processes in 1403 and 1409.

Patron and impropriator, the Prebendary of Weighton in York Cathedral, who hath jurisdiction in the towns of Weighton, Shipton, and Erghes.

Valued in the King's books, at 4*l.* 1*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 359, and vol. xviii. page 102, it is stated: "Vicarage, 20*l.*;"—and in 1818, at 133*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 13th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*The Church Estate.* 84A. 0R. 31P. of land and three houses, let, at the time of the Report, for 35*l.* 3*s.* per annum, for the maintenance and repairs of the parish Church.

Poor's Land. 28A. 0R. 20P. Rent distributed at Christmas and Midsummer among the poor, in sums from 2*s.* to 15*s.* each.

Constable's charity, vide Holme on Spaldingmoor. The yearly sum of 9*l.* 5*s.*, received out of the rent of the charity estate, is distributed among the poor, with the rent of the poor's land.

DOLES.—*Westwood's rent-charge,* 1*l.*; *Robert Strumby's ditto,* 10*s.*; *Hide's ditto,* 10*s.*; and *Thomas Wood's ditto,* 10*s.* Distributed as above.

BREAD CHARITY.—*William Smithson's* and *Thomas Breighton's gifts.* Dividends on 175*l.* three per cent. consols, applied in the purchase of bread, and distributed among poor persons on alternate Sundays.

TOWNSHIPS OF WEIGHTON AND SHIPTON.

Dorothy Barker's charity, by will,

[1] Or, Market Weighton.

[2] Partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[3] Viz. Shipton, 348; and Weighton, 1,821.—In 1834, the population of Weighton was returned at 1,600, and Shipton at 300.

dated 20th August 1800. 600*l.*, now invested in the purchase of stock, producing an annual dividend of 22*l.* 4*s.* Part thereof is applied in the providing ten fourpenny loaves to the poor of Shipton once a fortnight, and thirty fourpenny loaves to the poor of Market Weighton once a fortnight; and the residue to the poor of Market Weighton and Shipton, at Easter and Christmas, for ever.—Vide 12th Report, page 645.

A post town.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 797. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 97. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wicstun, Widetun), pages 12. 155. 202; (Epton), 12. Burton's Monasticon, pages 119. 261.

SHIPTON.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Market Weighton.*)—Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon.—POPULATION, 348, vide Market Weighton [1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, vide Market Weighton.

Patron, vide Weighton.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 360, it is stated to be "A good Chapel, fit to be a parish of itself."

A.D. 1422, right of sepulture was granted, paying 2*d.* for every corpse to the Vicar of Weighton, and to the fabric of the Church 4*d.*, if the man that died had a plough; but if he was only a girs man, then only 2*d.*

An Inclosure Act was passed 13th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1675, but they are imperfect, and in parts illegible.—Vide transcripts in the Prebendal Registry.

CHARITIES.—*The Free School*, founded by the will of John Hutchinson, dated in 1714, and surrender by Elizabeth Barker and John Barker, dated in 1742. Ten free scholars are taught reading and writing; four of them from Shipton, and six from Market Weighton. The master instructs several others, who are not free scholars. The boys that are free scholars are also supplied with blue caps, under the gift of Thomas Meedson, in 1707, of a rent-charge of 10*s.* School endowment: two rents-charge of 7*l.* 14*s.* per annum.

DOLES.—*Unknown*, rent-charge, 19*s.* 8*d.*; and *Thomas Wood's*, 5*s.*, are distributed among the poor with the sacrament-money at Christmas.—Vide 12th Report, page 645.

Post town, Market Weighton.

[1] Returned at 300 in 1834.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 802. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 97. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Epton), page 12.

WELTON.—ST. HELEN.—(*Peculiar. Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 2,380 acres. Howdenshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 805 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400 [2]; NET VALUE, 383*l.*—This Church is one of St. Cuthbert's Churches, and was of the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Durham till it came into the hands of the Neviles of Raby, who in 1439 got it appropriated to the Chantry in Lincoln Cathedral, founded for the soul of Catherine Duchess of Lancaster, and a Vicarage was ordained therein, 27th September 1439. It is endowed with the great tithes.

There was a Chantry in this parish, founded for the souls of King Edward II. and Archbishop Melton.

Patron, the Crown, by the Prime Minister.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 28*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 25*l.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 231, it is stated, there are "Seven oxgangs of glebe land, worth 28*l.*; also the Minister hath all tithe of Welton and Melton, worth yearly 172*l.*"

Inclosure Acts were passed 24th Geo. II., 11th Geo. III. (Melton), and 12th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "small and incommodious in every respect;" and in 1834, was returned as unfit.

Nov. 1819, license granted to use a piece of ground, and a mausoleum erected thereon by Robert Raikes, Esq., as a private burial-place.

The Register Books commence in 1713; deficient for 1717, 1718, 1719, and 1720.—Vide transcripts in the Peculiar Registry.

[1] Viz. Melton, 133; Welton, 672.—In 1834, the population was returned at 705.

[2] Estimated in 1818 at 500.

CHARITIES.—*The White Bread Charity Land.* Robert Mason, by surrender, dated 16th November 1694, appointed the sum of 1*l.* 14*s.* 8*d.* out of divers lands and hereditaments in Welton, to be expended in the purchase of white bread for the poor of Welton; and James Shaw, Esq., by his surrender, bearing date 17th April 1764, and will, dated 13th December 1764, gave all his interest in the surplus of the rents and profits of the same lands, for the following purposes:—two guineas per annum to the schoolmaster, for teaching six poor children to read and write; and the residue of the rents is applied in occasional assistance to the poor in house-rent, coals, and medical relief, and sometimes in money weekly.—The Commissioners censured the directions of the deed as to the sums laid out in bread, and expected that the charity would henceforth be administered with more care and attention.

The Bull Ings and Poor's Land. 5A. 1R. 23P. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 9*l.* 10*s.* per annum, granted by an award, dated 1st May 1752, made under an Act passed 24th Geo. II. The Commissioners awarded to Robert Best and John Dilcock, the then constables, and other inhabitants of Welton, 3A. 0R. 22P. of Ings land, for the buying and keeping a bull for the use of the inhabitants, and 2A. 1R. 1P. of land for the poor. The rents are divided in the proportion of two-thirds to Welton, and one-third to the township of Melton, to poor persons, by the overseers respectively—that to Welton being confined to poor persons not receiving collection.—The Commissioners reported, that from 1813 to the time of their Report, the rents had been included in one and the same account, for the benefit, as presumed, of Welton township only; and they intimated that the rents ought to be divided, and applied as they used to be in 1787, and that the application in Melton should be according to established custom.

Randell's and *Akam's gifts.* 20*l.* and 5*l.* The interest (1*l.* 5*s.*) was formerly paid by a William Nelson, and applied for the benefit of the poor of Welton; but about 1811 the money was paid in, and supposed to be applied to parochial purposes, no interest being now received therefrom.

Walter Stickney's benefaction, by will, dated 21st October 1791. Interest of 5*l.* 5*s.* for bread for the most needy poor, which is distributed in loaves (of three-pennyworth each), at the Church, on every Trinity Sunday, at the discretion of the minister and churchwardens. —Vide 10th Report, page 663.

Post town, South Cave.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1227. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 87. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Welleton), pages 60, 61, 62. 77, 78. 80, 81. 155. 237, 238, 239.

WILBERFOSS.——SAINT JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,870 acres. Harthill wapentake. Wilton Beacon.———POPULATION, 580 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400 [2]; NET VALUE, 67*l.* —In the town of Wilberfoss, of the fee of Percy, are six carucates of land, whereof Thomas de Burdon held twenty oxgangs, out of which the Church is endowed with three oxgangs.

And Robert, son of Simon de Wilberfoss, held three oxgangs.

Also Lecia de Wilberfoss two other oxgangs, in name of her son John, then her ward.

And Constantia, late wife of Alexander de Burdon, held in dower two oxgangs.

The residue were held of Philip de Kyme, who held them of Percy.

The Prior of Watre held half a carucate of land.

And the Prioress of Wilberfoss two oxgangs, and three more in frankalmoigne.

And Peter de Rutherfeld held in demesne, by his tenants in fee, eight oxgangs, whereof the Church was endowed with three oxgangs more.

The Church, with seven oxgangs of land belonging to it, as also the Chapel of Newton, in the same parish, were, by Jordan Fitz Gilbert, given to the Prioress and Nuns of Wilberfoss, and to them appropriated by Walter Gray,

[1] Viz. Newton upon Derwent, 228; and Wilberfoss, 352.—In 1834, the population was returned at 557. The township of Newton upon Derwent has experienced a decrease of population (33 persons), attributed to the depression of agriculture.

[2] In 1818, the return was 500.

A.D. 1234, without ordination of a Vicar, and hath ever since been served by stipendiary Curates.

The presentation appears to be in the Earl of Egremont and others.—Vide presentations in 1718, 1723, 1752, and 1759.

Patron, the Earl of Egremont.

Impropriators, the Earl of Egremont and others.

Valued in 1707, at 12*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 391, it is stated: "No minister. 10*l.* paid out of the tithes;"—and in 1818, at 42*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1764, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1819, with 1,200*l.* from the same grant—all by lot.

"Wilberfoss, or Wild Boar Foss, is near the river Darwent, and three miles from Bugthorpe. The tithe-owners only pay the Curate 12*l.* a year." Signed, "Thos. Watson, Curate."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1222.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1618. There is a chasm from 1666 to 1677 inclusive.

CHARITIES.—*William Clark's dole*, by will (date not mentioned). Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum, applied as follows:—3*s.* on Christmas-day; 3*s.* on Easter-day; 3*s.* at Whitsuntide; and 1*s.* in bread, on the sixteenth Sunday after Trinity, to the poor of Newton and Wilberfoss.

TOWNSHIP OF WILBERFOSS.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum to the poor.

TOWNSHIP OF NEWTON UPON DERWENT.

Poor's and Church Land. The former consists of 9A. 2R. 16P. of land and a house, and the latter of 11A. 0R. 24P. The rents of the poor's land (which was bought with a legacy of 40*l.*, left by the will of John Horsley, dated 22nd June 1719) is distributed among the poor, and the rent of the Church land is employed in the reparation of the Church.

Wood's dole, vide Pocklington. 3*s.* 4*d.* to the poor of the township.—Vide 11th Report, page 746.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 1175. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 30. Mon. Angl., vol. iv. page 354.

THE PRIORY, founded before 1153 for Benedictine Nuns by Alan de Catton.

Burton's Monasticon, page 56.

WRESSLE.——SAINT JOHN OF BEVERLEY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,040 acres. Harthill wapentake. Holme Beacon.—POPULATION, 386[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[2]; NET VALUE, 157*l.*—The manor of Wressle was purchased of King Richard II. by Thomas Percy, Earl of Worcester, who having so done, built the Castle there.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, and is supposed to have been given by the Percies to the Priory of Drax, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 26th November 1381. After the Dissolution, the Advowson came to the Earls of Northumberland, and then to the Dukes of Somerset.

Patron and impropriator, the Earl of Egremont.

Torre mentions, "a composition made 15th April 1353 with Malton Priory as to the tithes of Brynde."

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 15*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 5*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 367, it is stated: "Vicarage, worth 26*l.*;"—and in 1818, at 90*l.* 7*s.* 1*d.* per annum.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1724; but the book containing the entry of marriages from 1754 to 1799 has been burnt.—Vide transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Howden.

Torre's MS., page 1201. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 17. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Weresa), pages 185. 192; (Neuhuse), 41. Burton's Monasticon, page 111. Savage's History of Wressle Castle.

NEWSOME.—Here was a Chantry, which was valued, at the Dissolution, at 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

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[1] Viz. Newsham and Brind, 203; and Wressle and Loftsome, 183.—In 1834, the population was returned at 385.

[2] Estimated in 1818, at 400.

DEANERY OF HOLDERNESS.

ALDBOROUGH CUM COLDEN PARVA[1].—ST. BARTHOLOMEW.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 5,240 acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D.—POPULATION, 1,015[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[3]; NET VALUE, 185*l.*—Before the Conquest this town belonged to Ulf, who had a castle here. The castle well is still to be seen near the high road. He founded the Church.

The Church, in which was a Chantry, was given by Stephen Earl of Albermarle to the Priory of Burstall, a Cell of the Abbey of Albermarle, and by them passed away to the Abbey of Kirkstall, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

No endowment is given by Torre. The first institution mentioned in his catalogue of Vicars is dated in 1313.

The Advowson was granted by King Philip and Queen Mary to the Archbishop of York, but nevertheless the Crown has continued to present.

The Church is very ancient. Mr. Whitaker thinks it is of the age of Edward the Confessor; but Mr. Thompson is of opinion it is not older than the reign of King Stephen. It contains the tomb of Sir John Melsa, who was governor of York from 1292 to 1296. Mr. Thompson deservedly reprobates the manner in which the tomb has been allowed to be mutilated, and finally removed into the belfrey without the consent of the Ordinary. The knight's helmet was used for some time as a coal bucket, and much damaged: it is now, says Mr. Thompson, hung up over the monument.

In 1667, Robert Towry, of Riccall, gave by will, for a perpetual augmentation to this Vicarage, a house in East Newton, together with the tithe of East Newton and Kingborough.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 24*l.*; Vicarage, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 13*l.* 15*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 236, it is stated: "Vicarage, 30*l.* per annum."

William, son of John de Lascels, gave a rent-charge of one shilling per annum out of lands at Aldborough towards the support of a light in the Chapel of St. Cuthbert, in the Infirmary, in the Priory of Bridlington.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer in Trinity Term, 4th Anne, as to tithes at Aldborough.

Inclosure Acts were passed 4th Geo. III. (Aldborough lordship), 10th Geo. III. (Great Cowden), and 10th Geo. III. (East Newton.)

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as fit for residence; but in 1834 the return was, "no glebe house."

The Register Books commence in 1653; chasm for 1733. The book for entries of marriages from 1732 to 1754 cannot be found.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Robert Towrie's charity*, by will, dated 18th July 1663. Rent of 130A. of land (let, at the time of the Report, for 200*l.* per annum), two houses (occupied by poor persons rent-free), for the poor of the parish, for

[1] COLDEN PARVA.—*Saint John Baptist.*—An ancient parochial Chapel, sometimes called a Church, now swallowed up by the sea, together with a great tract of land, esteemed as a Rectory, and valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 5*l.*, and in the King's books at 2*l.*,13*s.* 4*d.*; was in the patronage of the De Spencers, who gave it to the Abbot of Albermarle, and then of the Prior of Kirkstall. Mr. Torre, in page 1508, gives a list of the Rectors to 1630. It now goes with the Vicarage of Aldborough. The manor of Colden was held of the Archbishop of York.

[2] Viz. Aldborough, 813; East Newton, 29; West Newton, 173.—In 1834, the population was returned at 1,032. The population return of 1831 includes Etherdwick, Tanston, Carlton, Fosham, and Beswick. The parish extends into Cowden's township, Mappleton parish, but the population is not distinguished.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 700.

binding poor boys apprentices, with premiums of 6*l.* each; in general the number is three; educating about thirty-three boys and girls, who are provided with books and stationery; 12*l.* or 14*l.* is laid out in buying blankets and coals for the poor in winter, and the residue half-yearly to the poor not receiving parochial relief, at the discretion of the Vicar, churchwardens, and overseers; and the tithes of corn and hay in East Newton (half thereof in Ringborough), and a house and garden, with a quantity of land in East Newton, to the Vicars successively, by way of augmentation to the Vicarage. The distributions to the poor are made on the Thursdays before Michaelmas and Lady days.

James Bean's gift, by codicil to his will, dated 15th June 1767. Rent-charge of 5*l.* 4*s.* per annum for bread; two shillings' worth every Sunday to the poor.—The Commissioners reported, that for upwards of twenty years preceding, the payment had been discontinued, and that there was no probability of success in resorting to legal means for establishing this charity.

Timperon's charity. Vide General Charities.—Vide 9th Report, page 752.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS., page 1501. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 169. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Burton's Monasticon, pages 74. 213. 236. 298, 299. 362. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Aldenburg, Ulenburg), pages 177. 182; (Neuuetun), 177. Thompson's Occ. Prom., pages 75. 245. Archœologia, vol. vi. page 39—vol. vii. page 89. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 526. Whitaker's Cathedral of Cornwall, vol. i. page 99. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 309.

ATWICK.—ST. LAWRENCE.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,100 acres. Holderness Wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 285[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 149*l.*—The Soke of Atwick belonged to the manor of Kilnsea.

The town of Atwick was parcel of the possessions of Robert de Ros.

The Church was given by Everard de Ross, son of Peter, to the Priory of Bridlington, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.—See Burton's Monasticon for the substance of the Endowment. See also Archbishop Grenefield's Register for 1310, folio 118 or 121.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, Vicarage, 4*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 4*l.* 7*s.* 10*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 290, it is stated: "Vicarage, with the tithe of Arram, Skirlington, and privy tithes of Atwick, 30*l.*;"—and in 1818, at 80*l.* per annum.

A Chantry at "Edwick" is named in the Valor Ecc.

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538; chasms in burials 1643—1651, 1708—1710.

CHARITIES.—*Edward Fenwick's charity*, by deed dated 27th and 28th June 1689. Rent of thirty-three acres of land, let at the time of the Report for 40*l.* per annum, for the payment of 2*l.* 2*s.* per annum to the Sunday School, 21*l.* per annum to the schoolmaster, for teaching seventeen poor boys reading, writing, and accounts, and for providing premiums from 14*l.* to 16*l.* for apprenticing and clothing one or more boys in the year; if there should be no such boys, then towards educating and bringing up, at school or otherwise, one poor girl born within the parish, until she should be able to work for herself; and in case of there being no such boys or girl, then amongst poor widows. The number of boys sent to school have been increased from time to time as the rents have been advanced, and all boys by whom application is made are put out apprentices. The Commissioners reported that 50*l.* was applied the year preceding their report towards building a house upon the charity estate, and that there was a balance in hand of 49*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, which was lodged in the Beverley bank.

Ralph Burton's charity, by will, in 1726. Rent of 13A. 3R. of land, let at the time of the Report for 18*l.* 18*s.* per annum; three shillings worth of bread distributed weekly to poor widows; 5*l.* 5*s.* per an-

[1] Viz. Atwick, Arram, and Skirlington. The population has decreased 41 since 1821, attributed to emigration to America.

num to the schoolmaster for teaching five poor girls reading, writing, and accounts; 1*l.* 1*s.* per annum, as a subscription to the Sunday school, and about 15*s.* or 16*s.* per annum for repairing the school house.—The Commissioners reported that they had made a search for the will at York, but without finding it, and stated that the date given is from the Returns under Gilbert's Act, and that there was a balance in hand of 39*l.* 13*s.*

Poor's Stock. A benefaction of 10*l.*, retained in hand for many years by the successive overseers of the poor, was applied in 1801 in deffraying the expenses of inclosing the land belonging to Burton's charity.—Vide 9th Report, page 753.

Post town, Hornsea.

Torre's MS., page 1426. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 179. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Asteneuuic), page 175; (Schereltune), 176. Burton's Monast. pages 214. 240. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. pages 287. 291.

BARMSTON[1]. — ALL SAINTS. — (*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,180 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 223; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[2]; NET VALUE, 1,065*l.*—A Rectory, anciently belonging to the patronage of the Monceauxes' family, and from them descended by the De Sees to the Boyntons, Barts.

Torre gives a catalogue of Rectors.

Patron, Sir Henry Boynton, Bart.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books at 13*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.*, Synodals 4*s.*, Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*, and Church of Beverley, 1*l.* 7*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 274, it is stated: "Tithes and glebe worth 123*l.*"

An Inclosure Act was passed 59th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1571.

CHARITIES. — *Sir Griffith Boynton, Bart.'s Almshouse*, founded and endowed by will, dated 4th May 1729, and by a schedule annexed to the will he appointed the Archbishop of York, for the time being, special governor, visiter, and overseer of the charity.

The Rev. John Holmes's charity, by will, dated 17th February 1772. One fourth part of all monies due to him upon any turnpike securities, unto the churchwardens and overseers of the poor of the parishes of Brandsburton, Bramston, Ulrome, and Skeffling, upon trust, to pay the interest and produce thereof into the hands of the several officiating ministers of the said parishes, in the proportions aforesaid, to be by them respectively distributed at Christmas, annually, amongst so many poor persons inhabiting within the parishes as should not receive alms from, or be under the common relief of, the said parishes, respectively. By four several deeds, dated 10th February 1777, the executor transferred one-fourth part of certain turnpike securities to each set of the then churchwardens and overseers of the poor of the respective parishes aforesaid, as more fully appears in the Report of charities for the parish of Brandsburton. The securities consisted of one share of 200*l.*, and two shares of 100*l.* each, but one of the 100*l.* shares had neither in, nor since the testator's lifetime, been productive. One-fourth of the annual produce of the turnpike securities is paid to the Rector, and distributed by him to the poor not receiving parochial relief.

Robert Winter's charity, by will, in 1739. 18*l.* for the poor. The money was paid into the hands of Sir Griffith Boynton, Bart., in 1786.—Vide 9th Report, page 754.

Post town, Bridlington.

Torre's MS. page 1391. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 184. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Benestone), page 180; (Ulreham), 180. Prickett's Bridlington, page 125. Burton's Monasticon (Ullrome), page 242.

BEEFORD. — ST. LEONARD[1]. — (*Rectory in Charge.*)—Area, 5,270 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 894[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[3]; NET VALUE, 779*l.*

[1] The parish includes part of the Chapelry of Ulrome.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned 270.

[1] The Legend of St. Leonard is given in the Mon. Angl. vol. iv. pages 88. 90, 91.

[2] Viz. Beeford, 731; Dunnington, 61; and Lissett, 102. In 1834, the population, exclusive of Lissett, was returned at 790.

[3] In 1818 the Church-room for Beeford and Lissett was stated at 634.

Peter de Gousle held in Beeford four carucates of land, twenty-eight carucates there making one knight's fee.

The Priory of Swine held in Beeford two oxgangs of land, with a toft and a croft, which were given by Isabel de Spineto.

The Church was originally a Rectory of two Medieties, one in the patronage of the Priory of Bridlington, the other belonging to the Knights Templars. Afterwards they were consolidated, and the patrons presented by turns till the Dissolution, when King Henry VIII. gave the advowson to the Archbishop of York.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 20*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 22*l.* per annum, Synodals 7*s.* 6*d.*, Procurations 5*s.*; Prior of Bridlington, 13*s.* 4*d.*; Knights Templars, 13*s.* 4*d.*; Church of Beverley, 2*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 279, 280, it is stated: "Glebe 16*l.*, and tithes 110*l.*" "Dunnington, in the parish of Beeford, fit to be a parish of itself and Bonwick adjoined."

An Inclosure Act was passed 6th Geo. III.

The lord of the manor has the power of granting probates of wills, and administrations of persons dying within the manor, and an old book is in his possession which contains copies of wills, and entries of grants of administration from 1561 to 1768, but it is not known in whose possession the original wills now are.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1564.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS., page 1385. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii., page 180. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Biworde), page 179; (Dodintone), 179; (Lesset), 179. Burton's Monast. pages 215, 253. Prickett's Bridlington, page 125.

LISSETT.—ST. JAMES.—(*Parish of Beeford.*)——Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 102, vide Beeford; CHAPEL-ROOM, 60; NET VALUE, vide Beeford.—There is a Chapel here which hath right of sepulture, and marriages are also celebrated in it.

Patron, vide Beeford.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 279, the value is thus stated: "Two cottages and three acres of land, 11*s.*; tithes, 36*l.* To be united to Beeford."

7th December 1741, faculty granted to rebuild the Chapel (which in the petition is stated to have been almost entirely destroyed by a violent storm on the 1st November 1740), at the expense of Mr. John Saunderson and Mr. Fitzwilliam White, the joint lords of the manor.

An Inclosure Act was passed 11th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1661; they are kept at Beeford.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Bridlington.

Torre's MS., page 1390. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 181. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Lesset), page 179.

BRANDSBURTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in Charge.*)—Area, 3,140 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 611[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[2]; NET VALUE, 895*l.*—The town of Brandsburton was part of the possessions of Herbert S^to^. Quintino.

The Church was anciently of the patronage and jurisdiction of the College of Beverley: after the Dissolution Queen Elizabeth and King James presented; then the Noels and others presented, until the Advowson was given by Dr. Watson, formerly Bishop of St. David's, to St. John's College, Oxford: the College first presented in 1723.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 15*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 24*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations 12*s.*; Sacrist of Beverley, 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Provost, 40*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 281, it is stated: "Four oxgangs, 20*l.*; with tithes, 150*l.* 14*s.*"

JURISDICTION.—In the Diocese of York—vide Beverley.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1558.

[1] Viz. Brandsburton, 585; and Moor Town, 26.
[2] In 1818, returned at 509.

CHARITIES.—*Mason's and Barker's charities.* Frances Barker, widow, by will, dated 16th November 1729, reciting that her father, William Mason, whose executrix she was, bequeathed by his will to the poor of Cranswick and Brandsburton, 50*l.* each; and 2*l.* 10*s.* per annum to each parish, to be distributed every Christmas by the minister and churchwardens to the most necessitous poor; and further reciting, that she had joined with her husband in charging the estate at Hutton Cranswick, by deed, dated in 1720, with two annual payments of 5*l.* to the Vicar of Cranswick, and 50*s.* to put children out apprentices, which brought an incumbrance thereupon; she did therefore by deed, dated in February 1723, appropriate the sum of 200*l.*, viz., 100*l.* to be laid out in land and the rents given to the schoolmaster half-yearly, at Christmas and Midsummer; and 100*l.* to the minister that serves the Cure of Cranswick. The rent charges mentioned in the will to the parishes of Brandsburton and Hutton Cranswick were settled and secured by deed, dated 1st March 1719. The rent charge of 2*l.* 10*s.* is distributed by the minister and churchwardens, at Old Michaelmas, amongst poor persons in small sums, selected by them, and at their discretion.

The School land. Rent of 10A. 2R. of land, given by the said Frances Barker, let at the time of the Report for 25*l.* per annum, which, after deducting 1*l.* interest on Boswell's gift, is applied in educating seventeen poor children of both sexes: the boys are instructed in reading, writing, and accounts; and the girls in reading, knitting, and sewing, and writing if their parents wish it.

Boswell's gift. This consists of a sum of 20*l.*, given by a person named as above. The money was applied, as stated under the school land charity, in defraying the expenses of the inclosure, and a minute is entered in the town's book. The interest is distributed by the minister, on Old May Day, to poor persons selected by himself.

The Rev. John Holmes's gift, by will, dated 17th February 1772. Interest of 300*l.* One fourth part to the churchwardens and overseers respectively, and their successors for ever, of the poor of the parishes of Brandsburton; one fourth part to Barmston; one fourth part to Ulrome, and the remaining fourth part to Skeffling, for such poor persons at Christmas as should not receive common relief.—Vide 9th Report, page 755.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 243. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 177. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Brantisburtone), pages 60, 243. Wood's Bodleian MS., Nos. 5078, and 5101.

BURTON PIDSEY.—ST. PETER.—(*Discharged Vicarage, Peculiar.*)—Area, 1,980 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D[1].——POPULATION, 387[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150[3]; NET VALUE, 42*l.*—The Church was purchased by Archbishop Walter Gray, of the Abbey and Convent of Albermarle, and by him, with the consent of the Abbey and Convent of Fourness, appropriated to the Common of the Dean and Chapter of York, to whom it was appropriated in 1230, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1291, and augmented 15th March A.D. 1300.

Patrons and Impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of York.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Valued in the King's books at 6*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 157 (Rectory), 160 (Vicarage), 254, it is stated: "Vicarage, 15*l.* payment; no minister; parsonage let for 108*l.* per annum;" and in 1818, at 38*l.* 2*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1810 with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1818, with 200*l.*—both by lot.

There is an augmentation of 25*l.* per annum to the Vicarage, paid by the lessee of the Dean and Chapter.

An Inclosure Act was passed 1st Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1708. Vide earlier transcripts in the Dean and Chapter's Registry at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

[1] Partly in the Liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] In 1834, the population was stated to be 389.

[3] In 1818, the Church room was returned as sufficient for 500 or 600.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 535. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 188. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Santriburton), page 59.

CATWICK.—ST. MICHAEL.——(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,650 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 213; CHURCH-ROOM, 180[1]; NET VALUE, 149*l.* At the time of Domesday Survey there was a Church and a mill at Catwick, together with two villanes and two bordars.

The Church was given by Roger, Archbishop of York, to the Priory of Pontefract, and on the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 7*l.*; in the King's books, at 10*l.* 4*s.* 10*d.*; Synodals, 7*s.* 6*d.*; Procurations, 5*s.* 10*d.*; Prior of Pontefract, 40*s.*, and Thraves, 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 288, it is stated: "Clear value 53*l.* 0*s.* 7*d.*, including two little closes, four oxgangs of land, and two cottages."

An Act was passed 4th Geo. II., for inclosing and settling money payments in lieu of tithes.

10th October 1787, a faculty was granted to take away a barn, &c., belonging to the Rectory.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1583. Second book ending in 1728, defective. Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*The Rev. James Young's charity*, by will, July 1678. Interest of 50*l.* for widows and other persons at Christmas and Whitsuntide, by and at the discretion of the minister.

Mrs Mary Young's charity, by will (1786). Rent-charge of 2*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* per annum, to the poor at Christmas, by the minister.

The Town's Stock. The sum of 25*l.* 10*s.* which passes under this name, and is the amount of two benefactions formerly given for the poor, was in the hands of William Hood; and the interest (1*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.*) is distributed by the overseers at Candlemas, to such persons as they consider most necessitous and deserving.

Hannah Smith's gift, by will, proved at York, 19th October 1792. Interest of 20*l.* for educating poor children, but if no poor children, the interest to be given to poor lying-in women, or poor sick people, at the discretion of the minister, churchwardens, and overseers. The principal had not been placed out at interest or secured, but 1*l.* per annum was paid for the education of one poor child. The Commissioners intimated that the legacy ought to be paid, and invested on security by the minister and parish officers.—Vide 9th Report, page 757.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS., page 1425. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 173. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Catingeuuic), pages 60. 181. 243. Burton's Monasticon, pages 320. 386.

DRYPOOL.—ST. PETER.—(*Discharged Vicarage*[1].)—Area, 1,290 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 2,935[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000[3]; NET VALUE, 189*l.* This Church formerly belonged to the Church of Sutton, and both of them were anciently parcel of the parish of Wawne.

Dugdale, however, speaks of the Chapel of Drypool as having been given to Swine Priory.

"Drypool" (says Archbishop Sharp) "is a parish close by Hull, consisting of not above twenty-six or twenty-seven families, being the soldiers of the garrison that lodge here, in barracks or little buildings made for their quarters."

Torre gives no particulars of the endowment, and has only given the name of one Vicar, viz. Robert Wilson, 1688, presented by the king[4].

Patrons, certain trustees.

Impropriator, H. Broadley, Esq.

Valued in 1707 at 11*l.* 10*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 241, it is stated: "To be made a parish. No minister for four years and a half;" —and in 1818, at 100*l.* per annum.

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 250.

[1] Now held as a Perpetual Vicarage.

[2] Viz. Drypool, 1,821; South Coates, 1,114. In 1834, the population was returned at 3,035; Drypool being situated in the vicinity of Kingston-upon-Hull will account for the great increase of population—728 since 1821.

[3] 814 additional sittings (of which 562 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 500*l.*

[4] See also page 1471, where he says it is in the parish of Swine.

Augmented in 1767, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.*; and in 1814, with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant,—all by lot.

"The tithes are impropriated. 10*l.* per annum is paid by the impropriator; there is no other income."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1042.

8th April 1822, faculty to take down and re-build the Church.

An Inclosure Act was passed 21st Geo. II. (Somergangs.)

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1587; the first book, ending in 1711, is imperfect.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITY.——TOWNSHIP OF SOUTH-COATES.—*Eleanor Scott's charity*, by codicil to her will, dated 3rd May 1717. Rent of thirty-seven acres of land, let at the time of the Report, for 100*l.* per annum. The rents have always been carried to the same account with, and applied in the same manner as, the poor rates; but it has been the practice to administer extraordinary relief out of the aggregate fund, in cases of peculiar distress, to pay the rents for poor people, and afford the most indigent a higher rate of subsistence and relief than they could demand from the parish. The Commissioners reported that the rents could not be applied more advantageously, but that it would be proper that a separate account should be kept of their receipt and application.—Vide 9th Report, page 758.

Post town, Hull.

Torre's MS., page 509; and (E. R.,) page 1471. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 159. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Dritpol), pages 60. 183; (Sotecote), 60. 183. 244. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 495. Burton's Monasticon, page 253. Thompson's Swine, page 209.

EASINGTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage*[1].)—Area, 3,020 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 542[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 380[3]; NET VALUE, 51*l.*—This Church, in which was a Chantry, was given by King Edward I. to the Abbey of Meaux, in part of recompence for the manor of Myton and town of Kingston-upon-Hull, then passed over to the Crown, to which Monastery it was appropriated in 1340, and a Vicarage ordained. King Henry VIII. at the Dissolution gave the Church, with the Chapel of Out Newton, to the see of York, in exchange; and the Archbishop is now the patron and impropriator.

[1] There have been no Institutions since 1639, and the Living is now held as a Curacy.

[2] Viz. Easington, 479; and Out Newton, 63. In 1834 the population was returned at 600.

[3] Vide Return of 1818. In 1834 returned "sufficient."

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 41*l.* 3*s.*; in the King's books, the Living is valued at 10*l.*, after deducting a payment of 4*l.* per annum to the minister of Out Newton; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 6, (Rectory) 257, it is stated: "The Rectory belongs to the Archbishop, who pays to the Vicar 14*l.* per annum." "There hath been no minister for two years. There is a salary of 43*l.* 10*s.* 1*d.* and a house; parsonage worth 163*l.* 10*s.* 1*d.*; there is a Chapel at Out Newton[1], much decayed, fit to be annexed to Holmpton;" and in 1818, at 48*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1768, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.*; and in 1819, with 1,200*l.*, both from the Parliamentary grant,—and all by lot.

Archbishop Frewen made an Augmentation of 20*l.* per annum to this Church.

There was a decree in the Exchequer in Michaelmas term, 30th Eliz., as to tithes at Easington[2], but which is unreported.

On the 25th July, A.D. 1395, Letters were directed by the Abbot of Meaux to gather up the bones of the dead buried in the Chapel-yard of Ravenser, and by reason of inundation then washed up and uncovered, and bury the same in the Church-yard of Easington.

A brief for repairing this Church was granted in 1769.

Inclosure Acts for Easington were passed 10th Geo. III., and 48th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1654.

CHARITIES.—*Robert Pattinson's charity*, for education, by deed, dated 17th Oct.

[1] There is now no Chapel at Out Newton.

[2] It is not clear whether the decree relates to this Easington, or to Easington, in the North Riding.

1811. Rent of 3A. 3R. 27P. of land, let at the time of the Report, for 10*l.* per annum (but which is unimproveable till the death of Sarah Milner, the tenant for life), for the education and instruction of, and for the providing books for, so many poor boys and girls as the Curate should fix; the schoolmaster to be of the Protestant religion, and each boy and girl to be instructed in reading, writing, and arithmetic, and in the principles of the Protestant religion during the time of their continuance at school, and each boy and girl is directed to be kept at school during such time only as the Curate, churchwardens, and overseers in their discretion think proper. The annuity of 10*l.* per annum is paid to the schoolmaster, who instructs twenty poor children in English reading. The children are of both sexes, and they are nominated, as vacancies occur, by the Minister and one of Mr. Pattinson's tenants on his behalf. The children are taught reading gratis, and writing and accounts on payment of a moderate charge.

TOWNSHIP OF OUT NEWTON.

Poor's Land. This consists of two small parcels of land, containing together rather more than two acres, under the management of the overseers of the poor of the township, respecting the acquisition of which no particulars are known. The rents, 2*l.* 14*s.* per annum, are received by the overseers, and carried to the account of the poor's rate.—Vide 9th Report, page 758.

Post town, Pattrington.

Torre's MS., page 1555. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 146. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Esingetun), page 177. Burton's Monasticon, pages 74. 236. 299. 343. Mon. Angl. vol. v. pages 203. 205. Thompson's Occ. Prom., page 270.

GARTON.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,030 acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D.—POPULATION, 297[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 220[2]; NET VALUE, 97*l.*—This Church was appropriated by Archbishop Walter Gray to the Abbey and Convent of Thornton upon Humber, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

Torre does not give the endowment. The first Vicar named in his catalogue was instituted before 1325.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriator, Col. Grimston.

Archbishop Sharp says, "there is a payment of 20 nobles per annum due from Alderman Mastres, of Hull, for finding a sermon in this Church once a month."

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 6*l.* 1*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 249, at 10*l.*; and in 1818, at 114*l.* 7*s.* 2½*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1767 with 200*l.*, and in 1787 with 200*l.*,—both by lot.

"The great tithes are alienated, and belong to Mr. W. Maister, Parliament Burgher, for Hull. The impropriator by ancient custom (if not otherwise) is obliged to furnish the parish with a monthly sermon, for which he paid to some minister or other, 4*l.* a year, but afterwards the minister of Garton agreed for 40*s.* a year with the impropriator, but it growing into desuetude for many years, and the impropriators paying nothing, the present Mr. Maister now pays 40*s.* a year by way of gratuity, and will not have it paid by way of right. The tithe lambs and all other petit tithes and offerings, and mortuaries, and 2*d.* per pound for servant's wages, belong to the Vicar. The yearly value of the Vicarage does not exceed 10*l.* There is no glebe except a piece of ground that pays 7*s.* a year only. The Living is in the gift of the Queen, but hath been held by sequestration above sixty years, because of its small value." Signed "Tho. Thomson, Curate." Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,015.

An Inclosure Act was passed 14th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "too small;" and in 1834, it was returned as unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1662.

Parochial Charities—No return.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS., page 1523. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 168. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Gartune), pages 57. 177; (Hostewic), 175.

[1] Viz. Garton, 172; and Owstwick, 125. Part of Owstwick Township is in Rooss parish, but population included in Garton. The return in 1834 was only for Garton 172.

[2] Estimated at 300 in 1818.

GOXHILL.—ST. GILES.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)——Area, 880 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 65; CHURCH-ROOM, 100[1]; NET VALUE, 284*l.*

Robert de Gousle held in Gousle (Goxhill) six carucates of land.

This Church was anciently of the patronage of the Lelleys or De Lewe, from them to the Stokes, of Bikerton, and from them to the Constables.

Present Patron, the Rev. C. Constable.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 5*l.*; in the King's books, at 8*l.*; Synodals and Procurations, 14*s.* 2*d*; and Church of Beverley, 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 300, it is stated: "Clear value per annum 42*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*, including two ox-gangs."

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "only a cottage." And it is also returned in 1834 as unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1561.

Parochial charities, no return.

Post town, Hornsea.

Torres MS., page 1449. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 175. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Golse), page 176. Burton's Monasticon, page 386.

HALSHAM.—ALL SAINTS.——(*Rectory in Charge.*)—Area, 2,800 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 302[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 631*l.*—The patronage anciently belonged to the Lords Dunbar. In 1696 Ralph Rand presented; in 1722 the Earl of Cardigan; in 1726, and 1737, ditto; in 1768, and 1770, the Duke of Montague; and in 1825, John Dyneley, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 11*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 10*l.*, after deducting for Synodals, 10*s.*; the Collegiate Church of Beverley, 2*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 269; "Rectory worth 65*l.* per annum;" and in 1818, at 30*l.* per annum.

[1] Agreeably to the return of 1818; in 1834 the return was "sufficient."

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 310.

JURISDICTION.—In the diocese of York.—Vide Beverley.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, "On account of the decayed state of the walls and timber;" but it is now fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1563.

CHARITIES.—*The School and Hospital,* founded by Sir John Constable, Knight, by will, dated 13th May 1579, and confirmed by letters patent, dated 28th March, 26th Elizabeth (1584). The free school is for eight poor scholars, and the hospital for eight poor men, and two poor women. The building belonging to the school and hospital contains eight apartments for the men, two for the women; a common hall on the ground floor; and a school, and apartments for the schoolmaster, on the floor above. Endowment, rent-charge of 80*l.* per annum: 20*l.* per annum is paid to the schoolmaster; 3*l.* each per annum to eight free scholars; 4*l.* each to the eight poor men in the hospital, and 2*l.* each to the two poor women: but these payments are subject to ten pence in the pound (3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*), for the repairs of the buildings, which sum the Commissioners reported to be insufficient, but which was made good by Sir Thomas Constable. The boys admitted as free scholars continue at school from the age of six or seven years to fourteen, and are instructed in English grammar, writing, and accounts. The scholars and almspeople are nominated by Sir Thomas's steward on his behalf, from a list furnished by the parish officers and parishioners, the almspeople to be chosen from the eldest persons in the parish, with a preference to such as do not receive parochial relief.

Dame Catherine Constable's gifts, by will, dated 4th August 1590, and by deed of appointment of new trustees, dated 7th May 1688. Rents-charge of 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum. 10*l.* per annum as an exhibition for the maintenance of a scholar to be sent from Halsham school to Trinity College, Oxford, and to receive the exhibition for seven years; but at the time of the Report no scholar had ever been sent from Halsham school to Trinity College, Oxford, and the exhibition has never been either

received or called for; and 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, for the apprenticing one of the scholars of the free school at Halsham. The Commissioners reported that by a decree of the Commissioners of Charitable Uses, dated 16th June 1674, it was found that since the death of the said Catherine Constable the lands in Gates had come into the possession of John Wycliffe, of Gates, Esquire, and the lands in Stainhoe, into the possession of Christopher Wilkinson, of London, Esquire, by whom, or their assignees, the property was enjoyed; and further reported, that as the rent-charge had never been either paid or demanded, it appeared to them that after so great a lapse of time it would probably not be attended with any useful effect to institute a more particular inquiry into the subject, or to recommend the adoption of any proceedings for re-establishing the charity.—Vide 10th Report, page 661.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS., page 1565. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 154. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Halsam), pages 43. 178. Burton's Monast. page 232. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, page 288.

HEDON.—SAINT AUGUSTINE.—(*Discharged Rectory*[1].)——Area, 1,440 acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D.—POPULATION, 1,080; CHURCH-ROOM, 750[2]; NET VALUE, 45*l.*—The Vicar of Preston is Rector of this Church or Chapel of St. Augustine's, as annexed to his Vicarage, for he is instituted to both together.

Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Osbert, son of Walter de Frismere, gave all his land that Hugh, son of Tokeman, held in this territory, to the Priory of Bridlington. Richard Long, of Hedon, gave lands at Hedon to the Priory of Swine. John de Preston gave lands at Hedon to the Priory of Nunkeeling.

"In Hedon," says Mr. Torre, "are three Chapels, viz., St. Augustine's, St. Nicholas's, and St. James's, all belonging to the Sub-deanery of York, as appendant to the Church of Preston, and in that respect the Sub-dean hath jurisdiction over them all."

The Valor Ecclesiasticus mentions a Chantry in this Church of Hedon, valued at 3*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

In A.D. 1267, 3rd Id. July, license was granted to Alice Falketon to build her an house in the chapel-yard of Saint Nicholas, therein to lead an anchoritess's life.

A.D. 1564, a composition was made between the Vicar of Preston and the inhabitants of the town and borough of Hedon concerning the finding the Curates to serve in the Church of Hedon.

Valued in 1707, at 18*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 252, it is stated: "A parochial Chapel, depending upon Preston;"—and in 1818, at 117*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1814, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

JURISDICTION.——In the diocese of York, but said formerly to have been within the jurisdiction of the Sub-dean of York.

8th November 1808, faculty to erect additional sittings.

6th March 1829, ditto to erect a gallery.

21st March 1829, ditto to enlarge the gallery; also to erect an organ.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "very small, only two rooms down stairs. No chambers, and no staircase." And in 1834, returned "unfit."

The Register Books commence in 1549.

CHARITIES.—*Sir Hugh Bethell, knight's gift*, by will, dated in 1676. Rent-charge of 50*s.* per annum for the poor at Christmas, by the selection of the mayor and bailiffs of Hedon.

Mrs. Ann Watson's gifts, vide General Charities. 5*l.* per annum to the minister; 1*l.* per annum to the schoolmaster; 10*s.* per annum to the parish clerk; and 1*l.* 6*s.* per annum for bread, distributed on Sundays among six poor widows, chosen by the churchwardens.

Charity Houses or Hospitals. These consist of seven tenements, four of which are under one roof, for five poor freemen's widows, who receive from the mayor and bailiffs 3*s.* each per month, and one chaldron and a half of coals

[1] Held as a Perpetual Curacy.

[2] 350 additional sittings (of which 192 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 100*l.*

yearly amongst them; and the remaining three for poor persons, under the order and appointment of the mayor, who, with the bailiffs as aforesaid, supply half a chaldron of coals yearly amongst the poor, and keep these tenements in repair. The charity is under the direction of the mayor and bailiffs, and is understood to have been founded by a Mr. Sagg; but there are no writings relative to the building or endowment.

John Cockerill's gift, by will, dated in 1732. Rent-charge of 2*l.* 12*s.* per annum, for 1*s.* worth of bread weekly, on or about the month of May, to twelve poor widows.—Vide 9th Report, page 760.

A post town.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 777. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 187. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 654. Frost's Hull, page 97. Thompson's Occ. Prom., page 125, &c. Burton's Monasticon, pages 56. 232. 253. 386.

ST. MARY'S IN HEDON.—There was also a Church, dedicated to Saint Mary; for John Usflete, of Hedon, by will, dated 10th April 1505, and proved 11th June in the same year, gave his soul to God Almighty, Saint Mary, and All Saints, and his body to be buried in the Church of Saint Mary of Hedon.

HOSPITAL OF THE HOLY SEPULCHRE.—This Hospital was founded at Newton, near Hedon, for lepers, by Alan Fitz Osburne.

HILSTON.—ST. MARGARET.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 530 acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D.—POPULATION, 43 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 90; NET VALUE, 50*l.*—This is an ancient Rectory, formerly of the patronage of the Rowths or de Ruda, after them the Cutlers, then Michelburns, then the Hardies, then the Carleits, who presented till 1759, when Henry Munby, of Beverley, gent., presented, after which the presentation came to the family of Sykes, baronets.

Present patron, the Rev. C. Sykes.

Valued in the King's books, at 5*l.*; vide also the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 247; and in 1818, at 59*l.* per annum.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "small and very unfit;" and returned "unfit," in 1834.

The Register books commence in 1662. Several chasms.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pattrington.

Torre's MS., page 1615. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 166. Burton's Monasticon, page 386.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 41.

HOLLYM ST. NICHOLAS WITH WITHERNSEA.—SAINT MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 3,350 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 351 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300 [2]; NET VALUE, 420*l.*—This Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Abbey of Albermarle as parcel of their Cell of Birstall; afterwards it came to the Priory of Kirkstall, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

Mr. Torre does not give the endowment.

8th December 1444, the Archbishop decreed that the parish Church might be rebuilt on Priest Hill, the old Church having been destroyed by the violence of the waves beating against it in a certain tempest; and on the 28th July 1448, a commission was directed to the Bishop of Dromore to consecrate the said Church.

The Hothams were patrons, but Sir Charles Hotham gave the Advowson to the Corporation of Beverley, who first presented in 1717. In 1816, Henry Barker, Esq. and the Rev. Christopher Barker presented [3].

Torre says—"1st April 1409, license was granted to the inhabitants of Hollym, being parishioners of Withernsea, by reason of their distance from this parish Church and other hazards of ways and inundations, to have divine service celebrated in the Chapel of Hol-

[1] Viz. Hollym, 221; and Withernsea, 130.—In 1834, the population of Hollym was returned at 404, and Withernsea at 108.

[2] In 1818, estimated at 350.

[3] Query, Did the Corporation sell the next presentation, or the Perpetual Advowson?

lym, and to bury their dead in the chapel-yard."

The Church is valued in the King's books, at 9*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.*; Synodals and Procurations, 11*s.* 6*d.*; and Pension to the Archbishop, 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and Withernsea is valued at 13*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum. In Pope Nicholas's taxation, the Church of Withernsea was valued at 8*l.* per annum, and the Vicarage at the same sum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 265, 266, it is stated: "Vicarage only 40*s.* per annum." "The Church is very much decayed, insomuch that it is thought 300*l.* will not repair it; the town being much wasted by the sea, that part that remaineth is near adjacent to Owthorn, and some part near Hollym, it is thought fit to be united, part to Owthorn, and part to Hollym, whither the Vicarage house hath been long since removed, where there is a convenient Chapel, fit to be made a parish Church, the Vicarage thereto belonging worth yearly 50*l.*"

6th September 1813, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Church.

Inclosure Acts were passed 33rd and 39th, and 40th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, "being a thatched building, and not half large enough for the incumbent's family;" and in 1834, returned "unfit."

The Register Books commence in 1564.

Charities.—*Town Stock.* This consists of the sum of 47*l.*, part of the sum of 63*l.*, the amount of ancient benefactions to the poor of Hollym (the remainder whereof was laid out in erecting certain poor's cottages after mentioned); a donation of 21*l.* from the late Mr. G. C. Pape, in 1805; and a further sum of 13*l.*, contributed by the inhabitants, which sums were thrown together into one fund; of which 49*l.* 10*s.* is lodged in the hands of the overseers for the time being, at interest; and the remainder, 31*l.* 10*s.*, has been lent on mortgage of copyhold land. The interest of the latter (4*l.* 1*s.*) is distributed, 6*s.* thereof in bread on the first Sunday in every calendar month to poor widows who attend the Church, and the remainder amongst poor widows at Christmas and Easter, by and at the discretion of the overseers.

Poor's Cottages. These consist of three small tenements, adjoining the church-yard, which are understood to have been purchased with part of the town's stock, and are occupied (rent-free) by widows or other poor families, put in by the overseers, and they are kept in repair at the expense of the parish.

Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum, donor unknown. This is supposed to have originated at the time of the inclosure in 1793. The rent-charge is payable in respect of land, the property of Ebenezer Hodgson, and distributed by the overseers to poor widows as aforesaid.

George Cook Pape's charity, by will, dated 31st January 1813. 270*l.* invested on mortgage, and the interest, 13*l.* 10*s.* per annum, is paid to the schoolmaster, who, in consideration thereof, instructs eleven poor children, nominated by the minister, churchwardens, and overseers, in reading, writing, and arithmetic, free of expense, except for books and stationery. The master also teaches other scholars.

Church Estate. This property consists of a close, called the Church Close, containing about 3A. 0R. 16P. of land. The land is under the management of the minister and churchwardens, and, according to tradition, was originally given to provide a salary for winding-up the Church clock, to which purpose the rents were applied until about thirty years preceding the Report, when the clock fell to decay, and the rents have since been applied for the repairs of the Church. The Church was rebuilt in 1814, partly by subscription, and partly by rate; but the sum raised being insufficient, a further sum of 100*l.* was borrowed of a Mr. Edward Coates, in consideration whereof the Church close was demised to him on the 16th November 1816, for the term of twenty years, at the nominal rent of one penny per annum, in virtue of which Mr. Coates was, at the time of the Report, in possession of the land.—Vide 9th Report, page 761.

Post town, Pattrington.

Torre's MS., pages 1477. 1481. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 155. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Holam), page 175; (Witfornes), 175. Burton's Monasticon, page 299. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 1056.

PRIORY.—Here was an alien Priory, Cell to the Abbey of Albemarle, in France.

HOLMPTON.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 1,290 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D.———POPULATION, 239; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[1]; NET VALUE, 152*l.*—This Church, then called a Chapel, was given by Stephen Earl of Albemarle to the Monks of Birstall, and by them sold to the Priory of Kirkstall.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Torre, in page 1481, appears to confound this parish with Hollym, within the parish of Withernsea. He gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Here was a Chantry, which was valued, at the Dissolution, at 4*l.* per annum.

The Church is not mentioned in Pope Nicholas's taxation. Valued in the King's books, at 4*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*; Synodals, 6*d.*; and Abbot of Kirkstall, 5*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 263, it is stated: "Parsonage, 20*l.*; Glebe, 8*l.*, subject to 13*s.* 4*d.* Crown rent. Out Newton, Risholme, and the lordship of Newell, to be annexed;"—and in 1818, at 135*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

"Holmpton is united with Welwick[2], but by whom I know not, not above sixty years since. Holmpton is a Rectory, and endowed with all tithes, the third sheaf of corn excepted. This third sheaf is taken by one Robert Martin, impropriator of Withernsea, the Withernsea field intermixing with Holmpton. There was an augmentation by one Hildeyard, to the value of 10*s.* per annum, and land abutted and bounded for the payment thereof, but how long since I know not. However it hath been paid time out of mind, and continued till my entering, then denied by one Sir Robert Hildeyard, who now enjoys the lands: was made a Rectory in 1511. Annual value, 23*l.*" Signed, "Josias Tookerman."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 838.

[1] Of which 65 are free sittings, under a grant of 30*l.* from the Society for Enlarging Churches.

[2] Not now the case.

An Inclosure Act was passed 39th and 40th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, "being built upon mud, and thatched, and not half large enough;" but on the 12th September 1821, a faculty was granted to take down and rebuild the Rectory house, and it is now fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1739: partly illegible from damp.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—*Mrs. Nockall's charity*, by will, dated 1st November 1766, and codicil thereto (date not given). Interest of 40*l.*, which, together with another small sum of 10*l.*, are secured on a promissory note, dated 25th December 1820, made payable to the churchwardens, or the then incumbent of the parish, for teaching poor children, or the relief of the poor in their sickness. The interest is paid at Christmas, and distributed, viz.: 2*l.* 2*s.* per annum to the schoolmistress, for teaching three poor children under ten—the boys to read, and the girls to read and sew. The children are appointed by the minister and churchwardens, and are changed from time to time, so that each poor child may in their turn receive the benefit thereof. The remainder (8*s.*) is usually added to the sacrament-money collected at Christmas, and given therewith by the minister and churchwardens to aged and infirm widows, and other sick and impotent poor within the parish.—Vide 9th Report, page 762.

Post town, Pattrington.

Torre's MS., page 1481. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 149. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Holmetone), pages 179. 244. Burton's Monasticon, pages 117. 299.

HORNSEA.—SAINT NICHOLAS.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)——Area, 3,160 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 780[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 650; NET VALUE, 382*l.*—The heirs of

[1] Viz. Hornsea with Burton. Upwards of 100 persons have lately emigrated to America, notwithstanding which the population is the same.—In 1834, the population was returned—Hornsea with Riston, 780 and 430.

Gilbert de Mapleton held in Hornsea and Burton five carucates of land.

In Hornsea, at the time of Domesday Survey, there was a Church, and also a priest.

The Church and manor were given by Odo, Earl of Champaigne, to the Abbey of St. Mary's, York, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 9th October 1423. At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown.

Impropriator, the Rev. C. Constable.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 38*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 13*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.* per annum; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; ditto for Riston, 1*s.*, and Sacrist of Beverley, 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 291, it is stated: "No constant preacher. Vicarage, 15*l.*"

"Hornsey Vicarage is endowed with two oxgangs of glebe, about 5*l.* a year, and small tithes, about 4*l.* a year. Riston is about five miles off. The Rectory of Riston is worth about 80*l.* a year. The union took place about 350 years ago, by the Archbishop." Signed, "W. Lambert, Vic. of Hornsey cum Riston."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1016.

An Inclosure Act was passed 41st Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

There is a charge of 100*l.* on the Living, the cessation of which is uncertain.

The Register books commence in 1654. The whole of the entries irregularly scattered through all the volumes.

Charities.——*William Day's rent-charge*, by will, dated 14th May 1616. 40*s.* per annum to the poor at Christmas and Easter, at the discretion of the minister and churchwardens.

Peter Acklam's rent-charge, by will, dated 4th October 1758. 20*s.* per annum for the buying of stuff for gowns, every Lady-day, for three poor widows, selected by the overseers of the poor as the properest objects of charity.

Smithson's rent-charge, by will, before 1731. 9*s.* per annum for bread, for the most deserving poor of the parish who attend at Church on Christmas, Easter, and Whitsuntide.

Town Stock. The sum of 70*l.*, formerly vested in the overseers of the poor under this name, but by what means acquired was at the time of the Report unknown, was employed towards building four cottages for the use of the parish on the Church land (after-mentioned); and interest upon the money thus expended is allowed out of the rents, and distributed at the time, manner, and with Day's rent-charge, mentioned above.

Mrs. Mary Young's charity. This lady was the widow of a Rector of Catwick. Rent of garden, let, at the time of the Report, for 16*s.* per annum, and one house (occupied by a poor person rent-free). The rent to be received by the Vicar of Catwick, and applied by him in repairing the house, and the surplus, if any, to be applied in purchasing coals for the occupier thereof; but the Commissioners say that it is not more than sufficient for repairs.

Church Estate. This property consists of 70A. 3R. 12P. of land and six houses. The rents of the estate, amounting to 110*l.* 18*s.* per annum, are paid to the churchwardens, and, after deducting the interest due on 300*l.*, borrowed on a mortgage of the premises, to defray the expenses of inclosing the land, and 3*l.* 10*s.*, interest on the town stock, are applied in the repairs of the Church, and in the ordinary disbursements of the office of churchwardens. There was a balance in hand (April 1822) of 121*l.* 16*s.* 1*d.*, which was placed out at interest.—Vide 9th Report, page 763.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS., page 1439. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 176. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hornesse), page 176; (Burtune), 176. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. page 571.

KINGSTON-UPON-HULL.——HOLY TRINITY.—(*Vicarage.*)—Area, 900 acres. Hullshire wapentake.——Population, 29,687[1]; Church-room, 3,500[2]; Net value, 605*l.*—Originally

[1] Viz. St. Mary's, 3,271; Holy Trinity, 2,755; Austin, 2,755; part of Humber ward, 3,856; Myton, north division, 7,121; ditto, south division, 7,765; part of North ward, 3,342; and part of White Friars' ward, 2,093. —The population of the town of Hull, with Sculcoates, is 46,426.

[2] In 1813, the return was 6,000.

appendant to Hessle. No endowment is mentioned by Torre. On the 14th Kal. April 1301, a license was granted to make a cemetery at Hull.

11th February 1425, commission to the Bishop of Dromore to consecrate the Chapel.

27th June 1443, the feast of the dedication, anciently held on the 10th March, was translated by the Archbishop of York to the Sunday next ensuing the feast of the translation of St. Thomas the Martyr, in regard to Lent season, when it formerly fell, and brought a concourse of people thither to the observation of it.

24th June 1484, an ordination was made touching oblations.—Vide Torre's MS. page 1077.

John Swann, of Hull, merchant, by his will, proved penult November 1476, bequeathed to the Rector and Vicar of the Church of Kingston-upon-Hull, for tithes forgotten and unjustly detained, 4*l.*, so that they might absolve his soul from all danger on that part.

There were four Chantries in this Church. Two are mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

Patron, the Archbishop of York, until sale of the Advowson under the Municipal Act, the former patrons being the Corporation of Hull.

24th September 1819, license was granted to celebrate divine service in the Pottery School, in the parish of the Holy Trinity, in Hull, on the Sabbath-day.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1558; defective in 1569, 1570, 1579, 1580, and 1581.

Charities.—*The Charter House*, or *God's House*. Sir Michael Delapole, knight, by letters patent, dated 1st March, 7th Richard II., established an hospital for thirteen poor men and thirteen poor women, feeble or old, in two of his messuages, called *La Maison Dieu*, in Myton, such hospital to be called "God's House of Hull." Endowment now consists of 339A. 3R. 8P. of land, a stone quarry, about twenty houses, rents-charge of 3*l.* 12*s.* per annum, and dividends on 1,700*l.* three per cent. consols, and dividends on Hull-dock share of 38*l.* 16*s.* The testator ordered, that every master should have orders of priesthood, be thirty years of age and more, and keep personal residence in the hospital, have an habitation for himself nigh the said house, and have the ordering of all things for the ruling thereof, and for the guidance and correction of the brethren and sisters, and to have for his maintenance 10*l.* per annum, and that he should chaunt or sing in the Chapel every day, and in case of absence to find another priest, at the expense of the house, to celebrate therein. The poor people to attend to their devotions and prayers every day, and the master to pay to each of them 40*s.* per annum for living and clothing, viz., 8*d.* each per week, and the residue at the four usual feasts in the year, and that when the master, or brethren, or sisters should die, the said Sir Michael Delapole and his heirs, lords of the manor, to appoint another proper person, and in default within one month, then the Prior of the Charter House within a fortnight afterwards, then the mayor, and within a fortnight afterwards, or on his failure, then the Archdeacon of the East Riding to have the nomination for that time only. Since 1506, on the attainder for high treason of Edmund Delapole, son and heir of the said Michael Delapole, his estates, with the manor, became vested in the Crown; and 6th Edward VI. the manor of Myton and other manors and estates were granted to the mayor and burgesses, and their successors, who have, ever since the grant, as lords of the manor, exercised the right of appointing the master and poor people of the hospital.—The Commissioners reported, that before 1755 the mayor and burgesses of Hull appeared at different times to have made rules and orders for the management of the charity; and on the occasion of a dispute with the then master, they filed an information in Chancery, praying that their right to superintend the same might be established, but which was ultimately dismissed. That the number of poor persons and their stipends had been increased from time to time, the number, at the time of the Report, being twenty-eight men and twenty-nine women, who had each of them a room in

the hospital, 6*s*. per week, a yearly allowance of turves, two chaldrons and a quarter of coals, a supply of water, and medical attendance when necessary: and since 1813, the master's salary was augmented to 200*l*. per annum, as ordered by the Court of Chancery, on a petition presented by him for that purpose. Balance in hand, at the time of the Report, 1,052*l*. 17*s*. 4*d*.

CHARITIES OF THE GUILD OR FRATERNITY OF THE TRINITY-HOUSE OF KINGSTON-UPON-HULL.

The Guild or Brotherhood of Masters and Pilots, Seamen of the Trinity-House of Kingston-upon-Hull, which has existed under different charters of incorporation, the first of them granted 20th Henry VI., and the last being dated 18th November, 13th Charles II., originated in 1369 as a guild or fraternity of persons, associated for religious purposes and for mutual relief, under the name of the Guild of the Holy Trinity. The income, at the time of the Report, arose from the rent of 96A. 1R. 26P. of land, the port duties (about 3,374*l*. 7*s*. 1*d*. per annum), rent of about thirty-seven houses, and rents-charge of 40*l*. 8*s*. per annum, and also 6*d*. per month on seamen's wages, for purposes expressed in 20th Geo. II. cap. 38. The corporation, out of the funds under their control, support six almshouses or hospitals in Hull, containing together ninety-nine apartments for superannuated seamen above fifty-two years of age, and the wives of such of them as are married, and widows of seamen, and allow various sums to the inmates thereof. They also maintain a marine school for thirty-six boys, seamen's sons, from eleven to fourteen, who are clothed, educated, and have all their books, &c. used at school provided them; weekly and quarterly pensions to several out-pensioners of different classes (at the time of the inquiry, four hundred and eighty-four), being seamen and seamen's widows, or fatherless children; and weekly and temporary relief to sea-faring people and their families, and shipwrecked seamen, at the discretion of the warden.—The Commissioners reported, that Ferries's Hospital had been rebuilt, at an expense of 2,000*l*. by the Trinity House, and that in consequence thereof the annual fund would be still larger than heretofore.

Alderman Thomas Ferries's charity, by will, dated 22nd January 1630. Rents of 87A. 2R. 14P. of land, four houses, and dividends on 328*l*. three per cents. stock, which, after deducting occasional repairs, are applied in apprenticing fatherless children. The premiums given with boys bound for seven years, 5*l*. 5*s*., and smaller sums for boys bound for shorter terms, and about 3*l*. 3*s*. with girls.

Thomas Ferries's and *Thomas Bury's charities*, by wills, dated respectively 22d Jan. 1630 and 8th June 1627. Rents of two houses, and dividends on 100*l*. navy five per cents., for exhibitions, for and towards the yearly maintenance of a scholar of Hull at the Universities of Cambridge or Oxford, and the other for a poor scholar of Hull; and if not one there, then one from Beverley, whose friends should not be able to maintain him at school, and that when he should be fit for Cambridge, that the mayor and burgesses should, for his better exhibition and maintenance, place him in some of the halls or colleges of Cambridge; and 3*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*. (Ferries's) to poor persons of Hull; and 1*l*. per annum to the poor of Howden, by and at the discretion of the mayor for the time being.—The Commissioners reported, that there were sometimes three or four candidates; that at the time thereof there was one who received 40*l*. per annum, which had been the usual sum since 1798, but had been in some few instances 50*l*., and once 70*l*. per annum. Balance in hand, at the time of the Report, 58*l*.

Said Thomas Ferries's charity, by will. 200*l*. for the setting the poor of the Charity Hall on work, with a request that the mayor and aldermen would take some good course to provide a man for the said Charity Hall, to teach the poor children, and keep the poor on work, and maintain them for their labour, and to keep the said stock upstanding.—The Commissioners reported, that they could obtain no account either of the receipt, application, principal sum, or interest, of this legacy, and that the mayor and burgesses were possessed of no property the acquisition of which could be traced to that source.

Sir John Lister's Hospital, founded by will, dated 20th December 1640, for the habitation of six poor men and six poor women of good and honest reputation and carriage, and each of the said poor people to have 7*s*. each per week paid them; to the assistant-preacher, for reading prayers among the said poor people once every day, and for instructing and catechizing them every week, 40*s*. per annum, and rent of house (18*l*.); and to the clerk for keeping the accounts, &c., 20*l*. per annum; to coals, on an average, 35*l*. per annum; and for repairs, water-rent, turves, and sundry expenses, averaging about 50*l*. per annum. Endowment: 67A. 2R. 27P. of land, and dividends on 1,128*l*. 10*s*. 6*d*. new four per cent. consols, and ditto on 500*l*. new three per cent. stock.

Charity Hall. This institution was established under an Act passed 9th and 10th William III. for erecting workhouses and houses of correction in the town of Kingston-upon-Hull. It is under the care of the mayor and aldermen, and twenty-four other persons chosen by the six wards, who are thereby constituted a corporation by the Act, by the names of the Governor, Deputy-Governor, Guardians, and Assistants of the Poor, with power to purchase ground for erecting the necessary buildings for the above purposes, and to levy rates for the maintenance of the said poor. Income: rent of 11A. 0R. 36P. of land and four houses, let, at the time of the Report, for 74*l*. 12*s*. per annum, and interest of 400*l*. in the hands of the corporation, and also 1*l*. per annum from Watson's general charity for this county. The property arises from Edmund Duncalf's charity, by will, dated 9th June 1713. House, &c., for employing the poor of the town of Hull, and 10*l*. per annum to the reader or clergyman of the High Church for expounding the Catechism to the boys and girls of the workhouse every Sunday at the Charity Hall, and for instructing them in the grounds and principles of the Christian Protestant religion. The children are also taught reading, writing, and accounts, by a master employed by the governors, who is paid out of the general funds of the institution.

Ebenezer Robson's benefaction, by will, dated 17th July 1714. House in the "Brode entry in Scalane," and 40*l*. for the uses aforesaid.—The Commissioners reported, that they had found no entries in the corporation books relative to the further legacy of 40*l*., or to the residue of the testator's estate, left by will to the poor, neither had they been able to trace what had become of the funds; but as no special trusts were annexed to the property, that probably the personalty was applied to the general purposes of the charity.

Alderman Tower Wallis's benefaction, by will, dated 10th February 1718. Several houses, &c., as aforesaid; and

Hannah Lindall's gift, by will, dated 26th May 1781. Interest of 400*l*. for the relief of such poor and necessitous persons as the governors, guardians, and assistants of the poor of Hull should think worthy objects, being such as were in distress and want through sickness, and could not with propriety be relieved out of the poor's rates, and is distributed by the clerk of the workhouse on the court days, once in two months. There are also several other charities of land and rent-charge, by the respective gifts of George Ellis, Lady Perott, and William Mould, jointly, George Ellis, aforesaid, and rent-charge by the will of Mrs. Anne Watson, of which a separate Report is given under the General Charities for this county.

William Hawson's charity for Dissenters, by will, proved at York on the 5th April 1744. Interest of 120*l*., of which the interest of 100*l*. is paid to the minister of the Chapel in Dagger-lane, and the interest of 20*l*. is distributed on new year's day to such Protestant Dissenters who attend the Chapel regularly. About ten persons used to partake of the distribution. The Chapel was shut up in 1817, in consequence of some dispute between the trustees and the congregation; and no application being made for the interest either by the minister or the poor, Mr. Thompson (one of the parties to the deed, and in whose hands the money was placed at the time of the Report,) suspended payment; but the Commissioners reported, that they were given to understand that the Chapel would be re-opened, and the arrears paid, when Mr. Thompson had

ascertained who was the person legally entitled to receive them.

Alderman William Cogan's charity for a Girls' School and Marriage Portions, by deed, dated 2nd July 1753. Rents of two houses and dividends on 2,500*l.* three per cent. consols, and ditto on 6,359*l.* 15*s.* 3*d.* new four per cents., for clothing twenty poor girls, and providing a mistress to teach and instruct them, and for providing books for them; 10*l.* per annum to be set apart for buying a Bible for each of the children who have been three years in the school, and for laying out for each of them the sum of 20*s.* for necessaries, in case they should respectively go out to service. The mistress to be a sober, grave, elderly, unmarried woman. The girls to be ten years old or upwards, healthful, and their parents to have legal settlements within Hull, and be sober, orderly people of good report, who should not sell ale or spirituous liquors, or receive weekly allowance, or ask alms, or let any of their children beg; that no girl of any widow to be taken in unless she has another child, and no girl to be taken out of a family where both father and mother should be living, unless they should have two or more other children; and the girls to be taught to knit, sew, wash and get up linen, to wash rooms, and other house-work, to fit them for useful servants, and to be taught to read, and learn the Church Catechism, and a private morning and evening prayer, and none of them to be kept at school longer than three years; that every of the children should have the particular articles of clothing therein mentioned, and should twice a day on Sundays and holy days go to Church with their mistress. That there should be a sermon preached annually on Whit-Monday by the minister on the subject of the public benefit of educating poor children, and forming their minds to virtue and industry, for which sermon he receives the sum of 2*l.*; and after that, he should catechize the children, and hear them read a chapter in the New Testament; the girl that reads best, and is most perfect in her Catechism, to be paid 2*s.* 6*d.* as a reward, the next best 2*s.*, and the third best 1*s.*, and all the others 2*d.* each, and that the trustees should give unto each of them a Bible with the New Testament, and lay out for each of them 1*l.* for necessaries, to fit them for service in good families, provided they go with the approbation of the trustees and their parents within three months after leaving the school. By another deed, reciting the former, dated 1st June 1760, books tending to promote the knowledge and practice of true religion and virtue, of good paper and handsome binding, are directed to be given every Whit-Monday after the sermon; 120*l.* to be raised and given to and amongst the twenty girls then in the said school, and the survivors of them, who should have continued at school three years, and should within three months after the expiration thereof go into service as aforesaid, and continue in service seven years, and not less than one year in a place, without some reason, to be approved of by the said trustees or any two of them, and should, at the end of such service, marry within seven years next following, with the approbation of the trustees as aforesaid, either before or after such marriage, and on producing testimonials from their masters or mistresses of their good behaviour, and their marriage certificate, 6*l.* to be paid her as her marriage portion; but in case any of the twenty girls should die, or not serve her full time as above, then the accumulations to be divided amongst such as do comply with the said conditions. The clerk of the trustees to be acquainted with the name, place of abode, and business or quality of the master or mistress whose service she should propose to enter into, and the same to be always approved of by the other trustees, by their subscribing their names and testifying their consent thereof; provided, that if during any term of three years the number of girls to be clothed and taught in the school should be altered by the trustees on account of any of the contingencies in the said deed mentioned, so as to be more or less than twenty, then the sum of 120*l.*, to arise as aforesaid from the time of such number of girls being entered in the school, should be proportioned and divided amongst such number of girls last mentioned (be they

more or less than twenty), or the survivors of them, who should continue in the school three years, and after marry, and observe and perform all such conditions, and produce such testimonials and certificates as thereinbefore directed with respect to the service and marriage of the twenty girls then being in the school; that is to say, if there should be more than twenty, then amongst such twenty of them as should be chosen by lot; and if there should be less than twenty, then equally amongst them all.

The Commissioners reported, that since Whitsuntide 1822, the number of girls, on account of the increased income, was augmented to forty, and that it was intended, after the expiration of three years, to increase the number to sixty; that the mistress's salary was then 50*l.* per annum, it being raised at Whitsuntide from 30*l.* per annum, on account of the number of girls being increased. Balance in hand, at the time of the Report, 345*l.* 2*s.* 4*d.*, lodged in one of the Hull banks. That before 1789, a doubt was entertained as to the propriety of applying part of the school funds to that of the marriage portion fund, which was inadequate for the provisions thereof; but the trustees were advised that the funds ought to be kept totally distinct. The applications for marriage portions were not numerous, as there were in 1811 but two; none from that time till 1817; in 1817, four; in 1818 and 1819, none; and in 1820, three; and there had been none (at the time of the Report) since. There was a balance in hand of 70*l.*, arising from unapplied dividends, and as often as the accruing balance amounts to 120*l.* or upwards, the trustees, at their discretion, divide the money amongst such persons as have previously received marriage portions. The last was in 1816, when sums of 34*l.* each were given to three of them, and the balance left was 25*l.* 15*s.*

William Cogan's charity for Apprentices, by will and codicil, dated 1st October 1772. Dividends on 6,500*l.* three per cent. consols, for apprenticing poor boys (freemen's sons, if they offer for it) to ploughmen, seamen, joiners, bricklayers, smiths, shoemakers, and tailors; and the master who should have any of the boys to be paid, on expiration of the said apprenticeship, 2*l.*, if he should have used the boy well; and if the boy should have served his apprenticeship truly and dutifully, upon the recommendation of his master, and could read six verses of the fifth chapter of St. Matthew, to have 4*l.* given him: the boys not to be under twelve years of age when apprenticed.

The Commissioners reported, that as an inducement to the masters to take boys, the trustees had allowed the further sum of 7*l.* with each boy (except in the case of seamen's apprentices), which sum was paid to the master by yearly instalments of 1*l.* at a time, upon a condition, provided for in the indentures, of his laying out the money in clothing the boys; but only 3*l.* was paid to the master in the case of seamen's apprentices. The first were put out in 1787, since which time nearly eight hundred boys had been bound. Freemen's sons had always the preference; and that upon an average of seven years preceding their Report, it appeared that seventeen boys were regularly apprenticed, and from ninety-five to one hundred were then receiving the charity.

HOSPITALS AND ALMSHOUSES UNDER THE GOVERNMENT AND PATRONAGE OF THE MAYOR AND BURGESSES OF HULL.

Weaver's Hospital, in Dagger-lane. This almshouse contains apartments for six poor women, each of whom receives from the mayor and burgesses 2*s.* 6*d.* per week and a yearly supply of coals and turves. Endowment: rent of two hundred and four square yards of land, and interest of 410*l.*, in the hands of the corporation, given by John Buttery, by deed, dated 28th March 1775, and also 1*l.* from Watson's general charities.

John Gregg's almshouse, in Posterngate, founded 3rd Henry V., for twelve poor women, having an allowance from the mayor and burgesses of 2*s.* each per week, and a yearly supply of coals and turves. Endowment: rent-charge of 3*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.* per annum, and interest of 346*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, given by Mr. John Buttery in 1779, for allowing to the said poor people for their better support 2*d.* per week each, and to the fourteen poor

people in Watson's almshouse, aftermentioned, 4*d.* each per week.

Bishop Watson's Hospital, in the Church Side, founded about 1690, but not endowed by him with any estate or property, the income being included in Trinity-House charities and Gregg's almshouse; but William Watson, brother of the Bishop, by will, dated 28th October 1721, left 300*l.* (since laid out in the purchase of an estate, vide Trinity-House charities), for six poor women, appointed by the corporation of the Trinity-House, such six women to be well affected to the Church of England, and be obliged to attend Trinity Church. The hospital is inhabited by twenty poor women, fourteen of whom are appointed by the mayor and aldermen, and receive from them a weekly sum of 2*s.* each, a quarterly allowance of half a chaldron of coals to each, and a supply of turves. The other six almswomen are appointed by the corporation of the Trinity-House, who pays each of them 4*s.* 6*d.* a week, with a sufficient supply of coals and turves.

William Gee's almshouse, in Chapel-lane, founded by will, dated 22nd October 1600. Endowment: rents of four houses, let, at the time of the Report, for 54*l.* 10*s.* per annum, for ten poor women, appointed by the mayor and burgesses, who pay to each of them 2*s.* per week, and an adequate supply of coals and turves.

Mr. Harrison's Hospital, in Chapel-lane, founded by will, in 1550, for ten poor women, and augmented by Mary Fox, for four more, by deed, dated 26th June 1795. Endowment: the interest of 400*l.*, which is distributed in weekly payments amongst the four poor women living in the hospital, and to be appointed by the mayor and burgesses, and Peter William Watson and William Todd. The women to be single, and fit objects of charity; and they also receive, with the said ten poor women, the sum of 2*s.* a week each, and a supply of coals and turves from the corporation. The rooms were erected by Mrs. Fox in her lifetime, and are occupied by two poor women appointed by the mayor and burgesses, and two others nominated by Messrs. Watson and Todd; and these four receive from the mayor and burgesses the same weekly stipends and allowances as the other ten almswomen, so that more than 20*l.* per annum are applied for their benefit.

Alderman George Crowle's Hospital, in Sewer-lane, founded by will, dated 26th June 1682, for twelve poor persons, who receive each 2*s.* 6*d.* per week, with an allowance of coals and turves. Endowment: rent of one house, let, at the time of the Report, for 20*l.*, and rent-charge of 8*l.* per annum. The mayor and aldermen are the trustees. Six chaldrons of coals and six thousand turves yearly are provided. The poor persons are directed to be single, and burgesses, and preference to be given to any of the testator's poor relations. By deed, dated 2nd and 3rd January 1699, the trustees conveyed the hospital to the mayor and burgesses, and the founder in 1689 made rules for the government of the house (vide Tickell's History of Hull, page 760); and by another deed, dated 14th January 1750, as an augmentation to the hospital, William Crowle, father of the testator, left 4*d.* each per week to the poor persons, but on condition that the corporation and mayor and aldermen should continue to pay to the said poor 6*d.* each per week out of the assessments; and as a further augmentation, Mr. Daniel Wilson, in November 1821, the representative of the Crowle family, gave 100*l.*, afterwards invested in 102*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* four per cent. consols, the dividends to be distributed equally amongst the poor at Christmas.

The Commissioners reported, that after the expiration of the term in 1800, the rents continued to be received by the corporation, and that no claim had then or ever been set up by the representatives of George Crowle, the lessor.

Hospital in Salthouse-lane, founded by Robert Ratcliffe, by will, dated 14th August 1572, for four poor women, who receive from the mayor and burgesses a supply of coals and turves, of the value of 6*l.* or 7*l.* per annum, but have no pecuniary stipend or provision.

The Commissioners reported, that Hadley, in his History of Hull, states that a hospital in Salthouse-lane was established by Joseph Ellis in or about 1683, for four widows, and that by his

will he left the management to the corporation after the death of his widow; and that she afterwards gave 60*l.*, in trust, to the corporation, as a fund, to raise 3*l.* per annum every winter for turves and coals for the use of this hospital; and they further reported, that it was uncertain to which of the above-named founders its origin may be ascribed.

Hannah Lindall's charity, by will, dated 26th May 1781. The residue of all her personal estate and effects, subject to the payment of debts, legacies, &c., and to such other bequests as she might after appoint or direct, for the use of poor persons of Hull and Cottingham, being such as are proper objects of charity. The bequest to Cottingham is by codicil in 1781, wherein the testatrix says—"I give 20*l.* to the poor of Cottingham; the remainder of my money, when my household furniture is sold up, I direct shall be given where my executors shall think is the greatest charity, whether augmenting the weekly pay of a hospital in Hull, or given to the poor clergy, or poor families, widows, and children." The accounts were made up to the end of 1789, when the balance was then 1,044*l.* 9*s.* 1*d.* The money was first distributed in 1786, viz., 1*l.* 1*s.* each to fifty poor widows yearly. The sum thus distributed had amounted, at the time of the Report, in the whole, to 1,839*l.* 12*s.*, which considerably exceeded the residue, but since, by the allowance of interest on the amount of money in hands of the executors at the end of each year, after deducting the pensions, not only had this difference been made good, but there was, at the time of the Report, a balance in the hands of Mr. Henry Broadley, of 992*l.* 2*s.*—The Commissioners advised that the money should be invested, which the trustees were agreeable to.

Chamberlain's charity.—Vide General Charities.

BREAD CHARITIES UNDER THE CARE OF THE MINISTER AND CHURCHWARDENS.

RENT-CHARGES.—*Rent-charge of* 1*l.* 10*s. per annum.* This is an ancient payment, issuing out of land in Hessle, belonging to Joseph Robinson Pease, of Hesslewood-house, Esq.; it falls due on the 1st June, and is received soon after by the churchwardens.

John Forcet's rent-charge, by will, dated August 1682. 1*s.* every Sunday, in penny loaves, to poor widows or other necessitous poor. Forms part of the general fund.

Frances Smith's, by will, dated 22nd May 1689. Rent-charge of 1*s.* 6*d.* per week, applied at the same time as the preceding one, and carried to the same account.

John Horsman's charity, by will, dated 3rd February 1704. Rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum in bread, distributed with the general fund.

Mary Porter's charity, by will, dated 8th August 1721. Rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum, in bread, for the poor, on the feast of St. John the Baptist.

Lawrence Robinson's charity, by will, dated 13th May 1724. Rent-charge of 52*s.* per annum, applied with the general fund.

Trippett's charity, vide St. Mary's. 2*l.* 12*s.*, carried to the account with the general fund.

Gault and Harris's charity, vide St. Mary's. The proportion of the rent due to this parish is 7*l.* 10*s.* per annum. This rent is also carried to the general account.

MONEY BENEFACTIONS.——*William Skinner's charity*, by will, dated in 1680. Interest of 100*l.* for bread, among such honest poor persons of the parish as the churchwardens should think fit, on the first Sunday in every month.

Mary Harrison's charity, by will, dated in 1716. Interest of 20*l.* in bread to the poor, at the discretion of the churchwardens.

Thomas Hawkins's charity, by will, dated in 1774. Interest of 50*l.* in bread to the poor, at the discretion of the churchwardens.

Thomas Hewson's charity, vide St. Mary's. The proportion of interest due to this parish is 2*l.* 5*s.*, which is duly received.

The total annual amount of the charities before-mentioned is 35*l.* 11*s.*, of which sum 27*l.* 2*s.* is disposed of by the minister and churchwardens weekly, in twopenny and penny loaves, on the first and other Sundays in each month, in the same manner as in the parish of St.

Mary. There is also a further distribution of bread on St. John's day, but which depends on the amount of the fund in hand.

Gee's Legacy for the Repairs of the Church, vide St. Mary's. The sum of 2*l.* 17*s.* 8*d.* is received as the share due to this parish.

Estate for the Repairs of the Church. This property, which has been held from ancient time by the churchwardens, in trust for the above use, but of the appropriation thereof to such use no account could, at the time of the Report, be rendered, consists of two houses and several buildings, let, at the time of the Report, for 105*l.* per annum.

The Vicar's School, in Vicar-lane. This institution was founded about 1734, at the instance of the Rev. William Mason, then Vicar of the parish, by the voluntary contributions of individuals, for the education of poor children inhabiting the town of Hull and its neighbourhood, according to the principles of the Church of England. Endowment: interest of 400*l.*, and two legacies of 100*l.* each, the one given by Mrs. Porter in 1816, and the other by Sir Henry Etherington, Bart. in 1819, and 50*l.* from former savings, which sums, amounting together to 650*l.*, are placed in the hands of the mayor and burgesses. The school-house contains apartments for the master: it was erected on a part of the Vicarage garden, for which a ground-rent of 4*l.* per annum is paid to the Vicar. There were, at the time of the Report, fifty-four boys. The scholars are instructed in reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism; each pays 1*s.* per quarter, and they are required to resort to the parish Church on Sundays, attended by the master, and are examined once a year by the Vicar, when small rewards in money are made to those who have made the greatest proficiency. The master's salary is 45*l.* per annum; and books, stationery, and fuel are allowed for the use of the school.

The Commissioners reported, that the annual expenditure, including repairs and taxes, amounted, on an average for the seven years preceding their Report, to about 70*l.*, and had exceeded the income received during the like period by about 6*l.* or 7*l.* a year, which had hitherto been made up out of a balance of 80*l.*, which the trustee had in hand in 1815.

The Free Grammar School. The Commissioners reported, that they had postponed the Report of this, in consequence of some further information expected to complete it.—Vide 9th Report, pages 784. 810.

Torre's MS., page 1059. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. Burton's Monasticon, pages 57. 67. 317. 347. Gent's (Thos.) History of Hull—York, 1735. Frost's Early History of Hull. Tickell's History of Hull. Thompson's Occ. Prom., page 147, &c. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. xciv. page 16. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, page 292.

KINGSTON-UPON-HULL. — ST. MARY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 60 acres. Hullshire wapentake. — POPULATION, 3,271; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000; NET VALUE, 276*l.*—The manor of Hull was held by St. Augustine's Monastery at Canterbury.

3rd Non. December 1333, license was given to the Prior of the Templars at North Ferriby to erect a Chapel at Hull.

No endowment is mentioned by Mr. Torre.

Patron, Samuel Thornton, Esq.

Valued in 1818, at 120*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1792, with 200*l.*, by lot; and in 1815, with 300*l.*, and 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefaction of 400*l.* from the executors of J. Rennard, gent.; and in 1816, with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the executors of J. Rennard, gent.

"Is not endowed with any tithes, great or small. The Living depends upon the voluntary contributions of the parishioners, only save that there is a pension from the Crown of 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, and the dwelling-house, with a garden thereto, situate in Chapel-lane, adjoining to the Church, given in 1666 by Alderman Dobson, for the use of the minister for ever. There was also given, by one John Jefferson, another house for the minister, after the decease of his widow, of the yearly rent of 6*l.* or 7*l.*, which is not yet come to the Church. There hath been some weak efforts towards settling a library in the parish, but it is

fallen to nought."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1044.

9th August 1770, burial-ground consecrated.

1775, petition from the Dock Company to disuse the burial-ground.

15th September 1775, a piece of ground in Trippett consecrated.

18th September 1775, faculty to remove the corpses from the old burial-ground.

7th May 1737, ditto to erect a new and ornamental pulpit.

1st February 1752, ditto to erect an organ.

26th June 1778, ditto to erect galleries.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1564.

CHARITIES.—BREAD CHARITIES UNDER THE CARE OF THE MINISTER AND CHURCHWARDENS.—*Alderman William Popples's charity*, by will, dated in 1656. Rent-charge of 3*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.* per annum, in white bread, every Lord's day. The amount is added to other charities for the parish, forming a general fund, and applied as after-mentioned.

William Ramsden's charity, by will, dated in 1675. Rent-charge of 5*l.* 4*s.* per annum, in bread, to the poor every Sunday.

Robert Trippet's charity, by will, dated in 1707. Rent-charge of 5*l.* 4*s.* per annum, half thereof to the churchwardens of St. Mary's parish, and the other half to those of the Holy Trinity, for bread for the use of the said parishes, to be distributed every Lord's day.

Robert Stephens's charity, by will, in 1723. Rent-charge of 2*s.* per month, in bread, for the poor.

Catherine Dunn's charity, by will, in 1725. Rent-charge of 52*s.* per annum to the poor of the parish of St. Mary, on every Lord's day.

Jane Gault's and *Elizabeth Harris's charities*, by deeds, dated 5th and 6th August 1728. Rent-charge of 15*l.* per annum to the poor of the respective parishes of Holy Trinity and St. Mary, in bread, by the churchwardens.

MONEY BENEFACTIONS.——*Elizabeth Spacy's charity*, by will, in 1740. Interest of 10*l.* to the poor, distributed by the minister.

Thomas Hawkins's charity, by will, dated 7th June 1774. Interest of 20*l.*, originally intended for bread for the poor attending the Church, but has since, together with Spacy's gift, been lent to the parish at five per cent., which is allowed out of the Church-rates, and distributed to the poor.

John Marshall's charity, by codicil to his will, dated 3rd January 1803. Dividends on 179*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.*, late navy five per cents., for bread for the poor, and distributed by the minister and churchwardens, which are applied with the other charitable funds for the parish.

Joseph Rennard's charity, by will, dated 6th June 1807. Interest of 50*l.* to the poor, in bread, at Lady-day, at the discretion of the minister and churchwardens.

Thomas Hewson's charity, by will, proved at York 26th February 1812. Interest of 100*l.* to the poor of the respective parishes of the Holy Trinity and St. Mary, in bread, in equal weekly proportions, by and at the discretion of the Vicars and churchwardens of the said parishes.

The Commissioners reported, that the estates above-mentioned amounted to 34*l.* 19*s.* 8*d.* (before the late increase in the rent of the premises held under Gault and Harris's charities.) The sum of 27*l.* 2*s.* was laid out, and distributed by the churchwardens, in bread, to the poor, in twopenny and penny loaves, on the first and three other Sundays in each month, about one hundred loaves being distributed each time. That the rest of the fund was given away partly in sixpenny loaves, and partly in money at Christmas, the distribution being made by the minister and churchwardens at Church amongst poor persons who attended to receive it; and that it was not wholly confined to poor belonging to the parish, but was extended to other poor persons in Hull recommended by the inhabitants to the churchwardens.

William Gee's Benefaction for the Repairs of the Church, by will, dated 22nd October 1600. Interest of 60*l.*, to the intent that the churchwardens, with the advice of the mayor, might put forth the same at 5*l.* per annum, and to be employed as follows: 4*l.* towards the re-

pairs of Trinity Church, and 20*s.* to St. Mary's Church yearly, with a proviso by the testator, that if the said churchwardens did not so employ the money, that then it should go amongst his children. The proportion of the interest to this parish is 14*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, which sum is carried by the churchwardens to the account of the Church-rates.—Vide 9th Report, page 808.

Torre's MS., page 1077. Gent's (Thos.) History of Hull—York, 1735. Frost's Early History of Hull. Tickell's History of Hull. Thompson's Occ. Prom., page 147, &c. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. xciv. page 16. Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 150. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, page 292.

KINGSTON-UPON-HULL. — ST. JOHN.—(*Chapel to Holy Trinity. Perpetual Curacy.*) — Hullshire wapentake. —POPULATION, no district; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,600; NET VALUE, 205*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Trinity parish, Hull.

Consecrated 30th August 1790.

Value not returned.

26th September 1803, faculty granted to enlarge the Church.

No glebe house.

No return as to registers.

Parochial Charities.—Vide Holy Trinity.

KINGSTON-UPON-HULL. — ST. MARY'S, IN MYTON.——(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Hullshire wapentake.—POPULATION, no district; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,203 [1]; NET VALUE, no return.

Architecture Gothic, with tower, steeple, and vaults; expense, 5,301*l.* 3*s.*; first stone laid 14th December 1829.—Vide 11th Report, page 4.

Patron, the Vicar of Kingston-upon-Hull.

Value not returned.

An Inclosure Act was passed 2nd Geo. III. for Myton Carr.

No returns as to glebe house or register books.

[1] Of which 603 are free sittings. Vide Report of the Church-building Commissioners.—In 1834, only 1,000 sittings were returned.

Parochial Charities.—Vide Holy Trinity.

Post town, Hull.

CARTHUSIAN PRIORY, in Hull. —This was founded by Michael de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk, for thirteen Monks.

MAISON DIEU, in Hull, for thirteen poor men and women, founded A.D. 1344 by John Kingeston.

GRIGG'S HOSPITAL, in Hull, founded by John Grigg, Mayor of Hull. Rebuilt in 1721, and still inhabited by twelve poor widows.

MARINER'S HOSPITAL OF THE HOLY TRINITY, in Hull. Now existing, and under the government of two wardens, ten elder brethren, and six assistants; and one hundred poor mariners and mariners' widows receive relief.

POLE'S HOSPITAL, in Hull, founded by Michael de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk, about A.D. 1384, for thirteen poor men and thirteen women. Rebuilt temp. Charles II., and is still in being.

SELBY'S HOSPITAL, founded for twelve poor men, temp. Edw. III.

BLACK FRIARS.——There was a Convent of these Friars in Hull.

AUSTIN FRIARS.—A house was founded at Hull by Jeffrey de Hotham about 1317.

COLLEGE OF CARMELITES, founded by the Percies.

Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 19. 781. 1496. 1581. 1603.

HUMBLETON.—ST. PETER.——(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 6,110 acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D.—POPULATION, 579 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 230*l.*—This Church was given to the Abbey of Thornton-upon-Humber, in the county of Lincoln, and was appropriated thereto, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

Torre does not give the endowment.

Archbishop Sharp says, there have

[1] Viz. Danthorpe, 37; Elstronwick, 153; Fitting, 103; Flinton, 126; and Humbleton, 160. —In 1834, the population (exclusive of Elstronwick) was returned at 439.

been no instituted Vicars here for these hundred years, but in 1789 William Aked was presented, since which there has been a regular succession.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriator, Lord Hotham.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 10*l.* 1*s.* 0½*d.*, after deducting pension of 13*s.* 4*d.* to the Abbey of Thornton; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 244, it is stated: "Fitting, parish of Humbleton; Vicarage, worth 13*l.* 6*s.* 4*d.* per annum."

Augmented in 1748, with 200*l.*; in 1771, with 200*l.*; and in 1802, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

"There is nothing preserved to the Vicar but the Easter offerings and petit tithes of orchards, geese, pigs, wolf or willow tops, bees, pigeon cotes, and mortuaries, and twopence the pound each servant's wages. The whole demandable profits of the Vicar do not amount to 6*l.* or 7*l.* a year: it hath no glebe. It hath always been held under sequestration since the Reformation, because there is almost nothing left for the Vicar. It is in the Queen's gift. It is a large parish, consisting of four towns, besides the Chapel of Elsternwick, viz., Humbleton, Danthorpe, Fitline, and Flinton, all of them impropriated. The Church is a stately ancient fabric, and admirably well lighted. Whatever this Church hath lost by the poor condition of the Curates, and the power of impropriators and others, it never had any augmentation or benefaction by any person bestowed upon it." Signed, "Tho. Thompson, Curate."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 818.

26th April 1348, William Archbishop of York granted license to hold the feast of the Dedication on the day after St. Martin's, in winter, which was before held on the morrow after St. Bartholomew, and so fell in time of harvest, to their great hindrance.

An Inclosure Act was passed 46th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1577.

CHARITIES.—*Francis Heron's charity*, by will, dated 20th January 1718. Rent of 49A. 1R. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 70*l.* per annum, for teaching such poor children as should be esteemed proper objects for the charity by the sixteen men and sidesmen chosen for regulating the Church-rates in the said parish, or the major part of them, who appoint a schoolmaster for teaching the said children reading and writing; and the residue of the estate to the churchwardens of Humbleton and the churchwarden of Flinton, with power to collect the rents by turns each his year, to let the premises, with the consent of the major part of the sixteen men aforesaid, and to account to them yearly for the same; and 20*s.* per annum to the minister for an anniversary sermon on some subject of charity on the Sunday next after the testator's funeral, unless the anniversary day should fall on a Sunday, and then the sermon to be preached on that day—notice to be given the Sunday before; and the residue that remains in the hands of the churchwardens to be placed out at interest, and employed by the churchwardens, with the consent of the major part of the sixteen men aforesaid, in putting apprentice to some trade any boy or boys of the townships of Flinton, Humbleton, and Fitling—Flinton to have always the precedency; with power to the said churchwardens, by the advice aforesaid, for repairing the houses at Flinton as often as need shall require. The testator's widow died in 1734, when the churchwardens took and continued in possession of the estate until 1742; but upon an action being brought by Thomas Heron, who claimed as heir-at-law, the churchwardens were advised they could not defend the action, and suffered judgment to go by default: but a suit, however, was afterwards brought in the Court of Chancery (the Attorney-General *v.* Thomas Heron), in which the will was established; and by decree of that Court, dated 25th February 1745, the estate was ordered to be conveyed to trustees, to be approved by the Master, on the trusts of the will; and by deed, dated 3rd and 4th May 1790, the premises became vested in Sir Robert Darcy Hildyard, Bart., and four others, as trustees, of whom, at the Report, only Simon Hornor, Esq. and John Rainer

were then living; but it was in contemplation to appoint others, and to have a new conveyance executed. The master receives 25*l.* per annum for instructing eighteen poor children, viz., six from each of the townships of Flinton, Sutton, and Humbleton, in reading, writing, and the Church Catechism. The number of scholars was increased from twelve to eighteen in 1810.—The Commissioners reported, that there were two other small townships within the parish, which, up to the time of their Report, had received no benefit from this charity; but the trustees contemplated that they would also receive some children from those townships, and augment the master's stipend; that the residue was applied in apprenticing poor children of both sexes of Fitling, Flinton, and Humbleton, with premiums of five guineas for the boys, and three guineas for the girls. These sums were also paid, when no apprentices, to children of either sex on going to service; and by the accounts of the charity, it appeared that in 1820 four boys and two girls were put out, and in 1821 and 1822 two boys and one girl respectively, who received the like premiums; and that the benefit of this charity was confined to the townships of Flinton, Flitton, and Humbleton.—Balance in hand, at the time of the Report, 183*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.*

Meadley's charity. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum to poor widows of Flinton at Easter. The Commissioners reported, that there were no writings to show when or by whom the charity was given. The money is distributed by the owner of the estate himself.—Vide 9th Report, page 765.

Post town, Hull.

Torre's MS., page 1487. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 167. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Humelton). pages 175; (Danetorp), 59. 175; (Fidlinge), 175; (Flintone), 59. 175. Burton's Monasticon, page 223.

ELSTRONWICK.—(*Parish of Humbleton. Curacy.*)—Holderness wapentake, M.D.——Population, 153, vide Humbleton; Church-room, 130; Net value, vide Humbleton.—2nd Kal. July, A.D. 1324, license was granted to the inhabitants of Elsternwick, at their own costs, to have a perpetual Chantry in the Chapel of Elsternwick three days in the week, for celebration of masses, hallowing the bread and water, administering to children and baptizing of infants, and churching of women, by a fit chaplain of their own.

And on the 8th July, 28th Henry VIII., the King's license was granted to consecrate the Chapel, that the inhabitants might hear divine service therein, partake of sacraments and sacramentals, and bury in the same, or chapel-yard thereof, so it was consecrated accordingly.

Patron and impropriator, vide Humbleton.

Valued in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 245, at 29*l.* 12*s.* per annum, paid by the impropriator.

"Elsternwick is a Chapel to Humbleton. The Vicar of Humbleton is obliged to perform divine service once a month, and he is called for Elsternwick at the Visitation, and so are the wardens; repairs its own Chapel, and also pays one-fourth of the repairs of Humbleton Church. No separate register[1]. Has tithe of wool and lamb and all other petit tithe, particularly by ancient custom, time out of mind, every man-servant and maid-servant pay twopence per pound for their yearly wages, besides a twopence, their offering at Easter to the Vicar of Humbleton. There is a piece of ground on the west side of the chapel-yard, commonly called the Vicar's Deall, which belongs also to the Vicars of Humbleton. The whole profits arising out of the Chapelry of Elsternwick to the Vicar of Humbleton do not exceed 4*l.*" Signed, "Tho. Thomson, Curate."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 803.

An Inclosure Act was passed 46th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house.

Charities.—*Poor's Estate.* Rent of 9A. 0R. 16P. of land and five houses, let, at the time of the Report, for 18*l.* per annum. These arise, and are mentioned in the Returns of Charitable Donations, made to Parliament in 1786, under the head of Elsternwick, which is a township in Humbleton, of land vested in the overseers, for the benefit of the poor, by a surrender from one Henry Gedney in 1668. The township of Elsternwick

[1] This appears to be still the case, as there is no return.

was inclosed under an Act passed 46th Geo. III., previous to which the overseers appear to have been in possession of some land in the open fields, being copyhold lands, held of the manor of Elsternwick, which they claimed to hold by the description of an oxgang, under the denomination of town lands. The property was formally awarded by the Commissioners to the heirs of Henry Gedney, but no claim being made by them, the lord of the manor got possession thereof, and did, by deed, dated 31st December 1818, convey the same to trustees, for the instruction of poor children of both sexes (at the time of the Report, eighteen), the boys in reading, and the girls in reading, knitting, and sewing. No child to be admitted without the approbation of the trustees, being children of such poor persons as have not property to the value of 100*l.* or upwards, or who, not having property to that amount, do not pay rent for house and land higher than 8*l.* per annum, and none to be admitted under the age of five, or continue therein after the age of twelve. Two-thirds of the rents are paid to the schoolmaster or schoolmistress, and of the other one-third 30*s.* is paid for books, and 20*s.* for fuel, for the school, and the residue to poor persons at Christmas, at the discretion of the trustees, such distributions to be made so as not to go in ease or reduction of the poor's rates; but the Commissioners reported, that in 1818 the residue of the rents were applied in defraying the expenses incurred in building a school-room, of which sum 23*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* then (October 1822) remained to be discharged.—Vide 9th Report, page 766.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS., page 1492. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 167.

KAYINGHAM.—ST. NICHOLAS[1]. —(*Discharged Vicarage*[2].)—Area, 3,210 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 636[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[1]; NET VALUE, 92*l.* At the time of the Domesday Survey there was a Church at Kayingham with a priest, also thirty villanes having three ploughs.

This Church was given by Stephen, Earl of Albemarle, to the Abbey of Albemarle, and afterwards by King Edward I. to the Abbey of Meaux, in part of recompence for the Manors of Myton and town of Kingston-upon-Hull, which that Monastery granted to the crown. In 1349 it was appropriated to the Abbey of Meaux, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 13th June in that year.

This is one of the advowsons given by King Henry VIII. to the See of York in exchange, and the Archbishop is now the patron and impropriator.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 18*l.*; in the King's books (where it is called a Discharged Vicarage), at 12*l.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 7. 10. 270, it is stated: "The Rectory was valued at 198*l.* 1*s.* 2*d.* per annum." The Rectory belongs to the Archbishop. "12*l.* paid to the Vicar out of tithes worth 200*l.*;" and in 1818, at 42*l.* per annum.

Archbishop Sterne made an augmentation to the living of 8*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1795 with 200*l.*; in 1811, with 200*l.*; in 1812, with 200*l.*; and in 1821, with 1,200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—all by lot; and in 1831, with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Archbishop of York.

"The tithes are impropriated to the Archbishop of York, viz. corn, hay, wool, and lamb, with other privy tithes, to the value of 140*l.* per annum. Yearly value of the Vicarage, 20*l.* An augmentation of 8*l.* per annum by Archbishop Sterne." Signed "Robt. Jellison, Curate."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,043.

There was an unreported decree as to tithes, in the Exchequer in Easter Term, 31st Car. II.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1618; but imperfect for 1767.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Edward Ombler, Esq.'s charity*, by will, in 1802. Dividends on 200*l.* invested in the funds, but the

[1] Or St. Michael.

[2] Now held as a Perpetual Curacy. There had been no institution in Archbishop Sharp's time for one hundred years back.

[3] In 1834, the population was returned at 639.

[1] In 1818, the Church accommodation was returned as "more than 532."

amount of stock and dividends are not stated, for the education of nine or ten children of the parish.

Edward Marritt's gift, by will, dated 27th April 1807, and proved at York in May 1811. Dividends on 255*l.* 4*s.* new four per cents., expectant on the death of an annuitant, Charlotte Say, spinster, who at the time of the report was still living; from and after her death to the use of Kayingham school, at the discretion of his heirs, to be applied as they should think most to the benefit of the school.—Vide 10th Report, page 663.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS., page 1599. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 153. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Chaingeham), pages 178. 243. Mon. Angl. vol. v. pages 389. 396. 398. Burton's Monasticon, page 298.

KILNSEA.—ST. HELEN.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,130 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 158[1]; NO CHURCH; NET VALUE, 82*l.* This Church was given by Stephen, Earl of Albemarle, to the Priory of Birstall, which was a cell to the Abbey of Albemarle, to which Abbey this Church was, in 1228, appropriated. Afterwards, with the rest of the possessions of that Abbey, it came to the Abbey of Kirkstall.

No endowment is given by Torre. The first vicar mentioned in his catalogue was instituted in 1274.

In Archbishop Sharp's days, the Church was ruinous and without a minister, in consequence of which the Archbishop proposed to issue a sequestration[2].

The patronage has been in the Thompsons, of Sheriff Hutton, since 1769, and probably much longer.

Present patron and impropriator, G. L. Thompson, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and the Vicarage at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 6*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. p. 257, it is stated: Vicarage worth 15*l.*, "Minister aged and blind;" and in 1818 at 98*l.* 5*s.* per annum.

[1] Viz. Kilnsea, 106; and Spurn, 52.

[2] The Church has been destroyed by the sea.

Augmented in 1745 with 200*l.*; in 1779 with 200*l.*; and in 1808 with 200*l.*—all by lot.

"The Vicarage is endowed with all tithe, corn excepted. Yearly value, 10*l.*" Signed "Josias Tookerman."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 838.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1711.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pattrington.

Torre's MS., page 1573. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 145. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Chilnesse), page 175. Thompson's Swine, page 233. Thompson's Occ. Prom., page 20. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 552. Gentleman's Magazine, July 1821. Burton's Monasticon, page 299.

LEVEN.—ST. FAITH.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 5,070 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.——POPULATION, 771[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 1,190*l.* An ancient Rectory, formerly of the patronage of the Collegiate Church of Beverley, after the Dissolution it was granted to the Eyres, then reverted to the Crown, and was granted to the Whartons, who presented till 1726, when it came to the family of Pennymans, Baronets.

Present patron, the Rev. G. Sampson.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 13*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books at 16*l.* 13*s.* 1½*d.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations, 1*l.* 10*s.*; Sacrist of Beverley, 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Provost of do. 40*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 283, it is stated: "Clear value 75*l.* 3*s.* per annum, including four oxgangs."

An Inclosure Act was passed 31st Geo. III.

JURISDICTION.—In the Diocese of York.—Vide Beverley.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt under a faculty dated 20th July 1816.

The Register Books commence in 1628.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 249. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 171.

[1] Viz. Hempholme, 102; and Leven, 669.

MAPPLETON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage*[1], *Peculiar.*)—Area, 5,180 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 473[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150[3]; NET VALUE, 58*l.* This Church formerly belonged to the Abbey and Convent of Albemarle, and in 1230 was appropriated by Archbishop Walter Gray to the Archdeaconry of the East Riding, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1253.

Patron, the Archdeacon of the East Riding of York.

Impropriator, — Moiser, Esq.

No institutions since the Restoration. Dr. Breary made an augmentation of 8*l.* per annum.

Torre gives a catalogue of Vicars to 1641.

Valued in the King's books at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 292, and vol. xviii. page 93, it is stated: "Mappleton cum Rowlston: Little Cowden was anciently a parish, but we cannot learn that it pays any tithes at present;" and in 1818, at 60*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1809 with 200*l.*, by lot. In 1811 with 300*l.*; from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Dean of Ripon, and 100*l.* from the Rev. William Gee; and in 1822 with 300*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Dean of Ripon.

An Inclosure Act was passed 10th Geo. III. (Great Cowden.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books, for baptisms and burials, commence in 1683; and for marriages in 1687.

CHARITIES.—*Robert Brown's charity*, by will, dated 5th May 1790. Dividends on 126*l.* 5*s.* four per cent. consols, for purchasing 2*s.*-worth of white bread every other week for the poor, after divine service, in the Church, and in no other place, except some of the poor should be prevented attending through sickness or bodily infirmity, and the residue of the dividends to be distributed at Christmas to the poor, at the discretion of the minister and churchwardens.

Town Stock.—The sum of 6*l.* 13*s.* belonging to the poor of this parish, is mentioned in the Returns to Parliament of Charitable Donations in 1786, and vested in the overseers. The Commissioners reported that it appeared from the old parish account books, that there was formerly a similar sum in the hands of the overseers at five per cent. interest; that the money was not understood to have arisen from any charitable benefactions, but was considered as Town Stock, and the interest was stated to have been always applied to the general purposes of the parish; that for the last twenty years (preceding their Report), however, or upwards, no entries in respect to the interest were to be found in the overseers' accounts, and they could not ascertain what had become of the principal money.—Vide 9th Report, page 767.

Post town, Hornsea.

Torre's MS., (Peculiars), page 793. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 191. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Mapletone), pages 176; (Coldun), 176; (Hedfeld), 176. Burton's Monasticon, pages 299. 386.

MARFLEET.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,110 acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D.—POPULATION, 130; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 54*l.* This was a Chapel originally given to the Abbey of Albemale, and by them conveyed to the Priory of Kirkham.

Appropriated to the College of Sutton.

Patron, J. Hall, Esq.

Impropriators, — Carleil, Esq., and — Mander, Esq.

Valued in 1707 at 6*l.* 15*s.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 233, 273, at 29*l.*, and stated: "Chapel in Holderness to be made a parish Church;" and in 1818 at 70*l.* 4*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1740 with 200*l.*; in 1776, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.*; and in 1828, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

24th January 1793, faculty granted to rebuild the Church.

"The impropriator of the parish of Paul and Marfleet is entitled to tithes in

[1] Now held as a Perpetual Curacy.

[2] Viz. Cowdens, 146; Great Hatfield, 146; and Mappleton and Rowlston, 181. The population return of 1831 includes the whole of Cowdens Township, which is partly in Aldborough parish, and also the whole of Great Hatfield, which is partly in Sigglesthorne parish. In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at 420.

[3] In 1818, returned at 250.

kind. Waterland *v.* Parker."—2 Wood, page 36.

An Inclosure Act was passed 3rd Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being a "small ancient mean cottage;" and returned unfit in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1713. — Vide Earlier Transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—*Payment out of Land.* A yearly sum of 1*l.* is collected by the overseers of the poor at Lady-day; part of it, 17*s.* 2*d.*, is paid by Henry Broadley, Esq., in respect of a farm at Marfleet, and 2*s.* 10*d.*, the remainder, by Mr. Benjamin Petty, in respect of another farm also situate at Marfleet. The Commissioners reported that no account could be given of the origin of those payments, or of the time when they commenced, and that the money had uniformly been added to the poor's rates. —Vide 9th Report, page 768.

Post town, Hedon.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Mereslet), page 176. Burton's Monasticon, pages 278. 299.

NORTH FRODINGHAM.——ST. ELGINE.——(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,880 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 711; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 170*l.* Here was a Church and a priest at the time of the Norman Survey, also three fisheries.

The Church was given to the Abbey of Thornton upon Humber, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein[1].

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Patron, the Rev. Francis Drake, D.D.

Impropriator, P. Saltmarshe, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 8*l.*; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 5*l.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 282, it is stated: "93*l.* 10*s.* total value, including six oxgangs."

Augmented in 1777 with 200*l.*, by lot; and in 1786, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of a Rent-charge of 20*l.* per annum, and an oxgang of glebe in reversion from the Rev. Christopher Blackiston, and in the same year with 200*l.*, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 41st Geo. III.

No glebe house.

3rd June 1815, a faculty was granted to new pew the Church.

The Register Books commence in 1677.

CHARITIES.—*The Rev. Samuel Hunter's charity.* Interest of 25*l.*, which, with accumulations of interest, there being no schoolmaster in the parish between the years 1803 and 1807, was increased to 30*l.*, which sum is secured on promissory note, and the interest (30*s.* per annum) is paid to the schoolmaster for teaching four poor children the English tongue and the Church catechism free of charge except 1*s.* per quarter, and he accordingly teaches the said number reading, writing, and accounts.

Francis Smith's gift, by will, dated in January 1812. Interest of 10*l.* in bread to the poor communicants who attend the communion at Easter, Whitsuntide, Michaelmas, and Christmas. Distributed by and at the discretion of the minister and churchwardens, pursuant to the directions of the will.—Vide 9th Report, page 760.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS., page 1407. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 181. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Fotingham), page 180. Burton's Monasticon, page 299.

NUNKEELING.——(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,220 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 263[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 55*l.* The Church was given by Agnes de Archis to the Nunnery of Keeling, founded by her, and was served by a Stipendiary.

Patron and Impropriator, Mrs. Dixon.

Valued in 1707 at 20*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 289. 343, it is stated; "20*l.* paid by

[1] Archbishop Sharp's List of Incumbents is meagre.

[1] Viz. Nunkeeling with Bewholme. The population includes twenty-nine persons, inmates of a lunatic asylum. In 1834, the population was returned at 234.

the impropriator; minister, 13*l.*;" and in 1818, at 37*l.* 5*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1807 with 200*l.*; in 1811, with 200*l.*; in 1817, with 200*l.*, from the royal bounty, and 200*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant; and in 1825, with 200*l.*,—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 13th Geo. II. (for Bewham.)

No glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms commence in 1606—defective 1710 to 1734; burials, in 1559—defective 1714 to 1717, and 1796 to 1798; and for marriages, in 1656—deficient 1677 to 1695, and 1714 to 1754.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—*George Acklam's charity*, dated 16th May 1630, as appears by a memorandum inserted in an old parish register of Nunkeeling, in the possession of the Rev. James Wilson, Vicar, under that date. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum, formerly said to be 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum, being the interest of 5*l.* paid by Mr. George Acklam to the then churchwardens, agreeably to the wish of his father, George Acklam, to poor people, upon the forenoon of Thursday next before Easter, yearly, by the churchwardens for the time being, with the consent of one of the Acklams. The Commissioners reported that they had found no traces of the payment of 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum, but the book referred to contained a copy in part of a deed (the date whereof was not given in consequence of the leaves containing it and the inceptive part of the said copy being torn out), whereby one George Acklam covenanted and granted to and with Robert Richardson and others to pay the sum of 5*s.* as aforesaid, chargeable upon his property; that there was no doubt but both the documents related to the same charity; that the money was regularly paid till within about twelve or fourteen years (preceding their Report), when Sir William Pennyman, Bart., to whom the estate chargeable therewith belonged to, sold it to a Mr. Joseph Shepherd, who refused to continue the payment, and it had not then been since received; that the estate was then the property of Thomas Ward, Esq. of Bridlington, who had since purchased it, and who in answer to an application made to him upon the subject, had expressed his readiness to resume the payment if the property was liable to it; and that it appeared to them that the document above referred to, coupled with the long course of payments by former owners of the estate, were strong evidences to fix the rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum, and they hoped, therefore, that the payment would no longer be refused.—Vide 9th Report, page 768.

Post town, Hornsea.

Torre's MS., page 1637. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 178. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Chellinge), pages 179, 180; (Begun), 180. Burton's Monasticon, pages 385, 386. Mon. Angl., vol. iv. page 185.

PRIORY.—The Priory of Nunkeeling for Benedictine Nuns, was founded in 1152, by Agnes de Archis, and contained in general twelve Nuns.

OTTERINGHAM.——ST. WILFRED.——(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 4,320 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D.——POPULATION, 627; CHURCH-ROOM, 450; NET VALUE, 83*l.* In Otteringham there was a Church and a Priest at the time of the Domesday Survey.

The Church was given to the Priory of Bridlington, by William de Ottringham and Richard his brother, and appropriated thereto by Pope Clement III.

The controversy between the Convent of Meaux and the Priory of Bridlington about the tithes here was thus agreed in A.D. 1294, viz. that the Abbot and Convent of Meaux should waive their privilege.

Patron, Frederick Watt, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in 1707, the Living was valued at 17*l.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 262, it is stated: "Vicarage, 34*l.* Impropriation, 250*l.*;" and in 1818, at 39*l.* per annum.

The Valor Ecc. mentions a Chantry.

Augmented in 1778 with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.*; and in 1816, with 1,200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant,—all by lot.

"All the tithes are impropriate. The Curate has no part or parcel of the tithes. which are of the yearly value of 200*l.*, save a small salary of 15*l.* per annum, paid to him by Mr. Francis Boynton, a Protestant gentleman, the impropriator, in right of his wife." Signed by the Curate; name illegible.—Notitia Parochialis, No. 561.

In Archbishop Sharp's time, the impropriate Rectory was worth 250*l.* per annum, out of which only 15*l.* per annum was paid to the Curate.

JURISDICTION.—In the Diocese of York.—Vide Beverley.

An Inclosure Act was passed 31st Geo. II.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1559. Deficient in 1713.—Vide Transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*The Church lands.* This property consists of 99 acres of land, let at the time of the Report for 120*l.* per annum, allotted on an inclosure in 1760, in lieu of open field land, for defraying the expenses incurred in the perambulation of the parish, for maintaining the road to the Church, supplying bell ropes, and for other purposes on account of the Church.

Webster's and Walker's benefactions. The sums of 5*l.* and 35*l.*, formerly given for the poor, but many years ago (say the Commissioners) expended in building a poor house for the reception of parish paupers. No interest had hitherto been paid thereon, but it had been recommended that such interest should be paid in future out of the poor rates, and distributed to the poor not receiving parish relief.

Mary Fox's charity, by will, dated 25th October 1792. Interest of 100*l.*, and by deed, dated 7th November 1793, the executors assigned a mortgage for securing the same, and interest at four and a half per cent. of one twenty-sixth part of the rates, tolls, tonnages and duties to be collected under an Act passed 1st Geo. III. for amending the roads, &c., near Pattrington, to be yearly applied to and for purchasing books and other materials, and putting to school four poor children, boys or girls, chosen by the Curate, churchwardens and overseers, who are taught reading, writing, and arithmetic, and the Church catechism. The children sent are required to be not under the age of seven years, but at the time of the Report the four sent were from nine to twelve, and usually continued three years at school if their parents thought proper.—Vide 9th Report, page 769.

Post town, Pattrington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 229. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 151. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Otringeham), pages 59. 177, 178. Burton's Monasticon, page 236, 237. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. pages 287. 291.

OWTHORNE.——ST. PETER.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 3,810 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D[1].—POPULATION, 401[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 282*l.* This Church was given by Stephen, Earl of Albemarle, to the Priory of Bristall, and afterwards came to the Priory of Kirkstall, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained; and afterwards, on the 6th Oct. 1453, a new Vicarage was ordained therein,

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and the Vicarage at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 11*l.* 6*s.* 1*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.* 6*d.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and the Abbot of Kirkstall, 2*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 267, it is stated: "Vicarage worth 40*l.* per annum; South Frodingham, Rimswell, and Waxam, to have a Chapel built, there having formerly been one."

"One of the Sister Churches, the other ruined. Not above two hundred paces from the German ocean, and therefore daily of less value. The Vicarage is endowed with tithe, hay, wool, lamb, and other small tithe, except tithe fish only, claimed by Anthony Cope and his heirs, of Hanwell, in Oxon. Now lost; nothing got by any for twenty-five years last past. The value very little above 40*l.* per annum. No glebe, but the Vicarage house and about half an acre in

[1] And extends into the Middle Division.

[2] Viz. South Frodingham, 60; Owthorne, 129; Rimswell, 144; and Waxholme, 68. In 1834, the population was returned at 417.

the yard."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1,045.

A decree in the Exchequer in Hilary Term, 38th Elizabeth, as to tithes is unreported.

An Inclosure Act was passed 46th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "situate so near the sea as to be deemed unfit for repair;" and returned "unfit" in 1834.

4th December 1793, a faculty was granted to take down the chancel of the Church, on account of the encroachment of the sea.

20th December 1799, ditto granted to take down the Church.

25th June 1801, new Church consecrated.

The Register Books commence in 1574.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pattrington.

Torre's MS., page 1511. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 156. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Rimeswelle), pages 178; (Washam), 178. Burton's Monasticon, pages 299, 300. 384. Thompson's Occ. Prom. page 112. Mon. Angl. vol. v. page 522.

SOUTH FRODINGHAM.—(*Parish of Owthorne.*)—It appears that there was formerly a Chapel here, which was given to Birstal Priory by Stephen, Earl of Albemarle, and afterwards sold to Kirkham Priory.

WAXHAM.—(*Parish of Owthorne.*)—Here was formerly a Chapel, which was granted with Owthorne to the Priory of Kirkstall.

The Monks of Watre were Lords of the manor of Waxham.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Washam), p. 178.

PATTRINGTON.—ST. PATRICK.——(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,180 acres, Holderness wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 1,298; CHURCH-ROOM, 650; NET VALUE, 628*l.* The Manor of Pattrington belonged to the Archbishops of York ever since the gift of twenty-four cassets of land therein by King Knute to Archbishop Alfric, and here the Archbishop claimed to have the assize of bread and wine, wreck of sea, and waifes.

The Church was of the patronage of the College of Beverley. After the Dissolution the patronage was granted to the Constables, but since 1725, the Master and Fellows of Clare Hall, Cambridge, have presented[1].

Torre gives a broken catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 41*l.*; in the King's books at 21*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.* per annum; Synodals, 10*s.*; Church of Beverley, 1*l.*, and 6*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 261, it is stated: "The tithes are worth 163*l.* per annum, glebe 20*l.*"

The Church has a lofty spire, which forms, says Mr. Bigland, a very conspicuous object in many of the Holderness prospects.

JURISDICTION.—In the Diocese of York.—Vide Beverley.

An Inclosure Act was passed 6th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1570.

CHARITIES.—*Mrs. Ann Watson's* and *the Rev. Nicholas Nicholl's benefactions*, by wills, dated respectively September 1721 and 1772. Rent-charge of 2*l.* 12*s.* per annum for the poor. There is also a rent-charge of 26*s.* per annum, Watson's gift. (See General Charities.)

Robert Robinson's charity, by will, dated 17th June 1779. Interest of 26*l.* for bread for the poor, weekly. This was at the time of the Report applied with the above charities.

BENEFACTIONS AND COTTAGES FOR THE POOR.—From entries in an old parish register it appears that other sums have been given formerly for the poor, viz., —*Wringleton's*, in 1650, 40*l.*; *Captain Hildyard's*, in 1685, 5*l.* for the poor, and 5*l.* for the repairs of the bell frames in the parish Church; *Frances Maister's*, in 1707, interest of 10*l.* to the poor on Christmas-day; and *Alderman William Duncalf's* and *Mrs. Hall's*, interest of two sums of 5*l.* each, to the poor on New-year's-day and Good Friday. The Commissioners reported that mention is also made of a further sum of 20*l.* as

[1] Viz. In 1725, 1734, 1772, 1781, 1782, 1790, 1803, and 1805.

belonging to the poor under the name of Town Stock, but of the acquisition thereof no particulars were known; that the above donations amounted to 90*l.*; that 50*l.* was laid out many years ago in the purchase of four cottages for poor persons of Pattrington, and the residue they understood was lent to the parish to be employed on other purposes, for its general benefit, at five per cent. interest, which is allowed out of the rates. That this interest, together with that of Robinson's, and the two rent-charges first above mentioned, are thrown together into one fund, and the whole thereof, with 2*s.* added by the parish, was then laid out in bread, of which 3*s.* worth is distributed by the churchwardens every Sunday at Church after morning service, among the deserving poor of the parish frequenting the Church, and other distressed and indigent objects of charity.

Poor's Cottages. There are four cottages, one whereof (purchased as above stated) was burnt down several years ago; the remainder, with a small tenement adjoining, left, as supposed, by some person unknown, for the residence of poor widows, are occupied, rent free, by poor widows and other poor belonging to the parish, who are put in by the overseers. There is also a small garth adjoining, and partly surrounded by the cottages, of about a quarter of an acre, which is used by the inmates for a garden.—Vide 9th Report, page 770.

A post town.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 225. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 150. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Patrictone), page 43. Bigland's Yorkshire, page 441.

PAUL.—ST. ANDREW AND ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 5,020 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D.——POPULATION, 739[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 160*l.*—The Church was given by Stephen Earl of Albemarle to the Abbey of Albemarle, from whence it came to the Abbey of Kirkstall, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1250; and after the Dissolution, it was granted, in the 5th and 6th of Philip and Mary, to the see of York, and the Archbishop of York is still the patron.

Impropriators, H. M. Blaydes, Esq. and Mrs. S. Stovin.

No endowment is given by Torre.—The first Vicar mentioned in his catalogue was instituted in 1291.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, cum parva Thorn, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 10*l.* 0*s.* 4*d.* per annum, after deducting for Procurations, 4*s.*, and Church of Beverley, 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 272, it is stated: "The Church being burnt at the Raising of Hull Bridge, since which time the people have assembled in the minister's house. The glebe and other profits of the Vicarage are worth together 43*l.* per annum[1]."

7th October 1822, faculty granted to re-pew the Church, and make certain alterations therein.

Inclosure Acts were passed 12th and 51st Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1657.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS., page 1607. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 157. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Paghel), pages 174; (Thorne Gumband), 174. Burton's Monasticon, page 299. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 552.

THORGUMBALD.——(*Parish of Paul*[2]. *Curacy.*)—Holderness wapentake, S.D.——POPULATION, 266, vide Paul[3]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, vide Paul.—This Church was given by Stephen Earl of Albemarle to the Abbey of Albemarle, and afterwards passed to Kirkstall Priory.

Patron, vide Paul.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii.

[1] Viz. Paul, 473; and Thorgumbald, 266.

[1] "The impropriator of the parish of Paul and Marfleet, in Yorkshire, is entitled to tithes in kind.—Waterland *v.* Parker." 2 Wood, page 36.

[2] But in the MS. Book in the Registrar's Office said to be in the parish of Skeckling.

[3] Returned in 1834 at 276.

pages 273—307, it is stated: "To be made a parish, and Cammerton united."

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books, vide Paul.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Hedon.

Not mentioned by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 157. Burton's Monasticon, page 300. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Thorne Gumband), page 174.

PRESTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 5,110 acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D[1].—POPULATION, 957[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 81*l.* — The manor of Preston was given by the Conqueror to Dru de Bevorer, a Fleming, together with all Holderness itself.

At the time of the Domesday Survey, here was a Church and a priest.

Walter Gray having obtained from the Abbey of Albemarle, to which it had been given by Stephen Earl of Albemarle, this Church, with its Chapels and appurtenances, founded therein, A.D. 1229, his new dignity of the Sub-deanery, annexing and appropriating thereto this Church of Preston, which he freed from all episcopal performance, and a Vicarage was ordained therein.

No particulars of the endowment given.

There was a Chantry here, called Pickering's Chantry, founded in 1341 by Hugh de Preston for the souls of King Edward the Third, the Canons of York, Robert de Pickering, and Hugh de Preston and his parents.

"This parish," says Archbishop Sharp, "belongs to, or did anciently, the town of Hedon, in which there are three Chapelries, St. Augustine's, St. Nicholas's, and St. Mary's, all belonging to the Sub-deanery of York, as appendant to the Church of Preston, and in that respect the Sub-dean hath jurisdiction over them all."

25th June 1564, a composition was made between the Vicar of Preston and the Rector of Hedon, and the inhabitants of Hedon, as to finding a Curate in the Church of Hedon.

[1] The township of Preston is partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Lelley, 114; and Preston, 843.

Patron and impropriator, the Sub-dean of York.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars, commencing in 1298.

Valued in the King's books, at 12*l.* per annum. In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 250. 499, and vol. xviii. page 35, it is stated: "Vicarage, 16*l.* Vicar hath tithe of fruit, chickens, pigs, and half of the tithe geese in the townships of Preston and Lelly, worth 8*l.* per annum;"—and in 1818 (jointly with Hedon), at 117*l.* per annum.

There was a Chantry in this Church.

Augmented in 1772, with 200*l.*, by lot; and in 1777, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* from the lord of the manor and others, in pursuance of an Act of Parliament.

28th April 1797, faculty granted to re-pew the Church.

24th March 1831, ditto to give up ninety yards of the church-yard, in order to widen the high road.

Inclosure Acts were passed 9th Geo. III. (Lelly), 12th Geo. III., and 13th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "very small; only two rooms down stairs; no chambers, and no staircase." In 1834, the return was, "No glebe house."

The Register Books commence in 1559: but deficient 1645, 1646, 1647, 1648, 1650, and 1651; and burials 1644 to 1651.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Estate. James Rand's charity*, by will, dated 27th October 1700. Rent of 35A. 2R. 28P. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 60*l.* per annum, and one house (occupied, at the time of the Report, by four poor persons, rent-free), for the use of the poor. The land was originally purchased with 160*l.*, bequeathed to the trustees, which was laid out in the purchase of two half oxgangs of land in the open fields of Preston, which were conveyed by deeds, dated 21st and 22nd August 1711, unto Ralph Burnsall for life, and after his decease, to the then Vicar and overseers of the poor, upon the trusts of the will; and upon the inclosure in 1774, two allotments—one of 34A. 3R. 15P., and the other of 3R. 13P. of land—were awarded in lieu of the two half oxgangs. The rents of the

land, after deducting the expense of building a cottage and barn (14*l.* 8*s.* 10*d.* per annum), are applied for the benefit of the poor, the amount being added to the produce of other charitable funds after mentioned.

Thomas Helms's charity, by will, dated 13th August 1718. Rent of 20A. 3R. 33P. of land, purchased with 400*l.*, and let, at the time of the Report, for 54*l.* 10*s.* per annum, for the education of poor children, and the relief of poor persons; one moiety thereof to the schoolmaster, for teaching twenty-seven children reading, writing, accounts, and the Church Catechism; and the other moiety, together with the balance of the rents of the poor's estate, distributed by the minister and churchwardens on the Thursdays before Christmas and Whitsuntide among poor widows and other poor of the parish, preference being given to widows and poor not receiving parish relief.

TOWNSHIP OF LELLEY.

John Marshall's gift, by will, dated 3rd January 1803. Dividends on 187*l.* 12*s.* 10*d.* new four per cents., for bread for the poor, distributed at the Church half-yearly, at the discretion of the minister and churchwardens. About one hundred persons partake of this charity each time, who receive different quantities, according to their wants and families.

William Hardy's charity, by will, dated 23rd February 1727, as appeared by a copy in the possession of the parish officers, from which the following is an extract:—"Item—I give a dozen of white bread, to be distributed for the use of the poor of Preston every Sunday for ever, to be paid by the owner of the half oxgang of land called by the name of Cooks, and to be given as the owner shall think proper."

The Commissioners reported, that from the returns to Parliament in 1786, it appeared that this charity (therein described as a rent-charge upon land, vested in Francis Hardy,) had been discontinued some time, and that there seemed to be no evidence then existing whereby they could ascertain when the charity was last administered, under what circumstances it was given up, nor any sufficiently conclusive, as it appeared to them, to identify the premises charged therewith, and were fearful, therefore, the charity might be considered as lost.

Payment of 1*l. per annum.* This is a rent-charge of 1*l.*, made by Mr. John Bennington, of North Park, to the poor of Lelley. The payment was made by his father, who derived it from a relation. The money is distributed by the family themselves, and at their discretion.—Vide 9th Report, page 771.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 769. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 186. Burton's Monasticon, page 299.

RISE.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,920 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.——POPULATION, 164; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 550*l.*—This Church was anciently both a Rectory and a Vicarage, in the patronage of the Falconberghs, knights; but in A.D. 1252, when Sir Peter de Falconbergia, knight, had presented William de Beverley, his clerk, to the Church of Rise, he did it upon condition that after the decease of the said William, the whole Vicarage of the Church should be fully consolidated to William de Beverlaco.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.*; in the King's books, at 10*l.* 0*s.* 4*d.* per annum, after deducting for Thraves, Synodals, &c., 2*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 285, at 78*l.* per annum.

There was a Chantry founded in this Church, at the altar of St. Thomas the Martyr.

JURISDICTION.——In the diocese of York.—Vide Beverley.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1559. Burials deficient 1608, 1615, 1649, 1650, 1651, 1652; marriages deficient 1703 to 1718 inclusive; and baptisms deficient 1603 to 1615, and 1695 to 1703 inclusive.

CHARITIES.—*Sir Hugh Bethell's charity*, by will, dated 30th May 1679. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum to the poor, by the overseers, with the consent of Hugh Bethell, his nephew and heir.

Poor's Estate. This consists of a small estate, situate at Withernwick,

belonging to the poor of Rise, viz., 3A. 2R. of land, and one house, let, at the time of the Report, for 12*l.* per annum, which, after being subject to 4*s.* 3*d.* land-tax, and 2*l.* to the parish of Withernwick, the residue is added to the above rent-charge, received as above from the manor of Rise, and the amount is distributed by the overseers at Christmas amongst poor persons of the parish, according to a list made out by Mr. Bethell and the minister, and a regular account of the distribution is entered in a book of receipts and payments of the rents, which commences in 1738, when the estate was purchased, partly with the sum of 4*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.* from the overseers, which was repaid them out of the rents, but it does not appear how the remainder was derived. — Vide 9th Report, page 773.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS., page 1455. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 172. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Rison), pages 60. 179. 181. 243.

RISTON.—SAINT MARGARET.—(*Rectory in charge*[1].)—Area, 3,490 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 379[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 225; NET VALUE, vide Hornsea.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriator, the Rev. C. Constable.

Valued in the King's Books, vide Hornsea; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 285, it is stated: "Clear value, 75*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*"

There is a charge of 590*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.* under Gilbert's Act, which will cease in 1852.

An Inclosure Act was passed 11th Geo. III. (Long Riston and Arnold.)

No glebe house in 1818; no return in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1653. Deficient 1693.

Parochial Charities.—Vide Hornsea.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS., page 1455. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ristune), pages 176. 181; (Arnestorp), 176. Burton's Monasticon, pages 238. 253. 386.

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[1] Torre merely names the Chapel as in the parish of Hornsea.

[2] Part of the township of Arnold is in this parish; the remainder is in the parish of Swine.

ROOSS.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,190 acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D. — POPULATION, 430[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[2]; NET VALUE, 602*l.*—Here was a Church and a priest at the time of the Norman Survey.

This is an ancient Rectory, formerly in the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Kirkham, which Monastery had out of it an annual pension of two marks, which was confirmed to them by Archbishop Walter Gray, 3rd Non. February, A.D. 1223. The Advowson was given by Queen Elizabeth to the Lord Burghley, in whose family it continued till 1776, when Mark Kirkby, Esq. presented, since which the presentation has been in the family of the Sykes's, Baronets.

Patron, the Rev. C. Sykes.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 15*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Pens. Prioris. de Kirkham in eadem, 2*l.*; in the King's books, at 19*l.* per annum; Synodals, 4*s.* 6*d.*; Prior of Kirkham, 40*s.*; Church of Beverley, 3*l.* 12*s.* 8*d.*; and Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 247, at 90*l.* per annum.

25th July 1835, faculty to rebuild a gallery.

An Inclosure Act was passed 23rd Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1571. Deficient 1602 to 1607, and 1612 to 1620.

CHARITIES.—*George Green's charity*, by will, dated 18th August 1671. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum to the poor on new year's day. There are also two other rent-charges of 6*s.* 8*d.* each; one by Reginald Marriott, by surrender, in 1675, and the other by a person unknown, paid at Whitsuntide, and distributed as above.

Town's Stock. This consists of the sum of 6*l.*, the amount of two benefactions, one of them by a person named William Gibson, which had been in the hands of the successive overseers of the poor at interest, until the Easter preceding the Report, when the Commissioners

[1] Viz. Rooss and part of Oustwick; remainder in Garton parish.—In 1834, the population was returned at 550.

[2] Estimated at 400 in 1818.

reported it was expended for the use of the parish. The interest used to be added to the sacrament-money, and it had been recommended that it should henceforth be raised out of the parish rates, and applied in the same manner as before.

Thomas Dixon's charity. Rent-charge of 1*l*. 8*s*. per annum, for bread for poor persons most in need who attend the Church; twelve penny loaves on each of the four sacrament-days, and six penny loaves on each Sunday besides through the year.

Church Lands. This property, of which the acquisition is unknown, consists of the rents of 8A. 1R. of land, two houses, rents-charge of 2*s*. 8*d*. per annum, and the interest of 30*l*. on personal security. The annual rents and interest amount to 19*l*. 14*s*. 8*d*., which, after deducting the rent of a dwelling-house and croft, occupied by Christopher Wright, (who, being a poor man employed about the Church, his rent is returned,) is applied by the churchwardens with the church-rates.—Vide 9th Report, page 773.

Post town, Pattrington.

Torre's MS., page 1521. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 165. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Rosse), pages 175. 184; (Hostewic), 175.

ROUTH.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge*.)—Area, 2,290 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 119[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient[2]; NET VALUE, 470*l*.—The Church of Ruda, or Routh, is an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Rosses of Routh, knights, for many generations, and from them descended to the Hillyards, knights.

Patronesses, the Misses Ellerker.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l*. 13*s*. 4*d*.; in the King's books, at 8*l*. 17*s*. per annum, after deducting for Synodals 3*s*., Procurations 3*s*. 6*d*., and Thraves, &c., 2*l*. 2*s*. 9*d*.; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 285, at 66*l*. 19*s*. 5½*d*. per annum.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, on account of "its ruinous condition;" but in 1834 was returned fit for residence.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 91.

[2] In 1818, the return was 200.

The Register Books for marriages commence in 1633, and for baptisms and burials in 1639.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS., page 1495. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 170. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Rute), page 176. Burton's Monasticon, page 238.

SIGGLESTHORNE.—ST. LAWRENCE.—(*Rectory in charge*.)—Area, 5,380 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.——POPULATION, 578[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[2]; NET VALUE, 685*l*.—There was a Church and a priest at Sigglesthorne at the time of Domesday Survey.

The Church was anciently of the patronage of the Archbishop of York, and of the jurisdiction of the Church of Beverley, but now in the Crown, and the patronage is exercised by the Prime Minister.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 28*l*. 13*s*. 4*d*.; in the King's books, at 31*l*. 1*s*. 1*d*. per annum, after deducting for Pension to the Provost of Beverley, 60*s*., Thraves, 3*l*. 8*s*. 10*d*., Procurations, 10*s*., Pension, 3*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*., Deacon, 1*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*.; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 295, it is stated: "Parsonage, house, cottage, three closes, and four oxgangs of land, worth 8*l*. per annum; tithes, 150*l*. Great Hatfield had formerly a Church or Chapel. There are now demanded out of this Rectory thirteen quarters and two bushels of wheat, but this payment is questionable."

3rd January 1814, a faculty was granted to take away a cottage belonging to the Rectory.

An Inclosure Act was passed 12th Geo. III.

An inclosure of the open lands at Seaton took place in 1657, and an agreement was made with the then Rector for a money payment in lieu of tithes. This was altered about 1724, and two shillings per acre was fixed; but in 1791 the Rector claimed and recovered tithes

[1] Viz. Catfoss, 54; Little Hatfield, 32; Seaton, 288; and Sigglesthorne, 204 (exclusive of that part of Great Hatfield which is within this parish).—In 1834, the population was returned at 572.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 400.

in kind. The estates of Sir Robert Constable at Catfoss also formerly rendered similar money payments, which were also set aside in 1791.

JURISDICTION.——In the diocese of York.—Vide Beverley.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt under a faculty, dated 31st March 1767, by the Rev. Charles Constable, the Rector, who expended above 2,000*l.*, including rebuilding the Chancel.

The Register Books commence in 1562.

CHARITIES. — *Marmaduke Constable, Esq.'s charity, for education*, by will, dated 17th January 1810. Dividends on 352*l.* 1*s.* 4*d.* new four per cents., for educating fifteen poor children of both sexes, sent from the different townships in the parish, to be nominated by the proprietor of Wassand, and in failure thereof, by the Rector of Sigglesthorne: 20*s.*, part of the interest, to be expended in books annually, and the remainder to the schoolmaster, for instructing the children in reading, writing, and arithmetic.

TOWNSHIP OF SEATON AND WASSAND.

DOLES.—*William Hopper's* and *Thomas and Mary Egglerton's charities*, by will and deed, dated respectively 1st October 1658, and 8th April 1676. Rents-charge of 4*s.* each per annum for poor widows of the township at Christmas, by the overseers.

The Whinn Common Land. This consists of 2A. 3R. of land, which was anciently appropriated to the use of the poor, for supplying them with fuel, the land being covered with whinns and furze, which is conveyed by back loads, and not otherwise, by the poor of the townships.

TOWNSHIP OF GREAT HATFIELD.

William Day's charity. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum for the most needful and deserving poor of the township, by the overseer.—Vide 9th Report, page 774.

Post town, Hornsea.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 253. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 148. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Siglestorne), pages 60; (Catefos), 181. 243; (Seton), 181. Burton's Monasticon, pages 119. 386.

EAST HATFIELD.—There was formerly a Chapel here, according to Mr. Torre, which had right of sepulture.

SKECKLING CUM BURSTWICK.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 5,720 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 699 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 322; NET VALUE, 219*l.*—This Church was given to the Cell of the Abbey of Albemarle at Birstall, to which it was appropriated in 1228, from whence it came to the Priory of Kirkham, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 6th Kal., February 1254.

Patron and impropriator, Sir T. A. C. Constable, Bart.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, cum Burstwick and Ryhill, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 7*l.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 271, 272, it is stated: "Rectory, sequestered to H. Constable, Esq.; value, 130*l.*; Vicarial tithes, 36*l.*; glebe, 3*l.*"

An Inclosure Act was passed 13th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1747.—Vide transcripts of earlier registers at York.

CHARITY.—PARISH OF BURSTWICK.—*Town Stock.* This consists of the sum of 20*l.*, formerly given by some person unknown, and mentioned in Gilbert's Returns as then in the hands of Thomas Parkinson. This sum of twenty pounds was laid out several years ago in the purchase of a cottage or tenement, which has ever since been used as a poor-house for the residence of two poor families, put in by the overseers. 18*s.* a year is allowed as interest on the fund thus employed out of the rates, and distributed by the overseers at Lady-day amongst the second poor of the town, being such as do not receive parochial relief, and who are selected as fit objects of charity at a town meeting.—Vide 9th Report, page 757.

[1] Viz. Burstwick, 436; and Ryhill and Camerton, 263.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS., page 1533. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 158. Thompson's Occ. Prom., page 232. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Brocstewick), pages 174; (Rihella), 139; (Camerinton), 174; (Scachelinge), 174. Burton's Mon. page 298. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 522.

NUTHILL.—(*Parish of Skeckling cum Burstwick*[1].)—Holderness wapentake, S. D.—POPULATION, no return; NET VALUE, no return.—Peter de Nuthill held in the town of Nuthill two carucates of land.

On 12th November 1332, the Chantry in the Chapel of Nuthill was appropriated to the Church thereof.

Torre gives a Catalogue of the Rectors to 1546.

"The Chapel of Nuthill, not now in being," says Archbishop Sharp, "was in the parish of Skeckling. In the King's Books it is charged as a Rectory, and valued at 2*l.*; tenths, 4*s.* In token of subjection to the Church of Skeckling, it pays 13*s.* 4*d.* to the Vicar thereof, and 2*s.* to the Rector or impropriator."

Valued in the King's books, at 2*l.* per annum.

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books, vide Skeckling cum Burstwick.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS., page 1539. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 158. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Notele), page 174. Burton's Monasticon, page 299.

SKEFLING[2].—SAINT HELEN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,580 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 204; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 53*l.*—The Church of Birstall, alias Skefling, was given by Stephen Earl of Albemarle to the Priory of Birstall, which he founded in this parish for a Cell for the Abbey of Albemarle, in Normandy, and which he endowed with all the Churches and tithes he had in England. It was anciently a Chapel to Easington until 1219, when Archbishop Walter Gray freed it from all dependence thereon, and ordained, as Archbishop Sharp supposed, a Vicarage. In the 18th of Richard II. it was granted by the Abbey of Albemarle to the Abbey of Kirkstall.

In 1470, a commission was granted to the Bishop of Dromore to consecrate the Church, then newly built in another place than where the present Church stood. "Hence," says Archbishop Sharp, "I gather the double names of this Church. It stood first, I suppose, in the town or hamlet of Birstall, and afterwards was translated to Skefling, in the same parish."

The first Vicar mentioned by Torre was instituted in 1281.

Patron and impropriator, the Rev. Nicholas Holme.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 5*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 5*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 261, it is stated: "Vicarage, 5*l.* 9*s*; impropriation, 15*l.*;"—and in 1818, at 93*l.* per annum[1].

Augmented in 1740, with 200*l.*; in 1757, with 200*l.*; and in 1807, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

"20th July 1591, the Crown granted a lease of the scite of the manor of Bristalgarth, with the Rectory of Skeffelinge, in Holderness, for forty years to Thomas Scudamore, on paying an annual stipend of one hundred and eight shillings as a salary to the Minister or Curate of the Church of Skeffelinge."—Particulars of Leases in the Augmentation Office, Yorkshire, Roll 34, No. 20.

An Inclosure Act was passed 4th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1585.

CHARITIES.—*John and Henry Holmes's charities.* For an account of John Holmes's benefactions, of which this

[1] Bacon calls this a Rectory in charge.

[2] Much confusion occurs between Skefling and Skeckling.

[1] "The impropriator of the parish of Skefling, in Yorkshire, is entitled to the tithes arising within that part of the manor of Birstall which is within the said parish, for the said manor, though parcel of the possessions of the Dissolved Abbey of St. Martin, Albemarle, is not tithe-free.—Holmes *v.* Drinkrow." 2 Wood, page 422.

parish is entitled to one-fourth part, or three, vide Brandsburton. The proportion due to this parish is 3*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* per annum, which is paid regularly, and applied with the following charity.

The Rev. Henry Holmes's gift, by will, dated 7th August 1777. Interest of 100*l.*, secured by deed, dated 25th May 1761, on turnpike tolls, and this security was, after the death of the testator, transferred by deed, dated 17th May 1777, unto Thomas Sherwood and three others, the then churchwardens and overseers of the poor, and the sums received under both (7*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* per annum) is distributed by the minister and churchwardens, at Christmas, to poor persons who receive no alms from, or are under the common relief of, the parish.—The Commissioners reported, that there were few, if any, of the poorer classes in the parish who were able to subsist without occasional relief, and it was found impossible, therefore, to comply strictly with the intentions of the testator; but that such intention was not overlooked, larger sums being always bestowed on such as endeavour the most to keep off the parish.—Vide 9th Report, page 775.

Post town, Pattrington.

Torre's MS., page 1545. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 147. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 256. Burton's Monasticon, page 298.

SKIPSEA.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 5,820 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.—POPULATION, 726[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 96*l.*—An ancient Rectory, of the patronage of the Gousles, knights; whilst it continued so, the Rector had also a Vicar under him to serve the Cure. The old ordination was made 10th Kal., April 1227. In 1309, this Church was appropriated to the Abbey of Meaux, and a new Vicarage ordained therein, 2nd March in that year, and a further ordination was made on the 3rd April 1310.

[1] Viz. Bonwick, 22; Dringhoe, Upton, and Brough, 152; Skipsea, 386; and Ulrome, 166.—Ulrome Chapelry extends into Barmston parish, but is wholly entered here.—In 1834, the population was returned at 677.

This was one of the Advowsons given by King Henry VIII. to the see of York in exchange; and the Archbishop is still the patron and impropriator.

A payment of 10*l.* per annum was made by the Archbishop's lessee, which Archbishop Sharp raised to 15*l.* per annum.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 24*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 9*l.* 16*s.*, after deducting for Synodals 4*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 18 (Rectory), and 276 (Vicarage), it is stated: "The Rectory belongs to the Archbishop. 10*l.* paid by the impropriator;"—and in 1818, at 52*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1718, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Archbishop of York; and in 1808, with 200*l.*; and in 1821, with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—both by lot.

Inclosure Acts were passed 2nd Geo. III. (Dringhoe, Upton, and Brough), and 4th Geo. III.

The lord of the manor is said to have formerly exercised the right of granting probates and letters of administration.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1720.—Vide earlier transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1399. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 183. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Dringolme), pages 177; (Uptun), 177; (Ulreham), 180. Mon. Angl., vol. v. pages 389. 396. 398. Burton's Monasticon, p. 240. Excursions from Bridlington, p. 16.

SPROATLEY.—ST. SWITHIN[1].—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,380 acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D.—POPULATION, 366; CHURCH-ROOM, 270[2]; NET VALUE, 230*l.*—Symon de Ver held six carucates of land in Sproatley.

The Church was given by Ralph de Gosler and Walter de Ver, son of Adam de Sprotley, to the Priory of Bridling-

[1] St. Swithin was Bishop of Winchester in 837.

[2] Of which 100 are free sittings, under a grant of 150*l.* from the Society for Enlarging Churches.

ton, in whose patronage it continued till the Dissolution, after which it came to the Constables, and in 1740 to Lord Cardigan's family, and the Earl of Cardigan is the present patron,

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.*; in the King's books, at 7*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.*, Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*, and Church of Beverley, 1*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 253, at 60*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 2nd Geo. III.

13th December 1819, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books for marriages commence in 1647—chasm 1748 and 1749; for baptisms, in 1661; and for burials, in 1668.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Rent-charge.* This consists of a rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum out of a farm at Lelley, payable at Easter, and distributed among the poor by the churchwardens, at their discretion.

Bridget Biggs's charity, by will, dated 5th January 1733. Two-thirds of rent of 184A. 1R. 21P. of land, and interest of 180*l.*, on personal security, for the free education of sixteen boys and fifteen girls—the boys in reading, writing, and accounts, by the master, and the girls in reading, sewing, and knitting, by the mistress; and such of the girls as are taught writing and accounts are instructed by the master, but a charge is made to such of 5*s.* per quarter for each girl; but this charge the Commissioners thought ought not to be made, or, if made, ought to be paid by the mistress, unless she performed the duty of giving the requisite instruction herself. When applications are made for the purpose, children brought up at the school are put out as apprentices, or are assisted, on going out to service, with an allowance of money for clothing. The premiums on apprenticing vary from 4*l.* to 8*l.*, and since 1816 four children have been apprenticed, at the expense altogether of 22*l.* 4*s.* The allowance afforded to children going out to service varies from 1*l.* 1*s.* to 4*l.* 4*s.*; and since 1816, and up to the time of the Report, there had been given among eighteen children, on going into service, in the whole, the sum of 30*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.*—Balance in hand, 14th May 1822, 64*l.* 12*s.* 8¾*d.*, in the hands of the overseers of the poor, and there is a balance of 60*l.* due to the charity from a former overseer, which was expected to be repaid.

Elizabeth Berrier's charity, by will, dated 21st December 1686. Rent of 1A. 2R. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 2*l.* 2*s.* per annum, for the most necessitous poor people of Sproatley, preference being shown to widows and aged persons. Distributed at the discretion of the overseers.—Vide 9th Report, page 776.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS., page 1621. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 165. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Sprotele), pages 175. 184. 243. Burton's Monasticon, page 241.

SUNK ISLAND.—(*Perpetual Curacy, unaugmented.*)—Area, 5,550 acres. Holderness wapentake, S. D.—POPULATION, 242; CHURCH-ROOM, 195; NET VALUE, 250*l.*

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

No value stated.

Church consecrated 24th Aug. 1833.

No glebe house.

No return as to Register Books.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pattrington.

Thompson's Occ. Prom., page 263.

SUTTON.—ST. JAMES.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 4,450 acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D.—POPULATION, 4,383[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 98*l.*—The family of the Suttons held in this town and Goggestede eleven carucates of land.

This Church was anciently a Chapel in the parish of Wawne, the patron of which, Sir John Sutton, the lord of the town, granted it for the sustentation of six Chaplains, to say mass for the good estate of the King and Queen, and him

[1] Viz. Sutton and Stoneferry.—The parish of Sutton being contiguous to Kingston-upon-Hull, building has greatly increased, and with it the population of 725 persons.

the said John Sutton and his wife, and for their souls when they should be dead; and in A.D. 1347, Archbishop Zouch appropriated the Church accordingly, and directed the Cure of the parish to be served by one of the Chaplains.

In 1447, a composition took place, by virtue of which 20*s.* were to be paid to the inhabitants of Wawne as an acknowledgment of subjection; and on the 6th August, A.D. 1380, a new ordination, or reformation, of divers statutes in this Chantry was made by Alexander Archbishop of York.

Patron and impropriator, Henry Broadley, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in 1707, the Living was valued at 10*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 235, it is stated: "Impropriation, worth 140*l.*; payment to the minister, 140*l.*;" —and in 1818, at 81*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1742, with 200*l.*; in 1772, with 200*l.*; in 1802, with 200*l.*; in 1812, with 400*l.*; in 1813, with 200*l.*; and in 1820, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant — all by lot (Query).

4th July 1764, a faculty was granted to cover the roof with slate.

29th July 1785, ditto to erect a gallery.

13th February 1824, ditto to erect additional seats.

An Inclosure Act was passed 3rd Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for marriages commence in 1558—deficient 1605 to 1614 inclusive; for burials in 1575—deficient 1603 to 1614; and for baptisms in 1581—deficient 1605 to 1614.

CHARITIES.—*John Marshall's charity*, by will, dated 3rd January 1803. Dividends on 136*l.* navy five per cents. for educating ten poor children, boys and girls, under ten years of age, in reading, and when any of them shall have attained their respective ages of ten years, that other poor children of the parish should have the benefit of the charity until they attain the said age. The children to be selected and appointed by the churchwardens.

Ann Watson's charity, vide General Charities. Rent-charge of 1*l.* 6*s.* per annum, for sixpennyworth of bread for and among such poor who attend divine service every Sunday.

Unknown rent-charge. This is an ancient rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum, issuing out of John Broadley, Esq.'s farm at Stowferry. It is distributed by the churchwardens, with the sacrament money, at Christmas.

Benjamin and Ann Praed's charities, by wills, dated respectively in 1784 and 1799. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum for the poor, distributed with and similar to the preceding rent-charge.

Chamberlaine's charity, vide Separate Report of this charity. 10*l.* per annum for teaching twenty children to read.—Vide 9th Report, page 779.

Post town, Hull.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 501. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 161. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5078. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 1474. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Sudtune), vide Index.—It is difficult to identify the various towns which are denominated by this name.

SWINE.—ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 13,530 acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D.[1] — POPULATION, 1,603[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[4]; NET VALUE, 102*l.*—The manor of Swine was held of the Archbishops of York by knight's service, and annual rent of 4*l.* 12*s.* 2½*d.*, by the family of the Hiltons, knights.

At the time of Domesday Survey, there was a priest at Swine, but no Church.

The Church was given by Robert de Verti to the Priory of Swine, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 8th January 1538.

In 1670 Viscount Hereford presented. In 1681 the patronage devolved upon

[1] And extends into the North Division.

[2] Viz. Benningholme and Grange, 105; Bilton, 105; Coniston, 116; Ellerby, 251; Ganstead, 79; Marton, 126; North Skirlaugh and Rowton, 210; South Skirlaugh, 228; Swine, 231; Thirtleby, 59; and Wyton, 93.—In 1834, the population, exclusive of Skirlaugh, was returned at 1,125. Part of the township of Arnold is in this parish, and the remainder in the parish of Riston.

[3] In 1818, returned at 1,330.

the Thorntons, who presented until 1705, when it came into the Moorhouse family by purchase, and they presented in 1776.

Torre says, on 11th August 1410, the day of the dedication of the parish Church of Swyne was translated from the 7th of August (by reason of harvest time) to the Sunday next before the Feast of St. Margaret, the Virgin and Martyr, and then to be celebrated every year with great solemnity.

Present patrons, the representatives of W. Wilberforce, Esq.

Impropriator, the Earl of Shaftesbury.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 53*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 8*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 238. 244, it is stated: "14*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* paid by impropriators;"—and in 1818, at 54*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1784, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mayson Wright, merchant; and in 1816, with 1,200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

Decrees in the Exchequer, in Easter Term, 4th Car. II., and in Michaelmas Term, 19th Car. II., as to tithes, are unreported.

The impropriators are bound to provide herbage sufficient for two of the Vicar's horses yearly in summer time, to run from the Feast of the Invention of the Holy Cross to the Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel, with deliverance of sufficient fodder for the same horses into the Vicar's stable.

11th December 1786, faculty to rebuild the steeple, but of reduced height.

Inclosure Acts were passed 11th Geo. III. (Long Riston and Arnold), and 29th Geo. III. (Coniston.)

No glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1706, and for marriages in 1733.

CHARITY.——*Mrs. Lamb's charity*, settled in her life-time. Dividends on 200*l.* three per cent. consols, to be paid to the schoolmaster half-yearly for instructing six poor children of the township reading, writing, and accounts; and by deed, she appointed the lord of the manor and the Vicar of Swine, both for the time being, trustees thereof.——Vide 10th Report, page 663.

Post town, Hull.

Torre's MS., page 1459. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 163. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Benincol), pages 177; (Billetone), 59. 183; (Coneghestone), 176; (Alverdebi), 182. 243; (Gagenestad), 183; (Merutone), 177; (Rugheton), 177; (Schireslai), 176, 177; (Swine), 44; (Turchilebi), 196. Burton's Monasticon, page 253. Thompson's History of the Church of Swine. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. xcv. pages 299. 491.

THE PRIORY.——This Cistercian Nunnery was founded in the time of King Stephen, by Robert de Verti, for a Prioress and fourteen or fifteen Nuns.

BILTON.—ST. PETER.—(*Parish of Swine. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Holderness wapentake, M.D.——POPULATION, 105, vide Swine[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 45*l.*

Present patron and impropriator, Lord Downe.

Valued in 1818, at 105*l.* 13*s.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 241, it is stated: "Kirkley to be united to Bilton."

Augmented in 1794, with 200*l.*, and 200*l.*, both by lot; and in 1795, with 200*l.*, and 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 200*l.*, and 200*l.* from William Archbishop of York.

An Inclosure Act was passed 16th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1734.—Vide earlier transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Hull.

Not mentioned by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 163. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Billetone), pages 59. 183. Thompson's Swine, page 209.

MARTON.—(*Parish of Swine.*)—Holderness wapentake, M.D.—POPULATION, 126, vide Swine; CHURCH-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, no return.—This is not named in Archbishop Sharp's MS.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 242, it is stated: "No minister

[1] In 1834, the population was stated at 91.

this many years. Ruinated and decayed; to be made parochial."

An Inclosure Act for Marton was passed 26th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books, vide Swine.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Hedon.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Merutone), page 177.

SKIRLAUGH.—ST. AUGUSTINE.—(*Parish of Swine.*)—Holderness wapentake, M.D.—POPULATION, 228, vide Swine[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, vide Swine.—Archbishop Sharp calls this a Chapel, and quotes an endowment in 1337.

10th December 1337, a composition was made with the Priory of Swine respecting the repairs of the Chapel, and provision for the minister.

On the 2nd May 1404, Walter Skirlaw, Bishop of Durham, founded a Chantry in this Chapel for two Chaplains.—Torre gives the endowment, which is very full and special.

Patron, vide Swine.

In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 238, it is stated: "No minister. A salary of 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* To be made a parish, and Benningham and Grange to be annexed."

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1719.

CHARITIES.—*Marmaduke Langdale's charity*, by will, dated 1st August, 7th Jac. I. Rent of 32A. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 26*l.* per annum, and interest of 40*l.*, to be employed by four, six, or eight of the most sufficient men in North Skirlaugh, South Skirlaugh, Rowton, and Arnold, for the repairs of the Chapel, and the maintenance of children, and teaching them, at the discretion of the most substantial men of that Chapel, towards their relief, at the marriages of poor servants and poor labourers, who shall be married at South Skirlaugh, Rowton, North Skirlaugh, and Arnold; but these demands are not encouraged, two only having been made a few years preceding the Report, and but one attended to; and for apprenticing poor children, either from the school at South Skirlaugh or North Skirlaugh, or other poor children having no other means of relief, to become apprentices; but applications are seldom made.

The Commissioners reported, that the rents were applied by the trustees, at their discretion, for the purposes mentioned in the will. From 1792 to 1813, during which term the rents were 18*l.* per annum, it appeared that 5*l.* 5*s.* per annum were paid to the chapelwardens for the repairs of the Chapel, and sums from 4*l.* 10*s.* to 6*l.* 6*s.* a year for schooling children, and the residue retained as an increasing fund, which amounted in 1813 to 67*l.* 3*s.* 3*d.*, but since then, after deducting a few out-payments, had been, for erection of new pews in the Chapel, in 1819, 60*l.*; to a schoolmaster, for instructing ten children, boys and girls, in reading, writing, and accounts, 10*l.* 10*s.* per annum; for apprenticing one boy, 7*l.* 7*s.*; to a poor man on his marriage, in 1815, 5*l.* 5*s.*; and 6*l.* 6*s.* was about to be applied, at the time of their inquiry, in placing out an apprentice: that there was a balance in hand, at the time of their Report, of 40*l.*, part of which was lodged in the bank of Messrs. Smith and Thompson, of Hull; 25*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* in the hands of one of the trustees; 13*l.*, half-year's rent, and about 21*l.* for principal and interest, due from one of the trustees.

The Chapel Estate. This property, which for a very long period (the Commissioners reported) had been under the management of the chapelwarden for the time being, was supposed to have been given by Walter de Skirleaugh, formerly Bishop of Durham, the founder and builder of the Chapel, and consists of 9A. 3R. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 25*l.* 15*s.* per annum; rents of two houses, let, at ditto, for 9*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* per annum; and rents-charge of 9*s.* 4*d.* per annum; and the clear produce (36*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.*) is applied in repairing the Chapel, and the payment of expenses attending the performance of divine service; and that for some time there was 5*l.* per annum, or thereabouts, applied towards supplying the deficiency, in subscriptions, for raising an annual stipend of 26*l.* 5*s.* to the

[1] Viz. South Skirlaugh.—In 1834, the population of the Chapelry was returned at 447.

minister of the Chapel, who had no other emolument; and that there was a balance in hand, at the time of their Report, of 38*l.* 12*s.* 5*d.*, but which was expended in re-pewing the Chapel, and other expenses incidental thereto.

For Skirlaugh School, see also Bodleian MS., No. 5081.—Vide 9th Report, page 780.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS., page 1469. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 163. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Schireslai), pages 176, 177. Burton's Monasticon, page 253. Thompson's Swine, page 193.

TUNSTALL.—ALL SAINTS.——(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,310 acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D.[1]—POPULATION, 172; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[2]; NET VALUE, 52*l.*—This Church, which formerly had belonged to the patronage of the Abbey of Albemarle, was appropriated by Archbishop Walter Gray to the Succentor of the Canons, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

The Succentor is Rector, and hath jurisdiction of the whole town. No endowment or list of Vicars are given by Torre.

Patron and impropriator, the Succentor of York.

Valued in the King's books, at 20*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 255, it is stated: "Vicarage, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; allowed to the minister, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*;"—and in 1818, at 52*l.* 18*s.* per annum[3].

Augmented in 1752, with 200*l.*; in 1800, with 200*l.*; and in 1816, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 17th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1568.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Hedon.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 785. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 189. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Tunestalle), page 175. Burton's Monasticon, page 300.

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[1] Partly within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] In 1818, returned at 550.

[3] An issue was directed to try moduses in the parish of Tunstall. Baron *v.* Atkinson. 4 Wood, page 585.—Result not reported.

ULROME.—(*Discharged Vicarage*[1].)—Area, 1,520 acres. Holderness wapentake, N.D.——POPULATION, 166; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 71*l.*—Adam de Ulrom held one carucate of land in the town of Ulrome.

There appears to have been a Vicarage ordained in this Church, but the endowment is not extant. The chapelry is partly in Barmston parish, and partly in Skipsea parish. The inhabitants contribute to the repairs of Skipsea Church, and bury their dead there[2].

The Boyntons, barts., nominated the Curates from the year 1745.

Patrons, the executors of J. Lockwood, Esq.

Impropriator, the Rev. J. Bower.

Valued in the King's books, at 3*l.* 19*s.*; Synodals, 1*s.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 276, it is stated: "Annual value of the Vicarage, 18*l.*;"—and in 1818, at 120*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1780, with 200*l.*, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 5th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned, in 1818, as fit for residence; but in 1834 returned, "No glebe house."

The Register Books for baptisms and marriages commence in 1767. Burials at Barmston and at Skipsea, the mother Church.

CHARITY.——*Holmes's charity*, vide Barmston. One-fourth of the rent of turnpike securities to the poor, distributed by the Incumbent Curate of Ulrome.—Vide 9th Report, page 755.

Post town, Driffield.

Torre's MS., page 1631. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 183. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ulreham), page 180. Burton's Monasticon, page 242.

WAWNE.—ST. PETER.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 5,550

[1] So called by Bacon: now held as a Perpetual Curacy.

[2] Archbishop Sharp says, "Who had the Church I know not, but there was a Vicarage endowed here, value in my book at 10*l.* I meet with no presentations to it but one, A.D. 1626, by King Charles, as guardian of William Hastus. In my list this is called a Chapel. No Procurations or Synodals."

acres. Holderness wapentake, M.D.[1]—POPULATION, 338[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 49*l.*—The manor of Waghen was part of the ancient possessions of the Archbishops of York till passed away to King Henry VIII. by Archbishop Lee.

The Church was of the patronage of the Abbey and Convent of Albemarle, to whom it was given by Stephen Earl of Albemarle, till Archbishop Walter Gray procured it of them, and annexed it, with its Chapels, to the Chancellorship of York in 1230, so that the Chancellor hath the Rectory of the Church, to whom it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1244.

Patron, the Chancellor of the Church of York.

Impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of York.

Walter Gray granted here, on Kal., Maij, A.D. 1229, twenty-two oxgangs of land to the Abbey of Meaux in frank-almoigne, rendering an annual pension of one hundred shillings.

Within this parish was the Chapel of Sutton, to which belonged the inhabitants of Sutton, Lopholm, Staneferry, and a part of Drypool. When this Chapel had right of sepulture granted to it, the Custos and Canons thereof contracted to pay 13*s.* 4*d.* to the Chancellor for ever, as Rector of Waghen, and 20*s.* to the Vicar of Waghen. The parishioners of this chapelry likewise paid a pension to Waghen.

Torre gives a composition made in 1257 with the Abbey of Meaux about tithes, and another made in 1454 with Sutton, as to the right of sepulture and the annual oblations.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Valued in the King's books, at 7*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 234. 519, it is stated: "Vicarage, 12*l.*; Easter book and all small tithes, 7*l.* per annum;"—and in 1818, at 39*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1810, with 200*l.*; and in 1816, with 200*l.*—both by lot.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence. The return states, that "The ground rooms are low, dark, and mean; the chambers are the same;" and it was returned as "unfit," in 1834.

An Act was passed 7th Geo. IV. to confirm an award made for ascertaining the glebe lands of the Rectory appropriate.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITY.—*Poor's Land.* This consists of eight acres of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 15*l.* per annum. The land is freehold, in the parish of Cottingham, and under the management of the overseers of the poor of Wawne, and the rent is carried to the same account with that of the poor's rates; and a sum of money exceeding the yearly amount of the rent is applied in coals, which are distributed among poor widows and other poor.—The Commissioners reported, that it was not known that there existed any deeds or writings by which the acquisition of this property, or the trusts to which it was subject, could be ascertained, except that they had been supplied with a copy of the counterpart of a deed, dated 30th December 1699, which recited, that Sir Joseph Aske, bart., had by codicil, dated 12th April 1686, given 50*l.* to the poor of Wawne; and that, in satisfaction thereof, Dame Mary Aske, widow, had agreed to convey the close thereinafter-mentioned to trustees therein named, to be distributed amongst the poor, and upon trust that when two only of the trustees should be surviving, they should transfer the said close to the use of themselves and four others of the inhabitants, who should then be churchwardens and overseers of the poor, and their heirs; and the like to be done, as occasion should be, for ever, so that the premises might continue vested in a competent number of trustees, of which number the churchwarden and overseer and the steward of the manor of Wawne for the time being to be part.—Vide 9th Report, page 782.

Post town, Beverley.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 495. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 185. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wagene), pages 58. 177; (Melse), 177. Burton's Monasticon, pages 300. 386. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 388. Frost's History of Hull, pages 4, &c. Oliver's Beverley, page 534. Tickell's Hull, page 172.

[1] Partly within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Meaux, 83; and Wawne, 255.—In 1834, the population was returned at 388.

MEAUX, or MELSA.—A Cistercian Abbey was founded in 1136 or 1150 by William le Gros, Earl of Albemarle, and contained from thirty-six to fifty monks. It was valued, at the Dissolution, at 299*l.* 6*s.* 4*d.* per annum. No part of the Abbey is now remaining, but the site may be readily traced by the foundations of buildings and extensive moats.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Melse), page 177.

WELWICK.—ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,310 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 401; CHURCH-ROOM, 350[1]; NET VALUE, 104*l.*—Here was a Church at the time of the Domesday Survey; also a priest and thirty-two villanes, and thirteen bordars, having nine ploughs.

This Church was of the patronage and jurisdiction of the Collegiate Church of Beverley, to which it was appropriated 22nd May 1361.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriator, W. Fewson, Esq.

No endowment is given. The first Vicar named in Torre's catalogue was instituted in 1587.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 29*l.* 18*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 5*l.* 4*s.*; Procurations to Beverley, 10*s.*: in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 259, it is stated: "Vicarage, worth 20*l.*;"—and in 1818, at 80*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1760, with 200*l.*; and in 1767, with 200*l.*—both by lot.

"Welwick is a Vicarage, and endowed with nothing but petit tithes, a small close, and an oxgang of land, containing ten acres. It is united with Holmpton, but by whom I know not, not above sixty years since[2]. Is of the yearly value of 12*l.*" Signed, "Josias Tookerman."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 838. Vide Holmpton.

An Inclosure Act was passed 8th Geo. III.

JURISDICTION.——In the diocese of York, vide Beverley.

No glebe house.

[1] Estimated in 1818 at 400.

[2] "This Vicarage has been held with the Rectory of Holmpton ever since 1684."—Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 148. There is no union at present.

The Register Books commence in 1650; defective 1744 till 1757. Some of the books are much injured by damp. —Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—*Town's Stock.* This consists of the sum of 40*l.* 10*s.* on mortgage, but how acquired does not appear. The mortgage was made in 1724 on an estate at Weston.—The Commissioners reported, that the interest was received by the overseers at the time when they collected the rates, and was, as it always had been, applied therewith, and in the same manner.—Vide 9th Report, page 782.

Post town, Pattrington.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 219. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 148. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Weluuic), page 58. Thompson's Occ. Prom., page 256.

WINESTEAD.—ST. GERMAIN.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,570 acres. Holderness wapentake, S.D.—POPULATION, 145; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 247*l.*—The town of Winestead was held by Robert de Hylton of the Archbishop of York, by half a knight's fee.

The Church was of the patronage of the Hiltons for many generations, and from them descended to the Hildyards[1].

Present patroness, Dame A. C. Hildyard.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 8*l.*; in the King's books, at 12*l.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations, 9*s.* 6*d.*; Church of Beverley, 30*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 261, it is stated: "Glebe, 10*l.*; tithes, 70*l.*"

A Chantry is named in the Valor Ecc.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1578.

CHARITY.—*The Town Stock.* This consists of a sum of 20*l.*, 5*l.* whereof was the gift of a Mrs. Hildyard, and the residue of some person unknown. It has for a long period been held by the successive overseers of the poor, at interest of 1*l.* per annum, the interest being, during such time, distributed

[1] "16th April 1614, Andrew Marvell, Clerk, was instituted, and resigned 1624."—Torre's MS.

amongst widows and others most necessitous.—The Commissioners reported, that apprehensions were then entertained that the whole or great part of the money would be lost.—Vide 9th Report, page 783.

Post town, Pattrington.

Torre's MS., page 1561. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 152. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wifestad), page 175. Thompson's Swine, page 259.

WITHERNWICK.—ST. ALBAN.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,600 acres. Holderness wapentake, N. D.[1]——POPULATION, 443; CHURCH-ROOM, 360[2]; NET VALUE, no return.—The Church belonged to the Abbey of Albemarle till Id. November 1230, when it was annexed to the Prebend of Holme Archiepi, which hath the manor, two oxgangs and a half of demesne land, and two tenements, with all manner of jurisdiction there, to which Prebend it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 12th Kal., Maij 1259.

Patron, the Prebendary of Holme Archiepi.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Valued in the King's books, at 6*l.* 7*s.* per annum, after deducting Pension to the Rector, 2*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 169. (Rectory), 171. 173. 299 (Vicarage), it is stated: "The Vicar hath hay, wool, and lamb, and repairs the Chancel." "Vicarage, worth 30*l.* per annum."

An Inclosure Act was passed 42nd Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

[1] Partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.
[2] Vide return in 1818: no return in 1834.

The Register Books for baptisms commence in 1653, for marriages in 1654, and for burials in 1655.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Land.* This consists of 1A. 2R., let, at the time of the Report, for 6*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* per annum. Part thereof, called Kilpington Garth, and the other part thereof, was allotted on the inclosure of open field land. The rents are received by the overseers at Lady-day, and distributed as after-mentioned.

DOLES.—These consist of two rents-charge, viz., 18*s.* payable out of Whitehill Farm, in this parish, and 20*s.* payable by Mr. Thomas and Mr. John Leaper respectively, out of farms in the said parish severally belonging to them. The rents-charge are added to the above rent of the poor's land, and part thereof distributed in necessary articles of clothing for poor widows, and the residue distributed at Easter, by the overseers, to such industrious poor not receiving constant parish relief, and those having large families.

Unknown portion of charity. This the Commissioners reported to consist of the sum of 2*l.*, received for the use of the poor from land situate at Rise, and belonging in part to the poor there, as mentioned in their Report for Rise; that it was not known how the payment originated, but the money was paid by the overseers in moieties, as follows:—20*s.* to the schoolmaster, for teaching four poor children reading and writing; and the other moiety, when the fund was sufficient for the purpose, for apprenticing a poor child, with a premium of 4*l.* or 5*l.*—Vide 9th Report, page 783.

Post town, Hornsea.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars) page 835. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. ii. page 190. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Withforneuuic), pages 59. 176. 182. Burton's Monasticon, page 300.

ARCHDEACONRY OF CLEVELAND.

DEANERY OF BULMER.

ALNE. — ST. MARY. — (*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*) — Area, 10,250 acres. Bulmer wapentake [1]. — POPULATION, 1,552 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 850 [3]; NET VALUE, 415*l.*

In *Alne*, St. Peter had six carucates of land at the time of the Survey, waste.

In *Aldwark*, Ligulf had one manor of eight carucates: it was then waste.

Throlthorpe was of the Soke of Helperby.

Tollerton.—One carucate and a half belonged to the Soke of Foston, held of Earl Allan. Gamel held one carucate of Berenger de Todeni.

Youlton.—This belonged to the Soke of Helperby.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Treasurer of the Cathedral of York, to whom it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 2nd January 1311, and an augmentation was made 9th November 1394. The Treasurer was lord of Alne, and had jurisdiction, as well spiritual [4] as temporal, of the whole town, and the towns within its parish. After the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Falconbergh family.

Present patron and impropriator, Sir C. B. Codrington, bart.

Valued in the King's books, at 10*l.* per annum.

The Vicar was entitled to eight loads of wood out of the wood of Alne or Tollerton, to be delivered by the bailiff of the manor, and to have his swine, in time of maste, pannage free.

4th December, 40th Henry III., the King granted to the Treasurer and his successors, that they should have for ever, at their manor of Tollerton, a yearly fair for three days, viz., on the vigil, day, and morrow after the Feast of the Assumption of St. Mary.—Torre's MS., page 577.

Inclosure Acts were passed 39th and 40th Geo. III. (Throlthorpe and Flawith), and 47th and 50th Geo. III. (Tollerton).

A brief was granted in 1766 for this Church.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as fit for residence; but in 1834, returned, no glebe.

The Register Books commence in 1561. Some chasms.—Vide transcripts in the Peculiar Registry.

CHARITIES.—*John Pearson's charity*, by deeds, dated 3rd and 4th June 1695. Rent of 28A. 3R. 30P. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 32*l.* per annum, for the poor of the several and respective townships of Tollerton, Alne, Flawith, Tholthorpe, Aldwork, and Youl-

[1] All the townships, except Youlton, are partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Aldwork, 190; Alne, 415; Flawith, 94; Tholthorpe, 265; Tollerton, 529; and Youlton, 59.—In 1834, the population was returned at 1,350.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room was returned "between 200 and 300."

[4] In the Landsdowne Catalogue of MSS. in the British Museum, page 223, is the following entry: "Transcripts of several wills proved at Alne in 1552, fo. 130—(a fragment)."

ton, and distributed by the churchwardens and overseers of the poor of such respective townships at Martinmas and May-day, with the sacrament-money and the produce of other charity estates and funds.

Unknown charity. This consists of a rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum out of land at Youlton, the property of Edward Strangways, Esq., and distributed at Christmas among poor persons of the different townships.

John Wade's charity, by will, date not given. Rent of 11A. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 7*l.* 10*s.* per annum, for bread, distributed in the Church weekly to poor persons of each of the townships.

Poor's Land. This consists of 1A. 2R. of land, allotted to the poor on the inclosure of Alne town fields, and the rent thereof (2*l.* per annum) distributed among poor persons of Alne.

John Plummer's and *Robert Dobson's doles*, by wills, dates not given. Rents-charge of 1*l.* per annum each, for the poor of Alne township.

Poor's Money. This consists of the sums of 20*l.* and 10*l.*, given by persons unknown, and the interest thereof (1*l.* 9*s.* per annum) is distributed, with the doles, among poor persons of the township.—Vide 8th Report, page 706.

Post town, Easingwold.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 571. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 165. Nonæ Rolls, page 242. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Alne), pages 51; (Adewera), 76; (Turulfestorp), 51; (Torentun), 118. 121. 157; (Loletune, Luctone), 51. 76.

BOSSALL.—SAINT BOTOLPH[1].—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 9,820 acres. Bulmer and Birdforth wapentakes.—POPULATION, 1,375[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[3]; NET VALUE, 445*l.*—At Bossall, at the time of the Domesday Survey, there was a Church and a priest.

The Church was anciently a Rectory of the patronage of the Bossalls, knights, and from them of the Erghams, knights, and a Vicarage was ordained therein, in 1229; but on 4th August 1387, Pope Urban VI. appropriated this Church to Durham College, Oxford; and on the 18th Kal., February 1229, a Vicarage was ordained.

Patrons and impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of Durham.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 40*l.*; Nova Tax, 20*l.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 23*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 8*l.*; and in the King's books, at 12*l.* per annum.

20th August 1805, a faculty was granted to reduce the length of the Church fifteen feet, and to make certain alterations therein.

An Act was passed 15th Geo. III. for exchange of Vicarage lands.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1610. Some chasms.

CHARITY.—TOWNSHIP OF HARTON.—*Poor's Money.* This consists of a benefaction of 20*l.*, formerly given for the poor of Harton, but has been lately applied towards the expense of erecting a messuage or building on the Waste, for the reception of paupers of that township.—The Commissioners reported, that an entry had been made in the township book, and that 20*s.* per annum was charged thereon, which was distributed by the overseers at Whitsuntide to the poor, at their discretion.—Vide 8th Report, page 708.

Post address, Lobster House.

Torre's MS., page 419. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 16. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Boscele), pages 201; (Butecrame), 201; (Claxtorp), 25. 75; (Flaxtune), 26. 49. 118. 201; (Hottone), 201. Nonæ Rolls, page 235. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. xciii. pages 305. 489 (Belt Family). Mon. Ang., vol. iv. page 676.

BUTTERCRAMBE.——ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.—(*Parish of Bossall*[1].)—Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 176, vide Bossall; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, vide Bossall.

Patrons and impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of Durham.

Not valued in 1818.

[1] St. Botolph was the founder of the Monastery of Icanhoc, or Ycanno, A.D. 624, and was either buried there, or at Thorney Abbey.

[2] Viz. Bossall, 76; Buttercrambe, 176; Claxton, 163; Flaxton on the Moor, 355; and Sand Hutton, 605.—Flaxton is partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 976.

[1] Archbishop Sharp says this Chapel is parochial.

4th May 1803, a faculty was granted to new-roof the Chapel and rebuild the steeple and west end wall, and to shorten the Chapel about six feet.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1635.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 426. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 16, Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Butecrame), page 201.

FLAXTON.—(*Parish of Bossall.*)—Bulmer wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 355, vide Bossall; CHAPEL-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, vide Bossall.

Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Durham.

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books, vide Bossall.

CHARITY.—*Poor's money and dole.* These consist of benefactions of 10*l.* by John Pool and another, and rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum out of lands, the property of the Rev. William Smith, late Rector of Brandsby, and which, with the interest of the 10*l.*, are distributed to the poor on new year's day, by and at the discretion of the chapelwarden and overseers.—Vide 8th Report, page 707.

Post direction, Lobster House, near York.

Torre's MS., page 425. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 16. Burton's Mon., page 266. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Flaxtune), pages 26. 49. 118. 201.

SAND HUTTON[2].—(*Parish of Bossall.*)—Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 605, vide Bossall; CHAPEL-ROOM, 100[3]; NET VALUE, vide Bossall.

Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Durham.

Valued in 1818, at 122*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 46th Geo. III.

In 1818, a return was made that the glebe house was fit for residence. No return in 1834.

Register Books, vide Bossall.

[1] Partly in Peter liberty.

[2] Alias Overgate Sutton.

[3] 90 free sittings were obtained under a grant of 50*l.* from the Society.—In 1818, the Chapel-room was returned at 1,300.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Fisher's charity,* by will, dated 10th November 1700. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum to the poor, on the anniversary of his burial.

Robert Hungate's charity, by will, dated 24th July 1619. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum, for and towards the easement of the poorer sort of inhabitants in any cessments which should from time to time yearly accrue.

John Read, Esq.'s charity, by will, dated 26th September 1763. Rent-charge of 30*s.* per annum, at Christmas, among such six poor persons as the possessor of his estate (at the time of the Report, the Rev. T. C. R. Read) should think the greatest objects of charity.

Henry Bullock's charity, by will (date not given). Interest of 5*l.* to the poor, and distributed with the sacrament-money.

TOWNSHIPS OF SAND HUTTON AND CLAXTON.

John Graves's charity, by will, dated 12th August 1770. Rent-charge of 2*s.* per annum—1*s.* to the poor of Claxton, and 1*s.* to the poor of Sand Hutton, on St. John's day.—Vide 8th Report, page 707.

Post direction, Lobster House, near York.

Torre's MS., page 425. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 16. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hottone), page 201. Burton's Monasticon, page 280.

BRAFFERTON.—ST. PETER.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 4,860 acres. Bulmer and Hallikeld wapentakes.—POPULATION, 872[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 664[2]; NET VALUE, 307*l.*—In Brafferton, at the time of the Conqueror's Survey, there was a Church and a priest.

The town of Brafferton was held of the family de Riparia, who held it of Roger de Mowbray, and he of the King in capite.

This Church, endowed with one carucate of land, was an ancient Rectory,

[1] Viz. Brafferton, 152; Helperby, 673; and Thornton Bridge, 47. Helperby is in the liberty of Saint Peter of York.—In 1834, the population was returned at 865.

[2] 309 additional sittings, of which 306 are free, have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 150*l.*—In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 1,200.

belonging to the patronage of the de Riparia, till it was given by Henry de Riparia to the Priory and Convent of Newburgh, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 3rd Non., Julij 1311. At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown, and King Henry VIII. gave the Rectory and Advowson to the See of York, in exchange; but in 1728 the patronage was transferred to the Crown, in exchange for the Vicarage of Bishopthorpe, by Act of Parliament, 2nd Geo. II.

Impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.*; Nova Tax, 10*l.*; also see Nonæ Rolls, page 236; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 9*l.* 14*s.* 6*d.*, after deducting for Synodals and Procurations, 8*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 68 (Rectory), it is stated: "Belongs to the Archbishop of York;"—and in 1818, at 79*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

On the 4th Id. March, A.D. 1336, the Rectory and Vicarage were consolidated, and the union was confirmed 15th October, A.D. 1365; but on the 14th October, A.D. 1446, the Church was again appropriated to the Prior and Convent of Newburgh, and a Vicarage ordained. By the endowment, the impropriator is bound to pay 26*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the poor.

Augmented in 1802, with 200*l.*, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 49th Geo. III. (Helperby.)

The township of Thornton Bridge is connected with the parish of Cundall[1].

For the manor, rentals, &c., see Lambeth MS., Nos. 1097, 1098. Mr. Hargrove gives the armorial bearings in the Church windows.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1798, the previous ones having been destroyed by fire.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—PARISH OF BRAFFERTON WITH HELPERBY.—*Poor's Land.* This estate comprises 9A. 2R. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 20*l.* per ann. and purchased, in 1789, with 232*l.* 15*s.* belonging to the poor of the parish, of which 100*l.*, part thereof, appears, by an entry in an ancient parish book, to have been given by Mrs. Mary Frewin Turner, by will (date not given), and the residue was ancient parish stock, whereof 105*l.* belonged to the poor of Brafferton and Helperby jointly, and 26*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* to the poor of Helperby alone, and distributed, 2*l.* 6*s.* 2*d.* to the poor of Helperby, and 9*l.* 2*s.* to those of Brafferton and Helperby, and 8*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.* amongst those of the whole parish, on account of Mrs. Frewin Turner's legacy.

Fund from the Sale of Timber. This consists of 65*l.*, raised, a few years preceding the Report, by the sale of timber on this estate, and the interest (3*l.* 5*s.* per annum) distributed to the poor of Brafferton.

Rent-charges. These consist of two sums of 10*s.* each per annum—one *Glauber's charity*, and the other *unknown*—and distributed, with the above rent and 8*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.* (the proportion from the poor's land), to the poor not receiving parochial relief, in sums from 6*s.* to 10*s.*, and sometimes 1*l.*

Dibble's charity for Education, by will, dated 3rd September 1723. Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum, for and applied in aid of a National School Establishment, for the education of children of Brafferton and Helperby; which the Commissioners reported was further supported by voluntary subscriptions, and was in a flourishing condition.

Payment from Great Tithes. This consists of the sum of 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, payable as a rent-charge on the great tithes of this parish.—The Commissioners reported, that the money was paid at Christmas by the tenants, and distributed to the poor by the overseers of the poor; that in 1810, on an inclosure of Helperby, an allotment of land was given in lieu of the tithes for that township, which formed the most considerable proportion of the tithes of the whole parish, and that the payment was thereupon discontinued; that applications had been made to the lessee for renewal thereof, but without effect; and that they feared the sum was too small to justify resorting to judicial proceedings to enforce the payment thereof.—Vide 8th Report, page 708.

[1] The township of Helperby is within the jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter of York.

Post town, Boroughbridge.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 33. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 345. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 318. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bradfortune), pages 26. 76. 218; (Helprebi), 51. Burton's Monasticon, page 331.

HELPERBY.—Thomas Archbishop of York, temp. William II., gave the town of Helperby to the Canons of the Church of Saint Peter, to be by them enjoyed in common, custom free, as other their lands were.

In 44th Edward III., the Dean and Chapter obtained the King's precept, directed to the Sheriff of Yorkshire, to deliver to them the possession of the manor of Helperby, which Geoffery, late Dean, and his Chapter of York, had granted in tail to Bego, son of Alexander de Bajocis, and which now, for want of heirs of their bodies, according to the entail by law, reverted to them.

Torre states fully the customs of the manor, as confirmed by the Dean and Chapter of York on the 10th April, 24th Eliz.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Helprebi), p. 51.

BRANDSBY.—ALL SAINTS.——(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,700 acres.—Bulmer wapentake.——POPULATION, 298[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250[2]; NET VALUE, 628*l.*—There was a Church and a priest at Brandsby, at the time of the Norman Survey.

In the towns of Brandsby and Stearsby was one knight's fee, held by Nicholas de Ryper of Roger de Mowbray, who held it of the King in capite.

7th Edw. I., Richard de la River gave to the Monks of Byland free passage through his wood of Brandsby to Skakelden, both to the Monks and their men.

The Church (with one carucate of land belonging to it) is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the De Ripias, and from them, about the time of Queen Elizabeth, it came to the Cholmeleys of Brandsby.

[1] Viz. Brandsby with Stearsby.—In 1834, returned at 288.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 410.

Present patron, Francis Cholmeley, Esq.

This Rectory sometime had a Vicar put in by the Rector, who had all the profits, paying the Rector one hundred shillings per annum.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.*; Nova Tax, 9*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the King's books, at 9*l.* 8*s.* 10*d.* per annum. Synodals and Procurations, 11*s.* 6*d.*

22nd March 1735, licence granted to take away a ruinous cottage belonging to the glebe.

9th July 1788, ditto to take away another small cottage.

1st January 1767, faculty to rebuild the Church, at the expense of Francis Cholmeley, Esq., save 45*l.* to be paid by the parish; and on the 17th August 1770, the Church was consecrated.

The glebe house, which was rebuilt under a faculty granted 24th October 1806, is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1575.

CHARITIES.——*Lawrence Littlefair's charity*, by will (date not given). Rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum to the poor at Christmas.

HARDWICK'S AND OTHER BENEFACTIONS.—*Anthony Hardwick's charity*, by will, dated 24th December 1600. Interest of 40*l.* to poor persons of Brandsby and Steersby, on the 2nd November yearly.

William Hebden's charity, by will, dated 15th February 1699. Interest of 20*l.* to the poor of Brandsby, on Good Friday.

Mrs. Rawdon's and *Edward and Mary Bellwood's charities.* Interest of 60*l.* to the poor.

The Commissioners reported, that the 40*l.* (Hardwick's charity) was never invested, as directed, in the purchase of land, nor had there been any subsequent appointment of new trustees under either that or Hebden's; but that the sums, with this 60*l.*, were lodged in the hands of Francis Cholmeley, Esq., of Brandsby, who pays the interest, which is distributed, with other monies, at Easter and Christmas, to poor persons, at the discretion of the minister and parish officers.——Vide 9th Report, page 711.

Post town, Easingwold.

Torre's MS., page 449. Nonæ Rolls, page 235. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 24. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Branzbi), pages 200; (Estiresbi), 200. Burton's Monasticon, page 331.

BULMER.—ST. MARTIN.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 3,800 acres. Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 901[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 395*l.*—The town of Bulmer contained one knight's fee, which John de Bulmer held of Peter de Malolacu, and he of the King in capite.

The Priory of Marton had two acres of land here.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Bulmers, of Wilton, knights, afterwards of the Hassells, then of the Laybournes; and in 1767 the Marquis of Rockingham presented, since which time the patronage has been in the Wentworth family.

Present patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the King's books, at 11*l.* per annum. Synodals and Procurations, 11*s.* 6*d.*

2nd July 1779, faculty granted to build a gallery.

1st December 1813, ditto to re-pew the Church.

An Inclosure Act was passed 17th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt under a faculty granted 22nd June 1801.

The Register Books for baptisms commence in 1589—deficient 1601 to 1610, 1634 to 1655, and 1702 to 1717: for marriages in 1573—deficient 1639 to 1652, and 1702 to 1717: and for burials in 1571—deficient 1585 to 1589, 1601 to 1652, and 1702 to 1718.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—*Poor's Money.* This consists of the sum of 23*l.*, the amount of certain old benefactions for the poor, and is secured by bond of the Earl of Carlisle to William Peterkin and Henry Haggard, in trust for the poor, dated 30th November 1795, and the interest thereof (1*l.* 3*s.* per annum) distributed at Christmas, by and at the discretion of the churchwardens and overseers.—Vide 8th Report, page 709.

Post town, Whitwell.

Torre's MS., page 455. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 21. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bolemere), pages 73. 75; (Heldreschelf), 120; (Wellebrune), 23. 74. 122. 199. Wood's Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Burton's Monasticon, page 265. Nonæ Roll, page 235.

HINDERSKELFE.—(*Juxta Bulmer. A Donative*[1].)—Bulmer wapentake.——POPULATION, vide Bulmer.—The town and parish of Hinderskelfe occupied the present site of Castle Howard, and is said to have been a Lay Peculiar[2].

The Church of Hinderskelfe was one of the Impropriations settled on the See of York, 38th Henry VIII.

10th September 1742, the mausoleum at Castle Howard was consecrated for the interment of such of the family of the Earl of Carlisle as shall be brought thither for interment.

The Church of Hinderskelfe having been long since demolished, the parish is now considered in the light of an extra-parochial place, and marriages are celebrated at the adjoining parish Church of Bulmer.

Post town, Malton.

Not noticed by Torre. Drake's Eboracum, page 546. Langdale, page 19.

COXWOLD[3].—SAINT MICHAEL.—(*Perpetual Curacy, unaugmented.*)——Area, 14,590 acres. Birdforth wapen-

[1] Viz. Bulmer, 360; Hinderskelfe, 150; and Welburn (including Hardiflatts, extra-parochial, 4 inhabitants), 391.—In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at 740. Probably Hinderskelfe is excluded.

[1] Archbishop Sharp says, "Neither do I here put in Hinderskelf, because this Church is now disused, and I doubt ruinous; and it is, it seems, doubtful whether it be a parish or no."—MS., vol. iii. page 5.

[2] The Steward returned in 1818, that he was unacquainted with the existence of any peculiar jurisdiction, although the Keeper of the peculiar jurisdiction of Hinderskelfe is mentioned in the Archbishop's list of Peculiars; but the Steward had no wills in his custody which had been proved in the Manor Court, neither was he aware that any such were extant.

[3] Torre places this parish in Rydall Deanery.

take.—POPULATION, 1,380[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 374[2]; NET VALUE, 351*l.*—The Prior of Newburgh held in Coxwold one carucate and two oxgangs of land, in frankalmoigne.

And Thomas de Kokvill held three carucates of Roger de Mowbray, and he of the King in capite, paying fine to the wapentake 2*s.*

Moreover this town, together with Helneston and Everesley, answered for one knight's fee.

Thornton-on-the-Hill was held by Roger de Mowbray, together with Baxeby, for the fourth part of a knight's fee, and contained three carucates of land, which John Deyvill held of the Lords Mowbray, by the rent of 3*s.*

Everesley contains three carucates, held by Thomas de Colevill of Roger de Mowbray, who held them of the King in capite, by the rent of 2*s.*

This Church, with its Chapels of Kilburn, Thirkleby, and Silton, was given by Roger de Mowbray to the Abbey of Byland, to which it was appropriated, but no Vicarage was ordained in this Church.

Patrons and impropriators, Trinity College, Cambridge, who used to include the presentation in their lease to Earl Falconberg.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, with the Chapel of Scilton, at 59*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.*; and in his new taxation, at 20*l.* 16*s.* per annum.

"The tithes of the parish of Coxwold are impropriate to Trinity College, Cambridge, who lease the tithes to Lord Viscount Fauconberg, and oblige him to find a Curate; as an augmentation to whose small salary the late Earl Fauconberg did settle the glebe and tithes of the parish of Raskelfe, which he held by lease for lives of the Bishop of Chester. He did also erect an hospital for ten men, with a Chapel in it for prayers, to be read daily, according to the Liturgy of the Church of England, and endowed it with 59*l.* per annum, and likewise gave a rent-charge of 20*l.* per annum for ever, to be distributed among the poor of the parish of Coxwold. There is likewise another hospital for women, erected by his grandfather, Thomas Lord Viscount Fauconberg, endowed with 21*l.* per annum; and a free school, built by Sir John Hart, formerly Alderman and twice Lord Mayor of London, and endowed with a salary for master and usher of 40*l.* per annum."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1053.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as fit for residence; but in 1834, returned, "No glebe house."

The Register Books commence in 1583.

CHARITIES.—*Lord Fauconberg's charity*, by will (date not given). Fee farm rent of 49*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.*, lying within the manor of Sigston, chargeable with the payment of 20*l.* for ever to the poor of the parish of Coxwold; and the sum of 16*l.* per annum is regularly paid by Sir Thomas Frankland, bart., on account of this donation, 4*l.* per annum being deducted for land-tax.

Poor Lands. These consist of an estate, containing 16A. of land, in the township of Husthwaite, let, at the time of the Report, for 24*l.* per annum.—The Commissioners reported, that it was supposed this estate was given to the poor of Coxwold by one of the Fauconberg family, but that no deeds relative to it had been found.

Easingwold Closes. These consist of 7A. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 10*l.* per annum, which was conveyed by deed, dated 23d July 1743, by Ralph Douglas; in consideration of 105*l.*, he conveyed to the Rev. Henry Thompson and ten others the said closes, upon trust to distribute the rents among poor and needy persons, inhabitants of or belonging to Coxwold, at the discretion of a majority of the parishioners assembled in vestry.—The Commissioners reported, that none of the trustees named in the deed were, at the time of their Report, living, and that it was not known which of them was the survivor.

Timber Money. This consists of the sum of 25*l.*, which, reported the Commissioners, was understood to have arisen from the sale of timber upon the

[1] Viz. Angram Grange, 28; Birdforth, 35; Byland cum Membris, 365; Coxwold, 375; Newburgh with Morton, extra-parochial, 104; Oulston, 215; Thornton with Baxley, 67; Wilden Grange, 27; and Yearsley, 164.—In 1834, the population, exclusive of the Chapelries, was returned at 980.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 500.

Poor's Land, and was secured by deed, dated 29th July 1794, upon the tolls of the turnpike-road from Northallerton to York, and the interest thereof (1*l.* 5*s.* per annum) regularly received at Christmas, which, together with the annual income of the above charities, amounting to 51*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*, of which sum 4*l.* is applied towards apprenticing children, and the residue, with the sacrament-money at Christmas and Whitsuntide, by and at the discretion of the minister and churchwardens, to poor not receiving parish relief, in sums from 3*s.* to 9*s.* each.

Sir John Harte's Charity School, founded by will, dated 3rd January 1603, and proved in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury (date not given). Endowment: rent-charge of 36*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, for and to be distributed as follows:—To the master, 20*l.* for his pains, and 26*s.* 8*d.* for his livery; to the usher, 10*l.* for his pains, and 13*s.* 4*d.* for his livery; and to the schoolmaster, 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, for teaching the pettyes, or young children, to read English; to a preacher, for three sermons every year, 20*s.* per annum; and to the visitors of the said free school, for drinking or repast, 20*s.* per annum; and the residue for repairing the school-house.

The Commissioners reported, that certainly the will does not explicitly say whether or not this was founded as a grammar school, but they reasonably inferred that it was established and intended for that purpose, from the separate provisions made by the will for teaching the younger children English, and that the school had been always kept up, and had for a considerable time stood in high repute as a grammar school; that the then master, the Rev. Thomas Newton, was appointed in 1806, but who appointed an usher as schoolmaster, being the assistant Curate, who receives the payments due to the master and usher, being 32*l.* per annum, which were paid to him independent of his salary as assistant Curate; that the usher was allowed by Mr. Newton to instruct as free scholars those sent to be taught English only, and writing and accounts, for 5*s.* per quarter each boy; and that, at the time of their Report, there were nine free scholars, of whom only two were instructed in Latin, and that the 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* for teaching poor children was paid to the schoolmaster, who instructed three children in reading, nominated by Mr. Newton; and that the other payments, viz., 1*l.* for the visiters, did not appear to be known, and that the 20*s.* for sermons had only been received for the five years preceding their Report, when it was received by Mr. Newton.

Poor Men's Hospital, founded by Thomas Earl of Fauconberg, by deed, dated 27th September 1696, for poor, aged, and impotent men. 40*l.* for providing for ten poor men blue gowns or coats once in two years, with badges thereon of the said Earl's crest, and the residue of the said 40*l.* to be distributed equally amongst the said poor men, at the Feast of Pentecost and St. Martin the Bishop in winter; and 5*l.* for coals and fuel for the poor men equally; and 40*s.* to some person, to be nominated, for reading prayers and divine service in the Chapel or room in the middle of the hospital every day in the week, except the Lord's day; and the residue for the repairs of the hospital; and that a woman be nominated to attend to the poor men in the hospital, or be useful therein, if it should be thought requisite; and in case of the death of any one of them, then to have and be entitled to the same provisions which the person so dying held. Endowment: rent-charge of 59*l.* per annum.

The Commissioners reported, that there was, at the time of the Report, nine men and one woman belonging to the hospital; that only two of them resided therein, the others being permitted to live at home with their families; that 5*l.*, as directed by the endowment, and 2*l.*, formerly paid to the person who read prayers in the Chapel, were then laid out in the purchase of coals, of which one chaldron was given to each of the alms-people resident in the hospital, and the residue among the out-pensioners; and that there was a balance in hand, at the time of their Report, of 25*l.* per annum.

The Commissioners further reported, that there appeared to have been formerly an hospital for women, but which

seemed to have fallen to decay, and had not existed since, or a short time, before 1790; that it was mentioned in the Parliamentary Returns in 1786, and appeared to have consisted of an hospital for eight poor women, with annual stipends of 40*s*. each, eight bushels of coals to each yearly, and five yards of cloth once in two years; and that they had not ascertained the particulars of the endowment, further than the former was stated to be a rent-charge, and that they had found no documentary evidence from whence the origin of this hospital could be discovered.—Vide 4th Report, page 390, and 6th Report, page 593.

Post town, Easingwold.

Torre's MS., page 55. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 41. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hogram), pages 55. 62; (Begeland), 157; (Cucualt), 7. 196; (Eureslage), 196. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 310. 321. Burton's Monasticon, page 332. Nonæ Roll, page 236. Bodleian MS., No. 3101. Blount's Jocular Tenures, page 92. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 382. Jefferson's Thirsk, page 100.

NEWBURGH.—(*Parish of Coxwold.*)—An Abbey of Austin Canons, founded A.D. 1145 by Roger de Mowbray.

Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 317.

BIRDFORTH.—(*Parish of Coxwold. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Birdforth wapentake.—POPULATION, 35, vide Coxwold[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 120; NET VALUE, 94*l*.—This is a Chapel in the parish of Coxwold, which does not appear to be very ancient, but having been augmented by Queen Anne's Bounty, it is now become a Benefice. It still contributes to the repairs of Coxwold Church.

Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Impropriators, Trinity College, Cambridge.

Valued in 1707, at 6*l*. 6*s*. 2*d*.; and in 1818, at 84*l*. per annum.

Augmented in 1739, with 200*l*.; in 1775, with 200*l*.; in 1787, with 200*l*.; and in 1792, with 200*l*.—all by lot.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1616.

[1] Returned at 52, in 1834.

CHARITY.—*The Rev. William Whytehead's charity*, by will, in 1813. Rent of 1A. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 1*l*. 5*s*. per annum, for the schoolmaster of Thormanby, for teaching two poor children of Birdforth to read; if not two at Birdforth, then one from Thormanby; and books to be provided for the children when there if sufficient money in hand.—Vide 8th Report, page 705.

Post town, Easingwold.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 45. Jefferson's Thirsk, page 98.

CRAIKE.—ST. CUTHBERT[1].——(*Peculiar. Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,300 acres. County of Durham[2].—POPULATION, 607; CHURCH-ROOM, 250[3]; NET VALUE, 672*l*.—St. Cuthbert founded a Monastery at Craike in the year 685, which continued for two hundred years after.

This Church was given by Egfrid, King of Northumberland, in 684, unto St. Cuthbert, together with the town of Craike, with three miles round about, which hath been ever since a Liberty of the Bishops of Durham, and the Bishop is patron[4].

There was an hospital here, called St. Mary de Pratis, for which Archbishop Walter Gray, in 1228, granted an indulgence of twenty days' pardon.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l*.; and in the King's books, at 10*l*. per annum.

"This Living," says Bacon, "is in the Bishopric and county of Durham, and therefore the Incumbents thereof do always receive their collation from the Bishop of Durham, the Archbishops of York having no jurisdiction. Here it is

[1] St. Cuthbert's body was often removed by the Monks, and finally deposited at Durham. His sepulchre was visited in 938 by King Athelstan, and by King Canute in 1031, who walked barefoot five miles to the shrine.—Mr. Raine has published an interesting account of the discovery of the remains of this Saint.

[2] Locally situate within Bulmer wapentake.

[3] Estimated in 1818 at 458.

[4] The Archbishop of York summons the Rector of Craike to appear at his Visitations, and accordingly he is on the books charged with Procurations 7*s*. 6*d*., but he refuseth to appear.—Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 68.

reckoned a Living within the Archdeaconry and Peculiar Jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter of Durham [1].

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Grason's charity*, by will (date not given). Rent-charge of 40*s*. per annum to the poor by the Rector and churchwardens, and with the sacrament-money, on St. Thomas's day.

Samuel Coates's charity, by will (date not given). Rent-charge of 10*s*. per annum to the poor, distributed as above.

Ralph Bellwood's charity, by will (date not given). Rent-charge of 10*s*. per annum to the poor at Easter. Now lost.

Poor's Lands. These consist of 14A. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 23*l*. 2*s*. per annum, and is under the management of the overseers of the poor, and were formerly purchased with the amount of sundry benefactions to the poor, and a close by the Rev. Mr. Owram, and the rents whereof are laid out and distributed in coals in the winter season by the overseers among the poorest inhabitants.

Mrs. Orfeur's charity, by will (date not given). Dividends on 200*l*. navy five per cents. for bread for the poor, viz., twelve two-penny loaves every Sunday among twelve persons, and the residue with the sacrament-money, on St. Thomas's day.

Turner's and Jepson's gifts. These consist of two sums of 17*l*. each, given by persons above-named, formerly Rectors of the parish, for bread for the poor; but the Commissioners reported, that in the year preceding the Report the money was expended in building poor-houses, and in consequence thereof the interest (1*l*. 14*s*. per annum) had been since paid out of the poor rates, and applied as before in bread, and distributed with Mrs. Orfeur's charity.

John Bowman's charity, by will (date not given). Dividends on 150*l*. three per cent. consols, for the support of the Sunday School and education of poor children, and the dividends, 4*l*. 10*s*. per annum, viz., 2*l*. 12*s*. to the master of the Sunday School, and the residue to the schoolmaster, for educating such poor children as are sent to him by the overseers of the poor in reading and writing.—Vide 8th Report, page 709.

Post town, Easingwold.

[1] Liber Regis, page 1116.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1345. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 68. Mon. Ang., vol. i. pages 232, 233—vol. vi. page 1625. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Creic), page 63. Burton's Monasticon, page 86. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 377.

CRAMBE [1].—SAINT MICHAEL.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 3,710 acres. Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 573 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 180*l*.—Crambe was, before the Conquest, part of the possessions of Earl Waltheof, and there was then one priest and a Church. Also at that time there was a Church and a priest at Kirkham.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, till it was given to the Prior and Convent of Kirkham, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown, and the Rectory and Advowson were given by King Henry VIII. to the see of York, in exchange, and the Archbishops of York have presented ever since.

Torre does not give the ordination of the Vicarage. The first Vicar named in his catalogue was instituted in 1321.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 40*l*.; Nova Tax, 6*l*. 13*s*. 4*d*.; Vicaria ejusdem, 10*l*.; Nova Tax, 4*l*.; in the King's books, at 9*l*. [3]; Synodals and Procurations, 16*s*. 6*d*; and in 1818, at 127*l*. 12*s*. 4*d*. per annum.

16th December 1821, faculty granted to re-pew the Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1710.—Vide earlier transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—*Poor's Money*. This consists of the sum of 17*l*., formerly given by a person or persons named SURT, and the interest, 15*s*. per annum, is distributed by the overseers of the poor at Christmas to such poor people as they

[1] Otherwise Cramborn, or Crambone.

[2] Viz. Barton-le-Willows, 202; Crambe, 144; and Whitwell-on-the-Hill, 227.

[3] The Valor Ecc. specifies tithes, glebe land, and mansion.—Page 100, col. 2.

consider most in need.—The Commissioners reported, that there appeared to be no existing security for the principal money.—Vide 8th Report, page 711.

Post town, Whitwell.

Torre's MS., page 435. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 20. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bartune), pages 75; (Cranbone), 25. 75. 235; Witeuella), 75; (Chicheham, Chercan), 40. 83. 84. Nonæ Rolls, page 235. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 207—210. Burton's Monasticon, page 374. Gent's Ripon (Kirkham). Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxxxv. page 202.

KIRKHAM PRIORY OF AUSTIN CANONS, founded A.D. 1121, by Sir Walter Espec and Adeline his wife.

The Parliamentary Commissioners, in vol. xvii. pages 118 and 427, report as follows:—"Kirkham, a hamlet, fit to be united to the Chapel of Howsham, and it made a parish Church. There is an old Church at Kirkham, but no preaching minister, only a reader, to whom Sir William Vaughan giveth yearly 7*l.* 13*s.*"

DALBY.—ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 1,480 acres. Bulmer wapentake.——POPULATION, 155 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 160; NET VALUE, 240*l.*—In the town of Dalby were three carucates of land, granted by Berenger de Todenay to the Abbey of Saint Mary's, York.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Flamvills, till Elias de Flamvill released to Simon, Abbot of St. Mary's, York, the Advowson of the Church, together with all his land in the town, his mill, and suit thereunto.

Patronesses, the daughters of the Rev. B. Lumley.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.*; Nova Tax, 1*l.* 10*s.*; and in the King's books, at 5*l.* 1*s.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations, 9*s.* 6*d.* [2]

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1657.

CHARITIES.—*William Spink's charity*, by will, dated 19th February 1686, and recited by deed, dated 21st March 1778. Rent-charge of 4*l.* per annum, on closes called Cowgate Hill and Little Bridge Ing, viz.: 3*l.* to the poor, to be distributed by the minister and churchwardens at Christmas, and 1*l.* to the minister.

Bolton's charity. An ancient rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum. There are no deeds or writings to be found relative to this charity. The money is distributed along with Spink's charity.—Vide 9th Report, page 711.

Post town, Whitwell.

[1] Viz. Dalby with Skewsby.

[2] The Valor Ecc. specifies tithes, mansion, and glebe land.—Page 96, col. 2.

Mon. Ang., vol. iii. page 533. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Dalbi), pages 21. 24. 119. 186; (Scoxebi), 74. Nonæ Roll, page 235.

DUNNINGTON.—ST. NICHOLAS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,110 acres. Ouse and Derwent wapentake [1].—POPULATION, 713 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 349*l.*—The Prebendary of Ampleford hath in Dunnington his dominical manor or capital tenement, with six oxgangs of demesne land and one hundred acres of pasture, in common, for his men and those of John de Craucombes.

Likewise ten bondagers, holding two oxgangs of land a-piece, each oxgang containing ten acres of arable and one of meadow, and yielding to the lord 2*s.* 6*d.* ob. per oxgang.

Also he hath six cottagers and grassmen, with their services, &c., and hath jurisdiction over all his tenants there.

The Prebendary of Dunnington is lord of the town, and hath his manor there, and eight oxgangs and twelve acres of land, and twenty acres of meadow, and one wood, containing about six acres, and pannage therein; also one moor, containing thirty acres, and a wind and water mill; also certain bond tenants, holding of him by corporal services.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Percies, Earls of Northumberland, and afterwards of the Earls of Bridgewater.

[1] The greater part of the parish is within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Dunnington, 643; and Grimston, 70.—In 1834, the population was returned at 661.

Present patrons, the executors of the Earl of Bridgewater.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 8*l.*; in the King's books, at 19*l.*; Synodals and Procurations, 7*s.* 10*d.*; fee farm rent to the Crown of 8*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 280. 303, at 80*l.* per annum, and stated: "Has a third part of Grimston, which should be added to Heslington."

20th June 1717, faculty to apply the remains of the Church of St. Nicholas, near York, towards the repairing of the steeple of Dunnington Church.

24th March 1738, ditto to remove and rebuild the pulpit, &c., and to erect and allot additional sittings.

An Inclosure Act was passed 10th Geo. III.

The Prebendary of Dunnington formerly had jurisdiction within the town.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1583.

CHARITIES.—*Timothy Overend's gift*, by will, dated 16th July 1728. Interest of 10*l.*, to be given in bread, half on Christmas-day, and half on the 7th of March.

James Twinam's gift, by will, dated 6th August 1733. A moiety of the rent of four acres of copyhold land, called the Ings, for the poor of the parish.

Dinah Richardson's gift, by codicil, dated 1st February 1787. Dividends on 75*l.* navy five per cents., given in bread every Sunday, when there is a sermon.

Church Estate. The original acquisition of this property is unknown. It consists of a house, divided into two tenements, with a garth or yard of two perches, a blacksmith's shop, with a garth or yard of three perches, and some closes, containing together 28A. 1R. 14P. The rents, at the time of the Report, amounted to 62*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* per annum, and they are applied, in lieu of a Church-rate, for the support and repairs of the body of the parish Church. There is also a building used as a school, which is considered to form part of the estate, but for which no rent is paid.—Vide 11th Report. page 752.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 633. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 13. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Dodintone, Domniton), pages 170. 238; (Grimeston), 170. 238.

EASINGWOLD.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 10,070 acres. Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 2,381 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 205*l.*—The borough of Easingwold belonged to the monastery of Durham.

At the time of the Domesday Survey, here was a Church, with a priest.

The Church was given to the Archdeaconry of Richmond, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1293.

The patronage is now in the Bishop of Chester, in consequence of the Archdeaconry of Richmond being annexed to that see.

Mr. Torre does not give the endowment. His first Vicar was instituted in 1293.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; and in the King's books, at 12*l.* 11*s.* per annum, after deducting 5*l.* to the Archdeacon of Richmond, and 7*s.* 6*d.* for Synodals and Procurations [2].

26th July 1771, faculty granted to build a gallery.

An Inclosure Act was passed 48th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1599.

CHARITIES.—*The Rev. Ralph Stringer's charity*, or *Foss Bridge House*. This house, in the Long-street, was given in 1599 to the Vicar and churchwardens, and their successors, for the use of two poor people. About twenty years previous to the Report, the house was taken down, and four small tenements were erected on the site of it, at an expense to the township of between 80*l.* and 100*l.* The tenements are occupied by four poor persons, rent-free.

The Rev. George Wilson's charity, by

[1] Viz. Easingwold, 1,922; and Raskelfe, 459.—In 1834, the population of Easingwold was returned at 1,991.

[2] The Valor Ecc. specifies tithes and mansion.

will, in 1666. Rent of a close, called North Moors, containing 5A. 2R.; one-half to be applied in bringing fuel for Foss Bridge House, and the remainder to be given away by the churchwardens to the most needy poor.

Poor's Estate. 11A. 0R. 5P. of land, of which 7A. were purchased in 1712 and 1713, by means of a fund then existing, and conveyed to the Vicar and churchwardens, and their successors, in trust for the use of the poor, the rents to be distributed according to the discretion of the Vicar and churchwardens; and the residue was an allotment on the inclosure made in lieu of lands formerly devised to the use of the poor. The whole are under the management of the Vicar and churchwardens.

John Foster's rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum, by will, in 1640, out of land at Highthorn, the property of Lord Dundas. Distributed along with the rents of the poor's estate.

Nathaniel Wilson's rent-charge of 30*s.* per annum, by will, in 1726, out of lands, called York Waths, near Shire's Bridge; 20*s.* thereof to be distributed among the poor, and 10*s.* to the Vicar, for preaching a sermon on the 5th November.

Ann Cobb's gift, by will, in 1728. Rent of two closes, called Whitebread's Closes, containing together 4A. 3R. 37P. (after paying 40*s.* per annum to the poor of Sutton), to be laid out in the purchase of bread, to be divided every Lord's-day among twelve of the poorest inhabitants of Easingwold as should constantly come to the Church. It is not known in whom the legal estate is now vested. The minister and churchwardens act as trustees.

George Westerman's gift, by will, dated 30th July 1783. Dividends on 200*l.* old south sea annuities, vested, in 1783, in the names of the then Vicar and churchwardens. A sum of 15*s.* or 16*s.* is reserved for the repair of the testator's tomb, and a mahogany board, with the inscription thereon; one shilling's worth of bread, in penny and twopenny loaves, is distributed every Sunday to poor persons attending Church; and the rest is disposed of in bread, which is given away at Christmas and Whitsuntide, in sixpenny and shilling loaves, to poor persons of the parish, at the discretion of the minister and churchwardens—a preference to be given to such poor resident in the parish as should have sprung from Sarah, the wife of John Todd the elder, John May, Richard May, and Edward May.

John Raper's charity, by will, dated 24th August 1798. Dividends on 100*l.* three per cent. consols, standing, at the time of the Report, in the name of Mars Smith, as surviving trustee. 2*l.* is divided among four poor labouring housekeepers, who have no trade, and have not received parochial relief; and the remaining 1*l.* is paid to the teacher of a Sunday school, provided such teacher goes to the Church with the children, to hear both morning and evening service.

The Rev. William Comber's charity, by will, proved in London May 1810. Dividends on 50*l.* navy fives, standing, at the time of the Report, in the name of the late Rev. H. R. Whytehead, of Thormanby. The dividends to be distributed at Christmas among widows or poor housekeepers by the minister or churchwardens, with the advice of any part of Mr. Whytehead's family, but not to be thrown into the common fund for the poor.

William Hitchin's rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum, by will, dated in 1761, out of an allotment, called the Tofts, in the Church Field, for teaching one poor boy, to be chosen by the minister and churchwardens.

William Driffield's gift, by will, dated 8th November 1788. Interest of 50*l.*, for teaching four poor children to read, write, and sew.

Thomas Raines's gift. 2*l.* per annum, applied to teaching five poor children reading, writing, and arithmetic. It is said, in the inscription on the testator's monument, that he left the rent of his Hardilgate Close for ever to the schoolmaster, for teaching five poor children, to be named by his niece Salvin, or her heirs, and for want of such, by the minister. The close is now called the School Close.—The lessees of the great tithes were, as the time of the Report, in possession of the close, and the Commissioners had met with no evidence to prove that the land itself belonged to the charity.

Eleanor Westerman's charity, by will, dated 24th August 1781. Dividends on 2,500*l.* reduced annuities. 54*l.* 12*s.* is paid to a schoolmaster, who must be a member of the Church of England, to teach thirty boys Latin, the English grammar, reading, writing, arithmetic, and book-keeping, and also to teach thirty girls reading, writing, and arithmetic; 10*l.* for house-rent, coals, and candles; 8*l.* 8*s.* for books, pens, ink, and stationery; 20*s.* to the minister, for preaching a sermon on the 26th May, before the children, on the benefit of early piety, and another, on the 1st September, on some moral subject. The schoolmaster to attend with the children upon these days, and also on Sundays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, in every week, at the parish Church. The children to be nominated by the minister, churchwardens, and overseers—a preference to be given to the families of Westerman and May, excluding the descendants of Joseph May.

Alice Smith's rent-charge, by will, dated in 1698. 40*s.* per annum, out of Thinklane Closes, for the yearly placing out a poor child apprentice.

Francis Driffield's charity, by will, dated 10th April 1676. A small tenement in Easingwold, for the residence of four poor women, members of the Church of England—widows to be preferred—to be nominated by the minister and churchwardens, and admitted by his heirs. The testator also left twelve acres of land to the minister and churchwardens, a moiety of the rent to be given to the said poor women towards their support, and the other moiety to be applied in placing out poor children apprentices—relatives and namesakes to be preferred.

William Coopland's charity, by will, dated in 1759. Interest of 10*l.* towards clothing two poor boys.

Thomas Wray's charity, given in 1738. Interest of 20*l.* among four poor widows.

Lost charity. One *Margaret Taylor* paid 10*s.* a year to the minister and churchwardens for the poor, till 1803. The payment was afterwards made by her nephew, Edward Taylor, in pursuance, as understood, of her recommendation, out of the profits of a close, called Howes. Mr. Taylor died about six or seven years before the Report, since which time the payment has been discontinued; and the Commissioners found nothing to show that the payment could be enforced.—Vide 6th Report, page 597.

A post town.

Torre's MS, page 559. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 31. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Eisicewalt), page 9; (Raschel), 26. Mon. Ang., vol. i. page 233. Nonæ Roll, page 243.

RASKELFE.—ST. MARY.—*(Perpetual Curacy. Parish of Easingwold.)*—Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 459, vide Easingwold; CHAPEL-ROOM, 230[1]; NET VALUE, vide Easingwold.

Patron and impropriator, the Bishop of Chester.

Valued in 1707, at 8*l.*; and in 1818, at 140*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1744, with 200*l.*; and in 1765, with 200*l.*—both by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 4th and 5th Wm. IV.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "only a small cottage;" and was returned "unfit," in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1747, but apparently deficient from 1773—1812.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.——*Foster's charity*, vide Easingwold. The proportion due to this township is 6*l.* 13*s.* per annum.

Poor's Land. A close, containing five acres, purchased with a legacy of 100*l.*, bequeathed by William Jackson. Half the rent is distributed by the minister and churchwardens, in bread and money, among poor people at Christmas, and the other half is paid to a schoolmaster, for teaching five poor boys or girls to read. A close of land, containing about two acres, was purchased in 1741 with township money, and the rent is distributed by the churchwardens and overseers of the poor in bread every Sunday. At the time of the Report, it was proposed to fell about thirty pounds' worth of timber, and invest the amount.

Rent-charge. 5*s.* per annum, out of land at Dishforth, the property of Fran-

[1] In 1818, the return was 378.

cis Barroby; when or by whom given is unknown, but it is regularly paid every Whitsuntide.

Poor's Money. This consists of a sum of 20*l.*, composed of a legacy of 10*l.*, bequeathed by Isabel Jackson, and 10*l.*, arising from sale of timber from the poor's land. A child is taught to read, in addition to the five taught out of the rent of the poor's land; and 4*s.* is given in bread.—Vide 6th Report, page 597.

Post town, Easingwold.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Raschel), page 26. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 31. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. xc. page 390.

ELVINGTON.—HOLY TRINITY. —(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 2,120 acres. Ouse and Derwent wapentake. —POPULATION, 391 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150 [2]; NET VALUE, 280*l.*—At the time of the Domesday Survey, there was a Church at Elvington, and two fisheries yielding one thousand eels.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Morebys, from them it came to the Nevilles, Earls of Westmorland, and in King Henry the Seventh's time the patronage came to the Crown.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's books, at 5*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.*; Synodals and Procurations, 8*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 304, at 50*l.* per annum [3].

30th May 1803, faculty granted to rebuild the Church.

Inclosure Acts were passed 16th Geo. II. (The Moor) and 9th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1600: 1741, 1742, 1743, and 1744, wanting. The first book is much decayed.—Vide transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 429. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 9. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Alwintone), pages 171. 238.

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[1] The population, in 1834, was returned at 380.

[2] In 1818, the return was 300.

[3] The Valor Ecc. specifies tithes, mansion, and glebe land.—Page 97, col. 2.

ESCRICK [1].—ST. HELEN.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 6,400 acres. Ouse and Derwent wapentake.—POPULATION, 896 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600; NET VALUE, 530*l.*—Picot de Lascels gave two oxgangs of land at Escrick to the Abbey of Selby.

By an escheat in 18th Edward I., it appears that Roger de Lascels held lands here of the Prioress of Thickheved.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Lascells, knights, after them of the Knyvets, and now of the Thompsons.

Patron, P. Beilby Thompson, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 30*l.*; in the King's books, at 23*l.* 3*s.* 8*d.*; Synodals and Procurations, 12*s.* 6*d.*; 6*d.* per annum to St. Mary's Abbey; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 302, at 120*l.* per annum.

27th July 1759, faculty to rebuild the gallery and re-pew the Church.

22nd November 1803, ditto granted to erect a monument in the Church to the memory of Beilby Thompson, Esq.

An Act was passed 21st Geo. III. c. 76, for building a new Church and Rectory house, and for exchange of lands, and the new Church and churchyard were consecrated on the 13th October 1783.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1617: chasm 1688 to 1718.——Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.——*John and Margaret Cooke's charity* (date not given). Rentcharge of 26*s.* per annum, out of lands in Skipwith Fields, for bread, to be given every Lord's day in the Church among six poor people that shall frequent divine service, at the discretion of the minister and churchwardens.

John Neville's gift (date not given). 26*l.*, directed to be paid into the hands of Beilby or Richard Thompson, Esq., the interest to be given to the poor widows and old maids of Escrick, either at Christmas altogether, or in white bread every Sunday, in the Church, at the discretion of the above-named gentleman; and the donor desired that the

[1] Bodleian MS., No. 5078—written there "Escrynton."

[2] Viz. Deighton, 179; and Escrick, 717.—In 1834, the population was returned at 900.

bread might be given to those only who go to Church every Sunday, and hear both the Common Prayer and the sermon.

Poor's Land. 3A. OR. 16P., with a stable, situate in Fishergate, near York (subject to tithes). The rent is distributed among the poor by the minister and churchwardens. The township of Deighton claims one-fourth part of the rent.—Vide 11th Report, page 770.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 403. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 11. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ascri), page 118; (Distone), 118. Burton's Monasticon, pages 280. 394. Bodleian MS. No. 5078. Gent's Ripon, page 58.

FELISKIRK.—SAINT FELIX [1].—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 5,980 acres. Birdforth wapentake [2]. — POPULATION, 911 [3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 320 [4]; NET VALUE, 450*l.*—This Church was given to the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in England, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 16th Kal., Maij 1279. The endowment is very minute and special.

There is a Chapel at Boltby, and there was also another at Sutton-under-Whitestoncliffe, but which was demolished before Abp. Sharp's time.

In 1314 there was an inquisition taken concerning the portion of this Vicarage, and King Henry VIII. granted the Rectory and Advowson, together with the Commandry of Mount St. John and the Manor of Sutton-under-Whitstoncliffe, to the see of York.

The Archbishop of York is still the patron and impropriator.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; and in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 9*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* per annum. Synodals and Procurations, 11*s.* 6*d.*

A decree in the Exchequer in Trinity Term, 7th Anne, as to tithes, is unreported.

28th April 1757, faculty to erect a gallery.

15th March 1798, ditto to re-pew the Church and erect a gallery.

An Inclosure Act was passed 34th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818, as fit for residence; but in 1834, unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1598: many entries almost illegible, and imperfect 1770—1774.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Thirsk.

Torre's MS., page 491. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 45. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 803. Burton's Monasticon, page 332. Nonæ Roll, page 242. Jefferson's Thirsk, page 121.

MOUNT ST. JOHN.——(*Parish of Feliskirk.*)—A Preceptory of the Knights Templars, founded by William Percy, temp. Henry I., to whom Robert Lord Ros gave the manor of Mount St. John, and Roger de Mowbray, Adam Fossard, Sir William Cantlow, knight, Alice Gaunt, and Odo de Boltby, gave very many lands there.

And Baldwin Wake gave the manor of Kereby and the soke of Osyngwald.

After the Dissolution, Mount St. John was given to the Archbishopric of York.

SUTTON-UNDER-WHITESTONE-CLIFFE.—(*Parish of Feliskirk.*)—This town also belonged to the Knights Hospitallers, and came to the see at the Dissolution.

MADDERBY GRANGE. — (*Parish of Feliskirk.*)—This also belonged to the Knights, and is now parcel of the see of York.

BOLTBY.—(*Parish of Feliskirk.*)—Birdforth wapentake.—POPULATION, 342, vide Feliskirk [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, vide Feliskirk.

Patron, the Archbishop of York.

[1] St. Felix was the first Bishop of East Anglia, and was consecrated at Dunwich A.D. 630. He founded the Monastery of Soham, in Cambridgeshire. His remains were transported to Ramsey Abbey in 1026, and were enshrined there in 1192.

[2] The parish of Feliskirk is partly in Ripon liberty, West Riding.

[3] Viz. Boltby, 342; Sutton under Whitestoncliffe, 328; Feliskirk, 110; and Thirlby, 131. —Weaving is almost discontinued in the township of Boltby, to which cause the decrease of population (61 persons) is attributed.—In 1834, the population, exclusive of the Chapelry, was returned at 460.

[4] In 1818, Feliskirk and Boltby were returned as affording accommodation for 600.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 187.

Not valued in 1706 or 1818.

This Chapel was founded in 1409, and a faculty to rebuild it was granted 23rd October 1802.

Odo de Boltby gave lands here to Rievaulx Abbey.

No returns as to glebe house or register books.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Thirsk.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 45. Burton's Monasticon, page 359.

FOSTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 2,090 acres. Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 283[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 100[2]; NET VALUE, 595*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of Stephen Earl of Albemarle, by whom it was given, with the town, to the Abbey and Convent of St. Mary's, York, and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

The tithe of twelve oxgangs of land in Flaxton belong to this Rectory.

Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the King's books, at 14*l.* per annum. Synodals and Procurations, 12*s.* 6*d.*

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer in Trinity Term, 11th Car. II.[3]

A mortgage of 1,600*l.* under Gilbert's Act will cease in 1836.

Inclosure Acts were passed 16th and 17th Geo. III. (Thornton.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1588. Chasm 1641 to 1653.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Land.* 3A. 2R. 23P.

Ancient rent-charge of 15*s.* per annum, out of land called Willies Oxgang. Donor unknown.

Poor's Stock. 87*l.* 19*s.* 1*d.* four per cents., purchased in 1821 with a sum of 85*l.* that had been lodged in the hands of successive Rectors, being the amount of sundry ancient benefactions to the poor, with arrears of interest, and a legacy of 10*l.* left by Mrs. Walsh, the interest whereof was to be applied towards the support of a schoolmistress in Foston; but if there were no such, then to the poor. At the time of the Report, there was no schoolmistress in Foston.—The income received under all the above-mentioned charities is distributed yearly at Christmas, among the poor, by the minister, churchwardens, and overseers.—Vide 9th Report, page 712.

Post address, Lobster House, near York.

[1] Viz. Foston, 78; and Thornton-upon-Clay, 205.

[2] Estimated at 200 in 1818.

[3] Query what Foston?

Torre's MS., page 443. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 17. Nonæ Roll, page 235. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Fostune), page 118. Mon. Ang., vol. iii. page 571.

GATE HELMSLEY.—ST. MARY.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 520 acres. Bulmer wapentake[1].——POPULATION, 243; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 114*l.*—The Prebendary of Osbaldwick hath in Helmsley all those tenements, with the lands appertaining, and the whole north side of the town from east to west, and the tithe corn of those lands and tenements.

This was formerly a Vicarage, but is held as a Perpetual Curacy.

Patron, the Prebendary of Osbaldwick.

Impropriator, —— Burrall.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Torre gives no information as to the endowment. The first Vicar he mentions was instituted in 1351.

Valued in the King's books, at 2*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 192, it is stated: "The Vicar hath all small tithes; value, 10*l.* 8*s.*;"—and in 1818, at 103*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1730, with 200*l.*; in 1770, with 200*l.*; and in 1785, with 200*l.*—all by lot; and in 1798, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Elizabeth Dodsworth.

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

[1] But in Peter liberty.—Part of Osbaldwick is within this parish. Stamford Bridge is partly within the parish of Gate Helmsley, and partly within the parish of Low Catton.

The Register Books commence in 1689.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 668. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 59. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Elmeslac, Hamelsec), page 50. Nonæ Rolls, page 236.

HEMINGBOROUGH.—ST. MARY. (*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 9,440 acres. Ouse and Derwent wapentake.—POPULATION, 1806 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 650 [2]; NET VALUE, 85*l.*—There was a Church and a priest at Hemingborough, at the time of the Domesday Survey.

This Church was given by William the Conqueror to the Prior and Convent of Durham, and their successors, who were patrons of it till the Dissolution. The patronage is now in the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriators, Messrs. Wilson, Tweedy and Co., bankers, York.

On the 19th July, A.D., 1356, this parish Church was appropriated to the said Prior and Convent by John Thoresby, Archbishop of York; who, in consequence of the damage the Church of York sustained thereby, &c., reserved out of the fruits thereof, to him, and his successors, Archbishops, an annual pension of 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and to the Dean and Chapter of York, another annual rent of 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, to be paid by the said Prior and Convent, for ever.

And on the 21st of July, A.D,, 1356, the Archbishop ordained a Perpetual Vicarage in this Church, appointing the Vicar thereof to be at the presentation of the Prior and Convent of Durham, who should set out for his habitation a competent house, with its custelage and garden near the said Church, and pay to him and his successors 40*l.* sterling per annum, at Martinmas and Pentecost, by equal portions. In respect of which he should bear all burdens, ordinary incumbent, on the Church, excepting the building or repairs of the choir, and all other extraordinary duties, which the said Prior and Convent should bear. For this purpose King Edward III. granted his licence to the Prior and Convent, upon condition that they find a Monk or Secular Chaplain to celebrate daily in the Church of Durham, in a place there called Galiley, for the soul of King Edward I. and his successors; and two other Monks, or Secular Chaplains, to celebrate daily, one at the altar of St. Cuthbert there, and one in the Church of Hemingbrough, with a certain number of wax lights; and that they observe the anniversary of King Edward III. in the quire of the Church, yearly, and on that day distribute to one hundred poor one penny each. But notwithstanding this the said ordination never took place, because the Prior and Convent could not procure the Pope's confirmation. Pope Gregory II. in A.D. 1370, wrote to the king to prevent this appropriation; for which they had a patent from King Edward I. The Pope did not choose to confirm this appropriation, because from time to time, this being a rich Rectory, they appointed a person therein, by virtue of the provisions of the Apostolic fee. Thus it remained till A.D. 1426, and the following persons were Rectors, &c.

On the 26th October, A.D. 1426, 5th Henry VI., the King granted his royal licence to the Prior and Convent of Durham to erect, or cause the parochial Church of Hemingborough to be erected, into a college, consisting of one Provost or Warden, three Prebendaries, six Vicars, and six Clerks, with other ministers, to celebrate divine service, for the good estate of himself while living, and for the anniversary, &c. afore-mentioned. Furthermore, granting that the said Provost or Custos, Prebendaries, Vicars, and Clerks, be for ever called the Provost, Prebendaries, Vicars, and Clerks of the Collegiate Church of St. Mary, at Hemingborough. So in November, in the same year, John Kempe, Archbishop of York, made his ordination of this parochial Church accordingly (as shall be particularised hereafter), reserving to the Prior and Convent of Durham an annual pension of five marks, anciently due out of the Church of Hemingbo-

[1] Viz. Hemingborough, 468; Barlby, 348; Brackenholme with Woodall, 69; Cliffe with Lund, 490; Menthorpe with Bowthorpe, 59; Osgodby, 170; and South Duffield, 202. There has been a decrease of 94 persons since the census of 1821.—In 1834, the return was 1,435.

[2] In 1818, the estimate was 780.

rough, at the presentation of the Provosts, Canons, Vicars, &c., within the space of one month from their vacations, &c. And on the 19th of May, A.D. 1427, the Chapter of York consented to the erection of the same into a Collegiate Church, on the members thereof submiting to a former ordination made by John Thoresby, Archbishop, in 1356.

In November, A.D. 1426, the Archbishop ordained, at the appropriation of this Church, that it be a college, to consist of one provost or warden (custos), who shall be a canon of the same, in priest's orders, before he obtained the provostship; and to have the whole care of the parishioners' souls, and full government of the fruits, rents, and revenues of the same Church, and be liable to support the following incumbrances of paying the Canons and Vicars, &c., and shall, for the greatest part of the year, make his personal residence in the said Church, and have for his portion forty marks per annum out of the fruits and profits of the Church.

On the 20th of March, A.D. 1479, Lawrence Booth, Archbishop of York, made this new ordination of this Collegiate Church, viz.: That the provost thereof (who shall have the principal care both of spirituals and temporals) shall keep residence in the same, at least thirteen weeks in the year, and shall receive all and singular the fruits, rents, and profits thereunto appertaining, and have the mansion-house of the Rectory, with the whole soil remaining, besides the mansion house of the vicars; and shall pay the canons, vicars, and other ministers, &c., their salaries.

After the dissolution of the college, this provost had a pension of 13*l.* 14*s.* 6*d.* per annum, which he enjoyed in A.D. 1553.

The aforesaid Archbishop also ordained that besides the provost there be three other canons prebendaries, to each of which the said provost is to pay yearly ten marks (nomine prebendæ) at the annual feasts of Christmas, Lady Day, St. John the Baptist, and St. Michael, by equal portions; each of whom are to reside personally thirteen weeks in every year, from the feast of St. Michael, either continually or by turns, and to receive of the provost, at the end of the year, ten marks (nomine residentiæ). Moreover, in A.D. 1479, by Archbishop Lawrence Booth's new ordination, the provost was to pay 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum to each canon for the corpse of his prebend.

At the aforesaid ordination of this church the Archbishop decreed that there be also therein six vicars (whereof two are to be chaplains of the chantries of Cliff and Wasse) then in the Church instituted, and be for ever called the Vicars of Cliff and Wasse; which said Vicars of Cliff and Wasse shall go to masses and other canonical hours, in the habit conformable to the other Vicars; each of which shall receive, by the hands of the Provost, two marks quarterly, in augmentation of their sustentation.

And, besides these two, he ordained that there be in the Church four Vicars, ministering in regular habits; who, according to the ordination and command of the Provost, shall have under him the labour of the exercise of the cure of the souls of the parishioners of Hemingbrough; and have each of them for his portion ten marks per annum, paid them by the Provost, at the four terms of the year; and every of these shall be Hebdomidaries according to the order of their turn. And in A.D. 1479, by a new decree, these Vicars shall have to their proper use, for ever, the one moiety of the titheable fuel called faggots or kids, which shall be cut down yearly within the parish of Hemingbrough.

Besides the Provost, Canons, and Vicars, there were ordained in this Collegiate Church four Clerks of the second form, (besides the two clerks carrying water, &c.) who shall be nominated by the Provost, and at his pleasure removed. Every one of which shall, for his sustentation, receive 2*l.* per annum, by the hands of the Provost; and the two aquæ bajuli clerks shall be nominated by the parishioners, as they were wont of antient time, having an augmentation of their stipends; and, to make them more diligent in their divine ministrations, one mark per annum paid by the Provost.

There was also a Chantry ordained in this Church, at the altar of St. Mary the Virgin, for the soul of Henry de Cliff, Canon of the Cathedral Church of York, (who died in A.D. 1332), which consisted

of two Chaplains daily celebrating thereat: the patronage of whom was after the decease of the said Henry de Cliff and his executors, given to the Prior and Convent of Durham; and on the 20th of March, A.D. 1479, the Chaplain of this Chantry of Cliff was to have 10*s.* per annum allowed him by the Provost in augmentation to his salary, to oblige his presence in the Church at divine service, on all festivals and days of nine lections.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 110*l.* per annum; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 311, the Vicarage is valued at 20*l.* per annum; impropriation, at 270*l.*; and in 1818 the Vicarage at 96*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1810 with 200*l.*, and in 1814, with 1600*l.*,—both by lot from the Parliamentary grant.

Decrees in the Exchequer in Hilary Term, 40th Eliz., and also in Hilary Term, 45th Eliz. as to tithes are unreported.

Inclosure Acts were passed 51st Geo. III. (Osgodby) 1st Geo. IV. (South Duffield) and 1st and 2nd Geo. IV. explaining last mentioned Act[1].

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1605, but the first four books are irregular and defective.—Vide transcripts in the registry of the Peculiar Court.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIP OF HEMINGBROUGH.—*John Allison's, and Joseph Underwood's gifts.* The former left a rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum, to be given in bread at the Church every Lord's day, and the latter gave a rent-charge of 12*s.*, as an addition thereto.

Widhouse's charity and doles.—William Widhouse, by deed, dated 14th March 1624, gave for the use of the poor a close at Hemingbrough called Proudfoot Close, and the following rents-charge have been given by persons unknown,—viz., 20*s.* a year out of Hagg Lane Close, and 10*s.* a year out of Northfield Close; also Mr. Sharrow left 7*s.* a year out of Barmby Sieve Carr. The rent and doles are distributed among widows and other poor.

[1] It is the custom of the manor of Hemingbrough, that in default of male heirs, lands are not divided among females of the same degree of kindred, but descend solely to the eldest.—(Communicated by John Tweedy, Esq., one of the impropriators.)

School Close. About two acres, donor unknown. The rent is applied in teaching four poor children to read.

TOWNSHIPS OF SOUTH DUFFIELD AND OSDGODBY.

Colam Closes. 7 acres; given for the poor by some person unknown. At the time of the Report, William Haddlesey, Esq., acted as trustee, and the land was let for the fair annual value, and the rents distributed half-yearly.

TOWNSHIP OF CLIFF WITH LUND.

Poors Lands.—Donors unknown.—About ten acres; the rents are distributed among widows and other poor not receiving regular parochial relief.

Payment to the Vicar. William Baxter, by will, in 1743, left a rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum out of his estate at Cliff for preaching a sermon on Ascension Day.

The School. Mary Waud, by will, dated 17th June 1708, left 200*l.* as an endowment for a school, and 20*l.* for building a school house. The house was built, and the 200*l.* were laid out in the purchase of 14A. 0R. 6P. of land, and in redeeming the land tax. There was also a fund amounting, at the time of the Report, to 270*l.* 12*s.* 10*d.*, of which 100*l.* was a benefaction from Mr. Whittall, and the residue arose from savings of income about 10*s.* per annum, being regularly set apart as an accumulation. The master's stipend is 30*l.* per annum, for which he instructs thirty poor free scholars in reading, writing, and accounts.—Vide 11th Report, page 771.

Post town, Selby.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1263. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 56. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bardulbi), pages 62. 187; (Asgozbi), 10. 78; (Hamiberg), 11. Bodleian MS., No. 5078. Burton's Monasticon, with History of Hemingborough, page 435. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. xciv. page 303. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 1375.

OSGODBY.——*(Parish of Hemingbrough.)*—Here was a Chantry which was valued at the Dissolution at 5*l.* 11*s.* 9*d.* per annum.

BARLBY.——(*Peculiar. Parish of Hemingbrough. Perpetual Curacy.*)——Ouse and Derwent wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Hemingbrough[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 65*l.*

Barlby contained ten carucates of land, where twelve make a knight's fee, which William de Aton held of the Bishop of Durham by knight's service, and he held them of the king in capite by no rent.

This is a Chapel in the parish of Hemingbrough, but having been augmented by Queen Anne's bounty it is now become a Benefice.

Patron, the Vicar of Hemingbrough.

Valued in 1818 at 78*l.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 314, it is recommended to be made a parish, and Osgodby united to it.

Augmented in 1726, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. John Vicars and Mr. Thomas Dalby; and in 1759, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; and in 1809, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

A faculty was granted on the 6th June, 1778, to take down and re-build the Chapel, and on the 11th May, 1780, a confirmation was made of allotment of pews in the Chapel,

No glebe house.

The Registers are included in Hemingbrough.

CHARITIES.—*Caulem's dole.* Rent of a garth or croft, containing 1R. 30P. whereon a house formerly stood. Distributed among the poor, and chiefly to widows.

Porritt's dole. Rent of 3R. 20P. of land. Distributed as above.

Walker's dole. Ancient rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum. Distributed as above.

Charity for Education. (*Donor unknown.*) Rent of one acre of land, paid to a schoolmaster who instructs six poor children. The boys to read, and the girls to read, knit, and sew.—Vide 10th Report, page 666.

Post town, Selby.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1285. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. iii. page 176. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bardulbi), pages 62, 187.

[1] Returned at 391 in 1834.

HESLINGTON.—ST. PAUL.——(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2570 acres. Ouse and Derwent wapentake.——POPULATION[1], 231; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 63*l.*

In the town of Heslington are twelve carucates of land, whereof sixteen oxgangs were held by Henry Fitz——, for a knight's fee, and he of the Earl of Richmond, as he held them of the king in capite.

And the Master of St. Leonard's hospital held two other carucates of the said Henry, and three other carucates of the said Henry, in copsy, who held them of the heirs of Mowbray, as they of the king in capite, for one knight's fee.

And the Chapter of St. Peter's, York, held five carucates of land here.

And the Prebendary of Ampleford hath in Heslington his dominical manor, or capital messuage (wasted), and eight oxgangs of demesne lands, each oxgang containing eight acres of arable and one of meadow.

Also a certain meadow called Prestcroft, and common of pasture and turbary, extending westward as far as Thursepoll.

Besides he hath there twelve bondmen, ten of whom hold twenty-four oxgangs of land at 18*d.* per oxgang, and certain services.

Also four cottagers holding their tofts and crofts at certain rents and services.

Moreover the said Prebendary hath in Heslington the Church of St. Paul, is Rector of the same, and receives all kind of tithe, both great and small of the men thereof.

Also the Prebendary of Driffield hath in the town of Heslington one toft and one carucate of land and divers tenements, out of which he receives the tithe both great and small, and one mark per annum.

Patron and Impropriator, the Prebendary of Ampleford.

Valued in 1707 at 6*l*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 166, and vol. xviii. page 117, at 5*l*,; Impro-

[1] The parish is partly within the Liberty of St. Peter of York. The Return does not include that part of Heslington (population 305), which is within the parish of St. Lawrence, York. The area of the whole township is given above.

priator, 60*l.* No minister. 5*l.* paid by the Impropriator. "The township formerly belonged to a Church-yard without the walls of the city of York, now pulled down. To be made a parish:" and in 1818, at 58*l.* 2*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1740, with 200*l.*; in 1772, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1795, with 200*l.*; and in 1827, with 200*l.*, all by lot.

This Chapel has the right of sepulture, and marriages are solemnized therein.

31st July 1812, a faculty was granted to enlarge and new pew the Chapel.

An Inclosure Act was passed 1st Geo. III.

JURISDICTION.—Prebendal Court of Ampleford.

No Glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1653. Entries of marriages in the first book very defective. Vide transcripts in the Prebendal Registry at York.

CHARITIES.——*Sir Thomas Hesketh's Hospital*, founded by deed, dated 19th June 1630. It consists of a master, and seven poor brethren, and one poor sister, who are incorporated, and have a common seal. The endowment, exclusive of the house and premises, originally consisted of five water corn mills, called Castle Mills, which heretofore belonged to the dissolved Monastery of St. Leonards in the city of York, which the master, brethren, and sister were required to lease to the Hesketh family, owners of the manor of Heslington, under the clear yearly rent of 50*l.* In 1796, the mills were given up to the Foss Navigation Company, and a yearly rent-charge of 50*l.* is secured upon the mills, tolls, and duties. There is also a yearly rent-charge of 5*l.* on an estate at Hutton Rudby, the property of the Dowager Lady Amherst, but the Commissioners met with no deeds relative to it. In 1795, Mr. Yarburgh, the Lord of the Manor, re-built the hospital, and was also at a considerable expense in maintaining and securing the rights of the hospital on the occasion of the Castle Mills being taken for the purposes of the Foss Navigation Company, The master has 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, and each also of the brethren and also the sister have 5*l.* per annum; the residue is for repairs, maintaining the common fire in the hall, or for other common benefits. The men to be old, aged, and impotent, above the age of fifty years, the master one that can read, to the end that he may read prayers daily morning and evening in the hospital, and of good fame, and without other maintenance, and the sister to be an old poor widow, about the age of fifty years, of good name. Mr. Yarburgh is the patron and appoints the master, brethren, and sister. In case of neglect to nominate for fifty days the Lord Mayor of York to nominate, if he should not within forty days, then the Sheriffs for the city of York within twenty days, in default by them the Archbishop of York for the like term, and in case the Archbishop does not nominate, then the Dean of York to appoint for that time only.—Vide 12th Report, page 650.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., (Peculiars), page 623. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 53.

HOLTBY.—HOLY TRINITY.——(*Peculiar. Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 850 acres. Bulmer wapentake.——POPULATION[1], 157; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 248*l.*

The Church is an ancient Rectory formerly belonging to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Durham, upon whose dissolution it came to the Crown, and it seems was not regranted upon the foundation of the Dean and Chapter. After Queen Elizabeth had presented, the patronage came into the hands of Tobias Jenkins, and afterwards of the Rev. Thomas Nelson, whose daughters presented the Rev. Robert Warburton, in 1799.

Lord Feversham is the present patron.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the King's books, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations, payable to the Monastery of St. Cuthbert, 1*l.* 5*s.*

An Inclosure Act was passed 29th Geo. II.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1679.

CHARITIES.—*John Straker's charity*, by will, in 1669. Rent of a cottage and thir-

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 177.

teen acres of land, partly freehold and partly copyhold. The estate is charged with 5*l.* per annum for sundry out payments, and the residue of the rent is distributed among poor people of Holtby.

James Twinam's charity, by will, dated 6th August, 1733. Rent of a moiety of a copyhold close at Dunnington called the Ings, containing four acres, distributed among the poor by the overseers of the parish.

Agar's Rent-charge. 30*s.* per annum, described in the Return made in 1786 as a rent-charge, given at some time unknown, by the ancestors of John Agar, Esq, of Warthill, and paid by that gentleman till his death, which happened in January, 1807. The payment was considered as issuing out of some part of a farm called Thompson's Land, but nothing certain is known. The payment has been suspended since 1807, it being contended that in the absence of any evidence, it must, under the circumstances, be considered as having been a voluntary gift.—Vide 8th Report, page 711.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., (Peculiars), page 1249. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. iii. page 57. Nonæ Rolls, page 243.

HUNTINGTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,830 acres. Bulmer wapentake. POPULATION, 626[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 127*l.* There was a Church and a Priest at Huntington at the time of the Conqueror's Survey.

This Church was first given to the Abbey of Evesham, and by the Abbot and Convent thereof given to Whitby Abbey, paying to the Church of Evesham 10*s.* per annum; and afterwards it was given to the Subchanter and Vicars Choral of York, to whom it was appropriated in 1353, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 16th May 1354, and they are still the patrons.

On the 31st May 1438, the Archbishop decreed that the Archdeacon of Cleveland should not visit the Church of Huntington appropriated to the Vicars Choral of York.

17th December 1517, William Appilton, Vicar of Huntington, left by will two of his best bee hives to the churchwardens for the time being, and their successors, to maintain the lamp hanging before our Lady in the body of the Church.

11th November 1476, John Duk, Vicar of Huntington, left by will 13*s.* 4*d.* to the picture of the crucifix, St. Mary, and St. John the Evangelist, and the image of St. John the Baptist, in the said Church. He also left one crown for the making of a glass window in the Church to enlighten the Rood Gallery.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 16*l.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* In the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 5*l.*[1]; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 493, it is stated: "The Vicarage comprises the tithes of lamb, Easter book, and all small tithes within the township of Huntington, and half the tithe of lamb, Easter book, and all small tithes in the several townships of Earswick and Tolthorpe, estimated at 10*l.* per annum:" and in 1818 at 130*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1768, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of a rent-charge of 7*l.* per annum, from William Weddell, Esq.

An Inclosure Act for Earswick was passed 10th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1592.

CHARITIES.—*John Vaux's charity*, by will, dated 13th November 1641. Rent-charge of 40*s.* on property belonging to the corporation of York; 10*s.* to the minister for a sermon at Lady-day; 10*s.* to the poor then present; and the like sum of 10*s.* for a sermon on Michaelmas-day, and 10*s.* to the poor then present.

Thomas Harrison's dole, by will, dated 11th May 1710. Rent-charge of 12*s.* per annum out of an estate belonging to Varley Bealby, Esq. in right of his wife, and payable at Lady-day. Distributed with the sacrament money.

William Kirby's dole, by will, dated 5th March 1679. Rent-charge of 2*s.*

[1] Viz. Earswick, 66; Huntington, 490; and Towthorpe, 70. All the Townships are partly in the Liberty of St. Peter. In 1834, the population was returned at 621.

[1] The Valor Eccl. specifies mansion, lands, and tithes.—Page 99. col. 1.

per annum, payable at Easter and Christmas, to the poor, out of a house in Huntington, formerly belonging to Benjamin Agar, Esq., and at the time of the Report, to Thomas Smith, Esq.

Bailey's, Kirby's, and Stabler's gifts. The sums of 10*l.* left by the Rev. Mr. Bailey; 2*l.* left by Seth Kirby; and 5*l.* by Richard Stabler, the interest to be given to the poor, have been applied to the use of the parish; and the sum of 17*s.* per annum is paid out of the Church rate, and given at Christmas.—Vide 8th Report, page 712.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 499. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 14. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Huntindune), pages 25. 75. 118; (Touetorp), 31. 51. 83. Nonæ Rolls, page 235. Burton's Monasticon, page 73.

HUSTHWAITE. — (*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 2,800 acres. Birdforth wapentake[1].——POPULATION, 539[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 279[3]; NET VALUE, 91*l.*

The Prebendary is lord of the whole town; hath his manor there; demesne lands, and jurisdiction of the same.

Patrons, and impropriators, Trinity College, Cambridge.

Valued in 1707, at 25*l.*; and in 1818, at 91*l.* 4*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1719 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Mr. Midgley.

This Chapel has the right of sepulture, and marriages are solemnized therein.

30th October 1788, faculty to erect a gallery.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1674.

HUSTHWAITE CHARITIES.——*William Duffield's charity*, by will, dated 8th November 1778. The interest of 50*l.*, to a master or mistress, to teach poor children, to read, write, and sew. *George Wailes's charity*, by will, dated 7th October 1790. Interest of 10*l.* among ten poor persons not receiving parochial relief. *Rev. Robert Peirson's charity.* Interest of 10*l.* for the poor. In 1807, these legacies were invested in the purchase of 111*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* three per cent, consols, in the name of the Rev. Thomas Newton and others. 2*l.* 7*s.*, part of the annual dividend, is paid to a schoolmaster for teaching four poor children chosen by the Curate and churchwardens, and the residue is distributed in small sums in January.

Ann Dixon's gift, by will, in 1816. Interest of 5*l.* for the use of the poor.

John Forster's Rent-charge, by will, dated 2d July 1640. 7*s.* per annum to the poor.

George Potts's gift. 52*s.* per annum, laid out in white bread, given every Sunday. The payment is made by Mr. Thompson of Escrick.—Vide 4th Report, page 391.

Post town, Thirsk.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1076. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 67.

CARLTON HUSTHWAITE.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Husthwaite.*)—Area, vide Husthwaite. Birdforth wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Husthwaite; CHAPEL-ROOM, 167; NET VALUE, vide Husthwaite.

Patrons, vide Husthwaite.

Value not returned in 1818.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books are included in Husthwaite.

CHARITIES.——*Poor's Money.* The sums of 10*l.*, donor unknown; 5*l.*, bequeathed in 1789 by *Francis Shepherd*, and 5*l.* by *Mrs. Ann Dixon* are placed out, and the interest, together with four rents-charge of 20*s.*, 9*s.*, 9*s.*, and 2*s.*, is distributed by the overseers at Christmas.—Vide 4th Report, page 391.

Post town, Thirsk.

HUTTON'S AMBO.—ST. MARGARET.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,300 acres. Bulmer wapentake[1].——

[1] The parish is within the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Carlton, 163; and Husthwaite, 376.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room for Carlton and Husthwaite was stated at 600.

[1] Torre places this parish within the Deanery of Buckrore and Archdeaconry of the East Riding.

POPULATION, 412; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 93*l.*

These towns form one parish formerly appropriated to the Priory of Kirkham, but no Vicarage was ever ordained.

Torre says, the Church of Hoton super Derwent was an ancient Rectory given to the Prior of Kirkham, and to the same appropriated, and King Henry VIII. settled it on the Archbishopric of York.

10th December 1800, a faculty was granted to take away the Chapel at Low Hutton, wherein divine service had been performed every third Sunday, and apply the materials towards the repairs of the parish Church.

Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Impropriator, Lord Macdonald.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 36*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 16*l.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in 1707, at 13*l.*; and in 1818, at 106*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1723 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. Michael Bridges; in 1810 with 200*l.*,—by lot; and in 1811 with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Rev. James Jarvis Cleaver, the incumbent.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1714. A few leaves in No. 2. almost illegible.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS. (East Riding), page 791. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 27. Nonæ Rolls, page 236. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 317. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 124.

KILBURN.—ST. MARY.——(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 3,670 acres. Ripon Liberty[1].——POPULATION, 531[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 260[3]; NET VALUE, 99*l.* This was formerly a Chapel in the parish of Coxwold, appropriated to the Prior and Convent of Newburgh; and at the Dissolution, granted to the Archbishop of York by King Henry VIII.

"An impropriation of the Archbishop of York[1], whose lessee pays the Curate 20*l.* per annum." Signed "Chas Man Curate."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1054.

See also an unreported Decree in the Exchequer in Trinity Term, 28th Car. II.

Valued in 1707 at 20*l.*; and in 1818, at 65*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1732 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Archbishop of York; in 1815, with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant,—by lot; and in 1827, with 400*l.* from the same grant,—by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 43rd Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being stated, "Small cottage, only two rooms on the ground floor;" and returned "unfit" in 1834.

26th June 1818, faculty to shorten the chancel 14 feet 6 inches, and to take off the lead from the roof and replace it with blue Westmoreland slate.

The Register Books commence in 1600,—very defective till 1753.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Land.* Five acres, situate at Sowerby, near Thirsk, were left for the poor by *William Baynes* and —*Kitchingman*, but there are no deeds relative thereto. There is also a piece of land at Kilburn containing 2A. 3R. 30P. of land, purchased with several small legacies; the rent at the time of the Report was 17*l.* 10*s.* per annum, out of which 10*s.* are paid to a schoolmistress for teaching one poor girl to read and knit, agreeably to the will of *Ann Berry*, dated 1st October 1768, and the residue, in the proportion of 16*l.* 11*s.* to the poor of the constabulary of Kilburn, and 8*s.* 4*d.* to the poor of Oldstead, Wass, and Hood Grange, viz. 6*s.* 8*d.* to the two former and 1*s.* 8*d.* to the latter, agree-

[1] But extends into Birdforth wapentake.

[2] Viz. Hood Grange, 23; and Kilburn, 508. In 1834, the population was returned at 529.

[3] According to the return of 1818. In 1818, the return was "sufficient."

[1] "The farm or lordship called Thorp in the Willows, pays a modus to the Rector, or tithes in kind.—Baines *v.* Clarke."—1 Wood, page 244.

"The manner in which the Rector is entitled to the tithes of Rowlands, Bosamworth, Maynards, and Lees Farms, is stated in the case —The Archbishop of York, *v.* the Duke of Newcastle."—1 Wood, page 446.

ably to the legacies mentioned in the table.—Vide 4th Report, page 392.

Post town, Thirsk.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. iii. page 43. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Chileburn), page 196. Burton's Monasticon, page 333. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 82.

HOOD GRANGE.—(*In the Parish of Kilburn.*)—Originally an Hermitage, but given, in 1138, by Roger Mowbray, to a Convent of Cistercian Monks, afterwards a Cell of Canons to Newburgh.

Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 322.

KIRKBY KNOWLE.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,550 acres. Birdforth wapentake.———POPULATION, 507[1]; CHURCH-ROOM. 154[2]; NET VALUE, 415*l.*

The town of Kirkby sub Knowle contained five carucates of land, whereof one carucate and two oxgangs were held of Roger de Lassells who held this whole town of Hugh de Hupsall, who held it of the heirs of Baldwin Wake, and they of Roger de Mowbray, and he of the King in capite, by two shillings rent. The whole answering for the fourth part of a knight's fee.

The Church is an ancient Rectory formerly belonging to the patronage of the Lascelles of Escrick, from whom it came to the Knyvetts, and from them to the Constables of Kirkby Knowle, and lastly to the Franklands, baronets.

Present patron, Sir T. Frankland, Bart.

The former Rectors had sometimes a Vicar under them.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 8*l.*; and in the King's books, at 8*l.* 2*s.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations, 11*s.* 6*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1642.

Parochial charities, vide Bagby.

Post town, Thirsk.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. iii. page 46. Nonæ Rolls, page 236. Jefferson's Thirsk, page 132.

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[1] Viz. Bagby, 289; Balk, 72; Kirkby Knowle, 146. In 1834, the Return omitted Balk, 72.

[2] According to the Return in 1818. No return in 1834.

BAGBY.—(*Parish of Kirkby Knowle.*)—Birdforth wapentake.—POPULATION [1], vide Kirkby Knowle; CHURCH-ROOM, no return: NET VALUE, no return.

Patron, vide Kirkby Knowle.

Valued in 1707, at 10*s.* per annum.

The tower of the Chapel was rebuilt in 1751.

Here was an extensive hospital founded by the Mowbrays about the year 1200, for sick or poor persons, and apparently dependent upon St. Leonard's Hospital in York.

An Inclosure Act was passed 28th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books, commence in 1556;—chasm from 1640 to 1653, inclusive. Marriages are celebrated in this Chapel.

CHARITIES.———TOWNSHIPS OF BALK AND BAGBY.———*Thomas Kitchingman's* rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum out of land at Beeston, for the poor.

BAGBY TOWNSHIP.

Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum out of Broad Close. Distributed once a year.

Wilson and Ward's charities. 58*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, now placed on a turnpike road security. 20*l.* was left by the *Rev. James Williamson.* 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* by *Mr. Robert Ward;* and 5*l.* was raised by subscription.

Jane Watson's gift to poor widows, by will, dated 8th May 1759. Interest of 20*l.* The principal was applied towards building a poor-house; and the sum of 16*s.* per annum is paid as interest out of the poor's rate, and divided between two poor widows.—Vide 4th Report, page 393.

Post town, Thirsk.

Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. iii. page 47. Not noticed by Torre. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 780. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bagebi) page 197. Burton's Monasticon, page 56. Jefferson's Thirsk, page 111.

MARTON ON THE FOREST WITH MOXBY.—ST. MARY.———(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,370 acres. Bulmer wapentake, and Ripon Liberty.—POPULATION, 202; CHURCH-ROOM, 80[2]. This

[1] Returned in 1834 at 242.

[2] Estimated in 1818 at 100.

Church was given to the Priory of Marton by Bertram de Bulmer, who gave it to the Canons thereof, to which it was appropriated, but no Vicarage was ever ordained therein.

Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Valued in 1707, at 15*l.* 10*s.*; and in 1818, at 52*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1779, with 200*l.*; in 1790, with 200*l.*; and in 1800, with 200*l.*,—all by lot.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1539.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Money.* Interest of 10*l.*, donor unknown. Principal appropriated by the parish in 1819, and 10*s.* per annum out of the poor's rate is distributed with the sacrament-money.

Lost charity. 6*s.* a year was formerly paid out of lands belonging to a family named Carrack. Not paid for many years.—Vide 9th Report, page 713.

Post town, Easingwold.

Torre's MS., page 45. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 23, where the Archbishop notices the rights of the Curate.

MARTON PRIORY—of Austin Canons, was founded temp. Stephen or Henry II. by Bertram de Bulmer.

Mon Angl. vol. vi. page 197. Burton's Monasticon, pages 265, 266.

MYTON-UPON-SWALE.——ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,480 acres. Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 147[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 195; NET VALUE, 150*l.* This Church was an ancient Rectory, till it was given to the Abbey and Convent of St. Mary's, York, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1301.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown, and was given by King Henry VIII. to the See of York in exchange, and the Archbishops have ever since collated to this Vicarage.

Torre gives no ordination of the Vicarage, but merely a catalogue of Vicars, commencing in 1541.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 185.

Impropriator, R. J. Thompson, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; the Vicarage at 5*l.*; and in the King's books, at 6*l.* per annum.

By an Act passed 27th and 28th Geo. II. (1755), for exchange of lands, all tithes were extinguished: see the particulars in Archbishop Sharp's MS.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "very small and inconvenient for a family;" and returned as unfit in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1654.

CHARITIES.—*Glauber's charity.* Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum out of closes in Myton, belonging to Martin Stapylton, Esq., and distributed among the poor at Christmas.

William Melmerby's charity, by will, dated 22nd February 1802. Interest of 60*l.*, for teaching four poor children to read and say their catechism; and the testator requested that the minister would hear them repeat the catechism four times a year in the Church. Six children were taught at the time of the Report.—Vide 6th Report, page 604.

Post town, Boroughbridge.

Torre's MS., page 569. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 32. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Mitune), pages 26. 51. 76. Mon. Angl. vol. iii. page 570. Nonæ Rolls, page 235. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 87.

NEWTON-UPON-OUSE.——(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 4,590 acres. Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 844[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350[2]; NET VALUE, 97*l.* This Church, together with a great part of the town, was given to the Hospital of St. Leonard, in York, by Richard de Kolthorpe, and afterwards appropriated to it, but no ordination of a Vicarage is extant.

Mr. Torre gives the institution of one Rector in 1229.

The patronage and impropriation, after the Dissolution, came to the Bouchiers, from whom it passed to the Earles, and now to the Lords Downe.

[1] Viz. Benningbrough, 93; Linton-upon-Ouse, 258; and Newton-upon-Ouse, 493.

[2] In 1818, estimated at 400.

Valued in the King's books, where it is called a Vicarage, at 6*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in 1707, at 43*l.* 6*s.*; and in 1818, at 90*l.* per annum.

Augmented by lot in 1819, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant.

The parish is within the diocese of York, but the Court Leet and Court Baron of the Manor of Newton with Benningbrough, exercises, by prescription, the right of granting Probates of Wills and Administrations of persons dying within the Manor, except when the deceased left bona notabilia. The wills, &c. were formerly kept in the Evidence-room at Benningbrough Hall, but, previous to the return in 1829, had been removed to the Steward's Office, in York. The list of those extant commences in 1613.

Inclosure Acts were passed 31st Geo. II. and 59th Geo. III. (1758) and 40*l.* per annum settled upon the Curate.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1651.

CHARITIES.—*Lund's, and other gifts.* The benefaction of 50*l.* left by Mr. Thomas Lund for the poor of the whole parish; 50*l.* by Mr. Bouchier, for the poor of Newton township; 100*l.* left by Mrs. Bouchier, 10*l.* by Mr. John Robinson, and 30*l.* by Mr. Gabriel Priestman, for the township of Benningbrough; and 50*l.* left by Mrs. Bouchier, for the poor of Linton township, were laid out together in the purchase of 497*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.* three per cent. consols, in the names of Giles Earle, Esq., James Ellis, John Hawking, and Robert Barton. The dividends are apportioned as follows:—Newton, 3*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.*; Benningbrough, 7*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.*; Linton, 3*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.*

Robinson's and Burton's gifts. John Robinson left 5*l.*, and Benjamin Burton 50*l.* (less 5*l.* duty), both for the poor of Newton township; the money is placed out, and the interest is distributed.

Robert Calvert's gift, by will, dated 19th July 1769. 20*l.* for the poor of Newton township. The legacy was never paid, but 16*s.* per ann. is paid as interest by the tenants of a farm at Newton which belonged to the testator, and at the time of the report was the property of Mr. Hotham and others.

Barrington Bouchier's gift. Interest of 20*l.* for the poor of Newton township. 11*l.* of the principal has been lost, and 9*l.* is in the hands of the overseers. 16*s.* per annum is paid as interest on the whole legacy out of the poor's rate.—Vide 8th Report, page 713.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 563. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 29. Nonæ Rolls, page 243. Bodleian MS., No. 5078. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 613.

OSBALDWICK.—ST. THOMAS.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*) Area, 1740 acres. Bulmer wapentake [1].—POPULATION, 319 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 125 [3]; NET VALUE, 124*l.*—The Prebendary of Osbaldwick is Lord of the town, and hath his manor and jurisdiction over all the tenants; but the Prebendary of Strensall hath the Church, to which stall it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained A.D. 1485.

Patron and Impropriator, the Prebendary of Strensall.

Valued in the King's Books, at 4*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1767, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; and in 1800, with 200*l.*;—all by lot.

17th July 1828, faculty to erect additional pews, and make certain alterations in the Church.

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th George III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818, as unfit for residence, "being much too small," and also returned unfit in 1834.

The Register books commence in 1581. Chasm, 1656—1661. The first book is defective.—Vide Transcripts in the prebendal registry at York.

CHARITIES. — *John Rawson's rent charge,* by will, in 1626. 30*s.* per annum. 20*s.* for two sermons, one on the 24th June, and the other 27th December; and 5*s.* on each of those days to the poor.

Elizabeth Rawson's rent charge, by

[1] Part of the township is within the parish of Gate Helmsley.

[2] Viz. Osbaldwick, 163; and Murton, 156; both in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[3] In 1818, the return was 270.

will, date not given. 20*s.* for two sermons, one on the Sunday before All-Saints' day, and the other on Trinity Sunday, and 5*s.* on each of those days to the poor. Both these rents are charged on a copyhold estate at Osbaldwick belonging to Mrs. Robson.

Isabell Spenceley's gift, about 1638. Rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum out of one moiety of a close, at Osbaldwick, called Moreland Close, viz., 20*s.* for two sermons, on Christmas Day and Ascension Day; 10*s.* for bread and wine for the communion on those days, and 10*s.* to the poor, to be given away at the same time.

John Straker's charity, by will (date not given). 30*s.* to the poor of Murton on the 24th June, and 10*s.* to the poor of Osbaldwick on the same day. Of late the money has been equally divided between the two townships.

Mary Thistlethwaite's rent-charge, by will, dated 21st June 1728. 40*s.* per annum, out of Broad Oak; 30*s.* thereof to go for teaching six poor children, three from Osbaldwick and three from Murton, and 10*s.* to the poor of the said towns. Three children only were taught at the time of the Report, the stipend being deemed insufficient for the number directed.

William Hutchinson's charity, founded in deed, dated 11th February 1765, and augmented by will dated 25th September 1770. Endowment: a garden in Marygate, York, containing one acre and a half, and the sum of 100*l.* at the time of the Report in the hands of Alderman Hearon of York, but who proposed to fund the same in the names of trustees, as soon as it could be done with advantage. 5*l.* per annum is paid to the Vicar, who is to preach sermons on New-Year's day and Easter Sunday. 5*l.* to a schoolmaster, to be chosen by the Vicar and the trustees, for teaching 10 poor children to read and write. Residue of the income, after providing books for the children, to be distributed in money and bread, at Christmas, to the poor of Osbaldwick and Murton who do not receive parish aid, at the discretion of the officiating Minister and church-wardens. New trustees, when the number is reduced to two, to be immediately appointed, so that the trust may never come to the executors or administrators of a surviving trustee.—Vide 8th Report, p. 714.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars,) page 663. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 58. Nonæ Rolls, page 242. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 188. (Manor.) Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Osbaldewic), page 11.

MURTON.—ST. JAMES.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Osbaldwick.*)—Bulmer wapentake. — POPULATION, 156, vide Osbaldwick; CHAPEL-ROOM, 70; NET VALUE, vide Osbaldwick.—The Prebendary of Osbaldwick is Lord of the town, and hath jurisdiction of all the inhabitants.

Patron, vide Osbaldwick.

No glebe house.

Register books, vide Osbaldwick. No marriages celebrated here.

CHARITIES.—Vide Osbaldwick.

CHAPEL LANDS.—Two inclosures, copyhold of the manor of Strensall, called Far Watterland field, and Little Watterland field, or the Little Prickret-house, Batts, containing together seven acres, are charged under a decree of Commissioners of Charitable uses, dated 26th September 1677, with the payment of the yearly sums of 6*s.* 8*d.* and 5*s.*, payable at Lady-day and Michaelmas, and with the repairs of the Chapel for use. The Curate to say divine service in the Chapel every second Sunday between All-Hallowmass and Candlemas, otherwise 4*d.* to be deducted from the aforesaid payments for each second Sunday on which service should be omitted. The grant was originally made in 1511, by Dr. Carrier, then Prebendary and Lord of the manor of Strensall.

Previous to the year 1815, the Chapel had been suffered to fall into a state of great dilapidation, and was become unfit for the performance of divine service. No repairs had been done for near thirty years preceding. In 1815, the vicar, churchwardens, and inhabitants, petitioned the Lord Chancellor, and some repairs were made, and service recommenced in 1818; the petition appears to have been abandoned, and the Chapel is now again desecrated. The Vicar has endeavoured, but in vain, to get it put into a proper state for the celebration of divine service.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 667. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii, page 58.

OVER HELMSLEY[1].—ST. PETER.—(*Discharged Rectory.*) Area, 780 acres. Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 66[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 116*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Mowbrays, and was given by Roger de Mowbray to the Hospital of St. Leonard, York, and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.*; Nova Tax, 2*l.*; in the King's books, at 4*l.* 19*s.*; Synodals and Procurations, 7*s.* 8*d.*[3]; and in 1818, at 105*l.* 13*s.* 2*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1778, with 200*l.*, and in 1807, with 200*l.*,—both by lot.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1642.

CHARITIES.—No return.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 413. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 15.

OVER SILTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*) Area, 3,460 acres. Birdforth wapentake. — POPULATION, 263[4]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 69*l.*

Patron, Sir G. Wombwell, as Lessee of Trinity College, Cambridge.

Valued in 1707, at 12*l.*, and in 1818, at 38*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1757, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1817, with 200*l.*—all by lot; and in 1827 with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Master and Fellows of Trinity College, 50*l.* from the Rev. C. Easterby Swales, Incumbent, and the inhabitants, and 50*l.* from Mr. Marshall's Trustees; and in 1832, with 200*l.* to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Master and Fellows of Trinity College, Cambridge.

[1] Or Upper Helmsley.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 56.

[3] The Valor Eccl. specifies tithes, mansion, and glebe land.—page 98. col. 1.

[4] Viz. Kepwick, 152; and Over Silton, 111.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1678.

CHARITIES.—No return.

Post town, Thirsk.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. 3, p. 128. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Siluetune), page 28. Burton's Monasticon, pages 333, 363.

OVERTON. — ST. CUTHBERT.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*) Area, 2790 acres. Bulmer wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 704[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 131*l.*—Earl Morcar had a Hall at Overton previous to the Conquest.

The Church was given by King William Rufus to the Abbey and Convent of St. Mary's, York, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1301.

The patronage was for many years in the Bouchier family, from whom it came to the Earles, and is now in Lord Viscount Downe.

Torre does not give the endowment; the first Vicar named in his catalogue was instituted in 1301.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's Taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 5*l.*; Nova Tax, 15*s.*; in the King's books, at 4*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.*; Synodals and Procurations, 12*s.* 6*d.*[3]; and in 1818, at 135*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1793 with 200*l.* by lot.

Inclosure Acts were passed 46th Geo. III. and 52nd Geo. III. (Shipton.)

17th June 1796, faculty to take away the porch, steeple, and vestry, and build a new steeple and vestry.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1593.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIP OF SHIPTON. *Free School. Ann Middleton*, by will, dated 24th Aug. 1655, bequeathed 1000*l.* for the building and erecting a grammar school, and for the yearly payment of 40*l.* per annum, to the master. A school was built, and a rent-charge of 45*l.* 6*s.* per annum is secured upon a large

[1] Shipton and Skelton are partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Overton, 49; Shipton, 364; and part of Skelton, 291. In 1834, the population was returned at 602.

[3] The Valor Eccl. specifies the tithes,—page 101. col. 1.

estate at Shipton, called the Hall Farm. The master is appointed by the inhabitant freeholders of the township of Shipton. He has the use of a house and small garth. The school is open to all children of Shipton, who are gratuitously taught reading, writing, and accounts. No applications for free instruction in Latin had been made for many years preceding the report. The masters were, however, always such as were duly qualified, and the school was conducted with proper care and attention.

Ann Middleton's rent-charge. 20*s.* per annum to the poor at Easter.

Richard Carlton's charity, by will, dated 26th May 1788. Interest of 10*l.* distributed at Easter. This sum was voluntarily given by Mr. Matthew Cocking, the testator's heir, in lieu of a rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum, which was void in law.—Vide 8th Report, page 717.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 565. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. iii. page 28. Mon. Angl. vol. iii. page 529. Nonæ Rolls, page 235. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ovreton), pages 11, 14, 117.

RICCALL.—ST. MARY.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*) Area, 2,470 acres. Ouse and Derwent wapentake [1]. —POPULATION, 705; CHURCH-ROOM, 750; NET VALUE, 95*l.*—In the town of Riccall are three carucates of land, one whereof is held by the bishop of Durham, who holds it of the King in capite, and the other two carucates are held of St. Peter's, York.

So the Prebendary is Lord of the town, hath there his manor, demesne, lands and woods, a wind and water mill, a piscary upon Ouse, called Cledmer, and several oxgangs of freehold land, tenements, cottages, and tofts, held of him by certain rents and services, over which he hath jurisdiction in spiritual causes, and also of the whole town.

He hath likewise 60 acres of pasture common for his men with those of the Bishop of Durham.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Prebendary of Riccall, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 10th Kal. September 1316.

[1] Partly in Peter Liberty.

There was a Chantry at the altar of St. James, and another at the altar of St. Nicholas.

Patron and Impropriator, the Prebendary of Riccall.

Valued in the King's books, at 6*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. p. 310, 505, it is stated: "Vicarage, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Impropriation, 50*l.*"—"Vicarage worth 20*l.* All small tithes;"—and in 1818 at 50*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1816. with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, by lot.

26th July 1826, faculty to re-roof and repair the church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register books commence in 1613: but a great part of the first book is illegible. Chasm 1670—1700.—Vide transcripts in the Prebendal Registry.

CHARITIES.—*Robert Fletcher's rent-charge of* 30*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Robert Foster's rent charge, in 1611. 5*s.* per annum.

Christopher Consett's rent charge, in 1614. 20*s.* per annum.

Ann Storey's rent charge, in 1695. 24*s.* per annum.

All the above sums are distributed among the poor, by the Minister and church-wardens, the two first in money, and the other in bread. *Other rents-charge* (two annual payments of 8*s.* and 12*s.*) are received by the overseers, and distributed by them in money.

Poor's Estate, given 11th William III. by *Mary* and *Elizabeth Newsome.* 6A. 1R. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 18*l.* 12*s.* per annum. The rent of 2 acres, part of the above, called Damme Close, is appropriated to the binding out poor children apprentices, and the residue of the rents is applied to the relief of poor persons in various ways, with a preference to those who do not receive any parochial assistance.

Poor's Cattle-gates. These are two in number, enjoyed in rotation with other tenements, and are charged with an ancient payment thereout of 10*s.* per annum. The gates are let to the highest bidder, and the clear rent is distributed along with the poor's estate.

Rev. Robert Turie's charity, by will, dated 19th May 1720. 40*l.* for teach-

ing six of the poorest children to read English. The Vicar to nominate the children and master. In 1791, a school was established by subscription, and a house and school-room were built; and to which are added a garden, and two gates in the Hineing Marsh, in rotation, as above mentioned. A legacy of 40*l.* left by *Susannah Wilkes*, and 30*s.* raised by subscription, were invested in stock, and produced a yearly dividend of 3*l.* 18*s.*, which is paid to the schoolmaster, as is also the interest.

George Newsham's gift. Interest of 32*l.* given about the year 1790, for teaching 12 poor children to read and write.

Hineing and Gosling Marsh Estates. 10*s.* per annum, the produce of two pasture gates, appropriated to the repairs of the Church.—Vide 10th Report, p. 668.

Post town, Selby.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 837. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. iii. page 55. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ricalf, Richale), pages 24. 46. 62.

SESSAY.—ST. CUTHBERT.—(*Rectory in Charge.*) Area, 3,340 acres. Allertonshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 464[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient[2]; NET VALUE, 574*l.*—In the town are six carucates of land, of which half a carucate and four oxgangs were held by Marmaduke Darrell of John de Percy, who held them of the bishop of Durham, who held the whole town of the king in capite for one knight's fee, and no rent. The Church was given by Marmaduke and William Darrell to the abbey of St. Mary's, in York: and on the Dissolution, the patronage was granted to the Dawneys, now Lords Downe, who are still the patrons.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the King's books, at 17*l.* 0*s.* 2*d.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1612. Deficient 1620 and 1621.

CHARITY ESTATES AND FUNDS.—Certain lands, let, at the time of the Report, for 17*l.* 10*s.* per annum, purchased with some ancient benefactions; 78*l.* 15*s.* new four per cents, purchased with other benefactions; and money arising from sale of timber, and an annual rent charge of 12*s.* given by *Margaret Wade*, in 1680. The rents and proceeds are distributed with the sacrament money.—Vide 10th Report, page 733.

Post town, Easingwold.

[1] Viz. Hutton-Sessay, and Sessay.

[2] In 1818, the return was 377.

Torre's MS., page 573. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol iii. page 35. Nonæ Rolls, page 236. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Sezai), page 63. Jefferson's Thirsk, page 95.

SHERIFF HUTTON.—ST. HELEN.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 8,100 acres. Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,219[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 558; NET VALUE, 191*l.*

The town of Sheriff Hutton contains sixteen carucates of land, whereof the Church is endowed with one, and the others belong to the Vicar.

And the Lords Nevill of Raby held on demesne fourteen carucates of Peter de Malolacu, who held them of the King in capite.

Here fifteen carucates made one knight's fee.

John Lord Nevill, on the 1st Richard II., obtained a charter for a weekly fair on Monday, and a yearly fair on the eve of the Exaltation of the Holy Cross, the day, and two days following.

Farlington, vide Farlington.

Stittenham was anciently a Chapel at Stitnam, wherein the Prior and Convent of Marton were bound to find a Chaplain—the inhabitants every Sunday contributing their alms towards his maintenance.

Cornbrough, contained seven carucates of land, whereof four were held by Ralph Neville, who held them of Peter de Malolacu, and he of the King in capite.

Also Robert Haket held two, viz. one of Marmaduke Thwing, who held it of Ralph Neville, &c., and the other was held of the said Ralph.

[1] Viz. Cornbrough, 59; Lillings Ambo, 197; Sheriff Hutton, 877; and Stittenham, 86. In 1834, the population was returned at 1,220.—Farlington Chapel, formerly a Chapel of Ease, is Parochial, and now accounted a Parish Church, and the area and population are separately stated.

And the Prior of Marton held three and a half carucates, with a capital messuage and six tofts, being confirmed to them by Peter de Malolacu.

West Lilling.—John de Farlington held two carucates of Robert de Neville, and he of Peter de Malolacu, and he of the King in capite.

The Church was an ancient Rectory belonging to the Patronage of the Mauleys, till it was given by Peter de Mauley, third Lord of Mulgrave, to the Prior and Convent of Marton, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, Id. Oct. 1332, and a new Ordination was made by Archbishop Neville, 13th Jan. 1376.

At the Dissolution the Patronage came to the Crown, and King Henry VIII. gave the Rectory and Advowson to the See of York in exchange, and the Archbishops of York have accordingly presented ever since.

The Castle was originally built by Sir Bertrand Bulmer, and re-edified by Ralph Neville, first Earl of Westmoreland.

Patron and impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

Valued in the King's books, at 10*l.*[1] In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 15, it is stated: "The Rectory belongs to the Archbishop;" and in 1818, at 140*l.* 18*s.* per annum.

The Church of Hutton is valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation at 66*l.*, and in his second at 36*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and the Vicarage at 16*l.*, which in the second is reduced to 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

Augmented in 1719, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Leonard Thompson, Esq., and in 1834 with 200*l.*, and 200*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant to meet benefaction of a Stipend of 30*l.* per annum, from Edward Harcourt, Lord Archbishop of York.

Two Chantries, one of them in the Castle, also another at Cornbrough, consisting of rents and farms, and a pension.

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III. (Sheriff Hutton and West Lilling.)

The glebe house is unfit for residence, vide return in 1834. In 1818, it was returned fit for residence.

[1] The Valor Eccl. states both the mansion and a pension of 10*l.*

The Register Books commence in 1628. Chasm 1638—1650.

CHARITIES.—*Flaxton Poor lands.* Rent of 11A. of land, common rights, &c., let at the time of the Report for 19*l.* 16*s.* per annum; two-thirds are appropriated, agreeably to the will of one Robinson, in apprenticing two poor boys, and the other third is distributed to the poor. The whole of the fund has of late years been applied to the purpose of education.

Poor's Stock. Dividends on 287*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* three per cent. consols, purchased with 40*l.* bequeathed by Edmund Philliskirk in 1779; 5*l.* given by Richard Adamson in 1767; and 123*l.* 15*s.* 9*d.*, arising from the sale of wood on the poor's estate. Part of the income is distributed in bread and coals, and the rest applied to the purposes of education.

Richard Winter's charity, by will, dated 24th August 1711. Rent of 9A. of land, for the schoolmaster, subject to the annual payments of 1*l.* to the Minister, for sermons on St. Thomas's day and St. John Baptist's day; and one shillingworth of bread to the poor every Sunday. At the time of the Report, the land was considerably underlet.

Christopher Richardson, in the year 1670, gave a close called the Nether flats, at West Lilling, containing 4A. of land. The rent, stated in the benefaction board to be 2*l.* 12*s.* per annum, to be given in bread to the poor of West Lilling and Sheriff Hutton. Supposed to have been given by deed, but which cannot now be found. The overseers claim the actual rent, but the occupier refuses to pay more than 2*l.* 12*s.* per annum. Timber appears to have been occasionally cut by the overseers.

Jonathan Cordukе's gift, by will, dated 15th June 1808. Interest of 20*l.*, distributed at Christmas among the poor.

Christopher Cattle's gift, by will, dated 14th April 1792. Interest of 20*l.*, for instructing two poor children to read. Not paid at the time of the Report.

TOWNSHIP OF LILLINGS AMBO.

Poor's Money. 54*s.*, being the amount of sundry small benefactions, the memorials of which are now lost, is placed out at interest on a promissory note, and the interest is distributed at Candlemas.—Vide 10th Report, page 734.

Post town, Whitwell.

Torre's MS., page 477. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 18. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hotun), page 74; (Stidnum), 73; (Corlebroc), 74; (Lilinge), 25. 75. 226. Burton's Monasticon, pages 266. 363. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 198. Bodleian MS., Nos. 5078, 5101. Gent's History of Hull. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 370. Todd's Sheriff Hutton.

FARLINGTON.—ST. LEONARD.—(*Parish of Sheriff Hutton.*)—Area, 1,490 acres. Bulmer wapentake.——POPULATION, 152[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 60[2]; NET VALUE (with Marton), 130*l.*—Farlington contained three carucates and one oxgang of land, whereof the Church was endowed with two oxgangs, and John de Farlington held the residue of Ralph de Neville, and he of Peter de Malolacu, and he of the King in capite.

This is a Chapel, formerly in the parish of Sheriff Hutton, given to the Priory of Marton with Sheriff Hutton; but having been augmented by Queen Anne's bounty, it is now become a Benefice, and is in all respects parochial, but it still contributes to the repairs of Sheriff Hutton Church. Farlington pays one-seventh to the repairs of Sheriff Hutton Church, and the bell of the latter Church is always tolled on funerals, and 2*d.* paid.

Torre says, "The Prior and Convent of Marton were bound to provide a Priest, to celebrate in this Chapel at their own costs."—Vide Sheriff Hutton endowment.

Patron and impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

Valued in 1707, at 27*l.* 16*s.* 1*d.*; and in 1818, at 133*l.* 12*s.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 53rd Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being a very small cottage. In 1834 the return was, "No glebe."

The Register Books commence in 1614.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Stock.* Interest on 135*l.*, amount of sundry small benefactions; and which is paid to as choolmaster for teaching six poor children, as free scholars, to read and write.

[1] In 1834, the population was stated at 150.

[2] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 120.

Rents Charge. 1*l.* per annum; and 5*s.* per annum. The former distributed in money, and the latter in bread.

William Raisbeck's charity, by will, dated 1st January 1811. Interest of 100*l.*, to be applied, after the death of Ann Nightingale, in the purchase of bread for the poor. Ann Nightingale was living at the time of the Report.—Vide 10th Report, page 737.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 485. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 19. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ferlintun), page 74. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 79.

SKELTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 2,320 acres. Bulmer wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 291[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 80*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Treasurer of the Cathedral Church of York, and on the Dissolution of the Treasury it came to the Crown; and in Archbishop Sharp's time, the presentation was in the hands of Sir James Brooke.

Torre says, "The Rectory belonged to the collation of the Treasurer, who had likewise eleven tenements, and fourteen oxgangs of land, and Jurisdiction over the same."—His catalogue of Rectors is very imperfect.

Patron, J. Hepworth, Esq., of Pontefract.

Valued in the King's books, at 5*l.*, after deducting 1*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the Treasurer of the Church of York; also see Nonæ Rolls, page 239; and in 1818, at 130*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 46th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538. Deficient 1655 and 1656.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 581. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 63. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Scheltune), page 117. Gent's Ripon, page 2.

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[1] Part of the town is in the parish of Overton, in the Diocese of York.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 273.

SKIPWITH.—ST. HELEN.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage*[1].)—Area, 5,590 acres. Ouse and Derwent wapentake. POPULATION, 648[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 300*l.*—Here was a Church and a Priest at the time of Domesday Survey.

In the town of *Skipwith* were three carucates of land, which answered for the fourth part of a knight's fee; whereof two carucates were held of the fee of the Bishop of Durham, who held the same of the King in capite; and one carucate was held of the heirs of Baldwin Wake, who held the same of the King in capite.

North Duffield contains eight carucates of land (where ten made a knight's fee); whereof six carucates and two oxgangs were held of the Bishop of Durham by knight's fee, which said Bishop held them of Henry de Chamberlayne's heirs for a knight's fee, which same heirs held them of the Bishop by the same service, and the Bishop of the King in capite.

And six other oxgangs of land (whereof twelve made a knight's fee) were held of the heirs of Peter de la Hay, who held them of Peter de la Malolaco, and he of the King in capite, by knight's service.

Menthorpe contains four carucates, whereof two were held by William de Aton, of the fee of the Bishop of Durham, who held the same of the King in capite, by no rent.

The residue were held of the heirs of Baldwin Wake, who held them of the King in capite, by 5*d.* rent.

The Church was an ancient Rectory belonging to the Prior and Convent of Durham, till it was given to be a Prebend in the Collegiate Church of Howden, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 4 Kal. Feb. 1279.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, which has presented to the Vicarage ever since, but the parish is still within the Peculiar Jurisdiction of Howden.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 34*l.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 8*l.*; in the King's books, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.* per annum; pension to the Vicars Choral of Howden, 4*l.*, and to the Prior of Durham, 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 307, it is stated: "Vicarage, 40*l.*; Impropriation, 143*l.*"

An Inclosure Act was passed 49th Geo. III. (North Duffield.)

No glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1670, and for marriages in 1710.

CHARITIES.—*Rents-charge.* 20*s.* per annum; 4*s.* per annum; and 4*s.* per annum. Donors unknown, amount distributed in coals.

Rev. Joseph Nelson's charity, by will, dated 21st May 1813, and proved in 1817. Dividends on 451*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.* three per cent. consols, for educating poor children. Thirteen free scholars, who may require to be taught Greek and Latin. No desire had been expressed at the time of the Report, by the parents, to have any thing more taught than reading and accounts.

Lost Charity. 1*l.* per annum, to the poor of North Duffield, under the will of *William Andrie*, and charged on lands there, formerly belonging to George Elmer.—Vide 10th Report, page 672.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1257. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 55. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Shepewic), page 202. Burton's Monasticon, page 400.

SOUTH KILVINGTON.—ST. WILFRED.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,610 acres. Birdforth wapentake.—POPULATION, 414[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 511*l.*—The township of Kilvington contains five carucates of land, whereof the Church was endowed with five oxgangs, and the Prior of Newburgh held six oxgangs more.

The residue were held of the heirs of Baldwin Wake, who held them of Roger de Mowbray, and he of the King in capite.

The town answered for one knight's fee.

[1] There was anciently a Chapel at Duffield, within this parish.

[2] Viz. North Duffield, 344; and Skipwith, 304. In 1834, the population was returned at 300. Since 1821, the population decreased 100, in consequence of emigration.

[1] Viz. South Kilvington, 279; Thornbrough, 21; and Upsall, 114. In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at 389.

This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Upsalls, Knights, and from them to the Lords Scrope of Upsall and Massam, and from them to the Lees, till 1714, when the presentation passed to Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge, which has now the patronage.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the King's books, at 17*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations, 11*s.* 6*d.*[1]

The glebe house is fit for residence.

8th September 1746, faculty to make certain alterations in a barn belonging to the Rectory.

The Register Books commence in 1572.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Thirsk.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 47. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Chelvinctune), page 77; (Upsale), 18. 76. 225. 235. Nonæ Rolls, page 236. Jefferson's Thirsk, page 125. Archæologia, vol. xvi. page 361. (Font.)

SOUTH OTTERINGTON.——ST. ANDREW.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 1,780 acres. Birdforth wapentake.—POPULATION, 241; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 290*l.*——This Church is an ancient Rectory of two Medieties, the one formerly in the patronage of the Malbys, from them to the Beckwiths of Clint; the other (on the north side of the Church) formerly in the patronage of the Wassands, and afterwards of the Waddesleys, and the Everinghams of Birkin, and the Falconbridges. Both Medieties came into the hands of the Talbots, about 150 years before Archbishop Sharp's time, and they presented till 1796, when it came to Thomas Bramley, Esq.

Present patron, T. Darnborough, Esq.

[1] "The Rector is only entitled to receive from the owner of the grounds called Upsall Park, one buck in the summer season, and one doe in the winter season, and grass or pasture for one gelding or mare on the said grounds, throughout the year, in lieu of all tithes whatsoever arising from the said grounds.—Piper *v.* Chapman." 3 Wood, page 448.

"The occupiers of land in this parish are not bound, by any custom in the parish, to set out their tithes in shocks, ricks, and cocks.—Piper *v.* Chapman." 3 Wood, page 449.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* each Mediety, viz. Thomas's part and William's part; Nova Tax, 2*l.* each Mediety; and in the King's books, at 7*l.* 14*s.* 4*d.* per annum each Mediety, after deducting Synodals and Procurations, for each, 5*s.* 9*d.*

Augmented in 1792, with 200*l.*, by lot. (First Mediety.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1718.—Vide earlier transcripts in the Registry at York.

Parochial Charieties.—No return.

Post town, Thirsk.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 48. Nonæ Rolls, page 236. Burton's Monasticon, page 335.

STILLINGFLEET[1].—ST. HELEN. (*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 5,820 acres, Ouse and Derwent, and Ainsty wapentakes.—POPULATION, 909[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[3]; NET VALUE, 412*l.*——In Stillingfleet are five carucates of land, whereof two were held of the heirs of Baldwin Wake, who held them of the King by knight's service and 2*s.* rent per annum.

And one carucate and a half was held of the heirs of Robert Trussbutt, who held the same of the heirs of Ros, and they of the King in capite.

And the Abbot of Selby held one oxgang of the fee of St. Leonard by no rent; and two other oxgangs were held of Robert de Lacy, who held them of Henry Fitz Count, and he of the Earl of Richmond, and he of the King in capite by knight's service.

Also there was another carucate held of Jordan Folyott, who held it of Baldwin Wake, and he of the King in capite.

Here twelve carucates made one knight's fee.

Kelfield, a town in Stillingfleet parish, contained four carucates of land, (where ten carucates made a knight's fee,) and of which eighteen oxgangs were held of

[1] The township of Stillingfleet with Moorby is partly within the Liberty of St. Peter of York. Torre places this in Bulmer Deanery.

[2] Viz. Acaster Selby, 201; Kelfield, 302; and Stillingfleet with Moorby, 406. In 1834, the population was returned at 910.

[3] Estimated in 1818 at 370.

the Earl of Richmond, who held them of the King in capite, by knight's service and no rent; and out of the same, the Abbot of Selby received 20*s.* per annum.

Also, John de Styngreve and Stephen Twyveley, of York, held six oxgangs by 2*s.* rent per annum.

And one carucate was held by Roger Sta. Andrea, who held it of the Earl of Worcester, who held it of the King in capite by knight's service.

Acaster Selby, in this parish, contains twenty-seven oxgangs of land, of which the Abbot and Convent of St. Mary's, York, held six and a half oxgangs of the Honor of Eye; and the Prioress of Appleton held five oxgangs of Sir Joceline D'Arcy.

Moreby, another town in this parish, contains two carucates of land, whereof one was held by knight's service, and 6*d.* rent of the fee of Richmond, who held it of the King in capite; and the other carucate was held by William, son of Thomas de Merston, who held it of the Earl of Richmond, who held it of the King in capite, by knight's service and 6*d.* rent.

The Church was an ancient Rectory belonging to the patronage of Robert de Pickering, Dean of York, till it was given to the Hospital of Saint Mary, in Bootham, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 15th Aug. 1330.

It appears there was a Vicarage previous to the gift of the Church to the Hospital, but it was consolidated with the Rectory, in the year 1292.—The Vicar is liable to a sixth part of the repairs of the Chancel.

The impropriation was settled by King Philip and Queen Mary upon the Dean and Chapter of York, in trust for the Free School, founded by the said King and Queen, called the Horsefair School of St. Mary, in York. And the Dean and Chapter of York are the present patrons.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 40*l.*; in the King's books the Vicarage is valued at 9*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations, 12*s.* 6*d.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 309, it is stated: "Vicarage, 20*l.*; Impropriation, 180*l.*"

Augmented in 1734, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of certain waste ground of (or near) the value of 200*l.*; and if not of that value, then to add so much money as shall make up that sum, from Mr. Ralph Nixon, and the Rev. Robert Potter.

There were two Chantries founded in this Church, viz. Moreby's and Arclum's; and there was also a College at Acaster Selby.

A decree in the Exchequer, in Michaelmas Term, 31st Eliz., as to tithes, is unreported.

JURISDICTION.——In the Diocese of York, but anciently within the peculiar jurisdiction of the Abbot and Convent of Selby.

Inclosure Acts for Kelfield were passed 19th Geo. II. and 46th Geo. III., and 28th Geo. II. (Stillingfleet.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

A mortgage of 761*l.* 18*s.* 3*d.*, under Gilbert's Act, will cease in 1850.

The Register Books commence in 1598. Some chasms.

CHARITIES.——TOWNSHIPS OF STILLINGFLEET AND KELFIELD.—*The Poor's Land.* Given by Elizabeth Stott, by deed, dated 6th May 1693. 2A. 2R. rent given in bread and money.

Rev. Mr. Turey, and Mr. Newstead's rents-charge,—the former, 1*l.* 6*s.* per annum, for teaching four poor children: and the latter, 4*s.* per annum to the poor.

Wilkinson's and Cowling's gifts, 8*l.* and 5*l.* Lost about the year 1784. No account can now be given of them.

Kelfield School. Dividends on 370*l.* navy fives, under the will of Mrs. Mary Stillingfleet, dated 20th May 1802. Twenty free scholars taught to read and write.

TOWNSHIP OF ACASTER SELBY.

School. 7*l.* 7*s.* per annum is paid to the master by the receiver of the Crown rents, and in addition thereto, 20*s.* per annum is raised by assessment. All the poor children of the township are taught reading, writing, and accounts.—Vide 10th Report, page 673.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 391 (North Riding). Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 12. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Acastre), pages 117. 158. 228. 244; (Chelchefeld), 118. 203; (Morebi), 118, 203; (Steslinflet), 29. 117. 203. 208. Nonæ Rolls, page 230.

STILLINGTON.—ST. NICHOLAS. (*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1490 acres. Bulmer wapentake[1].—— POPULATION, 717[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 178*l.*—The Prebendary is lord of the whole town, having there his manor and full jurisdiction; also three carucates of demesne land, and 20A. of demesne meadow, and two watermills and one windmill; likewise, three messuages and sixty-six oxgangs of land, held of him by certain rents; also other tofts, held of him by annual rents and services.

King Richard I. confirmed to the Monks of Selby a certain mill at Stillington.

This Church is an ancient Rectory, belonging to the Prebendary of Stillington, in the Cathedral Church of York, to which Stall it was appropriated and a Vicarage ordained therein in 152-, by the Prebendary, with consent of the Chapter.

Patron, the Prebendary of Stillington in York Cathedral.

Impropriator, Colonel Croft.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Valued in the King's books, at 4*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations, 5*s.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 210 (Manor), 213 (Vicarage), it is stated: "The Vicarage hath wool, lamb, hay, and all other small tithes; value per annum 8*l.*"

Augmented in 1792, with 200*l.*, by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 6th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1666.

In Naulton and Wimbleton the Prebendary hath lands and jurisdiction.

CHARITIES.—*Jane Rawdon's charity*, given in 1654. Rent of cottage and yard, and allotment on the common of 17A. 0R. 6P. of land. Given in coals.

William Cook's gift, in 1713. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum to the poor.

Alice Cook's gift, in 1715. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum to poor widows. —Vide 8th Report, page 720.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 803. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 66. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Stivelinctun), page 50. Nonæ Rolls, page 242. Burton's Monasticon, page 404.

[1] But in Saint Peter's Liberty.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 550.

STOCKTON ON THE FOREST.—(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*) Area, 3,270 acres. Bulmer wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 319; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 140*l.*—The Prebendary of Bugthorpe had in Stockton a manor place wasted, and eight oxgangs of demesne land, each oxgang valued at 10*s.* per annum, and one meadow against his court, of the value of three shillings per annum.

Also 18 tenements, 11 oxgangs, and 3 acres of land, farmed by tenants, and valued at 5*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

And 20*s.* per annum out of the mill, and all manner of jurisdiction there.

Torre says, "6 Id. Junij A.D. 1276, the land of Karleton and Sandburn being then newly converted to arable, and so become newly titheable, but as yet not canonically limited to any parish, wherefore, William, Lord Archbishop of York, did then by his diocesan authority assign the tithes issuing out of the said lands to the Chapel of Stockton."

This is an ancient Parochial Chapel, belonging to the Prebendary of Bugthorpe, but having been augmented by Queen Anne's bounty, it is now become a Benefice.

Patron, the Prebendary of Bugthorpe in York Cathedral.

Valued in 1707, at 9*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.*; also see Nonæ Rolls, p. 243.; and in 1818, at 140*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1738, with 200*l.*; in 1780, with 200*l.*; in 1788, with 200*l.*; and in 1810, with 200*l.*; from the Parliamentary grant,—all by lot.

"There is an augmentation of 10*l.* per annum, made by Dr. Burton the Prebendary.—Signed Thomas Watson, Curate."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1222.

An Inclosure Act was passed 53rd Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*Rent-charge* of 4*s.* per annum. Donor unknown. Given to the poor of the parish.

Petticoat land. A small piece of ground, being about a rood or thereabouts, called Petticoat Hole, is held subject to an ancient custom of providing a petticoat yearly for a poor woman of

[1] Partly in St. Peter's Liberty.

Stockton selected by the owner of the land.—Vide 8th Report, page 720.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 611. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 52. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Stocthun), pages 5. 117. Nonæ Rolls, page 243.

STRENSALL.—ST. MARY.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*) Area, 2,710 acres. Bulmer wapentake [1].—POPULATION, 398 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 195*l.*—The Prebendary is lord of the whole town, having his manor there, and jurisdiction of the inhabitants and tenants thereof.

This Church was an ancient Rectory belonging to the Prebendary of Strensall, to which stall it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 6th Kal. September 1314.

Patron and Impropriator, the Prebendary of Strensall, in York Cathedral.

Valued in the King's books, at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Torre says, "13th July 1360, Adam Bukeler, the Vicar of Strensall, was charged with having committed adultery with Cicely, the wife of Thomas ———, and appeared before the Chapter, and purged himself.

"13th January 1372, same Adam Bukeler was accused of fornication with Agnes Galight, and was enjoined to walk for three days, three times round Strensall Church, with bare feet, saying at the same times seven penitentiary psalms.

"1402, this Adam Bukeler resigned the living of Strensall, for that of St. Helen's, in Fishergate."

24th April 1801, faculty to rebuild the steeple and belfry, and so much of the walls as should be thought requisite, and take off the covering of the roof, and re-cover it with lead or Westmorland slate, and rough cast the exterior of the Church, and re-pew the same.

Inclosure Acts were passed 30th Geo. II, and 10th Geo. III. (Earswick.)

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, on account of its smallness. In 1834, the return was, no glebe.

The Register Books commence in 1580—chasm 1639 to 1674.

CHARITIES.—*Poor and Church lands.* 70A. 1R. 19P. and 8 cottages, and interest of 72*l.* 1*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.* per annum paid for bread and wine for the sacrament, residue to the poor. The entries on the Court Roll appear in the years 1679, 1719, and 1818.

School Lands, 20A. 1R. 17P. The school is free to the children of the poor, having settlements.

Elizabeth Cobb's charity, by will, dated 17th Jan. 1809. Interest of 72*l.* to the poor.

William Cobb's charity, by will, dated 2d April 1810. Interest of 1000*l.* for the poor. It appears this gift was not recoverable by law, but at the time of the Report there was a prospect of a sum of money being given by the next of kin.—Vide 12th Report, page 654.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 601. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 61. Nonæ Rolls, page 242. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Strenshale), page 51.

HAXBY.—ST. MARY.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Strensall.*) Area, 1,840 acres. Bulmer wapentake [1].——POPULATION, 412; CHAPEL-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, vide Strensall.—"This is a Chapel, formerly in two medieties, one of which was in the parish of Driffield, and the other was in the parish of Strensall. Torre describes the metes and boundaries, viz. from the place where the cross stood in the time of Bertram de Bulmer, the King's Baron, as far as between Ellerpitts, and so towards Ouesendum, Use, Redker, &c. He also describes the possessions of the Prebendary of Driffield.

The town of Haxby is divided between the two Prebends of Driffield and Strensall —Id. July A.D. 1328, a certificate was returned to the Dean and Chapter, that the Chapel yard of Haxby wanted its dedication; and the Jury said, that it would be no prejudice to the Prebendaries of Strensall and Driffield, or to any other church, to grant right of sepulture thereunto; for it was cause of scandal, and a fact de-

[1] But in St. Peter's Liberty.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 438. Part of the townships of Earswick and Towthorpe are in this parish.

[1] But in St. Peter's Liberty.

testable, to have the corpses of the dead to be casually lost, as they were carried on the way to be buried, by reason of the very great distance and badness of ways, &c., as the case once actually happened, by the body of Thomas Westeby, which, as they were carrying to Strensall Church to be buried, fell into the river Foss.—They said furthermore to this point, that the Vicar of Driffield received nothing from Haxby, and that of old it was ordained, and hitherto observed, that the Chaplains for the time being, which celebrated divine service at Haxby, received all the oblations and Quadragesimal tithes, as well of the tenants of the Prebend of Strensall, as of the tenants of the Prebend of Driffield, and that the Vicars of Strensall and Driffield received all the small tithes and mortuaries of their respective tenants of Strensall and Driffield. Moreover they said, that as to the dedication of the chapel yard of Haxby, they were excited at the instance and request of the inhabitants of the part of the Prebend of Driffield, in the town of Haxby, that they would be pleased to grant them a certain cemetery or burying place for their dead there; forasmuch as they had no other, as they affirmed, but the Prebendal Church of Driffield, which is too far distant from it, as it was well enough known. Whereupon, on Friday 17th June 1328, the said cemetery of Haxby was dedicated as a chapel of Driffield, &c.

Again, in A.D. 1472, a petition of the inhabitants of Haxby was exhibited to the Dean and Chapter of York, for to authorize them to have a Priest, to celebrate at their Chapel, and to minister unto them divine service and other sacraments, according to a former license granted them by the Prebendaries of Strensall and Driffield; in regard, that the one half of the town, belonging to the Prebend of Driffield, is about 18 miles (as they alleged) distant from the parish Church of Driffield; and the other half, belonging to the Prebend of Strensall, is about two miles distant from that parish Church.

Patron, the Prebendary of Strensall.

Not valued in 1707, or 1816.—Valued with Strensall in 1834.

26th July, 1799, faculty to re-pew the church.

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1667.

CHARITIES.—*The Chapel Lands.*—This property consists of several parcels of land, containing together about 70 acres, partly of new but principally of old inclosure, and six messuages or cottages, with allotments of land, in lieu of common rights, the whole being situate within the township of Haxby, and held by copy of court roll, partly of the manor of Strensall, and partly of the manor of Haxby; but for a very long time the lands and cottages have been held by different individuals as their own property, subject only to the payment of certain annual sums, amounting together to 24*l.* 0*s.* 7*d.*, to the minister of Haxby Chapel. The several yearly sums are collected by the Minister.—It appeared to the Commissioners, that the property had been originally given for the support of the Minister and the maintenance of the Chapel.

Poor folk's close, and ancient doles. Rent of above an acre of copyhold land, and rents-charge of 2*l.*, 2*l.*, 5*l.*, and upwards. 5*l.* 1*s.* 4*d.* and 3*l.* distributed among the poor.—Vide 10th Report, page 738.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 596. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 62. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Haxebi), page 51. Nonæ Rolls, page 243.

SUTTON ON THE FOREST[1].—ALL SAINTS.—(*Vicarage in charge.*) Area 10,070 acres. Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,019[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 395*l.*—In Sutton, saith the Domesday Survey, Ligulf had five carucates of land to be taxed. There was land to two ploughs. Girard, a vassal of Hugh the son of Baldric, had there one plough, and eight villanes with two ploughs. There was a Priest, and a mill; wood pasture one mile and a half long and five quarentens broad. The whole manor two miles long and five quarentens broad; value in King Edward's time twenty six shillings, but then twenty shillings.

[1] Alias, Sutton in Galtres.

[2] Viz. Sutton on the Forest, 493, Huby, 526.

The Church was given to the Prior and Convent of Marton, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 12 Kal. March 1223; and 7th Id. October 1372, a new ordination was made by Archbishop Thoresby. At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the crown, and King Henry VIII. granted the advowson to the see of York in exchange, and the Archbishops of York have presented ever since.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 12*l.*; Nova Tax, 5*l.*; in the King's Books, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 8*d.* per annum; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. 17, p. 20, (Rectory) it is stated, "The Rectory belongs to the Archbishop. The Vicar hath tithe corn and hay of Huby, and the small tithes Vicarage, 4*l.* per annum."

"The parish consists of two towns, viz., Sutton, where the great tithes are impropriate to Thomas Hutton, Esq.; the other, Huby, where the Vicar is endowed with all tithes whatever, but a great deal of the ground here is exempted by modus. An augmentation of 8*l.* per annum was made about four years ago by the Archbishop."——Notitia Parochialis, No. 1052.

The Vicar is charged with the reparation and rebuilding of the Chancel of the Church.

A Decree in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 13th Car. II., as to tithes, is unreported.

An Inclosure Act was passed 29th Geo. II.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1557—some chasms—the first book is imperfect.

CHARITIES.—*Mrs. Elizabeth Harland's gift*, by will, dated 21st October 1782. Interest of 260*l.*, distributed every Christmas day, or during Christmas week, to such poor of, or residing at, Sutton and Huby, as the Minister and churchwardens should select.

Robert Parkinson's rent-charge, given in 1622. 12*s.* per annum, given to the poor of the parish on St. Thomas's-day.

John Sturdy's rent-charge, 1711. 5*s.* per annum to the poor. Given at Easter.

Ann Cobb's rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum, out of Todd's close, in Easingwold, for bread every Lord's day to such poor as should come constantly to Church.

John Harland's gift, by will, in 1729. Rent of Gigglepit close, (quantity not mentioned,) and interest of 31*l.*, distributed every Lord's day, after evening prayer, to such poor as should come constantly to church.

Mrs. Elizabeth Harland's gift, by will, dated 18th December 1766. Interest of 60*l.* to be given in bread every Lord's day to such poor persons of Sutton as the Minister and churchwardens should select.

TOWNSHIP OF HUBY.

Doles.—Tate's, 5*s.* per annum, payable on Good Friday, out of a frontstead, adjoining west on Weatherill-lane.

John Thompson's, by will, dated 30th March 1613. 30*s.*, payable on the three great festivals out of the Poor's Close in Huby.

Flesher's, 20*s.* per annum, charged on nine sellions of land in the town-fields of Huby.

John Bacon's, by will, dated 13th May 1753. 10*s.* per annum every Christmas Eve among ten of the poorest families in Huby, charged on a house and premises adjoining the Chapel-yard.

William Vause's rent-charges, by will, dated 6th July 1695. 50*s.* per annum, out of Brown Moor, to be bestowed in bread every Lord's day in Sutton Church to the poor of Huby, and 20*s.* per annum, out of Ox close and Barley Carr lands, for the schooling of four of the poorest children of Huby, to be chosen by the Minister and overseers.

William Brown's gift, by will, dated 20th June 1714. Interest of 5*l.* to be given among poor widows on St. Thomas's day. The Commissioners reported this charity to be lost.—Vide 8th Report, p. 720.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS. page 491. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. iii. page 30. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. pages 198, 199. Nonæ Rolls, page 236. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Sudtune), page 197. Burton's Monasticon, page 267.

HUBY.—It appears from the endowment of Sutton, that there was then a

Chapel here. Some remains are still to be seen.

The lord of the manor of Huby is said to have formerly exercised the right of granting probates and letters of administration.

TERRINGTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*) Area, 3,630 acres. Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 759[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 320: NET VALUE, 571*l.* This Church is an ancient Rectory, yet there was once a Vicarage till 18 Kal. July 1247, when same were consolidated.

Patron, the Rev. Charles Hall.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 30*l.*; Nova Tax, 15*l.*: and in the King's Books, at 23*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.*, per annum; Synodals and Procurations, 13*s.* 6*d*[2].

11th October A.D. 1316, 10th Edward II, the King granted license to the Prior and Convent of Marton, to amortize one messuage in Terrington, and grant the same to Robert de Wodehouse and his successors to enlarge the mansion-house in exchange for another messuage in Terrington of the said Robert's, which was confirmed to the Priory of Marton, on 20th October 1316, and ratified by the Dean and Chapter of York 3 Kal. December 1316.

"All tithes are received in kind; there is a new Parsonage house, and several outhouses rebuilt by the present Incumbent who has also built a school-house; annual value above 30*l.*" Signed "F. Micklethwaite, Rect." Notitia Parochialis, No. 716.

An Inclosure Act was passed 12th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books, which are legible, commence in 1654. There is an earlier Book, which is returned "dates illegible."

The grange and rents at Mowthorpe belonged to the Priory of Old Marton.

CHARITIES.—*Ancient payments.* The following doles, origin unknown, are collected annually, viz. 10*s.*, 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, 2*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, 6*s.* 8*d.*, 1*s.*, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 1*s.* 3*d.*, and 1*s.* 3*d.* Given in coals.

Poor's money. Interest of 55*l.* Given in coals.

Overseers' money. 1*l.* per annum is paid out of the rates for teaching two poor children nominated by the overseers. This appears to be in satisfaction of a legacy of 21*l.*, a long time ago appropriated to the use of the parish.

Lost charities. In the return made in 1786, mention is made of three other small yearly payments issuing out of lands, but nothing is now known respecting them.—Vide 8th Report, page 722.

Post town, Whitwell.

Torre's MS., page 459. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. Nonæ Rolls, page 235. Mon. Angl. vol. vi. page 974. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Tevrintone), pages 74. 118. 121. Burton's Monasticon, page 267.

THIRKLEBY. — ALL SAINTS. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*) Area, 1,800 acres. Birdforth wapentake.—POPULATION, 317; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 210*l.*—In Thirkleby were three carucates of land held of Oliver de Bussey, who held them of Roger de Mowbray, and he of the King in capite, by 5*s.* rent.

The whole answered for the fourth part of a knight's fee.

This Church was a Chapel to Coxwold, belonging to the patronage of Roger de Mowbray, by whom it was given to the Prior and Convent of Newburgh, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1269. After the Dissolution, the Rectory and the advowson of the Vicarage were given to the Archbishop of York, and his successors, by King Henry VIII., in exchange, and the Archbishop of York is still the patron and impropriator.

Valued in the King's Books, at 5*l.* 19*s.* 10*d.*, after deducting for Synodals and Procurations, 5*s.* 4*d.*—In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 46—62 it is said, "the Rectory belongs to the Archbishop;"—and in 1818, at 148*l.* 8*s.* 3*d.* per annum.

"All tithe except corn belongs to the Vicar.—20*s.* was left by Brian Kitching-

[1] Viz. Ganthorpe; 110, Terrington and Wiggenthorpe, 649. The two latter towns are partly in St. Peter's Liberty. In 1834, the population was returned at 709.

[2] The Valor Eccl. specifies mansion, tithes, and glebe land, page 96, col. 1.

man of Leeds, 10*s*. of which were to be paid to the Vicar for preaching an annual sermon on Christmas-day, and 10*s*. to the poor of the parish. Annual value, 28*l*." Signed "Henry Dunn, Vicar."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 728.

An Act was passed 3rd Geo. I. for exchange of Vicarage House, &c. A copy of the Act is entered in Archbishop Dawes's Register, fol. 111.

1st October 1805, faculty granted to take away a barn belonging to the Vicarage.

20th August 1820, ditto to the Rev. Francis Barker to make a vault.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1611.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Land.* 11 acres. Also 41*l*. 17*s*. 6*d*. in the Savings' Bank, and 43*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*. taken by the parish. 10*s*. per annum is paid to the Minister, for a sermon on Christmas-day, and the residue of the rent and interest is distributed among the poor.—Vide 6th Report, page 596.

Post town, Thirsk.

Torre's MS., page 585. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 44. Jefferson's Thirsk, page 107. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 317. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Turgilebi), pages 48. 84. 186. 196. Burton's Monasticon, pages 254, 337, 376.

THIRSK.—ST. MARY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 7,520 acres. Birdforth wapentake[1].——POPULATION, 3,829[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000[3]; NET VALUE, 143*l*.

The manor of Woodhall at Thirsk was held by Roger de Mowbray, in demesne, for three carucates of land, of the King in demesne.

And Adam de Pyketon held in the same manor one carucate of land and three acres of meadow of Roger de Mowbray, who held it of the King in capite, by no rent.

This Church, in which was a Chantry, was given by Roger de Mowbray to the Priory of Newburgh, to which it was appropriated, but without the taxation of a Vicarage.

The patronage is in the Archbishop of York, to whom it was given by King Henry VIII. at the Dissolution.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 36*l*. 13*s*. 4*d*.; Nova Tax, 12*l*. In 1707, the Curacy was valued at 40*l*.; and in 1818, at 98*l*. per annum[1].

Augmented in 1811, with 1,200*l*.; and in 1824, with 400*l*., both from the Parliamentary grant—by lot; and in 1834, with 200*l*., and 200*l*. from the same grant, to meet benefaction of a stipend of 30*l*. per annum, from Edward Harcourt, Lord Archbishop of York, as a perpetual augmentation.

An Inclosure Act was passed 33rd Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1556. Entries of marriages defective 1719—1721.—Vide transcripts in the Registry at York.

20th November 1780, faculty to erect a gallery.

2nd October 1803, an additional burial ground was consecrated.

CHARITIES.—*Rents and payments* out of land, and recorded in the table of benefactions:—*Henry Davison*, by will, dated 1629, gave 20*s*. a year in lands called Oldby. *Henry Croe*, by will, dated 22nd September 1657, gave four wands of land, lying in the North Ings, paying 16*s*. yearly. *The Rev. Mr. Midgeley*, by will, dated 10th November 1692, gave a rent-charge of 15*s*. per annum. *Richard Wrightson*, by will, dated 1725, left a rent-charge of 2*s*. a year, to be given in white bread. *Due to the poor* yearly from the Methodist Meeting-house, in Old Thirsk, by deed, dated 23rd April 1767, 10*s*. *William Wrightson*, by will, dated 1684, gave two roods of land called Wellands.—The several annual sums and rents mentioned above are distributed by the churchwardens, at their discretion, among poor persons of the township of Thirsk.

Timothy Place's charity, by will, dated

[1] The township of Carlton Miniot is partly in the Liberty of St. Peter of York.

[2] Viz. Carlton Miniot, 238; Sowerby, 756; and Thirsk, 2,835. In 1834, the population of Thirsk was returned at 2,835.

[3] In 1818, stated at 2,000.

[1] In the Valor Ecc. it is called Libera Capella, and its rights are stated to be a mansion with appurtenances in Bagby, rents and farms in Thirsk, and rent of a garden in Bagby, value 5*l*. 16*s*. 4*d*.—Pages 101, 102. col. 2.

Rents-charge of 18*s.* and 7*s.* per annum. Donors unknown. Given among the poor.—Vide 5th Report, page 645.

Post town, Easingwold.

Torre's MS. page 575. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 34. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Tormozbi), pages 9. 157. Burton's Monasticon, page 268. Nonæ Rolls, page 235.

TOPCLIFFE.—ST. COLUMB.——(*Vicarage in charge.*)——Area, 13,980 acres. Birdforth and Hallikeld wapentakes[1].—POPULATION, 2,592[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 800[3]; NET VALUE, 600*l.*—There was a Church and two Priests at Topcliffe at the time of the Domesday Survey.

The manor of Topcliffe was, by William the Conqueror, given to William de Percy.

In the 1st Edward III. Henry Lord Percy obtained a charter for a market and fair at his manor of Topcliffe.

The manor appears to have come to the See of York, and on the 6th February, 38th Henry VIII. it was passed away by the crown, together with the manors of Skipton, Catton, Eldmire, Gristhwaite, Dishforth, and Newby, all in this parish.

Skipton-upon-Swale, a town containing six carucates of land, whereof four carucates and six oxgangs were held of John de Percy, lord of this town, who held the same of the King in capite. And ten other oxgangs were held of Baldwin, son of John de Skipton, who held the same of John de Percy.

The whole town gave the rent of 3*s.*, and answered for half a knight's fee.

Dalton-upon-Swale answered for half a knight's fee, and contained six carucates, whereof ten oxgangs were let to Mauger le Vavasour, who held the same of John de Percy, and the residue, being four carucates and six oxgangs, were held by John de Percy, who held the whole town of the King in capite.

[1] The parish of Topcliffe is partly in Hallikeld wapentake, and the township of Topcliffe is partly in the liberty of St. Peter of York. The decrease of population in this township (69 persons) is attributed to depression in agriculture.

[2] Viz. Catton, 102; Dalton, 252; Elmer with Crakehall, 77; Skipton, 114; Topcliffe, 590; Asselby, 238; Baldersby, 267; Dishforth, 332; Marton le Moor, 209; Rainton with Newby, 411.

[3] In 1818, the return was 2,230.

Catton. This town answered for the fourth part of a knight's fee, and consisted of eight carucates, whereof six were held of Baldwin de Skipton, who held the same of Robert Capon, and he of John de Percy, who held them of the King in capite.

And one carucate and eight oxgangs of land were held of John de Percy, who held the same of the King in capite.

Newby. John de Newby held two carucates of the heirs of Percy, by 12*d.* rent, and they of the King in capite.

3d Henry III., Hubert de Newby gave to the fabric of the Church of York one oxgang of land, with a toft and a croft of land in Newby.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Percies, till it was given by William de Percy, 2nd Henry II., to the Archbishop and Dean and Chapter of York, to be perpetually appropriated to the fabric of the Cathedral Church of York, and a Vicarage ordained therein in 1258.

Patrons and impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of York.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 13*l.* 6*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the King's books, at 19*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.* per annum[1]; 7*s.* 6*d.* for Procurations.

Torre gives an agreement made in the reign of Henry III. between Lord Richard de Percy and Lawrence, Vicar of Topcliffe, touching a contest between them about the right of common.

A Chantry was founded in this Church called Percy's Chantry.

There was also a Chantry and a Chapel at Eldmire, dedicated to St. Giles, and there are now Chapels at Dishforth and Marton le Moor.

[1] "The Vicar is entitled to two shillings in the pound from foreigners on every pound of rent they pay for lands depastured with unprofitable cattle.—Platts *v.* Cawthorne."—1 Wood, page 303.

"The proprietors of the great tithes of the township of Dishforth are entitled to the tithes of corn and hay arising therein in kind, and to have the tithes of the hay thereof set out in hay cocks.—Robinson *v.* Appleton."—4 Wood, page 10.

"They are also entitled to have the tithes of oats set out in stooks of ten or twelve sheaves, of barley in stooks of five or six sheaves, and the tithes of peas and beans in stooks of three or four sheaves, at the option of the occupier.—Robinson *v.* Barrowby."—4 Wood, page 100.

"All the profits of the Church of Topcliffe, with the Church, were given by Lord Percy to the Dean and Chapter of York to repair Saint Peter's. Richard Lord Percy, his grandson, confirmed this grant 1226. The Vicar by endowment and usage has all tithes, except corn and hay, wool and lamb. The river Swale running through the parish, the Dean and Chapter granted the tithes of corn and hay to the Abbey of Fountains, which at the Dissolution came to the Crown, and are now in the hands of divers that hold of the Crown. In Edward Sixth's time, 5*l.* a year was granted by the Crown, out of which the receiver now deducts about 30*s.* for assessments, debentures, postage, &c.

"The Dean and Chapter made an augmentation to the Vicarage of 24*l.* per annum, out of the tithes of corn and hay that lie on the east side of Swale, and of wool and lamb that arises out of the whole parish. But the tithes of corn and hay that fell to the Crown (about 10,000 or 12,000 acres) hath made no augmentation but as was above-mentioned." Signed "Thomas Newsome, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 784.

The Dean and Chapter of York formerly exercised some jurisdiction within this parish.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

An Act was passed 50th Geo. III., for inclosing Hutton Conyers, Melmerby, and Rainton, with Newby.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

A mortgage of 276*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.* under Gilbert's Act will cease in 1845.

The Register Books commence in 1570. Book No. 2. much decayed.

For the arms, monuments, &c., see Bodleian MS., No. 5101.

Charities.—By decree of the Commissioners of Charitable uses, dated 16th June 1674, the following charities are placed under the direction of twelve feoffees, the Vicar to be always one—vacancies to be supplied by the survivors—viz.

Pullaines Lees. Three acres given by Ralph Kay, Vicar of Topcliffe, in 1613.

Land at Firby. Six acres, purchased with money belonging to the poor.

Money secured on Tolls. Interest of 300*l.* The principal arose partly from different benefactions, and partly from sale of timber on the charity land.

Navy fives. Three-fourths of the dividends on 250*l.* stock, purchased with different legacies and benefactions. The other fourth is appropriated to Marton school.

The annual proceeds of the above four charities are divided among the several townships by a fixed proportion, and distributed in money and coals.

Cloth Charities, viz.:—*William Dunmore's rent-charge*, in 1676. 5*l.* per annum, for cloth for the poor of the parish.

John Bell's rent-charge, in 1679. 2*l.* 10*s.* per annum, for cloth for the poor of the parish on the east side of the Swale.

John Easterby's gift, by deed, dated 29th April 1747. Rent of seven acres of land, to be expended in the purchase of blue woolsey cloth, for the poor—to the towns of Topcliffe, Balderby, Dishforth, and Rainton, ten yards each, and the rest to the other towns in the parish.

William Coopland's gift, in 1760. Interest of 10*l.* for buying woollen cloth for the poor.

Topcliffe Poor's Land, given in 1708, by deed, by John Kettlewell. Rent of a messuage and nearly three acres of land, for the use of the poor of Topcliffe, and laid out in coals.

John Geldart's rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum, given in 1723, for the poor of the townships of Topcliffe, Rainton, and Dalton.

John Steel's gift, (date not given). Interest of 10*l.* for the poor of Rainton, given in bread.

George Rockliffe's charity, in 1735. Rent of three acres of land, for the poor of Asselby.

Asselby Poor's Money. Interest of 44*l.*, being the amount of a legacy of 20*l.* left by Jane Watson, in 1759, and of money arising from sale of timber on the land given by George Rockliffe.

William Kay's charity. 5*l.* per annum, given in bread corn, by William Kay, Esq. of Hull, in lieu of a legacy of 100*l.* left for that purpose by the will of William Kay, dated 23rd March 1798, which was void in law.

Dalton Poor's Land. Rent of rather

more than two acres of land. No deeds relative thereto have been found.

Topcliffe School. Origin not known. Endowment: 63A. 3R. 36P. of land; 16*l.* per annum, left by William Robinson; and 5*l.* per annum from the Exchequer (some doubt exists whether the latter does not belong to the Curate). Thirty free scholars. The master to be able to teach Greek and Latin.

Rev. Francis Day's charity, by will, dated 26th March 1764. Interest of 100*l.* for teaching ten poor children.

Richard Mackell's charity, by will, in 1789. Interest of 50*l.*, for teaching poor children of Marton le Moor.

Rainton School. Income about 6*l.* per annum, arising from donations and savings. Eight free scholars.—Vide 4th Report, page 395.

Post town, Boroughbridge.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 968. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 36. Nonæ Rolls, page 242. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Catune), pages 174; (Crecala), 174; (Deltune), 174; (Shipetune), 174; (Topclive), 174; (Rainincton), 174. Burton's Monasticon, pages 195. 251. Jefferson's Thirsk, page 81. Gent's Ripon, page 43. Hargrove's Knaresbro', page 345.

DISHFORTH.—(*Parish of Topcliffe. Perpetual Curacy.*)——Hallikeld wapentake.——POPULATION, vide Topcliffe; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[1]; NET VALUE, 60*l.*

This township contains seven carucates of land, of which the Abbot of Fountains held three and a half of John de Dishforth, who held the same of the heirs of Henry de Percy, and he of the King in capite.

Also the said John de Dishforth held another carucate of the heirs of Percy, rendering 12*d.* per annum rent. And Thomas de Percy held two other carucates and a half of the heirs of Percy, and paid nothing.

Ralph de Dishforth granted to the fabrick of the Church of St. Peter's, York, all his land which Robert de Pekelthorpe held of him in the town of Dishforth.

In a grant made to the Abbey of Fountains by Thomas son of Udard de Disceford, the land given is described as lying "between the road called Watling-street and the old foss or ditch to the east of Kwiteker."

[1] In 1818, the return was 390.

Patron, the Vicar of Topcliffe.

Impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of York.

Valued in 1707, at 6*l.*; and in 1818, at 43*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1747, with 200*l.*; in 1751, with 200*l.*; in 1769, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1807, with 200*l.*; in 1813, with 200*l.*; in 1827, with 200*l.*; and in 1828, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

No glebe house.

Register Books, no return.

CHARITIES.—*Rents-charge.* 6*s.*, 5*s.*, 5*s.*, and 5*s.* per annum, for the poor.

Roger Leadley's charity, by will, dated 12th May 1682. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum to the Curate, and another rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum, for shoes and clothes for poor children of the township.

School.—The master receives for his stipend the rent of a field of three acres, and he instructs, as free scholars, six young children to read.

Easterby's Land, vide Topcliffe. The poor of Dishforth are entitled to ten yards of cloth among them.—Vide 4th Report, page 399.

Post town, Boroughbridge.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 37. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Disforde), page 168. Burton's Monasticon, pages 160, 161.

MARTON-LE-MOOR.—(*Parish of Topcliffe. Perpetual Curacy.*)——Hallikeld wapentake.——POPULATION, vide Topcliffe; CHURCH-ROOM, 230; NET VALUE, 72*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Topcliffe.

Valued in 1707, at 6*l.* 4*s.*; and in 1818, at 58*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1731, with 200*l.*; in 1769, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; and in 1802, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

There is no glebe house.

No Register Books prior to 1812. The entries were made at Topcliffe and Kirby-on-the-Moor.

CHARITY.—*School.* One-fourth of the dividend on 250*l.* navy fives.—Vide 4th Report, page 397.

Post town, Boroughbridge.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 37.

ELDMIRE.—Here was formerly a Chapel, dedicated to the honour of St.

Giles, in which Sir William Darell, Lord of Sessay, founded a Chantry, A.D. 1338.

WARTHILL.—ST. MARY.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 860 acres. Bulmer wapentake [1].—POPULATION, 162; CHURCH-ROOM, 120 [2]; NET VALUE, 100*l.*—The Prebendary is lord of the town, having his manor there and six oxgangs of demesne land; also fifteen tenements and eighteen oxgangs more, held by several freeholders, by certain rents and services, and hath all jurisdiction over the same.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the Prebendary of Warthill, in the Cathedral Church of York, to which Stall it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

Patron and impropriator, the Prebendary of Warthill, in York Cathedral.

Torre says, "The Prebendary is Rector, and hath the tithes, for which he shall find a Chaplain. No endowment. There have been Vicars earlier than 1330."

Valued in the King's books, at 3*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 218, it is stated: "The Vicar hath hay, wool, lamb, &c., value 20*l.* per annum;"—and in 1818, at 120*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1715, with 200*l.*; in 1767, with 200*l.*; in 1791, with 200*l.*; and in 1806, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

Inclosure Acts were passed 29th Geo. II. and 52nd Geo. III.

15th February 1787, faculty to erect a new Church, with a gallery therein.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "too small;" and in 1834, it was returned "unfit."

The Register Books commence in 1689. Entries of marriages deficient 1752 to 1763.—Vide transcripts in the Prebendal Registry.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 671. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 60. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wardille), pages 50. 75. Nonæ Rolls, page 242.

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[1] Warthill township is in St. Peter liberty.—The parish includes part of Holtby township.

[2] Returned 130 in 1818.

WHELDRAKE.—SAINT HELEN.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 5,010 acres. Ouse and Derwent wapentake [1].—POPULATION, 691 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 474*l.*—In Wheldrake are ten carucates of land (where twelve made a knight's fee), and paid 2*s.* rent per annum.

The Abbot of Fountains held the town of Richard Malbys, and he of the heirs of Percy, and they of the King in capite.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, and was given to the Monks of Warthill, and they were a long time patrons thereof, till 9 Kalend. October, A.D. 1268, they submitting the three Churches of Lund, Burnham, and this of Wheldrake, all which were of their patronage, to the ordination of Archbishop Giffard, who asking them which of those Churches they liked best, upon their answer, that they best liked the Church of Lund, he immediately appropriated that Church to them, and required them to confer upon him and his successors the patronage of the two other Churches, which they did accordingly under their common seal; and from thenceforward the Archbishops of York have always collated to these two Churches.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.*; in the King's books, at 25*l.* 18*s.* 2*d.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations, 9*s.* 6*d.* [3]; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 303, at 140*l.* per annum.

A mortgage of 968*l.* 4*s.* 7*d.* under Gilbert's Act will cease in 1844.

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III.

1st July 1715, faculty to make certain repairs and alterations in the tithe-barn, which in the late violent storms had been wholly uncovered, and in many parts of it much damaged and shattered.

A faculty was granted 12th December 1778, to rebuild the parsonage-house, and it has been subsequently rebuilt under Gilbert's Act; and in 1834 it was returned as fit for residence.

[1] Langwith is within Peter liberty, and in the spiritual jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter of York.

[2] Viz. Langwith, 44; and Wheldrake, 647.—In 1834, the population was returned at 695.

[3] The Valor Ecc. specifies tithes, mansion, and glebe land.—Page 97, col. 2.

The Register Books commence in 1603.

CHARITIES.—*The Parish School.* This is kept in a room in the church-yard, to which a small house, for the residence of the master, is attached. The master is appointed by the parishioners. He receives a salary of 12*l.* 8*s.* a year, under the three benefactions next mentioned, and instructs in reading, writing, and arithmetic, nineteen free scholars, nominated by the minister and churchwardens.

The benefactions are, 1st—*Thomas and James Scawin's rent-charge* of 5*l.* per annum, by deed, in 1761, for teaching ten poor children; 2ndly, *Silvester Walker's,* 2*l.* 8*s.* per annum, for teaching four poor children; 3rdly, *Thomas Clingand's gift,* by will, dated 30th June 1820, interest of 100*l.*, for teaching five poor boys.

The Hemingbrough Estate.——Rent of moiety of the 35A. of land at Brackenholme, near Hemingbrough, purchased with 100*l.* left by the Rev. Dr. George Parish, for apprenticing children; 30*l.* left by Dr. Samuel Terrick; 20*l.* given by Richard Morris; 50*l.* left by the Rev. Dr. Charles Blake; and 33*l.* borrowed. At the time of the Report, the land was let for 18*l.* per annum, of which 8*l.* 16*s.* was appropriated to apprenticing one boy, 2*l.* 10*s.* distributed by the minister, and 6*l.* 14*s.* by the churchwardens and overseers.

George Haxby's gift. Interest of 50*l.* to the poor, distributed by the churchwardens.

Silvester Walker's rent-charge of 7*l.* per annum, by deed, enrolled 26th July 1775. One shilling is expended every Sunday in bread among poor women, not more than twelve, or less than eight, in number; 2*l.* 8*s.* per annum to the schoolmaster, for teaching four poor children to read and write; and 1*l.* 19*s.* for coats (drab-coloured coats, with blue collars) for three poor men, and 1*s.* for carriage of the cloth from York. None to be clothed two years in succession.—Vide 12th Report, page 652.

Post town, York.

Torre's MS., page 407. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 10. Mon. Ang., vol. v. pages 313. 315. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Languelt), page 118. Burton's Monasticon, pages 191. 280. 382. 384. Gent's Ripon, page 2.

WHENBY.—ST. MARTIN.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,390 acres. Bulmer wapentake.—POPULATION, 115; CHURCH-ROOM, 150[1]; NET VALUE, 121*l.*—This Church was given to the Prior and Convent of Molesby, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, on 8 Kal. February 1283. The Vicar is charged with the reparation and rebuilding of the Chancel.

The collation to the Vicarage was reserved to the Archbishop and his successors by the ordination, and who did collate accordingly till the reign of Queen Mary, when the Advowson got into private hands, viz.: Edward Barton, in 1602; Thomas Crofts, in 1639 and 1640; John Cook, in 1690 and 1692; trustees of Lord Derwentwater, in 1720; and in 1724, the Garforth family, who are the present patrons, first presented.

Patron and impropriator, William Garforth, Esq.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.*, and Pension, 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's books, at 4*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.*; Synodals and Procurations, 8*s.* 6*d.*[2]; and in 1818, at 120*l.* per annum.

The glebe house is unfit for residence, vide return in 1834. In 1818, it was returned as fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1556: a leaf wanting in the first book, ending in 1721. Many leaves cut out in book No. 3, commencing in 1751.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—*Bolton's gift,* origin unknown. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum. A moiety to the Vicar, for a sermon on the 14th January; the other moiety to the poor.—Vide 9th Report, page 713.

Post town, Whitwell.

Torre's MS., page 469. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 22. Mon. Ang., vol. iv. pages 566, 567. Burton's Monasticon, page 268. Nonæ Rolls, page 235. Bodleian MS., No. 5101.

WIGGINTON.—(*Peculiar. Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,040 acres. Bul-

[1] As returned in 1818. No return made in 1834.

[2] The Valor Ecc. specifies mansion, lands, and tithes.—Page 99, col. 2.

mer wapentake.——POPULATION, 359; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[1]; NET VALUE, 297*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the treasurer of the Church of York, and on the Dissolution of the Treasuriship the presentation came to the Crown.

11th July 1424, a commission was granted to the Bishop of Dromore, to dedicate the Church and churchyard.

Only an imperfect catalogue of the Rectors is given by Torre.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; and in the King's books, at 14*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, after deducting 5*s.* to the treasurer.

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1691.

CHARITIES.—*Poor and Town's Land.* Six acres. No documents to show when or how the property was acquired. The rent is applicable to the sustentation of a parish bull, and for other parish purposes.

Ancient benefactions. These, amounting together to 10*l.* 10*s.*, were formerly in the hands of the overseers, but the fund is no longer existing; and it is supposed that it may have been laid out in the purchase of part of the poor's land.

Ann Nicholson's charity, by will, dated 14th April 1786. Dividends on 120*l.* four per cents., distributed in bread to the poor attending divine service.

John Lund, by will, in 1806, added 25*l.* to the above fund.—Vide 8th Report, page 723.

Post town, York.

[1] In 1818, the return was 300.

Torre's MS., (Peculiars), page 591. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 64. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wichistun), page 7. Nonæ Rolls, page 236.

DEANERY OF CLEVELAND.

ACKLAM [1]. — PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 1,160 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D. ——POPULATION, 102 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 275 [3]; NET VALUE, 44*l.*—Here was a Church at the time of the Conquest.

Seward was the Saxon proprietor of Acklam. At the Conquest, it was granted to Hugh Earl of Chester, and afterwards became part of the fee of Brus, and granted out to the Boyntons, who held it till the reign of Charles I., when it was sold to the Hustlers.

This Church was formerly a Chapel, in the parish of Stainton, and was given by Alveredus to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough.

Present patron, the Archbishop of York.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Curates.

"The Archbishop of York is impropriator. There is only calf and other inferior tithes there due. The joint value of Acklam and Middlesbrough is about 22*l.* per annum."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 763.

Valued in 1716, at 17*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*; and in 1818, at 120*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1770, with 200*l.*; in 1792, with 200*l.*; and in 1829, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

The Church is a small modern structure, lately rebuilt with stone and slate.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1732.—Vide earlier transcripts in the Registry at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Stockton-upon-Tees.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 145. Graves' Cleveland, page 467. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 268. Burton's Monasticon, page 340.

[1] Alias West Acklam.—Mr. Graves thinks the name is derived from a grove of oaks, in which it was probably situate in the days of the Ancient Britons.

[2] In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at 230.

[3] In 1818, only 200 sittings were returned.

MIDDLESBROUGH.—ST. HILDA. —(*Parish of Acklam. Perpetual Curacy.*) Area, 2,300 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W. D.—POPULATION, 383 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, not stated [2]; NET VALUE, 34*l.*—This Church was given by Robert de Brus, about A.D. 1120, to the Abbot and Convent of Whitby, but upon this condition, that out of the profits of it they should maintain certain Monks to serve God in this Church, so that it was a Cell of the Abbey of Whitby, to which it was appropriated, and no Vicarage was ordained.

The patronage has been in the Hustlers ever since Archbishop Sharp's time.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.*; in 1707, at 6*l.*; and in 1818, at 75*l.* 6*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1744, with 200*l.*; in 1767, with 200*l.*; and in 1786, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

"Sir William Hustler has all the tithe, paying 6*l.* a year for the Cure. Sir William also pays 4*l.*, which makes, in the whole, 10*l.*"—Not. Paroch. No. 763.

Marriages are not solemnized in this Chapel, but take place at Acklam.

26th May 1730, a faculty was granted to build a Chapel at Newport out of the ruins of Middlesbrough Church, demolished above seventy years preceding. The town of Middlesbrough in 1730 only contained three houses.—It does not appear that this faculty was acted upon.

Middlesbrough is now a rising place, and, through the exertions of Archdeacon Todd, and the parishioners and neighbourhood, a commodious Church is now erecting.

[1] Viz. Linthorpe, 229; and Middlesbrough, 154. An increase of 137 since 1821, attributed to the Stockton and Darlington rail-road terminating near this place.—The population, in 1834, was returned at 269.

[2] In 1818, 600. The Church since taken down; and in 1834 the return was, "No Church."

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1732.—Vide earlier transcripts at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Stockton-upon-Tees.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 147. Graves's Cleveland, page 471. Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 409, and vol. iii. page 631. Burton's Monasticon, pages 56. 83, 84.

APPLETON-UPON-WISK [1].—(*Parish of Great Smeaton.*)—Area, 1,800 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W. D.—POPULATION, 553; CHURCH-ROOM, 135; NET VALUE, 165*l.*—The manor was part of the fee of Robert de Brus, who gave it to the Abbey of St. Mary's, York. At the Dissolution it was granted to Sir Charles Brandon, and, on his death, to Charles Vincent, Esq., from whom it passed to the Godwyns, Granges, Halls, Whartons, Walkers, Ferrands, and Allans.

Patron, H. Hewgill, Esq.

The parish of Great Smeaton is in the Archdeaconry of Richmond, and Diocese of Chester. The Chapel having been augmented by Queen Anne's Bounty, it is now become a benefice within the Diocese of York.

The name is probably derived from the number of apple-trees which formerly might grow in the neighbourhood —"Nothing," says Thoresby, "being more common in former ages than for towns and territories to receive names from the sort of trees with which they abounded." The word 'Wisk' is derived from the Gaelic, and signifies water, in general.

The Chapel is small, and does not appear to be very ancient.

"Endowed with tithe corn and small tithes."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1152.

27th October 1760, license granted to wall up the north door of the Chapel.

27th November 1802, faculty to re-roof the Church, and cover it with slate, to erect new gallery, and to re-pew the Church.

[1] Ecton and Bacon erroneously state this to be a Chapel to Smeaton, which is a parish within this Deanery.

It has however been said that the Chapel was given by Hardewyne des Escalliors to the Abbey of St. Mary's, at York.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1629.

CHARITIES.—*Mrs. Morton Middleton's gift*, by will, in 1734. Interest of 20*l.*, distributed among the poor.

Lady Calverley's charity, vide General Charities.—Vide 7th Report, page 613.

Post town, Northallerton.

Not noticed by Torre nor Archbishop Sharp. Graves's Cleveland, page 115.

AYTON MAGNA.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 5,740 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D.——POPULATION, 1,296 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 340; NET VALUE, 82*l.*—The manor of Ayton was held by Nigel of the fee of Moreton; it was afterwards granted to Robert de Stutevill, and passed, by marriage, to the Wakes, and by them to the Earls of Kent, and afterwards to the Earls of Westmoreland, when, by attainder, it became forfeited to the Crown, and was granted by James I. to Sir David Foulis, who sold it to Christopher Coulson, dyer, from whose family it descended to the Scottows, who sold it in 1801 to Henry Richardson, Esq.

The Wakes, in the reign of Edward I., claimed a weekly market here, and the right of trying felons within the market.

The manor of Little Ayton was part of the possessions of the Malbys, and afterwards of the Lords Eure, and after divers alienations came to Henry Richardson, Esq.

The manor of Nunthorpe was part of the fee of Brus, and descended to Marmaduke de Thweng, of whom William de Percy held one knight's fee.

From the Percies the manor descended to the Conyers, Constables, and Bradshaws. The estates were subsequently sold to different purchasers.

Certain lands at Nunthorpe were given by Ralph de Neville to the Nuns at Basedale.

The manor of Tunstall was held by the Meynells of Peter de Mauley, and he of the King.

[1] Viz. Great Ayton, 1,103; Little Ayton, 68; and Nunthorpe, 125.

The Tunstalls and Pennymans held this manor.

The Church was given in 1123 by Robert and Gertrude Meynell to the Abbot and Convent of Whitby, to which Monastery it was appropriated.

The patronage was granted, at the Dissolution, to the Duke of Suffolk, and in 28th Elizabeth came by purchase to the Marwoods, who have nominated ever since.

The minister of Ayton was one of the Curati Conductivi from the Monastery of Whitby.

The Priory of Gisburne had also lands here.

Present patron and impropriator, the Rev. G. Marwood.

The Church was valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.*; Nova Tax, 9*l.*; in 1707, the Curacy was certified at 14*l.*; and in 1818, at 70*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.* per annum[1].

Augmented in 1772, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1792, with 200*l.*; 1813, with 600*l.*; and in 1822, with 200*l.* both from the Parliamentary grant —and all by lot.

The Church is an ancient structure, decent and commodious.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Curates.

15th July 1743, faculty granted to erect a gallery.

30th July 1759, ditto to remove a loft, and build pews.

14th May 1760, confirmation granted of allotment of pews.

25th April 1788, faculty to rebuild the steeple of the Church.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1666.

CHARITIES.—*John Coulson's charity*, by will, dated 18th July 1674. Rent-charge of 35*s.* per annum, given in bread.

TOWNSHIP OF GREAT AYTON.

William Young's gift, by will, dated 13th January 1678. Rent-charge of 6*l.* per annum. Half for buying clothes for the poor, and the other half for putting a poor man's child apprentice.

[1] "The Rector is entitled to a modus of 6*s.* 8*d.* a year, in lieu of the tithes of a multure water corn-mill. — Marwood *v.* Lowther." — 1 Wood, page 376.

Scarbrough Poor Land. Rent of 3A. of land at Falsgrave, said to have been left by Elizabeth Bulson for the poor. 4*l.* 10*s.* per annum is paid to a schoolmaster, and the residue of the rent is applied in aid of the poor's rate.

The School, built on the site of a cottage and room formerly left to the parish by Michael Postgate for the purposes of a school. Eight free scholars. In addition to the 4*l.* 10*s.* mentioned above, the township pays 5*l.* 16*s.* per annum as interest for money left to the poor, and taken by the parish.—Vide Graves's Cleveland, and 7th Report, page 712.

Post town, Stokesley.

Torre's MS., page 33. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 142. Mon. Ang., vol. i. page 421. Graves's Cleveland, page 194. Burton's Monasticon, pages 70. 71. 341. Nonæ Roll, page 234.

LITTLE AYTON.—(*Parish of Ayton Magna.*)—Here was anciently a Chapel, built by Sir William Malbys about 1215. It was afterwards ceded to the mother Church. No remains of the Chapel are now visible.

NUNTHORPE.—SAINT MARY.—(*Parish of Great Ayton. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Langbarugh liberty, W. D.—POPULATION, vide Ayton; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 46*l.*—This Chapel, in which was a Chantry, founded in the time of King Edward III., appears, says Mr. Graves, to have been originally private, and built and endowed by the lord of the manor for the convenience of his tenants or domestics, the patronage of which is still appendant to the manor. It continued a Donative, and exempt from ordinary jurisdiction, till it was augmented. It does not enjoy the parochial rights of baptism, sepulture, or marriage.

Mr. Torre notices a Chantry in this Chapel.

The patronage, in 1793, was in J. B. Pierson, Esq., and Henry Orton, yeoman; and in 1814, in Thomas Simpson and T. Masterman, Esq.

Augmented in 1790, with 200*l.*; in 1794, with 200*l.*; in 1797, with 200*l.*; in 1816, with 200*l.*; and in 1824, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

On the 2nd August 1823, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Chapel.

No glebe house.

Register Books, vide Ayton.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Stokesley.

Torre's MS., page 35. Burton's Monasticon, pages 250, 251. 335. Graves's Cleveland, page 207.—Abp. Sharp gives no particulars except as to the Nominations, vide vol. iii. page 160.

BIRKBY.—ST. PETER.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 3,400 acres. Allertonshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 275[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 172*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, in the patronage of the Bishops of Durham.

Mr. Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 23*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 5*l.*; and in the King's books, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer, in Easter Term, 1st Jac. II.[2]

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1721.—Vide earlier transcripts at Durham.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Northallerton.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1317. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 126. Nonæ Rolls, page 241.

HUTTON BONVILLE.——SAINT LAWRENCE.—(*Parish of Birkby. Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Allertonshire wapentake.——POPULATION, vide Birkby; CHURCH-ROOM, 150[3]; NET VALUE, vide Birkby.

[1] Viz. Birkby, 96; Hutton Bonville, 112; and Little Smeaton, 67.—In 1834, the population, exclusive of Hutton Bonville, was returned at 163.

[2] "The tenants of the manor of Hutton Bonville are to pay to the Rector of Birkby 20*s.* on St. Mark's day, or a gelding's gate, or a mare's gate, from May-day to Michaelmas, at the election of the Rector, and 40*s.* on St. Matthew's day, yearly, in lieu of all tithes arising within the said manor.—Murthwaite *v.* Pierce."—1 Wood, page 234.

[3] According to the return of 1818: no return in 1834.

Patron, Mary A. Pierse.

Valued in 1707, at 10*l.*; and in 1818, at 40*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1740, with 200*l.*; in 1777, with 200*l.*; in 1793, with 200*l.*; in 1816, with 200*l.*; and in 1828, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

There was no glebe house in 1818. No return in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1727.—Vide earlier transcripts at Durham.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Northallerton.

Not noticed by Abp. Sharp. Ecton, page 547. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 114.

CARLTON.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 830 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D.——POPULATION, 256; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 56*l.*—This is said to have been formerly in the parish of Hutton Rudby, but which is impugned by Mr. Graves. It was given to the Abbey of Whitby, to which it was appropriated.

The patronage was in the Prissicks, and is now in the Reeve family, as lords of the manor.

Present patron and impropriator, C. Reeve, Esq.

Valued in 1716, at 7*l.* 7*s.* 4*d.*; and in 1818, at 52*l.* 15*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1726, with 200*l.*; in 1760, with 200*l.*; in 1785, with 200*l.*; in 1792, with 200*l.*; and in 1825, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1700: several years are deficient.—Vide transcripts at York.

Mr. Graves gives a view of the Church.

CHARITIES.——*Christopher Prissick's charity.* Rent-charge of 50*s.* per annum, distributed among the poor.

Medd Scarth's charity, by will, dated 14th June 1818, and proved in London. One-fourth part of the dividend on 1,065*l.* 1*s.* 9*d.* four per cents., to be distributed by the minister and overseers among the poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 713.

Post town, Stokesley.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 133. Graves's Cleveland, page 159. Burton's Monasticon, page 71.

COWSBY.—SAINT MICHAEL.—*Peculiar*[1]. *Discharged Rectory.*—Area, 1,220 acres. Birdforth wapentake.—POPULATION, 89[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 70[3]; NET VALUE, 146*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Folliots, afterwards of the Burghs, first those of Colthorpe, then those of Cowsby; from them it came to the Palmers, who last presented in 1665. In 1716, Lord Crewe presented, and in 1733, the Alstons, of Odell, baronets, first presented.

Present patron, G. Lloyd, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.*; Nova Tax, 2*l.*; in the King's books, at 5*l.* 11*s.*; and in 1818, at 65*l.* per annum.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1679.

CHARITY.—*The Almshouse*, appropriated to the use of four poor persons, tenants of the lord of the manor. The almspeople are usually chosen by the churchwardens, and they receive a rent-charge of 10*l.* out of certain farms. The origin of the charity seems to be unknown.—Vide 13th Report, page 617.

Post town, Thirsk.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1329. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 128. Nonæ Rolls, page 241.

CRATHORNE[4]. — ALL SAINTS. —(*Rectory in charge.*) Area, 2,460 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D. — POPULATION, 304[5]; CHURCH-ROOM, 170[6]; NET VALUE, 205*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, and was given by William de Percy to the Priory of Guisbrough, which was confirmed by Peter, son of Peter de Brus, but it was never appropriated.

Patronesses, the Misses Cockayne.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Nova Tax, 5*l.*, and in the King's Books at 10*l.* 11*s.* 10½*d.* per annum, Synodals 4*s.*, Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*, and pension to the prior of Guisbrough 6*s.* 8*d.*

"Crathorne is a Rectory, and the advowson belongs to Thomas Crathorne, Esq." Notitia Parochialis, No. 1461[1].

Mr. Graves gives the pedigree of the Crathornes.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1723.—Vide earlier transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—*Thomas Baxter's charity*, by will, dated 1st November 1769. Interest of 74*l.* 4*s.* 8½*d.* (originally 100*l.* but reduced by insolvency of the person in whose hands it was placed), for teaching poor children whose parents do not rent 5*l.* per annum.—Vide 7th Report, page 714.

Post town, Yarm.

Torre's MS., page 29. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. Nonæ Rolls, page 232. Ashmoleian MSS., Bodleian Library, No. 7063. Graves's Cleveland, page 103. Burton's Monasticon, pages 282. 343.

DANBY[2]. —— (*Perpetual Curacy.*) Area, 13,860 acres. Langbarugh liberty, E.D — POPULATION, 1,392[3]. CHURCH-ROOM, 520[4]; NET VALUE, 96*l.* —This Church was given by Robert de Brus to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, to which it was appropriated, but no Vicarage was ordained therein, and the Minister was one of the Curati Conductivi from the Monastery of Guisbrough.

Patron, Lord Viscount Downe.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's first taxation at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and in the new taxation, at 8*l.* In 1707 the

[1] Archbishop Sharp appeared to doubt whether this actually be a Peculiar.

[2] Kepwick is partly in Cowsby parish, and partly in Leak parish.—In 1834, the population was returned at 86.

[3] Estimated in 1818 at 90.

[4] From crake, a crow, and thorne, a crow is the crest of the Crathorne family.

[5] In 1834, the population was returned at 330.

[6] Estimated in 1818 at 200.

[1] The Valor Eccl. specifies tithes, mansion, and glebe land, page 89, col. 1.

[2] Dan, a low and deep dale, By, a dwelling, or, Danes By, the dwelling of some Dane.

[3] Thirty-one men were employed in 1831, as Coal Miners.

[4] Returned in 1818 at 600.

curacy was certified at 16*l.* 3*s.*: and in 1818 at 90*l.* per annum[1].

Augmented in 1767 with 200*l.* In 1809 with 200*l.*; and in 1813 with 1,400*l.*; and in 1827 with 200*l.*, both from the Parliamentary grant, and all by lot.

The tithes are extinguished.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Curates.

9th February 1781, faculty granted to build a gallery.

28th April 1797, faculty to rebuild part of the Church and also to rebuild the gallery.

1st August 1808, faculty to build a gallery.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1585; chasms, 1727—1734, 1742—1748.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Samuel Rabanke's charity* by deed, dated 24th February 1631. Rent-charge of 18*l.* 10*s.* per annum. 3*s.* each month is paid to nine poor persons of Danby, chosen by the minister, church-wardens, and overseers, with the concurrence of the owner of the estate charged; 10*s.* per annum, for a sermon on the 9th December, and 1*s.* per annum in lieu of a peck of rye to each of the said poor people after such sermon.

Roger Bell's charity, by will, dated 26th January 1721. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum, to the poor.

Joseph Dunn's charity, by will in 1716. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum, to the poor, and made payable upon his gravestone.

Thompson's rent-charge, 8*s.* per annum to the poor, origin unknown.

Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum, donor unknown.

Poor Houses. Two cottages and rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum, which is paid to the inmates, after defraying repairs.

School. There is a rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum. Donor unknown. Two poor children taught to read and write. Other poor children are also taught, 105*l.* having been raised by subscription to provide a fund for education.—Vide 7th Report, page 715.

Post town, Guisbrough.

[4] See Valor Eccl. vol. iii. page 80, for the value of the appropriation.

Torre's MS., page 464. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 156. Nonæ Rolls, page 232. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 267. 276. Burton's Monasticon, page 343. Graves' Cleveland, page 270.

GLAISDALE.—PARISH OF DANBY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*) Area, 8,370 acres. Langbarugh liberty, E.D.—POPULATION, 1,004[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150[2]; NET VALUE, 77*l.*—This Chapel has the right of Sepulture, but Marriages are not solemnized therein, but take place at Danby.

A Burial ground was consecrated 27th July 1793.

Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Valued in 1707 at 9*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.*; and in 1818 at 38*l.* 16*s.* 10*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1741 with 200*l.* In 1772 with 200*l.*; and in 1810 with 200*l.*; and in 1814 with 1,000*l.*, both from the Parliamentary Grant, and all by lot; and in 1815 with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Minister and Inhabitants.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Incumbent Curates.

27th October 1792, a faculty was granted to rebuild the chapel.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books, for Baptisms and Burials, commence in 1758.—Vide transcripts of earlier Registers at York.

CHARITIES.—*The School*, founded 28th March 1741, by Samuel Prudom. Endowment, two rents-charge of 2*l.* each per annum, for educating 8 free scholars in reading, writing, and arithmetic. The Master has also the use of the school-house, and a small garden adjoining.

Rents-charge, 6*s.* 8*d.*, 1*l.*, 1*l.* 10*s.*, and 14*s.* per annum.—Vide 7th Report, page 717.

Post town, Whitby.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 156. Graves's Cleveland, page 278.

EASINGTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*) Area, 3,850 acres

[1] Several families have emigrated, which has caused a decrease in population since 1821 of 39 persons.

[2] In 1818 the return was 400.

Langbarugh liberty, E.D.—POPULATION, 477[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 666*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, to whom it was given by Roger de Rosel; and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 21*l.* Nova Tax, 13*l.* In the King's Books at 14*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* per annum, Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and pension to the Prior of Guisbrough 1*l.*; and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 6, at 160*l*, per annum[2].

Mr. Graves gives the pedigree of the Conyers of Boulby.

27th December 1770, a faculty was granted to take down and rebuild the church.

A mortgage of 1355*l.* 13*s.* 5*d.*, under Gilbert's Act, will expire in 1853.

Inclosure Acts for Easington[3] were passed 10th and 48th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1606: the first Book ending in 1698, is defective.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Guisbrough.

Torre's MS., page 121. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 153. Nonæ Rolls, page 231. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 268. Burton's Monasticon, page 343. Graves's Cleveland. page 328.

LIVERTON[4].—ST. MARTIN.—(*Parish of Easington.*)—Area, 2,360 acres. Langbarugh liberty, E.D.—POPULATION, 239[5]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE vide Easington.—This is a Parochial Chapel.

[1] In 1834 the population was returned at 750, viz. Easington, 500; and Liverton, 250.

Thirty-seven men were employed, in 1831, in the Alum Works.

[2] The Valor Eccl. specifies tithes, house, cottages, and glebe lands, page 91, col. 1.

There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 30th Elizabeth.

[3] Query which Easington.

[4] Kirk Liverton appears to have been a Chapel to Easington, but no acknowledgement is now paid to it.

[5] In 1834 the population was returned at 250.

7th July 1767, faculty to build a gallery.

The advowson was given in 1219, by Henry Fitz Conan to the Priory of Guisbrough, to which it was appropriated.

Patron, vide Easington.

Not valued in 1818.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1665.

CHARITIES.—*Rent-charge of 5s. a year*, Distributed by the owner of the property charged.

Poor's money. Interest of 20*l.* distributed among the poor.—Vide 7th Report page 722.

Post town, Guisbrough.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 153. Graves's Cleveland, page 85, and 333. Burton's Monasticon, pages 74, 178, 348.

EAST HARLSEY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 2,910 acres. Birdforth wapentake.————POPULATION, 436; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 62*l.* This Church was anciently considered to be a Chapel within the parish of Ingleby Arncliffe, and was part of the possessions of the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, to which it was given by Robert de Lacy.

The patronage, after the Dissolution, was in the Lawsons, Baronets, then of the Bannermans, Baronets, and in 1806, of William Burnett, Esq.

Present patron, John Charles Maynard, Esq.

Impropriators, the freeholders.

Valued in 1707 at 12*l.* 5*s.*; and in 1818, at 75*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1717 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 300*l.* from George Lawson, Esq.

10th December 1801, a confirmation was granted of allotments of pews in the Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1693.

CHARITIES.—*Margaret Lawson's charity*, by will, date not mentioned. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum, 3*l.* of which is for teaching six poor children, and 2*l.* per annum to be distributed in weekly bread.

Jane Garthwaite's charity, by will, dated 30th July 1742. 40*s*. per annum, 20*s*. of which is paid to the Curate for a sermon on the 2nd May, and the remaining 20*s*. laid out in bread, which is distributed on that day by the Curate and churchwardens.—Vide 7th Report, page 610.

Post direction, Cleveland Inn.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 174. Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 405; vol. iv. page 22. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Herlesia), 234.

MOUNT GRACE.—(*Parish of East Harlsey.*)—A Carthusian Priory, founded about A.D. 1396, by Thomas Holland, Duke of Surrey.

The site was granted at the Dissolution to James Strangwaies, Knight. From the Strangwaies it descended to the Lascelles, and was sold by the Rev. Robert Lascelles to the Mauleverers.

The walls of the Church are still standing, the tower is perfect.

EGTON[1].—SAINT HILDA.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 13,570 acres. Langbarugh liberty, E.D.—POPULATION, 1,071; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 33*l*. This Church was formerly in the parish of Lyth, and was consecrated by the Bishop of Damascus in 1349. Every third penny is still paid towards the repairs of that Church.

Patron and impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

Valued in 1707 at 21*l*.; and in 1818, at 30*l*. per annum,

Augmented in 1807 with 200*l*.,—by lot.

Mr. Graves gives a close catalogue of the Curates.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1627. Some chasms, the first book ending in 1660 is defective.

Mr. Graves gives in page 289 the pedigree of the Salvines of Newbiggin.

There was an Alien Priory at Grandmont, within this parish.

[1] In the Domesday Book written Egetune, and in other records Oketun, Ayketun, and Echetun; probably from the number of oak trees that the neighbourhood produced.

CHARITIES.—*Ralph Marshall's rent-charge*, by deed, 16th Car. I. 1*l*. 11*s*. 4*d*. per annum, part of a rent-charge of 2*l*. per annum, distributed among the poor attending Church on Ascension-day, and St. Thomas'-day.

Paul Marshall's dole. 14*s*. per annum, rent-charge, paid at the same time as the above mentioned 1*l*. 11*s*. 4*d*.

Customary Payment. 1*l*. per annum is paid by the Curate, being the interest, as stated in the Returns, of 20*l*. due from the Archbishop of York as proprietor of the tithes of this parish, or his lessee. The money is added to, and divided with, the two sums above mentioned.—Vide 7th Report, page 717.

Post town, Whitby.

Torre's MS., page 77. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 155. Graves's Cleveland, page 280.

FACEBY.—SAINT MARY MAGDALENE.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,370 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D. ——POPULATION, 143; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 52*l*.

Robert de Scutterskelf gave two oxgangs of land in Faceby to the Priory of Rievaulx.

This town is sometimes stated to have been in the parish of Hutton Rudby, and by Ecton said to be in the parish of Carleton; but Mr. Graves, in his History of Cleveland, is of opinion that it was a Donative, and therefore exempt from ecclesiastical jurisdiction, until augmented by Queen Anne's Bounty; and this opinion is supported by the Act for inclosing the township. The greater part of Faceby is in the parish of Whorlton, and the Charity Commissioners class it so in their Report.

The patronage was in the Prissicks; in 1792, George Sutton, Esq., nominated, now in G. W. Sutton, Esq., who is also impropriator.

Valued in 1707 at 19*l*. 5*s*.; and in 1818, at 36*l*. 16*s*. per annum.

Augmented in 1792, with 200*l*.; in 1817, with 200*l*., from the Parliamentary grant. In 1828, with 200*l*.; and in 1829, with 200*l*.,—all by lot.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Curates.

An Inclosure Act was passed 21st Geo. II., the preamble of which is given by Mr. Graves.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1707; "many intervening years without entries."

CHARITIES.——*Christopher Prissick's gift.* Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum, distributed in small sums to the poor not receiving parish relief.

Payment of 10*s. per annum,* (origin unknown,) out of a farm in Faceby, the property of George Harrison, Esq., and formerly belonging to a family named Buntings. The money is distributed by the tenant himself among the township poor.

Anthony Lazenby's charity, by will, dated 24th September 1634. Rent-charge of 3*l.* 6*s.* per annum; 52*s.* part thereof given in bread, and the remaining 14*s.* are equally divided between the Parson, churchwardens, and parish clerk, for their pains in buying and distributing the bread.—Vide 8th Report, page 748.

Post town, Stokesley.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 133. Burton's Monasticon, page 360. Graves's Cleveland, page 154.

FYLINGDALES.—ST. STEPHEN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 13,010 acres. Whitby Strand liberty.—POPULATION, 1,535[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[2]; NET VALUE, 98*l*[3]. This was formerly in the parish of Whitby, and given to the Abbey of Whitby, to which it was appropriated; and in the year 1353 it was decided by the Court of York, that Fylingdales was not a separate parish, and therefore not liable to pay procurations to the Archdeacon.

Patron and impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

The Church was valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 16*l.*; Nova Tax, 8*l.*; in 1707, the Curacy was certified at 21*l.*; and in 1818, at 106*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1786 with 200*l.*; in 1792, with 200*l.*; in 1811, with 200*l.*, from the Royal Bounty, and 1000*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1812, with 400*l.*, from the Parliamentary grant, —all by lot.

"17*l.* a year paid by the Archbishop's lessee to the Curate."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1061.

An Inclosure Act was passed 48th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

1st August 1821, a faculty was granted to rebuild the naves and aisles, and to repew the Church.

The Register Books commence in 1653. The second book is imperfect.

CHARITIES.—*Edward Harrison's charity,* by will, in 1640. Rent-charge of 24*s.* 4*d.* per annum, to the poor.

Another rent-charge, donor unknown. 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, to the poor.

Susan Watson's gift, by will, dated 7th March 1814. Dividends on 100*l.* Navy Fives, distributed among poor widows, being housekeepers, and orphan children, by the minister and churchwardens.

Coverdale Richardson's gift, by will, dated 11th June 1785. Interest of 200*l.*, to be applied to such charitable purposes as the minister, churchwardens, and overseers of the parish (called in the will the parish of Robin Hood's Bay) should think fit.—Vide 7th Report, page 755.

Post town, Whitby.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 157. Nonæ Rolls, page 231. Charlton's Whitby, page 249. Gent's Hull. Burton's Monasticon, page 85. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 80. Mon. Angl., vol. i. pages 408. 421.

GUISBROUGH[1].——SAINT NICHOLAS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 12,000 acres. Langbarugh liberty, E.D.—POPULATION, 2,210[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,200[3]; NET VALUE, 72*l.* This Church was given to the Convent founded in

[1] The decrease of population (167 persons) in the parish of Fylingdales is attributable to the stoppage of alum works.

[2] 142 additional sittings, of which 112 are free, have been obtained, towards which the Society made a grant of 150*l.*

[3] There were unreported Decrees in the Exchequer in Easter Term, 32nd Elizabeth, and in Hilary Term, 6th Jac. I.

[1] Or Guisburgh, otherwise Gisburne.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 2,500. Viz. Commondale, 78; Guisbrough, 1,988; Hutton Locrass, 52; Pinchingthorpe, 57; Tocketts, 35.

[3] In 1818, the return was only 300.

this parish by Robert de Brus, to which it was appropriated, but no Vicarage was ever ordained therein.

The patronage is in the Archbishop of York, who is also impropriator, it having been given to the See of York by King Henry VIII., in exchange.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the incumbent Curates; also the pedigrees of the Chaloners, Tocketts, and Lees.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 12*l.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.*; and in 1818, the Curacy was returned at 100*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1813 with 300*l.*; and 300*l.* from the Parliamentary grant, to meet benefactions of 200*l.* from Robert Chaloner, Esq., and 200*l.* from the Rev. T. Pym Williamson, the incumbent of this parish.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "a small cottage;" and in 1834, the return was "no glebe house."

The Register Books commence in the year 1661.

16th May 1789, faculty granted to repew the Church.

CHARITIES.—*The School and Hospital of Jesus.* Founded by the Rev. Robert Pursglove Clerk, by deed, dated 11th August 1561, and to consist of two wardens, a schoolmaster, and twelve poor persons, six of each sex. Patron of the mastership and poor people, John Lee of Pinchingthorpe, as heir at law of the surviving trustee. The wardens are annually elected by the patron, schoolmaster, and old wardens. Endowment —429A. 3R. 8P. of land, three cottages and a garth, fee farm rents amounting to 32*l.* 9*s.* 2½*d.* The annual income at the time of the Report was 329*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* The schoolmaster to be a priest in orders, if one can be had, but if no priest can be had, then an unmarried layman sufficiently learned in grammar "to teach freely in the school all scholars coming to learn in the same." The poor people when admitted, not to be under 63 years of age, and to occupy themselves in prayer in the parish Church two hours in every day, viz., one hour before noon and another hour after noon. The school and hospital premises consist of a small house for the master, comprising a school-room within it, and a garden and stable adjoining, and six rooms for the almspeople with out-buildings attached. The yearly stipend of the master is 50*l.* The allowances to each of the almspeople consist of a weekly payment of 5*s.*, and a sheet and suit of clothes to each of the men, and a sheet, gown, and petticoat to each of the women. The almspeople also receive the rents of a house in York, under Lumley's charity, mentioned below. In 1788, proceedings in Chancery were commenced by some of the inhabitants of the parish, relative to the election of wardens, which were not finally terminated in 1822. About eighty-four years ago, in the time of the Rev. Mr. Husband, the school was in considerable estimation as a grammar school, and well frequented both by boys from a distance, and free scholars from the town. At the time of the Report the master resided at Malton, about thirty miles distant from Guisbrough, but was preparing to return. He professed to teach gratuitously only such scholars as might come with the object of being instructed in Latin.

Rev. Richard Lumley's charity, by will, dated 2nd April 1694. Rent of a house in Stonegate, York, held by Mr. Seth Agar, under lease, which will expire 1st November 1839, at the annual rent of 21*l.*, which is distributed half yearly among the poor people in the hospital, provided they daily attended the Church unless prevented by sickness, and received the sacrament once a month. Also the rent of an estate at Carleton Miniott, consisting of a farm-house and sixty or sixty-one acres of land, let at the time of the Report for 126*l.* per annum, in trust for the Minister or Curate resident at Guisbrough, upon condition that such minister or Curate should daily twice in every week throughout the year, if not prevented by sickness, read prayers in the parish Church, and administer the sacrament upon the first Sunday in every month, and catechise the children every Sunday, preach every holiday, and also on the first Sunday after Trinity preach a sermon exhorting the people to charity.

The Providence School. Established in 1790, by means of a subscription promoted by Mr. George Venables, of the Tower, London, dividends on 3,200*l.*

three per cents. Fifty boys and forty girls are taught reading, writing, and arithmetic, and the girls needlework.

TOWNSHIP OF GUISBROUGH.

Rent-charge. 7*l.* per annum, purchased with a sum of 116*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* the amount of several benefactions formerly given for the poor by different persons.

Other rents-charge. 9*s.*, 4*l.* 4*s.*, and 2*l.*, per annum.

All the above are applied in aid of the Providence School.

Crow's Poor's Land. About two acres of land, rent applied in aid of the Providence school.

Poor's Money. Interest of 40*l.*, left by Robert Crow for the poor.

TOWNSHIP OF PINCHINGTHORPE.

Matthew Sanderson's gift. Rent-charge of 9*s.* per annum for the poor,

TOWNSHIP OF COMMONDALE.

Joseph Dunn's rent-charge. 20*s.* per annum to the poor.—Vide Graves, page 426, and 8th Report, page 724.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 111. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 151. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 267. Burton's Monasticon, pages 277. 340. 344. Graves's Cleveland, page 415. Ant. Rep., vol. iii. page 304. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 30.

PRIORY.—The Priory was founded for Austin Canons by Robert de Brus in the year 1129, and it was burnt with all its books, relics, and goods, in 1289. The name in the Monastic Notices is generally written Gisberg or Gisburne.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Chigesburg, Giseborne); pages 18. 65. 69. 155. 235. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 265.

TOCKETTS.——(*In the Parish of Guisbrough.*)——There was an ancient Chapel at Tocketts, dedicated to St. James, (Graves, page 430,) and also an Hospital for Lepers, dedicated to St. Leonard, (vide Tanner's Notitia).

Burton's Monasticon, page 353.

HILTON.——(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,510 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D.——POPULATION, 113[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 88; NET VALUE, 50*l.* This Chapel still contributes to the repairs of the Mother Church, but is in all other respects considered to be a separate parish.

Patron, Earl of Burlington.

Valued in 1707 at 5*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.*; and in 1818, at 47*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1746 with 200*l.*; in 1767, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1809, with 200*l.*; in 1815, with 200*l.*; and in 1829, with 200*l.*,—all by lot.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1698. The Return states that "marriages were not solemnised prior to 1754[1]."

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Stokesley.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 134. Graves's Cleveland, page 179.

HINDERWELL[2].—ST. HILDA.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,960 acres. Langbarugh liberty, E.D.—POPULATION, 1,881[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600[4]; NET VALUE, 440*l.* This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Lords Mauleys and the Thwiengs, who presented by turns[5]. The Thwiengs' turn came to the Lumleys, and the Mauleys' to the Salvins, Knights. The last Salvin that presented was Ralph Salvin, Esq., 1601. In 1670, Robert Crompton, Gent., presented. In 1714, the Archbishop presented by reason of lapse. In 1747, the Crown presented by reason of Dr. Osbaldeston being made

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 212.

[1] Consequently no marriages can now be legally solemnized therein until licensed. This requires attention.

[2] This is a corruption of Hildawell.

[3] Viz. Hinderwell, 1,698; Rowsby, 183. 223 men were employed in 1831, in fishing. In 1834, the population of Hinderwell was returned at 1,750, and that of Rowsby at 250.

[4] In 1818, the Church-room in Hinderwell and Rowsby was returned at 1,395.

[5] In the Tower of London there is Plac. II., vol. xii. Joan. Pasch. rot. 8. pro advoc. eccl. de Rokesby.

In 1603, a Turkey vessel was stranded on this coast, and being infected with the plague the contagion was carried into the village and raged nearly six weeks, and carried off forty-nine of the inhabitants, but did not extend to any of the neighbouring villages.

a Bishop. In 1763, Boynton Langley, Esq., presented. In 1781, the presentation lapsed to the Archbishop. In 1790, Montague Lind, Esq., presented; and in 1793, Lady Boynton and J. G. Parkhurst, Esq., presented, for that turn only.

Present patron, Thomas Smith, Esq.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; there is no reduction in the new taxation; and in the King's books, at 12*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* per annum; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*[1]

An Inclosure Act was passed 44th Geo. III. (Hither and Far Scaling.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1601.

30th April 1773, faculty granted to enlarge the Church, it being stated in the petition that the population had above doubled during the preceding century.

6th July 1818, ditto to erect a gallery.

8th July 1819, confirmation of allotments of sittings.

CHARITY.—*Samuel Howlet's charity*, by deed, dated 15th January 1782. Rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum, to carry into effect a donation under the will of his brother Nicholas Howlet, distributed among the poor at Christmas.—Vide 7th Report, page 719.

Post town, Whitby.

Torre's MS., page 127. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 154. Nonæ Rolls, page 231. Burton's Monasticon, pages 73. 86. Graves's Cleveland, page 318.

ROWSBY[2].—(*Parish of Hinderwell.*) Langbarugh liberty, E.D.—POPULATION, vide Hinderwell; CHAPEL-ROOM, 170[3]; NET VALUE, vide Hinderwell.

The Chapel was founded and endowed by the Boynton family, in the reign of Henry V.

Patron, vide Hinderwell.

Not valued in 1818.

10th September 1818, a faculty was granted to take down and rebuild the Chapel.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books, for baptisms and burials commence in 1758; previous to that year the entries were made at Hinderwell. Marriages are not solemnized in this Chapel, but take place at Hinderwell.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Guisbrough.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 154. Graves's Cleveland, page 326. Not noticed by Ecton, Bacon, or Torre.

HUTTON RUDBY[1].———ALL SAINTS.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 6,930 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D. —POPULATION, 1,397[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600; NET VALUE, 185*l.*—This Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Lords Meynill, and is said to have been given by Stephen Meynill to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, for a Cell at Scarthe, but there is a doubt whether this grant ever took place; and from them of the Lords Darcy, and then to the Lords Conyers, till it was given to Cardinal Wolsey's College, at Cambridge, to which it was appropriated[3], and a Vicarage ordained therein.

Torre does not give the endowment. The first Vicar named in his catalogue was instituted in 1529.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, and King James I. presented to the Vicarage. It then was granted to the Ingram family, and in 1767, the Cary family first presented.

Present patron, Lord Falkland.

Impropriator, Miss Wetherell.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 80*l.*; Nova Tax, 45*l.*; in the King's books, at 30*l.*; and in 1818, at 88*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1814, with 1,200*l.*, from the Parliamentary grant,—by lot.

[1] The Valor Ecc. specifies tithes, mansion, and glebe land. Page 91, col. 1.

[2] Or Roxby.

[3] Returned at 250 in 1834.

[1] Rudby is derived, says Mr. Graves, from Rod, a cross, and by, near to.

[2] Viz. East Rounton, 127; Hutton, 1,027; Middleton on Leven, 89; Rudby, 81; Scutterskelfe, 38; and Sexhow, 35.

[3] The instrument of appropriation is referred to by Tanner, Not. Monast. ed. 1744, page 415, col. 2. The Valor Eccl. notices the Vicarial stipend.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1584. Chasm 1708—1709.—Vide transcripts at York.

The mode of laying the Church assessment is stated by Graves, also the pedigree of the Laytons of Sexhow.

CHARITIES.—*School*, founded by Chas. Bathurst, Esq., by deed, dated 13th March 1740. 5*l.* per annum, for five free scholars in reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism.

David Simpson's charity, by will, dated 20th November 1783. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum, among poor widows on St. Thomas's-day.

James Young's charity, by will, dated 22nd January 1807. Dividends on 100*l.* three per cent. consols.—Vide 7th Report, page 728.

Post town, Stokesley.

Torre's MS., page 1. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 133. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hottune). Burton's Monasticon, pages 283. 347. Nonæ Rolls, page 233. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 276. Graves's Cleveland, page 163.

EAST ROUNTON.—(*Parish of Hutton Rudby. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Langbarugh liberty, W. D.——POPULATION, vide Hutton Rudby; CHAPEL-ROOM, 60 [1]; NET VALUE, vide Hutton Rudby.—This is an ancient Chapelry.

Patron, vide Hutton Rudby.

Valued in 1707, at 5*l.* 2*s.*; and in 1818, at 37*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1747, with 200*l.*; in 1771, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1800, with 200*l.*; in 1817, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant; and in 1828, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

No glebe house in 1818. No return made in 1818.

The Register Books commence in 1595. The return states, that "No burial register after 1774 can be found."

Marriages are solemnized at this Chapel, but funerals take place at Hutton Rudby.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Stokesley.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. pages 134. 177. Graves's Cleveland, page 174.

[1] Estimated in 1818 at 109.

MIDDLETON-UPON-LEVEN.——ST. CUTHBERT.—(*Parish of Hutton Rudby. Perpetual Curacy.*) — Langbarugh liberty, W.D.—POPULATION, vide Hutton Rudby [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 80; NET VALUE, vide Hutton Rudby.

Patron, vide Hutton Rudby.

Valued in 1707, at 4*l.* 9*s.* 8*d.*; and in 1818, at 43*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* per annum [2].

Augmented in 1740, with 200*l.*; in 1772, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1792, with 200*l.*; in 1824, with 200*l.*; and in 1825, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

There was no glebe house in 1818. No return in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1754: deficient 1778 and 1779.—Vide transcripts at York.

Marriages are solemnized in this Chapel, but funerals take place at Hutton Rudby.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Stokesley.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 134. Burton's Monasticon, page 350. Graves's Cleveland, page 175. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 281.

INGLEBY ARNCLIFFE [3].—SAINT ANDREW. — (*Perpetual Curacy.*) —— Area, 1,840 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W. D.—POPULATION, 335 [4]; CHURCH-ROOM, 160; NET VALUE, 49*l.* — This Church was given by Walter Ingelram to the Priory of Mount Grace, to which it was appropriated, but no Vicarage was ordained therein.

The patronage was in the Foulises, baronets, but for many years in the Coopers.

Present patron and impropriator, Bryan Abbs, Esq.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Incumbent Curates, and a view of the ruins of Mount Grace; also the pedigree of the Mauleverers.

[1] Part of the township of Aislaby is in this parish.

[2] Mr. Graves gives the particulars of income.

[3] Erne, *i.e.* Eagle.

[4] In 1834, the population was returned at 330.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in 1707, the Curacy was certified at 6*l.*; and in 1818, at 39*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1732, with 200*l.*; in 1775, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; and in 1810, with 200*l.* the Parliamentary grant; and in 1817, with 200*l.* from the Royal Bounty, and 200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant,—all by lot[1].

28th July 1821, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Church; and on 13th December 1822, a confirmation was granted of the allotment of pews therein.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1654: scarcely legible till 1664.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post direction, Cleveland Inn.

Torre's MS., page 175. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 130. Graves's Cleveland, page 120. Burton's Monasticon, page 341. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 268. Nonæ Rolls, page 232.

INGLEBY GREENHOW.—SAINT ANDREW. — (*Perpetual Curacy.*) —— Area, 6,400 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W. D.—POPULATION, 368[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[3]; NET VALUE, 67*l.*—This Church was given by Adam, the son of Viel, to the Abbot and Convent of Whitby, to which house it was appropriated by Archbishop Thoresby, but no provision made for a Vicar.

The patronage, at the Dissolution, was granted to Sir Ralph Eure, and afterwards was purchased by the family of the Foulises, baronets, who are still the patrons and impropriators.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Curates, and the pedigree of the Foulises, barts.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 12*l.*; Nova Tax, 7*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in 1707, the Curacy was certified at 13*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in 1818, at 60*l.* 15*s.* per annum[4].

[1] For the value of the appropriation, vide Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 80.

[2] Viz. Battersby, 77; Greenhow, 94; and Ingleby Greenhow, 197.

[3] Estimated in 1818 at 300.

[4] See Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 80, for the value of the appropriation.

Augmented in 1720, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir William Foulis, bart.; and in 1761, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the said Sir William Foulis, bart.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1539. Chasm 1630—1653.

The Church was rebuilt about the year 1741.

CHARITIES.—*The School.* An annual sum of 3*l.* 10*s.* is paid by Sir W. Foulis, bart., the lord of the manor. It is the interest of 100*l.*, given or left by a person named John Rowland, for educating poor children. The schoolmaster also receives 10*s.* a year, as interest of 10*l.* left by the Rev. Samuel Hassell, for educating one poor child. A dwelling for the master, and a school, have been erected on the waste, by subscription. The master is usually appointed by the lord of the manor, and instructs four free scholars in reading, writing, and arithmetic.

William Askew's gift. 3*l.* per annum, paid by Sir William Foulis as interest on 60*l.*, which has for a great length of time been in the hands of his family, and said to have been given in 1542 for the use of the poor.

Gregory Rowland's rent-charge, by will, in 1733. 2*l.* per annum for the poor.

One Hundred Pounds' Stock. In 1816, the sum of 100*l.* four per cents. was purchased with 75*l.*, the amount of the following donations, viz.:—40*l.* and 5*l.*, given by *John Carter* and *Robert Snowden* respectively, for the poor; 20*l.*, given by the *Rev. Samuel Hassell* for the like purpose; and 10*l.*, also given by him for educating one poor child. The sum of 10*s.* is paid over to the schoolmaster, and the residue of the dividend is distributed among the poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 719.

Post town, Stokesley.

Torre's MS., page 173. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 140. Graves's Cleveland, page 249. Mon. Ang., vol. i. page 405. Burton's Monasticon, pages 73. 251. 330. 341. Charlton's Whitby, page 116. Nonæ Rolls, page 232.

KILDALE[1].—SAINT CUTHBERT. —(*Dicharged Rectory.*)——Area, 5,730

[1] Kil is equivalent to Cell or Kirk.

acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D.—— POPULATION, 188[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[2]; NET VALUE, 120*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Percies of Kildale, from whom it came to the house of Northumberland, who last presented in 1637; in 1667, the Turners, of Kirkleatham, baronets, first presented.

Present patron, Mrs. Livesey.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; in the King's books, at 10*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in 1818, at 150*l.* per annum[3].

An Inclosure Act was passed 15th Geo. III., and all tithes within the parish are extinguished.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being a "little old building, not suited to the residence of a Clergyman." Returned "unfit," in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1719. Earlier entries were made in the Register Book at Ingleby Greenhow.

The Chapel of St. Kilda stood within this parish: also a house of Crouched Friars.

Parochial Charities.—Vide Graves's Cleveland, and 7th Report, page 720.

Post town, Stokesley.

Torre's MS., page 9. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 141. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Childale), pages 225. 235. Graves's Cleveland, page 257. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 90. Burton's Monasticon, pages 251. 283. 347. Nonæ Rolls, page 231.

KIRKBY IN CLEVELAND.—ST. AUGUSTINE.—(*Sinecure Rectory* and *Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 5,020 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D.—POPULATION, 469[4]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[5]; NET VALUE of Rectory, 359*l.*; no return as to the Vicarage.—John de Ewer, in A.D. 1304, exempted the Nuns of Basedale and the Monks of Rievaulx from suit in his Court here for their respective lands.

[1] In 1834, returned at 209.

[2] According to the return of 1818. No return made in 1834.

[3] The Valor Ecc. specifies the tithes, mansion, and glebe land.—Page 90, col. 2.

[4] Viz. Great and Little Broughton, 287; and Kirkby, 182.

[5] According to the return in 1818. No return in 1834.

This Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of Adam de Aengleby, the son of Viel, by whom it was given to the Abbot and Convent of Whitby, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown, and the Advowson was granted by King Henry VIII. to the See of York, and the Archbishop presents to the Rectory, and the Rector presents to the Vicarage. The Rectory is the only sinecure in the Archbishop's gift.

The endowment not given by Torre. The first Vicar named in his catalogue was instituted in 1313. The catalogues are continued by Mr. Graves, who also gives the pedigree of the Constables of Dromandby.

The Church was valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.*; Nova Tax, 11*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage, 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Rectory, 21*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and pension to the Abbot of Whitby, 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii., the Rectory is valued at 42*l.*, and the Vicarage at 27*l.* per annum; and in 1818, the Vicarage was returned at 100*l.* per annum[1].

The Vicarage was augmented in 1742, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mr. Edward Guy.

4th July 1784, faculty to erect a gallery.

7th December 1807, ditto to build a new Church.

8th August 1808, ditto.

30th November 1814, ditto to rebuild the Church, the two former faculties not having been carried into effect.

An Inclosure Act was passed 51st Geo. III. (Great Broughton.)

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "a small cottage;" but in 1834, returned "fit for residence."

The Register Books commence in 1627. Entries of marriages cut out 1643—1650. Chasm 1706—1730. Sub-

[1] The Valor Ecc. specifies the tithes and glebe land (Rectory), and Vicarial tithes and other profits (Vicarage).

sequent chasms.—Vide transcripts in the Registry at York.

CHARITIES.—*The School.* Henry Edmunds, formerly of Worsbrough, in the county of York, Esquire, founded the school at Kirkby; and by will, dated 7th June 1708, he devised lands, to be settled upon the master, and appointed, that the lord of the manor, the parson of Stokesley, and the parson, Vicar, and churchwardens of Kirkby, should elect the master, and be visiters of the school.

TOWNSHIP OF BROUGHTON.

Ancient rents-charge, donors unknown. 6*s.* per annum for poor widows, and 10*s.* per annum for the poor.—Vide Graves's Cleveland, and 7th Report, page 720.

On a mountain in this parish are some remarkable stones, called the Wain Stones.

Post town, Stokesley.

Torre's MS., page 37. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 139. Graves's Cleveland, page 239. Mon. Ang., vol. i. page 411. Burton's Monasticon, pages 74. 251. 361. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 89. Gentleman's Magazine for 1801. Nonæ Rolls, page 231.

KIRKBY SIGSTON.—ST. LAWRENCE.—(*Peculiar. Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,510 acres. Allertonshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 343[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[2]; Value not returned in 1834.—This Church, in which was a Chantry, is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Durham; and on the Dissolution, it was not granted to the Dean and Chapter of Durham, but to the Turners, and since 1791 the Slingsbys, baronets, have presented.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.*; Nova Tax, 10*l.*; and in the King's books, at 12*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, after deducting 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* pension to the Prior of Durham.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1574. The second book is defective, and partly illegible.—Vide transcripts at Durham.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Northallerton.

[1] Viz. Kirkby Sigston, 131; Sowerby-under-Cotliffe, 67; and Winton, 145.

[2] According to the return in 1818. No return in 1834.

Torre's MS., page 1297. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 123. Mon. Ang., vol. i. page 253. Nonæ Rolls, page 241. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 88.

KIRKLEATHAM[1].—ST. CUTHBERT.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 8,030 acres. Langbarugh liberty, E.D.—POPULATION, 1,074[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[3]; NET VALUE, 88*l.*—This Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Thwings, of Kilton, from whom it came to the Nevilles, Earls of Westmoreland, till it was given by Ralph Neville, Earl of Westmoreland, to the College of Staindrop, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 18th December 1412.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown, and from it to the Bellasises, in the time of Queen Elizabeth, and, since 1675, the patronage came to the Turners, baronets.

Present patron and impropriator, Henry Vansittart, Esq.

In A.D. 1248, at the request of Sir Thomas de Thwing, Rector and patron of the Church, a Chantry was ordained in it, to consist of twelve Chaplains and four Clerks, to be under the government of the Rector, and to say such and such masses every day: they were to live together in the mansion of the Rectory, and to eat at the Rector's table, and to receive of him 20*s.* per annum, and a robe of six ells of cloth, of the price of a mark at least, and twelve quarters of sea coal amongst them, and twenty pounds of candles of Paris; and from All Saints to Candlemas, to have two flagons of the best ale allowed them every night to drink in their chambers, &c.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 80*l.*; Nova Tax, 53*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in 1818, at 50*l.* per annum[4].

[1] Called in the old records Lythum or Lathunum.

[2] Viz. Kirkleatham, 663; Wilton, 411. A decrease in population since 1821 of 140 persons, attributed to the depreciated state of alum works, and to emigration to America.

[3] In 1834, returned at 622.

[4] The Valor Ecc. specifies the stipend from Staindrop and House, page 90. col. 1. Tanner refers to the appropriation of this Church.—Not. Monast. ed. 1744, p. 117. col. 2.

Augmented in 1806, with 200*l.*; and in 1815, with 1,200*l.* from the Parliamentary grant—both by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 33rd Geo. II. (East Coatham.)

21st July 1756, faculty granted to rebuild the Church.

The Glebe House is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1559. Deficient in 1732.—Vide transcripts at York.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Vicars of Kirkleatham, being a continuation of that given by Torre.

CHARITIES.—*Hospital and School.* Originally founded by Sir William Turner, in the 2nd Car. II., and subsequently regulated by an Act of Parliament 31st Geo. II. The hospital is for ten aged poor men, ten aged poor women, ten poor boys, and ten poor girls; and for the celebration of divine service therein. The children are educated under the separate care of a master and mistress, and instructed in reading, writing, accounts, and psalmistry; and the girls in household work. The poor persons admitted are required to be single, and sixty-three years of age; the children are required to be eight years old and they continue at school, the boys until they arrive at the age of fifteen, the girls of sixteen. Prayers are read in the Chapel by the Chaplain on Wednesdays and Fridays.

The hospital contains a Chapel, library, and school-room, and apartments for a Chaplain, surgeon, and nurse. 5*l.* is given to each child on leaving the hospital.

The income of the hospital arising from the rent of 1,769A. 3R. 13P. of land, part of which is wood land, the Manors of Barwick-upon-Tees, and Hutton juxta Rudby, fisheries, quarries, &c. was computed by the Commissioners at 1,576*l.* 17*s.* per annum, subject to allowances to the tenants. The fixed payments are as follows:—

	£.	s.	d.
Stipends to the old persons, being a provision for breakfast and supper, and for other expenses, to the Brethren 9*l.*, and to the Sisters 8*l.* each	170	0	0
Chaplain's stipend	25	0	0
Surgeon's do.	50	0	0
Schoolmaster and School-mistress	45	0	0
Nurse	15	0	0
Organist	31	10	0
Receiver's salary	42	0	0
Schoolmaster for dinners for the Brethren, and boarding and washing for the Boys	297	1	0
School-mistress the like for the Sisters and Girls	297	1	0

The fluctuating expenses are for coals, clothing for the brethren, sisters, and children, wages, repairs, taxes, insurance, &c. The Commissioners reported that the affairs of the hospital appeared to have been carefully and satisfactorily administered.

The income of the school arises from the rent of 553A. 2R. 23P. of land, amounting at the time of the report to 350*l.* per annum. The rules require that the master and usher be skilled and expert in the Latin and Greek languages, and that before appointment, the former shall have taken the degree of Master of Arts, the latter of Bachelor of Arts; that no boy be admitted but such as are first well instructed in English, and that poor scholars shall be taught without fee or reward in all things as the rest of the scholars.

There is a large building near the hospital built for a school-house, containing accommodations for a master, usher, and numerous boarders; the building, at the time of the Report, was occupied by poor persons rent free, placed therein by Mr. Vansittart.

The free school, say the Commissioners, has long ceased to exist, and though a master and usher have all along been regularly appointed and received the respective yearly stipends of 100*l.* and 50*l.*, they have not performed, or been required to perform any duties as 'belonging to such offices.'

Mr. Vansittart and Lady Turner have for some years paid a salary of 35*l.* to the master, and 12*l.* 12*s.* to the mistress of a school at Coatham, and 29*l.* 5*s.* to a schoolmaster at Yearby, for instructing poor children, as the best application of part of the surplus that could be devised under existing circumstances.

Turner's rent-charge. 14*l.* 1*s.* per annum, given in 1755, by deed, by Cholmley Turner, Esq., for supplying bread and money to the poor.

Schools at Coatham. The larger school is kept in a house belonging to Mr. Van-

sittart, and held by the master rent free, and it is supported by the yearly sum of 10*l.* the interest of 100*l.* belonging to the charity, and by an annual allowance of 35*l.*, paid out of the revenues of Kirkleatham Free School. The master instructs from forty to fifty free scholars in reading, writing, and arithmetic.

The smaller school is kept by a mistress, for teaching younger children, and the stipend allowed to her is 12*l.* 12*s.* a year, paid out of the revenues of Kirkleatham Free School.

School at Yearby. This is kept in a house held rent free under Mr. Vansittart, and is supported by the yearly sum of 29*l.* 5*s.*, paid to the master out of the income of the free school. The master teaches from thirty-five to forty scholars in reading, writing, and arithmetic.

All these schools are under the patronage and superintendence of Lady Turner. —Vide 8th Report, page 734.

Post Town, Guisbrough.

Torre's MS., page 59. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 148. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 1401. Nonæ Rolls, page 232. Burton's Monasticon, page 349. Valor Eccl., vol. iii. page 90. Tanner's Notitia, page 117. Graves's Cleveland, page 389. Hutton's Coatham.

KIRKLEAVINGTON[1].—ST. MARTIN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 4,560 acres. Langbarugh Liberty, W. D.—POPULATION, 517[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 63*l.* This Church was given to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, by Robert de Brus. Adam de Brus afterwards gave this Church and Yarm to the Canons of Thornton-upon-Humber, upon which a contest arose between the two houses, which was settled in 1161, before commissioners appointed by Pope Celestine III., when the Canons of Thornton relinquished all claims to this Church. No Vicarage was ordained therein[3].

[1] This town was burnt by the Scots in the 13th Edward II. Mr. Graves gives a view of a curious earth-work called the Castle Hill.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 516; viz. Castle Levington, 45; Kirk Levington, 222; Pickton, 86; Low Worsall, 164. A decrease of 120 since 1821, attributed to the depressed state of agriculture.

[3] For the value of the appropriation, vide Valor Ecc. vol. iii. page 91.

The patronage is in the Archbishop of York, it having been given, with the impropriation, to the See by King Henry VIII. in exchange.

Mr. Graves gives a close catalogue of the Curates, and some account of the income of the Curacy.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 20*l.*; Nova Tax, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in 1707, the Curacy was certified at 21*l.* 5*s.*; and in 1818, at 30*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1801, with 200*l.*; and in 1816, with 1,400*l.* from the Parliamentary grant,—both by lot.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1734.—Vide earlier transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—*William Hall's charity*, by will, dated 3rd March 1692. Rent of two cottages, and a garth adjoining of about one acre.—The rents are distributed half yearly among the poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 722.

Post town, Yarm.

Torre's MS., page 176. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 136. Nonæ Rolls, page 237. Graves's Cleveland, page 85. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 267. Burton's Monasticon, page 348. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii.

LEAKE.—ST. MARY.—(*Peculiar. Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 7,520 acres. Allertonshire wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 1,089[2]; CHURCH and CHAPEL-ROOM, 2,000[3]; VALUE, no return. This Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Bishop of Durham, till it was appropriated to the Bishop's Table in 1330, and a Vicarage ordained therein 17th July 1344.

Patron, the Bishop of Durham.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 53*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* The Vicarage is valued in the King's Books at 16*l.* per annum.

[1] Partly in Birdforth wapentake.

[2] Viz. Borrowby, 350; Crosby, 37; Knayton with Brawith, 336; Landmoth with Catto, 53; Leak, 9; Nether Silton, 178; Gueldable, 126.

[3] According to the return in 1818. No return in 1834.

"The Vicarage is endowed with all tithes, except the tithe of corn. Value above 30*l.* per annum." Signed, "Thos. Forster, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 905.

An Inclosure Act was passed 39th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "too small and out of repair." No return in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1570—several chasms.—Vide transcripts at Durham.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIP OF BORROWBY.—*Poor's land.* Close, containing rather less than an acre—donor unknown. Rent distributed among poor widows.

Snowden's rent-charge. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum—origin unknown. Half of the money is bestowed in tea to poor widows, and the other half is paid for teaching a poor boy to read.

Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum—donor unknown. Applied in teaching four poor boys to read and write, and finding them in books and stationery.

TOWNSHIP OF KNAYTON.

John Brown's charity. Annual rent-charge of 24*s.*, laid out in bread.

William Arming's gift. Interest of 20*l.*, laid out in bread.

George Harland's gift, by will, dated 29th April 1807. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum, for educating six of the poorest children of the township.—Vide 6th Report, page 592.

Post town, Northallerton.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1321. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 122. Nonæ Rolls, page 241. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 88. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Leche), pages 10. 76. Jefferson's Thirsk, page 132.

NETHERSILTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Leake.*)—Birdforth wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Leeke; CHAPEL-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, no return.

Appropriated to the Priory of Guisbrough.

Patron, vide Leake.

Value not returned in 1707, and in 1818 referred to Leake.

5th June 1812, a faculty was granted to take down and rebuild the Chapel.

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books, vide Leeke.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Northallerton.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii.

LOFTHOUSE.—ST. LEONARD.—(*Rectory in Charge.*)—Area, 3,700 acres. Langbarugh liberty, E. D.—POPULATION, 1,038 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600; NET VALUE, 457*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, to whom it was given by William de Sauncey, and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the crown.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 8*l.*; and in the King's Books, at 10*l.* 11*s.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.* [2]

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1697; first book ending in 1737—imperfect.

12th November 1748, faculty to erect a gallery.

4th January 1811, faculty to rebuild the Church.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Woodill's charity,* by will, dated 15th November 1735. Rent of a cottage and about five acres and a half of land. The amount is distributed among the poor of Lofthouse and Ugthorpe, in the parish of Lythe.

Ralph Robinson's rent-charge of 12*s.* per annum, for the poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 722.

Post town, Guisbrough.

Torre's MS., page 177. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 152. Nonæ Rolls, p. 231. Mon. Angl., vol. ii. page 74; vol. vi. page 268. Burton's Monasticon, page 348. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 90. Graves' Cleveland, page 341.

HANDALE, OR GRENDALE PRIORY [3].—(*Parish of Lofthouse.*)—

[1] The return of the Parish of Lofthouse includes the Hamlet of Wapley. This parish has decreased in population 140 persons, attributed to the depreciated state of alum works, and to emigration to America.

[2] The Valor Ecc. specifies the tithe, mansion, and glebe land.—Page 90. col. 2.

[3] Mr. Graves gives the pedigree of the Beckwiths of Handale Abbey.

Founded A.D. 1133 by Richard de Percy, for Benedictine Nuns. Little of the building remains except the west end of the Chapel.

LYTHE. — ST. OSWALD. — (*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 13,250 acres. Langbarugh Liberty, E.D. — POPULATION, 2,110[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 700; NET VALUE, 123*l.*—This Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Lords Mauley, (or de Malo-laco) of Mulgrave, and was given by Robert Fossard to the Prior of Nostell, and at the Dissolution it appears to have been granted to the Bygods, Knights. Upon the attainder of Sir Francis Bygod, in the reign of King Henry VIII., it came to the hands of that Monarch, who gave it to the Archbishop, and in A.D. 1544, it was, by royal license, appropriated to the See of York, and a Vicarage ordained therein 20th September 1546[2].

The Vicar is charged by the endowment with the repairs of the glass in the chancel windows.

The Rector is charged with a pension of 24*s.* to the Prior of Nostell, and 6*s.* and 8*d.* to the Archdeacon, for procurations.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

The Church with its Chapel is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 10*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 26, (Rectory) it is stated; "The lesse pays the Vicar 16*l.* per annum;" and in 1818, at 85*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1811, with 600*l*; in 1812, with 400*l.*; and in 1821, with 400*l.*, all from the Parliamentary Grant, —by lot: and in 1834, with 200*l.* and 200*l.*, both from the same Grant, to meet benefaction of a stipend of 30*l.* per annum from Edward, Lord Archbishop of York.

12th July 1742, faculty to take down two small arches in the Church and erect one large arch instead thereof.

25th April 1788, faculty to erect a gallery.

4th July 1818, faculty to new pew the Church, and to cover it with Westmoreland slate instead of lead.

An Inclosure Act was passed 16th Geo. III. (Mulgrave.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1637. Chasm 1643—1653.

CHARITIES.——*Archbishop of York's charity.* A customary payment of 3*l.* per annum for the poor is made by the Earl of Mulgrave, as lessee of the tithes from the Archbishop of York.

Michael Hill's rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum, devised in 1657. Half of which is for the poor of Ugthorpe, and the other half is for the poor of the rest of the parish.

William Marshall's charity, vide Egton. 2*s.* per annum is paid for the poor of Ugthorpe.

John Hudson's rent-charge, by will, in 1672. 10*s.* per annun is paid to the poor of Ugthorpe.

John Jowsey's charity, in 1684. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum to the poor of Ugthorpe.

Cuthbert Hodgson's rent-charge, in 1688. 27*s.* per annum; viz., 18*s.* for Ugthorpe poor, and 9*s.* for Mickleby poor.

Jane Belwood's charity, by will, in 1700. Interest of 40*l.* to the poor of Ugthorpe.

Woodill's charity, vide Lofthouse.—Vide 7th Report, page 723.

Post town, Whitby.

Torre's MS., page 71. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 155. Nonæ Rolls, page 231. Ashmolean MS., No. 8487. Burton's Monasticon, pages 74. 306. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 90. Graves' Cleveland, page 295. Charlton's Whitby.

MARSKE[1]. — ST. GERMAIN[2].—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 3,500

[1] Viz. Barnby, 224; Burrowby, 68; Ellerby, 64; Hutton Mulgrave, 85; Lythe, 1,116; Mickleby, 170; Newtown Mulgrave, 123; and Ugthorpe, 260.—In 1831, 120 men were employed in alum works.—In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at 2,300.

[2] Mr. Graves gives the pedigrees of the Mauleys, Bygods, and Ratcliffes, and the Lords Mulgrave.

[1] Redcar Chapel is within this parish, and Wilton was anciently accounted to be so.

[2] St. Germain was one of the French bishops who came over into Britain to oppose the Pelagian heresy.

acres. Langbarugh Liberty, E.D.—POPULATION, 1,302[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 91*l.*—This Church was an ancient Rectory, and was given by Copsi to the Church of Durham. It afterwards came to Robert de Brus, by whom it was given to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

At the Dissolution the Patronage came to the crown, who presented until Queen Elizabeth's time, when the presentation came to the Pennyman's, Baronets, and afterwards to the Lowthers, Baronets, and in 1790, to the Dundas's, Baronets.

The Earl of Zetland is now the patron, and the Archbishop is impropriator.

Torre gives an endowment made merely for the life of the then Vicar. It is not dated. The first Vicar named in his catalogue, was instituted in 1295. The catalogue is continued by Mr. Graves.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 9*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 10*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in 1818, at 72*l.* per annum[2].

Augmented in 1766 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir Lawrence Dundas, Bart.; and in 1815, with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant,—by lot.

4th June 1821, faculty granted to rebuild the nave and aisles of the Church.

Inclosure Acts for Marske were passed 28th Geo. II. and 49th Geo. III.

The glebe house was rebuilt by the late Lord Dundas, and is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1570. Deficient 1631, 1638, 1712—other chasms; the books being imperfect.

In the centre of the town is an ancient cross, erected when the market was removed here, when the plague raged at Guisbrough.

CHARITIES.——*Honourable Catherine Atherton's rent-charge*, by deed, dated in 1624. 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, half to the poor of Marske, and half to the poor of Redcar.

Marshall's gift. Interest of 60*l.*, to the poor of the township of Marske.—Vide 7th Report, page 727.

Post town, Guisbrough.

[1] Viz. Marske, 573; Redcar, 729.

[2] The Valor Ecc. specifies the tithes, glebe land, and mansion.—Page 90, col. 1.

Torre's MS., page 87. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 149. Nonæ Rolls, page 232. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 267—275. Burton's Monasticon, page 349. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 90. Graves' Cleveland, page 381.

REDCAR.—(*Parish of Marske. Perpetual Curacy.*) — Langbarugh Liberty, E.D.—POPULATION 729, vide Marske; CHAPEL-ROOM, 700[1]; NET VALUE, 50*l.*

Ivo de Grancestre confirmed to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, the land given by his father and mother whereon to build a Chapel; but the present Chapel was only built a few years ago.

Peter de Brus, the third of that name, granted the Monks of Rievaulx the liberty of buying fish at Redcar, and carrying it through the ways in all his lordships.

Patron and impropriator, the Earl of Zetland.

Augmented in 1830, with 1,000*l.*,—by lot; and in 1832 with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Lord Dundas.

An Inclosure Act was passed 27th and 28th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

Register Books.—No Return.

Parochial Charities, vide Marske.

Post town, Guisbrough.

Burton's Monasticon, pages 196. 351. 362. Graves' Cleveland, page 385.

MARTON[2]. — ST. CUTHBERT.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 3,430 acres. Langbarugh Liberty, W.D.——POPULATION, 363[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 176[4]; NET VALUE, 122*l.*—This Church was an ancient Rectory, and was given by Robert Sturmi to the Priory of Guisbrough, to which it

[1] 700 sittings (of which 408 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a Grant of 500*l.*

[2] Mart, or market-town. This is supposed, from the quantity of charred wood found in digging, to have been a town of some importance, but destroyed by the Conqueror.

[3] In 1834, the population was returned at 363.

[4] Returned at 300 in 1818.

was appropriated by Walter Gray, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

Torre does not give the date of the endowment. The first Vicar named in his catalogue, was instituted in 1292. Torre's catalogue is continued by Mr. Graves.

Patron and impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 8*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 4*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 4*s.*, and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 36, it is stated: "The Rectory belongs to the Archbishop;" and in 1818, at 120*l.* per annum[1].

"Endowed with all manner of small tithes and pasturage, hay is impropriated to Mr. Ralph Lowther. An augmentation of 20*l.*, by the Archbishop."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1059.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1572.

CHARITY.—*Poor's land*, ten acres. Rent distributed among the poor at Christmas.—Vide 7th Report, page 727.

Post town, Stockton-upon-Tees.

Torre's MS., page 41. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 145. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 267. 268. 275. Burton's Monasticon, page 349, Graves' Cleveland, page 452.

NEWTON UNDER ORNEBACH[2].—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,440 acres. Langbarugh Liberty, W.D.——POPULATION, 148[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 95; NET VALUE, 45*l.*—This is a Church or Chapel, anciently in the Parish of Hutton Rudby, and was given by Robert de Meinill to the Abbot and Convent of Whitby, to which it was appropriated, but was made parochial (says Archdeacon Todd) at the Reformation.

The patronage, in 1786, was in Grace Eliza Norton, Widow. In 1807, the Archbishop presented by reason of lapse. It is understood the presentation is in the lord of the manor, T. K. Stavely, Esq.

Impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

Valued in 1707, at 6*l.* 4*s.*; and in 1818, at 46*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1735, with 200*l.*; in 1764, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.* from Parliamentary Grant; and in 1834 with 200*l.*,—all by lot.

"All tithes impropriated to Squire Norton. Curacy only 6*l.* per annum."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 116.

An Inclosure Act was passed 25th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1725.

Near Langbarugh Quarry is a clear spring called Chapel Well, near which were the remains of several buildings now cleared away, and supposed to have been the site of a Cell or Hermitage.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Stokesley.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 134. Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 408. Burton's Monasticon, page 70. Graves' Cleveland, page 211.

NORTHALLERTON.————ALL SAINTS.—(*Peculiar. Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 13,100 acres. Allertonshire wapentake.————POPULATION, 5,118[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000; NET VALUE, 697*l.*—This Church, in which was a Chantry, has belonged, time out of mind, to the Priory of Durham; to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Dean and Chapter of Durham, who have presented ever since.

Torre does not give the Ordination. The first Vicar named in his catalogue was instituted in 1267.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 53*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 20*l.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the King's Books at 17*l.*

[1] The Valor Ecc. specifies the tithes, glebe land, and mansion.—Page 90, col. 1.

[2] The mountain called Rosebury Topping is within this parish.

[3] In 1834, the population was returned at 115.

[1] Viz. Brompton, 1,510; Deighton, 146; Northallerton, (including Lazenby, 12, extra parochial,) 3,004; Romanby, 325; High Worsall, 133.

10*s.* 6*d.* per annum, after deducting 20*s.* for a pension to the College of Durham.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1593. C hasm, 1641—1652.—Vide transcript at Northallerton.

A mortgage of 208*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* under Gilbert's Act, will cease in 1847.

"Our Church is endowed, (as plainly appears by an old Cart. [No. III.] belonging to the Cathedral Church at Durham), with all tithes, except those of corn, and all tithes whatever else have been constantly paid. The Vicarage is above the value of 30*l.*" Signed, "Charles Neile, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 804.

Gild, there was a gild or fraternity instituted in the parish Church of Northallerton, to which, on 9th June A.D. 1441, an indulgence was granted by John Archbishop of York, of a hundred days relaxation of penance, enjoined to all such who liberally contributed to the honor and consecration of the said gild, or to those who resorted thereunto, upon the account of devotion of those saints, in whose honour and memory it was celebrated.

St. James's Hospital. There was an hospital dedicated to the honour of St. James juxta Northallerton, the revenues whereof were valued at the Dissolution at 56*l.* per annum.

CHARITIES.—*Maison Dieu Hospital.* Founded by deed, dated 1st October 1476, by Richard Moore. Endowment, 15A. 1R. 15P. of land. Nine widows reside in the hospital, who are appointed by the select vestry, and each of them receives an annual stipend of 4*l.*; and a further sum of 13*s.* 4*d.* is divided between four of the inmates. The remainder of the rents, after providing for repairs, is given in coals, or otherwise distributed at Christmas, amongst the widows.

The Free School. Origin unknown—but it is understood to be a grammar school, open to the reception of four free scholars, being children of poor parents belonging to the parish. The Vicar is patron. Endowment, house and school room, 3A. 3R. of land, Crown rent of 1*l.* 15*s.* 8*d.* per annum, and 1*l.* per annum rent-charge left by John Eshall and his wife.

Francis Hayes's charity, by will, dated 20th June 1624. Rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum, for four poor widows, two to be of Northallerton and two of Brompton.

John and Jane Eshall's rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum to the poor.

John Kettlewell's charity, by deed, dated 9th March 1694. Rent of eighty acres of land. 50*s.* per annum to be laid out in Bibles, Prayer-Books, and the Whole Duty of Man, or other books of practical divinity, to be distributed by the Incumbent among the poor of Northallerton and Brompton. 5*l.* per annum, for physic for such poor persons as are not rated to the Church or Poor Assessment. 5*l.* per annum for poor widows who duly frequent the Church. 4*l.* per annum for teaching poor boys to read, write, and cast accounts, and poor girls to knit and sew. 6*l.* per annum, for apprenticing a poor boy who can read, write, and cast accounts, orphans to be preferred; the surplus to be laid out as the Minister, or any two inhabitants chosen, one from Northallerton and one from Brompton, shall direct, or else in setting up in trade some one who has been apprenticed, and buying him work tools, not to exceed 40*s.* for each apprentice; or in maintaining a youth at one of the Universities for four years. No call has been made for many years for the maintenance of a scholar at either University. The sum of 36*l.* per annum is now applied for the purposes of education, viz.; 20*l.* for Northallerton, and 16*l.* for Brompton; the former is applied in aid of the national school, and ten boys and ten girls are taught reading, writing, and arithmetic, and the girls to sew, but a quarterage of 3*s.* 6*d.* for the boys, and 1*s.* for the girls is charged.

About 14*l.* or 15*l.* per annum is expended in finding clothing for poor people; money is now given to the poor in time of sickness in lieu of medicine.

Elizabeth Raines's charity, by deed, dated 15th October 1737. Rent of eleven acres of land, distributed as follows: viz. 1*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.* in paying a fee farm rent thereout; 20*s.* to the poor of Romanby; 12*s.* 6*d.* for gloves for the Minister and Churchwardens; 3*l.* 4*s.* for teaching four poor children of Northallerton reading, writing, and arithmetic; 1*l.* to the parents of such children for

clothing; 11*l.* 4*s.* in bread, and the residue in money among poor housekeepers, at the discretion of the Minister and Churchwardens.

Lady Calverley's charity, vide general charities. 10*l.* per annum to the poor. —Vide 8th Report, page 697.

A post town.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1289. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 119. Nonæ Rolls, page 241. Mon. Angl. vol. i. page 252; vol. vi. page 780. Valor Ecc. vol. iii. page 87. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, page 295. Langdale's Northallerton. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxxviii. page 381.

There was formerly a Chapel at Romanby.

BROMPTON.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Northallerton. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Allertonshire wapentake.——POPULATION, 1510, vide Northallerton; CHAPEL-ROOM, 500; VALUE, vide Northallerton.

Patron, the Vicar of Northallerton.

Value not returned in 1818.

Augmented in 1800, with 200*l.*; and in 1815, with 1,600*l.*, from the Parliamentary Grant,—both by Lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 31st Geo. II., for the township of Brompton, being either this place, or Brompton in Rydall Deanery.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1594.

CHARITIES.—*Rents-charge* to the poor —donors unknown: viz. 2*l.* per annum, 20*s.* per annum, and 20*s.* per annum.

Lost charities. 2*l.* 10*s.* per annum, given by a person named Flower, or Flower Walker. 2*l.* per annum by the grandfather of the Rev. Francis Keay, and 10*s.* per annum by Thomas Coates. —Vide 8th Report, page 697; also vide Northallerton.

Post town, Northallerton.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. pages 119—127. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Brinton), page 11.

DEIGHTON.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Northallerton.*)——Allertonshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 146, vide Northallerton; CHAPEL-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, vide Northallerton.

Patron, the Vicar of Northallerton.

Value not returned in 1818.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1686—some chasms.—Vide transcripts at Durham.

Parochial Charities. — Vide Northallerton.

Post town, Northallerton.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 119—127.

HIGH WORSALL.—(*Peculiar. Parish of Northallerton. Perpetual Curacy.*) —Allertonshire wapentake. — POPULATION, 133, vide Northallerton; CHAPEL-ROOM, 60; NET VALUE, 60*l.*

The town appears to have been formerly much larger than it is at present. The chapel continued in ruins for many years till 1719, when the present humble structure was erected.

Patron, the Vicar of Northallerton.

Valued in 1707, at 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in 1818, at 40*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1719, with 200*l.*; to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from T. Mauleverer, Esq., and others; and in 1777, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.* In 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant. In 1824, with 200*l.*; and in 1826, with 200*l.*,—all by lot.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1720.—Vide earlier transcripts at Durham.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Yarm.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 164. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 39. Graves's Cleveland, page 95.

NORTH OTTERINGTON.——ST. MICHAEL.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,370 acres. Allertonshire and Birdforth wapentakes.—POPULATION, 617 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 130*l.*—This Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Bishops of Durham, by whom it was given to the Hospital of St. James at Northallerton, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

[1] Viz. North Otterington, 61; Thornton le Beans, 219; Thornton le Moor, 337.

Torre does not give the Ordination. His first Vicar was instituted in 1282.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, and after being some time in private hands, it came to the Dean and Chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, who are now the patrons and impropriators.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 10*l.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 4*l.*; and in 1818, at 104*l.* per annum.

"The Vicarage is endowed with the petty tithes. Annual value (the Vicarage being much wronged), a little above 30*l.*" Signed, "John Walker, Vicar."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1051.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1591; first book very imperfect.—Vide transcripts at Durham.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIP OF THORNTON LE BEANS. *Mrs. Heber's Charity*, date not given. Rent of a close called Fox Holes, containing about four acres, applied in educating poor children.

Wood Money. 12*l.*, produce of wood given by the Bishop of Durham towards building a school house, and in the hands of a Mr. Sadler at the time of the Report.—Vide 7th Report, p. 609.

Post town, Northallerton.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1305. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 121. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 780. Tanner's Notitia, page 677. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 88. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Nomanebe,) pages 17. 23. 70. 115. 155. 172. 199.

ORMSBY [1]. — ST. CUTHBERT.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 7,500 acres. Langbarugh liberty [2], E. and W. divisions.—POPULATION, 901 [3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 167*l.*—The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Percies, till it was given by Arnold de Percy, with one carucate of land, to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein [1].

Here was a Priest and a Church at the time of the Domesday Survey.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, and King Henry VIII. granted the Rectory and Advowson to the See of York.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 10*l.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 6*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.*; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.* In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 32. (Rectory), it is stated, "The chancel is in great decay;" and in 1818, at 140*l.* per annum.

Mr. Graves gives the pedigrees of the Pennymans and Morleys.

4th May 1810, faculty to re-pew the Church, and make certain alterations therein.

An Inclosure Act was passed 49th Geo. III. (Normanby.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1599.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIP OF ORMSBY. *Pennyman's rent-charge*, 10*l.* per annum. 3*l.* per annum paid for teaching six poor children to read and write, and the residue is given in coals.

Bew's rent-charge. 2*l.* per annum, given among poor widows.

Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum, given among the aged poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 727

Post town, Stokesley.

Torre's MS., page 53. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 146. Nonæ Rolls, page 232. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ormesbi), pages 225. 235; (Upsale), pages 18. 76. 225. 235. Graves's Cleveland, page 439. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 267—275. Burton's Monasticon, pages 74. 84—251. 335. 350. 353. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. p. 90.

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[1] The By or Residence, of Orme, a Saxon, who settled here before the conquest.

[2] The parish is partly in West Langbarugh Liberty. The population of Upsall township is included in the return of Ormsby, West division of the Liberty.

[3] Viz. Eston, 334; Morton, 26; Normanby, 138; Ormsby and Upsall, 403. In 1834, the population, exclusive of the Chapelry of Eston, was returned at 400.

[1] The Endowment of the Vicarge is detailed in Graves's History of Cleveland. The Valor Ecc. specifies the tithes, glebe land, and mansion, p. 90. col. 1.

ESTON.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Perpetual Curacy. Parish of Ormsby.*) Langbarugh liberty, E.D.—POPULATION, vide Ormsby; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300[1]; NET VALUE, vide Ormsby.

Patron and impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

Valued in 1707, at 17*l.* 10*s.* 4*d.*; and in 1818, at 20*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1772, with 200*l.*; in 1809, with 200*l.*; in 1829, with 400*l.*; and in 1830, with 200*l.*,—all by lot.

"The tithes are all appropriated to the Archbishop of York. There is an augmentation of 10*l.* per annum out of the small tithes, and 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* out of the great tithes. The latter was made by Archbishop Frewen. Did belong to Ormsby, but it is not known by whom it was dismembered."—Notitia Parochialis.

2nd August 1802, faculty to rebuild the Chapel.

There was no glebe house in 1818. No return in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1590.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Guisbrough.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 146. Graves's Cleveland, page 446. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 267—275. Burton's Monasticon, pages 164. 225. 343.

OSMOTHERLEY.—ST. PETER.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 7,740 acres. Allertonshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,417[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[3]; NET VALUE, 92*l.*—The Church of Osmotherley was part of the possessions of the Bishops of Durham, and of their patronage, and the Rectory was divided into three prebends or portions; and on Id. October, A.D. 1322, they were all consolidated by William de Melton, who then ordained that these three portions in the same Church should thenceforth be a simple and pure Prebend, and altogether free from cure of souls for the future. "Yet," adds Torre, "the Church continued still in three portions or distinct Prebends."

Mr. Torre gives catalogues of the Prebendaries brought down to 1534.

A Vicarage was ordained Id. October 1322. Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars.

Patron, the Bishop of Durham.

Impropriator, B. J. Wetherell, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, pars Thorne, at 9*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; pars Rogeri in eadem, 9*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; pars Alterius Thorne, 9*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; in the King's books, the Vicarage is valued at 8*l.* 10*s.*; and in 1818, at 51*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1766, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1795, with 200*l.*; and in 1815, with 1000*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant—all by lot.

"All the tithes appropriated. Yearly salary 10*l.* No manse house or glebe land." Signed, "Chas. Hall, Minister."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1568.

4th June, 1565, the Crown granted a lease of this Rectory for 21 years to James Conyers, on paying an annual pension of 10*l.* per annum to the Vicar of Osmotherley and his successors[1].

An Inclosure Act was passed 27th and 28th Geo. II.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1696; deficient, 1717—1722.—Vide transcripts at Durham.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Northallerton.

Torre's MS., (Peculiars), page 1309. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. pages 124—173—178. Nonæ Rolls, page 241. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 1474. Burton's Monasticon, page 57. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ebrebec), pages 28. 198; (Asmundrelac), 28; (Timbelbi), 10.

SEAMER IN CLEVELAND.—ST. MARTIN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,650 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D.—POPULATION, 224[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150[3]; NET VALUE, 56*l.*—This Church was given to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough.

[1] In 1818, stated at 500.

[2] Viz. Ellerbeck, 79; Osmotherley, 1,087; Thimbleby, 185; and West Harsley, 66. A number of cottages have been built for the accommodation of labourers employed in weaving and bleaching, which occasioned an increase of population in 1831 above 1821, of 332 persons.

[3] Returned at 490 in 1831.

[1] Particulars of leases in the Augmentation Office, Yorkshire, Roll 16, No. 78.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 376.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room was stated at 500.

The patronage was in the Carey family, till Lady Amherst, only surviving daughter of General Carey, sold the same to Sir George Russell, who bequeathed it to Robert Greenhill, Esq.

Present patron and impropriator the Earl of Egremont.

Valued in 1707, at 7*l.* 17*s.*; and in 1818, at 54*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1728, with 200*l.*; in 1778, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; and in 1810 with 200*l.*, from the Parliamentary Grant,—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act for Seamer was passed 49th Geo. III.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1638.

CHARITY.—TOWNSHIP OF NEWBY.—*Coulson's charity*. Founded by the will of Christopher Coulson, dated 24th April 1640, and augmented by the will of John Coulson, dated 18th July 1674. Annuity of 14*l.* 10*s.* per annum out of two farms, of which 6*l.* 10*s.* is paid to the incumbent Curate, for preaching thirteen sermons in the year[1]; 5*l.* to the schoolmaster of Newby, for his salary, and 3*l.* for clothing for ten free scholars. It appears to have been the intention of the testators, that the surplus of the rents of the two farms should be distributed yearly among the poor by the minister and churchwardens, but the Commissioners could not discover the particulars of the farms.—Vide Graves's Cleveland and 7th Report, page 746.

Post town, Stokesley.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 134. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Semers), page 70. Graves's Cleveland, page 183. Burton's Monasticon, page 357.

SKELTON CUM BROTTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 3,960 acres. Langbarugh liberty, E.D. —POPULATION, 1,711[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 60[3]; NET VALUE, 137*l.*—This Church of Skelton, in which was a Chantry founded by Adam de Skelton, was appropriated to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, to which it was given by Robert de Brus, without ordination of any Vicarage.

The patronage of the Church with the impropriation and Chapel of Brotton, were given by King Henry VIII. in exchange to the See of York.

The Church was valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 17*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 7*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in 1707, the Curacy was certified at 29*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* (of which 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* was an augmentation from the Archbishop.) In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 31, the chancel is stated to be in great decay; and in 1818, valued at 79*l.* per annum[1].

Augmented in 1749, with 200*l.*; in 1767, with 200*l.*; and in 1787, with 200*l.*,—all by lot; in 1797, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.*, from the Commissioners named in an Inclosure Act under 34th Geo. III.; in 1814, with 800*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant—by lot; and in 1832, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.*, by subscriptions.

Mr. Graves gives the pedigrees of the Trotters, Halls, Stevensons, and Whartons.

20th July 1753, faculty granted to erect a gallery.

26th July 1785, faculty granted to rebuild the Church of Skelton.

31st October 1786, confirmation of allotment of pews.

1777, faculty granted to take down and rebuild the Chapel at Brotton.

27th June 1778, confirmation granted of allotments of pews.

The present Church is a neat modern edifice.

An Inclosure Act was passed 53rd Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books for Skelton commence in 1698, and for Brotton in 1653.

A mortgage of 200*l.* under Gilbert's Act ceased in 1838.

The Lords of Skelton had the privilege of a market, which was held weekly, on Sunday; when the people assembled in the morning to attend Divine worship,

[1] Mr. Graves states that in his time the payment was made to a Presbyterian minister.

[2] Viz. Brotton, 327; Kilton, 89; Skinningrave, 63; total Brotton parish, 470. Great Moorsome, 338; Skelton 781, and Stranghow 122; total Skelton parish, 1,241.

[3] This must be a mistake, the return in 1818 being 700.

[1] See Valor Ecc. vol. iii. page 80. for the value of the appropriation.

and in the afternoon, transacted their business and regaled themselves with oat ale; but in the 13th Edward II., John Lord Fauconberg obtained a license from the King, for changing it from Sunday to Saturday. Sunday markets were gradually abolished by Act of Parliament in the reign of Edward IV.

About a mile from Great Moors is a Druidical mound called Freeburg.

CHARITIES.—*Skelton school.* House and garth, purchased with 20*l.* left by Thos. Marver on the 5th October 1755; and a further sum raised by subscription, ten free scholars.

TOWNSHIP OF SKELTON.

Carrick's dole. 16*s.* 8*d.* per annum to the poor.

Conn's and Collins's doles. 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and 6*s.* per annum, rents-charge for the poor.

William Hutton's rent-charge. 1*l.* 10*s.* per annum, for the poor.

Leng's rent-charge. 30*s.* per annum; 10*s.* is paid to the poor of Stanghow, 10*s.* to the poor of Skelton, and 10*s.* to the repairs of the Church.

Poor's cottages. These are three in number, and are occupied by paupers.

Scarthe's charity, vide Carleton. The dividends due to this parish are distributed by the minister and overseers among widows and those with large families.

TOWNSHIP OF MOORSOME.

Robert Barwick's dole, gift recited by deed, dated 10th July 1747. 30*s.* per annum has been paid as a rent-charge, out of a close containing about four acres, of which 17*s.* has been paid to the poor of Stanghow, and 13*s.* to the poor of Skelton having no weekly allowance, but the Commissioners were of opinion that the land itself was clearly conveyed to the use of the poor.

Poor's money. The sum of 20*l.* was placed out at the time of the Report on Note, and the interest distributed by the overseers.

Scarth's charity, vide Carleton. The proportion due to this township is 5*l.* 6*s.* 11½*d.* per annum, and it is distributed once a year by the minister and churchwardens.

TOWNSHIP OF STANGHOW.

Ling's dole, Barwick's dole, and Scarth's charity. Vide Skelton township.

Poor's money. The sum of 27*l.* was placed out at the time of the Report, on note, and the interest, at the rate of 9*d.* in the pound, distributed by the overseer.—Vide 7th Report, page 729.

Post town, Guisbrough.

Torre's MS., page 129. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 150. Nonæ Rolls, page 232. Graves's Cleveland, page 349. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 267. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 80. Burton's Monasticon, page 352. Ashmoleian MSS. No. 8487. Not Noticed by Ecton or Bacon.

BROTTON.—(*Parish of Skelton.*)—Area, 3,560 acres. Langbarugh liberty, E.D.—POPULATION 470, vide Skelton cum Brotton; CHAPEL-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, vide Skelton.

An ancient Chapel given with Skelton to the Priory of Guisbrough.

Part of the fee of Morton, held by Robert de Brus, and descended by marriage to the Thwings, and afterwards to the Lumleys, and by attainder, to the Crown, temp. Hen. VIII.

Patron and impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

Value not returned in 1818.

Augmented in 1718, vide Skelton.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

At Saltburn was an Hermitage belonging to Whitby Monastery.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Guisbrough.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 408. Graves's Cleveland, page 363.

SNEATON.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 4,040 acres. Whitby Strand liberty.—POPULATION, 230[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 170*l*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Abbot and Convent of Whitby, to which it was given by William de Percy, and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 215.

6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the King's Books, at 13*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and pension to the Abbot of Whitby 10*s.*[1]

An Inclosure Act was passed 42nd Geo. III. (North Sneaton.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1581.

CHARITIES.—*Rev. Christopher Wright's rent-charge* of 10*s.* per annum, by will in 1699, for the poor.

Richard Chapman's charity, vide Eskdaleside. 1*l.* per annum is given to the poor of this parish.—Vide 7th Report, page 757.

Post town, Whitby.

Torre's MS., page 133. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 159. Nonæ Rolls, page 231. Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 411. Burton's Monasticon, page 76. Valor Eccl., vol. iii. page 91. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Snetun), page 64.

STAINTON.—ST. PETER AND ST. PAUL.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 6,820 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D. —POPULATION, 1000[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250[3]; NET VALUE, 323*l.*—This Church was given by Robert de Brus to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, and King Henry VIII. granted the Rectory and Advowson to the See of York, and the Archbishop now collates.

Mr. Torre gives a catalogue of the Vicars, which is continued by Mr. Graves.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 21*l.* 6*s.* 8*d*; Nova Tax, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 3*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 5*l.* 14*s.* 1*d.* per annum; Synodals, 4*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*[1]

Augmented in 1722, with 200*l.*; to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from Messrs. N. Pearson, George Pashley, Robert Pashley, Matthew Pursloe, and Thomas Tofield; and 100*l.*, a legacy from the Reverend Robert Turie.

Mr. Graves gives the pedigree of the Gowers.

"Only endowed with a part of the small tithes, as calf, and a third part of wool and lamb. The Church at Middlesborough, and the Chapel of Acklam, belonged to this as a Rectory, only the Chapel of Thornaby is left to it as a Vicarage. Mr. Richard Lumley, my immediate predecessor, bequeathed his library for ever to the use of the Minister or Curate for the time being, or whether of them resided there." Signed, "F. Nicholson, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1058.

An Inclosure Act for Stainton was passed 50th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1551.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIP OF STAINTON. —*Poor's money*. Interest of 10*l.*, given in bread at Easter and Christmas; placed out at note—donor unknown.

Mary Burden's charity, by deed, dated 18th October 1817. Rent-charge of 5*l.* 5*s.* per annum, for teaching six poor children reading, writing and arithmetic; a Bible to be given to each child on leaving the school at the end of three years. The master to be chosen by the churchwardens and overseers with the approbation of the Vicar.

TOWNSHIPS OF BARWICK AND HEMLINGTON.

The returns in 1786, mention two benefactions amounting to 22*l.* 10*s.* for the poor of Barwick, and two benefactions of 5*l.* each, one for bread for the poor of Barwick, and the other for the poor of

[1] The Valor Ecc. notices the value of the glebe.—See Bacon's Lib. Reg., page 1123.

[2] Viz. Hemlington, 83; Ingleby Barwick, 177; Maltby, 168; Stainton, 271; Thornaby, 301.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room was returned, Stainton cum Thornaby sufficient for the then population of 816.

[1] The Valor Ecc. specifies the tithes, glebe land, and mansion.—Page 90, col. 1.

In Monastic. Ebor. page 84, a composition touching the tithes, parochial dues, &c., of the Chapel of Midelsburg, in this parish, made between the Canons of Gisburn, impropriators of this Church, and the monks of Whitby.

There was a decree in the Exchequer in Hilary Term, 7th Wm. III. as to tithes at Lyngthorp, but which is unreported.

Hemlington, and respectively given by William and Thomas Metcalfe, Thomas Barker, and a person unknown, and then in the hands of Thomas Fawell, at interest. The Commissioners examined his grandson, Mr. Fawell of Yarm, who said he had always understood the donation to be voluntary, and expressed his inclination to give effect to the intentions of those, by whom the benefactions mentioned in the return were given, if the existence of each, or any directions in writing respecting them can be discovered.—Vide 7th Report, page 732.

Post town, Stokesley.

Torre's MS., page 81. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 143. Graves's Cleveland, page 477. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 267. 276. Burton's Monasticon, page 352. Tanner's Notitia, page 639. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 90. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 32. Bodleian MS., No. 5101.

THORNABY.——(*Parish of Stainton. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Langbarugh liberty, W.D.——POPULATION, vide Stainton; CHAPEL-ROOM, 70; NET VALUE, vide Stainton.—This Chapel was given to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough.

This Chapel does not enjoy parochial rights, and marriages take place at Stainton.

Patron, vide Stainton.

Value not returned in 1818.

13th August 1789, faculty granted to re-pew the Chapel.

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books, vide Stainton.

Parochial Charities, vide Stainton.

Post town, Stockton-upon-Tees.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. pages 120—144. Graves's Cleveland, page 483. Burton's Monasticon, page 352.

STOKESLEY[1].——ST. PETER—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 6,690 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D.—POPULATION, 2,376[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 700; NET VALUE, 1,220*l.*—This Church, in which was a Chantry founded by William de Stokesley, is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Abbot and Convent of St. Mary's, York, to whom it was given by Guy de Baliol. At the Dissolution, the Advowson came to the Crown, and King Henry VIII. gave it to the See of York.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 53*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 23*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the King's Books, at 30*l.* 6*s.* 10*d.* per annum; Synodals, 9*s.*; Procurations, 7*s.* 6*d.*[1]

Mr. Graves gives the pedigrees of the Forsters, Marwoods, and Ewes.

30th September 1730, a commission was granted by the Archbishop to inspect the state of the parsonage.

13th October 1769, faculty granted to rebuild the body of the Church and part of the chancel.

24th June 1771, confirmation of allotment of seats.

24th April 1741, faculty to erect a gallery.

29th May 1752, faculty to erect another gallery.

10th October 1823, faculty to erect a gallery.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt in 1792.

The Register Books commence in 1571. Deficient 1625—1646—1653.

CHARITIES.—*John Preston's charity*, by will, dated 19th November 1805. 2000*l.* was left for building a school house, or enlarging the old one, and for teaching twelve free scholars the classics, English, writing, and arithmetic. The testator died in 1814, and at the time of the Report, the sum of 2780*l.* 11*s.* 5*d.* was invested in the Navy Fives, but the trustees had determined not to commence the school until the capital had been raised by accumulation to 4000*l.*—Vide 8th Report, page 746.

A Post town.

Torre's MS., page 23. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 138. Nonæ Rolls, page 232. Bodleian MS., No. 5078. Graves's Cleveland,

[1] Stoke, a wood, Ley, a field.

[2] Viz. Great and Little Busby, 106; Easby, 151; Newby, 152; Stokesley, 1,967. In 1834, returned at 2,219 exclusive of Westerdale.

[1] Tanner refers to a charter respecting this Church, Not. Monast. ed. 1744, page 639, col. 2; and to the appropriation, page 631, col. 2. The Valor Ecc. specifies the mansion, tithes, and glebe land, and the mansion, lands, and tenements of the Chantry.

page 222. Valor Ecc. vol. iii. page 89. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. page 537. Burton's Monasticon, pages 156. 251. 336. 359.

EASBY.—This is a small township within the parish of Stokesley.

Torre says, "There was a Chapel in the town of Eseby, for the dedication whereof, and of the Chapel yard, a Commission issued 7th August, 1349." There is now no Chapel.

Torre's MS., page 23.

WESTERDALE.—(*Parish of Stokesley.*)—Area, 8,750 acres. Langbarugh liberty, E.D.———POPULATION, 281[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, vide Stokesley.

Patron, vide Stokesley.

This Chapel has the right of sepulture, and marriages are solemnized therein.

An Inclosure Act was passed 51st Geo. III.

The manor is co-extensive with the township, and has the right of granting probates of wills and letters of administration of the effects only of persons dying within the manor, and not having Bona Notabilia elsewhere. The usual period of granting probates is on the second Saturday after Michaelmas Day.

No wills had been proved or administrations granted for many years previous to 1829, when the return was made to Parliament.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1666; very defective till 1700.

CHARITIES.—*The Free School.* Founded by Jane Duck, by will, dated 26th March 1734, and endowed with a rent-charge of 3*l.* per annum, for teaching seven poor children; and augmented with a close containing twelve acres, by the will of Mary Fisher, dated 26th August 1741, for teaching eight other poor children reading, writing, and arithmetic.

Joseph Dunn's rent-charge, 10*s.* per annum, by will, in 1716; *Roger Bell's rent-charge,* 10*s.* per annum, by will, in 1722, and *Mary Duck's rent-charge,* 2*l.* per annum—all distributed among the poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 734.

Post town, Guisbrough.

[1] From the parish of Westerdale several families have emigrated to America, but the population is the same.

Torre's MS., page 1679. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 138. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 507. Burton's Monasticon, page 251. Graves's Cleveland, page 269. Not noticed by Ecton or Bacon.

BASEDALE PRIORY.—The Priory of Basedale was founded about 1162 by Ralph de Nevil, for Cistercian Nuns.

Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 507. Graves, page 265.

THORNTON IN THE STREET.—ST. LEONARD.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,750 acres. Allertonshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 226[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 100[2]; NET VALUE, 60*l.*—The town contains six carucates of land, which the Bishop of Durham held of the King in capite, for half a knight's fee, and no rent.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Bishops of Durham, by whom it was given to the Hospital of St. James at Northallerton, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, and was granted to the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, Oxford.

No endowment given, the first Vicar named in Torre's List, was instituted in 1295.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 4*l.*; and in 1818, at 78*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1769, with 200*l.*; and in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant,—both by lot; and in 1812, with 200*l.* from the same Grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Rev. Thomas Hartland Fowle, the Vicar, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1600; but the two first books are imperfect.—Vide transcripts at Durham.

[1] North Kilvington, 64; and Thornton le Street, 162.

[2] Estimated in 1818, at 150.

CHARITY.—*Mrs. Ann Talbot's gift.* Interest of 20*l.*, left for the poor in 1736, and distributed at Christmas.—Vide 6th Report, page 593.

Post town, Thirsk.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1325. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 120. Tanner's Notitia, page 677. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 88. Mon. Angl., vol. ii. page 170. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 81. Jefferson's Thirsk, page 138.

UPLEATHAM[1]—(*Perpetual Curacy.*) Area, 1,100 acres. Langbarugh liberty, E.D.—POPULATION, 265; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[2]; NET VALUE, 57*l.*

It was given as a Church to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough by Robert de Brus, though sometimes called a Chapel in the parish of Guisbrough, and enjoys parochial rights. The tower was rebuilt in 1684.

Patron and impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

Augmented in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; and in 1788, with 200*l.*,—all by lot; and in 1791, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Sir Thomas Dundas, Bart.

Mr. Graves gives the pedigree of the Coulthursts of Upleatham.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1654. The first book ending in 1694, is partly illegible from damp.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Guisbrough.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 151. Graves's Cleveland, page 377. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 267. Burton's Monasticon, page 353.

WELBURY.——ST. LEONARD.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,020 acres. Birdforth wapentake,—POPULATION, 233; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 360*l.*—This Church, with two oxgangs of land and a mansion, is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of Walter Ingelram, by whom it was given to the Priory of Guisbrough, and a pension was ordained in 1242 to be paid to the Vicar by the Prior and Convent.

Patron, the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 8*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the King's Books, at 7*l.* 2*s.* 10*d.* per annum; Synodals and Procurations, 9*s.* 6*d.*; and pension of 1*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.* to the Prior of Gisburn[1].

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1682.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Northallerton.

Torre's MS., page 17. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 131. Nonæ Rolls, page 232. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Welleburge), pages 27. 234.

WEST ROUNTON.—ST. JAMES. (*Peculiar. Rectory in Charge.*)—Area, 1,840 acres. Allertonshire wapentake.—POPULATION, 192; CHURCH-ROOM, 100[2]; NET VALUE, 344*l.*—This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Prior and Convent of Durham, but on the dissolution thereof was not re-granted to the Dean and Chapter, but continued in the Crown.

Patron, the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

Torre gives a catalogue of the Rectors.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation at 10*l.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; and in the King's Books, at 6*l.* per annum, after deducting pension to the Prior of Durham 10*s.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1725.—Vide earlier transcripts at Durham.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Northallerton.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1301. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 125. Nonæ Rolls, page 241. Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 252. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 88.

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[1] Oftentimes written in ancient records Uplium, and in Domesday Book, Upelider.

[2] A grant has been made by the Society towards rebuilding the Church, which is to contain 50 additional free sittings.

[1] The Valor Ecc. specifies the tithe, mansion, and glebe land.—Page 89. col. 1.

[2] In 1818, the church-room was returned sufficient for the then population, 230.

WHITBY[1].—ST. MARY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 14,620 acres. Whitby Strand and East Langbarugh liberties[2].———POPULATION, 11,725[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 2,200[4]; NET VALUE, 206*l.*——This Church was given by William de Percy to the Abbey of Whitby, to which it was appropriated, but no Vicarage ordained therein.

The Patronage is in the Archbishop of York, it having been given to the See by King Henry VIII.

Mr. Young gives a catalogue of the Curates.

The Church with its Chapel is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 20*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 24, it is stated, "The Rectory belongs to the Archbishop;" and in 1818, the Curacy was certified at 50*l.* per annum[5].

Augmented in 1819, with 600*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant—by lot; in 1823, with 300*l.* from the same Grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Archbishop of York; in 1826, with 300*l.* and 300*l.*, to meet benefactions of 354*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*, a subscription, and 45*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* from Edward, Archbishop of York; and in 1834, with 200*l.* and 200*l.* from the same grant, to meet benefaction of a stipend of 30*l.* per annum from Edward, Lord Archbishop of York.

7th June 1744, a faculty was granted to erect a perpendicular grave stone in the Church yard, to the memory of William Thompson, deceased.

12th November 1757, faculty to erect a gallery.

7th November 1763, faculty to erect a gallery.

15th April 1818, faculty to enlarge galleries.

21st February 1801, faculty to build a gallery and enlarge another.

An Inclosure Act was passed 53rd Geo. III. (Dunsley Moor.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1608; several chasms, 1642, &c.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIP OF WHITBY.—*Tenements for the Poor.* William Pearson in 1722, gave two houses to the poor. John Pearson in 1770, gave two tenements in the New Way for the use of the poor; and Margery Boyes in 1723, gave one house for two poor widows, and also another house for other two widows.—All now occupied by poor people rent free.

Margery Boyes's charity in 1723. 6*l.* per annum to put four poor children to trades, and 3*l.* 4*s.* per annum to put eight poor children to school.

Adam Boulby's tenements, by deeds, dated 20th April 1747, 23rd May 1748, and 4th May 1772. Two houses and six cottages, to be occupied by poor seamen or seamen's widows.

Benjamin Hunter's charity in 1789. Interest of 100*l.*, to be annually expended in clothing four poor fatherless boys, sons of seamen, when put apprentice, being thirteen years old.

William Rymer's charity, by will, in 1808. Dividends on 100*l.* Navy Fives, given in coals among superannuated seamen or seamen's widows, not exceeding one bushel each.

Merchant Seamen's Fund.—This is a branch of the general institutions established and regulated by the statute of the 20th Geo. II. cap. 38, and is under

[1] Formerly called Streoneshalh.

There were formerly Chapels at Dunsley and Harsley.

[2] The parish of Whitby extends into Langbarugh liberty, and it is stated in the return of Whitby township, that a small decrease of population has taken place, owing to the partial decline of ship building and of the whale fishery, but not to the extent that would appear by comparison with the enumeration of 1821, (932 persons), because seamen employed in registered vessels were then included in the return, they are now, to the amount of 764, excluded. It is said that the townships of Hawsker, with Stainsiker and Ruswarp, are mostly within the limits of the township of Whitby, thereby making the population of that town to exceed 10,000 persons.

[3] Eskdaleside, 277; Hawsker and Stainsiker, 654; Newholme with Dunsley, 347; Ruswarp, 1,980; Ugglebarnby, 426; Whitby, 7,765, and part of the township of Aislaby, 276. Mr. Young took the trouble of personally counting the inhabitants of Whitby in 1816, and found the population of the town, including what may be called the suburbs, to be 10,203.

[4] 600 additional sittings, (of which 300 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 300*l.*

[5] For the value of the appropriation, vide Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 80.

There were unreported Decrees in the Exchequer in Hilary Term, 28th Elizabeth, and in Easter Term, 36th Car. II.

"The customary manner in which the impropriator of Whitby is entitled to the tithes of fish caught in Robin Hood's Bay. The Bishop of Norwich *v.* Granger."—2 Wood, page 540.

the direction of fifteen trustees chosen by the owners and masters of ships belonging to the port; 6*d.* a month is collected out of the wages of every seaman. At the time of the Report there was a balance invested in the funds consisting of 2,300*l.* three per cent. consols. There are forty houses in Whitby built or purchased out of the funds, for the residence of aged seamen, their widows, and families.

The allowances are 3*s.* a month to the widow, and 2*s.* a month for each child of a seaman who has been killed, slain, or drowned in the merchants' service.

Leonard Wilde's charity, by will, dated 17th March 1732. For the support of a dissenting congregation, amount not stated; also 5*l.* 8*s.* per annum to the poor of such congregation.

Joanna Rickwood's gift, by will in 1816. Interest of 100*l.* to the poor of the New Presbyterian or Associate Congregation.

TOWNSHIP OF RUSWARP.

Rents-charge for the Poor,—donors unknown. 2*l.*, 1*l.*, and 12*s.* per annum.

TOWNSHIP OF HAWSKER CUM STAINIKER.

Poor's Land, two acres. Rent added to the poor's rate.

TOWNSHIP OF NEWBY CUM DUNSLEY.

Francis Mead's rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum, by will, dated in 1780. For the poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 757.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 155. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 157. Nonæ Rolls, page 231. Charlton's Whitby. Young's Whitby. Mon. Angl., vol. i. pages 405—421. Burton's Monasticon, pages 12. 54. 56. 67, 68, 69. 72. 78. 86. Valor Ecc., vol. iii. page 80. Prickett's Bridlington, pages 7—18. Gent's History of Hull. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 310. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxxix. page 513.

ST. NINIANS.—(*Parish of Whitby*)—This Church has been long demolished. Its history is very obscure, and there was also another Chapel on the east side of the Esk.

PROPRIETARY CHAPEL.——This was opened in October 1778. The author has not been able to obtain any account of this Chapel beyond what appears in Mr. Young's work, vol. ii. page 617.

ABBEY.—The Abbey of Whitby was founded by St. Hilda in 657; destroyed by the Danes in 867, and continued waste for more than two hundred years. Refounded by William de Percy. St. Hilda was born in the year 614, and was baptised at York by Paulinus, along with King Edwin her great uncle in 627, and she died Abbess of Whitby in 680.

Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 405.

AISLABY.—(*Parish of Whitby. Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 1,080 acres. Langbarugh liberty[1], E.D.—POPULATION, 276[2]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 87*l.*—This is a Chapel, in the parish of Whitby, built before 1170, and given therewith to the Abbey there. In ruins in the time of Archbishop Sharp, but rebuilt in the year 1732, when Mrs. Noble endowed it with 10*l.* per annum, and had the patronage in consequence thereof.

Present patroness, Mrs. R. Boulby.

A gallery was erected in the Chapel in 1752, by Mr. Mark Noble.

Valued in 1818, at 45*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1768, with 200*l.*—by lot; in 1771, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* from Mr. M. Noble's trustees; and in 1775, with 200*l.*; and in 1824, with 200*l.*—both by lot.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, "being old and very bad."

Double fees are always paid for churchings and christenings.

Register Books.—No return; vide Whitby.

CHARITY.—*Tabitha Bower's charity*, vide Eskdaleside. 10*l.* 10*s.* per annum is distributed among the poor of this township.—Vide 7th Report, page 757.

Post town, Whitby.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Charlton's Whitby, pages 70. 172. 318—335. Young's Whitby, pages 377. 655. 818. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, pages 21. 68. 115.

ESKDALE CHAPEL.—ST. JOHNS.—(*Parish of Whitby.*)—This was a Chapel in the parish of Whitby, and was given

[1] The township is partly in Middleton parish.

[2] In 1834, the population of the Chapelry was returned at 340. 25 men are employed in stone quarries.

to the Abbey there.—Now disused, vide Sleights.

The patronage was in the Archbishop of York, but in 1767 the patronage was transferred to Mr. Bower, in perpetuity, in consideration of an augmentation of the Curacy, vide Sleights.

SLEIGHTS.——(*Parish of Whitby. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Whitby Strand liberty.——POPULATION, vide Whitby; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE 329*l.*, with Ugglebarnby.

The Chapel of Sleights was built by Robert Bower, Esq., in the place of the old Chapel of St. John's, at Eskdaleside, under the authority of a faculty granted on the 9th July 1762.

The petition recited that the small Chapel of Eskdale contained in length twelve yards and in breadth six yards, and had no burial place; and was a poor mean structure, covered with thatch, and situate in a low damp place near the river Esk, which very frequently overflowed its banks, and was anciently placed in that solitary part out of superstitious veneration for the memory of an ancient hermit, who was said to have resided thereabouts; that the way to the said Chapel was steep, commonly bad, and very often dangerous; and the Chapel standing alone in a field at a long distance from any dwelling-house, there was no kind of shelter for the people who resorted thither before the Chapel door happened to be opened, by reason whereof in bad weather there frequently was no congregation, though the service was only every third Sunday in the afternoon. A faculty was accordingly granted to take down the old Chapel, save only the lower part of the walls thereof, which for the sake of order and decency were required to be left standing and well coped five feet high at the least, and to build a new Chapel on a piece of waste ground within the said chapelry about a mile distant from the said Chapel, but nearer to the dwellings of about two thirds of the inhabitants than the old Chapel. And the new Chapel was consecrated 22nd July 1767, by Archbishop Drummond, when the old Chapel was ordered to be shut up.

Patron, the Rev. W. Walker.

Impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

Valued in 1707, at 7*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*; and in 1818, at 93*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1735, with 200*l.*—by lot; in 1767, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* and interest, 24*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* from Robert Bewlay, Gentleman, and in the same year with 200*l.*—by lot; in 1769, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of a rent-charge of 7*l.* per annum, from A. Swainson, M.D., Robert Bower, Esq., and Tabitha his wife; and in 1825, with 300*l.* 300*l.* 300*l.* 300*l.* 300*l.* and 300*l.*, all from the Parliamentary Grant, to meet benefactions of 200*l.* 200*l.* 200*l.* 200*l.* 200*l*, and 200*l.*, from John Walker, Senr., Esq., the then patron.

"Ugglebarnby and Eskdaleside, in the parish of Whitby, the tithes are impropriate. The Minister, as an endowment, has 7*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum. There is an augmentation of 8*l.* by Mrs. Cholmeley, and allowed by the Archbishop; the whole yearly value of the two Chapels is 14*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*"—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1060.

An Inclosure Act was passed 33rd Geo. II.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1676. The book containing entries from 1692 to 1741, cannot be found.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*William Coates's charity*, in 1781. Dividends on 350*l.* three per cent. consols, for the benefit of the Minister, and rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum for the poor not receiving alms.

Robert Bower's charity and settlement, for the Minister, by deed, dated 14th October 1769. House for the residence of the Minister, and one close of land, subject to a rent-charge of 4*l.* 6*s.* per annum, to be applied as follows: 1*l.* 6*s.* in weekly bread; 40*s.* for ornamenting and beautifying the inside of the Chapel in such manner as the Ministers of Whitby and Egton may direct; and 20*s.* to the parish clerk. At the time of the Report, there was a balance of nearly 100*l.* in the hands of Mr. John Wilson, one of the principal inhabitants, towards ornamenting and beautifying the Chapel. The Commissioners recommended that new trustees should be appointed, and that the balance should be laid out on proper security.

Tabitha Bower's charity, by deed, dated

8th October 1784. Dividends on 1,400*l.* three per cent. reduced, among the poor not receiving alms, of Aislaby, Eskdaleside, Ugglebarnby, and Holy Trinity in Micklegate, in York. The deed to be kept by the Minister and chapelwardens of Eskdaleside. At the time of the Report, the stock had not been properly preserved.

Richard Chapman's charity, by will, dated 4th January 1785. Interest of 100*l.*; 20*s.* per annum to the clerk, residue in equal thirds to the poor of Eskdaleside, Ugglebarnby, and Speaton.—Vide 7th Report, page 757.

Post town, Whitby.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iv. page 180. Charlton's Whitby, pages 315—340. Burton's Monasticon, page 72. Grose's Antiquities, vol. vi. page 93. plate 2. Mon. Angl., vol. i. pages 408—421.

UGGLEBARNBY.———(*Parish of Whitby. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Whitby Strand liberty.—POPULATION 426, vide Whitby; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, vide Eskdaleside.—This Chapel was given to the Abbey at Whitby.

Patron, vide Eskdaleside.

Mr. Charlton gives the particulars of what the Chapelry contributes to the Mother Church of Whitby.

Valued in 1707, at 7*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*; and in 1818, at 48*l.* 2*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1748, with 200*l.*; in 1772, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1794, with 200*l.*; and in 1816, with 200*l.*—all by lot; and in 1829, with 200*l.* 200*l.* 200*l.* 200*l.* and 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 1000*l.* from the Rev. William Walker, the Incumbent.

An Inclosure Act was passed 33rd Geo. II.

No glebe house in 1818. No return in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1732.—Vide earlier registers at Sleights.

CHARITY.———*Tabitha Bower's and Richard Chapman's charities*, vide Sleights.

Post town, Whitby.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. Charlton's Whitby, page 315. Burton's Monasticon, page 77. Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 408. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Uglesberdesbi), page 64. Vide Sleights for Notitia Parochialis, No. 1060.

WHORLTON[1].—HOLY CROSS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 6,830 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D.———POPULATION, 772[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 84*l.*—This Church or Chapel, in which was a Chantry, was formerly in the parish of Hutton Rudby, and is said to have been given therewith by Stephen Meynell, to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, for a Cell at Scarth, within this parish, but a doubt exists whether the grant ever took place.

The patronage was in the Careys for many years, but was afterwards sold to Edward Wolley, Esq. In 1816, George Sutton, Esq., nominated.

Present patron and impropriator, the Marquis of Ailesbury.

The Chapel is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in 1707, the Curacy was certified at 13*l.* 10*s.*; and in 1818, at 52*l.* 9*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1767, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1793, with 200*l.*; and in 1815, with 1000*l.*, from the Parliamentary Grant—all by lot.

There was a castle here, and the Church was anciently called the free Chapel in the Castle of Whorlton.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the Curates, and also a plate of the monument of Sir Stephen Meynell, and a view of the ruins of the castle.

Mr. Graves gives the pedigree of the Meynells of Whorlton Castle.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1689.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIP OF POTTO.—*Simpson's rent-charge.* 10*s.* per annum distributed among poor widows.

Lost Charities. Isabel Harker, by will, dated 31st December 1736, charged her lands and tenements in Swainby with an annual payment of 20*s.* towards teaching four poor children; and she also gave a house, then in the possession of John Tronsdaile, to be a school house to teach scholars. The devise was void under the 9th Geo. II. cap. 36, but the house has been held by the parish since

[1] In a petition presented in 1706 to Archbishop Sharp for a resident Minister, it is stated that the parish of Whorlton consists of six towns, viz. Whorlton, Huthwaite, Scarthwood, Swainby, Potto, and the greatest part of Faceby.

[2] Viz. Potto, 187; and Whorlton, 585. Faceby is separately returned.

the death of the testatrix, and is used as a school house.

Healey's rent-charge. 2*l.* 12*s.* per annum, formerly paid by Mr. John Healey of Carleton, who held lands at Carleton and Brompton, which have been since sold, and the property sold has not been identified.—Vide 8th Report, page 749.

Post town, Stokesley.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 133. Nonæ Rolls, page 232. Graves's Cleveland, page 136. Burton's Monasticon, pages 354. 357. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 276. Valor. Ecc., vol. iii. page 91. Torre's MS., page 1671.

WILTON.—ST. CUTHBERT.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Kirkleatham. Langbarugh liberty, E.D.—POPULATION, 411, vide Kirkleatham; CHURCH-ROOM, 160; NET VALUE, 136*l.*—This was anciently a Chapel in the parish of Kirkleatham, which was given to the Prior and Convent of Guisbrough, to which it was appropriated.

Patron, Sir John Lowther, Bart.

Impropriator, Lady Turner.

Mr. Graves gives a close catalogue of the Curates.

Valued in 1707, at 19*l.* 9*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1755, with 200*l.*; and in 1797, with 200*l.*—both by lot.

"Mr. Turner, the impropriator, hath the tithe of corn, wool, and lamb. The rest of the small tithes belong to the Chapel. Yearly value under 20*l.*"—Notitia Parochialis, No. 663.

The Chapel of St. Ellen stood near the centre of the village, and was founded by Sir William Bulmer, 23rd Hen. VIII., for two priests to say mass for the souls of him and his wife. The remains are still to be seen near the centre of the village.

Mr. Graves gives the pedigree of the Bulmers, Lords of Wilton, the last of whom, Sir John Bulmer, engaged in the pilgrimage of Grace, and was attainted for high treason, 28th Hen. VIII. The family had large possessions in Yorkshire and Durham.

Inclosure Acts were passed 13th and 43rd Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1719.

CHARITY.—*Stubbs's rent-charge.* 1*l.* per annum given among poor widows.

John Jackson's charity, by will, dated 1st August 1805. Dividends on 635*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.* three per cent. consols, among the poor of Lackenby, Lazenby, and Wilton, in equal thirds.—Vide 7th Report, page 721.

Post town, Guisbrough.

Not noticed in Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 149. Graves's Cleveland, page 405. Burton's Monasticon, page 354.

LAZENBY.—(*Parish of Wilton.*)—Here was a Chantry.—Valor. Eccl. vol. iii. page 91.

YARM[1].——ST. MARY MAGDALENE.—(*Perpetual Curacy unaugmented*). Area, 1,180 acres. Langbarugh liberty, W.D.—POPULATION, 1,636; CHURCH-ROOM, 700; NET VALUE, 151*l.*—The manor was parcel of the ancient possessions of the Lords Brus, of Skelton, from whom it descended to the Thwengs of Kilton, and thence by the Meynells to the Lords D'Arcy.

This Church was appropriated to the Priory of Guisbrough. It was claimed by the Monastery at Thornton, but after a contest between the Canons of Guisbrough and Thornton, the latter relinquished all their claim to this parochial Chapel, and in return received the Church of Kelesterne.

A brief was granted in 1728 for rebuilding this Church.

Patron and impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

Mr. Graves gives a catalogue of the incumbent Curates.

Valued in 1707, at 38*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* per annum: and in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 33, (Rectory,) it is stated, "The Rectory belongs to the Archbishop; 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* paid to the Curate by the impropriator."

"All the tithes are impropriate in Mr. Nicholas Sugar, in York. Value 10*l.*, paid in money." Signed, "Thos.

[1] In the Domesday Book written Larun, and in other records Yareham, Yareholm, Yarum, and Iarum; a corruption of Ea, water, and Ham, a dwelling.

Burton, Curate."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1062.

The revenues of this Benefice are stated by Mr. Graves. Bacon says it was formerly a Chapel to Kirkleavington, and under the Monastery of Guisbrough; and Burton, that the Prior and Convent of Helaugh were to place a Chaplain at Yarum.

Views of the old and new bridges are given by Mr. Graves, and also the pedigree of the Meynells.

A glebe house was returned in 1818 as fit for residence, but in 1834, the return was "no glebe house."

The Register Books commence in 1649[1]. Baptisms and burials defective in 1765—1766.—Vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*The Free Grammar School.* Founded 7th July 32nd Eliz., by Thomas Conyers. Endowment; rents-charge 9*l.* 4*s.* per annum, by the will of the founder, dated 10th February 1589, and proved in 1590. The master is entitled to two oxgangs of land in Yarm, with the water and fishing belonging thereto, but they do not appear to have been ever in his possession. Six free scholars.

William Chaloner's charity, by will, dated 18th June 1799. Dividends on 400*l.* three per cent. consols, for educating eight poor children elected by the Minister and churchwardens. Also the dividends on 100*l.* four per cents for a quarterly Sunday evening lecture, to be preached on the first Sunday after Epiphany, Lady-day, Midsummer-day, and Michaelmas-day, on the following subjects: the education of youth, baptism, redemption, the wisdom of GOD in the creation.

[1] Mr. Graves says in 1642.

Robert Bainbridge's rent-charge, 1*l.* per annum, by will, dated 20th December 1707. For apprenticing a poor child not receiving parish relief.

John Benson's rent-charge. 20*s.* per annum given among widows.

Poor's Money. Interest of 45*l.* amount of sundry benefactions, lent to the town for the use of the highways: given in bread.

Thompson's, Waldy's, and Hutchinson's gifts. It appears that *William Thompson* left 30*l.* for the poor, *Thomas Waldy* 50*l.*, the interest to be distributed in Bibles and other religious books; and the *Rev. John Hopkinson* 50*l.* to the poor.—These sums were invested in the purchase of 150*l.* Navy Fives.

Nicholas Mayes's charity. The Commissioners have withheld their report on this charity in consequence of some explanatory information being wanted. Mr. Graves states it to be a rent-charge of 2*l.* 12*s.* per annum for the poor, out of the Friarage Garth, under will, dated 1st June 1676.—Vide 8th Report, page 750.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 167. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 137. Graves's Cleveland, page 54. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 636. Tanner's Notitia. Burton's Monasticon, pages 56. 67. 172. 282, 283. 338. 354.

THE HOSPITAL.—This was founded before the year 1185, by some of the family of Brus. It was granted to the Canons of Helagh Park, and fell with it at the Dissolution. A Chantry was founded within it.

There was also a Friary of Dominical Monks in Yarm.

Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 636. 1496.

DEANERY OF RYDALL.

ALLERSTON.——ST. JOHN.——(*Peculiar. Vicarage.*)—Area, 9,110acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, 385; CHURCH-ROOM, 240; NET VALUE, vide Ebberston.—At the time of the Domesday Survey, Allerston was held by Gospatric as tenant to the Conqueror. He had three carucates to be taxed—land to two ploughs, value 20*s*.

"The Church of Allerston," says Mr. Torre, "is appendant to the mother Church of Pickering, and, being joined with Ebberston, makes one and the same Vicarage, and is in the patronage of the Dean of York."

The Vicarage of Ebberston with Allerston was augmented in 1821, with 400*l*.; and in 1826, with 200*l*., both from the Parliamentary Grant,—by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 49th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1680.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pickering.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 753. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 108. Burton's Monasticon (possessions of Yeddingham Nunnery), page 298. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Alurestan), page 21. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 372.

AMPLEFORD.——ST. HILDA.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,270 acres. Birdforth and Rydall wapentakes[1].—POPULATION, 623[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 261*l*.—Ulf, the Saxon, had one manor here. The Archbishop eight acres of meadow, wood, and pasture, half a mile in length and the same in breadth. Copsi, the Saxon, had one carucate, it belonged to Hugh, the son of Balderic.—*Domesday Book.*

In *Ampleford* are four carucates and six oxgangs of land geldable, (whereof twelve carucates make one knight's fee); which were held of the fee of Robert de Ros, which Clarkenwell and Nicholas de Barton held of Robert de Ros as he held them of the King in capite.

But more particularly in the town of *Ampleford* is one carucate and one bovate of land, (whereof eight carucates make a knight's fee); of which Walter de London held half a carucate of Robert Fitzwilliam, and he of the Abbot of Byland.

And Galfred Attebek held one carucate of the said Abbot.

And the Abbot held one oxgang of land of John de Clarkenwell, and he of Robert de Ros, and he of Roger de Mowbray.

Likewise there are in both towns three more carucates of land not geldable, held of the Liberty of St. Peter, of York, where the Prebendary hath his dominical manor, a wood in a certain field called Le Lodge, an assart, a biscary, mill, pasture bondsmen, grassmen, cottagers, and certain lands, particularly specified by Mr. Torre; and jurisdiction in all causes spiritual, and over eighteen tenants of the Abbot of Byland in Ampleford.—*Kirkby's Inquest.*

The Abbey of Sinningthwaite had possessions in Ampleford, for which see Burton's Monasticon.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the Prebendary of Ampleford, in the Cathedral Church of York, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1304.

Patron and impropriator, the Prebendary of Ampleford.

In the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 4*l*. 6*s*. 4*d*.; and in the Parliamentary Survey, at 10*l*. per annum.

[1] This parish is partly in Birdforth wapentake, and partly in the liberty of St. Peter, but mostly in Rydall wapentake, where the whole is entered. No regular schedule of population was returned by that part of the parish which is within the liberty of St. Peter.

[2] Viz. Ampleford, 432; and Oswaldkirk Quarter, 191. In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at only 432.

On the 22nd July 1805, a faculty was granted to repew the Church.

Inclosure Acts were passed 44th and 46th Geo. III.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1646. Chasm 1692—1752.—Vide transcripts in the Prebendal Registry at York.

CHARITIES.—*Sir Richard Vaughan's gift.* Rent-charge of 40*s.* a year for the poor.

John Sturdy's gift. Interest of two-thirds of 100*l.* for the poor.

Dorothy Comber's gift. Interest of a moiety of 160*l.* three per cents.

Poor's Houses and Lands. Two cottages and 4A. 3R. 20P. of land, the rent of which is distributed among poor widows.—Vide 11th Report, page 774.

Post town, Helmsley.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 617. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 104. Nonæ Rolls, page 242. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 152, 153. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ambreforde), pages 49, 50. 196. Burton's Monasticon, page 329. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 233. Notitia Parochialis, No. 1054.

APPLETON LE STREET.——ALL SAINTS.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 4,780 acres. Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 860[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 90; NET VALUE, 515*l.*—The town of Appleton le Street contains four carucates of land, which were held of the fee of Pagnell, whereof three were held by Robert de Boelton, and the Church is endowed of the other carucate.

Amunderby, vide *Amotherby*.

Newsum contains two carucates of land, which the heirs of Nicholas de Newsum held of the heirs of Brus by 20*s.* rent, and they of the King in capite by 4*s.*

It answered for the fourth part and a half of a knight's fee.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Abbey and Convent of St. Albans, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1358; and a new Ordination was made Id. 5 July 1368, by which the Vicar is charged with the repairs and rebuilding of the chancel.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, which presented till Archbishop Sharp's time, afterwards the Stricklands, Barts., presented until 1740, under a grant from King James I. In 1740, Hugh Cholmley, Esq., presented; in 1764, Mrs. Grace Thompson; and in 1800, John Cleaver, D.D. The present patron is the Rev. James Jarvis Cleaver.

Impropriators, F. Creswell, Esq., and others.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 50*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 24*l.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 5*l.*; and in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 7*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

A Chantry was founded in this Church in 1346, by Sir Thomas de Bolton, Knight.

An Inclosure Act for Swinton was passed 14th Geo. III. A previous inclosure took place in 1728, as an approval of it is registered on the 27th August in that year.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1715.—Vide transcripts of earlier Registers at York.

At Broughton was an Hospital erected by the founders of Malton and Alnwick Monasteries, and called the Hospital of St. Mary Magdalene.

CHARITIES.——*The School.* Rent of twenty acres of land on the Low Moor, allotted in 1725—six free scholars.

Henry Stockhill's rent-charge, given in 1677. 3*l.* 10*s.* per annum to widows and other poor.—Vide 8th Report, page 755.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 85. Nonæ Rolls, page 240. Bodleian MS., No. 5101, cairns and inscriptions. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Apetune), page 23; (Hildingeslei), 25; (Swintune), 25. Mon. Angl., vol. ii. page 178; vol. vi. page 780. Burton's Monasticon. Hinderwell's Scarbrough, page 15.

AMOTHERBY.—(*Parish of Appleton le Street.*)—Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Appleton le Street[1]; CHURCH-

[1] Viz. Amotherby, 246; Appleton le Street, 158; Broughton, 111; Hildenley, 12; Swinton, 333.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 702.

ROOM, 280; NET VALUE, vide Appleton le Street.

Patron, the Rev. James Jarvis Cleaver.

The Berewick of Amotherby belonged to the Manor of Hovingham, and Robert, held of Roger de Poictou, two carucates and a half.

This town contained seven carucates of land, held of the fee of Luterell, also four carucates and two oxgangs, held of the fee of Brus; the mesne answering at Brocton.

Andrew Luterell held four carucates and two oxgangs (whereof eleven made a knight's fee), and the seven carucates of the fee of Brus (vel Bassett) made a knight's fee also, and rendered per annum 2*s*.

An Inclosure Act was passed 16th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books.—No return.

Parochial Charities, vide Appleton le Street.

Post town, Malton.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 85. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Aimundrebi), pages 200. 235.

SWINTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Parish of Appleton le Street. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Appleton le Street; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, vide Appleton le Street.

Patron, the Vicar of Appleton le Street.

Valued in 1707, at 24*l.* per annum[1].

Glebe house and Register Books.—No Return.

Parochial Charities, vide Appleton le Street.

Post town, Malton.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii.

BARTON LE STREET.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,180 acres. Rydall and Bulmer wapentakes.—POPULATION, 436[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[3]; NET VALUE, 450*l.*—In the town of Barton le Street were ten carucates of land, whereof nine were held by Henry de Grey of the King in capite, by the rent of 10*s.*; and the Church is endowed with half a carucate, not geldable.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Greys of Barton, till the reign of King James I., when it came to the Ingrams, from whom it passed to the Lords Irvin, and the patronage is stated, in the official return, to be in the Marchioness of Hertford.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 20*l.*; Nova Tax, 8*l.*: in the King's Books, at 14*l.* 8*s.* 10*d.* per annum[1].

Glebe house fit for residence. It was rebuilt under a faculty granted 25th April 1785.

The Register Books commence in 1751.—But vide transcripts of earlier Registers at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 315. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 84. Nonæ Rolls, page 240. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 121. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bartune), pages 11. 72. 75. Burton's Monasticon, pages 71. 392. Tanner's Notitia, ed. 1744.

BROMPTON.——ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 10,180 acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,337[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400[3]; NET VALUE, 103*l.*—There was a Church and a Priest here at the time of the Domesday Survey.

"This town," says Mr. Hinderwell, "was a residence of the Kings of Northumbria."

The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of Eustace Fitz John, by whom it was given to the Canons of Old Malton, and appropriated thereto, and a Vicarage ordained 1st March 1518.

Torre gives no information as to the endowment.

A Chantry was founded in this Church by Sir John Moryn, in 1333.

[1] For an account of the tenure of certain lands, see Blount, page 48.

[2] Viz. *Rydall*, Barton le Street, 190; Butterwick, 56; and *Bulmer*, Coneysthorpe, 190. In 1834, the population was returned at 468.

[3] In 1818, returned "300."

[1] There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer in Hilary Term, 10th Geo. I.

[2] Viz. Brompton, 496; Sawdon, 146; Snainton, 636; and Troutsdale, 59. Snainton township extends into Ebberston parish.

[3] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 690.

At the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown, which presented till the reign of King James I., when the patronage was granted to the Caleys.

Present patron and impropriator, Sir George Caley, Bart.[1]

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 53*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 12*l.*; and in 1818, at 31*l.* per annum[2].

Augmented in 1800, with 200*l.*; and in 1815, with 1,600*l.*, from the Parliamentary grant,—both by lot.

29th May 1735, faculty granted to rebuild the Churchyard wall.

24th November 1743, faculty to alter the Churchyard, and exchange a house belonging to the Vicarage.

13th November 1749, faculty to shorten the chancel of the Church and remove the vestry.

July 1822, an additional burial ground was consecrated.

An Inclosure Act for Brompton was passed 31st Geo. II.[3]

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1584; defective, 1601 to 1609, and 1649 to 1652.

CHARITIES.—*Hannah Wilson's charity*, by will, dated 27th December 1754. Interest of 10*l.* to the poor of Swine Brompton.

William Sawdon's charity, by will, in 1745. 6*s.* a year; of which 3*s.* 6*d.* belongs to the poor of Snainton.—Vide 8th Report, page 753.

Post town, Scarborough.

Torre's MS., page 1356. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 99. Nonæ Rolls, page 280. Hinderwell's Scarbrough, page 303. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 333. Young's Whitby, (Inscription), page 757. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Brunton), page 120; (Snechintune), 16. 121. 173. 218; (Truztal), 21.

SNAINTON.——(*In the Parish of Brompton.*)—Pickering Lythe wapentake.

[1] Eastmead gives a short account of the Caley family.

[2] "The impropriator is only entitled to a modus of ten pounds a year, in lieu of the great and small tithes arising upon such part of the capital messuage and farm called Foulbridge, as is not situate in the parish of Ebberstone." Caley *v.* Williamson.—4 Wood, page 3.

[3] But, query what Brompton.

—POPULATION, vide Brompton; CHURCH-ROOM, 230[1]; NET VALUE, vide Brompton.

Patron, vide Brompton.

Valued in 1818, at 33*l.* per annum[2].

An Inclosure Act was passed 8th Geo. III.

No glebe house in 1818. No return in 1834.

The registering of baptisms, marriages, and burials, is partly at Brompton, and partly at Ebberston.

CHARITIES.—*Sawdon's charity*, vide Snainton.

Poor's Land, 6A. 25P. Rent distributed among the poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 735.

Post direction, Snainton New Inn.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 99. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Snechentune), pages 11. 121. 173. 218. Burton's Monasticon, page 257.

COLD KIRBY[3].—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 2,100 acres. Birdforth wapentake.—POPULATION, 185; CHURCH-ROOM, 140; NET VALUE, 63*l.*

The patronage, in 1718, was in Mr. Clark, of Haxby; in 1750, in H. Freeman, Esq.; in 1756, in Edward Lister, of Bedale; in 1805, in Thomas Duncombe, of Grimston, Esq.

Present patron, T. Duncombe, Esq.

The living was valued in 1707, at 8*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in 1818, at 53*l.* 5*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1737, with 200*l.*; in 1754, with 200*l.*; in 1788, with 200*l.*; in 1792, with 200*l.*; and in 1827, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

The Lord of the manor, which is co-extensive with the parish, claims the right, in certain cases, of granting probates of wills and letters of administration, but in all other respects the parish

[1] In 1818, the return was 270.

[2] There was an unreported decree in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 2nd Jac. II. (Wheeldale Rigg.)

[3] Archdeacon Todd says this parish is alleged to be in the Diocese of Chester, and a peculiar, but which he justly doubts. The parish is not noticed by Mr. Torre.

is within the ordinary jurisdiction of the Archbishop of York, having ceased to be a donative[1].

An Inclosure Act was passed 29th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1596; several extensive chasms.—But vide transcripts at York.

CHARITY.—The only charitable fund in this parish consists of the sum of 18*l.*, amount of different benefactions, the interest of which is distributed in small sums.—Vide 4th Report, page 393.

Post town, Helmsley.

Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 102.

EBBERSTON.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 6,350 acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake[2].—POPULATION, 509[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350[4]; NET VALUE, 135*l.* —This Church was anciently a Chapel belonging to the Church of Pickering, till it was given and appropriated to the Deanery of York, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 8 Id. Nov. 1252. 12*d.* reserved to the Mother Church; and the Vicarage was augmented 7th September 1411.

Patron, the Dean of York.

Mr. Torre gives an imperfect list of the Vicars.

Valued in the King's Books, at 5*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, at 20*l.*; and in 1818, at 80*l.* per annum[5].

Augmented in 1821, with 400*l.*; and in 1826, with 200*l.*, both from the Parliamentary Grant—by lot.

6th October 1797, a faculty was granted to re-roof the Church and cover it with blue Westmoreland slate.

An Inclosure Act was passed 9th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1678. The first book is partly illegible.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pickering.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 747. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 106. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 200. Burton's Monasticon, pages 256. 285. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 330. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ebriztune), page 11.

EDSTON.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,190 acres. Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 156[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 100[2]; NET VALUE, 188*l.*—In the town of Edston are eight carucates of land, which were held of the fee of Roger Bygod, five whereof the Prior of Hexham held, and one oxgang, not geldable, is held of the liberty of St. Peter, of York.

And the Prioress of Keldholm held five oxgangs, not geldable.

Also William Romayne held two oxgangs, geldable, of Richard de Broutone, which he held of the Earl of Albemarle, and he of Roger Bygod, and he of the King in capite, rent 2*s.* per annum.

Here nine carucates made a knight's fee.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Bygods, till it was given by Roger Bygod to the Prior and Convent of Hexham, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 13 Kal. Feb. 1310.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, which granted it to the Lords Eure, afterwards it passed to the Bennetts, and from them to the Earls of Salisbury.

Present patron and impropriator, G. W. Dowker, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 6*l.* 10*s.*; and in 1818, at 140*l.* per annum.

[1] At the time of the return in 1829, seven original wills were in the custody of the steward, and also a register containing the copies of those wills. The steward also stated that he found, on his entrance into office, a similar register containing the copies of fifteen wills proved between the years 1746 and 1788, in which last year the manor was purchased by the late C. S. Duncombe, Esq., but the originals do not appear to have been delivered up at that time, nor were they, at the time of the return, in the possession of W. Gray, Esq., the steward.

[2] Snainton township extends into Ebberston parish.

[3] In 1818, the population was returned at 624.

[4] Estimated in 1818, at 500.

[5] A decree in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 2nd Jac. II., as to tithes of Wheeldale Rigg, is unreported.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 197.

[2] Estimated in 1818 at 140.

An Inclosure Act was passed 26th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1557; baptisms deficient, 1558—1568; burials deficient, 1559—1568—1590—1596, 1647—1653; marriages deficient, 1559—1572, 1618, 1677, 1735—1741. —But vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*Doles.* There are two ancient rents-charge of 1*l.* per annum each, which are distributed among the poor.

Lady Lumley's charity, vide general charities.—Vide 7th Report, page 750.

Post town, Kirkbymoorside.

Torre's MS. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 89. Nonæ Rolls, page 240. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. Burton's Monasticon, pages 260. 374. 380. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Edestun), page 121. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 255. Young's Whitby, page 747.

ELLERBURNE[1].—ST. HILDA.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,060 acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake. ——POPULATION, 192[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150[3]; NET VALUE, 131*l.*—This Church was anciently a Chapel belonging to the Church of Pickering, and was given therewith to the Deanery of York, to which it was appropriated, and on the 8 Id. Nov. 1252, a Vicarage was ordained with Wilton; and a payment of 2*s.* per annum was reserved to the mother Church.

Patron, the Dean of York.

Mr. Torre gives only a broken catalogue of the Vicars.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books, at 7*l.* 4*s.* 8*d.*: in the Parliamentary Survey, at 23*l.*, including a Composition at Wilton for tithe hay; and in 1818, at 145*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1760, with 200*l.*—by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 36th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818, as being "fit only for a pauper;" and returned "unfit" in 1834.

[1] The township of Farmanby is partly in this parish.

[2] The population in 1834, was returned at 431.

[3] The return in 1818, was 160.

The Register Books commence in 1691.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIP OF FARMANBY. —*Anthony Denham's rent-charge* of 10*s.* per annum. *Samuel Skelton's rent-charge* of 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

These doles are distributed among such poor as receive no parochial relief.—Vide 7th Report, page 736.

Post town, Pickering.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 757. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 107. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 199. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Elreburne), page 11. 21. 29. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 317.

WILTON.———PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Parish of Ellerburne. Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy.*)——Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, 192, vide Ellerburne; CHAPEL-ROOM, 65; NET VALUE, vide Ellerburne.

Patron, the Vicar of Ellerburne.

Valued in 1707, at 3*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

The Curacy of Wilton was augmented in 1755, with 200*l.*; and in 1797, with 200*l.*—both by lot[1].

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books, vide Ellerburne.

CHARITY.—*Poor's Money.* The sum of 23*l.*, the amount of some small benefactions for the poor, is held by the overseers, at interest, and such interest is distributed among the poor not receiving regular parochial relief.—Vide 7th Report, page 736.

Post town, Pickering.

Not mentioned by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 107.

GILLING.—HOLY CROSS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 3,330 acres. Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 371[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 310[3]; NET VALUE, 632*l.*

[1] But, query what Wilton.

[2] Viz. Cawton, 89; Gilling, 214; Grimston, 68. The official abstracts of the population returns exhibits an erroneous aggregate of the population of this parish, some of the townships being placed under the other Gilling, which is within the Archdeaconry of Richmond, and which, in order to avoid confusion, should be designated as West Gilling.

[3] According to the return of 1818. In 1834, the return was "sufficient."

—The towns of Gilling and Southam were held for the fourth part of a knight's fee, by John de Elton, who held them of the King in capite.

And in Gilling there are three carucates of land, geldable, (where twenty made a knight's fee) which were held of the fee of Mowbray, by John de Elton, and answered 15*d.* for the fine of the wapentake.

Also there are four carucates and a half of the liberty of St. Mary's, of York, not geldable.

And the Canons of Malton held half a carucate more.

And the Church is endowed with half a carucate besides.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Abbot and Convent of St.' Mary in York, to which it was given by Eustace Fitz John, after the Dissolution it came to the Fairfaxes. Sometime after the year 1770, the Rev. John Pigott bought the advowson, which by will he left to Trinity College, Cambridge, and the College has now the patronage.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 18*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 10*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the King's Books, at 13*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

An Act was passed 42nd Geo. III. c. 33, for exchange of tithes, &c.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt under a faculty dated 3rd May 1812.

The Register Books commence in 1639; they are irregular until 1680.

CHARITIES.—*Doles. Duck's*, 2*l.* per annum; *Liptrot's*, 2*l.* per annum; *Dr. Nicholas Gouge's*, 2*l.* 10*s.* per annum; *Honourable Ann Fairfax's*, 2*l.* 10*s.* per annum; *Rev. John Boulton's*, 10*s.*

Thomas Potter's charity, by will, proved in 1776. Interest of 10*l.*, distributed by the Rector to the poor communicants on Christmas and Easter days.

Rev. John Pigott's bequest, by will, dated 9th May, 1812. Dividend of 4*l.* 2*s.* 10*d.* per annum, paid to the parish clerk.

The Honourable Ann Fairfax's gift, by will, dated 13th March 1784. Dividends on 455*l.* 1*s.* 3*d.* three per cent. consols, for educating children whose parents belong to the towns of Gilling and Colton.

TOWNSHIP OF CAWTON.

Doles. 16*s.* per annum, 2*l.* per annum given by *Dr. Nicholas Gouge*, 6*s.* per annum, interest of 5*l.* given by *Mr. Liptrot*, and 1*l.*, left by *Mr. Mann.*

TOWNSHIP OF GRIMSTONE.

Interest of 20*l.* left by *Dr. Nicholas Gouge*, given in coals.—Vide 11th Report, page 775.

Post town, Helmsley.

Torre's MS., page 279, (wherein the monuments in the Church are noticed). Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 79. Nonæ Rolls, page 239. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Calvetun), pages 72. 197; (Chellenge), 186. 200. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. pages 534. 573. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 395.

HAWNBY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area 22,250 acres[1]. Birdforth wapentake.——POPULATION, 638[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 205; NET VALUE, 169*l.*—An ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Malbys, of Acaster, and from them came to the Beckwiths, of Clint, and from them to the Meynells, who last presented in 1613. The presentation passed through various hands till 1731, when it came into the Lowther family, and in 1775, to the Cavendishes; and it is now in the patronage of the Earl of Burlington.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; in the King's Books (where it is entered in Cleveland Deanery), at 7*l.* 18*s.* 5*d.*, after deducting for Synodals 4*s.*, and Procurations 7*s.* 6*d.*; and in 1818, at 147*l.* per annum[3].

"The tithes are not paid alike in all places; some farms, nearest to the manor house, are due for all manner of tithes, the most part of the parish pay a small matter of money at Lammas, in lieu of tithe of hay and corn, but are due for

[1] The area of Dale Town is included in that assigned to the township of Arden with Ardenside.

[2] Viz. Arden with Ardenside, 161; Bilsdale Westside, 149; Dale Town, 53; Hawnby, 275. In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at 754.

[3] The Valor Ecc. specifies the tithes, mansion, and glebe land.—Page 89, col. 1.

A decree in the Exchequer in Trinity Term, 3rd Jac. II., as to tithes is unreported.—Wood's Tithe Case.

wool and lamb, and other small tithes, and other places pay neither the tithe of hay and corn, nor money for it, nor the tithe of wool and lamb, but a small acknowledgment in lieu of it, thus they have been in use to be paid past the memory of man. There is no library, though there is great need for one, lying in a very retired corner, far from any public library."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1057.

The glebe house is fit for residence. It was rebuilt under faculty granted 31st March 1733.

The Register Books commence in 1653; the first book, ending in 1722, is imperfect.

CHARITY.—*John Smales's rent-charge.* 3*l.* per annum, for teaching six poor boys to read.—Vide 8th Report, page 705.

Post town, Helmsley.

Torre's MS., page 139. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 129. Nonæ Rolls, page 232. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Halmebi), pages 28. 158.

ARDEN NUNNERY.—The Nunnery of Arden, within the parish of Hawnby, was founded by Peter de Hoton, for Benedictine Nuns, about the year 1115.

Mon. Angl., vol. iv. page 284.

HELMSLEY.——ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area 29,020 acres[1]. Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 3,411[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600; NET VALUE, 315*l.*—In Helmsley there was a Church with a Priest at the time of the Domesday Survey.

The town of Helmsley contained five carucates of land, geldable, (where twenty-four made a knight's fee); held of the Lord Ros, and he of the King in capite, by the rent of 4*s.* per annum.

Roger de Mowbray gave to the Monks of Rivaulx his manor of Helmsley, with wood and pannage for their hogs out of his forest of Hamelac. He also gave a similar privilege to the Canons of Kirkham, together with pasture for their other cattle.

A contest arose between Hugh, Prior of Kirkham, and William de Ros, about the chase in the woods and moors of Hamelac, which in A.D. 1261 was determined, when it was agreed that the said William de Ros should give to the poor &c. one toft in Pockley, with a free passage through the woods and moors of William, the Lord of Hamelac, everywhere except through the park, and also that the said William and his heirs should give to the Canons three deer yearly, in lieu of the tithe of hunting, and also to give 5*l.* per annum in lieu of the tithe of apples of his manors, which were given by the founder, for which concessions, the Prior and Canons quit-claimed to the said William de Ros all free chase in the said woods and moors.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of Walter Espec, by whom it was given, with one carucate of land, to the Prior and Convent of Kirkham, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1299.

A Chantry is mentioned in the Valor Ecclesiasticus.

The endowment is not given by Mr. Torre. The first Vicar mentioned in his catalogue was instituted in 1320.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, from whom it went to the Dukes of Buckingham, and from them to the Duncombes.

Present patron, Lord Feversham.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 60*l.*; Nova Tax, 20*l.*; and in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 11*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* per annum[1].

Augmented in 1764, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mrs. S. Duncombe.

"Only endowed with small tithes; viz. hens, ducks, geese, &c., and with a small glebe. No wool or lamb. Value

[1] Kirkham Chapel (which is in the township of Bilsdale Midcable) and the area of Laskell Pasture are included in the return of Bilsdale Midcable.

[2] Viz. Bilsdale Midcable (including Kirkham Chapel and Laskell pasture), 759; Harome, 445; Helmsley, 1,485; Laskell Pasture, 85; Pockley, 217; Rivaulx, 225; Sproxton, 195. In 1834, the population was returned at 2,688.

[1] A decree in the Exchequer in Easter Term, 2nd Jac. II., as to tithes is unreported.—Wood's Tithe Case.

"The owner of the Rectory is entitled to the tithes of corn, grain, hay, wool, and lambs, arising thereon, in kind. The Duke of Rutland *v.* Barker."—4 Wood, page 17.

about 30*l.* per annum. Sir Charles Duncombe hath lately given an augmentation of 50*l.* per annum."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1056.

2nd October 1784, a faculty was granted to erect a mausoleum for the Duncombe family.

28th June 1793, faculty granted to erect a gallery in the Church.

Inclosure Acts were passed 46th Geo. III., 54th Geo. III., and 57th Geo. III. (Beadlam.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1575; chasm 1691—1697.

CHARITIES.—*The Town Stock.* Interest of 35*l.*, amount of sundry benefactions, in the hands of the overseers and distributed at Christmas.

Francis Wheelwright's charity. Rent-charge of 3*l.* per annum, given in bread among fourteen Protestants.—Vide 7th Report, page 750.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 287. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 87. Nonæ Rolls, page 239. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Elmslac, Hamelsec), pages 24. 75; (Pochelaf) 49. 72; (Sprostune) 24. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 274; vol. vi. page 207. Burton's Monasticon, pages 358. 361. 375. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 406.

ST. JOHN.——(*In Helmsley.*)—This Chapel was consecrated 29th October 1832, as a Chapel of ease, with the privilege of having the sacraments administered therein.

RIVAULX ABBEY.—(*In the parish of Helmsley.*)—Founded A.D. 1131, by Walter Espec, who was sent thither by St. Bernard. Its value at the Dissolution was 378*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.* per annum. The site was granted to Thomas, Earl of Rutland, a descendant of Walter Espec. Catharine, daughter of Francis Earl of Rutland, married George Villiers, first Duke of Buckingham, and his son, the second Duke, sold it to Sir Charles Duncombe, ancestor of the present noble possessor.

Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 274.

BILSDALE[1].—ST. HILDA.—(*Parish of Helmsley. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Helmsley; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[1]; NET VALUE, 91*l.*—The town of Bilsdale contained two carucates of land, which the Prior of Kirkham held of Robert de Ros for one mark per annum, who held them of the King in capite, and answered for the sixth part of a knight's fee, for here twelve carucates made a knight's fee.

"This," says Archbishop Sharp, "is a parochial Chapel, formerly in the parish of Helmsley, and still liable to a portion of its Church assessment." It was given to Rivaulx Abbey by Walter Espec in 1145.

Patron, the Vicar of Helmsley.

Valued in 1707, at 6*l.*; and in 1818, at 60*l.* 15*s.* per annum[2].

Augmented in 1745, with 200*l.*; in 1776, with 200*l.*; in 1787, with 200*l.*; in 1792, with 200*l.*; and in 1819, with 800*l.*, from the Parliamentary Grant—all by lot.

30th October 1813, faculty was granted to rebuild part of the Chapel, and also re-pew the Chapel.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for marriages commence in 1558; the first book, which comes down to 1753, is imperfect, and partly illegible; many leaves wanting. The entries for baptisms and burials commence in 1665.

CHARITY.—*Poor's Money.* The sum of 52*l.* the amount of five several benefactions, given at different times, is placed in the hands of the overseers, and the interest given to the poor at Easter.—Vide 7th Report, page 750.

Post town, Helmsley,

Torre's MS., page 375. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 87. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 435. Young's Whitby, page 748. (Inscriptions.) Burton's Monasticon, pages 359. 374.

HAROME.—(*Parish of Helmsley.*)—Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Helmsley; CHAPEL-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, vide Helmsley.

Patron, vide Helmsley.

[1] Or Bilsdale Kirkham.

[1] In 1818, the Church-room was returned at 400.

[2] Certain suits in the Exchequer, are now, or lately were, depending, relative to the right to the tithe of calves.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1600. Marriages take place at Helmsley.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Helmsley.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 87. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Haran), page 122. Burton's Monasticon, pages 360. 374.

POCKLEY.——(*Parish of Helmsley.*)—CHURCH-ROOM, 50.—There was a Chantry here, which was valued at the Dissolution at 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*

Burton's Monasticon, pages 362. 376.

HOVINGHAM.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 8,630 acres. Rydall and Bulmer wapentakes[1].—POPULATION, 1,193[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 470; NET VALUE, 101*l.*—At the time of the Conquest there was a Church at Hovingham, which was afterwards appropriated to the Abbey of Byland, to which it was given by Roger de Mowbray, together with the common of pasture in his forest and wood here.

Hovingham is a town held by the Lords de Mowbray of the King in capite, and answered for half a knight's fee.

And in it were six carucates of land and one oxgang geldable, held of the fee of Mowbray; whereof John de Bysingby held ten oxgangs, and Roger de Mowbray held four carucates and seven oxgangs of the King in capite, by the rent of 2*s.* per annum.

And there were other two carucates and seven oxgangs not geldable, which the Canons of Newburgh held of Roger de Mowbray; likewise there was one oxgang of land held by Roger Kaball of the liberty of St. Mary's, York.

Wath, one carucate of land was held by Nicholas de Stapelton of Roger de Mowbray who held of the King in capite, and answered for the twentieth part of a knight's fee.

East Ness contained three carucates geldable, (twelve making a knight's fee) which Gilbert de Luda held of Jordan Foliott, who held of the heirs of Wake, and they of Roger de Mowbray and he of the King in capite, and answered to the fourth part of a knight's fee.

West Ness contained five carucates of land geldable, (where six made a knight's fee); whereof John de Stayngrik held four of the fee of Paynell, and Richard de Butterwick held one of John de Paynell of the King in capite, and the town answered for two parts of a knight's fee.

Patron and impropriator, the Earl of Carlisle.

The Church is valued in Pope. Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in 1707, the Curacy was valued at 20*l.*; and in 1818, at 57*l.* per annum[1].

Augmented in 1770, with 200*l.*; and in 1792, with 200*l.*—both by lot; in 1811, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Earl of Carlisle, the patron; and in 1814, with 1,200*l.* from the same Grant—by lot.

Faculties to erect galleries were granted on the 14th February 1793, and the 12th March 1821.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1642; chasm 1665, 1672—1747.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Money.* The sum of 108*l.*, being the amount of sundry legacies and donations, is placed out, and the amount distributed among the poor.

Richard Prowde's charity, in 1773. Interest of 10*l.*—distributed by a descendant of the family.

Mrs. Frances Arthington's charity. Interest of 20*l.*, for putting six poor children to school.

Rev. James Graves's charity, by will, dated 4th June 1804. Dividends on 200*l.* five per cent. consols, for instructing poor

[1] The parish of Hovingham is partly in Bulmer wapentake. The township of East Ness was heretofore entered as forming part of Stonegrave parish.

[2] Viz. Aryholme and Hawthorpe, 42; Cotton, 131; Fryton, 60; Hovingham, 672; South Holme, 65; Skackleton, 164; Wath, 21; and East Ness, 38. In 1834, the population was returned at 1,190.

[1] A decree in the Exchequer in Easter Term, 20th Jac. I., is unreported.

"The landholders in the hamlets of East Ness, Crockholme, and Southholme, pay yearly the sum of 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, in lieu of small tithes.—Taylor, *v.* Crathborne." 2 Wood, page 273.

children in English, reading, and the Church Catechism.—Vide 9th Report, page 714.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 321. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 80. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Howingham), page 199; (Scarhelenge) 24. 72. 200. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 199. Mon. Ang., vol. vi. page 318. Burton's Monasticon, pages 333. 336. 360. Nonæ Rolls, page 240.

FRYTON.—(*Parish of Hovingham.*)—Fryton contains six carucates held of the fee of Mowbray; whereof John de Barton held three and Matthew de Lewans held other two and seven oxgangs of Roger de Mowbray, who held the same of the King in capite, and the Chapel is endowed with one oxgang, not geldable.

Here forty carucates made a knight's fee, and the town paid 2*s.* per annum.

There was a Chapel at Fryton in the time of King Henry VI., which was served by a stipendiary Priest.

Torre's MS., page 321. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 80. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Fritun, Fridetun), pages 73.

HUTTON BUSHELL.—ST. MATTHEW.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 5,670 acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, 671[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 600; NET VALUE, 320*l.*—This Church was an ancient Rectory, of two Medieties, belonging to the patronage of the Buscels, till it was given by Alan Buscel, together with a carucate of land, to the Prior and Convent of Whitby. Alan his son confirmed the grant, and also granted the Hermitage nigh the Church.

The Rectory was in Medieties, which were on the 7th August 1453 and 2nd October 1453 respectively appropriated to the Abbey of Whitby, and on the 9th January 1458, Archbishop Booth ordained a Vicarage, and assigned the tithe corn to the Convent, and the rest of the profits to the Vicar.

Alan de Buscel gave half a carucate of land at Hutton Bushell to the Priory at Wykeham.

[1] Viz. Hutton Bushell, 415; West Ayton, 256. In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at only 466.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, which presented to the Vicarage till King James the First's time, when it appears to have been granted to Lord Eure, and afterwards to the Sherards, and in 1720 it came to the Wentworth family.

Present patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

Impropriator, G. Osbaldeston, Esq.

The Medieties of the Church are valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 25*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, viz. pars Rici de Hanleye 12*l.*, and pars Rici de Taunton, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; pension, 2*l.*; and in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 14*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

"A Vicarage, endowed with all tithes but of corn." Signed, "Geo. Sheffeild, Vic."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1046.

9th July 1786, a burial ground was consecrated.

Inclosure Acts were passed 24th Geo. II., 30th Geo. III., and 32nd Geo. III. (West Ayton.)

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1572; chasm from 1634 to 1652.

CHARITY.—*Free School.* Endowment: rent-charge of 8*l.* per annum, given by *Robert Farside* in 1712; interest of 100*l.*, given by *Lucy Osbaldeston*, by will, dated 26th February 1783; 11A. 1R. 20P. of land, house, garden, and school-room—fourteen free scholars in reading, writing, and arithmetic.—Vide 8th Report, page 753.

Post direction, Snainton New Inn.

Torre's MS., page 197, (he gives some of the armorial bearings on the windows.) Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hothine), it is difficult to identify the numerous towns of this name. Burton's Monasticon, pages 73. 256. Nonæ Rolls, page 238. Mon. Angl. vol. i. page 421. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 340.

KIRKBY MISPERTON.—ST. LAWRENCE.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 7,130 acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, 864[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300[2]; NET VALUE, 960*l.*—An ancient

[1] Viz. Barugh Ambo, 294; Great Habton, 122; Little Habton, 56; Kirkby Misperton, 170; Ryton, 222.

[2] Returned in 500 at 1818.

Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Abbot and Convent of St. Mary's, York, to which it was given, with the tithes and two carucates of land, by Ralph Fitz Gerald. Afterwards the Abbot and Convent granted the advowson to William, Lord Rosse, of Hamlac, and the Lords Rosse accordingly presented, and after them the Earls of Rutland, and then the Dukes of Buckingham, till 1707, when Baron Blomberg presented, and in 1755 the Duncombe family first presented.

Present patron, Lord Feversham.

A Vicarage was ordained in this Church on the Non. June 1252, but which on the 5th May 1283, was consolidated with the Rectory.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 37*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 17*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*; and in the King's Books, at 25*l.* 1*s.* 10*d.* per annum[1].

A Chantry is mentioned in the Valor Ecc.

On the 20th September 1795, a faculty was granted to new roof the Church.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1789; the earlier Registers were destroyed by fire.—Vide transcripts in the Registry at York.

CHARITIES.—*William Smithson's rents-charge*, by will, dated 9th March 1637. 10*l.* per annum; half to be given in bread, and the other half towards repairing the road from Great Habton to Kirkby Misperton Church; also 10*l.* per annum to a poor graduate scholar of Cambridge, for teaching the children of the whole parish to read and write; also 10*s.* per annum for a sermon on the 28th September, and 10*s.* among the poor then present.

Elizabeth Stockton's rent-charge 40*s.* per annum.

John Percival's rent-charge, 30*s.* per annum.

These doles are distributed by the Rector and churchwardens among widows and other poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 737.

Post town, Pickering.

[1] "Tanner refers to a charter respecting this Church.—Not. Monast. ed. 1744, page 639, col. 2."—Todd's Collect.

A decree was made in the Exchequer in Michaelmas Term, 26th Car. II.

Torre's MS., page 241. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 96. Bodleian MS., No. 5078, (Arms and Inscriptions). Nonæ Rolls, page 239. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 257. Mon. Angl. vol. iii. pages 535. 573.

KIRKBY MOORSIDE.———ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 13,700 acres. Rydall wapentake. POPULATION, more than 2,324[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 650; NET VALUE, 417*l.*—The Church, with one carucate of land, and tofts, and crofts, was given by Roger de Mowbray to the Prior and Convent of Newburgh, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

Mr. Torre does not give the endowment. The first Vicar named in his catalogue was instituted in 1288.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, and is now exercised by the Lord Chancellor.

Impropriator, Lord Feversham.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 10*l.*; and in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 14*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 28th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1622; the early books are defective.—But vide transcripts in the Archiepiscopal Registry.

CHARITIES.—*Doles. John Wawne's*, 2*l.* per annum: *John Cooper's*, 10*s.* per annum; *John Coulson's*, 4*s.* per annum; *George Mercer's*, 5*s.* per annum; *Dorothy Cook's*, 5*s.* per annum.—These are regularly distributed among the poor.

Copyhold premises given by Elizabeth Stockton, for the poor. House, garths, two butts, containing about three-fourths of an acre, and a small allotment on the common; rent distributed at Christmas.

Margaret Horner's charity. Rent of a copyhold house, for the poor.

William Ness's rent-charge of 3*l.* 10*s.* per annum for the poor; given at Christmas.

Mrs. Comber's charity, in 1807. Dividends on 160*l.* three per cent. consols, given among the poor.

[1] Viz. Fadmore, 158; Farndale Low Quarter, 185; Gillamore, 179; Kirkby Moorside, 1,802; decrease of 124 since 1821. The whole population of Bransdale Eastside is included in Farndale Eastside in Lastingham parish.

Ann Atkinson's charity. Dividends on 42*l*. 6*s*. 1*d*. Navy Fives, for the poor of Kirkby Moorside.

Rev. William Comber's charity, by deed, 15th October 1800, 4*l*. 0*s*. 7½*d*. per annum redeemed land tax; for support of a Sunday school, with power to pay out of such annual sum any sum not exceeding 1*l*. 1*s*., to qualify the Vicar or resident Curate as a member of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.

TOWNSHIPS OF GILLAMORE AND FADMORE.

Mary Boyes's rent-charge of 10*s*. and 10*s*. per annum, to the poor of these respective townships. There are also similar doles paid out of Pilmoor land.—Vide 7th Report, page 750.

A post town.

Torre's MS., page 250. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 90. Nonæ Rolls, page 239. Burton's Monasticon, page 333. 380. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 1. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 664; and vol. vi. page 321. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Kirkebi, Cherchebi).

KELDHOLME PRIORY.—(*Parish of Kirkby Moorside.*)—This Priory, sometimes called Duna, or Dona, was founded temp. Hen. I., by Robert de Stutevill. At the Dissolution the site was granted to Ralph, Earl of Westmoreland.

COCKAN.—(*Parish of Kirkby Moorside.*)—Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 283; CHAPEL-ROOM, 180; NET VALUE, vide Kirkby Moorside.

Patron, the Vicar of Kirkby Moorside.

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books.—No return.

In 1665, Archbishop Sterne granted to this Chapel the right of sepulture.

Charities, vide Kirkby Moorside.

Post town, Kirkby Moorside.

Torre's MS. page 264. Abp. Sharp's MS. vol. iii. page 90.

GILLAMOOR.——(*Parish of Kirkby Moorside.*)—Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Kirkby Moorside[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 230; NET VALUE, vide Kirkby Moorside.

[1] The population of the Chapelry was returned at 541 in 1834.

Nicholas de Stuteville gave to the Nuns of Keldholme an annuity of four marks out of his mill at Gillingmore.

Patron, vide Kirkby Moorside.

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books.—No return.

Parochial Charities, vide Kirkby Moorside.

Post town, Kirkby Moorside.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 90. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Gedlingesmore), page 199. Burton's Monasticon, page 380.

KIRKDALE.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 10,030 acres. Rydall wapentake[1]. POPULATION, 1,289[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 450[3]; NET VALUE, 137*l*.

Patrons and impropriators, the University of Oxford.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 23*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*.; Nova Tax, 6*l*. 13*s*. 4*d*.; in 1707, the Curacy was valued at 12*l*.; and in 1818, at 97*l*. per annum[4].

Augmented in 1757, with 200*l*.; in 1787, with 200*l*.; in 1810, with 200*l*. from the Parliamentary Grant, and in 1813, with 1,200*l*. from the same Grant—all by lot; and in 1833, with 200*l*. from the Parliamentary Grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l*. from the Vice Chancellor and Delegates of Estates in Oxford.

[1] Nawton and Wombleton are partly within the liberty of St. Peter, of York, and considered as of the peculiar jurisdiction of the Prebendary of Stillington.

[2] Viz. Beadlam, 151; Muscoates, 62; Nawton, 337; Nawton with Wombleton, 220; North Holme, 21; Skiplam, 124; Welburn, 112; Wombleton, 262. In 1834, the population was returned at 1,231.

The area of Bransdale West Side includes that of the townships of Skiplam and Welburn; on the other hand, the return of Skiplam includes the population of Bransdale West Side. The appearance of a duplicate return of the townships of Nawton and Wombleton arises from part of those townships being within the jurisdiction of St. Peter, of York, and was heretofore entered in that liberty. East Ness, previous to the last return, was entered as part of Stonegrave parish.

[3] Of which 80 free sittings have been obtained under a grant of 30*l*. from the Society for enlarging Churches.

[4] "The lands called Flintofts and Stampers, in this parish, were formerly parcel of the possessions of the Monastery of Rivaulx, and are tithe free.—Whitehead *v.* Flintoft." 2 Wood, page 462.

"The tithes of the greatest part of this parish were given by Sir John Danvers for the maintenance of a physic garden, at Oxford. The other tithes are impropriated. The Church is not endowed with any tithes. The University allows 10*l.* per annum to the Minister, who has also a little house and a close worth two pounds."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1057.

Inclosure Acts were passed 46th and 54th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1579; defective 1652, 1687—1699, 1755—1763.—But Vide transcripts at York.

A house of Crutched Friars was commenced in the park of Sir Amald de Percy in this parish, about A.D. 1312.

CHARITIES.——*John Ellerton's rent-charge* of 20*s.* per annum. *George Pearson's rent-charge* of 10*s.* per annum. *Ralph Richardson's rent-charge*, of 10*s.* per annum. *Robert Shepherd's charity*, interest of 20*l.* *John Dodsworth's charity*, by will, in 1815: dividends on 100*l.* Navy Fives, (for poor housekeepers). *Ann Dixon's charity*, in 1816, interest of 5*l.* The yearly amount of these charities is distributed by the Minister and churchwardens, with a preference to such as endeavour to subsist without parochial relief.—Vide 7th Report, page 753.

Post town Kirkby Moorside.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars). Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 88. Nonæ Rolls, page 240. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 148. Young's Whitby, page 741. Archælogia, vol. v. page 185, (Saxon Inscriptions). Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 1587.

LASTINGHAM [1]. — ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 25,290 acres. Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,766 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 215*l.*—Three carucates of land in Lastingham were given by William the Conqueror to the Abbey of St. Mary's, in York, and one carucate more by Berenger de Fodenai.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, which was given to the Abbey and Convent of St. Mary's, York, and appropriated thereto, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1299.

Mr. Torre does not give the ordination. The first Vicar named in his list was instituted in 1314.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, and was designed to have been given, with the Rectory, by King Henry VIII., to the See of York, but by mistake in the grant, the Vicarage is called Spaunton, and therefore the grant did not take effect, and the Crown still presents.

Impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 10*l.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 5*l.*; and in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 17*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* per annum [1].

An Inclosure Act was passed 27th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1559; the early books are very imperfect.

CHARITIES.—*George Hobson's charity land*, one acre. *John Hill's rent-charge*, 17*s.* per annum. *Francis Johnson's rent-charge*, 1*l.* per annum. *John Wawne's rent-charge*, 1*l.* per annum. *William Thorpe's rent-charge*, 6*s.* per annum.

The amount of the above is regularly distributed among the poor, prefering such as do not receive parish relief.—Vide 7th Report, page 754.

Post town, Kirkby Moorside.

Torre's MS., page 235. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 93. Nonæ Rolls, page 239. Burton's Monasticon, pages 54. 56. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Lestingeham), page 119; (Spantun), 119. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 436. Young's Whitby, page 740. Mon. Angl.

[1] Part of the township of Bransdale East Side is in this parish, and part in the township of Kirkby Moorside.

[2] Viz. Appleton le Moors, 269; Farndale East Side, 405; Farndale High Quarter, 289; Hutton le Hole, 276; Lastingham, 211; Rosedale West Side, 178; Spaunton, 138. This parish has decreased in population 68 persons, ascribed to emigration to America.

[1] "The Rector is entitled to the great tithes of the townships of Spawnton and Appleton, and particularly to the great tithes of the demesne lands of the Manor of Spawnton, and although the same were formerly parcel of the Monastery of St. Mary, near the walls of York, and were held with the Rectory of Lastingham, in unity of possession, by the proprietor of the Monastery.—Shepherd *v.* Hartas." 3 Wood, page 503.

"The demesne lands of the Manor of Spawnton are not tithe free.—Shepherd *v.* Hartas."

vol. i. page 342. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 115.

LASTINGHAM MONASTERY.—In Lastingham was anciently a Benedictine Monastery, which was founded by Cedd, Bishop of the East Angles, who died A.D. 664. It was ruined in the Danish wars, probably in 870. Subsequently this Monastery was occupied by an Abbot and Monks from Whitby, from A.D. 1078 to 1088, after which we hear no more respecting it.

FARNDALE.——(*Parish of Lastingham.*)——Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Lastingham[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300[2]; NET VALUE, vide Lastingham.

Patron, vide Lastingham.

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books.—No return.

Robert and William de Stuteville gave to the Nunnery at Keldholme materials for building, fencing, and fuel, out of Farnendale.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Kirkby Moorside.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 93. Burton's Monasticon, page 380.

LEVISHAM.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 2,670 acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake. POPULATION, 168; CHURCH-ROOM, 280; NET VALUE, 120*l.*—An ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Meauxes, of Beswick, then of the Perechays, of Ryton, Knts., till Queen Elizabeth's time, it was afterwards in various hands, and the Etheringtons presented till nearly the end of the seventeenth century. In 1752, Mrs. Wikes presented, and in 1786, Robert Harding, Gent.

Present patron, the Rev. R. Skelton.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 5*l.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; in the King's Books, at 7*l.* 8*s.*; and in 1818, at 110*l.* per annum.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "very ancient and inconvenient;" and was also returned as "unfit" in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1700; chasm 1737 to 1752 inclusive; also for 1757, 1758, and 1780 to 1785 inclusive.—But Vide transcripts at York.

Entries of baptisms and burials 1653—1657 are entered in the Pickering Register Book.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Land.* Donor unknown—between four and five acres of woodland. In 1820, the clear sum of 84*l.* was raised by sale of timber, and it was resolved at a vestry meeting, that 2*l.* of the principal, together with interest of the money in hand, should be given to the poor.

Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum. Donor unknown—given among poor widows.

Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum, out of West Bank. Distributed by the proprietor.

The Free School. Founded by John Poad, by will, dated 10th December 1785. Endowment: rent-charge of 11*l.* per annum—twelve free scholars in reading, writing, accounts, and the Church Catechism.—Vide 7th Report, page 738.

Post town, Pickering.

Torre's MS., page 223. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 98. Nonæ Rolls, page 239.

OLD MALTON.——ST. MARY.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 4,020 acres. Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,204; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,450[1]; NET VALUE, 198*l.*—There was a Church at Malton prior to the Domesday Survey.

The town of Old Malton contained twelve carucates of land, which made a knight's fee, held by the Lords Vesey of the fee of Mowbray, who held the same of the King in capite.

And of these Dame Agnes de Vesey held nine and a half carucates, geldable, as well in demesne as service.

And the Canons of Malton held one carucate and a half in frank almoigne.

And another carucate was held of the liberty of St. Peter, which became parcel

[1] The population of the Chapelry was returned at 289 in 1834.

[2] Of which 100 free sittings have been obtained under a grant of 100*l.* from the Society for Enlarging Churches.

[1] According to the return in 1818. In 1834, accommodation in the three Churches at Old and New Malton was returned in one gross number, viz. 2,600, and the amount of population was also returned at 5,377.

of the Prebend of Knaresburgh, and contained seven oxgangs of land.

15th November, A.D. 1625, the concord made between William, Lord Eure, Lord of the manor of Old Malton, and the tenants, inhabitants, and freeholders thereof, for an equal and proportionable division of the lands and demesnes of the said manor by inclosures, was confirmed by Tobias, Archbishop of York, patron and proprietary of the Rectory and parsonage of Old Malton.

This Church, with all its lands and Chapels appertaining, was given by Eustace Fitz John to the Canons of the Priory of Malton, to which it was appropriated [1].

The patronage was granted by King Henry VIII., at the Dissolution, to the Archbishop of York, but in 1728, it was exchanged by Act of Parliament, for the Rectory of Molesworth, in Huntingdonshire, with Lord Malton, afterwards Marquis of Rockingham.

Present patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

Impropriator, the Archbishop of York.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 21*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 10*l.*; in 1707, the Curacy was valued at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in 1818, at 117*l.* per annum.

Old and New Malton Benefice was augmented in 1729, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Lord Malton; in 1730, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Lord Malton; and in 1817, with 400*l.*, and in 1821, with 600*l.*, both from the Parliamentary Grant—by lot.

27th March 1769, faculty to erect a vestry.

27th September 1800, faculty to erect a gallery.

24th June 1782, a faculty was granted to reduce the size of the Church.

Inclosure Acts were passed 34th and 36th Geo. III.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, being "too small;" and returned "unfit" in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1606.

CHARITIES.———*The Free Grammar School.* Founded by Archbishop Holgate, 4th May 1547; for "teaching grammar and other sciences, and godly learning freely, without taking any stipend or exaction of the scholars." Patron, the Archbishop of York. Income, rent of 2A. 2R. and rents-charge of 92*l.* 10*s.* per annum. At the time of the Report there were only four free scholars.

Spencer's dole. 5*l.* per annum to the poor.

Poor's Stock. There was formerly a fund held by the churchwardens for the use of the poor, and called the Poor's Stock, but the fund no longer remains, and it is unknown when, or how it ceased to exist.—Vide 17th Report, page 669.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 351. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 87. Nonæ Rolls, page 230. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Maltune) pages 22, 23, 49. 72. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvi. page 11. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 970. Gent's History of Hull. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 306. Young's Whitby (Antiquities), page 721. Burton's Monasticon, pages 36. 56.

PRIORY.—The Gilbertine Priory of Old Malton was built and endowed about A.D. 1150, by Eustace Fitz John.

NEW MALTON.—ST. LEONARD AND ST. MICHAEL.———(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 110 acres. Rydall wapentake.———POPULATION, 4,173 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,450; NET VALUE, vide Old Malton.——There was a castle, or house embattled, founded in the Borough of New Malton, in which castle was a Chapel dedicated to the honour of St. James, wherein was a Chantry founded.

"The Church of St. Mary the Virgin in New Malton hath," says Torre, "no incumbent endowed, but is served by a stipendiary Curate."

Ryton, a town in the parish of Old Malton, contained six carucates of land, whereof eight made a knight's fee, held of the fee of Nevill; whereof the Prior of Malton held two oxgangs, and John de Ryton held six oxgangs of William de Habbeton, who held of the heirs of Nevill, and they of the King in capite, rent 5*s.*

Also Walter de Percy held three carucates, (where six made a knight's fee)

[1] The Curate is licensed to Old Malton, St. Leonard's, and St. Michael's, in one license, by the name of Malton.

[1] Viz. St. Leonard, 2,573; and St. Michael, 1,600.

of the fee of Lutterell, and the heirs of Lutterell held the same of the King in capite, and answered for half a knight's fee.

The two Churches are held conjointly with Old Malton.

Patron, vide Old Malton.

The Curacy was valued in 1707, at 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in 1818, at 117*l.* per annum.

Augmentation, vide Old Malton.

There was a Chantry at the altar of St. John the Baptist in this Church, which was valued at the Dissolution at 5*l.* 4*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

26th July 1766, 24th July 1789, and 30th August 1813, burial grounds were consecrated at St. Leonard's.

2nd June 1809, faculty to new pew St. Leonard's Church and erect galleries.

20th June 1798, faculty to erect galleries in St. Michael's Church.

Glebe house, vide Old Malton.

The Register Books for St. Leonard commence in 1600; and for St. Michael, in 1570.

CHARITY.——*Rent-charge* of 1*l.* per annum, out of a house in the Low Street in Malton, the property of Earl Fitzwilliam, to the overseers of the poor, and is applied by them with the poor's rate. It is unknown when or for what purposes this rent-charge was given: it has been applied as long a time as can be traced in the same manner as at present.—Vide 17th Report, page 673.

A Post town.

Torre's MS., page 351. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 306—353.

MIDDLETON.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 25,450 acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,742[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 450; NET VALUE, 100*l.* —The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Lords Wake, of Lydell, by whom it was given to the Prior and Convent of Kirstall, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, 19th December 1456.

[1] Viz. Part of Aislaby, 126, (rest in Whitby Parish); Cowthorn, 18; Cropton, 330; Hartoft, 142; Lockton, 312; Middleton, 266; Rosedale East Side, 376; Wrelton, 172. In 1834, the population was returned at 1,364.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, from whom it passed into private hands, and for some time it was in the Robinson family.

Present patrons, the Rev. A. Caley, and others.

Impropriators, the Rev. Francis Wrangham, T. Smith, Esq., and others.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 53*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 22*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books, the Vicarage is valued at 10*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.*; and in 1818, at 90*l.* per annum[1].

Augmented in 1769, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of a rent-charge of 6*l.* per annum, from T. Robinson, Esq.; and in 1816, with 400*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant—by lot.

The glebe house returned as "fit for residence, but very small."

The Register Books commence in 1671.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Land*, one acre, also interest of 10*l.*, arising from sale of timber; distributed among the poor not receiving parochial relief.

TOWNSHIP OF WRELTON.

William Lownesbrough's charity, by will, dated 9th April 1720. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum, in bread.

TOWNSHIP OF AISLABY.

John Noble's rent-charge of 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum, out of Sucker Close, the property of Mrs. Hayes—to the poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 740.

Post town, Pickering.

Torre's MS., page 229. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 97. Nonæ Rolls, page 239. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 526.

CROPTON.—(*Parish of Middleton.*) ——Area, vide Middleton. Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Middleton; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, vide Middleton.

The patronage of this Chapel is in the Robinson family. It was sold by the Crown, after endowing it with 5*l.* per annum. It is now in the same patronage as Middleton.

On the 27th June 1760, a faculty was

[1] There was an unreported decree, as to tithes at Middleton, in the Exchequer in Hilary Term, 10th Car. II., but query what Middleton?

granted by the Vicar General to inter the dead in the Chapel and Chapel yard.

An Inclosure Act was passed 5th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials, commence in 1771; and for marriages, in 1754.—Vide transcripts of earlier Registers at York.

CHARITIES.—*The Charity Land*, 9A. 2R. The rent, together with the interest of 14*l.*, arising from the sale of wood, is distributed annually among the poor not receiving parochial relief.

Poor's Money. 10*l.*, said to have been given by a person or persons named Ellis. The interest is distributed as above.

The School. Origin unknown. Endowment; two-thirds of a close at Wrelton, and twelve acres of land at Cropton —twelve free scholars in reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism.—Vide 7th Report, page 741.

Post town, Pickering.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 97. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Croptune), page 22. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 282.

LOCKTON.—(*Parish of Middleton.*) —Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Middleton; CHAPEL-ROOM, 160; NET VALUE, vide Middleton.—This is a parochial Chapel, formerly considered to be within the parish of Pickering, with right of sepulture.

The patronage was in the Robinson family. It was sold by the Crown after endowing it with 5*l.* per annum.

Not noticed by Torre.

It is now in the same patronage as Middleton.

1st March 1808, a faculty was granted to new roof the Church and cover it with slate, and also to re-pew the Church.

An Inclosure Act was passed 24th Geo. III.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1713.—Vide earlier transcripts in the Registry at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pickering.

Torre's MS., page 744. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 97. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Locheton), page 21. Burton's Monasticon, page 379.

ROSEDALE.—ST. LAWRENCE.—(*Parish of Lastingham.*)——Pickering Lythe wapentake.—Area, 13,000 acres. ——POPULATION, 554[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 230[2]; NET VALUE, 94*l.* The valley of Rosedale was given to the Priory of Rosedale by Robert de Stutevill.

The Chapel is within the parishes of Lastingham and Middleton, and was appropriated to the Priory of Rosedale. The town, it seems, is divided by a brook, and the Chapel stands in that part which belongs to the parish of Middleton, the other part is in Lastingham parish, but the inhabitants come to this parish, and contribute 10*s.* per annum to the Minister. The Vicar of Middleton, in Archbishop Sharp's time, resigned all his title to this parish.

Patrons, the Rev. A. Caley and others; but said to be in dispute.

Valued in 1707, at 5*l.*; and in 1818, at 56*l.* 14*s.* per annum.

Augmented in 1739, with 200*l.*; and in 1772, with 200*l.*—both by lot; in 1785, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the trustees of Mr. Marshall; in 1810, with 200*l.*; and in 1826, with 1,000*l.*, both from the Parliamentary Grant—by lot.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms, marriages, and burials, commence in 1616; very imperfect before 1726.

CHARITY.—*The School*. Founded by Thomas Peirson, by will, about 1720. Endowment; rents-charge of 2*l.* and 3*l.* per annum—five free scholars in reading, writing, and accounts, chosen by the chapelwarden and overseer of Rosedale East Side.—Vide 7th Report, page 742.

Post town, Kirkby Moorside.

Torre's MS., page 1055. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 93. Mon. Angl., vol. iv. page 316. Eastmead's Rievallensis, pages 282. 306. 308.

PRIORY.—The Priory of Rosedale, for Benedictine or Cistercian Nuns, founded temp. Richard I., by Robert de Stutevill.

Burton's Monasticon, pages 378, 379.

[1] East Side (Middleton), 376; West Side (Lastingham), 178. Returned in 1834, at 518.

[2] Estimated in 1818 at 400 or 500.

NORMANBY.——(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 2,330 acres. Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 258[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 509*l.*—Three carucates of land in Normanby were given to the Abbey of St. Mary's in York, by William the Conqueror and Hugh Fitz Baldrick.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Abbot and Convent of St. Mary's, York, and remained appropriated, and after the Dissolution it was in the successive patronage of the Ramsdens, Meynells, Bowcocks, and Hills, the latter first presented in 1671.

Present patron, R. Hill, Esq.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.* 10*s.*; in the King's Books, at 9*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* per annum; in the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. page 35, it is said; "the Rectory belongs to the Archbishop."

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1699.

CHARITY.—*The School.* Founded by Judith Boynton, by will, dated 19th November 1700. Rent-charge of 6*l.*; viz. 5*l.* to a master, for teaching five children reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism, and 1*l.* for Bibles.—Vide 7th Report, page 755.

Post town, Kirkby Moorside.

Torre's MS. page 247. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 91. Nonæ Rolls, page 240. Burton's Monasticon, pages 251. 266. 350. 362. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 256.

NUNNINGTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 1,600 acres. Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 441[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 284*l.*—In the town of Nunnington are seven carucates of land, four whereof were held by John de Stayngrave of John de Paynell, who held them of the King in capite, and answered for half a knight's fee.

And the other three carucates were held by Adam Gornay of the heirs of Brus, who held them of the King in capite, and answered for the fourth part of a knight's fee.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Stayngraves, from them to the Pateshulls, then to the Greens, from them to the Lords Parr, and from them by attainder to the Crown, in which the patronage still remains, and is exercised by the Lord Chancellor.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; and in the King's Books, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

"No part of the tithes are impropriate. The Church is endowed with tithes of corn, hay, pigs, calves, foals, lambs, swarms of bees, and fleeces, in the parish; 2*d.* from every communicant at Easter. A hen from every house at Martinmas, or 6*d.* for the same. The yearly value of the Rectory is 40*l.*, whereof the glebe, four cottages and houses, are worth 10*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.*, besides a fine of 3 lib. from each of the said cottage houses, due to every Incumbent upon his legal institution and induction."—Notitia Parochialis, No. 1055.

An Inclosure Act was passed 16th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1566.

CHARITIES.—*Charity Fund.* This fund, amounting to 140*l.*, has arisen from sundry benefactions, and is appropriated—100*l.* of it to the use of the poor, and 40*l.* (which was partly given by the will of David Bedford), for the teaching of four poor children.

Hospital and School. Founded by Ranald Graham, Esq., between the years 1670 and 1678. The lord of the manor is patron. Income; rent-charge of 20*l.* per annum. The buildings contain six rooms for the almspeople, and two rooms for the school and schoolmaster. There are small yards or gardens behind for the poor persons, and a plot of ground in the front used as a garden for the schoolmaster.

The almspeople are unmarried persons, either men or women, five of them are at present chosen from the parish of Nunnington, and one from that of Stonegrave; and the children instructed from the school as free scholars are chosen,

[1] Viz. Normanby, 219; and Thornton Risebrough, 39.

[2] In 1834, the population was returned at 320.

four from Nunnington, one from Stonegrave, and one from East Ness.

The customary allowances to the poor people are 2*l.* a year to each, and a suit of clothes of blue serge once in two years. The stipend to the schoolmaster from the charity is 6*l.* a year.

The number of children educated gratis has been increased to thirty-two; six being provided for by the original charity, four by the interest of 40*l.*, part of the charity fund, twenty by the voluntary bounty of Sir B. and Lady Graham, and two by that of Mr. Peacock of Bond Street, London.—Vide 13th Report, page 617.

Post town, Helmsley.

Torre's MS., page 309. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 82. Nonæ Rolls, page 240. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Nunnigetune), pages 24. 73. 187. Bodleian MS., No. 5101, (Arms, Monuments, &c.). Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 162.

OLD BYLAND.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*) Area, 3,120 acres. Birdforth wapentake. POPULATION, 163; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 55*l.*—At the time of the Domesday Survey there was a Priest at Byland, and also a Church which was built of wood.

Old Byland contained three carucates of land, (which made a knight's fee), held by the Abbot of Byland of Hugh de Malbys, who held the same of Roger de Mowbray.

Sir John de Walkingham, Knight, Lord of Bolteby, son of Allan de Bolteby, Knight, in recompense for the injury done by his goats in Haredale, gave and quitclaimed to the Monks of Byland all right that he and his men of Bolteby had in the common pasture belonging to the town and grange of Old Byland.

The Church was given to the Abbot and Convent of Byland, by Roger de Mowbray, to which it was appropriated, but no Vicarage was ever ordained, and it is neither charged with First Fruits, Tenths, Synodals, or Procurations.

Present patron and impropriator, George Wombwell, Esq.

William de Ferrily, Archdeacon of Cleveland, on the 26th November A.D. 1365, renewed the exemption from Archidiaconal visitation which Old Byland had previously enjoyed[1].

Valued in 1707, at 14*l.*; and in 1818, at 44*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1772, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1809, with 200*l.*; in 1814, with 200*l*; and in 1827, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, as "being too small;" and also returned unfit in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1653; chasm from 1680 to 1688 inclusive.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Helmsley.

Torre's MS., page 303. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 103. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 342. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 386, &c. Jefferson's Thirsk, page 103. Burton's Monasticon, pages 67. 331. 328. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Begeland), page 155.

BYLAND ABBEY.——This Abbey, called in the Latin documents Bella Landa, was founded for Monks of the Cistercian order, by Roger de Mowbray, in the year 1143[2].

OSWALDKIRK.—ST. OSWALD[3].—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 2,310 acres. Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 209[4]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 868*l.*—John de Arbeuvyle and Nicholas de Barton, held in Ampleford and Oswaldkirk the fourth part of a knight's fee of Robert de Ros, who held it of the King in capite.

This Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Pykerings, of Oswaldkirk for many generations. By the marriage of the heiress of that family it came to the Lords Wootton, from whom it passed to the Earls of Chesterfield, and then to the

[1] The living having been augmented has ceased to be a Donative, and it is therefore subject to the ordinary.

[2] "A query was made by the court whether lands, parcel of the possessions of Byland Abbey, are free from tithe.—York *v.* Newcastell." 1 Wood, page 446.

[3] King of Northumberland, who began his reign in the year 634. There was another St. Oswald, who was Archbishop of York in 972.

[4] In 1800, the population was returned at 400.

Moores and Franklands. Mrs. Mary Thompson presented in 1774, and her trustees, in 1813.

Present patrons, the trustees of the Rev. Thomas Comber.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 6*l.*; and in the King's Books, at 10*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

Inclosure Acts were passed 44th and 46th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538; several chasms.

CHARITIES.—*Lady Catherine Cholmley's charity.* Rents-charge of 3*l.*, 2*l.* per annum, and 1*l.* per annum; for preaching a charity sermon yearly in Newton Grange Chapel, on the 6th day of July. As the Chapel at Newton Grange has been for some time in too ruinous a state to admit of any service being performed therein, the sermon is now regularly preached in Oswaldkirk Church.

Comber's charity, vide Ampleforth. 2*l.* 8*s.* is received by the overseers of this parish.

Rev. J. Pigott's charity, by will, dated 9th May 1812. Dividends on 110*l.* 18*s.* 7*d.*, late Navy Fives, paid to the parish clerk.

Fysh's, Sedgwick's, and Thompson's charities. Mary Fysh, widow, is stated in a recital contained in a deed dated 6th March 1762, to have bequeathed 60*l.* to the poor of Osbaldwick, which, though void in law, was paid by her executor, Dr. Ward, to Mary Thompson of Oswaldkirk, widow, to be applied to such charitable purposes as she should think fit; and *William Sedgwick* also bequeathed 20*l.* to the poor, which was also paid over to the said Mary Thompson, who, in order to secure the same, and also as an additional donation, conveyed by the deed above mentioned two closes containing together from eight to nine acres of land to trustees, on trust, to pay 4*l.* per annum for teaching eight poor children nominated by the lord of the manor reading, writing, and arithmetic; 10*s.* per annum for repairs of the school-house, and the residue to poor housekeepers.

Thomas Carter's donation. Interest of 50*l.* for augmentation of the school.

Sir Richard Vaughan's charity, vide Ampleford. 10*s.* per annum is paid to the poor of this parish.—Vide 11th Report, page 777.

Post town, Helmsley.

Torre's MS., page 273. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 78. Nonæ Rolls, page 240. Bodleian MS., No. 5101, (Inscriptions, &c.). Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Oswaldescherea), pages 72. 121. Burton's Monasticon, page 362. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 212.

PICKERING.—ST. PETER AND ST. PAUL.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 32,760 acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, 3,346[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,500; NET VALUE, 143*l.* —The lordship of Pickering was parcel of the possessions of Morcar, Earl of Northumberland.

In the 13th Edward I., the manor, castle, and forest of Pickering were granted to Edmund, Earl of Lancaster, and so became parcel of the Duchy of Lancaster.

In the 19th Edward I., Edmund, Earl of Lancaster, obtained a charter for a fair yearly at his manor of Pickering, upon the eve, day, and morrow after the exaltation of the Holy Cross.

This Church was given by King Henry I., with the soke thereof, and all the Chapels and tithes, to the Deanery of York, and a Vicarage was ordained therein, 2 Id. November, A.D. 1252, and the Dean is still the patron and impropriator.

Mr. Torre's list of Vicars is very imperfect.

The Vicarage is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books, at 8*l.* 3*s.* 8*d.*; and in 1818, at 140*l.* per annum[2].

[1] Viz. Goatland, 326; Kingthorpe, 47; Marrishes, 207; Newton, 211; Pickering, 2,555—decrease of 209 since 1821. In 1834, the population was returned at 2,809, exclusive of Newton.

[2] In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 193—199, it is said; "The Vicar hath small tithes of Pickering, the Marishes, Blansby Parke, Kinthrop, and Newton."

A decree in the Exchequer in Hilary Term, 30th Car. II., as to tithes, is not reported.

"The Rector is not entitled to the tithes of the lands called Weeldale Rigg, for they are not within the parish.—Osborne *v.* Breckon." 1 Wood, page 279.

Marishes, A.D. 1220, a composition was made as to the tithes of Keke Mareys and Loft Mareys, places within the parish of Pickering.

Augmented in 1770, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from W. Mitchelson, Gent.

Chantry.—In 1337, Sir William Bruys, Knight, granted unto Richard de Barton, Chaplain, and his successors duly celebrating in the Church of Pickering, for the health of his soul and of Maud his wife, and of the souls of Adam his father and Maud his mother, and of Mag^rs William and Robert de Pickering, his ancestors and heirs, uncles and aunts, and also of Sir William and Alexander de Bergh, &c. certain lands and rents, for which the said Richard and his successors shall say all Vespers, and Matins, and Canonical Hours in the Church of Pickering, and every day the Office of the Dead besides Our Lady's Mass on Saturdays, and on every Sunday and double festivals, the mass of the day in the same Church, and on every other day Placebo dirige with their appurtenances, for his soul and the souls of them before specified.

And reserved the presentation to himself and his heirs for ever.

Inclosure Acts were passed 25th and 36th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1559; the first book is imperfect.

There was anciently an Hospital at Pickering dedicated to St. Nicholas, which was in the gift of the King.

Charities.—*The Free School*—origin unknown. Endowment; about twenty-six acres of land—about 150 free scholars, thirty-two are taught reading, writing, and arithmetic, and the rest are taught reading.

Thomas Mitchelson's gift, by will, dated 3rd October, 1765. Interest of 50*l.* for school books for the poor; and his son Thomas, by will, dated 14th August 1792, gave 70*l.* more, which with an additional sum, were laid out in the purchase of 150*l.* Navy Fives, the dividends on which are applicable as above.—Vide 7th Report, page 743.

A Post town.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 733. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 106. Nonæ Rolls, page 242. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Pickeringa), page 11; (Nenuetune), 11; (Chinetorp). Burton's Monasticon, page 362. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 286. Young's Whitby, pages 734. 750. Gent's Ripon, page 50. Grose's Antiquities, vol. viii. page 143 (castle plate).

GOATLAND.—(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy. Parish of Pickering.*)—Pickering Lythe wapentake.——Population, vide Pickering[1]; Chapel-room, 200; Net value, 58*l.*

Patron, the Dean of York.

Valued in 1707, at 4*l.*; and in 1818, at 42*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1745, with 200*l.*; in 1758, with 200*l.*; in 1766, with 200*l.*; in 1792, with 200*l.*; in 1811, with 200*l.*; in 1816, with 200*l.*; and in 1826, with 200*l.*—all by lot.

On the 29th January 1635, at the petition of William Boys, Clerk, and certain inhabitants of the town or Chapelry of Gotheland, within the parish of Pickering, John Scott, Dean of York, granted them license and free faculty in all future times to bury their dead in the Chapel, anciently erected within the town of Gotheland, distant above eight miles from its Parish Church of Pickering, saving to the same mother Church all oblations, &c.

10th May 1821, a faculty was granted to rebuild the Chapel on an enlarged scale with a gallery.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1669; imperfect 1677—1690.—See earlier entries in the Pickering book.

Marriages, since 1731, have been solemnized at Pickering.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Pickering.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 743. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 106. Burton's Monasticon, page 85. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 305.

CELL OF ST. MARY'S.—(*At Goatland.*)—Here was a Benedictine Cell to Whitby Abbey.

There was here an Hermitage, which Pope Honorius III. confirmed to the Monks of Whitby.

Mon. Angl., vol. i. page 409; vol. vi. page 802.

[1] In 1834 returned at 313.

NEWTON.——(*Peculiar. Perpetual Curacy. Parish of Pickering.*)—Pickering Lythe wapentake.——POPULATION, vide Pickering; CHAPEL-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, vide Pickering.

Patron, vide Pickering.

Not valued in 1707 or 1818.

The Curacy of Newton was augmented in 1735, with 200*l.*; in 1764, with 200*l.*; in 1786, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant; and in 1834, with 200*l.*—all by lot [1].

No return as to glebe house.

Register Books.—No return.

CHARITY.—*Richard Poad's charity*—date not given. A tenement occupied rent free by a poor person, not a parish pauper, placed therein by the overseers; rent of 1A. 2R. of land distributed among the poor; 7*l.* 10*s.* per annum to a schoolmaster, for educating and teaching poor folks' children—eight free scholars; 1*s.* 6*d.* per annum to the poor, charged on an old cowhouse and barn.—Vide 7th Report, page 744.

Post town, Pickering.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 743, see composition as to tithes with Rivaulx Abbey. Abp. Sharp does not mention this Chapel.

SLINGSBY.——ALLSAINTS.——(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,090 acres. Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 562; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 557*l.*—There was a Priest at Slingsby at the time of the Domesday Survey, but no Church.

The town of Slingsby contained fifteen carucates of land held of the fee of Mowbray; whereof, not geldable, the Church is endowed with one carucate, and the Knights Templars have two oxgangs, the Canons of Kirkstall two oxgangs, and the Canons of Malton one carucate, and John Chamberd held five carucates, geldable (seven whereof made a knight's fee), who held them of Roger de Mowbray, and he of the King in capite.

And William de Wywell held one carucate and a half, geldable (whereof twelve made a knight's fee), of the said Roger de Mowbray, who held the same of the King in capite, and paid 10*s.* 4*d.* rent per annum.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Abbot and Convent of Whitby, to which it was given by Robert Chamberd. After the Dissolution the patronage came to the Dukes of Newcastle, and now belongs to the Earl of Carlisle.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 14*l.*; Nova Tax, 7*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; and in the King's Books, at 12*l.* 1*s.* 10*d.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 27th and 28th Geo. II.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1687; chasm 1728—1736.—But vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*The School.* Founded by the Rev. Robert Ward, by deed, dated 4th January, 1712. Rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum, for teaching ten poor children, nominated by the Minister and churchwardens, reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism.

Poor's Land. Ten acres immemorially held for the use of the poor.—Vide 8th Report, page 754.

Post town, Whitwell.

Torre's MS., page 329. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 83. Nonæ Rolls, page 240. Bodleian MS., No. 5101, (Arms and Monuments). Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Selungesbi), pages 73. 200. Burton's Monasticon, pages 70. 76. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 234.

SALTON.—ST. JOHN OF BEVERLEY.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,810 acres. Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 355 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 142 [2]; NET VALUE, 90*l.*—Salton is mentioned in a grant by Roger de Mowbray, as having been the residence of Edmund the Hermit.

The Prebendary of Salton, who was always the Prior of Hexham, was Lord of the whole town of Salton, having there his dominical manor and three carucates of arable land and thirteen acres of meadow, also twenty husbandmen, each holding a toft and two ox-

[1] But query may not this be the Chapelry of Newton in the Deanery of Cleveland?

[1] Viz. Brawby, 199; Salton, 156; all within the liberty of St. Peter, of York.

[2] In 1818, estimated at 300.

gangs of land by rent and services, likewise ten grassmen, each one holding a toft and an acre of land, by rent and services.

The Church was an ancient Rectory, belonging to the Prebend of Salton, and was annexed to the Priory of Hexham, to which it was appropriated, and a Vicarage ordained therein, in 1312.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, and afterwards to the Bennets, and then to the Earls of Salisbury.

Present patron and impropriator, G. W. Dowker, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 4*l.* 10*s.* 8*d.*; and in 1818, at 75*l.* per annum.

The glebe house is unfit for residence, vide return in 1834; in 1818 it was returned, "fit for residence."

The Register Books commence in 1573; the early entries are few and irregular.

Parochial Charities.—No return.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 865. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 105. Nonæ Rolls, page 242. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bragebi), page 49; (Saletan) 49. Burton's Monasticon, pages 97. 363. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 252.

SCAWTON.——ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Rectory.*)——Area, 3,610 acres. Rydall wapentake.—POPULATION, 148[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 145*l.* —Richard de Malbys held three carucates of land in Scawton of Roger de Mowbray, who held them of the King in capite, for the fourth part of a knight's fee.

The Church was anciently a Chapel within the parish of Old Byland, and was built in the year 1146, by Roger, the second Abbot of Byland, and all for the easement of his benefactor and Lord Hugh de Malbys and men therein to hear divine service.

The Rectory was anciently in the patronage of the Malbyes, of Acaster, and from them to the Fairfaxes, of Walton, till 1729, when the Worsleys, of Hovingham, the present patrons, first presented.

[1] In 1834, the population was returned at 150.

Torre after mentioning the building of the Chapel by Roger, Abbot of Old Byland, adds, that after Roger had finished the work and furnished it with books, vestments, font, and other ornaments, he caused the little bell of Old Byland to be taken down and hung therein, reserving all burials to the mother Church of Old Byland.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; in the King's Books, at 2*l.* 19*s.*; and in 1818, at 79*l.* 2*s.* 7*d.* per annum.

The glebe house was returned in 1818 as unfit for residence, "being too small;" and returned "unfit" in 1834.

The Register Books commence in 1721.—But vide transcripts of earlier Registers at York.

Parochial Charities.—No return given in the Commissioners' Report.

Post town, Helmsley.

Torre's MS., page 303. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 77. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Scaltun), pages 72. 156. Burton's Monasticon, page 363.

SINNINGTON.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 3,390 acres. Pickering Lythe and Rydall wapentakes. —POPULATION, 584[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 130[2]; NET VALUE, 84*l.*—The Church was given by Ralph de Clerc to the Priory of Yeddingham, which donation was confirmed by King Henry III.

Patron and impropriator, the master of Hemsworth School.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 8*l.*; Nova Tax, 4*l.*; in 1707, the Curacy was valued at 19*l.*; and in 1818, at 80*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1780, with 200*l.*—by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 26th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1517; several years deficient, viz. burials, 1719, 1726, 1733; marriages, 1701,

[1] Viz. Little Edston, 13; Marton, 231; and Sinnington, 340. In the return to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners in 1834, the population of the parish is stated to be only 57, but which is probably a typographical error.

[2] In 1818, it was returned that there was only Church accommodation for 25 persons.

1711, 1727, 1733.—But vide transcripts at York.

CHARITIES.—*The School.* This is under Lady Lumley's charity, vide General Charities. The master receives a stipend of 20*l.* a year, and an allowance of 5*l.* a year is paid for coals; a great number of free scholars, as many as apply, are instructed in reading, writing, and arithmetic; and the Commissioners reported the school to be a well conducted useful institution. The master also receives two rents-charge of 20*s.* each per annum. —Vide 7th Report, page 749.

Post town, Pickering.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 95. Nonæ Rolls, page 240. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 261. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Swerinctun), page 122; (Micheledestun) 121. Burton's Monasticon, page 285.

STONEGRAVE.—(*Rectory in charge.*) —Area, 2,490 acres. Rydall wapentake[1]. —POPULATION, 327[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 495*l.*—In the town of Stonegrave are two and a half carucates of land, which John de Stonegrave held in demesne of the fee of Paynell, who held them of the King in capite, rent per annum 2*s.*

Here six carucates made a knight's fee.

Also there is in the same town another carucate of land, not geldable, whereof the Church is endowed.

The Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Staingraves, Knights, from whom it came to the Pateshills, Knights, and from them to the Greens, of Norton Davy, Knights, and from them to the Parrs, by Maude, daughter and one of the co-heiresses of Sir Thomas Greene, Knight, and on the attainder of the Marquis of Northampton, brother to Queen Katherine Parr, the presentation came to the crown, and is now exercised by the Prime Minister.

Valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 14*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; and in the King's Books, at 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum[1].

An Inclosure Act was passed 16th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1584.

CHARITIES.—*Rents-charge.* 18*s.*, 1*l.* 8*s.*, and 1*s.* per annum, for the poor.

Mrs. Comber's and Thomas Comber's gift. Interest of 10*l.* for the poor.

John Anderson's gift. Interest of 20*l.*, at the time of the Report the payment of the interest was suspended.

Church Land. Rent of house, orchard, and garth, left in 1728 towards the repair of the Church.—Vide 10th Report, page 741.

Post town, Helmsley.

Torre's MS. page 267. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 81. Nonæ Rolls, page 240. Notititia Parochialis, No. 865. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Stanegrif), pages 50. 187. 236; (Nesse) 187. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 186.

THORNTON DALE.————ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 8,470 acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake. —POPULATION, 1,368[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 500[3]; NET VALUE, 396*l.*—An ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the patronage of the Lords Brus, of Skelton, afterwards of the Lords Hastings, then of the Cholmleys, of Whitby, to 1699, then of the Hills, and afterwards of the Lords Berwick.

On the 6 Kal. September 1226, a Vicarage was ordained, but on 14th Kal. 1308, it was consolidated with the Rectory.

Present patron, K. Hill, Esq.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 14*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Nova Tax, 11*l.*; Vicaria ejusdem, 5*l.*; and in the King's Books, at 20*l.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 20th Geo. III.

[1] The parish is now wholly in the diocese of York, but Newton was anciently within the peculiar jurisdiction of Salton.

East Ness was heretofore entered as part of Stonegrave parish, but now in Kirkdale parish.

[2] Viz. East and West Ness, 59; East Newton and Laysthorpe, 79; and Stonegrave, 189. In 1834, the population was returned at 408. The township of East Ness, now returned in Hovingham parish, was heretofore attributed to the parish of Stonegrave.

[1] "The Rector is entitled to the tithes of calves and milk in kind.—Worsley *v.* Aydon." 3 Wood, page 383.

[2] Viz. Farmanby, 431; and Thornton Dale, 937. Farmanby extends into Ellerburn parish. In 1834, the population of the parish was returned at 931.

[3] Estimated in 1818 at 600.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1539; defective 1604—1623.

Parochial Charities.—No return; but Mr. Gilbert gives an account of the endowed Grammar School.

Post town, Pickering.

Torre's MS., pages 215. 217. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 94. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, page 309. Nonæ Rolls, page 239. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 316. Burton's Monasticon, pages 363. 379. Gent's Ripon, page 59.

WYKEHAM.—ALL SAINTS.——(*Donative Curacy.*)—Area 6,480 acres. Pickering Lythe wapentake.—POPULATION, 605; CHURCH-ROOM, 200[1]; NET VALUE, 2*l.* The Incumbent also receives a yearly sum from the patron, which is a voluntary payment.—This Church was given by Pain Fitz Osbert and three others, to the Nunnery of Wykeham, and was appropriated thereto, but no Vicarage was ordained therein, neither has it ever been augmented by Queen Anne's Bounty.

Patron and impropriator, the Hon. Marmaduke Langley.

[1] Estimated in 1818 at 230.

The Church is valued in Pope Nicholas's taxation, at 10*l.*; the Rectory is valued in the King's Books at 7*l.* 12*s.* 2*d.*; in 1707, the Cure was valued at 20*l.*; and in 1818, at 15*l.* per annum.

Mr. Torre mentions a Chantry founded by John de Wykeham in this Church, in 1321.

An Inclosure Act was passed 25th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Money.*—Interest of two benefactions of 10*l.* each, distributed in bread among four old women. —Vide 7th Report, page 749.

Post town, Malton.

Torre's MS., page 209. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iii. page 100. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wicham), pages 11. 21, 22. 187. Burton's Monasticon, pages 77. 255. 257. Nonæ Rolls, page 239. Eastmead's Rievallensis, page 337. Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 669.

THE PRIORY.—This was founded for Cistercian Nuns by Pain Fitz Osbert, about the year 1153.

Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 669.

RIPON.—(*Archiepiscopal Peculiar* [1].)

RIPON COLLEGIATE CHURCH. —ST. WILFRED [2].—Area of the parish, 48,980 acres.—POPULATION, 14,602 [3]. —The Minster of Ripon was founded by Alfred, King of Northumberland, in the year 661, and he placed therein certain Scottish monks from Lindisferne and Melrose.

About this period the controversy respecting the time of the celebration of Easter arose, and the Roman Ritual being confirmed, St. Wilfred, afterwards Archbishop of York, was appointed to preside in the Monastery on the retirement of the Scottish monks, and he built a very splendid Church.

In the general devastation of the northern parts, the Minster was twice consumed by fire, viz. in 866 and 948, and together with the town lay razed during those violent and outrageous incursions of the Danes within the realm, but in 950, the Church was renewed by Odo, Archbishop of Canterbury, who removed the bones of St. Wilfred to his own Cathedral.

The present Church was founded by Archbishop Thurston, in the year 1140. In 1317, it was much damaged by fire, under an invasion from the Scots, but was soon re-edified by the care of Archbishop Melton. On the 26th October 1354, 28th Ed. III., Letters of Request were granted to Thomas Bretton and others, to collect the charitable alms of all faithful disposed people within the Diocese of York, to the use of the fabric of this Church; and at the charitable charges of their own treasurer, and of the nobility and gentry thereabouts, was this fair structure with three steeples finished.

But towards the latter end of the reign of King Henry VI., the great steeple, which at first was so sumptuously built, was then, as well by neglect of workmen who first made it, as by thunder, frequent storms and tempests, so much shaken and broken, that the greatest part thereof was already fallen, and the rest expected to follow if no speedy remedy applied; whereupon, on 4th February 1459, 37th Henry VI., William Archbishop of York granted an indulgence of forty days of pardon, to all such as should afford their charitable relief towards its re-edification, construction, and sustentation.

The wood work in the choir appears to have been completed as late as the year 1494.

The government ecclesiastical of this Church, when made Collegiate, was in seven secular Canons, collated by the Archbishop, the proper patron and visitor thereof.

Archbishop Melton, on the 10th Kal. April 1331, made a statute of residence, which is given by Mr. Torre.

On the 16th Kal. October, 26th Hen. III., Archbishop Walter Gray confirmed to the Chapter of Ripon the parish Church of Nidd.

Mr. Torre gives catalogues of the Prebendaries of Stainwix or Givendale, alias Yevedale, Skelton, Studley, Sharrow, Thorpe, and Nunwicks. There was also a Prebend of Monkton.

On 10th Kal. November 1303, a College of Vicars Choral was ordained in this Church by Archbishop Corbridge.

[1] Previous to the erection of the See of Ripon, vide page 550.

[2] In the early documents the Church is described as dedicated to St. Peter and St. Wilfred.

[3] Viz. Aismunderby with Bondgate, 655; Aldfield, 146; Bewerley, 1,310; Bishop Monkton, 576; Bishopside High and Low, 1,849; Bishopthornton, 614; Bishopton, 118; Clotherholme, 14; Dacre, 698; Eavestone, 82; Givendale, 35; Grantley with Skelding, 243; Hewick Bridge, 95; Hewick Copt, 160; Ingarthorpe, 48; Markington with Wallerthwaite, 487; Newby with Mulwith, 39; Nunwick with Howgrave, 38; Ripon, 5,080; Sawley, 499; Sharrow, 103; Shelding, 49; Skelton, 383; North Stainleywith Slemingford, 407; Studley Roger, 157; Studley Royal, 60; Sutton Grange, 83; Warsil, 93; Westwick, 30; Whitcliffe with Thorp, 198; and Winksley, 259.

The Vicars were to provide for themselves an house decently inclosed, wherein they might all inhabit, eat, and lodge together, suffering no woman to have access thereunto except when necessity required their work, which could not well be done by the other sex.

The Vicars were enjoined to say every day before dinner the psalm De profundis and the prayers of the faithful.

King Henry VIII., in the 36th year of his reign, granted a commission to the Archbishop of York to visit the Prebends and Canons of this Church and reform what should be found amiss, but temp. Edward VI. the Collegiate Church was totally suppressed. On the 30th Nov. in the 8th year of his reign, King James I., upon the petition of his royal consort Queen Anne, who had been previously petitioned in July 1604, by the corporation of Ripon, who had pointed out to her Majesty the advantages which a college here would present to the borderers of England and Scotland, refounded this Collegiate Church, and established therein a Dean and seven Prebendaries, allowing them 247*l.* per annum out of the Crown lands. A previous attempt to restore the Collegiate Church had been made in Queen Elizabeth's time by Archbishop Sandys, but without success.

Catalogues of the Deans and Prebendaries are given by Mr. Torre.

Nine Chantries were founded in the Minster, besides one at Hutton Conyers, one at Clotherholme, one at the Hospital of St. Mary Magdalen, and another in the Hospital of St. John the Baptist.

The Chapter is now composed of a Dean, Subdean, and six Prebendaries. The Crown has the patronage of the Deanery, but the Archbishop collates to the Prebendal Stalls.

Value.—The net income is 633*l.* per annum[1]. The Dean, as such, has an annual stipend of 93*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and 70*l.* as residentiary. The Subdean has 35*l.* per annum, and the six Prebendaries 23*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* each. The Precentor, or Minor Canon has also 14*l.* per annum, and another Minor Canon 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* The surplus is divided among the members of the Chapter, the Dean receiving four parts, the Subdean three, and each Prebendary two. Members absent at the audit take no share. There is a house assigned for residence; the Dean has the option and is usually the residentiary and occupier.

Inclosure Acts 56th Geo. III. and 7th Geo. IV.

Tithe Cases, Dean and Chapter *v.* Hinde.—2 Wood, page 518. Same *v.* Parker.—4 Wood, page 122[2].

The Church is parochial as well as collegiate; no return as to Church-room has been made.

The Register Book commences in 1587; there is a chasm from 1633 to 1652.

Liberties.—The liberties first granted by King Athelstane, were the same as the Church of Beverley had; for he made it a sanctuary, appointing the bounds thereof to extend a mile about the town, unto one of the boundaries called Athelstane's Cross, and granted unto the Church of Ripon a court for holding all pleas for themselves and their men within the liberty of St. Wilfred, with this privilege, that their men should be believed by their free yea and nay.

And as the manor of Ripon was first given to the Archbishop by King Athel-

[1] "A Collegiate Church: one Mr. Edward Robinson preaching Minister there, a very able and painful man, who was settled there by order from the committee of plundered Ministers, yet hath neither tithes nor other parochial duties belonging to him: yet he had 200*l.* allotted him by order of parliament, but whether it be duly paid to him we are not informed. There are seven Chapels in the parish."—Parliamentary Survey, vol. xvii. pages 135. 117. 200. "We find that the whole tithes of the whole parish were anciently appropriated to the Dean and Chapter and College of Ripon, and together with the lands of the Prebendaries, sold away in lots, except the tithe of Ripon town-fields of the yearly value of 80*l.*, let on lease of which six years are unexpired. We think that the said seven Chapels should be all of them made parishes and parish Churches, and that an eighth be also erected at North Stainley and Slemingford. All which we recommend to the State for some fit maintenance to be allowed for Ministers there, the said great parish being very populous and of large extent." *Ib.*

[2] The Dean and Chapter are entitled to an annuity from the owners of the tithes of Monckton, Eastwick, Westwick, and Everton.

The Dean and Chapter are entitled to all the profits of the late Collegiate Church of St. Wilfred commonly called the communicant money, the dividend monies, all small tithes except wool and lamb, and all other dues thereto belonging, arising in the Chapelry of Pateley Bridge and the township of Dacre cum Bewerley.

stane, so from that time they have ever been seized of these following liberties, viz. Gallows, Infangenetheof, return of writs, pleas of Wethermen, to make escheats by the sheriff's hand, of levying the King's debts, and within their fee, to have coroners of their own.

All which King Edward the Confessor confirmed.

Likewise the Archbishop claimed to be free from suit of court to the county wapentake and tithing for his men at Ripon, he only appearing by his steward at the same.

Also he claimed liberty of a park at Ripon, and of a free warrant therein.

All which upon a writ Quo Warranto, he recovered in 17th Edward III.

Moreover in 3rd Henry V., at the request of the Archbishop of York, the King by the consent of parliament confirmed to him all the liberties of this Church, and further, granted and confirmed that he and his officers may hold the sheriffs' turn within the town of Ripon, and there hear, determine, and punish all manner of felonies as justices of the peace.

On the 6th February, 36th Henry VIII., the Archbishop granted the manor of Ripon with the appurtenances to the King and his heirs for ever; and by 37th Henry VIII. cap. 16, it was annexed to the Duchy of Lancaster.

Ripon Charities.—*The Free Grammar School.* Founded by King Philip and Queen Mary, by letters patent, dated 27th June 1555, for the education and instruction of children and young men. The governors to make statutes with the advice of the Archbishop of York—statutes were made in 1814. The master to be a graduate. Every resident inhabitant of the parish is entitled to send his sons, if eight years of age, upon paying the accustomed entrance money, Greek, Latin, and English grammar are taught, and also writing and arithmetic; a charge is made for the two latter branches. The master receives a salary of 180*l.* per annum, paying thereout the classical master and the writing master. The usher receives a salary of 63*l.* per annum. At the time of the Report there were only seventeen free scholars. The expense of providing classical books was said to prevent many parents from taking the benefit of the foundation, and the Commissioners thought that some provision should be made for providing books.

Endowment: houses, buildings, &c. 126A. 1R. 21P. of land, let on leases for lives, reserved rents 99*l.* 9*s.* 8*d.*, and dividends on 650*l.* three per cent. consols, and 500*l.* Navy Fives. Fines in 1811, 1,069*l.* 3*s.* 3*d.*; and in 1818, about 1,200*l.* At the time of the Report, there was timber ready to fell worth between 200*l.* and 300*l.* There is also a house for the master, with a garden and field adjoining.

Ripon Poor's Land. Under the management of the corporation previous to the Municipal Act. 35A. 0R. 24P., rent-charge of 21*s.* per annum, and interest of 50*l.* The sum of 5*l.* is paid for educating ten poor boys appointed by the mayor, 5*l.* among ten poor widows, and the residue, being about 112*l.*, among poor housekeepers in sums varying from 3*s.* to 20*s.* each. The corporation, it appears, sometimes made a voluntary addition to this fund.

Zacharias Jepson's Hospital, founded by will, dated 9th March 1672, and regulated by decree of the Charity Commissioners, 1st May, 26th Car. II. Income; rent of 15A. 2R. 8P., fee-farm rents, 90*l.* 11*s.* 1*d.* per annum, and dividends on 100*l.* Navy Fives. Ten boys are boarded, clothed, educated, and apprenticed. The donor directed that the boys should either be orphans, or very poor freemen's sons. The usher of the Grammar School to have the option of the mastership. An exhibition of 20*l.* per annum to Cambridge for seven years, had not been claimed for upwards of fifty years preceding the Report.

Maison Dieu, or St. Anne's Hospital. An ancient asylum for eight poor women, supposed to have been founded by one of the family of the Nevills, and augmented by *William Gibson, Isabella Lakin, Honourable William Aislabie, and Alderman John Terry.* Each poor woman has a separate apartment. The Chapel is in ruins. Income; rent of 5A. 0R. 22P. of land, rent-charge of 2*l.* 4*s.* per annum, and dividends on 100*l.* Navy Fives. After deducting repairs, the residue of the income is divided among the inmates.

Governors.—The mayor, the heirs of G. Aislabie, Esq., Dean or Subdean, two senior aldermen, master of the Grammar School, the senior four-and-twentieth man, and the constable of Low Skelgate.

Roger Bayne's rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum, by will, dated 16th Dec. 1719. Viz. 20*s.* for a sermon on the first Sunday in the year, in the afternoon; 12*s.* for bread to be given monthly to twelve old men or women, and 8*s.* for candles for the Church when the sermon was preached.

Dr. William Richardson's charity, by codicil to his will, dated 29th July 1782. Dividends on 300*l.* Ripon Navigation shares, the yearly profits to be applied by the corporation towards making good the following premiums, one of five guineas for the best piece of linen or woollen goods manufactured in the town of Ripon or within three statute miles thereof, and one of three guineas for the second best piece, to be determined at the mayor's summer feast by the mayor and aldermen then present, and any surplus dividends to be distributed among such poor housekeepers as should have no relief from the town, and the testator recommended the wells on Burrage Green and Skell Bank to the care and protection of the corporation. 8*l.* 8*s.* are given in premiums; 5*s.* for distributing bills offering the premium, 2*l.* to a person for taking care of the wells, and the residue in coals at Christmas, under the direction of the mayor and aldermen. At the time of the Report (1820), there was a balance in hand of 38*l.* 15*s.* 11*d.*; no coals having been given for three years by reason of the mildness of the winters.

Alderman John Terry's charity, by will, dated 28th June 1790. Dividends on 200*l.* Navy Fives, divided among eight poor men and eight poor women, nominated by the mayor, two senior aldermen, and senior common council man. —3rd Report, page 481.

The Hospital of St. Mary Magdalen. Founded by Archbishop Thurston, but there are no records coeval with the foundation.

By an inquisition taken in or about the time of King Edward III., it appears that the Hospital was founded for the relief both of the poor and of persons affected with the leprosy, but that at the time of the inquisition no lepers came to the Hospital.

The Archbishops of York have always had the right of appointment of the masters, and by a recital in the charter of the 30th November, 8th Jac. I., for re-establishing the Collegiate Church of Ripon, it appears that the Archbishops had been, and were about to be, great assistants in that work, and principally by the gift and collation for the use of the Church, of the mastership of this and St. John's Hospital; and since 1686, the Deans for the time being have successively held the office, and it now seems to be considered that the masterships of these Hospitals are conferred as an augmentation of the revenues of the Deanery, which are of small amount, with reference to the dignity and duties of the office.

The endowment consists of six houses and 257 acres of land, let on leases for lives, at annual reserved rents of 29*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.*

The annual value of the property in 1820, was estimated at 464*l.*

The Hospital was rebuilt by Dr. Hooke in 1674, it contains six separate apartments on one floor for the same number of poor women called sisters, with a garden in front; a small field adjoining, and a Chapel at a little distance on the opposite side of the street.

The Chaplain and six sisters are appointed by the master. The Chaplain's salary is 1*l.* per annum out of Spink's rent-charge, named below, and his duties are the reading prayers, and preaching a sermon on the Sunday after the 22nd of July and on St. John's and St. Thomas's days.

The sisters receive among them the sum of 20*l.* 15*s.* per annum, of which 6*l.* is paid out of a rent-charge of 7*l.* per annum left by William Spink, by will, dated 17th February 1685; and 2*l.* 10*s.* is the interest of money given by Dr. Deering, Mrs. Caley, and Mr. Wilson.

The Hospital of St. John the Baptist. It is not known at what time, or for what particular purpose, this Hospital was founded. It is in the patronage of the Archbishop, and is always conferred upon the Dean in augmentation of the revenues of the Deanery.

The endowment consists of 111A. 3R. 36P. of land, let on leases for lives with fines, at annual reserved rents of 15*l.* 7*s.*

4*d*. The annual value of the property in 1820, was estimated at 349*l*.; the master had contracted for the sale of wood ready to cut down for 920*l*.

The Hospital consists of a small house of one floor, in Bondgate, containing apartments for two almswomen called sisters, and there is a Chapel at a small distance, which has not been used as a place of worship for many years, and about the year 1815 it was, with the consent of the Archbishop, converted into a National School.

Each of the sisters receives 1*l*. 7*s*. 6*d*. per annum and 10*s*. 6*d*. at Christmas, and the Chaplain has a salary of 1*l*. per annum.—7th Report, page 765.

TOWNSHIP OF DACRE WITH BEWERLEY.

Dacre Banks School, founded in 1695 by William Hardcastle, who built the house and bequeathed 100*l*. to provide a salary for the master, and the money was paid in 1783, into the hands of Sir William Ingleby, Bart.; and William Mountain, by will, dated 28th December 1778, left 100*l*. to the school, which was received by the trustees of Dacre School. At the time of the Report, the sum of eight guineas a year was paid to the master, but there was only one free scholar, who was a descendant of William Hardcastle.

Charity for poor widows. Rent of three cattle-gates.—Vide 3rd Report, page 493.

TOWNSHIP OF MARKINGTON.

The School, founded by Mrs. Mary Reynard, by deed, dated 5th October 1795. Endowment; school-house and annuity of 50*s*. The schoolmaster is directed by the deed to read every Sunday afternoon in the year unto the inhabitants of Markington, one sermon prepared by some minister of the Church of England or the established Church of Scotland, and also to read the Common Prayer according to the Liturgy of the Church of England. The master also receives 40*s*. per annum, being the interest of sundry benefactions; six free scholars in reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism.

Sir Solomon Swales's charity. 10*s*. per annum given among poor widows.

TOWNSHIP OF COPT HEWICK.

Theakestone's rent-charge. 16*s*. per annum.

Poor's Money, 8*s*. per annum, paid out of the poor's rate, being the interest of a legacy of 10*l*. employed towards building a poor house.

TOWNSHIP OF BISHOPTON.

Ann Day's charity, by will, dated 3rd April 1707. Rent of 1A. 2R. 32P. of land, distributed among the poor.—Vide 3rd Report, page 497.

TOWNSHIPS OF HIGH AND LOW BISHOPSIDE.

John Lupton's charity, by deed, dated 30th January 1720. Rent of copyhold house and twelve acres of land, divided between four poor widows who do not receive parish relief.

Margaret Lupton's rent-charge of 40*s*., by will, dated 12th August 1766. For two sermons, one on the 20th May and the other on the 7th November, also 5*s*. on the said days to the poor present at such sermons.

Watson's rent-charge of 12*l*. per annum to the poor—donor unknown. Payment disputed at the time of the Report.

London dole. Rent of two cottages.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 1. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 138. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101. Ashmolean MS., No. 8518, (Inscriptions, Epitaphs, &c.) Leland, vol i. page 91. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ripum), page 54. Mon. Angl., vol. ii. page 131; vol. vi. pages 620. 752. 781. 1367. (Plate). Drake's Eboracum, Appendix, page 94. Burton's Monasticon, pages 18. 20. 54. 56, 57. 197. Dr. Waddilove's account of Ripon Minster in Archælogia, vol xvii.[1] page 128. Bray's Tour, page 272. Gent's Ripon. Hargrove's Knaresbrough, page 213.

RIPON.—HOLY TRINITY.—Ripon liberty, L.D.—CHURCH-ROOM 1000, of which not less than 200 are free seats; NET VALUE, 240*l*.

Patrons, the heirs of the Rev. Edward Kilvington.

The Rev. C. Simeon and others trustees.

Built under an act passed 7th Geo. IV. cap. 50, for building a Church or Chapel of ease, to be a perpetual Cure and benefice by the name of Trinity

[1] Dr. Waddilove gives a critical description of this noble building, and remarks that it presents the most perfect specimen of the narrow pointed arch in the kingdom.

Church in Ripon. The first stone was laid 28th July, 1826, and the Church was consecrated in 1828. No District has yet been assigned. The Church was built at the sole expense of the late Rev. E. Kilvington, and cost about 9000*l.* [1]

[1] By the Act it is provided, "That it shall "not be lawful for the Dean, or Residentiary, "or for any Vicar Choral of the Collegiate "Church of Ripon for the time being, or any "other person holding either Curacy or Lecture-"ship within the parish of Ripon, to be Minister "of the said Church or Chapel of ease."

The seats in the Church, except the free sittings and all the vaults, are vested in the heirs of Mr. Kilvington, with power to lease the pews from year to year, but without fine and distrain for the rent. The power to lease to continue only till the living be worth 150*l.* per annum.

The Church was endowed at the time of consecration with land of the value of 800*l.*

The Act prescribes double duty and a morning sermon every Sunday, and on Christmas day and Good Friday, and on all occasional fasts and festivals, and the sacrament to be administered at least eight times every year.

Banns may be published and matrimony solemnized, in all cases where the same might be published in the Collegiate Church, paying double fees, of which one moiety shall be paid to the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

The Minister to have the nomination of the churchwardens, sidesman, clerk, sexton, and organist, and to have the custody of the key of the Church, and to have a key to the church chest, and the churchwardens to have another key with a different lock.

The churchwardens have the power to make a rate upon the owners and renters of pews, and to recover the amount by distress.

The rate to include the expenses of providing bread and wine for the holy communion, books and surplices for the Minister, and of repairing the windows, and keeping the Church in a clean, neat, and decent state.

100*l.* was invested in the name of Mr. Kilvington and the churchwardens as a fund for keeping the Church in repair, and the interest to accumulate until it amounted to 400*l.* and the principal never to be reduced below 200*l.*, and such 200*l.* to be laid out as soon as may be in the purchase of land.

The living may be further endowed with lands, &c. not exceeding the yearly value of 200*l.*

Power is also given to the patron to erect a residence for the Minister, and also a school-house.

Power is given to the patron, at the request of a majority of the proprietors and renters of pews, made in pursuance of a public meeting convened by notice given by three or more of such proprietors or renters, and affixed to the principal door of the Church at least ten days before the meeting, to nominate a Lecturer to read prayers and preach a sermon every Sunday, in addition to the duty above described; such Lecturer to be licensed by the Archbishop —remunerated by subscription.

No return as to glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1827.

BONDGATE.—Here was anciently a Chapel, and which appears to have been the same as the one mentioned in the account of the Hospital of St. John the Baptist.

ALDFIELD WITH STUDLEY.—ST. LAWRENCE.—(*Parish of Ripon. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Claro wapentake, L.D. —POPULATION, vide Ripon; CHAPEL-ROOM, 200; VALUE, 72*l.*

At the time of the Survey, Dolfin held as the King's tenant half a carucate.

The Archbishop of York also held lands which belonged to the soke of Ripon with villanes and bordars; value in King Edward's time 32*l.*, then only 7*l.* 10*s.*

Gospatric held also two carucates of land formerly belonging to Archil.

Studley Magna was given for a Prebend in the Collegiate Church of Ripon. Mr. Torre gives a catalogue of the Prebendaries.

The town contained three parts of a knight's fee, and was held by William de Aldfield of Roger de Mowbray, who held it of the King in capite.

Patroness, Mrs. Lawrence.

The Curacy was valued in 1818, at 74*l.* per annum [1].

Augmented in 1724, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from J. Aislabie, Esq.; and in 1776, with 200*l.*; and in 1786, with 200*l.*—both by lot.

The Chapel was rebuilt about the year 1782. The font, which is of grey marble, is supposed to have been brought from Fountains Abbey; the bason, which is carved, stands on a pyramidical cluster of four columns with a square base. The

[1] In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 138, it is stated; "No maintenance. One Thomas Jackson, clerk, performeth the Cure there upon a voluntary subscription of the inhabitants."

A decree was given in the Exchequer in Easter Term, 27th Eliz., vide Slemingford, but which is unreported.

old Chapel is supposed to have been built about the twelfth century.

No glebe house.

The Registers are included in Ripon.

CHARITIES.—*George Smith's charity*, by will, dated 15th August 1640. Tithes of corn, wool, and lamb, with certain payments in lieu of tithes of hay at Aldby (except the tithes of Mallerd Grange), let, at the time of the Report, for 40*l.* per annum, for the benefit of the poor or for some other charitable and pious purpose: 35*s.* per annum is expended in a dinner, 10*l.* 10*s.* to the National School, and the residue to the poor in sums of 1*l.* to 1*l.* 5*s.* apiece.

TOWNSHIP OF STUDLEY ROGER.

George Teasdale's charity, by will, dated 8th March 1649. Rent of twelve acres of land and four houses, let, at the time of the Report, for 25*l.* 10*s.* per annum, distributed among the labouring poor.—Vide 7th Report, pages 492. 501.

Post town, Ripon.

Burton's Monasticon, page 289. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Aldefelt), pages 36. 55. 219. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. v. (new series), page 497.

FOUNTAINS ABBEY.—A mitred Cistercian Abbey, for an Abbot, Prior, and thirty Monks, founded A.D. 1132, with the assistance of Archbishop Thurston. The Monastery was burnt in 1140, but magnificently rebuilt before 1245.

Mon. Angl., vol. v. page 285.

BISHOP MONKTON.—(*Parish of Ripon. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Ripon. Ripon liberty.——POPULATION, vide Ripon; CHAPEL-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 108*l.*

The manor of Monkton juxta Ripon, parcel of the ancient possessions of the Archbishops of York, gave denomination to one of the old Prebends in the Church of Ripon. Mr. Torre gives a catalogue of the Prebendaries.

Here was a Chapel founded by William Russell, a hermit, which was dedicated to the honour of the Virgin Mary and St. Helen, and on the 5th December, 1354, a letter of request was granted to ask and receive throughout the whole province of York, the charitable alms of all faithful and well disposed people, towards the relief of the fabric thereof.

Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

The Chapel was rebuilt in 1822.

Valued in 1707, at 27*l.*[1]; and in 1818, at 65*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1745, with 200*l.*; in 1751, with 200*l.*; in 1781, with 200*l.*; in 1788, with 200*l.*; in 1810, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant; and in 1824, with 600*l.* from the same Grant—all by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 47th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Parish Registers are entered at Ripon.

CHARITIES.——*Poor's Money*. Two rents-charge of 15*s.* and 10*s.* respectively.—Vide 7th Report, page 765.

Post town, Ripon.

Torre's MS., page 20. 101.

BISHOP THORNTON.—(*Parish of Ripon. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Ripon. Ripon liberty.——POPULATION, vide Ripon; CHAPEL-ROOM, 300[2]; NET VALUE, 95*l.*

Patrons and impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

Valued in 1707, at 25*l.*; in the Parliamentary Survey, at 10*l.*; and in 1818, at 63*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1749, with 200*l.*; and in 1772 with 200*l.*—both by lot; in 1801, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of lands worth 200*l.* from H. Reynard, Esq.; in 1812, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant, to meet benefaction of 100*l.* from the Rev. W. Reynard, the Incumbent, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees, and in 1816, with 600*l.*, from the same Grant—by lot.

An Inclosure Act was passed 30th Geo. II.

No glebe house.

The Parish Registers were entered at Ripon till 1816.

CHARITY.—*Kendall's rent-charge* of 2*l.* per annum. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per

[1] In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 138, it is stated to have "Neither Minister nor maintenance."

[2] Additional sittings, of which 200 are free, have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 200*l.*

annum. Distributed among widows and other poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 765.

Post town, Ripley.

Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 139. "No Minister."

INGARTHORPE.—(*Parish of Ripon.*)—Ripon liberty.

Thorpe, a town in the parish of Ripon, was ordained a Prebend in the Collegiate Church of Ripon. Mr. Torre gives a catalogue of the Prebendaries.

On the 6th February 30th Henry VIII., the manor of Thorpe was by the Archbishop alienated to the King in fee, and by the statute of 37th Henry VIII., was confirmed to the Crown accordingly [1].

PATELEY BRIDGE [2].—ST. MARY.—(*Parish of Ripon. Perpetual Curacy.*) Area, vide Ripon. Ripon liberty.—POPULATION, 3,857 [3]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 803 [4]; NET VALUE, 132*l.*

Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

Valued in 1707, at 26*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*; and in 1818, at 87*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Augmented in 1809, with 200*l.*, to meet benefactions of 100*l.* from the Dean of Ripon, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees; in 1811, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Dean of Ripon; and in the same year with 1000*l.* from the same Grant; in 1812, with 200*l.*, and in 1821, with 400*l.*, both from the same Grant—by lot; in 1827, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Dean of Ripon; and in 1832, with 200*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from the Archbishop of York.

[1] "Tithes arising in Aberwaite, Ingarthorpe, and Markington, are due, but a doubt was expressed by the court, whether there be a modus of 1*s.* 6*d.* a year, payable at Michaelmas, in lieu of the tithe of hay for the demesne lands of the manor.—Markingfield *v.* Burton." 1 Wood, page 52.

[2] In the township of High and Low Bishopside.

[3] Estimated only at 750 in the Ecclesiastical Report of 1834.

[4] 565 additional sittings (of which 200 are free), have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 500*l.*

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1552; marriages are celebrated here.

A new Chapel has been built at Pateley Bridge, under the Parliamentary Grant. The architecture of the Chapel is Gothic. Free sittings 432. Grant, 2000*l.* The first stone was laid 20th October, 1825.

CHARITIES.——TOWNSHIP OF DACRE BANKS. *Braithwaite School.* Founded by deed, dated 21st January 1778, pursuant to the will of Edward Yates, dated 22nd January 1774. Endowment; a house, twenty-three acres of land, and nine cattle-gates; between thirty and forty free scholars in reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism.

CHAPELRY IN GENERAL.

Rake's School. Founded by Alice Shepherd, widow, by will, 14th June 1806, and augmented by the will of Dr. William Craven, dated 24th August 1812. Endowment, 1,800*l.* Navy Fives, schoolhouse, turf-house, and garden of about half an acre; twenty children of both sexes are instructed in reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism, and they are also clothed. Each scholar remains three years in the school.—Vide 7th Report page 494.

A Post town.

Torre's MS., (Peculiars), page 102. 8th Report of the Church Building Commissioners.

SAWLEY.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Parish of Ripon. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Ripon. Ripon liberty.—POPULATION, vide Ripon [1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 66*l.*

Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

Valued in 1707, at 30*l.* and in 1818, at 71*l.* per annum [2].

Augmented in 1743, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from G. Norton, Esq.; in 1792, with 200*l.*—by lot; and in 1814, with 300*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant, to meet benefactions of 100*l.*

[1] Returned at 588 in 1834.

[2] "Unsupplied with a preaching Minister, yet one Benjamin Brown, clerk, living near thereunto, of his own free will preacheth there sometimes gratis."—Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 138.

from the Rev. J. Oates, the Incumbent, and 100*l.* from Mrs. Pyncombe's trustees.

An Inclosure Act was passed 37th Geo. III.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books are entered at Ripon.

CHARITIES.—*Sundry doles*, amounting together to 13*l.* 15*s.* per annum.

Ancient rent-charge, 20*s.* per annum.

School. 5*l.* per annum to the Curate for teaching six poor children to read, being a legacy left by Ralph Lowther, Esq.

Theakstones dole. 20*s.* per annum out of a farm called Lowgate. Payment refused at the time of the Report.—Vide 6th Report, page 643.

Post town, Ripon.

SHARROW.——(*Parish of Ripon. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Ripon. Ripon liberty.—POPULATION, vide Ripon[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 550[2]; NET VALUE, 51*l.*

Sharrow was given to be a Prebend in the Collegiate Church of Ripon. Mr. Torre gives a catalogue of the Prebendaries.

16th February 36th Henry VIII., the manor of Sharrow was by the Archbishop granted to the King in fee, which in 37th Henry VIII., cap. 16, was confirmed to the Crown.

Patroness, Mrs. Lawrence.

Impropriators, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

The Curacy was augmented in 1826, with 1,000*l.* from the Parliamentary Grant—by lot.

Consecrated in 1825, and made a district Church under 59th Geo. III., cap. 134, sec. 16.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

No return as to Registers.

CHARITY.—*Poor's Money.* Interest of 13*l.*,—donor unknown. The principal was applied towards building a poor-house, and the interest is paid out of the rates at Christmas, and given among the poor not receiving any other relief from the parish.—Vide 7th Report, page 765.

Post town, Ripon.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 29. 9th Report of the Church Building Commissioners.

[1] Returned at 536 in 1834.

[2] 550 additional sittings (of which 280 are free) have been procured, towards which the Society made a grant of 400*l.*

SKELTON.—(*Parish of Ripon. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Ripon liberty.—POPULATION, vide Ripon[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 450; NET VALUE, 77*l.*

The towns of Givendale and Skelton juxta Ripon, were anciently given to the Collegiate Church of Ripon for a Prebend. Mr. Torre gives a catalogue of the Prebendaries.

Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

The Curacy was valued in 1707, at 27*l.* 16*s.*; and in 1818, at 78*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.* per annum[2].

Augmented in 1718, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Mrs. Elizabeth Trotter.

2nd March 1811, a faculty was granted to take down and rebuild the Chapel.

18th September 1811, the new Chapel was consecrated.

An Inclosure Act was passed 34th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Registers, prior to 1813, are included in Ripon.

CHARITY.—*Helen Holliday's charity.* Interest of 20*l.*, given in bread.—Vide 7th Report, page 765.

Post town, Boroughbridge.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 21.

SLEMINGFORD CUM STAINLEY.—(*Parish of Ripon.*)—Ripon liberty.

King Edward granted to the Monks of Fountains free warren in this place[3].

CHARITY.——*Rent-charge* of 5*s.* per annum among five poor women.—Vide 7th Report, page 646.

[1] Returned at 500 in 1834.

[2] In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 138, it is stated to have "Neither Minister nor maintenance."

[3] "The town fields of the village of Slemingford are discharged from the payment of tithes, as having been parcel of the possession of the Abbey of Fountaines.—Staveley *v.* Whitborne." 1 Wood, page 24; and "Ingleby *v.* Wyrell." 1 Wood, page 73.

Post town, Ripon.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Scleneford), page 54. Burton's Monasticon, page 200.

WINKESLEY WITH GRANTLEY. ST. OSWALD.—(*Parish of Ripon. Perpetual Curacy.*)—Claro wapentake, U. and L.——POPULATION, vide Ripon[1]; CHAPEL-ROOM, 400[2]; NET VALUE, 68*l.*

Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

Valued in 1707, at 35*l.*[3]; and in 1818, at 70*l.* per annum.

Augmented in 1740, with 200*l.*—by lot; in 1745, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from Fletcher Norton, Esq.; and in 1772, with 200*l.*, to meet benefaction of 200*l.* from C. Hopkins, Esq.

An Inclosure Act was passed 37th Geo. III.

Glebe house unfit for residence.

The Parish Registers are included in Ripon.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIP OF GRANTLEY. *The School.* The master receives the annual stipend of 6*l.*, under the will of Mr. John Richmond, and he has also the occupation of a house, garden, and half an acre of land; the will provides for twelve free scholars in reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism, but only eight are taught.

TOWNSHIP OF WINKESLEY.

Poor widows' rent-charge. 10*s.* per annum—donor unknown.—Vide 7th Report, page 765.

Post town, Ripon.

Burton's Monasticon, pages 208. 371.

[1] Returned at 451 in 1834.

[2] 220 additional sittings, of which 103 are free, have been obtained under a grant from the Society of 150*l.*

[3] In the Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 138, it is stated to have "Neither Minister nor maintenance."

ARCHDEACONRY OF NOTTINGHAM.

RETFORD DEANERY.—*Yorkshire portion*[1].

AUSTERFIELD.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*In the parish of Blythe. Unaugmented Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2710 acres. Strafford and Tickhill wapentake.—POPULATION, 280; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, vide Blythe.

Patron, the Vicar of Blythe.

Inclosure Act 5th Geo. III.

Glebe house.—No return.

Register Books.

Charities.—No return.

Not noticed by Torre. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iv. page 200. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 476. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Oustrefelt), page 86. Hunter's South Yorkshire, vol. i. page 79. Peck's Bawtry, page 61.

BAWTRY.—ST. NICHOLAS.—(*In the parish of Blythe. Unaugmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 270 acres. Strafford and Tickhill wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,149; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE included with Blythe, which was returned at 751*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Blythe.

The right of celebrating divine service and of sepulture, was granted by the Archbishop of York to the inhabitants of this chapelry on the 5th January, 1344.

Inclosure and Drainage Acts 12th, 1st, and 53 Geo. III.

Glebe house.—No return.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*Barbara Lister's charity*, by will. Interest of 200*l.*; 9*l.* per annum is paid to the Curate by the Earl of Rosslyn, supposed to be the interest of the above legacy.

Elizabeth Forster's charity, by will, 1780, and deed, 1792. Alms-houses for two widows, and rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum for repairs.—Vide 19th Report, page 315.

Torre's MS. (Nottinghamshire), page 1299. Abp. Sharp's MS., vol. iv. page 200. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 474. Peck's History of Bawtry. Not named in Domesday Book.

ROSSINGTON.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Rectory.*)—Area, 2,930 acres. Soke of Doncaster.—POPULATION, 325; CHURCH-ROOM, 130; NET VALUE, 659*l.*—An ancient Rectory, formerly belonging to the Lords Mauley, from whom it came to the Salvins, and then to the Crown. King Henry VII. granted the Advowson to the corporation of Doncaster, who presented until the passing of the Municipal Act, and it is now (April 1839) upon sale under the provisions of that Act.

[1] The order of Council for transferring the Archdeaconry of Nottingham to the See of Lincoln, makes no exception as to the Yorkshire portion.

Valued in the King's Books at 11*l.* 1*s.* 5½*d.*

Glebe house fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538.

CHARITIES.—*William Plaxton's gift*, by deed, 1650. Rent-charge of 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, for a free school for teaching the children of the inhabitants, as well the poor as the rich, to read English, to understand Latin, and to write a fair and legible hand, About twenty children are taught reading, writing, and accounts, but at the time of the Report it had been customary to pay a small quarterage for the instruction of all the children.

John Hall's gift, by will, 28th June 1670. Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum to the poor.—Vide 17th Report, page 797.

FINNINGLEY.—The parish of Finningley is within the county of Nottingham, except the townships of Awkley and Blaxton, which are in the county of York. The former contains a population of 235, and the latter 176.

CHARITY.——AWKLEY TOWNSHIP.—*Poor's land*, one acre. *Town close*, 7A. 3R. 34P.

It is not the intention of the Author to notice for the present the remaining portion of the Archdeaconry for the reason stated in the preface.

DIOCESE OF RIPON.

THIS Diocese was erected by an order of Council, dated the 5th October 1836, made under the authority of the Act of William IV.; and the Right Rev. Charles Thomas Longley, D.D., was elected the first Bishop under the royal Congé d'elire, and consecrated in the Cathedral at York on Sunday the 6th day of November in the same year.

The limits of the Diocese, as stated in the original order of Council, have been rectified by subsequent orders, and they now comprise the following parishes and Chapelries, which formerly formed part of the Diocese of York, and which are described in the preceding pages of this work[1]. Viz.:—

In the Deanery of New Ainsty.—Bardsey, 49; Barwick in Elmet, 50; Collingham, 59; Colthorpe, 59; Harewood, 62; Kippax, 64; Kirkby Overblows, 65; Kirk Deighton, 65; Roundhay, 51; Spofforth, 76; Stainburn, 66; Swillington, 77; Thorner, 79; Wetherby, 77; Whitkirk, 82.

In the Deanery of Old Ainsty.—Addle, 84; Fuiston, 85; Guiseley with its Chapelries, 85; Low Harrogate, 101; Hampsthwaite, 87; Leathley, 88; Leeds with its Chapelries, 89; Otley with its Chapelries, 97; Pannell, 101: Rawdon, 86; Thornthwaite, 88; Weston, 101.

In Pontefract Deanery.—Almondbury with its Chapelries, 105; Batley with its Chapelries, 108; Birstal with its Chapelries, 110; Bradford with its Chapelries, 112; Calverley, 117; Chapelthorpe, 154; Dewsbury with its Chapelries, 120; East Ardsley, 123; Emley, 123; Flockton, 160; Halifax with its Chapelries, 125; Huddersfield with its Chapelries, 137; Horbury, 163; Idle, 117; Kirkburton with its Chapelries, 141; Kirkheaton, 142; Morley, 145; Mirfield, 144; Methley, 143; Pudsey, 118; Rothwell, 151; Sandal Magna, 152; Thornhill, 159; Tong, 112; Wakefield with its Chapelries, 160; Woodkirk, 168.

The whole of Craven Deanery, 244.

In Doncaster Deanery.—Barnsley, 226; Cawthorne, 227; Cumberworth, 228; Darton, 183; Denby, 210; High Hoyland, 201; Peniston, 209; Silkstone, 225.

The whole of Ripon Peculiar, 538.

The abovementioned parishes and Chapelries now constitute the Archdeaconry of Craven.

The remaining portion of the Diocese of Ripon[2] was taken from the Diocese of Chester, and comprehends that part of the Archdeaconry of Richmond which is locally situate within the county of York, viz. the Deaneries of Boroughbridge, Catterick, Richmond, and part of Lonsdale, and which we now proceed to describe.

[1] To which the figures refer.

[2] Which portion, previous to the erection of the see of Chester by King Henry VIII., formed part of the diocese of York.

ARCHDEACONRY OF RICHMOND.

BOROUGHBRIDGE DEANERY.

ALDBOROUGH.—ST. ANDREW.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 8,750 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 2,447 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 750; NET VALUE, 368*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Dean and Chapter of York, and a Vicarage ordained, and the Dean and Chapter have still the patronage.

Valued in the King's Books, at 9*l.* 19*s.* 11½*d.*

The town is built on the site of ancient Isurium Brigantium. Mr. Torre gives a minute description of the monuments in the Church.

Here was a Chantry, founded at the altar of the Virgin Mary, by Ric. de Aldburgh and two others.

Glebe house fit.

The Register Books commence in 1538.

CHARITIES.—*Smithson's, Mark's, and Thompson's rents-charge.* 15*s.* per annum to Aldborough, 11*s.* 8*d.* to Roecliffe, and 11*s.* 8*d.* to Minskip.

ALDBOROUGH TOWNSHIP.

Sutton's rent-charge, 6*s.* per annum; *Scruton's ditto,* 10*s.* per annum; *Dove's ditto,* 10*s.* per annum; *Simpson's ditto,* 20*s.* per annum. All to the poor.

Thompson's gift, 1*l.* per annum for the Minister, and 2*l.* for the poor.

[1] Viz. Aldborough, 620; Boroughbridge, 950; Humberton with Milby, 49; Minskip, 267; Roecliffe, 265; Low Dunsforth, 133; Upper Dunsforth with Branton Green, 163. Returned in 1834 at 1,032, excluding the Chapelries.

Mark Smithson's charity, by will, 1787. Dividends on 3333*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* three per cent. consols; 10*l.* per annum is paid to the ringers for a peal on Thursday evenings and Sundays, 13*l.* per annum for bread for the poor who attend Church, 10*l.* per annum given in butcher's meat at Christmas, 7*l.* 10*s.* per annum given among the poor at 5*s.* each, and the residue is expended in clothing ten ancient women, and in the purchase of coals, and repairing the cottages of the poor. The trustees are the Vicar and two churchwardens.

ROECLIFFE TOWNSHIP.

Catton's gift, 4*s.* per annum.

Heselton's rent-charge, 10*s.* per annum.

MINSKIP TOWNSHIP.

Hutton's gift. Rent-charge of 15*s.* per annum, and the interest of 5*l.*—Vide 3rd Report, page 458.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars), page 919. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. pages 113. 167, recommended to be made a separate parish. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Aldeburne), page 95. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxxxi. page 312.

BOROUGHBRIDGE.—ST. JAMES.—(*In the parish of Aldborough. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)——Area 220 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 950; CHURCH-ROOM, 550; NET VALUE, 95*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Aldborough.

The Dean and Chapter of York claim the spiritual jurisdiction here as well as at Aldborough, but the Bishop of Chester, previous to the erection of the See of Ripon, also claimed it, and the Curate and chapelwardens were in the habit of attending the Bishop's Visitations.

Here was a Chantry called St. Saviour's Chantry, and another called St. Agatha's. There was also a Chantry at Roecliffe.

No glebe house.

Register Books, vide Aldborough.

The bridge, which is now built of stone, seems to have been of wood in the time of King Edward II., for Humphrey Bohan, Earl of Hereford, going over it was, at a chink thereof, thrust through the body about his groin, by a soldier under the bridge.

CHARITIES.—*Lord John Craven's*, by will, 28th May 1647. 5*l.* per annum.

Smithson's gift, 1*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.* per annum. —Vide 3rd Report, page 452.

Torre's MS., page 927, (armorial bearings on the windows). Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 167. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Burgh), pages 16. 36. 193. 206. 212. Hargrave's Knaresborough, page 329.

DUNSFORTH.—ST. MARY.—(*In the parish of Aldborough. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,860 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 296; CHURCH-ROOM, 80; NET VALUE, 51*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Aldborough.

The Priory of Allerton Mauleverer had lands at Dunsforth.

Inclosure Act 10th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

Register Books, vide Aldborough.

CHARITY.—*Cass's gift*, by will, 13th January 1728. 10*s.* per annum to the poor, and 40*s.* per annum for teaching five poor children to read.—Vide 3rd Report, page 452.

Torre's MS., page 927. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 167, recommended to be made a separate parish. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Dunesford), pages 205. 228. 234.

ALLERTON MAULEVERER.—ST. MARTIN.—(*Augmented Curacy.*)—Area, 2,300 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 251[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 65*l.*—The Church was appropriated to the Priory at this place by Richard Mauleverer, but no Vicarage was ever endowed.

Inclosure Act 12th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1557.

Here was a free Chapel dedicated to Mary Magdalen.

CHARITY.—*Rent-charge* of 50*s.* per annum, given to the poor in small sums. —Vide 3rd Report, page 452.

Torre's MS., page 1523. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 361. Bodleian MS., No. 5075. 5101. Domesday Book (Aluertune), pages 10. 36. 95. Hargrave's Knaresborough, page 369.

ALLERTON PRIORY.—This Priory was founded by Richard Mauleverer, temp. Henry II., for Benedictines.

Torre's MS., page 1523.

BURTON LEONARD.—ST. HELEN. —(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)—— Area, 1,760 acres. Claro wapentake.— POPULATION, 553; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 140*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Dean and Chapter of York, and in 1300 a Vicarage was ordained. The Dean and Chapter are still the patrons.

Valued in the King's Books, at 3*l.* 1*s.* 0½*d.*

Inclosure Act 30th Geo. III.

Glebe house unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1672.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's land.* Rent of 7A. 2R. of land and three rents-charge, amounting together to 35*s.* per annum: given among aged widows.

Sir Solomon Swales's gift, in 1675. 30*s.* per annum among the poor of Burton Leonard, Brearton, Stainley, and Wallerthwaite.—Vide 3rd Report, page 453.

Torre's MS., page 539. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 170, recommended to be united to North Stainley. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bertune), pages 11, &c.

[1] Viz. Allerton Mauleverer with Hopperton, 231; Clareton, 20.

COPGROVE.—ST. MICHAEL.——(*Discharged Rectory.*)—Area, 1,050 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 120[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, "sufficient;" NET VALUE, 200*l.*

Patron, T. Duncombe, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 5*l.* 9*s.* 7*d.*

Glebe house fit.

The Register Books commence in 1586.

CHARITIES.—*Gifts of Lewis Gay and others.* The principal, 41*l.*, is in the hands of the Rector for the time being, who pays for teaching three children to read, write, and cast accounts.

Hebden's gift, one fourth of the rent of 3A. 3R. of land.—Vide 3rd Report, page 454.

Torre's MS., page 1491. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Copegrave) page 206. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 160.

CUNDALL.—ST. MARY AND ALL SAINTS.——(*Aug. Vic. in charge*[2].)—Area, 3,150 acres. Hallikeld wapentake.—POPULATION, 346[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 158; NET VALUE, 59*l.*

The lordship of Cundall anciently belonged to the Lords Vipont.

The Church was appropriated to the Priory of Newburgh. Mr. Torre is silent as to the ordination of a Vicarage.

Patron and impropriator, W. Heathcote, Esq.

Inclosure Act (Norton le Clay) 31st Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1582.

CHARITIES.—*Land at Minskip*, 7A. 3R. 50*s.* per annum paid for teaching six children, and 10*l.* per annum to a schoolmaster; residue of the rent to the poor.

Roger Leadley's rent-charge, by will, 12th May 1682. 3*l.* per annum for clothing children.

Mary Malton's dole. 5*s.* per annum.

Clare Smithson's charity, by will, 1803. Dividends on 666*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* three per cent. consols, given in bread and coals.—Vide 4th Report, page 406.

[1] Returned in 1834 at 170.
[2] Now held as a perpetual Curacy.
[3] Viz. Cundall with Leckby, 200; Norton le Clay, 146.

Torre's MS., page 1527. Nonæ Roll, page 238. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cundel), page 92. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 194.

FARNHAM.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Aug. Vic. in charge.*)—Area, 2,780 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 614[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 180; NET VALUE, 130*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Monastery of Beauvale, and a Vicarage was ordained on the 16th May, 1355.

Patrons, the Rev. T. Collins, and the representatives of R. Harvey, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 6*l.* 11*s.* 11*d.*

Inclosure Acts (Serwen and Scotton) 9th Geo. IV.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1570.

Charities.—No return.

Torre's MS., page 1499. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Farneham), pages 12. 216. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 11. 14. Hargrave's Knaresborough, page 158.

SCOTTON.—(*In the parish of Farnham.*)—Here was anciently a free Chapel dedicated to the Virgin Mary.

GOLDSBOROUGH.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,230 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 359[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, "sufficient;" NET VALUE, 291*l.*

This Rectory formerly belonged to the patronage of the family of the Goldboroughs, but is now in the patronage of the Earl of Harewood.

Valued in the King's Books, at 10*l.* 1*s.* 0½*d.*

Inclosure Act 12th Geo. III.

Glebe house fit.

The Register Books commence in 1707; defective in 1772.—But vide transcripts at Richmond.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's Land*, six acres.

[1] Viz. Farnham, 169; Ferensby, 133; Scotton, 312. Returned in 1834 at 644.
[2] Viz. Goldsborough, 167; Coneythorpe, 96; Flaxby, 96.

GOLDSBOROUGH TOWNSHIP.

Poor's Money. 60*l.*—interest distributed.

Eliz. Byerley's gift, by will, 19th April 1763. Dividends on 562*l.* 11*s.* 9*d.* three per cents. reduced; paid to two poor widows.

CONEYTHORPE TOWNSHIP.

Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum out of Clayton Garth.

FLAXBY TOWNSHIP.

Free School. Endowment; house and fifteen acres of land: part of the land is very bad. About twelve free scholars taught reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism.—Vide 3rd Report, page 454.

The children of the parish are also entitled to the benefit of Knaresborough Free Grammar School, and the Rector is one of the trustees.

Torre's MS., page 1515. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Godenesburg), pages 67. 188. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 260.

HUNSINGORE.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)——Area, 3,660 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 595[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, 300*l.*—The Church is said to have been appropriated to a Monastery in Ireland; but it does not appear when it was appropriated or the Vicarage ordained.

In 1834, the patronage was stated in the official return to be then in Sir Henry S. Goodricke, Bart., since deceased.

Valued in the King's Books, at 5*l.* 17*s.* 3½*d.*

Glebe house unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1656.

The lord of the manor claims the right of proving wills and of granting letters of administration.

CHARITIES.——CATTAL TOWNSHIP.—*Mary Falkingham's charity*, by will, 1st March 1764. Interest of five guineas.

William Hawkes's, by will, 12th June 1760. Interest of 5*l.*

[1] Viz. Hunsingore, 235; Cattal, 208; Great Ribstan with Walshford, 152.

HUNSINGORE TOWNSHIP.

Dobson's dole. 5*s.* per annum, which used to be paid by the late Rev. Henry Goodricke, whose executrix was the late Lady Harland, of Sutton Hall.—Vide 3rd Report, page 457.

Torre's MS., page 1463. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Visigovere), pages 92. 206. 207. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 283.

RIBSTAN.—(*In the parish of Hunsingore.*)

Robert de Ros gave to GOD, St. Mary, and the brethren of the Knights of Solomon's Temple, his manor of Ribstan and the Church, and a Commandery of the order was established here.

4th September 1444, a commission issued to the Bishop of Philippi to dedicate and consecrate the Chapel at Ribstan.

Torre's MS., page 1467. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ripestain), pages 36. 188. 206. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 803. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 1272.

KIRKBY-ON-THE-MOOR.—(*Aug. Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,200 acres. Hallikeld wapentake.——POPULATION, 524[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 300*l.*—The Church was given by Roger de Mowbray to the Abbey of Newburgh, but it does not appear when it was appropriated or the Vicarage ordained.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books, at 7*l.* 13*s.* 6½*d.*

Inclosure Act (Kirkby Hill and Langthorpe) 46th Geo. III.

Glebe house unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1607; parts of them are illegible.

CHARITIES.—No return; except as to the endowment of a Chapel for Nonjurors at Ellenthorpe.—Vide 5th Report, page 647.

Torre's MS., page 1489. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (vide the numerous notices of Cherckebi). Nonæ Rolls, page 238. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 318. Whittaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 197.

[1] Viz. Humberton with Milby, 139; Kirkby-on-the-Moor, 189; Langthorpe, 196. Returned in 1834, at 570.

KIRK HAMMERTON.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,190 acres. Claro wapentake[1].—POPULATION, 382[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 116*l.*

William de Arches gave this Church to the Priory at Nun Monckton, to which it was appropriated, but no Vicarage was ever ordained therein.

Patron, the Rev. W. Metcalfe.

Inclosure Act 5th Geo. III.

Glebe house fit.

The Register Books commence in 1714. For earlier registers vide transcripts at Richmond.

CHARITY.—*Thomas Abbey's*, by will, 21st May 1731. Rent of 1A. 2R. of land, to be distributed in bread to the poor who attend Church—part is now given in money.—Vide 4th Report, page 460.

Torre's MS., page 1535. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hambretone), pages 212. 232.

KNARESBOROUGH.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 11,970 acres. Claro wapentake[3].—POPULATION, 10,214[4]; CHURCH-ROOM, 2,000; NET VALUE, 393*l.*—The Church was originally given to the Priory at Nostel, but on Id. November 1230, it was appropriated to the Prebend of Bichill (subsequently styled the Prebend of Knaresborough), in the Cathedral Church of York, and a Vicarage was ordained in 1343.

Patron, the Prebendary.

Valued in the King's Books, at 9*l.* 9*s.* 4½*d.*

Here was a Chantry dedicated to St. John Baptist and another to Mary Magdalen.

Inclosure Acts 10th, 12th, and 14th Geo. III.; 9th Geo. IV.

Glebe house fit.

The Register Books commence in 1561.

CHARITIES.—*Free Grammar School.* Founded by Dr. Robert Chaloner, 26th October, 14th Jac. I., for the education of all boys, as well poor as rich, within the parishes of Goldsborough and Knaresborough, in "the grammar and accidence, and other inferior books:" the Rector of Goldsborough, and the Vicar of Knaresborough, and sixteen of the inhabitants of the two parishes are trustees. At the time of the Report there were no free scholars. Endowment; house, rent-charge of 20*l.* per annum, and interest of 150*l.*, left in 1815, by R. Stockdale, Esq.

Thomas Richardson's Free School, founded by deed, 30th September 1765. Thirty boys and girls are clothed and taught reading, writing, arithmetic, and the principles of religion, and the boys are occasionally placed out apprentices. Endowment; house, corn-mill, 33A. 2R. 6P. of land, and 1,560*l.* three per cent. consols.

Alice Shepherd's charity, by will, 14th June 1806. Dividends on 8,333*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* three per cents. reduced, to which the Rev. Dr. W. Craven, by deed, in 1812, added 2,000*l.* Navy five per cents.: 200*l.* per annum is applied in clothing and putting out as apprentices fourteen poor boys, and 150*l.* per annum is paid among widows and other aged poor, in sums of 5*l.* each. At the time of the Report there was a balance in hand of above 200*l.*, and the Commissioners recommended a temporary increase in the number of annuitants.

Anthony Acham's gift, by will, 27th June 1638; 6*l.* per annum. *William Carter's charity*, 1699; rent of 2A. 1R. 17P. of land. *Christopher Yeates's*, by will, 31st August 1807; dividends on 149*l.* 16*s.* 9*d.* three per cent. consols. *Andrew Holden's*, by will, 15th December 1707; interest of 20*l.* The above mentioned four charities are all given in bread.

Lord John Craven's charity, by will, 28th May 1647. Rent of 36A. 2R. 32P. of land, given in sums varying from 6*d.* to 5*s.*

TOWNSHIP OF SCRIVEN WITH TENTERGATE.

William Roundell's charity, by will, 5th July 1729. Moiety of rent-charge of 4*l.* per annum, given in sums of 1*s.* each.

[1] Wilstrop is in the Ainsty.

[2] Viz. Kirk Hammerton, 270; Wilstrop, 112. Returned in 1834 at 363.

[3] A parliamentary borough.

[4] Knaresborough, 5,296; Arkendale, 260; Bilton with Harrogate, 2,812; Brearton, 248; Scriven with Tentergate, 1,598. Returned in 1834 at 7142 exclusive of the Chapelries.

Chris. Lewis's, by will, 1st May 1640. Rent-charge of 20*s*. per annum.

TOWNSHIP OF BREARTON.

Sir Solomon Swales's charity, by deed, 1692. Three-fourths of the rent of 3A. 2R. 33P. of land. The Commissioners recommend that trustees should be appointed.—Vide 3rd Report, page 463.

Torre's MS., page 909. (Monuments, &c.) Bodleian MS., Nos. 5101. and 8487. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Chenaresburg) pages 36. 167. 206, 207. Hargrove's Hist. of Knaresborough,

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PRIORY OF KNARESBOROUGH.—This was founded by Geoffery Plantagenet, second son of King John, for Trinitarian Friars, for the redemption of captives, and was first commenced by Robert Flower, a York man, who became a hermit, and was afterwards canonized by the appellation of St. Robert of Knaresborough.

Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 1565.

ARKENDALE.—ST. BARTHOLOMEW.—(*In the parish of Knaresborough. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 1,620 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 260; CHURCH-ROOM, 96; NET VALUE, 98*l*.

Patron, the Vicar of Knaresborough.

Inclosure Act 13th Geo. III.

No glebe house.

The Register Books of Baptism, Nos. 1 and 2 (from 1780 to 1812), are stated in the official return to be in the possession of the Rev. H. R. Maude, of Streatham, Surrey. Marriages and burials take place at Knaresborough.

CHARITIES.——*R. Burden's*, by will, 1732. 10*s*. per annum for a sermon on Arkendale feast-day, also 10*s*. per annum for bread.

Randall's. Interest of 5*l*. in the hands of the representatives of Peter Johnson, Esq., late recorder of York.

Lost charity. 8*s*. or 9*s*. per annum out of Staveley Carr. No document could be produced when the inclosure took place, and therefore nothing was set out in respect thereof.—Vide 3rd Report, page 469.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Bock (Arghendene), pages 36. 206.

BREARTON.——(*In the parish of Knaresborough.*)—Here a Chapel has lately been erected.

HARROGATE WITH BILTON.—ST. JOHN.—(*In the parish of Knaresborough. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 4,800 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 2,812; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,250; NET VALUE, 96*l*.

Patron, the Vicar of Knaresborough.

No glebe house.

The Register Books for baptisms and burials commence in 1758; marriages, previous to the late act, always took place at Knaresborough.

CHARITIES.——*Baxter's gift*. Rent-charge of 20*s*. per annum.

Thomas Boddey's. Two rents-charge of 20*s*. each.

William Lupton's gift. Interest of 10*s*.

William Carter's gift. Interest of 15*l*.

Jeffrey's gift. Interest of 10*l*. These two latter appear to have been lost.

Free School. Founded by Richard Taylor in 1785. Endowment, house and fifteen acres of land; thirty children of both sexes are freely taught reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism—seven trustees.

William Randall's gift, vide Knaresborough charities. Moiety of rent-charge of 4*l*. per annum.—Vide 3rd Report, page 468.

Not noticed by Torre. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 106.

MARTON WITH GRAFTON.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Aug. Discharged Vic.*)—Area, 2,030 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 482; CHURCH-ROOM, 320; NET VALUE, 199*l*.—This Church was appropriated to the Priory of Marton, but it does not appear when the Vicarage was ordained.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown, and it is now in St. John's College, Cambridge, which has also the impropriation.

Valued in the King's Books at 2*l*. 19*s*. 4½*d*.

Inclosure Act 39th and 40th Geo. III.

Glebe house fit.

The Register Books commence in 1648.

CHARITIES.—*Clarke's rent-charge.* 10*s.* per annum.

MARTON TOWNSHIPS.

Richard Brown's gift, by will, 25th August 1712. Rent-charge of 20*s.* per annum.

Richard Helme's charity, by will, 7th March 1699. Rent of 3A. 3R. 7P. of land, to the poor, deducting 10*s.* to the Minister for a sermon on Good Friday.

GRAFTON TOWNSHIP.

Edmund Catton's, by will, 20th Dec. 1701. 20*s.* rent-charge.—Vide 3rd Report, page 474.

Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 161. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Martune), it is, however, difficult to identify this place, many Martunes being mentioned in this book.

NIDD.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Aug. Discharged Vic.*)——Area, 940 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 110; CHURCH-ROOM, 50; NET VALUE, 91*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Collegiate Church of Ripon, 16th Kal. 1242.

Patron, the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books, at 3*l.* 6*s.* 10½*d.*

Glebe house unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1678; the prior registers were burnt with the Vicarage house in that year.—But vide transcripts at Richmond.

Charities.—No return.

Torre's MS., page 103. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Nit), page 54. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 165.

NUN MONKTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,250 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 398; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 78*l.*

Patron and impropriator, J. Tuffnell, Esq.

Inclosure Act 17th Geo. III.

Glebe house unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1708.—Vide transcripts of earlier date at Richmond.

CHARITIES.—*Marshall's gift.* 10*l.* per annum.

Wilson's charity, vide York charities, page 40. 5*l.* per annum for teaching twelve poor children.—Vide 3rd Report, page 475.

Torre's MS., page 1459. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Monucheton), page 54. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 370.

PRIORY OF NUN MONKTON.—A Benedictine Nunnery was founded here in the time of King Stephen, by William de Arches and Ivetta his wife.

Mon. Angl., vol. iv. page 192.

OUSBURN MAGNA.—ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 840 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 534; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 213*l.*

On the 23rd May 1348, this Church was appropriated to the Monastery of Egleston, and a Vicarage ordained.

At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books at 3*l.* 10*s.*

Inclosure Act 10th Geo. III.

Glebe house unfit.

The perfect Register Books commence in 1737; there are mutilated fragments which go back to about 1662.—But vide transcripts at Richmond.

CHARITIES.—*John Cass's rent-charge*, by will, 13th Jan. 1728. 10*s.* per annum to the poor, and 40*s.* per annum for teaching six children to be named by the Minister.

Jas. Sumpster's gift, 1727. 10*s.* per annum to the poor, and 20*s.* per annum for teaching three poor children, to be nominated by the Minister.

J. Abbay's gift, 1705. Interest of 10*l.*

W. Pickard's, 1783. Dividends on 356*l.* 13*s.* new South Sea annuities.

Mildred Thompson's charity, 1783. Interest of 10*l.*—Vide 3rd Report, page 475.

Torre's MS. page 1503. Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 144; recommended to be united to Ouseburn Parva, and the latter to be made the parish Church. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Useburne), pages 36. 221. 234.

OUSEBURN PARVA.———HOLY TRINITY.—(*Peculiar. Aug. Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 4,080 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 511 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 550; NET VALUE, 113*l.*

In 1233, this Church was appropriated to the Precentorship of the Cathedral at York, by Archbishop Walter Gray, who had purchased it of the Abbot and Convent of Fountains, and a Vicarage was subsequently ordained therein.

Patron, the Precentor.

Valued in the King's Books at 3*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.*

Inclosure Act 41st Geo. III.

Glebe house unfit.

The Register Books commence in 1564.

CHARITIES.———*Elizabeth Colson's*, by deed, 10th April 1750. Rent of seven acres of land, three-fifths are paid to the Curate as an augmentation, and two-fifths to a schoolmaster for teaching three boys and two girls English.

Poor's Fund. Interest of 180*l.*, amount of sundry donations; given partly in bread, and partly in money.

Richard Thompson's gift, by will, 27th October 1770. 40*s.* per annum.

Sundry rents-charge. These are six in number, and amount together to 4*l.* 16*s.* per annum; given in bread and money. —Vide 4th Report, page 428.

Torre's MS., page 763, (concord as to tithes at Thorpe Underwood). Parliamentary Survey, vol. xviii. page 144. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Useburne), pages 36. 221. 234.

RIPLEY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 7,080 acres. Claro wapentake.———POPULATION, 1,219 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 666*l.* —This was anciently a Rectory of Medieties, one of which was of the patronage of the Nevills and the other of the Pateshalls, but on 14th Kal. September 1250, they were consolidated.

Present patron, Sir William A. Ingilby, Bart.

Valued in the King's Books at 23*l.* 8*s.* 9*d.*

[1] Viz. Little Ouseburn, 287; Kirby Hall, 50; Thorpe Underwood, 144; Widdington, 30. Returned in 1834 at 534.

[2] Viz. Ripley, 270; Clint, 404; Killinghall, 545.

Glebe house fit.

The Register Books commence in 1560.

CHARITIES.—*Admiral Long's School.* Founded by Admiral Robert Long, by deed, 3rd January 1760. About forty-four boys and girls are freely taught reading, writing, and accounts, and the girls are also taught knitting and sewing. Endowment: school-house, 258A. 35P. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 200*l.* per annum, and the sum of 190*l.* at interest. The Commissioners were of opinion that steps should be taken to extend the benefits of the charity.—Vide 3rd Report, page 476.

The Free School. Founded by Catherine and Mary Ingilby in 1702. 40*s.* per annum is paid out of an estate at Sproatley containing 153A. 1R. 24P. of land to the Curate, for teaching the children of the whole parish reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism, which he does through an assistant. The Commissioners were of opinion that the whole estate was held in trust.

Thomasin Hardisty's charity, by will, 25th May 1745. Interest of 200*l.* paid to widows and for fatherless children.

Bread doles. 22*s.* 6*d.* per annum.

Newall's and Nursaw's gifts. Interest of 5*l.* each.

RIPLEY TOWNSHIP.

Lord John Craven's charity, by will, 28th May 1647. Rent of twenty-three acres of land, laid out in money and coals.

Nursaw's rent-charge. 3*l.* per annum.

Ralph Sandby's gift. Interest of 30*l.* This is supposed to be lost.

CLINT TOWNSHIP.

Poor's Land. 4A. 2R.

Nelson's rent-charge. 20*s.* per annum.

William Mountain's gift, by will, 1778. Interest of 100*l.* among twelve widows. The Commissioners recommended that the principal should be invested according to the directions of the testator.

KILLINGHALL TOWNSHIP.

Robert Clarkson's rent-charge. 9*s.* per annum.

Pallein's dole. 20*s.* per annum.—Vide 4th Report, page 432.

Torre's MS., page 1511. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ripeleia), pages 188. 228. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 130.

SOUTH STAINLEY [1].——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Augmented Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,800 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 243; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 75*l.*—This Church was anciently in the patronage of the Stutevilles, who presented their Clerks to the Dean and Chapter of York for institution.

Patrons, H. Reynard and J. S. Brown, Esqs.

Not mentioned in the King's Books.

No glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1658.

Charities.—No return.

Torre's MS., page 1531. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Stanlei), pages 17. 54. 55. 92. 216.

STAVELEY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 1,240 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 330; CHURCH-ROOM, 306; NET VALUE, 354*l.*

Patron, the Rev. Richard Hartley.

The manor anciently belonged to the Staveleys, but came by marriage to the Lords Fitz Hugh.

Valued in the King's Books at 8*l.* 17*s.* 9*d.*

Inclosure Act 41st Geo. III.

Glebe house fit.

The Register Books commence in 1558.

CHARITY.—*Poor's Land,* 4A. 2R. 4P. —rent distributed.—Vide 3rd Report, page 502.

Torre's MS., page 1507.

WHIXLEY.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Augmented Vicarage* [2].)—Area, 3,470 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 968 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 395; NET VALUE, 82*l.*—In 1361, this Church was appropriated to the house of St. Robert of Knaresborough, and a Vicarage was ordained 7th April 1376.

Patrons, the governors of Tancred's charities.

Valued in the King's Books at 7*l.* 16*s.* 11*d.*

Here was a Chantry founded for the soul of Archbishop Melton.

Inclosure Act 41st Geo. III.

Glebe house fit.

The Register Books commence in 1568.

CHARITIES.—*Charles Lewis's charity,* by will, 1640. 38*s.* per annum.

R. Tebb's, by will, 1643. 10*s.* per annum to the poor of Whixley, and 20*s.* per annum to the poor of Green Hammerton.

Dawson's charity. 10*s.* per annum out of the estate of Thos. Cass.

Dorothy Sutton's gift, by will, 1784. Interest of 20*l.*, to the poor.

Green Hammerton poor's land, 2A. 2R. 25P. *Rent-charge,* 10*s.* per annum out of Mr. Roger Holdsworth's estate. *Schoolmaster.* The Commissioners state that they had heard a rumour of an annual payment for the instruction of children, but they could not obtain any particular information, or ascertain whether it ever existed as a permanent charity.—Vide 3rd Report, page 504.

Tancred's charity. The commissioners deferred their report on this charity, which was founded in 1754, by Christopher Tancred, Esq., for the maintenance of twelve decayed gentlemen.

Torre's MS., page 1495. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cuselade, Crucheslaga), pages 164. 167. 212. Hargrove's Knaresborough, page 366.

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[1] With Clayton.

[2] Now held as a perpetual Curacy.

[1] Viz. Whixley, 621. Green Hammerton, 330; Thornville, 17.

DEANERY OF CATTERICK.

AYSGARTH.—ST. ANDREW.——(*Augmented discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 79,980 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 5,796[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, "sufficient;" NET VALUE, 137*l.*

The Church belonged to the Nevills, of Raby, for a long while; but on 27th April 1423, it was appropriated to Jarvaulx Abbey, and a Vicarage ordained.

Patrons and impropriators, Trinity College, Cambridge.

Inclosure Acts were passed 17th, 45th, 49th and 51st Geo. III., and 5th Geo. IV.

Valued in the King's Books, at 19*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1709.

CHARITIES.—AYSGARTH TOWNSHIP.—*Rent-charge*, 10*s.* per annum.

BURTON WITH WALDEN TOWNSHIP.

Poor's close. Bought with 50*l.*; for apprenticing poor children.

Poor's land. A small allotment, let for 30*s.* per annum.

John Sadler's charity, by will, 30th December 1742. House and 16*l.* a year for a schoolmaster, charged upon an estate called Chantry, at West Witton. In 1793, the owner of the estate discontinued the payment, on the ground of the devise being void.

THORALBY AND NEWBIGGIN TOWNSHIP.

Poor's land, 4A. 1R. 10*s.* per annum paid for a sermon on Good Friday; residue of the rent to the poor.

Jas. Hammond's gift, interest of 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; *Chas. Robinson's gift*, 1*l.* per annum; given in money or cloth.

Harrison's rent-charge. 1*l.* per annum.

Free School. Founded 2nd January 1748, by Elizabeth Whithay, widow, for teaching three poor children. Endowment: school-house, three acres of land, and interest of 20*s.*

TOWNSHIP OF HIGH ABBOTSIDE.

One acre. Rent distributed.

TOWNSHIP OF LOW ABBOTSIDE.

Poor's money. Interest of 20*l.*

TOWNSHIP OF LOW ABBOTSIDE AND ASKRIGG.

Almshouses at Grange. Dividends on 2000*l.* three per cent. consols; 10*l.* per annum paid to six poor women.—Vide 7th Report, page 684.

Torre's MS., page 1567. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 391. Nonæ Roll, page 238.

[1] Viz. Abbotside, High, 589; Abbotside, Low, 173; Askrigg, 737; Aysgarth, 332; Bainbridge, 881; Bishopdale, 108; Burton with Walden, 545; Caperby, 320; Hawes, 1,559; Newbiggin, 122; Thoraldby, 272; Thornton Rust, 158. Returned in 1834, at 2,100, excluding the Chapelries.

ASKRIGG. — ST. OSWALD.—(*In the parish of Aysgarth. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 4,790 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 737[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, 100*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Aysgarth.

An Inclosure Act was passed 56th Geo. III.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1701.

CHARITIES.—*Yorebridge School.*——Founded 25th September, 43rd Eliz., by Anthony Besson. Free for the children of the inhabitants of the Chapelry, except 2*s.* 6*d.* each (called a Cock Penny), at Shrovetide. Endowment: school-house, and 2A. 2R. of land, and the rent of the Black Swan Inn, (originally called the White Swan,) in Coney Street, York, which, at the time of the Report, was occupied by Mr. Barber, under a lease granted to Clarke for thirty-one years (date of lease not given) at the annual rent of 58*l.*; the lessee covenanting to lay out 1000*l.*

Wetherell's rent-charge. 12*s.* per annum. *Unknown.* 10*s.* per annum.—Vide 7th Report, page 684.

[1] Returned in 1834, at 1,430.

Torre's MS., page 1572. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ascrie), page 108. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 391. Nonæ Roll, page 238.

HARDROW.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.——(*In the parish of Aysgarth. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)——Hang West wapentake.——POPULATION, 630; CHURCH-ROOM, 160; NET VALUE, 109.

Patron, Lord Wharncliffe.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books, which include Lunds, commence in 1755.

CHARITIES, vide Aysgarth.

Not noticed by Torre. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 413.

HAWES.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*In the parish of Aysgarth. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 19,500 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 1559; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 124*l.*

Patrons, the land owners.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1695.

CHARITIES.—*Hawes School.* Founded 27th November 1764. 5 free scholars. Endowment: interest on 210*l.*—Vide 7th Report, page 689.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hasse), page 102. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 414.

LUNDS.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*In the parish of Aysgarth. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)—Hang West wapentake. POPULATION, 70; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 59*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Aysgarth.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books, which include Hardrow, commence in 1755.

CHARITIES, vide Aysgarth.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Lont), pages 61. 185. 192. 237. Whittaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 419.

STALLEN BUSK.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.——(*In the parish of Aysgarth*[1]. *Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)—POPULATION, 348; CHURCH-ROOM, 180; NET VALUE, 91*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Aysgarth.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1742.

CHARITIES, vide Aysgarth.

Not noticed by Torre. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 419.

THORALDBY.—ALL SAINTS.—(*In the parish of Aysgarth.*)

1313, Dame Mary Nevill, Lady of Middleham, founded two Chantries here.

BEDALE.——ST. GREGORY.——(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 7,070 acres. Hang East and Hallikeld wapentakes.—POPULATION, 2,707[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,500; NET VALUE, 1,936*l.*—The Church was formerly in the patronage of the Fitz Alans, and afterwards of the Stapletons of Carleton.

Present patrons, Miss Pierse and M. Stapleton, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 89*l.* 4*s.* 9½*d.*, per annum.

Inclosure Acts were passed 31st Geo. III. and 3rd and 4th Will. IV.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1560.

CHARITIES.—*Charity Estates.* Under the management of the Rector and twenty-four parishioners: viz. Wishmore Estate, 16 acres; Willow Close, 2A. 0R. 32P.; Hazleflatt Estate, 12 acres; Thirn Estate, 18A. 3R. 10P.; Young's Estate, 10A. 2R. 11P. Bought with various legacies, amount of rents given in money and bread.

Dr. Samwaies's Hospital, by will, 1691. Four almspeople, who have 3*s.* a week each, and coals, gown, and hat. Income; 55*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.* per annum.

Firby Hospital. Founded by John Clapham, about 1608, for a master and six brethren. The master has 12*s.* 6*d.* a month, and the brethren 10*s.* a month

[1] Stated in Ecton to be then newly erected.

[2] Viz. Askew, 586; Bedale and Firby, 1,266; Burrell and Cowling, 139; Crakehall, 580; Langthorne, 136.

each, besides coals and gowns. Six children are also directed to be educated. Endowment: rents-charge of 50*l.* per annum, and the interest of 150*l.*

Widows' Hospital. Founded by one Robert Younge—time unknown, for three widows or single women. Income; rent of twelve acres of land, interest of 90*l.* and rent-charge of 4*l.*

Firby Poor. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum.

Endowed Grammar School. Founded by Queen Elizabeth, and augmented by the Countess of Warwick, in 1628. No free scholars for forty years preceding the Report, and in 1816, the revenues were appropriated to a national school. The Commissioners expressed their hope that a grammar school would be restored. Endowment; 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum rents-charge.

William Heaton's gift, by will, 7th December, 1709. Interest of 100*l.*, for educating eight boys. Now applied towards the national school.

TOWNSHIP OF AISKEW.

Poor's land. 2A. 2R., with cottage and allotment.

Poor's money. Interest of 40*l.*, amount of several old donations.

Webster's rent-charge. 5*l.* per annum, for teaching eight poor children to read.

TOWNSHIP OF CRAKEHALL.

Isabella Benson's dole, rent-charge of 24*s.* per annum; *William Clarke's charity.* 11*s.* per annum, are paid out of certain lands.—Vide 7th Report, page 671.

Torre's MS., page 1623. (Monuments, &c.) Nonæ Roll, page 238. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bedale), page 111. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 5. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.

BURNESTON.—ST. LAMBERT.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 6,920 acres. Hallikeld wapentake.——POPULATION, 1,430[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 450; NET VALUE, 546*l.*

Appropriated to St. Mary's Abbey, at York.

Patron, the Duke of Cleveland.

Impropriators, the Duke of Cleveland, W. R. L. Serjeantson, Esq., and E. I. Carter, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 37*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1566.

CHARITIES.——*School and Almshouse.* Founded by Matthew Robinson, in 1688, by deed. There is an almsmaster who has 5*l.* 8*s.* per annum, for which he is bound to instruct the children of the parish at 2*s.* a quarter for each child; six almspeople 6*l.* 6*s.* per annum each, and gowns and coals. The schoolmaster has 16*l.* per annum, for which he is required to instruct gratis seventeen boys and girls in writing and arithmetic. Endowment; 12A. 0R. 3P. of land, and 43*l.* 5*s.* rents-charge.

Poor's land. Rent of seven acres, and interest of 100*l.*

Ann Savill's gift, in 1692. Interest of 50*l.*; not received for many years.

CARTHORPE QUARTER.

John Gale's rent-charge. 4*l.* per annum.

EXILBY, LEEMING, AND NEWTON QUARTER.

Ralph Cowley's rent-charge, 1670. 4*l.* per annum.

Thomas Isles's dole, 1684. 3*l.* per annum.—Vide 4th Report, page 403.

Torre's MS., page 1539. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Brinnistan), pages 11. 115. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. page 573. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 125.

LEEMING.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Parish of Burneston. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 2,300 acres. Hallikeld wapentake.——POPULATION, 633; CHURCH-ROOM, 170*l.*; NET VALUE, 84*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Burneston.

Here was a Chantry founded for the soul of Sir John Heslarton, Clerk.

There is no glebe house.

Register Books, vide Burneston.

CHARITIES, vide Burneston.

Torre's MS., page 1627. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 133.

CATTERICK.—ST. ANNE.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 21,180 acres.—

[1] Viz. Burneston, 342; Carthorpe, 304; Exelby, Leeming, and Newton, 633; Gatenby, 69; Theakstone, 82.

Hang East wapentake.——POPULATION, 2,681[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 678. This Church was appropriated to the Abbey of St. Mary's, in York, in Sept. 1224.

Patron, the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books, at 25*l.* 2*s.* 1*d.* per annum.

Inclosure Acts were passed 6th and 46th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.——*Hospital and School.* Founded by the Rev. Michael Syddall, formerly Vicar of Catterick, by will, 3rd January 1658. Six widows have rooms and 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum each, as the allowance is small, they also receive parochial relief. There are sixteen free scholars in the school; only English is now taught. Endowment; 20A. 3R. 1P. of land.—Vide 6th Report, page 618.

Torre's MS., page 1543. Nonæ Roll, page 237. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Catrice), page 101. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. page 573. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 18. Raine's Church of Catterick. Bodleian MS., Nos. 5078 and 5101.

The Hospital of St. Giles, at Catterick, is mentioned temp. Henry III.

Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 780.

BOLTON UPON SWALE.——ST. MARY.—(*In the parish of Catterick. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 500 acres. Gilling East wapentake.—POPULATION, 963; CHURCH-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, 118*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Catterick.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1659.

CHARITIES.—*Scorton School.* Founded by Leo Robinson, Esq., by will, 10th March 1720. 20*l.* per annum to be paid to the Curate, for a sermon every Sunday afternoon and on every holiday; and 10*l.* per annum for apprenticing boys. Residue of income for freely instructing all such boys as shall be sent, in the Latin or Greek tongues. Endowment; rent of 130A. 3R. 27P. of land, and dividends on 350*l.* three per cent. consols. About twelve scholars, who pay for all instruction except Latin. A few poor boys are taught reading and writing. Income; about 200*l.* per annum.

Duffield and Bruce's rents-charge. 4*l.* and 2*l.* a year.

William Brown's rent-charge, by deed, 1695. 2*l.* 8*s.* per annum.—Vide 6th Report, page 606.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bodeltune), pages 39, &c. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. page 532. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 25.

HIPSWELL.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.——(*In the parish of Catterick. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 2,290 acres. Hang East wapentake.—POPULATION, 293[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 260; NET VALUE, 88*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Catterick.

An Inclosure Act was passed 47th Geo. III.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1665.

CHARITIES.—*Corkin's Charity,* 1757. Interest of 100*l.* towards a free school.

Christopher Plows's, 1665. Rent of 18 acres of land: applied for apprenticing children and relieving widows.

Lost charities.—Ann Darcy's, 1709; 10*s.* to the Curate as an augmentation. *Lady Wandesford,* by will, 28th Sept. 1713; interest of 50*l.*, of which 1*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.* was to be paid to the Minister, the remainder to the poor.—Vide 6th Report, page 621.

Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hipplewelley), page 104. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 42.

HUDSWELL.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.——(*In the parish of Catterick. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 3,180 acres. Hang West wapentake.—

[1] Viz. Appleton, 83; Brough, 78; Catterick, 683; Colburne, 163; Hipswell and St. Martin's, 293; Kellerby, 62; Scotton, 138; Tunstall, 312; Hudswell, 291; Ellerton upon Swale, 147; Kiplin, 103; Scorton, 492; Uckerby, 50; Whitwell, 86.

Returned in 1834, at 1,219, excluding the the Chapelries.

[1] Returned in 1834, at 560.

POPULATION, 291; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 64*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Catterick.

An Inclosure Act was passed 47th Geo. III.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1602.

CHARITIES.—*Plows's*, by deed, 14th Car. II. Rent of 10A. 2R. of land, and there are five cottages, which are occupied by paupers.

Gregory Elsley's, 1716. Interest of 20*l.*

Thomas Thompson's, 1770. Rent of 1A. 2R. of land; given among widows.

The School. Established on the inclosure in 1809: twelve free scholars. Endowment; 24A. 3R. 32P. of land.

Sir Christopher Wandesford's charity. 5*l.* per annum for apprenticing children. —Vide 6th Report, page 621.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hudreswelle), page 104. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 42.

COVERHAM.—HOLY TRINITY. —(*Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 22,120 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,235[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, with Horsehouse, 223*l.*

Patron, Rev. W. Otter.

Inclosure and Composition Acts were passed 15th and 48th Geo. III.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books, which include Horsehouse, commence in 1707.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Forster's Charity*, by will, dated 25th June 1692, rent of 10A. 1R. 15P. of land, and a slate quarry. One fourth to the Curate, and three fourths to the poor.

John Constantine's Charity, by will, 24th November 1724, 12*l.* per annum to the Curate of Horsehouse, if resident, and performing Divine service every Sunday forenoon, if not, to be given in charity.—Also 3*l.* for educating six poor boys; also 9*l.* per annum, for apprenticing three poor boys; also 20*s.* per annum, to two of the poorest families; also 10*s.* per annum, for a treat to the trustees, and 2*s.* 6*d.* to the Minister of Horsehouse, and 2*s.* 6*d.* to the poor of Coverham.

William Swithenbank's Charity, by will, 21st January 1714.—Rent of a fire house for poor widows (the house has since fallen down, and the site is in the possession of Thomas Lofthouse), 1*l.* per annum, to the Minister of Horsehouse, for preaching four sermons, *viz.* Christmas-day, Good Friday, Holy Thursday, and the 5th of November; 10*s.* per annum, to the poor of High Dale; 5*l.* per annum, for teaching and apprenticing poor children; 2*l.* per annum, to old people and poor widows, and 1*l.* 6*s.* per annum, to the poor of Steanbeck Up.

J. Hammond's rent charge, 10*s.* per annum; *T. Hammond's do.*, 10*s.* per annum; *Marshall's do.*, 30*s.* per annum, out of land at Melmenby belonging to Col. Chaytor; *Robert Pickering's do.*, 30*s.* per annum, paid by Mr. William Topham of Middleham.

Walker's gift, interest of 18*l.* in the hands of John Blackbeard and Henry Spence.—Vide 7th Report, page 693.

Torre's MS., page 1419, Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Covreham), page 108. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 350.

COVERHAM ABBEY.——Founded about 1215, by Radolphus, son of Robert Fitz Ralph.

HORSEHOUSE—Patron Saint, not known.—(*In the Parish of Coverham. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*) Hang West wapentake. — POPULATION, 365; CHURCH-ROOM, 220; NET VALUE, vide Coverham.

There is no glebe house.

Register Books, vide Coverham.

CHARITIES, vide Coverham.

Not noticed by Torre; Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. p. 350.

DOWNHOLME.—ST. MICHAEL. —(*Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 5,800 acres. Hang West wapentake. POPULATION, 235[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 75*l.*—Rated as a Vicarage in charge, 5*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.*—The tenths are paid by the Impropriator.

[1] Viz. Agelthorpe, 188; Caldbridge, 107: Carlton, 303; Carlton Highdale, 365; Melmerby, 127; West Scrafton, 145.

[1] Viz. Downholme, 104; Ellerton Abbey, 61; Stainton, 44; Walburn, 26.

The Manor belonged to the Lords Scrope of Bolton.

Appropriated to the Monastery of Coverham.

Patron and Impropriator, T. Hutton, Esq,

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1736.

CHARITIES.——*Whitelock's gift.* Interest on 5*l.*, paid by Mr. Christopher Ellerton.

Ellerton's charity, by deed, 26th Sept. 1814, dividends on 150 Navy fives, given by the Rev. Edward Ellerton, Richard Ellerton, and Christopher Ellerton, for teaching poor children.

STAINTON TOWNSHIP.

10*s.* per annum rent charge.—Vide 7th Report, page 697.

Torre's MS., page 1557. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Dune) page 104. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 921. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 316.

FINGALL——ST. ANDREW.——(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 4,460 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 460[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 342*l.*

The Church was for a long time in the patronage of the Lords Fitz Hugh, present patron, M. Wyvill, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 18*l.* 18*s.* 4*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1593. Parts illegible.

CHARITIES.—No return.

Torre's MS., page 1589. Nonæ Roll, page 237. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Finegala), page 113. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 319.

GRINTON IN SWALEDALE.—ST. ANDREW.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 49,810 acres. *Hang* West, and West Gilling, wapentakes.—POPULATION, 4,854[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 594; NET VALUE, 200*l.*

The Church was given to the priory of Bridlington by Walter de Gant. At the dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books, at 12*l.* 5*s.* 7½*d.*

The Vicar is charged with the reparation of the chancel.

An Inclosure Act was passed 17th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1640.

CHARITIES.——*Fremington School*, founded by Ald. James Hutchinson of York, by will, 3rd February 1643.—The poor to be free, and none of the parish to pay more than 2*s.* yearly, about 80 children taught reading, writing, and accounts, on the National plan. Endowment; 5 acres of land; rent-charge of 10*l.*; and also about 52*l.* per annum, being a moiety of the rents of Hutchinson's charity in Wakefield.

Colville's rent-charge, 50*s.* per annum, in bread.

Reeth rent-charge, 10*s.* per annum.

Healaugh rent-charge, 10*s.* per annum.

Cogdon rent-charge, 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

Thomas Garth's rent-charge, 20*s.* per annum.

Crackpot rent-charge, 20*s.* per annum.

Rev. Mr. Joy's gift, dividends on 100*l.* Navy fives, in bread.

Rent-charge of 5*s.* per annum, out of land, belonging to Christopher Hutchinson of Harkerside.—Vide 7th Report, page 698.

Torre's MS., page 1629. Nonæ Roll, page 238. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Grinton), page 104. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 307.

MUKER——ST. MARY.——(*In the parish of Grinton. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 32,170 acres. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,247; CHURCH-ROOM, 450; NET VALUE, 98*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Grinton.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1638. Parts illegible.

CHARITIES.—*Free School*, founded by Anthony Metcalfe, by will, 11th July 1678; eight free scholars, in reading, writing, accounts, and the Church-catechism. En-

[1] Akebar, 53; Burton Constable, 257; Fingall, 127; Hutton Hang, 23.

[2] Viz. Grinton, 696; Milbecks, 1,455; Muker, 1,247; Neeth, 1,456.

dowment; fourteen acres of land, and a school-house.—Vide 7th Report, page 651.

Not noticed by Torre. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 310.

WEST HAWKSWELL——ST. OSWALD.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,850 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 361 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 295*l.*

The Church was given by Stephen, Earl of Richmond, to the Abbey of St. Mary.

Valued in the King's Books, at 20*l.* 14*s.* 4½*d.*

Patron, Mrs. M. Gale.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1592.

CHARITY.—Interest of 170*l.* sundry donations, six children educated, and the residue of interest distributed.—Vide 7th Report page 701.

Torre's MS., page 1563. Nonæ Roll, page 237. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Aavoeswelle), page 109. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 323.

HORNBY.—ST. MARY.—(*Peculiar. Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 3,690 acres. Hang East wapentake.—POPULATION, 364 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 420; NET VALUE, 93*l.*—This Church anciently belonged to the Abbot and Convent of St. Mary's, in York, and was by them granted on Non. Sept. 1220, to Walter Gray, Archbishop of York, and by him given and appropriated to the Dean and Chapter of York, and a Vicarage was ordained therein.

Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of York.

Valued in the King's Books, at 6*l.* 15*s.* 5*d.*

Inclosure Acts were passed 31st and 54th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1582.

CHARITIES.——*William Tipping's*, by will, 1626. 14*s.* per annum, paid by the Duke of Leeds.

Darcy's, Elsley's, and Firby's gifts. Proportion of certain rents of 4A. 2R. 10P. of land, with certain parishes.

William Brown's, 1789. Interest of 20*l.*, in bread.—Vide 6th Report, page 624.

Torre's MS., page 1617. Nonæ Roll, page 242. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. page 573. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hornibi), pages 39. 103. 108. 234. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 43. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.

KIRKBY FLEETHAM.—ST. MARY.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 2,950 acres. Hang East wapentake.—POPULATION, 625; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 200*l.*

Appropriated to the Commandery of Mount St. John.

Valued in the King's Books, at 9*l.* 18*s.* 4*d.*

Patron, the Crown.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1591; from 1686 to 1718, the entries are copied from loose papers—irregular and defective from 1728 to 1763.

CHARITIES.—*Leonard Smelt's*, by deed, 22nd December 1712, (together with other charitable donations). Rent of fourteen acres of land.—Vide 6th Report, page 625.

Torre's MS., page 1559. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Churchebi), pages 10. 32, 33. 38. 84. 98. 101. 119. 129. 166. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 61. Bodleian MSS., No. 5078.

KIRKBY MALZEARD.—ST. ANDREW.—(*Vicarage united to Masham.*)—Area, 53,530 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 4,707; CHURCH-ROOM, with Masham, 900; NET VALUE, 384*l.*

Roger de Mowbray, in the time of King Stephen, gave this Church to the Cathedral at York, and it was afterwards appropriated to the Prebendary of Massam, and a Vicarage was ordained Non. April 1278. On the dissolution of the Prebend of Massam, the advowson was given to Trinity College, Cambridge, which still has the patronage and impropriation.

Inclosure Acts were passed 20th and 27th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

[1] Viz. Barton, 104; Garriston, 60; East and West Hawkswell, 197.

[2] Viz. Ainderby Myers with Holtby, 90; Hackfall, 142; Hornby, 132.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's land*, 7A. 3R. 23P.

Chris. Brown's gift, by will, 14th March 1653. 20*s*. per annum.

John Ripley's charity. Rent of house and eight acres of land.

Margaret Ripley's gift, by will, 29th May 1712. 10*s*. per annum.

Lister's rent-charge. 10*s*. per annum.

Elizabeth Walker's gift, by will, 16th August 1703. 6*l*. 15*s*. per annum, of which four pounds is to be applied in apprenticing two poor boys.

John Holdsworth's charity, by will, 2nd September 1678. Rent of 8A. 2R. 25P.

Abraham Smith's gift. Interest of 6*l*. 10*s*., in the hands of the Vicar.

Thos. Sutton's gift, 40*s*. per annum.

Loadsman's dole, 10*s*. per annum.

Greeveson's rent-charge, 6*s*. per annum.

Thirkell's gift, 5*s*. per annum.

George Day's rent-charge, 6*s*. per annum.

John Hutchinson's rent-charge, 2*l*. per annum.

Sweaton rent-charge, 1*l*. 13*s*. 4*d*. per annum.

Laverton rent-charge, 1*l*. per annum.

All the above are distributed among the poor not receiving parish relief.

Lost charity. 28*l*., charity-money, was, in 1719, applied towards parish purposes, and 1*l*. 8*s*. was paid to the poor out of the rates till 1801, when the payment was discontinued.

School. Founded by Gilbert Horseman, by will, 27th November 1640, and further endowed by Gregory Elsley, by will, 24th December 1716, and by William Elsley, by deed, in 1726. Twenty boys are taught reading, writing, arithmetic and the Church Catechism, and five are clothed. Endowment; house and garth, and 10*l*. per annum rents-charge.—Vide 4th Report, page 420.

Torre's MS., page 937, (Composition as to Bramley Tithes, &c.). Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cherchebi), pages 10. 32, 33. 38. 84. 98. 101. 119. 129. 166. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 107.

MIDDLESMOOR.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.——(*Augmented Perpetual Curacy*.)—Area, 6,840 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 413[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 115*l*.

[1] Returned in 1834, at 1,334.

Patron, the Vicar of Kirkby Malzeard.

Glebe house fit.

The Register Books commence in 1663; defective 1715—1727.

CHARITY.—*School*. Founded by S. Horner, 1809. Endowment; rent-charge of 20*l*. per annum.

Whitaker's Richmondshire, pages 111. 115. 117.

HARTWITH WITH WINSLEY PECULIAR.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*In the parish of Kirkby Malzeard. Augmented perpetual Curacy*.)—Area, 5,470 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 943; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 103*l*.

Patrons, Rev. S. Swire and R. Roundell, Esq.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1751.

CHARITIES.——*Dawson's rent-charge*, 2*l*. per annum.

Mary Midgley's, 10*s*. per annum.

Mary Hardcastle's, 10*s*. per annum.

Dowgill and Wood's gifts. Interest of 20*l*.

Thomasine Hardisty's charity, by will, 25th May 1745. Interest of 200*l*., among poor widows and children.

School. Founded by Robert Haxby, and said to be free only to the children of the tenants of three farms, formerly belonging to the founder. Endowment; house and 7A. 2R. 27P. of land.—Vide 4th Report, page 427.

Not noticed by Torre. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 113. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, page 290.

KIRKLINGTON.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge*.)—Area, 3,800 acres. Hallikeld wapentake.——POPULATION, 486[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 1,034.—The Church is an ancient Rectory, formerly in the patronage of the family of the Musters.

Present patron, the Hon. C. B. Wandesford.

Valued in the King's Books, at 25*l*. 7*s*. 3½*d*.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1568; deficient 1579—1596.

[1] Viz. Howgrave, 25; Kirklington with Upsland, 305; Sutton, 121; East Tanfield, 35.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's land.* Eighteen acres, bought in 1732, with sundry charity monies, to which the then Rector, the Rev. John Wandesford, added 50*l.*

KIRKLINGTON TOWNSHIP.

Richard Stoney's gift, by will, 13th December 1718. Rent of four acres.

TOWNSHIPS OF SUTTON, HOWGRAVE AND EAST TANFIELD.

Philip Benlowe's gift. Rent of three small tenements and garth.

Mary Wandesford's gift, by will, 4th November 1725. 20*s.* for teaching two poor children to read and say their Catechism.—Vide 4th Report, page 407.

Torre's MS., page 1597. Nonæ Roll, page 237. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cherdinton), page 115. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 139. Bodleian MSS., page 5101.

MASHAM, PECULIAR.—ST. MARY.—(*Vicarage in charge. United to Kirkby Malzeard.*)—Area, 22,940 acres. Hang East wapentake.—POPULATION, 2,995 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, vide Kirkby Malzeard; NET VALUE, vide Kirkby Malzeard.—The Church was given to the Cathedral of York, by Roger de Mowbray, and it was appropriated to the Prebend of Masham, (which was dissolved at the Reformation), and in April 1278, a Vicarage was ordained in the Church.

Valued in the King's Books, at 46*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*

No return as to glebe house.

An Inclosure Act was passed 33rd Geo. III.

The Register Books commence in 1599.

CHARITIES.—*The School.* Founded in 1760, by William Danby, Esq., and others, including benefactions left by Oswald Coates, Isabella Beckwith, and Ann Danby; thirty-five free scholars. Endowment; 36A. 1R. of land, and rents-charge of 31*l.* 12*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

TOWNSHIP OF MASHAM.

Poor's land, 4A. 3R. and 20*l.* at interest, the rent and interest, after giving 16*s.* to the poor, is employed in apprenticing poor boys.

Hutchinson's dole, 1*l.* per annum.

[1] Viz. Burton-upon-Yore, 254; Ellingstring, 228; Ellingtons, 148; Fearby, 249; Healy with Sutton, 400; Ilton with Rott, 233; Masham, 1,276; Swinton with Warthermask, 207.

TOWNSHIP OF FEARBY.

Ripley's rent-charge, by will, 14th December, 1722. 10*s.* per annum.

TOWNSHIP OF HEALEY.

Doles, 2*l.* 12*s.* per annum; not now paid.

TOWNSHIP OF ILTON CUM POTT.

Rent-charge, 10*s.* per annum.

TOWNSHIP OF ELLINSTRING.

Thomas Wright's gift, by will, 5th October 1715. Rent-charge of 50*s.* per annum, out of an estate called Crofts; not paid for some years back, the land not being effectually charged.

SWINTON TOWNSHIP.

Hutchinson's dole, 1*l.* per annum.

King's gift. Interest of 12*l.*

Bartlett's gift, 5*s.* per annum.

Gifts of Ann Norton, Lady Yorke, and Sir Abstrupus Danby, for apprenticing poor children. Rents of 4A. 3R. 16P. of land.—Vide 6th Report, page 626.

Torre's MS., page 1932. Nonæ Roll, page 241. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Massan), pages 110. 112. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 93. Bray's Tour, page 383.

MIDDLEHAM.—ST. MARY AND ST. ALKELD.—(*A Deanery and royal peculiar jurisdiction.*)—Area, 2,400 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 914; CHURCH-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, 445*l.* [1]

In the time of King Stephen, Osbert the sheriff gave to the Monks of Durham the Church of Middleham.

On the 21st February, 17th Edward IV., the King, at the request of Richard, Duke of Gloucester, granted license to establish a College at Middleham, to consist of a Dean, six Chaplains, four Clerks, six Choristers, and also one Clerk to celebrate in the parish Church there, for the good estate of the said King, Elizabeth his Queen, Richard, Duke of Gloucester, and Anne his wife, while they lived, and for their souls after they should depart this life, and for the souls of Richard, Duke of York, their father, &c.; and that they should be a body corporate by the name of, The Dean and Chaplains of the College of Richard Duke of Gloucester, at Middle-

[1] The officiating Minister and officers receive out of the yearly revenue 120*l.*, and the Dean the remainder.

ham, and on the 6th August, 1478, a commission issued to establish the college.

On the 24th May, 1481, Archbishop Rotherham exempted this Collegiate Church, and all the Ministers, parishioners, and inhabitants of the town from all ordinary, archiepiscopal, and metropolitan, and other ecclesiastical jurisdiction, from all nomination and vocation by appeal or Querele, and from all visitation, correction, and power, belonging to him or his successor. All which was confirmed by the Dean and Chapter of York, on the 12th April, 1482.

Patron, the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books, at 13*l.* 9*s.* 4½*d.*

The deanery house is fit for residence.

There was a Chantry here at the altar of St. Mary, for the soul of John Cartmell, sometime Rector of this Church.

The Register Books commence in 1604; mutilated 1681—1703.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's estate.* 7A. 1R. and three cattle-gates.

R. Dixon's charity. Rent-charge of 40*s.* per annum, for apprenticing poor boys.

W. Tennant's charity, by will, 1792. Dividends on 50*l.* Navy Fives, for teaching two poor boys.

R. Pickering's, by will, 19th January, 1602. 20*s.* per annum, payable out of a house in Ripon, in the possession of Richard Skaife: payment discontinued for many years.—Vide 7th Report, page 702.

Torre's MS., page 1249. Nonæ Roll, page 237. Bodleian MSS., No. 8518. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Medelai), pages 108. 199. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 330. Gentleman's Magazine, vol. lxxxiv. page 318.

MIDDLESMORE IN NETHERDALE, PECULIAR.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 6,840 acres. Claro wapentake.—POPULATION, 413; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 115*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Kirkby Malzeard.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1663; defective 1715—1727.

15th November, 1484, a commission issued to the Bishop of Dromore to consecrate this Chapel, the inhabitants agreeing to observe all customs heretofore used, and also contribute towards the repairs and other burdens of the Mother Church.

CHARITIES.—*William Craven's charity*, by will, 19th July 1680. Rent-charge of 2*l.* 6*s.* per annum.

The Rev. Dr. William Craven's charity, by deed, 24th August 1812. Dividends on 200*l.* five per cents. to be distributed by the Minister and churchwardens.

Christ. Pailey's gift. Interest of 10*l.*, in the hands of the Minister for the time being.

Roger Baines's gift. 10*s.* per annum.

W. Swithenbank's gift. Rent-charge of 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Margaret Spence's gift. Interest of 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; principal in the hands of the parish.

Horner's rent-charge, 2*l.* per annum.

Topham's gift, 10*s.* per annum.

Longside dole, 1*l.* 4*s.* per annum.—Vide 4th Report, page 424.

School. Founded by Simon Horner, Esq., by deed, 9th December 1809, for teaching a competent number of the children of the township of Stonebeck Up, reading, writing, and arithmetic, to attend the Chapel every Sunday, and to be taught the Catechism. Endowment; 20*l.* per annum.

Chapelry of Middlesmore School.—Founded by John Lazenby, by will, 2nd April 1743, for ten poor boys to be taught reading, writing, vulgar arithmetic, and the principles of religion. Endowment; house and six acres of land.—Vide 3rd Report, page 460.

Torre's MS., page 942.

PATRICK BROMPTON.—ST. PATRICK.—(*Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 5,560 acres. Hang East and Hang West wapentakes.—POPULATION, 1,051[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 96*l.*—The Church was given to St. Mary's Abbey, by Stephen, Earl of Britain.

Patron, the Bishop of Chester.

Valued in the King's Books as a Rectory in charge, at 34*l.* 13*s.* 4½*d.*

An Act for the better collection of the tithes was passed 54th Geo. III.

[1] Viz. Arrowthorne, 59; Patrick Brompton, 188; Newton le Willows, 269; Hunton, 535.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books, including Hunton, commence in 1723.

CHARITIES.—*Free School.* Founded by Samuel Atkinson, 13th March 1717, for two of the poorest people's children; Samuel Clark and Gregory Elsley gave certain donations—twelve free scholars. Endowment; 5A. 2R. of land, two cottages, and interest of 60*l.*

Gregory Elsley's gift. Interest of 20*l.*

Francis Clarke's gift, by will, 9th July 1708. Rent-charge of 52*s.* per annum, in bread.

William Hewgill's rent-charge. 52*s.* per annum, for bread; lost, not being properly charged.—Vide 6th Report, page 617.

Torre's MS., page 1547. Nonæ Roll, page 237. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bruntone), page 113. Whitaker's Richmond, vol. ii. p. 54.

HUNTON.—ST. JOHN.—(*Parish of Patrick Brompton. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,770 acres. Hang East wapentake.—POPULATION, 535; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 90*l.*

Patron, the Bishop of Chester.

No glebe house.

PICKHILL.——ALL SAINTS.—(*Augmented Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 4,680 acres. Hallikeld and Allertonshire wapentakes.—POPULATION, 758[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 152*l.*—The Church was appropriated to the Hospital of St. Leonard, in York.

Patrons and impropriators, Trinity College, Cambridge.

Mr. Torre does not give any ordination of a Vicarage.

Valued in the King's Books, at 5*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1571; several years deficient, and the book 1670 to 1726, torn and imperfect.

CHARITIES.——*Church estate.* Given 31st January 1590, by William Grant and William Byerley; given to be employed "only in and about repairing and amending the Church;" rent of twenty-two acres of land. At the time of the Report, there was a balance of 100*l.* in hand, and it was intended to purchase a house and half an acre of land for 130*l.*

Poor's land. 5A. 2R. 11P., the rent is distributed in bread and clothing.

Stock. Dividends on 160*l.* four per cents; given in bread.

Squire's gift. Interest of 5*l.*, to the poor of Senderby.

Banner's gift, 1*l.* per annum.—Vide 4th Report, page 408.

Torre's MS., page 1615. Nonæ Roll, page 237. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Picals), page 116. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 613. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 134.

SCRUTON.—ST. RADEGUND.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 1,940 acres. Hang East wapentake.—POPULATION, 438; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 515*l.*

Patron, F. L. Coore, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 14*l.* 0*s.* 5*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1572.

CHARITY.—*William Whitwell's.* Rent of one acre.—Vide 6th Report, page 633.

Torre's MS., page 1593. Nonæ Roll, page 237. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Scurvetune), page 102. Whitaker's Richmond, vol. ii. page 68.

SPENNITHORNE.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 4,680 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 848[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 425*l.*

Patron, M. Wyvill, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 20*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.*

An Act for exchange of tithes for land was passed 15th Geo. III. c. 93.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1573.

Charities, vide Bellerby.

Torre's MS., page 1607. Nonæ Roll, page 237. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Speningetorp), page 108. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 360.

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[1] Viz. Ainderby Quernhow, 107; Howe, 33; Pickhill with Roxby, 388; Sinderby, 93; Swainby with Allarthorpe, 27; Holme, 85; West Rouncton, 192.

[1] Viz. Bellerby, 417; Harmby, 233; Spennithorne, 198.

BELLERBY.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Parish of Spennithorne. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,540 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 417; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 78*l.*

Patron and impropriator, Rev. J. C. Chaytor.

An Inclosure Act was passed 10th Geo. III.

There is no glebe house.

Register Books. No return; vide Spennithorne.

CHARITY.——*Christopher Dixon's*, by will, 28th June 1711. Interest of 5*l.*, at Christmas.—Vide 7th Report, page 704.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Belgebi), page 109. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 360.

THORNTON STEWARD.——ST. OSWALD.—(*Augmented discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 2570 acres. Hang West wapentake.——POPULATION, 310; CHURCH-ROOM, "sufficient;" NET VALUE, 234*l.*—This Church was appropriated to the Archdeacon of Richmond.

Patron, the Bishop of Chester.

Valued in the King's Books, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 11½*d.*

The Vicarage was augmented in 1377.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1563.

CHARITY.—Interest of 10*l.*; given by George Foss.—Vide 7th Report, page 704.

Torre's MS., page 1611. Nonæ Roll, page 243. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Torentun), pages 10, &c. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 366.

THORNTON WATLAS.——ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 4,850 acres. Hang East wapentake.—POPULATION, 448[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 214; NET VALUE, 475*l.*—The Church was formerly in the patronage of the Lords Scrope, of Massam.

Patron, Sir M. Milbank, Bart.

Valued in the King's Books, at 6*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1574; imperfect, 1653—1697—1698—1702.

CHARITIES.—*Rent-charge*, 8*s.* per annum.

Dodsworth's charity. Interest of 100*l.*, for teaching twelve poor children.—Vide 6th Report, page 636.

Torre's MS., page 1579. Nonæ Roll, page 238. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Torentun), pages 10, &c. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 74.

WEST TANFIELD.—ST. NICHOLAS.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,070 acres. Hallikeld wapentake.—POPULATION, 693; CHURCH-ROOM, 280; NET VALUE, 416*l.*—The Church is an ancient Rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Marmions, (some of whom are entombed here) and afterwards came to the Lords Fitz Hugh.

Patron, the Marquis of Ailesbury.

Valued in the King's Books, at 13*l.* 0*s.* 5*d.*

An Inclosure Act was passed 33rd Geo. III.

Here was a Chantry founded by Maud, wife of the last John, Lord Marmion, consisting of a warden and three Priests, to pray for her soul and also for the souls of her husband and Robert her son.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1653.

CHARITIES.—*Wilson and Beckwith's*, by deed, 5th May 1614, and 18th Jan. 1709. Rent of 14A. 0R. 18P.; 4*l.* given among four widows, residue in bread at Christmas and Midsummer. In lieu of bread, the rent is now divided among ten poor widows.

Francis Allen's gift, 1737. 20*s.* per annum.

Rev. John Moore's gift, 1743. Interest of 10*l.*

Rev. Charles Francis's gift, 1784. Interest of 20*l.*

Catherine Allen's gift, in 1769. Interest of 30*l.*, for teaching three poor children.

The School. 8*l.* per annum paid by the Earl of Ailesbury. It does not appear how this stipend was granted. Free for one child of each of the Earl's tenants in the parish. A manuscript book was produced to the Commissioners, containing the following entry, "Tanfield school was founded by Diana, Countess of Ox-

[1] Viz. Clifton-upon-Ure, 43; Rookwith, 78; Thirn, 142; Thornton Watlas, 185;

ford, free for the children of the tenants of the Earl of Ailesbury. The salary of the master was 25*l.* per annum; she likewise gave 15*l.* per annum to apprentice three poor boys annually out of the parish. The said sum of 40*l.* a year was charged on the lands of the Hall Garth for ever, but except 8*l.* a year, which is still paid to the schoolmaster, that, and 40*s.* a year, called the Lady's Dole, to the poor, were discontinued by the late Earl of Ailesbury, then Lord Bruce, in or about the year 1725".—Vide 5th Report, page 648.

Torre's MS., page 1601. Nonæ Roll, page 237. Bodleian MSS. No. 5101. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Tanefeld), pages 92. 114. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 165. Hargrove's Knaresbrough, page 257.

WENSLEY.—HOLY TRINITY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 13,930 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 2,266[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 1,337*l.*—The Church was anciently Collegiate, and in the patronage of the Lords Scrope, of Bolton.

Patron, Lord Bolton.

Inclosure Acts were passed 24th and 49th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1538.

Valued in the King's Books, at 49*l.* 9*s.* 9½*d.*

CHARITIES.—*William Hammond's*, by will, dated 4th October 1759. Dividends on 648*l.* 0*s.* 9*d.* three per cent. consols, among the poor not receiving parochial relief.

Peter Hammond's, by will, 1st May 1772. Dividends on 814*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.* three per cent. consols, and 216*l.* Navy Fives, for apprenticing poor children. There was a balance in hand, at the time of the Report, of 174*l.* 9*s.* 5*d.*, part of which the Commissioners recommended to be invested.

William Parham's gift, 1670, annual payment of 7*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*

Foss's, Metcalfe's, and Bearpark's gifts, 5*s.* each per annum.

LEYBURN TOWNSHIP.

Rent-charge, out of Kerbers, 6*s.* per annum.

[1] Viz. Bolton Castle, 269; Leyburne, 1,003; Preston under Scar, 362; Redmire, 344; Wenley, 288.

The poor houses and land. Seven cottages, and 1A. 2R. of land.

Phillis Wray's rent-charge, 1778, 30*s.* per annum for instructing three children, and 5*s.* per annum between two widows.

Metcalfe's benefaction, 10*l.*; *Storey's do.*, 5*l.*; these two sums have been lost. —Vide 7th Report, page 705.

Torre's MS., page 1583. Nonæ Roll, page 238. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wendreslaga), page 107. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 1396. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 369. Bodleian MSS. (Wencolaugh), No. 5101.

BOLTON.—ST. OSWALD.—(*In the parish of Wensley. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 5,160 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 269; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, with Redmire, 115*l.*

Patron, the Rector of Wensley.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books, which include Redmire, commence in 1684.

CHARITIES.—*Rent-charge*, 3*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

Dagget's and Wray's charities. Lost. —Vide 7th Report, page 709.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bodeltune), pages 39, &c. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 378.

REDMIRE.—ST. MARY.—(*In the parish of Wensley. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 2,420 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 344; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, vide Wensley.

There is no glebe house.

Register Books, vide Bolton.

CHARITIES.—*School.* Founded by Rev. T. Baynes in 1725. Endowment; forty-one acres: eleven free scholars.—Vide 7th Report, page 708.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ridemare), page 107. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 369.

WATH.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,260 acres. Hallikeld and Allertonshire wapentakes.—POPULATION, 730[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 450; NET VALUE, 981*l.*

[1] Viz. Melmerby, 338; Middleton Quernhow, 123; Wath, 196; Norton Conyers, 73.

The Marmions were Lords of the manor for a long while, and patrons of the Church.

Patron, the Marquis of Ailesbury.

Valued in the King's Books, at 17*l.* 17*s.* 1*d.*

There was a Chantry here at the altar of St. John Baptist.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1565.

CHARITIES.—*The Free School.* Founded by the Rev. Peter Samwaies, D.D., Rector of Wath and Bedale, by deed, 2nd November 1790. The schoolmaster is required to teach gratuitously all the male children of the parishioners who are seven years of age. About forty boys are taught reading, writing, and accounts, and instruction in Latin is given when required. Endowment; schoolhouse, garden, and stable, forty-five acres of land, and rent-charge of 5*l.* per annum.

Dr. Samwaies' Almshouse. Rooms for two persons, and interest of 60*l.*

Dr. Samwaies' rent-charge, 10*l.* per annum, in sums from 12*s.* to 1*l.*

The Rev. Stephen Penton's charity. Rent of house and four acres of land, for paying medical and surgical attendance for the poor; 60*l.* in hand from the sale of timber, was on the point of being invested at the time of the Report.

Rent-charge, 10*s.* per annum, for Melmerby poor.—Vide 4th Report, page 410.

Torre's MS., page 1557. Nonæ Roll, page 237. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Wat. Wade), pages 115. 150. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 181. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.

NORTON CONYERS.—There was a Chapel here dedicated to the honour of St. Cuthbert, in which was a Chantry for the soul of Richard Norton, late Chief Justice of England, in 1414.

WELL.——ST. MICHAEL.—(*Augmented discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 5,880 acres. Hang East wapentake.—POPULATON, 1,062 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,000; NET VALUE, 120*l.*

[1] Viz. Snape, 656; Well, 406.

Appropriated to the Hospital at Well, 12th April 1343.

Patron and impropriator, C. Chaplin, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 8*l.* 13*s.* 9*d.*

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1561.

CHARITIES.——*Neville's Workhouse.* Founded in 1605, by Thomas, Earl of Exeter, and Dorothy his wife, and remodelled in 1788, by the then Earl of Exeter. There are four schools, viz. one for boys, and another for girls, at Well, and two other similar schools at Snape. The schoolmaster at Well is required to educate one boy for seven years out of each house in Well, (usually between thirty and forty,) in reading, writing, and arithmetic; he is paid 36*l.* per annum. The schoolmistress is required to educate a girl from each house, (usually twenty,) to sew, knit, and read, for which she is paid 16*l.* per annum. The schoolmaster and schoolmistress at Snape have similar duties. The former is paid 30*l.* per annum, and the latter 16*l.* The children are taken to Church, and catechised at Christmas by the Vicar, who is paid 1*l.* Endowment; seventy acres of land with common rights.

Poor's land, 18A. 0R. 22P.

John Hutchinson's charity, by will, 9th September 1719. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum.

Richard Tirlass's charity, by will. Interest of 10*l.*, among the poor at Christmas Eve. Not paid.

The Hospital. The origin was not ascertained by the Commissioners. Eight almsmen and eight almswomen from the unmarried poor of the parish; the men have 4*s.* a week and the women 3*s.* 6*d.*, they are clothed and have coals. The income arises from a charge of 132*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.* per annum, charged upon certain estates, regulated by act of parliament, 35th Geo. III. c. 82.—Vide 5th Report, page 651.

Torre's MS., page 1441. Nonæ Roll, page 237. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Welle), pages 111, 112. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 78. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 702.

EAST WITTON.——ST. ELLA.—(*Augmented Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 7,730 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 687 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 93*l.*

Given to the Abbey of Jervaulx, by Peter Botevell, and appropriated thereto 6th Kal. Sept. 1301, and a Vicarage ordained.

Patron and impropriator, the Marquis of Ailesbury.

Valued in the King's Books, at 5*l.* 3*s.* 6½*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1671.

CHARITIES.—*Elizabeth Barnett's charity.* Interest of 20*l.*, for teaching poor children.

Henry Simpson's. Interest of 5*l.*

Thomas Langdale's charity. Interest of 5*l.* Lost.

John Ballan's charity. Interest of 10*l.* Lost.

Barbara Skaife's charity, by will, in 1726. 40*s.* per annum in clothing.

Thomas Skaife's charity, by will, in 1781. 40*s.*, for apprenticing poor children.—Vide 7th Report, page 709.

Torre's MS., page 1573. Nonæ Roll, page 238. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Witon), page 107. 110. 112. Mon. Angl., vol. v. pages 568. 577, 578. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 420.

[1] Viz. East Witton Within, 395; East Witton Without, 292.

WEST WITTON—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 5,140 acres. Hang West wapentake.—POPULATION, 552; CHURCH-ROOM, 250; NET VALUE, 103*l.*

Appropriated to the Abbey of Jervaulx.

Patron, Lord Bolton.

There was a free Chapel in the town of West Witton, which belonged to the patronage of the Lords Scrope, of Massam.

An Inclosure Act was passed 19th Geo. III.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1570.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's land*, three acres. The rent is applied in apprenticing poor children.

Doles. The following annual sums are charged on certain lands, viz. 1*l.*, 10*s.*, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.*

Charles Robinson's charity, by will, 1790. Dividends on 396*l.* three per cent. consols; 20*s.* per annum for educating one poor child of Newbiggin, in the parish of Aysgarth, 20*s.* per annum to the Minister, for sermons on the 30th January and 29th May, residue for clothing poor children of West Witton.—Vide 7th Report, page 710.

Torre's MS., page 1577. Nonæ Roll, page 238. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Witon), pages 107. 110. 112. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 439.

RICHMOND DEANERY.

AINDERBY STEEPLE.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 4,300 acres. Gilling East wapentake.—POPULATION, 806 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 200*l.*

The advowson formerly belonged to the Lords Scrope, of Massam.

Patron and impropriator, the Crown.

An Inclosure Act for Thirncroft was passed 28th Geo. III.

Valued in the King's Books, at 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1668.

CHARITIES.—*Scott's dole,* 20*s.* per annum out of a farm in the township of Warlaby, belonging to Mr. Thomas Booth.

TOWNSHIP OF MORTON.

Poor's garth, 2R. given by Robert Theasby, by will, 21st November 1723.

John Wright's charity, by will, 22nd July 1797. Rent of a house and one acre of land; given in bread.—Vide 6th Report, page 605.

Torre's MS., page 1719. (Arms and Inscriptions.) Nonæ Roll, page 233. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Eindrebi), pages 10. 22. 99. 102. 116. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 258.

BARNINGHAM.—ST. MICHAEL.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 10,930 acres. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 550 [2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 450; NET VALUE, 553*l.*—The Church belonged to the Priory of Gisburn, and at the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books at 19*l.* 17*s.* 1*d.*

An Inclosure Act for Cow Close was passed 43rd Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1581; defective 1590—1597, 1643—1645.—Vide transcripts at Richmond.

[1] Viz. Ainderby Steeple, 302; Morton, 258; Thirntoft, 170; Warlaby, 76.

[2] Barningham, 396; Hope, 35; Scargill, 119.

CHARITIES.—*School, and poor's estate.* Rent of six acres of land and two cattlegates; 30*s.* per annum to the poor, residue to a schoolmaster, for teaching twelve boys and girls.

TOWNSHIP OF SCARGILL.

Marmaduke Tunstall's gift, by will, 20th Oct. 1755. 50*l.*, principal, in 1816, in the hands of a person who became insolvent.—Vide 6th Report, page 611.

Torre's MS., page 1647. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Berningham), pages 93. 94. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 202.

BOWES.—ST. GILES.—(*Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 19,780 acres. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,148 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, 90*l.*—The Church was given by John, the son of Asculf de Bohes, to St. Leonard's Hospital, in York, but no Vicarage was ever ordained therein.

Patron and impropriator, Rev. T. Harrison.

An Inclosure Act was passed 6th Geo. III.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1670; but many entries before 1700 cut out.

CHARITIES.—*George Deanham's gift,* by will, 10th May 1688. Interest of 10*l.*

Joseph Kipling's rent-charge of 2*l.* per annum.

Bachelor's Money—donor unknown. Interest of 15*l.* to two, or one of the oldest bachelors in the parish.

BOWES AND ROMALDKIRK PARISHES.

William Hutchinson's charity, by will, 13th September 1693. The hospital, which is at Romaldkirk, contains six alms-

[1] Viz. Boldran, 148; Bowes, 899; Gillmonby, 98. The removal of two large schools, has tended to decrease the population, 293.

people, who have each 10*l.* per annum. The school is free for all children of the parish of Bowes, and is conducted as a national school; Latin is taught if required. 20*l.* per annum is paid towards Romaldkirk School. There is also an exhibition at Pembroke Hall, Cambridge, for a scholar from the school. Endowment; 337A. 2R. 15P., let, at the time of the Report, for 260*l.* 16*s.* per annum.—Vide 7th Report, page 615.

Torre's MS., page 1729. Nonæ Roll, page 234. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 613. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 189. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, (Grammar School,) page 283.

BRIGNELL.—ST. MARY.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 1,910 acres. Gilling West wapentake.——POPULATION, 232; CHURCH-ROOM, 120; NET VALUE, 300*l.*

Given to the Hospital of St. Leonard, in York, by Roger de Mowbray. Torre is silent as to the ordination of the Vicarage.

Patron, the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books, at 8*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1588.

CHARITIES.—No return.

Torre's MS., page 1687. Nonæ Roll, page 233. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Brighenale), page 93. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 193.

CLEASBY.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 970 acres. Gilling East wapentake.—POPULATION, 162; CHURCH-ROOM, 120; NET VALUE, 188*l.*

Appropriated to the Abbey of St. Mary, in York.

15th July 1329, commission to Hugh, Bishop of Damascus, to dedicate this Church.

Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1712.

CHARITIES.—*Letitia Cornwallis's charity,* by will, 13th September 1731. Dividends on 358*l.* 15*s.* 5*d.* three per cent. consols, given among poor housekeepers.—Vide 7th Report, page 611.

Torre's MS., page 108. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Clesbi), page 93. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 300.

COWTON MAGNA, OR EAST COWTON.——(*Augmented discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 3,150 acres. Gilling East wapentake.——POPULATION, 374; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 202*l.*

Eustace Fitz John gave this Church to the Priory of Bridlington.

The Hospital of St. John, in the county of York, has the patronage and also the impropriation.

Valued in the King's Books, at 4*l.* 6*s.* 10½*d.*

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1754.

CHARITIES.—No return.

Torre's MS., page 1681. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 285. 287. 291. Nonæ Roll, page 234. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cudtune), pages 93. 99. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 243.

CROFT.—ST. PETER.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 7,060 acres. Gilling East wapentake.—POPULATION, 692[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 825*l.*—The Church was given by Stephen, Earl of Britain, to the Abbey of St. Mary's, in York, and at the Dissolution, the patronage came to the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books, at 21*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1617; the earlier entries defective, and many obliterated.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Barker's dole,* by will, 22nd May 1686. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum.

Sir Mark Milbank's dole, by will, 1680. 5*l.* per annum.

[1] Viz. Croft, 375; Dalton-upon-Tees, 196; Stapleton, 121. Dalton-upon-Tees was formerly considered to be within the jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter of York, and several wills of persons dying there, were proved in the Court of the Dean and Chapter.

Lord Crew's charity. 4*l.* 3*s.* 8*d.* per annum, for teaching poor children reading, writing, and arithmetic.

Lady Mary Calverley's charity, vide General Charities.—Vide 7th Report, page 613.

Torre's MS., page 1651. Nonæ Roll, page 234. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. page 532. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Crofst), page 96. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 237.

DANBY-UPON-WISKE. — PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 4,350 acres. Gilling East wapentake.—POPULATION, 508[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 210; NET VALUE, with Yafford, 490*l.*

The patronage of this Church was anciently in the Earls of Richmond, and was afterwards appended to Gisburn Priory.

Patron, the Rev. W. Cust.

Valued in the King's Books, at 9*l.* 3*s.* 11½*d.*

An Inclosure Act was passed 28th Geo. III.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1621.

CHARITIES.—*R. Swale's and G. Barker's gifts*, 1635 and 1684. 40*l.* in the hands of the Rector for the time being, who pays the interest among the poor.

Rawker rent-charge, 5*s.* per annum.

Brockham rent-charge, 5*s.* or 6*s.* per annum. Not paid for many years back.—Vide 6th Report, page 610.

Torre's MS., page 1641. Nonæ Roll, page 234. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Danebi), pages 99. 109. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 267. 276. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 254.

YAFFORD.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*In the parish of Danby Wiske. Chapel of Ease.*)—Area, 1,120 acres. Gilling East wapentake.—POPULATION, 165; CHURCH-ROOM, 106; NET VALUE, vide Danby Wiske.

An Inclosure Act was passed 28th Geo. III.

There is no glebe house.

[1] Viz. Danby Wiske, 343; Yafford, 165.

The Register Books commence in 1675.

CHARITIES.—No return.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Jaforbe, Eiforde), pages 10. 99. Whitaker's Richmondshire, page 254.

EASBY.——ST. AGATHA.—(*Augmented Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 5,090 acres. Gilling West and Gilling East wapentakes.—POPULATION, 822[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 92*l.*

Appropriated to the Monastery of St. Agatha, at Easby. Mr. Torre is silent as to the ordination.

Patron, the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books, at 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1670.

CHARITIES.—*Hospital.* Founded by the Rev. William Smith, by deed, dated 29th September 1732, for four poor persons. Endowment; a rent-charge of 12*l.* per annum.

Brown's rent-charge, 24*s.* per annum.

Mary Wandesford's rent-charge, 1*l.* per annum.—Vide 6th Report, page 612.

Torre's MS., page 1725. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Esebi), page 96. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 104.

ABBEY OF ST. AGATHA.—Founded about 1152, by Roald, Constable of Richmond Castle, for Premonstratensian Canons.

Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 921.

GILLING[2].—ST. AGATHA.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 14,610 acres. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,105[3]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 1,029*l.*

Given to the Abbey of St. Mary, in York, by Alan Rufus, Earl of Britain,

[1] Viz. Aske, 105; Easby, 79; Skeeby, 183; Brompton-on-Swale, 455.

[2] Alias West Gilling.

[3] Viz. Eppleby, 206; Gilling, 899. Exclusive of Eryholme, Cowtons, Forcet, and Barton.

and appropriated thereto. Torre does not give the Ordination.

Patron, S. Wharton, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 23*l.* 11*s.* 7*d.*

An Inclosure Act was passed 50th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1570; imperfect during the commonwealth.

CHARITIES.—*Hartforth School.* Founded in 1678, by Sir Thomas Wharton, for thirty poor scholars. Endowment; rent of 117A. 3R. 19P. of land, and interest of 150*l.*; 10*l.* per annum is directed to be paid for apprenticing two poor boys, and 5*l.* per annum to a poor scholar from the school, at either university. No claim has ever been made for this exhibition.

Matthew Hutchinson's charity, by will, 26th October 1704. Rent of 16A. 3R. 13P. of land, for teaching poor children, apprenticing boys, and small payments to widows.

Swale's and Etherington's charity, 1683. Interest of 100*l.* for apprenticing children, or otherwise for the benefit of the poor.—Vide 7th Report, page 623.

Torre's MS., page 1657. Nonæ Roll, page 233. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ghellinge), pages 92. 94. 101. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. pages 534. 573. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 67.

SOUTH COWTON.—ST. MARY.—(*In the parish of Gilling. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 1,530 acres. Gilling East wapentake.—POPULATION, 427[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 39*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Gilling.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1568; parts illegible.

CHARITIES.——COWTON TOWNSHIP. *Rents-charge*, 16*s.* per annum, and 2*l.* per annum.

Liptrot's charity. Interest of 5*l.*

Mann's charity. Interest of 1*l.*

GRIMSTONE TOWNSHIP.

Dr. Nicholas Gouge's gift. Interest of 20*l.*, in the hands of the Rector; given in coals.—Vide 11th Report, page 776.

[1] Viz. North Cowton, 264; South Cowton, 163.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cudtune), pages 93. 99. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 78.

ERYHOLME.——ST. MARY.—(*In the parish of Gilling. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,790 acres. Gilling East wapentake.——POPULATION, 172; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 54*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Gilling.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1568.

CHARITIES.—No return.

Not noticed by Torre. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 81.

FORCETT.——ST. CUTHBERT.—(*In the parish of Gilling. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 4,760 acres. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 430[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 360; NET VALUE, 89*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Gilling.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1596.

CHARITIES.——*Richard Shuttleworth's charity*, by will, 15th January 1680. Rent of six acres of land, for apprenticing poor children.

Mitchell's gift, 10*s.* per annum.

TOWNSHIP OF EAST LAYTON.

Ann Cass's rent-charge, 15*s.* per annum.

Robert Leach's rent-charge, 10*s.* per annum.—Vide 7th Report, page 621.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Forset), page 93. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 82.

BARTON.——ST. MARY.—(*In the parish of Gilling. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, vide Barton Cuthberts. Gilling East wapentake.—POPULATION, 234; CHURCH-ROOM, 140; NET VALUE, 60*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Gilling.

There is no glebe house.

[1] Viz. Barforth, 128; Carkin, 46; Forcett, 92; Ovington, 164. Returned in 1834, at 694.

The Register Books commence in 1619; in parts illegible.

CHARITIES.—No return.

Not noticed by Torre. Nonæ Rolls, page 240. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Bartune), pages 11. 40. 72. 75. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. pages 78. 80.

HUTTON LONGVILLIERS, OR HUTTON MAGNA.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.——(*Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,080 acres. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 319[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 160; NET VALUE, 52*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Gilling.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1670.

CHARITIES.—No return.

Not noticed by Torre. Nonæ Roll, page 240. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Hottune), page 9. &c. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 81.

KIRKBY WISKE.——ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 5,070 acres. Gilling East and Birdforth wapentakes.—POPULATION, 872[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, sufficient; NET VALUE, 634*l.*

Roger de Lascells held land here of the Earl of Richmond, and he of the King in capite.

Patron, Lord Prudhoe.

Valued in the King's Books, at 27*l.* 16*s.* 5½*d.*

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1615.

CHARITIES.——*Palliser's dole.* Rent-charge of 42*s.* per annum.

Ward's gift. Interest of 20*l.*

Widow Toes's gift, 1644. Rent-charge of 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Thomas Carter's charity. Rent of 13A. 1R. 39P. of land, for the poor.

William Crank's gift. Interest of 30*l.*, for teaching poor children.

Maunby Poor. Rent-charge of 18*s.* per annum.——Vide 5th Report, page 646.

[1] Viz. Hutton Magna and Lanehead, 225; West Layton, 94.

[2] Viz. Kirkby Wiske, 205; Maunby, 231; Newby Wiske, 254; Newsham with Breckonbrough, 182.

Torre's MS., page 1695. Nonæ Roll, page 234. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Cherchibi), pages 10. 32, 33 38. 84. 98. 101. 119. 129. 166. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 261. Bodleian MS., No. 5078.

KIRKBY RAVENSWORTH.—ST. PETER AND ST. FELIX.—(*Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 14,070 acres. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,727[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 350; NET VALUE, 104*l.*—The Church was given to the Abbey of St. Mary's York, by Bardolf, ancestor to the Lords Fitz Hugh.

Patron, the Bishop of Chester.

Valued in the King's Books, at 25*l.* 5*s.* 2½*d.*, as a Rectory in charge.

Inclosure Acts (Gailesmore) were passed 13th and 17th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1722.

CHARITIES.—*Hospital of St. John the Baptist.* Founded by Dr. Dakyn, 26th October, 2nd and 3rd Philip and Mary, for the instruction of youth and the sustentation of the poor. Endowment; 608A. 3R. 12P. of land, and certain tithes. The total income, at the time of the Report, was 1,233*l.* 18*s.* The warden has also the patronage of the Rectory of East Cowton. The school contains about sixty free scholars; only about five receive classical instruction. There are twelve almspeople in the Hospital, who receive 8*s.* 9*d.* per week; part of the revenue is paid for supporting village schools at Helwith, Dalton, Ravensworth, and East Cowton, and certain sums are given to the poor of Kirkby Ravensworth and East Cowton. The Commissioners' account of this hospital is very full.

John Heslop's charity by deed, 1666. Rent of 3A. 2R. of land.

TOWNSHIP OF DALTON.

Thomas Buckton's charity, by will, 15th July 1756. Rent-charge of 3*l.* per annum, for teaching poor children, not exceeding six in number, English.—Vide 7th Report, page 629.

Torre's MS. page 1635. Nonæ Roll, page 233. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Ravenswet), page 101. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 118. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. page 536.

[1] Viz. Dalton, 308; Gayles, 223; Kirby-on-the-Hill, 118; New Forest, 73; Newsham, 546; Ravensworth, 300; Whashton, 159.

LANGTON-UPON-SWALE.—(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,860 acres. Gilling East wapentake.—POPULATION, 230[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 294*l.*

Patron, the Duke of Leeds.

Valued in the King's Books, at 6*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1695.

CHARITIES.—*Jenkins's dole,* 20*s.* per annum rent-charge.—Vide 6th Report, page 611.

Torre's MS., page 1715. Nonæ Roll, page 234. Bawdwen's Domesday Book, (Lentune,) pages 27. 95. 97. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 250.

MANFIELD.——ALL SAINTS.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)—Area, 3,200 acres. Gilling East and Gilling West wapentakes.—POPULATION, 491[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 466*l.*

Appropriated to the Monastery of St. Agatha, at Easby, on the 27th Dec. 1347, and a Vicarage ordained.

Patron, the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books, at 6*l.* 1*s.* 3*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1500; the first book defective.

CHARITIES.—*Charity estate.* About seven acres of land; 10*l.* per annum paid to a schoolmaster, for teaching six children of both sexes reading, writing, and the Church Catechism; residue of the rent distributed in coals and money among widows and aged poor.—Vide 8th Report, page 724.

Torre's MS., page 1665. Nonæ Roll, page 233. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Mannefelt), page 93. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 296.

MARRICK.——ST. ANDREW.—(*Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 5,560 acres. Gilling West wapentake.——POPULATION, 659; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 98*l.*

[1] Viz. Great Langton, 133; Little Langton, 97.

[2] Manfield, 423; Cliffe, 68.

Appropriated to the Abbey of St. Agatha, at Easby.

Patron and impropriator, F. Morley, Esq.

An Inclosure Act was passed 52nd Geo. III.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1687.

CHARITIES.—*John Blackburne's charity,* by will, 1655. Rent-charge 2*l.* 17*s.* per annum, in bread.

Leo. Lamb's, by will, 1754. Rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum, for widows.

Thomas Hudson's gift, 1699. Interest of 50*l.*—Vide 7th Report, page 650.

Torre's MS., page 1452. Nonæ Roll, page 234. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Mange), page 104. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 220.

MARRICK PRIORY.—For Benedictine Nuns, founded temp. Stephen or Henry II., by Roger de Aske.

Mon. Angl., vol. iv. page 244. Collectanea Topographica et Genealogica, vol. v. page 100.

MARSKE.——ST. CUTHBERT.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 5,220 acres. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 290; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 179*l.*—The Church anciently belonged to the patronage of the Clesebys, Lords of the town.

Present patron, T. Hutton, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 12*l.* 6*s.* 5½*d.*

Inclosure Acts for Marske were passed 27th and 28th Geo. II., and 49th Geo. III.[1]

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1678.

CHARITIES.——*Thomas Hutchinson's rent-charge,* by deed, 1655. 5*l.* per annum.

Rev. J. Jackson's charity, rent of eighty acres of land, and tithes, and two-thirds of other lands, quantity not ascertained, the rent of which two-thirds, at the time of the Report, was 23*l.* 7*s.* per annum. For teaching poor children to read and write, and the residue among the poor

[1] Query which Marske.

people at the discretion of the lord of the manor and the Rector. At the time of the Report, the funds, after paying the schoolmaster's salary, were paid over to the overseers in aid of the rates, but the Commissioners suggested whether some mode of application more conformable to the original design of the charity might not be adopted.

Swaledale rent-charge, 10*s*. per annum. —Vide 7th Report, page 724.

Torre's MS., page 1709. Nonæ Roll, page 233. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 223. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Mersc), pages 69. 121. 172.

MELSONBY.—ST. JAMES.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 2,310 acres. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 514; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 809*l*.

The manor descended from the Fitz Alans of Bedale to the Stapletons of Carleton, as did also the advowson of the Church, which the family of the Methams were seized of, temp. Hen. IV. and Hen. VII.

Present patrons, University College, Oxford.

Valued in the King's Books, at 10*l*. 2*s*. 11*d*.

An Inclosure Act was passed 55th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1573.

CHARITIES.—*William Cockin's charity*, by deed, 1757. Rent of 16A. 0R. 27P. of land; 20*s*. per annum for bread, residue of the rent to a schoolmaster, who shall instruct eight children in reading, writing, and arithmetic.

Poor's money. Interest of 63*l*. 15*s*. 6*d*. among the poor.

Apprenticing Fund. Interest of 36*l*. 4*s*. 6*d*. for apprenticing poor children.—Vide 6th Report, page 615.

Torre's MS., page 1721. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Malsenebi), page 101. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 217.

MIDDLETON TYAS.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Vicarage in charge.*) Area, 5,420 acres. Gilling East wapentake.—POPULATION, 811[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 705*l*. The Church was given to the Monastery of St. Mary, in York, by Stephen, Earl of Britain, and appropriated thereunto.

Patron, the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books, at 15*l*. 10*s*.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1539.

CHARITIES.—TOWNSHIP OF MIDDLETON TYAS. *The poor folks' close*, 2A. 1R.

Thomas's dole. Interest of 20*l*., paid on St. Thomas's Day.

MOULTON TOWNSHIP.

John Allen's dole, 16*s*. per annum out of High Gatherley Farm.—Vide 6th Report, page 633.

Torre's MS., page 1661. Nonæ Roll, page 233. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Middeltun), page 69, &c. Mon. Angl., vol. iii. page 535. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 233.

RICHMOND.—ST. MARY.—(*Rectory in charge.*)——Area, 2,310 acres. Parliamentary Borough.—POPULATION, 3,900; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,500; NET VALUE, 377*l*.—The Church was given to the Priory of St. Martin, Richmond.

Patron, the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books, at 15*l*. 5*s*. 7½*d*.

An Inclosure Act was passed 42nd Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1556.

CHARITIES.—*Free Grammar School*. Founded by Queen Elizabeth 14th March, in the 9th year of her reign. On an average about seventeen or eighteen free scholars. Endowment; 114A. 0R. 10P. of land, and rent-charge 3*l*. 17*s*. 4*d*. per annum.

CHARITIES UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF THE CORPORATION.—*Fee Farm rent*, 12*l*. per annum.

G. Scott's rent-charge, 24*s*. per annum; *Jenkin Gretam's do.*, 20*s*. per annum; *Malagar Norton's do.*, 24*s*. per annum; *Dawson's do.*, 18*s*. per annum; all for the poor.

Francis Allen's rent-charge, 24*s*. per

[1] Viz. Middleton Tyas and Kneeton, 621; Moulton, 190.

annum, (poor tradesmen); *Rev. Dr. Taylor's gift*, (1629) interest of 15*l.*; and *Lord Wharton's gift*, interest of 20*l.*; both given in coals.

Bowe's and Malbon's gifts. Interest of 20*l.* and 5*l.*; supposed to be lost.

Thompson's, Wayne's, Maxwell's, and Hutchinson's rents-charge, in all 31*s.* per annum. Not paid for many years back.

Eleanor Bowes' Hospital, for three widows, founded about 1618. Income; rent-charge of 10*l.* per annum.

George Pinkney's Hospital, by will, in 1699. For three widows, and for a bachelor shoemaker or tailor to set up in as his first shop. Income; rents-charge of 6*l.* and 10*s.* per annum.

William Thompson's Hospital, founded 1781, for four tailors' widows. Endowment; rent of three acres of land, and rent-charge of 10*s.* per annum.

Christopher Clarke's do., 20*s.* per annum for finding one boy at the free school in books, paper, and other necessaries.

Dr. John Bathurst's charity, by will, 23rd April, 1659. Rents-charge of 8*l.* per annum, for two poor scholars at Cambridge until they were Masters of Arts and resident, and 4*l.* per annum for apprenticing a poor boy.

Lord Wharton's charity. 40 Bibles per ann.

Matthew Hutchinson's charity, by will, 26th October 1784. Rent of 13A. 2R. 12P. of land, subject to a deduction of 2*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.* per annum. Eight children taught reading, writing, and arithmetic. For apprenticing poor boys, 4*l.* each, and two guineas each to sixteen poor widows. —Vide 7th Report, page 652.

Torre's MS., page 1473. Nonæ Roll, page 234. Whitaker's Richmondshire. Clarkson's Richmond. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, page 298.

HOLY TRINITY CHAPEL.—(*Perpetual Curacy.*)——CHAPEL-ROOM, 200; VALUE, 108*l.*

Patrons, the corporation.

No glebe house.

PRIORY OF ST. MARTIN.—This was a cell to the Abbey of St. Mary, in York, and was founded about 1100, by Wymar.

Mon. Angl., vol. iii. page 601.

There was also a house of Grey Friars, and another of White Friars, a Nunnery, and an Hospital called St. Nicholas's Hospital.

Mon. Angl., vol. vi. pages 720. 1544. 1581. 1625.

ROKEBY.——ST. MARY.——(*Discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,990 acres[1]. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 211; CHURCH-ROOM, 150; NET VALUE, 160*l.*—The Church belonged to the patronage of the Abbot and Convent of Eggleston, to which it was appropriated 6th May 1342, and a Vicarage ordained. At the Dissolution the patronage came to the Crown.

Valued in the King's Books, at 4*l.* 3*s.* 9*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1661.

CHARITIES.—No return.

Torre's MS., page 1673. Nonæ Roll, page 233. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 147. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Rochebi), page 100.

ROMALDKIRK.—ST. ROMALD.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 54,760 acres. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 2,507[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 550; NET VALUE, with Learkirk, 773*l.*

The patronage anciently belonged to the Lords Fitz Hugh, and afterwards to the Lords Scrope, of Bolton.

Present patron, J. Bowes, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 58*l.* 14*s.* 2*d.*

Inclosure Acts were passed 42nd, 43rd, and 51st Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1578.

CHARITIES.—*Julian Browell's gift*, 1772. Interest of 15*l.*

TOWNSHIP OF HOLWICK.

Poor's Money. Interest of 17*l.*

TOWNSHIP OF HUNDERTHWAITE.

Interest of 10*l.*—donor unknown.

[1] With Eggleston Abbey.

[2] Viz. Cotherston, 631; Holwick, 208; Hunderthwaite, 297; Lartington, 183; Lunedale, 308; Mickleton, 500; Romaldkirk, 380.

TOWNSHIP OF COTHERSTONE.

Poor's money. Interest of 30*l.*

TOWNSHIP OF LARTINGTON.

School. Founded long before 1686, by John Parker. 12*l.* per annum rent-charge; eight children taught reading, writing, and arithmetic.

Thomas Bowran's gift. Interest of 10*l.*

Thomas Jackson's gift. Interest of 20*l.*

TOWNSHIP OF LUNE.

Carlbeck School. 10*l.* per annum, paid by the lord of the manor, also the interest of 20*l.*, in the hands of Mrs. Fanny Gibson.

Poor's money. Interest of 22*l.*

TOWNSHIP OF MICKLETON.

John Dent's rent-charge, 6*s.* per annum.

John Blarton's charity, by will, 23rd April 1725. Rent of a messuage and garden.

TOWNSHIP OF ROMALDKIRK.

Free School. Endowment; rent-charge of 20*l.* per annum, and rent of 1A. 0R. 16P. of land.

Poor's money. Interest of 16*l.*—donor unknown.

School and Hospital, vide Bowes.—Vide 7th Report, page 664.

Torre's MS., page 1703. Nonæ Roll, page 233. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Rumoldeschere), page 100. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 129.

LEARKIRK.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*In the parish of Romaldkirk. Chapel of Ease.*)—Gilling West wapentake.—CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, vide Romaldkirk.

ROMANDBY.—11 Kal. June 1231, Abp. Walter Gray granted to John de Romandby to have a Chantry in the Chapel of Romandby, therein to celebrate divine service, so that it be performed without procession and benediction of palms, every day in the year excepting Christmas-day, Purification, Good Friday, Easter-day, and Palm Sunday.

Torre's (Peculiars), page 375.

SMEATON, ALIAS GREAT SMEATON.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 3,750 acres. Gilling East and Allertonshire wapentakes.——POPULATION, 510[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 175; NET VALUE, with Appleton upon Wiske, 472*l.*—The Church was given, by Hardwin des Escalliers, to the Abbey of St. Mary, in York.

Patron, H. Hewgill, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 13*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1650; part defective.

CHARITIES.—*Mrs. Morton Middleton's charity*, by will, in 1734. Interest of 20*l.*, among the poor of Appleton township.—Vide 7th Report, page 613.

Torre's MS., page 1677. Nonæ Roll, page 234. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Smidetune), pages 10. 27. 95. 132. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 247.

STANWICK.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Vicarage in charge.*)——Area, 4,730 acres. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 955[2]; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE, 61*l.*

Appropriated to the Collegiate Church of Ripon, prid. Kal. October 1228.

Patron, J. Wharton, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1693.

CHARITIES, vide Barton Cuthberts.

Torre's MS. (Peculiars). Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Stenuneghe), pages 93, 94. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 205. Antiquarian Repertory, vol. iv. page 421.

BARTON.—ST. CUTHBERT.—(*In the parish of Stainwick. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 2,790 acres[3]. Gilling East wapentake.—POPULATION, 499; CHURCH-ROOM, 180; NET VALUE, 49*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Stanwick.

[1] Viz. Great Smeaton, 248; Hornby, 262; exclusive of Barton.

[2] Viz. Aldborough, 522; Caldwell, 204; East Layton, 156; Stanwick, St. John, 73. Stapilton is partly in this parish, but the population is wholly returned in Croft parish.

[3] Viz. Barton and Newton Morrell townships.

There is no glebe house.

Register Books, vide Stanwick.

CHARITIES.—*Mark Smithson's charity*, by will, dated 17th July, 35th Car. II. Rent-charge of 40*s*. per annum, to the poor, and interest of 100*l*., for teaching ten children and contributing to apprentice them.

Ann Dodsworth's charity. Interest of 24*l*.

John Robinson's charity. Rents-charge of 20*s*. per annum to the poor, and 20*s*. per annum for the repairs of the Chapel. —Vide 7th Report, page 614.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. pages 78—80.

STAPILTON.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*In the parish of Stanwick. Chapel of Ease.*)

Register Books, vide Stanwick.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Staplendun), pages 93, 94. 132.

STARTFORTH, ALIAS STRATFORD. —HOLY TRINITY.—(*Augmented discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 1,070 acres. Gilling West wapentake.—POPULATION, 632; CHURCH-ROOM, 120; NET VALUE, 150*l*.—The Church was appropriated to Eggleston Abbey, 8th March 1729, and a Vicarage ordained therein.

Patron, the Earl of Lonsdale.

Valued in the King's Books, at 4*l*. 0*s*. 10*d*.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1668.

CHARITIES.—*Ralph Spenceley's rent-charge*, 10*s*. per annum.

Bull Ings do., 10*s*. per annum.

Mount Pleasant do., 10*s*. per annum.

Hutchinson's do., by will, 1st March 1744, 5*s*. per annum, (in wheaten bread). —Vide 7th Report, page 670.

Torre's MS., page 1669. Nonæ Roll, page 233. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 144.

ARKINGARTHDALE.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Vide Startforth. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 14,180 acres. Gilling West wapentake. —POPULATION, 1,446; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 123*l*.

Patron and impropriator, Sir John Lowther, Bart.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1659.

CHARITIES, no return.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 144.

WYCLIFFE.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.——(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 2,200 acres. Gilling West wapentake. —POPULATION, 156[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 100; NET VALUE, 456*l*.

Patron, Sir C. Constable, Bart.

Valued in the King's Books, at 14*l*. 12*s*. 1*d*.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1681.

CHARITY.—*Marmaduke Tunstall's gift*, by will, 10th October 1755. Interest of 50*l*.—Vide 7th Report, page 671.

Torre's MS., page 1697. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Witclive), page 93. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. i. page 197.

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[1] Including Thorpe township.

LONSDALE DEANERY.—*Yorkshire portion.*

BENTHAM.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.—(*Rectory in charge.*)—Area, 24,990 acres. Ewcross wapentake.—POPULATION, 3,957[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, no return; NET VALUE, 452*l.*

Patron, J. W. Farrer, Esq.

Valued in the King's Books, at 35*l.* 7*s.* 8½*d.* per annum.

An Inclosure Act was passed 7th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1662; early books defective.

CHARITIES.——*William Collingwood's charity*, by will, 18th July 1726. Almshouse: twelve almspeople, six of them widowers, and six widows, 12*l.* per annum each. A school—free for the children of Upper and Lower Bentham. Salaries; master, 45*l.* per annum; under master, 35*l.* per annum. The children are taught reading, writing, arithmetic, and also Latin and Greek, if required; between eighty and ninety scholars. Endowment; 340 acres of land, and common rights.

Thomas Baynes's gift, by will, 4th March 1725. Rent of ten acres of land, paid to a schoolmaster.

Isabel Baynes's charity, by deed, 12th March 1738. Rent of 7A. 3R. of land and four houses; given among the poor. 40*s.* per annum thereout is directed to be paid for teaching five children.

Mrs. Longstaffe's charity, by will, 1713. Rent of a house, garden, barn, and 4A. 0R. 20P. of land; given among poor housekeepers.

Timothy Remmington's charity, by deed, 1723. Three small houses and gardens, occupied by poor persons.—Vide 14th Report, page 694.

Torre's MS., page 1741. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Benetain), page 42. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 342.

[1] Viz. Bentham, 2,179; Ingleton, 1,228; Langcliffe, 550.

INGLETON.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.——(*In the parish of Bentham. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*)——Area, 15,280 acres. Ewcross wapentake.—POPULATION, 1,228; CHURCH-ROOM, 475; NET VALUE, 100*l.*

Patron, the Rector of Bentham.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1607.

CHARITIES.—*Sundry doles.* Interest of 120*l.*, after paying 20*s.* to the schoolmaster.

Foxcroft's dole, 20*s.* per annum.

Bentham's dole, 10*s.* per annum.

Howson's dole, 10*s.* per annum, in bread.

Michael Redmayne's rent-charge, 14*s.* per annum.—Vide 13th Report, page 645.

Not noticed by Torre. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Inglestune), page 41. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 343.

INGLETON FELL, ALIAS CHAPEL LE DALE.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*In the parish of Bentham. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Ewcross wapentake.—POPULATION, vide Ingleton; CHURCH-ROOM, 60; NET VALUE, 65*l.*

Patron, the Rector of Bentham.

There is no glebe house.

The Register Books commence in 1775; see Ingleton for previous registers.

CHARITIES.—*Poor's fund.* Interest of 8*l.* 10*s.*; 2*s.* 6*d.* is paid to the schoolmaster, residue to the poor.

Jennet Rose's charity, by will, 5th Oct. 1710. Rent of 3A. 1R. of land, for educating six children.—Vide 13th Report, page 646.

Not noticed by Torre. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 343.

CLAPHAM.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Augmented Discharged Vicarage.*)——Area, 24,340 acres. Ewcross wapentake.———POPULATION, 1,909[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 950; NET VALUE, 135*l.* —The Church was appropriated to the Archdeaconry of Richmond, and a Vicarage was ordained in 1266.

Patron and impropriator, the Bishop of Chester, to whom it was given on the creation of that See, with other possessions of the Archdeaconry of Richmond.

Valued in the King's Books, at 5*l.* 17*s.*

An Inclosure Act was passed 49th Geo. III.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1596.

CHARITIES.——*Banks's charity*, vide Dent. About 7*l.* 10*s.* per annum.

Isabella Sherburn's charity, by will, 28th March 1693. Interest of 180*l.*

Clapham cum Newby's poor stock. Interest of 140*l.*, the amount of sundry benefactions.

Clapham poor's money. Interest of 13*l.*

Clapham dole. Rent-charge, 15*s.* per annum.

Lawkland poor's money. Interest of 30*l.*

Thomas Lawson's charity, for Lawkland. Interest of 50*l.*, for teaching four poor children.

Austwick poor's money. 4*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.* per annum paid by the overseers, as the interest of sundry benefactions applied by the parish.

Elizabeth Ingleby's gift, by will, dated 6th June 1818. Rents-charge of 20*l.* per annum to the resident Minister of the Chapel at Lawkland, and 10*l.* per annum to the poor of the township of Austwick.

Richard Green's gift. Interest of 50*l.*, bequeathed in 1757.

George Ellis's charity, by will, 24th January 1711. Rent of 89A. 1R. 37P. of land and corn mill; 6*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* per annum for teaching twenty poor children, residue to the Minister of the parish.

Henry Winterbarn's charity, by will, June 1796. Dividends on 843*l.* 13*s.* 2*d.* three per cents., in teaching and clothing twelve poor children.

Grace Winterbarn's charity, by will, 15th September 1807. Interest of 31*l.* 10*s.*, for coals, &c., for the school.

Newby School land, one acre.

Green and Clapham's charity. Dividends on 126*l.* new four per cents., for teaching twelve children.

Ann Hargrave's charity, vide Giggleswick. 3*l.* per annum to the schoolmaster.

Giles Moore's gift, 1712. Interest of 20*l.*

Arthur Ingleby's gift, by will, in 1701. Rent-charge of 1*l.* per annum.

Lawkland School money. Interest of 20*l.*

William Taylor's charity, by will, 1721. Interest of 100*l.*, for a schoolmaster and poor housekeepers; supposed to be lost. —Vide 13th Report, page 628.

Torre's MS., page 1751. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Clapeham), page 42. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 345. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.

ELTROTH CHAPEL, at Lawkland.—This is now used as a school, but it is reported that divine Service was formerly performed herein. The schoolmaster occupies a house and two fields adjoining, containing together 2A. 1R. of land, for which he teaches six poor children.—Vide 13th Report, page 628.

SEDBERGH.——ST. ANDREW.—(*Augmented discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 50,290 acres. Ewcross wapentake.—POPULATION, 4,711[1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 550; NET VALUE, 184*l.*—The Church was given, by Sir Ralph le Scrope, to Coverham Abbey, and appropriated thereto, and a Vicarage ordained 9th April 1332.

Patrons and impropriators, Trinity College, Cambridge.

Valued in the King's Books, at 12*l.* 8*s.* 1½*d.*

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1605; the first book very imperfect.

CHARITIES.—*The Free Grammar School.*

[1] Austwick, 614; Clapham with Newby, 944; Lawkland, 351.

[1] Viz. Dent, 1,840; Garsdale, 657; Sedbergh, 2,214.

Founded by Roger Lupton, Clerk, 5th Edward VI. Patrons; the Master and Fellows of St. John's College, Cambridge. Free for all boys from any quarter properly qualified to enter upon an education for grammatical learning without restriction. The school was much neglected before 1819; thirty-nine scholars at the time of the Report. Endowment; 487A. 1R. 35P. of land, which produces about 500*l.* annual rent.—Vide 17th Report, page 773.

CHARITIES UNDER THE ORDER OF THE GOVERNORS OF THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—

Townend estate. Some buildings, and about eight acres of land.

The Whinn's estate. Farm, and 24A. 2R. of land.

The Mill Beck estate. Rent of a farm and twenty acres of land.

Rent-charge, 4*l.* 15*s.* per annum.

Turnpike-money. Interest of 210*l.*

Holmes's gift. Interest on 300*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* The produce of the above is expended in supporting a scholar for three years at the university, in bread for the poor, in clothing poor children, and in donations in money to poor householders.

Marthwaite's school-money. 2*l.* per annum, for teaching four poor children.

Atkinson and others' money. Interest of 36*l.*, in money and bread.—Vide 17th Report, page 773, and 13th Report, page 657.

Torre's MS., page 1777. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Sedberge), page 41. Mon. Angl., vol. vi. page 921. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 355. Bodleian MSS. Ashmol. Cat. No. 8518. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, page 306.

DENT.——ST. ANDREW.—(*In the parish of Sedburgh. Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 19,210 acres. Ewcross wapentake.——POPULATION, 1,840; CHURCH-ROOM, 700; NET VALUE, 100*l.*

Patrons, proprietors of lands in Dent.

Impropriators, Trinity College, Cambridge.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1611.

CHARITIES.——*The Grammar School.* Founded by Letters Patent, dated 16th March, 1st Jac. I. Free to the sons of inhabitants of Dent in Latin and the Grammar; only six free scholars at the time of the Report. Endowment; rent of 16A. 1R. of land, and rent of a close, and 2*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.* per annum, fee-farm rents.

Banks's Land, by deed, 14th Jac. I. House, and nine acres of land.

Thomas Thistlethwaite's rent-charge. 5*l.* 4*s.* per annum for twelve poor people, in bread and money.

Joseph Buttermere's charity, by deed, 1764. Rent of a house, barn, garden, and 2A. 0R. 3P. of land, to be given in bread and money.

Clothing estate. Rent of three cottages and nine acres of land, rent-charge of 16*s.* 8*d.* per annum, and interest of 5*l.*; given in Irish linen and flannel.

Roger Hodgson's gift. Rent of a messuage and 6A. 2R. of land, and interest of 53*l.* 15*s.* 2*d.*; one third given in bread, one third for teaching poor children writing and accounts, and one third given in flannel.

HAMLET OF KERTHWAITE.

Poor's money, 85*l.*; the interest given in flannel.—Vide 13th Report, page 660.

Not noticed by Torre. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 362.

GARSIDE, ALIAS GARSDALE.—ST. JOHN BAPTIST.——(*In the parish of Sedburgh. Augmented Perpetual Curacy.*) Area, 10,930 acres. Ewcross wapentake.——POPULATION, 657; CHURCH-ROOM, 200; NET VALUE, 77*l.*

Patron, the Crown.

The glebe house is fit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1608.

CHARITIES.—*Free School.* Established about 1634, by Thomas Dawson. Endowment; school-house, rent of 2A. 2R. of land, and interest of 53*l.* 10*s.*; free scholars (not exceeding eight in number) in reading and writing.

Poor's fund. Interest of 197*l.* 10*s.*

William Inman's gift. Interest of 20*l.* to the schoolmaster of Grizedale; if no schoolmaster there, then to the poor.—Vide 13th Report, page 664.

Not noticed by Torre. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 362.

HOWGILL.——PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*In the parish of Sedburgh.*

Augmented perpetual Curacy.)—Ewcross wapentake.—POPULATION, 250; CHURCH-ROOM, 120; NET VALUE, 57*l.*

Patron, the Vicar of Sedburgh.

There is no glebe house.

Register Books, vide Sedburgh.

CHARITY.—*School.* Founded by John Robinson, by will 5th June 1707, (who also built the Chapel). House, and 17A. of land; the Curate receives the rent and instructs the children.—Vide 13th Report, page 659.

Not noticed by Torre. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 355.

THORNTON, IN LONSDALE.—ST. OSWALD.—(*Augmented discharged Vicarage.*)—Area, 8,860 acres. Ewcross wapentake.———POPULATION, 1,152 [1]; CHURCH-ROOM, 400; NET VALUE, 99*l.*

Appropriated to the Dean and Chapter of Worcester, who are the patrons.

The glebe house is unfit for residence.

The Register Books commence in 1576.

[1] Viz. Black Burton, 711; Thornton, 441.

CHARITIES.—*Ralph Redmayne's gift,* by will, dated 3rd February 1702. Rent of twenty-one acres of land, and a house; 50*l.* per annum is paid to the poor. The residue of the rents are paid to a schoolmaster, who teaches all the children of the parish who are sent, reading and writing.

Poor's money. 12*s.* 6*d.* per annum out of the poor's rate.—Vide 13th Report, page 665.

Torre's MS., page 1735. Bawdwen's Domesday Book (Torentun), pages 10, &c. Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 351.

BURTON, IN LONSDALE.—PATRON SAINT NOT KNOWN.—(*Augmented perpetual Curacy.*)—Area, 1,380 acres. Ewcross wapentake.———POPULATION, 711; CHURCH-ROOM, 300; NET VALUE. 94*l.*

Patrons, Dean and Chapter of Worcester.

No glebe house.

Registers.—No return.

Whitaker's Richmondshire, vol. ii. page 353.

DIOCESE OF CHESTER[1].

DOBCROSS.—(*In the parish of Rochdale, Lancashire.*)—Agbrigg wapentake.—POPULATION, included in Saddleworth; CHURCH-ROOM, 840; NET VALUE, 124*l.*
Patron, the Vicar of Rochdale.
Register Book commences 1787.

FRIERMERE.——(*In the parish of Rochdale.*)—Agbrigg wapentake.—POPULATION, 2,757; CHURCH-ROOM, 500; NET VALUE, 90*l.*
Patron, the Vicar of Rochdale.
Register Book, vide Saddleworth.

LYDGATE.—(*In the parish of Rochdale.*)—POPULATION, included in Saddleworth; CHURCH-ROOM, 600; NET VALUE, 130*l.*
Patron, the Vicar of Rochdale.
Register Book commences 1788.

SADDLEWORTH.—(*In the parish of Rochdale.*)—Agbrigg wapentake.—Area, with Quick, 18,280 acres.—POPULATION, 15,986; CHURCH-ROOM, 1,104; NET VALUE, 143*l.*
Patron, the Vicar of Rochdale.
Register Book commences 1631.

WHITEWELL.—(*In the Parish of Whalley, Lancashire*[2].)—Ewcross wapentake.—POPULATION, 612; CHURCH-ROOM, 370; NET VALUE, 88*l.*
Patron, the Vicar of Whalley.
Register Book commences 1713.

DIOCESE OF DURHAM.

SOCKBURN.—The Church is in the county of Durham, but the townships of Over, Dinsdale, and Girsby, are in Yorkshire[3].

POPULATION OF YORKSHIRE.

East Riding, 168,891; City of York and Ainsty, 35,362; North Riding, 190,756; West Riding, 976,350.—Total, 1,371,359.

[1] The five Chapelries mentioned below are in the Deanery of Manchester, and are not included in the new Diocese of Ripon.
[2] Whitaker's History of Whalley.
[3] Surtees's History of Durham, vol. iii. page 243. Over Dinsdale, population 50; Girsby, 83.

GENERAL CHARITIES IN THE COUNTY OF YORK.

Countess of Conyngham's charity, by will, dated 13th August 1814. Income; dividends on 2,000*l.* three per cent. consols, 3,000*l.* Old South Sea Stock, 6,666*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* three per cents. reduced, and 8,000*l.* three per cent. consols. Trustees; the Archbishop, the Dean, and the Recorder of York. The objects of the charity are as follow:—

To six widows or unmarried women of the age of fifty years or upwards, not worth respectively the sum of 50*l.* and residing in York, 10*l.* a piece, out of the dividends on 2,000*l.* three per cent. consols. To the poor women in the following hospitals, the Dividends on 3,000*l.* Old South Sea Stock; viz. to St. Thomas's Hospital, 10*l.*; St. Catherine's Hospital, 10*l.*; Middleton's Hospital, 40*l.*; and Mason's Hospital, 15*l.* To ten poor Clergymen, in possession of only one living under the value of 100*l.*, and which living must be situate within the county of York, 20*l.* a piece, out of the dividends of 6,666*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* three per cents. reduced.

Charity for Clergymen's widows. Dividends on 8,000*l.* three per cents, (after the death of certain persons named in the will,) to be applied in annuities of 20*l.* a piece, to poor, indigent, and distressed widows of poor deceased clergymen of, or who resided in the county of York. At the time of the Report, (1819) all the Life Annuitants were understood to be living, and therefore no part of the stock had been transferred into the names of the trustees.—4th Report, page 439.

Lady Viscountess Lumley's charity, by deed, dated 8th October 1657, and regulated by Decrees in Chancery, made in 1671, 1740, 1741, and 1818. Income; rent of 424A. 0R. 2P. of land, dividends on 3,249*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.*, and interest on 92*l.* 5*s.* 11*d.* Trustees in 1821; Sir W. Strickland, Bart.; Sir George Cayley, Bart.; John Robinson Foulis, Esq.; Richard Hill, Esq.; The Rev. Thomas Cutler Rudston Read, and William Worsley, Esq. The objects of the charity are as follow:—

Hospital at Thornton, for twelve poor persons of both sexes, from Sinnington, Thornton, Marton, Edston, and Farnaby, chosen by the Ministers and parish officers of Thornton and Sinnington; and they each receive a stipend of 11*l.* 10*s.* and a chaldron of coals, and a similar stipend is paid to six almspeople, in an hospital at St. Botolph's, London.

Schools. Thornton; the master is appointed by the trustees, and is directed by the deed to teach the children of the inhabitants of Thornton and Sinnington gratis, he always, except in one instance, has been a Clergyman. He has the enjoyment of a good house, ten acres of land, and a stipend of 52*l.* per annum, and a chaldron of coals for the schoolroom. The master, at the time of the Report, charged for instruction in reading, writing, and accounts, and it appears that classical instruction has seldom been called for.

Sinnington. The master receives a stipend of 20*l.* per annum and 15*s.* for fuel, and he instructs freely as many as apply in reading, writing, and accounts, and the Commissioners reported that the school was a well conducted and useful institution.

Exhibitions to either University, viz. 5*l.* per annum each to five scholars educated at Thornton School, until graduated. The allowances for exhibitions had not been called for or paid, for several years preceding the Report.

Apprentices. Eight poor boys of Thornton, Sinnington, Marton, Edston, and Farnaby are annually apprenticed, with a premium of 6*l.* each.

Poor debtors. 15*l.* per annum is paid to the governor of York Castle, for the use of the prisoners there.—Vide 7th Report, page 771.

Leonard Chamberlaine's charities, by will dated 19th August 1716. Income; rent of 200A. 0R. 31P. of land and of seven houses, and dividends on 300*l.* consols. Appropriation according to the Report in 1822:—

	£.	s.	d.
Poor of Bowl Alley Chapel, in bread	2	12	0
Scholar at Manchester College	10	0	0
Dissenting Minister at Cottingham	3	3	0
——— Bridlington	3	0	0
——— Selby	4	0	0
——— Bowl Alley	15	0	0
Weekly stipends of 1*s.* 6*d.* each to eight poor persons in Hull	31	4	0
Hessle School, ten free scholars in reading	5	0	0
Three poor widows at Hessle, 20*s.* each	3	0	0
Sutton School, twenty free scholars	10	0	0
Selby School	12	0	0
Books for Do.	1	0	0
Twelve poor persons at Hull, 1*s.* 6*d.* a week apiece	46	16	0
Six widows in the Hospital at Selby, 2*s.* each per week	31	4	0

9th Report, page 820.

William Tymperon's charity, by will, dated 20th November 1723. Income; rent of one house and 192 acres of land, balance in hand at the time of the Report, 250*l.* There is an hospital in Walkergate, Beverley, for six poor people, men or women, chosen out of the parishes of Aldbrough, St. John's, Beverley, and St. Mary's Beverley, who each receive 6*s.* a week, and an allowance for coals; and the Minister of Humbleton, 4*l.* per annum. Trustees; the Ministers of Aldbrough, and St. John's, and St. Mary's, Beverley.—9th Report, page 829.

Ann Watson's Hospital, and other charities, by will, dated 27th October 1720. Income; rent of 217A. 1R. 2P. of land, and dividends on 1,900 consols, and 300*l.* Navy Fives; appropriated as follows:—

1. *Annual payments.*

	£.	s.	d.
Minister of Sutton, for reading prayers and preaching on St. James's Day.	5	0	0
Minister of Hedon, for do. on the 3rd August, in memory of the testatrix's mother	3	0	0
Schoolmaster of Hedon	1	0	0
Parish Clerk of Hedon	0	10	0
Exhibition of a scholar at Oxford from Halsham School	5	0	0
School dame at Hedon, for teaching ten girls to knit, spin, and sew	5	0	0
Charity Hall at Hull	1	0	0
Poor of Sutton and Stone Ferry	1	6	0
Poor of Hedon, given in bread	1	6	0
Poor of Patrington, given in bread	1	6	0
Poor of Bridlington, given in bread	1	6	0

2. *Hospital at Sutton.*

For eight Clergymen's widows, or Clergymen's daughters, being maids, with pensions of 20*l.* per annum each, and also 5*l.* each for coals. One of the inmates is also directed to teach ten poor girls to sew, knit, and spin.

Trustees; the Vicars of Sutton, Hedon, Holy Trinity, Hull, St. Mary's, Hull, Rev. John Bourne, and the Rev. Thomas Dykes.—Vide 9th Report, page 881.

Lady Hewley's charity, founded by deed, dated 13th January 1704. Income; rent of 3,560A. 1R. 17P. of land, as for 2,742A. 11R. and one house; fixed payments for tithes, 18*l.* 2*s.* 3*d.*; dividends on 1,650*l.* three a half per cents.; and interest on 791*l.* 10*s.* 3*d.*

Objects of the charity.

1. For poor and godly preachers of Christ's Holy Gospel. About 228 stipends were paid at the time of the Report, one of 80*l.* per annum, the others varying from 5*l.* to 18*l.* per annum.

2. For poor and godly widows of poor and godly preachers of Christ's Holy Gospel.

3. For relieving godly persons in distress. In September 1825, the allowance for the year amounted to 281*l.*, which was distributed among sixty-nine persons.

4. For the encouraging and promoting of the preaching of Christ's Holy Gospel in such poor places as the trustees should think fit.

This is not carried into effect in any specific manner, otherwise than by allowing the pensions to preachers and exhibitions to students.

5. For exhibitions for or towards the educating of young men designed for the ministry of Christ's Gospel.

Five exhibitions of 100*l.* a piece have been given for five years, to young men educated for the ministry among the Protestant Dissenters.

6. For continuing the charitable allowances made by Lady Hewley before her death.

It is not now known what they were.

7. For supporting an almshouse at

York, for ten old women, one to be a married woman, and the others to be widows or spinsters, and who receive 18*l.* each per annum.

8. For schools in the Ainsty or elsewhere, for teaching poor children to read, write, and work. Dividends on 1,650*l.* three and a half per cents. Schools are taught at York, Huntington, Naburn, Copmanthorpe, Haxby, Bilton, Askam, Bryan, Little Askam, Upper Poppleton, Rufforth, Bilbrough, and Acomb.—Vide 12th Report, page 672, and 17th Report, page 807.

John Allen's charity, by will, dated 5th January 1747. Endowment; 150*l.* on bond, and 3,600*l.* three and a half per cents. The interest and dividends are divided amongst old men not under sixty years of age, in sums of 12*l.* each. Trustees in 1824; William Gray, Thomas Wilson, Anthony Thorpe, R. Townend, and W. Oldfield, Esqrs.—Vide 12th Report, page 674.

The York Emmanuel.

Originally formed by subscription in 1781. Its purpose is the allowance of annuities for the benefit of Ministers, either members of the Church of England or Dissenters, and the wives, widows, and children of Ministers in any part of the kingdom, labouring under blindness or idiotcy.

All applications must be transmitted in writing to the secretary, previous to the general half-yearly meetings, held at York, on the second Thursday in April and October, and authenticated by one Justice of the Peace and two Ministers in the neighbourhood. The fund, including a legacy of 600*l.* left by the Rev. Mr. Stowell, amounted in the year 1824, to 12,400*l.* three per cent. consols, then standing in the names of Osborne Markham, Esq., the Rev. John Eyre, and John Swann, Esq.—Vide 12th Report, page 675.

Queen Elizabeth's dole. 17*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, granted out of the Rectories of Hooton Pannal and Thorp Arch, viz. to the poor of the city of York, 2*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; poor of Thorp Arch, 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Collingham, 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Bardsey, 2*l.*; Otley, 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; Calverley, 4*l.*; and Pannal, 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*—Vide 15th Report, page 716.

Richard Dawson's charity, by deed, 6th Jac. I. Rent of houses and 26A. 1R. 26P. of land, let, at the time of the Report, for 64*l.* 14*s.* per annum. Three-sevenths of the rents are distributed among the poor of Collingham, and two-sevenths to each of the townships of Clifford and Keswick, with a preference to widows and such as endeavour to subsist without parochial relief.—Vide 15th Report, page 717.

Christopher Topham's charity, by will, dated 3rd February 1735. Rent of 32A. 2R. 28P. of land, for apprenticing poor boys being protestants, of the township of Marston, Settrington, and Baildno, 10*l.* is given with each boy.—Vide 16th Report, page 440.

Thomas Cartwright's, alias Vicars's charity, by will, dated 20th June 1597. 10*l.* to one of his blood or kin, towards his education and maintenance in learning in the Universities of Oxford or Cambridge, the poorest to be preferred before the rich by the Dean and Chapter of York, and by them to be changed at every ten years' end. Also to thirty poor people of certain parishes, 13*s.* 4*d.* each per annum, also 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum to a preacher at Brodsworth, on the Sundays next after 1st of April and the 1st of July. The stipends are noticed under the respective parishes.—Vide 17th Report, page 803.

George Ellis's charity, by will, dated 24th January 1711. Income; rent of 302 acres of land, and dividends on two canal shares, producing, at the time of the Report, an income of 375*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* The objects of the charity are 30*l.* per annum for the support of an afternoon preacher at Wath; bread and wine for the sacrament at Wath; 5*l.* to the Vicar of Darfield, if resident, since increased to 9*l.*; sundry payments for educating children at Barnsley, Wath, and Brampton; and also to the York and Leeds Charity Schools and a putting out an apprentice. 5*l.* has been annually paid to the York Blue Coat Charity School, and 5*l.* to the Leeds Charity School.

These payments the Commissioners thought ought to be increased.—17th Report, page 804.

The Duke of Bolton's charity, by will, dated 27th February 1698. Rent-charge of 102*l.* per annum among the poor of the parishes of Thornton Steward, Hornby,

Downholme, Leyburn, Wensley, Preston, Redmire, Bolton, Carperley, Thornton, Rust, and Marrick.—7th Report, page 770.

Henry Travis's charity, by will, dated 29th May 1706, testator devised all his estates in the counties of York and Lincoln to trustees, for the benefit of poor children of the parishes of Thorne and Hatfield, in the county of York, and of Wroot, in the county of Lincoln.

The Archbishop of York is special visiter for the time being, under the will of the testator.—Vide 17th Report, page 815.

John Wheelhouse's charity, by will, dated 14th October 1724. For schools at Rishworth and Dewsbury, and for an exhibition at one of the Universities. Endowment; 477A. 1R. 7P. of land, mills, and other buildings, let, at the time of the Report, for 1,774*l.* 12*s.* 4*d.* per annum; three houses, let for 154*l.* 19*s.* per annum; and dividends on 7,476*l.* 7*s.* 9*d.* consols.—17th Report, page 815.

Lady Troth Mallory's charity, by deed, 1702. Rent of 7A. 2R. 19P. of land, and three rents-charge, together 10*l.*, among the poor of Rotherham, Rawmarsh, Ecclesfield, Greasbrough, Netherhaugh, Overhaugh, Mortomley, Shiregreen, and Dalton.—Vide 18th Report, page 647.

Richard Beaumont's rent-charge, by will, proved at York, 28th August 1704. 40*l.* per annum for apprenticing eight boys from Kirkheaton, Crosland, South Mirfield, and Lepton.—Vide 21st Report, page 618.

Lady Calverley's charity, by will, dated 10th May 1715. 30*l.* per annum, is stated to have been paid by Lord Wenlock, among the poor of Darlington, in the county of Durham, and of Northallerton, Croft, Dalton, Smeaton, and Stapleton, in the county of York.—Vide 21st Report, page 619.

Rev. Samuel Duffield's charity, by will, 24th June 1731. For schools at Sherburn and Cawood. Endowment, rent of 109A. 1R. 3P. of land, interest of 1,545*l.* and dividends on 900*l.* three per cents.—Vide 21st Report, page 621.

Dates of the Reports of the Commissioners on Public Charities relative to the county of York. Viz.:—

3rd Report,		15th January, 1820.
4th	—	8th July, 1820.
5th	—	16th January, 1821.
6th	—	30th June, 1821.
7th	—	28th January, 1822.
8th	—	13th July, 1822.
9th	—	23rd January, 1823.
10th	—	28th June, 1823.
11th	—	24th January, 1824.
12th	—	9th July, 1824.
13th	—	22nd January, 1825.
14th Report,		2nd July, 1825.
15th	—	23rd January, 1826.
16th	—	24th June, 1826.
17th	—	27th January, 1827.
18th	—	7th July, 1827.
19th	—	26th January, 1828.
20th	—	12th July, 1828.
21st	—	31st January, 1829.
22nd	—	11th July, 1829.
23rd	—	31st January, 1830.

THE END.

LONDON:
GILBERT AND RIVINGTON, PRINTERS,
ST. JOHN'S SQUARE.

APPENDIX.

A

REPERTORY OF ENDOWMENTS

WITHIN THE

DIOCESE OF YORK.

BY A. C. DUCAREL, L. L. D.

Andrew Coltree Ducarel, L.L.D., was born in 1713; appointed Commissary of the Diocese of Canterbury by Archbishop Herring, and died 29th May, 1785.

Dr. Ducarel was a man of great antiquarian research, and indefatigable industry. He published many valuable works, and compiled a general index to the Registers at Lambeth, in forty-eight folio volumes.

For a further account of Dr. Ducarel, see Nichols's Literary Anecdotes, vol. vi., page 380, Chalmers's Biographical Dictionary, vol. xii., and the Penny Cyclopedia, vol. ix.

The Excerpta now given were transcribed, under the kind permission of His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, by the Editor from Dr. Ducarel's MS. Repertory, now remaining in Lambeth Palace, so far as it relates to the Yorkshire portion of the Diocese, as it existed previous to the erection of the See of Ripon; and, with the exception of a few formal words, are given verbatim.

ABBERFORD. Ordinatio Vicariæ Dat. non. Mart. 1331. Reg. Abp. Melton, 189.

ACASTER MALBYS Vic. Ord. Vic. Dat. 15 Die Jan. 1348, confirmed by the Dean and Chapter, 19 Nov. 1362. A book endorsed "Act. Capit." marked N. 32.

ACKLAM Vic. In Mon. Ebor, 213, is an account of a contest which happened non. Oct. 1273, between the Prior and Convent of Bridlington, and the Chancellor of the Church of York, about the tithes of wool and lamb feeding in this parish, and the composition made between them on that occasion.

ACOMB or rather ACHAM Vic. This Vicarage is a peculiar. See an account of it in Mr. Torres's particular manuscript of peculiars, in the possession of the Dean and Chapter of York. See also Drake's York, 397, vid. also Akum.

ACTON al. AGHTON hodie AUGHTON Vic. See Aughton Ord. Vic., 1229, Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 181. Vid. Mon. Ebor. 259, 260.

ADELE. Concordiæ super Decimis Eccl. de Adele, A.D. 1198. Registrum Cartar, Abbat. de Kirkstall, folio — . In the Duchy Office at Gray's Inn.

ADLINGFLETE Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 3 Id Sept., 1307, Reg. Abp. Melton, 185, Reg. de Selby, 110. See Burton's Mon. Eborac. 389.

AIKESGARTH Ord. Vic., Dat. 27 Apr. 1423 nom. et valor. Domor. religiosarum in Archi. Richmundiensi ex, potul. pergam in offic. primitiar. Rot. 6 Gale Honor. de Richmond append. 87, 88. append. No. 21. See Mon. Eborac, 367.

AKUM Vic. Ord. Vic. 1313, Reg. de Dimiss. terrar. marked T. b., 9, Reg. admiss. collat. &c. marked T. c., 71, Alia Ord. Dat. 10 die Junii, 1414, ibid, 173.

ALBURGE. See Paghill.

ALDBURGH Vic. Ord. Vic. 1316. Reg. de Dimiss, 69. Reg. Joh. Rokeby, LL. D., et Registr., 40; York Registry.

ALMANBURY Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 13 die Mart. 1485, Reg. Abp. Rotherham, 276, Lib. de approp. &c. 328. Again on the 15 June, 1488, Reg. Abp. Rotherham, 280.

ALNE Vic. Ord. Vic. ante Jan. 1311, Acta Cap. marked x. a., 21, Reg. de Dimiss. terrar, 91. Ibid marked T. e., 49, Augmentatio Vic., 9 Nov., 1394. Reg. admiss collat, &c. marked T. c., 138. Sententia super decim., &c. Capell. de Miton infra Eccl. B. M. de Alna Hiis Testibus Rob. Decano Joh. Thesaurario Magistro Simundo, &c. Regist. Abbat. St. Mariæ Ebor. in Bibl. Eccl. Cathed. Eborac. 149. Printed in Stephens's Supplement to Mon. Angl., Vol. ii. App. 85.

AMPLEFORD Vic. Ord. Vic. Dat. die Innocent., 1304. Act. Cap. marked x. a., 15, Reg. de Dimiss. terrar. marked T. e., 48, 92.

APPLETON-IN-THE-STREET Vic. Ord. Vic. Dat. 1 die Sept. 1358, Reg. Abp. Thoresby, 176 Alia Ordinatio Dat. 5 Id. Jul. 1368.

APPULTON-IN-RYDALE Vic. Account of tithes pertaining to this parish, Aug. 16, Anno 14, H. 7. Reg. Abb. St. Albans, f. 83, b. Harl. M.SS., No. 602 Brit. Mus.

ARKSEY Vic. Augmented to £100 per annum, by the last will and testament of B. Cooke, Esq. See Bishop Kennet's Case of Impropriations, 276.

ARMLEY Chapel to Leeds. An account of this chapel, and a list of its curates from the building of the chapel to 1704, may be seen in Thoresby's Leeds, 192.

ARNCLIFFE Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 8 die Mart. 1443, Reg. Abp. Kempe, 185.

ARNCLIFF Vic. Vide Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars ii., 85. Compositionem inter Rectorem de Arncliffe, et. Abbot, et Convent. de Fontibus, 1315.

In Mon. Ebor., 345, is an account of a contest about the Chapel of Herlesey, 1198, when it was decreed that the said Chapel did belong to the mother church of Ernelive.

ASKHAM RICARD or WEST ASKAM Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 8 Id. Mart., 1329, Reg. Abp. Melton, 181. See Monastic. Eborac., 87.

ATHWICK al. ADWICK Chapel. Mrs. A. Saville purchased this Rectory, and restored it to the Church. Bp. Kennet's case of Impropriations, 278.

ATON or AYTON Chapel. In Mon. Ebor, 79, is an account of this Chapel, and of a contest between the Abbey of Whitby and the rector of Stokesley, about the moiety of the tithes of lamb, wool, milk, pigs, &c.

ATTYNGWYKE IN HOLDERNESS Vic. Vid Bridlingon. In Mon. Eborac. 214, is an account of two determinations concerning tithe hay in this parish, 1228 and 1277.

AUGHTON olim ACTON vel AGHTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 4 Kal Sept., 1231, rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 180, 181. See Mon. Ebor, 259.

AXMINSTER Vic. Ord. Vic., 1304, Regist. Cartar. Eccl. 1 Petri Ebor. fol. 144. Bib. Cotton. Claudius, B. 3.*

BAILDON Chapel to Otley. Augmented with £9 per annum by S. Sunderland, Esq., Alderman of London, and settled upon it by Mr. R. Parker, his executor. Mag. Brit., vol. vi., 410.

BARDSEY Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 4 non. Maii, 1258. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, 11. Reg. Abp. Neville, pars i., 3. (See Monastic. Eborac. 290. printed in Mon. Angl. vol. III., 139.)

BARNEBY UPON-DERWENT Vic. See Hovedon in Hovedon parish. Ord. Vic., Dat. 2 Kal. Aug. 1322.—Reg. Abp. Melton, 485.

BARNEBY UPON DUNN. Ord. Vic., Dat. 6 Kal., April, 1303. Reg. Abp. Corbridge, 19. And on 7 Kal. Jun. 1320. confirmed by the Dean and Chapter. See a book entituled "Act, capit. ab. A.D. 1314, ad 1393."

Ord. Vic., Dat. 24 die Jan., 1344. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 11. Regist. Album, 108. Alia Ord., Dat. 29 Feb., 1349. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 46.

* AXminster is within the Diocese of Exeter. The vicarage was formerly in the gift of the prebendary of Warthill, but the Bishop of Exeter, under the provisions of the Cathedral Act, is the present Patron.—*Editor.*

BARWICK-IN-ELMET. A Terrier of thi Rectory is now (1769) in the possession of John Burton, M.D., of York.

BATELEY Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 5 id Mart., 1253. Rot. maj. et min. Abp. Walt Gray, No. 213., Torre's M.SS., 631. See Monastic. Eborac., 302.

BERDESEY Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 3 non. Maii, 1258. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, 11, printed in Mon. Angl., vol. iii. 139.

BEVINGTON. See Bridlington.

BILTON-IN-HOLDERNESS * Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 7 Kal., Novr. 1295. Reg. Abp. Romaine, 29. Extent. Prebendar. marked Th. 60, Nova Ordinatio super Eccl. prebend. de Bilton. Dat. 15 Kal., Dec., 1294. Reg. Abp. Corbridge folio —.

BINGLEY. In Mon. Eborac., 101, is an account of this Vicarage, and of a composition made in 1312 between the Abbey of Rievalx and the Priory of Drax, about some tithes in this parish.

Samuel Sunderland, Esq., by his will, gave £22 to the Vicar of this Church, and his successors for ever. Mag. Brit. vol. vi. 410.

BIRSTAL, BRISTAL, or BURSTAL Vic. Ord. Vic. Dat, 3 non. Feb. 1260. Reg. Abp. Wickwane, pars i., folio 9, pars ii., folio 124. Alia Ordinatio, Dat. 7 Kal., Oct., A.D. 1300. Reg. Abp. Corbridge, 14. Torre's MS., 711. See Mon. Ebor 298, 303.

BISHOP, or SOUTH, BURTON Vic. Ord Vic., 1264. Reg. de Dimiss. Terrar, &c. marked T. b., 98. Act. capit., marked T. 19.

BISHOP WILTON Vic. Ord Vic., die Dat. Ascens. 1311. Reg. de Dimiss, marked T. b., 91; ibid, marked T. c., 48. Act. capit, marked X. a., 20.

BOLTON-SUPER-DERNE, Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 8 Kal., Jul. 1360. Reg. Abp. Corbridge, folio —. Ord. Vic., Dat. 12 Mart., 1346. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 16. See Mon. Eborac., 92. Ord. Vic., Dat. 12 Mart., 1346. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 16.

BOLSTERSTONE Chapel. The Hon. Thos. Wentworth has procured an augmentation of £8 or £10 per annum to this Chapel. Thoresby's Leeds, 243.

BOSSALE Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat 18 Kal., Feb. 1229. Rot. major. Abp. Walter Gray, No. 92. Alia, Dat. 4 Aug. 1387, by Pope Urban VI., confirmed 8 Aug. 1387, by Abp. Neville; and 1 July, 1388, by the Dean and Chapter. From "Reg. de quibusdam appropriat.," in the Dean and Chapter's office, marked T. c., 122.

BOULTON. Ord. Abp. Walt. Gray, super Eccl. prædict. ad presentationem Prioratus de Nostle, spectant appropriandis et Vicariis coram taxandis. Dat. Ebor. 15 Kal., Jun. 1250. Printed in Mon. Angl., vol. iii., part 1, 158.

BRAITHWELL Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 22 Dec., 1347. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 19. Lib. de appropriat. quibusdam, &c., marked T. c. 33. Vid. Mon. Eborac. 290, Torre's MS. 843.

As a Vicarage consolidated to Conyngsburgh, in 1248, Rot. min. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 146,

* This is an error; the vicarage in question is Bilton-in-the Ainsty.—*Editor.*

BEVERLEY.† See Doke.

† For "Beverley" read "Bewerley," which latter place is near Ripon.—*Editor.*

148, and in 1557, upon an Inquisition, was declared to be a Chapel appendant to the aforesaid Church. Reg. Abp. Thoresby, 103.

BRADFIELD Chapel. The Hon. Thos. Wentworth has procured an augmentation of £10 per annum to this parochial Chapel. Thoresby's Leeds, 243.

BRADFORD Rect. and Vic. A Rectory and Vicarage from A.D. 1281 to 17 Nov. A.D. 1416, when Abp. Bowet ordained the Vicarage. Reg. Abp. Bowet, pars ii., 118. See also Book marked T. e., 187.

BRAFFERTON Vic. Ord. Vic. Dat. 3 non. Jul. 1311. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars 1, 105. Consolidated 4, Id. Mart. 1336. Reg. Abp. Melton, 265. Confirmed 15 Oct. 1365 by Abp. Thoresby, but, nevertheless, on the 14 Oct. 1446 a Vicarage was again ordained by Abp. Kempe. Reg. Abp. Kempe, 107. See Torre's MS.

BRANTINGHAM Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 4 August, 1458, Reg. de appropriat. marked T. e. 259. Reg. Abp. Will. Bethe, 237, Reg. Abp. Heath, 135.

BRAYTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 27 die Maii, 1348, Reg. Abp. Zouch, 22. See Mon. Eborac. 391.

BRIDLINGTON Vic. Appropriatio et Ordinatio Vic. Ecclesiar. de Bridlington, Flaymberg, Karnalaby, Otteringham, Fylle, Attyngwyk, Bevington, Galmeton, Willandeby, et Scaleby. Dat. 30 Maii, 1310. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars. II. fo. —.

BRODESWORTH Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 12, Apr., 1307, Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars i., 67, Domesday Book in York Minster, 69, Lib. de appropriat. 57. Reg. Test. post mort. Cardinal Wolsey, 310.

BROMPTON, in Pickering Lithe Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 1 Mart., 1518. Reg. Cardinal Wolsey, 120. Reg. Alb. in the Dean and Chapter's ffice, 18.

BROUGHTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 2, Oct. 1442. Reg. Abp. Kempe, 454, Lib. T. e. de appropriat. Eccl. quibusdam Monast. 235. Torres' MSS.—Vid Mon. Ebor., 115.

BUBWITH Vic. This Vicarage consists of two Medieties, instituted in 1343. Reg. de Dimiss, marked T. e, 3.—First Vicar of the second mediety died in 1389. Reg. de dimiss, marked T. e., 113.

BUBWITH Vic. Ord. Medietatis Vic., 1365 R. de B. a., fo. 105, ad 118. Reg. Abp. Thoresby. Vid. Monas. Eborac., 331.

BURNHAM, hodie BURNHOLM, Rect. Vid Thorpe-in-the-street.

BURSTALL. Vid Paghill.

BURSTEVIC, or SKEKLING, Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 6 Kal., Feb., 1254. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 226. Vid Mon. Eborac., 298.

BURTON AGNES Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 4 non. Sept. 1235. Abp. Walt. Gray confirmed the annual pension of 15 marks to —— Clavel, Vicar of this Church, payable by the Rector. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 29; and this Vicarage was appropriated to St. Mary's Abbey. See a thin book in the Dean and Chapter's office, marked G., p. 5.

BURTON FLEMMING. Ord. Vic., about A.D. 1692. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 20.

BURTON PUDSEY. Ord. Vic., 1291. See a thin book, entituled "Regist. Joh. Rokeby, LL.D., et Regist." marked T. m., p. 40, Alia Ord., Dat. 15, Mart., 1300. Reg. de dimiss. Terrar, &c., marked T. b., p. 95. Acta Capit. marked X. a., 10.

CALVERLEY Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 4 non. Maii, 1258, Reg. Abp Grenefield, 11. Reg. Abp. Neville, pars i. 3. Printed in Mon. Ang. vol. iii. 139.

CAMPSALL Vic. Ord. Vic., 8 Feb., 1482, Reg. Abp., Rotherham, pars i., 273 Lib. de appropriat. quibusd., &c. marked T. e. p. 303, vide in cl. Rymeri Conventionum, &c. Escaet. Ebor, 3. Edw. III. No. 69, De portione Decimarum et Rectoria de Camesale. Printed in Rymer's Federa, vol. ii., p. 42.

15 May, 1575. The Crown granted a Lease of the rectory of Campsall to R. Pipe, for 21 years, subject to the annual payment of £16 13s. 4d. to the Vicar. Augment. Office, mixed Rolls 10. No. 52.

CANTLEY Vic. Compositio antiqua super decimis dict. Eccl. inter Abbat. de Kirkstall, et Vic. Eccl. de Cantele. Register of Kirkstall Abbey, in the Office of the Duchy of Lancaster, at Gray's Inn, 75.

CARLTON, near Skipton, Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 14. Kal. April, 1292. Reg. Abp. Romaine. 23. Alia Ord. Dat. 2 Kal. Jul. 1311. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars ii. 54. See Monastic. Eborac. 116.

CONYNGSBURGH Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 17 Kal. Aug. 1253, Rot. min. Abp. Walter Gray, No. 219. Bracewell consolidated to Conyngsburgh. See Bracewell. Consolid. de Capell. de Braywell ad. Eccl. de Cunisbrough et dotatio Vicariæ in eadem Capella. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, fo. — Torre 853.

COTTINGHAM Vic. Ord. Vic. Dat. 2, Nov. 1338. Reg. Abp. Melton, 330, 336. See Mon. Eborac. 314.

COUTON MAGNA, al. EAST COUTON Vic. Ord. Vic. Id. Feb. 1272. Reg. Abp. Giffard, pars. ii. 68.

DARFIELD Rect. et Vic. A Rector of one mediety and a vicar of the other mediety. Ordained 6 or 8 Oct. 1363. Reg. Abp. Thoresby, 123. Lib. de appropriat., &c., 59.

DARTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 2. Jun. 1484. Reg. Abp. Rotherham, pars ii., 51.

DEWSBURY Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 20 Jun. 1349. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 33.

DOKE et BEVERLEY* (Extra Parochial). Ordinatio Dni. Archiepi. super perceptione decimar. provenien. in locis de Doke et Beverl. extra parochialibus. Dat 25 Feb., 1361. Reg. Abp. Thoresby, fo. —.

DONCASTER Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 6 Kal. Ap. 1303. Reg. Abp. Corbridge, 19, 7 Kal. Jun., 1320, confirmed by the Dean and Chapter. See a book entitled "Act. Capit. ab A.D. 1314 ad 1393." Torre 937.

EASINGTON Vic. Confirmatio Capit. B. Petri Ebor., super appropriatione Eccl. de Esington, facta per Dno. Will. Ebor. Archiepi. Dat. 30 die Jan., 1346. Cartular Abbatiæ de Melsa, MS. penes Jacob West, Arm. 1763, capit xix, fo. 41, a. b., 42, a. b., 43, a.

Ordinatio Dni. Will., Ebor. Archiepi. de porcione, pro Vicario de Esington. Dat. apud Burton, juxta Beverle. Ibid., cap xx., fo. 43, a. b., 44, a. b.

* Beverley.—*Editor.*

Compositio pro Decimis Dominici Eccl. de Esyngton, et escambio Capellar. de Skestline, et Ravenserodde. Act. apud Chirobedon, 6 Id. Feb., 1273. Cartular. Abbat. de Meiss, MS. Penes Jacob West, Arm. Capit. xxvii. fo. 91, a. b., 92, a.

Easington Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 30, Jan. 1346. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 15, 185. A book in the Dean and Chaper's Office, de appropriat., &c.

Easingwold Vic. Ord. Vic., ante 1293. Reg. Abp. Romaine, 35.

Ebberston. Ord. Vic., Dat. Id. Nov. 1252. Reg. de Dimiss, &c., 89, Alia Dat. 7 Sept., 1411. Reg. admiss. Collation, &c., marked T. c., 202.

Ecclesfield Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 7 Id. Dec., 1310. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars i., fo. —. Ord. et Dotatio Vicariæ, Dat. Lond. 6 Mart., 1387. Reg. Abp. Scrope, ab fo. 114, a., ad fo. 116, a. In the Registry at Lichfield.

Ecclesfield Vic. Cum Capell. de Bradfield. Ord. Vic., Dat. 7 Id. Sept. 1310. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars i. 81, 83.

Edstone Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 11 Kal., Feb. 1310. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars ii., 100.

Ellerburn Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 3 Kal., Sept. 1232. Rot. maj. Abp. W. Gray, 214, Alia, Dat. 8, Id Nov., 1252. Reg. de dimiss, &c., marked T. b., 89.

Elveley, Ella, or Kirk Ella Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 3, Maii, 1343. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 179, Alia Ord., Dat. 23 Octr. 1438. Reg. Abp. Kempe, 179. See Monastic. Eborac., 315 a 393.

Ergum Vic. Ord. Vic., circa 1269. Rot. maj. Walt. Gray, No. 20.

Estrington Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 3 Id. Mart. 1227. Reg. maj. W. Gray, No. 26, Alia Ord., Dat. 6 Kal., Mart., 1267. Reg. Abp. Wickwane, pars i., 94, et Reg. Alex. Neville, pars i. 94.

Eton Vic. Ord. Vic., per Joh. Ebor. Arch. Dat. apud Sewell, 3 Kal. Feb., 1280. Confirmatio Capituli B.M. Sewell, super ordinatione predict. Dat. apud Sewell, 2 Kal. Feb., 1280. Reg. Abp. Ebor. MSS. penes Jacob West Arm. 1763, cap. 300 fo. 94, ab. 95 a. Confirmatio Capituli. B. Petri Ebor, super ordinatione prebendalis. Eccl. de Eton in Eccl. Sewell, Dat. Ebor. 14 Kal. Martii 1280. Ibid. Cap. 301 fo. 95, a. b.

Felix Kirke Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 16 Kal. Maii, 1279, Reg. Abp. Giffard, pars i., 22, inquisition held 5 Id. Nov. 1319, Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars i., 104 or 184, confirmed by Abp. Melton 265.

Felkirke Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 5, Id. Mart. 1253, Rot. min. Walt. Gray, No, 215. See Mon. Eborac. 304.

Fenton Vic. Ord. Vic., (s. d.) Reg. Alb. 92, Reg. de dimiss. terrar., marked T. b., 94. Ord. Vic. de Shirburn et Fenton, Mons. Oct. 1240, Reg. Cartar: Eccl. S. Petri Ebor., fo. 26 in Bibl. Cotton. Claudius, B. 3.

Ferriby, North Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 2 non. Maii, 1332, Reg. Abp. Melton 320.

Fishlake Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 9 Aug 1387, ratified 1 Jul., 1388, Lib. de Appropriat., &c. marked T. c., page 122. Torre 953.

Flamberg. See Bridlington.

Foston-on-the-Wolds Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 18 Maii, 1381, Reg. Abp. Neville, pars i., 49, and on the 4 Aug. 1512., a composition about some tithes was confirmed. Reg, Cardinal Bainbridge, 83.

Fridaythorpe. See Wetwang.

Fuyston al Foxton Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 3 Feb., 1351. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 82, Alia Ord. Dat. 18 Maii, 1381, Reg. Abp. Neville, pars ii. 49.

Fyfle. See Bridlington.

Galmeton Vic. See Bridlington. Ord. Vic. 1367, Reg. Abp. Thoresby, 220, Torre's MS.

Gargrave Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 6 Kal., Ap. 1321, Reg. Abp. Melton, 154, 169.

Gigleswick Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 5 Jun., 1230, Rot. maj. Walt. Gray, No. 172, 212. Reg. Abp. Giffard, No. 172, 212, and p. 78.

Gisburne, in Craven, Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 13 Kal., Sept., 1275. Reg. Cartar, Eccl. S. Petri Ebor. Bib. Cotton. Claudius, B. 3, fo. —. Conventio super Decimas de Gisburne, Dat. 7 Id. Mart., 1230. Cartul. Monaster. de Gisburn, Dat. 7 Id. Mart., 1230. Cartul. Monaster. de Gisburn, 187. In the Cotton. Library, Cleop. D. 2.

Gisburn-in Craven Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 5 Id. Nov. 1338, Reg. Abp. Melton, 119. Confirmed by the Dean and Chapter, 6 Kal. Dec., 1338. A book de Actis Capit., marked K. 72, Reg. Alb., marked T. a., 96.

Grimston, North, Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 26 Jun., 1408. Reg. de dimiss. terrar., marked T. b., 127, Reg. Alb., 101, Act. Capit., marked G., page 101.

Grinton Vic. In Mon. Ebor., is an account of the endowment, in Feb., 1272, and of a composition about tithes in 1278.

Halifax Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. die Inven. S. Cru. A.D. 1274. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, 76, In. 1535. 27 Hen. VIII. a composition about Tithes was made by Abp. Lee, 113.

For an account of the Endowment of this Vicarage, of the Chapels thereunto belonging, and a list of the Vicars, see Wright's Halifax page 36, &c.

Hampesthwayte-in-Moris Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 5 Id. Aug., 1257, confirmed by the Dean and Chapter prid. non. Nov., 1257. Reg. Alb. 70.

Harwood Vic. Ord. Vic., 1353. Reg. Abp Wickwane, Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars i., 3 See Mon. Eborac., 117.

Hatfield Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 19 Maii, 1346. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 13. Also, in a book entitled "De appropriat. Eccles. quibus. monast." 17. See Mon. Eborac., 321. Torre's MS, 917.

Hatfylde Vic. 22 Jan., 1567, the Crown granted a lease of this Rectory to R. Lee, Esq. for 21 years, on paying an annual stipend of £15 to the Vicar; and also yearly to the Archbishop, and to the Dean and Chapter of York, for a pension and synodals, 106 shillings and 8 pence. Particulars of Leases in the Augmentation Office. Yorkshire Roll 28, No. 60.

Hayton Vic. Ord Vic., Dat. 8 Id. Nov., 1252. Reg. de Dimiss, marked T. b., 89. Reg. de Dimiss, marked T. c., 55. Alia Ord., Dat. 8 non Maii, 1258. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, 11, printed in Mon. Ang.

Hedingley Chapel. From the Epitaph on the monument of B. Wade, of New Grange, Esq. in this chapel, it appears that that Gentleman

gave the benefit of two hundred pounds to the Curate of this chapel for ever.

HELAGH Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 5 Feb. 1398, Reg. admiss. collation. vacat. et litter. missar. &c. ab. 1352, ad 1426, 146. Reg. Abp. Bowet, 23. Reg. vacat. Archiep. Ebor. ab A.D. 1297, ad 1554. See Mon. Ebor. 282. See also Reg. Abp. Scrope. 5 Feb., 1398, folio —.

HELMSLEY Vic. Ord. Vic., Reg. Abp. Corbridge, ab 1299, ad 1305.

HEMINGBROUGH Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 21 Jul., 1356. N.B The original endowment of this church is now in Durham, Car. 3 fo. 268. See Mon. Eborac. 441.

HESIL Vic. Ord. Vic., ante 1251. Rot. min. Abp. Walter Gray, No. 20.

HESIL-CUM-HULL Vic. See Hull.

HELPERTHORPE Vic. Ord. Vic. per Walter Ebor. Archiep., Dat. apud Ebor., 15 Kal. Jun., anno 33. Pont. sui, Registr. Eccl. Ebor., pars ii., 6, printed in Monast. Angl., vol. iii., 158.

HICKLETON hodie Cur. olim Rect. An account of this place is extant in Mon. Ebor., 95.

HOLBECK Chapel. To this Chapel Tobias Iles, who died in 1707, gave for the use of the then Minister, and his successors, the term of a lease of a house near the Chapel, rented yearly at £3 14s. 0d., and his part of Anderton rents being £5 14s. 8d per annum, with the overplus of his estate, all which he settled in the hands of feoffees. Mag. Brit., vol. vi., 414.

HOLME Rect. An impropriation in St. John's College, Cambridge. The College presents to the Vicarage, and lets out the Rectory to the Vicar by lease, for his life, at a peppercorn yearly rent. This Rectory, and the Vicarage, have not paid any tenths for many years; but how they are discharged, does not appear: it is supposed they are discharged by some grant from the Crown for that purpose.

HORNSEY Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 9 Octr., 1423. Reg. Abp. Bowet, pars ii., 201.

HOTON Vic. Ord. Vic., 1302. Reg. Abp. Corbridge, folio —.

HOTON BUSCEL Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 9 Jan. 1458. Torre's MS. Reg. Abp. Bothe, 68. See Mon. Eborac., 73.

HOTON CRANCEWIC Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 6 Kal., Feb., 1304. Reg. Abp. Gifford, 19. See Mon. Ebor., 414.

HOTON CRANCEWIC Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 18 Kal., Dec., 1302. Reg. Abp. Corbridge, 37.

HOTON PAGNELL Vic. Ord. Vic., temp. Rogeri Eborac. Archiep. inter A.D. 1154, et 1191. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars i., 2. Reg. Alexr. Neville, pars i., 3, and confirmed with some additions 14 Jan., 1411. Reg. Abp. Bowet, pars ii., 101 or 107; also, in Lib. de appropriat. quibusdam, &c., marked T. c., 169. Ord. Vic., Dat. 9 non. Maii, 1258. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, 11, printed in Mon. Ang., vol. iii., 139.

HOVINGHAM Cur. Concerning the tithes of this parish, see the case of R. Crathorne, appellant, *v.* Taylor, respondent, determined in the House of Lords, 11 March, 1723.

HOVEDEN Vic, See Barneby-upon-Derwent. Ord. Vic., Dat. 2 Feb., 1319, Reg. Abp. Melton, 482.

HOWTHORNE. See Paghill.

HULL TRINITY CHURCH Vic. In 1661 the church of the Holy Trinity at Hull being part of the vicarage of Hesil cum Hull was divided from Hesil by a private Act of Parliament, 1d Car. II. Stat. 2, by which Act the vicar of the Holy Trinity is to have the same tithes, &c., within his precinct, as the Vicar of Hesil cum Hull had before this separation.

HUNDMANBY Vic. Ord. Vic. circa 1269. Rot. maj. Abp. Walter Gray, No. 20.

HUNTINGTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 16 Maii, 1354, Reg. Abp. Thoresby, 32. See Mon. Eborac., 73.

HUDDERSFIELD Vic. Ord. Vic. Reg. Monasterii de Nostell, 180, b. c. in the Cottonian Library, (Vesp. E. xix.)

ILKELAY Vic. Ord. Vic. Dat. 12 Jan. 1378, confirmed by the Dean and Chapter, 25 Feb. 1378, Lib. de appropriat. quibusdam, &c., marked F. c., 99.

KAYNGHAM Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 13 Jun. 1349, Reg. Abp. Zouch, 145.

Ord. Vic. per William Ebor. Archiep. Dat. apud Ripon, 13 die Junii, A.D. 1349. Cartular. Abbatiæ de Melsa. MSS. Penes Jacob West dim., 1763, cap. xxviii. fo. 50, ab. 51, a Ordinatio Vicar de Kayngham, Dat. 24, die Julii, A.D. 1374. Ibid, cap. xxxvii, fo. 59, a.

KENNERTABY. See Bridlington.

KEKEMAREYS (in Pickering Forest) Manor. Coventio de Decimis de Kekemareys et Loftmareys, 24 Jan. 1229.—Bulla Gregorii, ix Pape de Decimis in Kekemareys, 5 Kal., Jan. Pont. sui. 12. Reg. Cartar, S. Petri Ebor. Bibl. Cotton. Claudius B, 10.

Ordinatio super Decimis de Kekemareys, fest. S. Joh. Bapt., A.D. 1220. Constitutiones Ebor, 154. Bibl. Cotton. Vitellius, A. 2.

KETTLEWELL Vic. Ord. Vic. Dat. 4 Dec. 1344. Regist. Abp. Zouch, et 8 Reg. Alb. 104, et Lib. de approp. Ecc. quibus. Monas. &c., 22. See Mon. Eborac. 420.

KILDWICK Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 18 Mart. 1381. Reg. Abp. Melton, 154, Alia Ord., Dat. 9 Maii, 1455. Reg. Abp. Bothe, 226. See Mon. Eborac., 117.

KILLAM-ON-THE-WOLDS Vic. Ord. Vic. Dat. 8 Id. Nov., 1252. Reg. de Dimiss, &c., marked T. b. 89.

KILNSEY Vic. In Mon. Ebor., 299, is an account of this Vicarage, see also Mon. Ang., Ang., vol. i. 588, 589.

KILNWYK PERCY Vic. Ord. Vic. Dat. 7 Id. Dec. 1232. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 196. Reg. de Dimiss, &c., marked T. b., 94; ibid, marked T. e., 49.

KIPPAX Vic. Ord. Vic. Dat. 6 Mart. vel 16 Apr. 1410. Reg. Abp. Bowet, pars ii. 93. Lib. de appropriat., &c., marked T. c., 160; also, a broad thin parchment book, endorsed "Act. correction," marked T.

KIRK BURTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 27 Mart., 1357. Reg. Abp. Thoresby, 88, 96. Lib. de appropriat., &c., 4., 51.

KIRKBY OVERLAYS, al. OVERBLOWS, Rect. The Advowson did belong to the Duke of Somerset, but was by Act of Parliament, 4 and 5 William and Mary, settled on the Crown; and it is by the Act expressly provided, that notwithstanding it is above the value, yet the Lord Chancellor, or Lord Keeper, shall present.

KIRKBY MALUARD. See Marsham.

KIRKBY MISPERTON. See Misterton.

KIRKBY OVERBLOWS Vic. Ord. Vicar. et

Cantariæ perdum, de Percy Catalogus MSS. Ang., p. ii., 200, No. 7121.

KIRKBY, SOUTH, Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 9 Kal., Jun. 1282. Reg. Abp. Romaine, 152. Reg. Album, 72. See Mon. Ebor., 305. See Mon. Angl., vol. iii., 158.

KIRKBY WHARF Vic. Ord. Vic. (date not mentioned.) See Reg Alb., 33. Lib de Dimission. Terrar, &c., marked T. b., 94. Lib. de appropriat, &c., 55, marked T. e., 55.

KIRKEBY USEBURN, al. USEBURN PARVA, Vic. Ord. Vic. ante 1329. Reg. de Dimiss, marked T. b., 90.

KIRKBY LEATHAM Vic. Ord. Vic. Dat. 18 Dec., 1412, by Abp. Bowet. "From Appropriat, &c.," from 1410 to 1418, marked O. O., in the Archbishop's Registry.

KIRKEBY IN-CLEVELAND. This Church consists of both a Rectory and Vicarage. See Mon. Ebor., 74.

KIRKBY MALESARD Vic. In 1485, a composition for the tithe hay of Syxford was agreed upon between the Abbot and Convent of Fountains and John de Mountford, A.M., Vicar of this parish. See Mon. Ebor., 205.

KIRKEBY MALESARD Vic. See Masham. Ord. Vic. Dat. non. April, 1278, and united with Massam as one Vicarage. Reg. de Dimiss, marked I. b., 93; ibid, marked T. a., 68.

KIRKEBY MORESIDE. Ord. Vic., ante 1288. Vid. book in the Archbishop's Registry, marked O. O. 26.

LANGTOFT Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 12 Decr, 1274. Reg. de Dimiss, marked T. b., 92. Ibid, marked T. b., 48. Act. capit., marked X. a., 12.

LASTINGHAM Vic. Ord. Vic., ante 1299. Cartul. St. Mariæ Abb. 292.

LAUGHTEN-LE-MORTHEN Vic. Compositio super quibusdam Decimis dict. Eccl. inter Prior, et Conventus de Blida, et Mag. Will. de Grenefield, Canon. Ebor. prebend. Eccl. de Lachon, in Morchyng, Dat. Ebor. die Sabbat. prox. post fest. Assumpt., B.M., 1285. Regist. Priorat. de Blida, 118, Harleian MSS. No. 3759.

LEADSHAM Vic. Ord. Vic. (date not mentioned). Reg. Alb., marked T. a., 12.

To this Vicarage appertain the Townships of Ledsham, Newton, Fairburn, and part of Ledston. It enjoys an augmentation of £14 per ann. from the Dean and Chapter of York, who have the impropriation of Fairburn. Thoresby's Leeds, 236.

LEEDS, St. PETER'S Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. apud Scroby, 7 Id. Dec., 1242. In minori Rotulo. Gualteri Gray, Archiepi. Ebor., No. 87, printed in Thoresby's Leeds, 200. Conventio inter Ecclesias. de Kirkestal et Ste. Trinitat., Ebor. de Decimis in parochia. de Ledes. Printed in Stevens's Supplement, vol. ii. App. 257.

Concerning the election of a Vicar, see the case of Wilson and others, appellants, and Kirshaw and others, respondents, determined by the House of Lords, May 15, 1753.

St. JOHN'S Church at Leeds was built by W. Harrison, Esq., 1634, who endowed it with £80 per annum, and left £10 per annum to keep it in repair. Mag. Brit., vol. vi., 406.

LECKONFIELD Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. ult. Mart., 1489. Reg. Abp. Rotherham, 281. Lib. de appropriat, &c., 389.

LOFTEMAREYS. See Kekemareys.

LUND-ON-THE-WOLDS Vic. Ord Vic., Dat. 6 Kal., Jun. 1290. Reg. Abp. Romaine, 42. See Mon. Ebor., 383.

LYTH Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 20 Septr., 1546. Reg. Abp. Holgate, 22.

MALTBY Vic. A rectory, but also a vicarage. Ord. 12 Kal. Dec., 1240, Rot. min. Abp. Walt. Gray, Nos. 53, 54. But 12 Jan. 1377, Ordin. Vic. for the whole, Reg. Abp. Neville, pars i., 29, 30. See Mon. Eborac., 89.

Vid. in Dodsworth's MSS. in Bibl. Bodleian, vol. viii. folio 317, de pensione 6s. 8d. Archiepisc. Ebor. ex Eccl. parochial. de Malteby quam habuerunt priorissa et Moniales de Arthington in proprios usus.

MAPPLETON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 4 non. Mart., 1253. Rot. min. Abp. Wal. Gray, No. 240. See a book entitled "Extent. Prebendar.," 30.

MARSHAM Vic., and KIRBY MALUARD Vic. The endowment of these two united Vicarages, belonging to the Prebendary of Marsham, Dat. non. Ap., 1278, is extant in one of the Registers of the Dean and Chapter.

MASSAM Vic. See Kirkeby Malesard. Ord. Vic., Dat. Kal., April, 1278. Act. Capit., marked I., 67. Reg. de Dimiss, marked T. b., 93; ibid, marked T. c., 48. Act. Capit., marked X. a., 18; York Registry.

MARTON Vic. This Vicarage was ordained by Abp. Walter Gray, but when, it is not said. See Mon. Eborac., 349.

MEXBURGH Vic. Ord. Vicar., Dat. 5 Kal., Dec., 1262. Reg. Alb., or Reg. de Dimiss, &c., marked T. a., p. 52. See also Reg. Abp. Gifford, pars i., 25.

MIDDLETON, in Pickering Lythe, Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 19 Decr., 1456. Reg. Abp. Bothe, 231. See also "De Appropriationibus Ecclesiarum quibusdam Monasteriis," 251, and Monastic. Ebor., 295.

MIDDLETON Rect. Annexio Eccl. de Middleton precentoriam de Beverlaco. Dat. London, 18 Kal., Maii, 1173. Reg. Archiep. Ebor. MSS., penes Jacob West, Arm., 1763, cap. 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, fo. 38, a. b.

MIRFIELD Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat 4 Aug., 1403. Reg. Abp. Scrope, 8. 39.

MISPERTON Vic. Littera dni W. i. e. Walter Gray. Ebor. Archiepi. de Ord. Vicariæ de Kirkebi Misperton, dat. Ebor. in crastina St. Luc. Evangel., 1254, Regist. Archiep. Ebor. MSS. penes Jacob West, Arm. 1763, cap. 289, fo. 90 b. Ordinatio Vicariæ de Misperton, Dat. Ebor. non. Janii, 1254; ibid, cap. 290, fo. 91. a.

MITTON, in Craven, Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 2 Kal., Nov. 1338. Reg. Abp. Melton, 218, Reg. Alb. marked F. a. 47; also Acta Capit., marked K, 76. But on the 21st of June, 1438, a composition between the Rector, Vicar, and Inhabitants was made, &c. Reg. Abp. Kempe, 181, previous to which there had been a new Ordination of the Vicarage, Reg. Abp. Scrope, 33.

MYTTON Vic. Ord. Vic., 1301. Reg. Abp. Scrope, folio —.

MITTON CAPELLA. See Aine.

MUSTON MULBY Vic. Ord. Vic., circa 1269. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 20.

NAFFERTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 2 Id. Apr., 1303. Reg. Abp. Corbridge, 39. Alia Ord. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, i.

Carta Thome Ebor. Archiep. de donatione

Eccl. de Nafferton, Abbat. et Convent. de Melsa Ord. Vic. Dat. apud Munketon juxta Rypon 2, Id. Maii, 1303. Cartular. Abbatiæ de Melsa, MS. penes Jacob West, Arm. 1763, Capit. v. fo. 28 b. 29, a Confirmatio W. Decani et Capit. Ebor. de eadem donatione. Dat. in capit. Ebor. Julii, 1304. Ibid, Capit. vi. fo. 29, a. b. 30 a.

Obligatio Rogeri Abbatis de Melsa, et ejusdem loci Convent. Decano et Capitulo Eccl. Ebor., et Successoribus suis pro pensione 10 Marc., annua. Eccl. de Nafferton. Dat. apud Melsa, 10 Jul. 1304. Cartular. Abbat. de Melsa MS., penes Jacob West, Arm. 1763, cap. xxiii., 46, a. b., onerat. Vicar de Nafferton, Dat. 10 die Junii, 1373. Ibid, capit. xxxvi., 58.

Instrumentum de restitutione duar. acrar. et dim. terrar Vicariæ de Nafferton, Dat. 8, Jul., 1386. Cartular, Abbatiæ de Melsa MS. penes Jacob West, Arm., cap. xx., fo. 87.

Newton Rochford. See Wold Newton.

Normanton Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. apud Cawood, 13 Octr. 1413. Reg. Cartul. Hospit. S. Johan. Jerusalem, fo. 290, b. Bibl. Cotton, Nero E. vi.

Normanton Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 14 die Oct. A.D. 1413, Reg. Abp. Bowet, pars ii. 108, 109. Ordinatio inter Abbat. de Kirkstall et Rectorem, de Normanton, super Decimis grangiæ de Snychale, 1310, Abp. Grenefield pars ii. 140.

Norton-in-the-Clay, Lordship of. In a register book of the Abbey of St. Alban, in the Harleian Library, marked No. 602, at fo. 83, a., is "A Terrer of Lands lying in the Lordship of Norton-in-the-Clay, within the Shyre of Richmond, made Aug. 16, anno 14 H. 7, by Will. Bisbrow et Tho. Warwyn, Baylis of St. Alban's."

Osbaldwyk Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 4 Nov. 1485. Act. Capit., marked T. i., 187, 189. Reg. de Dimiss, 58.

Osmotherley Vic. 4 Jun. 1565, the Crown granted a lease of this Rectory, for 21 years, to J. Conyers, on paying an annual pension of £10 to the Vicar. Particulars of Leases in the Augmentation Office, Yorkshire Roll, 16, No. 78.

Ottringham olim Vic., hodie Cur. See Bridlington. In Mon. Ebor., 238, is an account of a composition about the tithes entered into between the Abbey of Meaux, and the Priory of Bridlington, 1294.

Otley Vic. Ord. Vic., 3 non. Maii, 1258, Reg. Abp. Grenefield, 11. Reg. Abp. Neville, pars i. 3, printed in Mon. Ang., vol. iii, 139.

Overton Vic. Ord. Vic., ante A.D. 1301. Reg. Abp. Corbridge, 26.

Ouston Vic. Appropriatio Eccl. de Ouston, et Ordinatio Vicariæ, 21 Sept., 1418. Reg Abp. Bowet, pars i. 127. Torre 975.

Outhorne, al. Sisterkirk, Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 6 Oct. 1453. Reg. Abp. Booth, 155. See Mon. Ebor., 299.

Paghill. al. Pagula, Vic. Ord. Vic. de Alburge, Pagula, Howthorne, Withernse, et Burstall, per Walter Gray, Ebor. Archiep., Dat. apud Cawood, 2 non. Oct. Pont. sui anno. 33 (i. e., A. D. 1250). The original endowment is now (March 30, 1765) in the possession of the Rev. Mr. Dawson, the Vicar of Paghill.

Pannall Vic. 22 Jan. 1585, the Crown granted a lease of the Rectory for three lives, on paying to the Vicar a yearly stipend of 100 shillings. Particulars of leases in the Augmentation Office—Yorkshire Roll, 45, No. 47.

Ord. Vic., Dat. 19 Maii, 1348. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 20. Lib. de appropriat., &c., in the Dean and Chapter's Office, marked T. e. 34.

Pennyston Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 7 Jun. 1413. Reg. Abp. Bowet, pars ii., 109. See in the Dean and Chapter's custody a book entituled "De appropriat. Ecclesiar., &c.," 170, marked T. c.

Pickering Vic. Bulla Honorii Pape, super Decimis Grangiar. in Pykering; Dat. 3 Kal. Mart., Pont. 4. Regist. Cartar, Eccl. S. Petri Ebor. 9. Bibl. Cotton. Claudius, B. 3.

Pickering Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 2 Id. Nov. 1252. Reg. de Dimiss., &c., marked I. b., 89.

Pocklington Vic. Aedgera Ep. Cart. concessit. Decano Ebor. decim. molend. de Pocklington. Reg. Cartar. Eccl. S. Petri, Ebor. Bib. Cott. Claud., B. 3.

Ord. Vic., Dat. 8 Id. Nov. 1252. Reg. de Dimiss. terrar, &c.; marked T. b. 89.

Pontefract Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 1 Aug., 1452. Reg. Abp. Kempe, 466.

See an account of the Tithe Corn of Pomfret, 1619, in the Harleian MS., No. 6838, Mus. Brit.

Preston, in Holderness, Vic. Ordinatio Walt. Gray, Ebor Archiepi. super Eccl. de Preston in Holderness. Hiis Test. Will. de Markham, Canonico Suwelle, et al. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars iii. fo .64, printed in Mon. Ang., vol. iii. 152.

Preston, or Long Preston, Vic: Ord. Vic., Dat. 1303. Reg. Abp. Corbridge, 17; Alia Ordinatio, Dat. 16 Kal., Feb. 1304. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, 68; Alia Dat. 6 Kal. Mart. 1322. Reg. Abp. Melton, 154; Alia Dat. 9 Maii, 1455. Reg. Abp. Bothe, 127. See Monastic. Ebor. 118.

Queneby Vic. Appropriatio Eccl. de Queneby, monialibus de Molesby et cum Ordinatio Vicariæ; ibidem, Dat. A.D. 1283. Reg. Abp. Wickwane, pars i., 48. See Whenby.

Rawdon, Chapel to Gisley. Built by H. Layton, Esq., in 1684, and by him endowed with £20 per annum. Mag. Brit., vol. vi. 416.

Riccal Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 6 Kal., Nov. 1316. Regist. de Dimiss. et terrar., &c., marked T. a., 24; ibid, marked T. b., 93; ibid, marked T. c., 49.

Righton Vic. Ord. Vic., circa 1269. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 20.

Rillington Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 3 Kal., Feb. 1230. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 140. Alia, Dat. 20 Nov. 1344. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 180. See Mon. Eborac., 335.

Rotheram Vic. Ord. Vic. of the first mediety: first Vicar instituted 16 Kal. Jul. 1296. Reg. Abp. Romaine, 18. Vicar of the second mediety, first instituted 18 Id. Maii, 1311. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars ii. 53. Both medieties united and endowed 7 April, 1349. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 26, 42. Liber de appropriat. Eccl. 47.

Royston, al. Rareston, al. Ruyston, Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 4 Kal. Apr. 1234. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, 253. Alia Dat. 7 Kal. Aug. 1263. See Mon. Eborac., 97. Alia Dat. 7 Id. Oct. 1300, vel 1301. Reg. Abp. Corbridge, 7. Vol. viii., Mon. Angl. ut supra.

Rudstan Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 12 Maii, 1354. Reg. Abp. Thoresby, 102. Act.

Capit., in the office of the Dean and Chapter, 3 et 4.

RYPON Vic. Augmentatio Vicariæ. Per Will. Melton, Archiep. Ebor. Reg. 120.

SALTMARSH Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. non. Apr. 1320. Reg. Abp. Melton, 483.

SALTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. die Domini, prox. post. fest., Sti. Bartholomei Apost., 1312. Reg. de Dimiss., marked T. b., 95.

SANDAL MAGNA Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 3 Mart., 1356. Reg. Abp. Thoresby, 91. Confirmed by the Dean and Chapter, Aug. 23 following. See a book endorsed "Acta Cap. ab Anno Domini 1353, ad 1376," marked N., 10. Another book, marked T. e., with the same title, 7. Ordained again March 27, 1357. Reg. Abp. Thoresby, 96. Ord. Vic., Dat. 5 Id. Jul. 1310. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, 119. See Monastic. Eborac., 416.

SAUNTON, al. SANCTON, Vic.

SANCTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 5 Id. Jul. 1310. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, 119, 120, 121. See Mon. Eborac., 416.

22 Feb., 1562, The Crown granted a lease of the Rectory of Sancton to J. Wanneham, for 21 years, paying yearly to the Vicar a salary of £6 13s. 4d. Particulars of Leases in the Aug. Office, Yorkshire Roll, 44, No. 9.

SAWLEY olim Vic., hodie Cur. Compositio Antiqua Decimarum inter Abbat. de Kirkstall, et Vic. de Sallei Regist. Cartar, Abbat. de Kirkstall, 74. In the Duchy Office, Gray's Inn.

SCARDEBURGH Vic. A new taxation of this Vicarage, by Abp. Melton, 22 May, 1321. Reg. 245 or 295.

SCALEBY. See Bridlington.

SCAWBY Vic. In Mon. Ebor., 239, is an account of a Composition in 1282, about the tithe arising from sheep of two years old, within this parish.

SCULCOTES Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 13 Jul. 1381. Reg. Abp. Neville, pars i., 51.

SEDBERG Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 9 Apr. 1332. Reg. Abp. Melton, 456. Alia Dat. Kal. Jul. 1385. Reg. Alb., 87. See Mon. Eborac., 420.

SELBY. Formerly an Abbey, now a Curacy; made a parish Church by the King's letters patent; Dat. 20 March, anno. 16 Jac. 1. With an annuity of £30 to the Minister.

SEMAR Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 7 Id. Dec. 1323. Reg. Abp. Melton, 293. See Mon. Eborac., 75.

SHIREBURNE-IN-ELMET Vic. See Fenton.

Ord. Vic., Oct. 1240. Reg. Alb., 32. Reg. de Dimiss. Terrar., marked T. b. 93.

SHERIFF HOTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. Id. Oct. 1332. Reg. Abp. Melton, 256. Alia Dat. 13 Jan., 1376. From a book entituled "De appropriationibus quibusdam Monasteriis, &c.," marked T. c., 203. See Mon. Eborac. 266.

SILKESTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. Kal. Ap. 1284. Reg. Abp. Wickwane, pars ii., 48. Alia Ordinatio, Dat. 29 Aug. 1425. Reg. Abp. Kempe, vel, Reg. Abp. Bothe, 228. An agreement about the repairs of the Chancel and Steeple was made in 1479. Reg. Abp. Bothe, 90.

SKEFFLING or SKEFFELINGE Vic. 20 July, 1591, the Crown granted a lease of the Site of the Manor of Bristallgarth, with the rectory of Sheffelinge, for forty years, to T. Scudamore, on paying an annual stipend of 108 shillings, as a salary to the minister or curate of the church. Particulars of Leases in the Aug. Office, Yorkshire Roll, 34, No. 20.

SKEKLING. See Burstwic.

SKELTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 13 Kal. Jul. 1330. Reg. Abp. Melton, 492.

SKIPSE Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 10 Kal. Ap. 1227, Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 28.

Ord. Vic., Dat. 28 Mart., 1309, Reg. Abp. Grenefield, pars i., 113, 117, 118.

Carta Dni. Will. Archiepi. Ebor., de donatione Eccl. de Skipse. Ordinatio Vicariæ, Dat. apud Wylton 28 die Mart., 1309, Cartular. Abbatiæ de Melsa MS. penes Jacob West, Arm. 1763, capit. vii., fo. 30, ab alia Ordinatio Dat. apud Cawood, 3 die April, 1310, ibid capit. viii., fo. 30, b. 31, ab confirmatio Will. Decani et Capit. Ebor. de donatione Will. Archiepi de Eccl. de Skipse, Dat. in Capit. Ebor. 20 die Apr. 1309, ibid cap. ix. fo. 31, b. 32, a quieta clam. W. Decani et Capit. Ebor. super 20 Solid. annuis in quibus domus de Melsa eis tenebatur per ordinationem W. Archiepi Eccl. de Skipse predict. Dat. 1311, ibid. Capit. x., fo. 32, a. b.

Instrumentum sub manu publica de appropriatione Eccl. de Skipse, Dat. 3 die Apr. 1310, ibid Capit. xi. fo. 32, b. 33, a. b.

SKIPSE Vic. Ordinatio Dni. Will. de Grenefield, Ebor. Archiepi. super appropriatione Ecc. de Skipse; Dat. apud Wilton, 28 die Mart., 1309. Reg. Archiep. Ebor. MS. penes Jacob West, arm., 1763, cap. 370, fo. 119, a. b., 120, a.b. Confirmatio Ordinationis predict. per Abbat. et Convent. de Melsa, Dat. apud Melsam, 27 die Mart., 1309. Ibid, 120, b.

Obligato Adam Abbatis de Melsa, et ejusdem loci Convent. facta Dec. et Capit. Eccl. Ebor Successoribus pro pensione annu iv. Marc Eccl, de Skypse, Dat. apud Melsam, 4 die August, 1311, Cartulatar. Abbat. de Melsa. MS. penes Jacob West, Arm., capit. xxiv., fo. 46, b.

Inquisitio de Decimis de Skipse, capta die Martis prox. post. fest. Sti. Nicholai Epi anno. 3, V. 3. Ibid, capit. xxv., fo. 89; ab Instrumentum de processu et placito contra parochianos de Skipse, super modo decimationis Lanæ et Agnarum, in paroch. de Skypse; Dat. 19 die Oct., 1330. Ibid, cap. xxvi, fo. 89, b., 90 a.

SKIPTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 16 Sept., 1326. Torre's MS. Reg. Abp. Melton, 167. See Monastic. Eborac., 119.

SKIPWITH Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 4 Kal. Feb. 1279. Reg. Abp. Wickwane, 37.

SNAITH bodie Cur. A very particular account of this Church, &c. will be found in Mon. Ebor., 400, 401, and 402.

SOUTH KIRKBY Vic. Taxatio Vicariæ, Kal. Jan., 1231. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 171. Alia Taxatio, 8 Id. Ap. 1244. Rot. min. Abp Walt. Gray, No. 127. Inquisitio de valore dict. Vicar, 1268. Reg. Abp. Giffard, 14. Appropriatio dict. Eccl. et portio Vicarii, 9 Kal. Jun. 1282. Reg. Abp. Romaine, 152. Reg. Album, 72.

STAINTON (in the Deanery of Cleveland) Vic. See in Mon. Ebor. 84, a Composition touching the Tythes, parochial Dues, &c. of the Chapell of Midelsburg in this parish, made between the Canons of Gisburn, Impropriators of this Church and the Monks of Whitby.

STAYNTON juxta Tickhil Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 1444. Reg. Abp. Kempe, 138. See Monast. Ebor. 307, and Monast. Ang. Vol. iii., 158.

STILLINGFLEET Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 15 Aug. 1330. Reg. Abp. Melton, 252.

STOKESLEY Vic. De altaragio Eccl. de Stokesley Guidori de Fontibus concesso nomine Vicariæ (Sans date), printed in Stephens' Continuation of Dugdale's Monasticon, Appendix, vol. ii., No. 80.

STRENSALE Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 6 Kal. Dec. 1314. Act. Capit., marked I., 4 or 5. Reg. de Dimiss. Terrar., 96.

SUTTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 3 non. Maii, 1258. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, 11, printed in Mon. Ang. vol. iii., 139.

SUTTON-IN-GALTRES Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 12 Kal. Mart., 1227. Rot. min. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 99, and allowed by an Inspeximus, by Abp Melton, 7 Id. Oct. 1332, confirmed by the official of the Archdeacon 26 Sept. 1372, and ratified by the Dean and Chapter 14 Dec. 1423. Reg. in the last Office, marked T. c., 213. See Mon. Eborac., 267.

SWELDALE- CUM-GRENTON Vic. See Grenton.

SWINE Vic. Ord. Vic., on or before 1323. Reg. Abp. Melton, 291. Alia Ordinatio, Dat. 8 Jan., 1538. Reg. Abp. Lee, 134.

SYGLESTHORN Rect. Carta per quam Mag. Rad. de Joighou Rect. Eccl. de Seglestorn renunciavit omni petitioni minutar. decimar. de Terris Abbat., et Conventus de Melsa, in Parochia sua. Dat. apud Beverl., in die Sti Vincent, A.D. 1273. Cartulatur. Abbatiæ de Melsa, MS. penes Jacob West, Arm., A.D. 1763. Capit. i. fo. 129, b.

TADCASTER Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 7 Id. Aug. 1290. Reg. Abp. Romaine, 19.

THIRKLEBY Vic. Ord. Vic., ante A.D. 1269. Reg. Abp. Gifford, pars i., 22.

THORNER Vic. 23 Jun. 1662, the Crown granted a Lease of part of the Rectory of Thorner to W. Butler for 21 years, on paying yearly to the Vicar a stipend of £8. Particulars of Leases in the Aug. Office, Yorkshire Roll, 44, No. 3.

THORNTON-IN-SPALDING MORE Vic. Ord. Vic. 1121. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 8. Alia Ord. Dat. 8 Nov. 1252. Reg. de Dimiss., marked T. b., 89. Alia Ordinatio, Dat. 12 Mart. 1415. Reg. admission. Collation. &c., marked T. c., 202.

THORNTON, Chapel to Bradford. Augmented, in conjunction with the School, by S. Sunderland, Esq., with a rent charge of £12 per annum, which Mr. R. Parker, his executor, faithfully settled upon it. Mag. Brit., vol. vi., 428

THORPARCH Vic. Forty shillings are annually paid by the Vicar of Thorparch to the Poor of the parish of Calverley,—as I am informed (A.D. 1769,) by the Rev. Mr. Bewicke, Vicar of Calverley; who further acquaints me, that the Vicarage of Thorparch was endowed with the great tithes of that parish, tempe Elizabethæ Reginæ.

THORPE Vic. Ord. Vic., 1351. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 275.

THORPE-IN-THE-STREET, in Burnham parish, Chapel. See in Mon. Ebor., an account of a decree, 5 Oct. 1440, between the inhabitants of this Chapelry and Rob. Tone Rector of Burnham, concerning the repairs of Burnham, &c. &c. Also, Reg. Abp. Kempe, 21.

N.B. Ecton, in his Thesaurus, takes no notice of this Chapel.

THORPE St. ANDREW, al. BISHOPTHORPE Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 1 Nov. 1269. Reg. Abp Gifford, folio —.

THORP ARCH Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 3 non. Maii, 1258. Reg. Abp. Grenefield, 11, Torre's MS., 339. See also Drake's York, 394, Monast. Angl., vol. iii., 139.

TINSLEY, al. TINSLOW, Vic. The ancient parochial Church, or Chapel, of St. Lawrence, having all its endowment taken away (except £4 18s.) about the times of Hen VIII., has been decayed and ruined for many years. The hon. Thos. Wentworth rebuilt this Church in 1710, inclosed 15 acres of the Common, settled them upon the Church, with a rent charge of £15 per annum, payable out of two parts of the tithes of Tinsley, which he lately bought. Thoresby's Leeds, 242.

TOPCLIFF Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. die Invent. S. Crucis, 1258. Reg. de Dimiss., marked T. b., 95; ibid., marked T, e., 56, a thin vellum book, marked T. o. called "Ludham's Rental," 16.

TYKHILL, SOUTH KYRKEBY, and ROTHWELL Eccl. Ordinatio Dni. Abp. Walteri Gray, Archiepi. de Ecclesiis de Tykhill, South Kyrkeby, et Rothwell. Cat., MSS. Cotton., No. 25, 80.

Ord. Vic. de Tyckill; Dat. 13 Kal. Jun. 1282. Reg. Album, 73. Reg. Abp. Romaine, 152. Alia, Dat. 14 Kal. Jul. 1302. Reg. Abp. Corbridge, 15. Alia, Dat. 5 Feb. 1431. Reg. Abp. Kempe, 36. See Mon. Eborac., 308. See also Mon. Angl., vol. iii., 158.

USBORNE MAGNA Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 23 Maii, 1348. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 72.

USBORNE PARVA Vic. The endowment is extant in a Register of the Dean and Chapter, marked X. a., fo. 11. The Rectory belongs to the Precentor.

WADWORTH Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 11 Kal. Dec. 1232. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 191. Extent. prebendar., marked T. h., 65.

WAGHEN, or WAUNE-IN-HOLDERNESSE, Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. Id. Nov. 1230. Reg. Abp. Giffard, 76, Regist. Alb. See Mon. Eborac., 300; Alia Ord. 1244. Reg. Album, 35. Lib. marked T. b., 92; T. e., 54.

WAKEFIELD Vic. Here is a weekly Lecture, endowed with £8 per annum by the pious charity of the noble Lady Campden. Mag. Brit., vol vi., 359.

Ord. Vic., Dat. 2 Jun. 1349. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 27, 32.

WAREHAM PERCY Vic. A Rectory and Vicarage till 9 June, 1301, when Abp. Corbridge consolidated the Vicarage and Rectory. Reg. Abp. Corbridge, fo. 34.

Ord. Vic., 15 Kal. Dec. 1327. Reg. Abp. Melton, 308. Alia Ord. 27 Apr. 1440. Reg. Abp. Kempe, 195; and also in a thin book entituled "Regist. Joh. Rokeby," in the Dean and Chapter's office, marked T. m., 2. See also Reg. Abp. Lee, 195; and Monast. Ebor., 316, 317.

WARMEFIELD Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. Id. Mart., 1253. Rot. min. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 214. See Mon. Eborac., 308.

WARTRE Vic. Ord. Vic., 1358. Reg. Abp. Thoresby, 198. See Mon. Eborac., 383.

WATER FRYSTON, al. FERRY FRIESTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 10 Kal. Mart. 1332. Reg. Abp. Melton, 194, confirmed by the Dean and Chapter. See a book marked R., 8.

WATH Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 2 Kal. Aug. 1235. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 289. See Mon. Eborac., 308.

WELTON Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 27 Sept., 1439. Reg. de appropriat., marked T. c., 244, or Reg. de Admiss., marked T. c., 244.

WESTOWE olim MORA Vic. Ord. Vicariæ ante A.D. 1394. Reg. Abp. Romaine, 46.

WAKWANG et FRIDAYTHORP Vic. Ordinatio dict. Vicariar, Kempe, Fulc. Decan Ebor., inter 1239 et 1241. Reg. Cartar, Eccl. S. Petri, Ebor, fo. —. Bibl. Cotton. Claudius, B. 3.

WETWANG Vic. Ordinatio Vicariæ per Abp. Walt. Gray. Reg. de Dimiss, marked T. b., 94, Act. Capit. marked T., 40.

WEVERTHORPE Vic. Ord. Vic. ante A.D. 1300. Reg. Abp. Wickwane, pars ii., 52. See Mon. Angl., vol. iii., 158. See Boulton.

WHARRAM PERCY Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 15 Kal. Dec. 1327. Reg. Abp. Melton, 308. Alia Dat. 27 Apr. 1440. Reg. Abp. Kempe, 195; and also in a thin book entituled "Reg. Joh. Rokeby," in the Dean and Chapter's Office, marked T. m. p. 2. See Mon. Eborac., 316.

WHATTON Vic. Galf. Archbishop of York, appropriated the church of Whatton to the Abbey of Welbeck, saving always a competency for the vicar that should minister, viz. a third part. Thoraton's Nottinghamshire, 143.

WHENBY, al. QUENBY, Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 8 Kal., 1283. Reg. Abp. Wickwane, pars ii., 48. See Monast. Eborac., 268. See Queneby,

WIGHALL Vic. Appropriated to the priory of Helagh Park, and a vicarage ordained, which was endowed with the tithes of Eedyke and Folibyt, &c. Drake's York, 392.

WEIGHTON Vic. Ord Vic., Dat. 4 non. Mart. 1255. Rot. min. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 239 or 739. See a book entituled "Extend. Prebendar," 30.

WILTON. See Bishop Wilton.

WITHERNSE. See Paghill.

WYTHORNWYK Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. Id. Nov. 1230. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 120. Alia, Ord. Dat. 12 Kal. Maii, 1259. Extent. Prebendar., marked T. h., 40, 65.

WILLANDEBY. See Bridlington.

WALD NEWTON, al. NEWTON ROCHFORD, Vic.—Ord. Vic., circa A.D. 1269. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, No. 20.

WOOMERALEY Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 3 Jun. 1348; again on 6 and 28 Aug. 1348. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 24. Liber de appropriationibus, &c., 36, 37.

WORSBOROUGH, Chapel to Darfield. J. Reyney, Esq., citizen of London, in 1632, gave £30 per ann. for the better maintenance of the Minister, Schoolmaster, and Poor of this place, to be paid quarterly by the Draper's Company. Mag. Brit., vol. vi., 420.

WRESELL Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 26 Nov. 1381. Reg. Abp. Zouch, 211. Torre's MS. See Monast. Eborac., 112.

YEADINGHAM Vic. Ord. Vic., Dat. 7 Id. Aug. 1231. Rot. maj. Abp. Walt. Gray, 177. Alia, Dat. 4 non. Jan, 1306. Reg. Abp. Greenfield, pars i., 105, 106. See Monast. Eborac. 286.

YORK Deanery. Ordinationes Vicariarum pertinent. ad Decanat. Ebor., Dat. 8 Id. Nov. 1252. Regist. Cartar, Sti. Petri Ebor., 138. in Bib. Cotton. Claudius, B. 3. See also Constitutiones Eccl. Ebor., fo. 142. Bib. Cotton. Vitellius, A. 2.

YORK, ST. CLEMENT'S, or CLEMENTHORPE, Vic. Ordinatio Vicariæ de Clementhorpe. Reg. Abp. Walt. Gifford, 27. Ordinationem Eccl. de Clementhorpe quam R. Henricus contulerat Monialibus de Clementhorpe.

YORK, ST. HELEN Vic. A vicarage was here ordained, temp. Hen. V. See Drake's York, 343.

YORK, ST. LAURENCE. See an account of the endowment in Drake's York, 251. The church of St. Michael, was united to this of St. Laurence, Oct. 10, 1365. See two Decrees concerning the tithes of this parish, one dated London, May 12, 1439, the other dated Ebor. Jan. 23, 1457, both mentioned by Drake, 251.

YORK, ST. MARTIN Vic. Ord. Vic., 1331. See Drake, 327.

YORK, ST. MARY, Bishophill Vic. See in Drake's York an arbitration concerning the tithes of this parish, dated Feb. 21, 1442, and an account of the endowment of this vicarage.

YORK, ST. MICHAEL'S. See St. Lawrence.

YORK, ST. TRINITY, in the King's Court, Vic. Appropriatio Eccl. S. Trinitatio vocat Christechirce in Conyngeyerd Ebor. Magistro Fratribus et Sororibus Hospitalis de Welle cum Ordinatio Vicariæ; ibidem, dat. 31 die Julii, 1414, Reg. Abp. Bowet.

* Compositio super decimis inter Abbot. de Kirkstall et Eccl. S. Trinit. Ebor, Register of the Abbey of Kirkstall in the Duchy Office, Gray's Inn, 73.

* This appears to relate to the Church of the Holy Trinity, in Micklegate.—*Editor.*

ADDENDA TO THE INTRODUCTION.

1. RECORDS.

IN THE EXCHEQUER:

Valor Ecclesiasticus, or, Liber Regis.

FROM this Record Bacon compiled his Liber Regis, and, through the kindness of R. Gilbert, Esq., whose valuable work entituled "Liber Scholasticus," is frequently referred to in the foregoing pages, the Author was indulged with the free use of Bacon's own interleaved copy, in which he had made many corrections and additions.

Testa de Nevill.

This Record contains, among other things, an account of Churches in the Gift of the Crown, and states in whose hands they then were.

The Close Rolls.

These commence in 1202. They contain many entries relative to Ecclesiastical affairs, viz., Advowsons, Alien Priories, Heretics, Papal Bulls, Tithes, &c.

The Memoranda Rolls.

These Rolls commence in the reign of Henry III., and contain Inrolments made in the Exchequer relative to a vast variety of Secular and Ecclesiastical matters.

The Hundred Rolls, 1274.

In these Rolls are contained, inter alia, an account of Alienations to the Church in Frankalmoigne.

IN THE AUGMENTATION OFFICE:

The Minster Accounts.

These relate to Monastic Possessions.

IN THE FACULTY OFFICE.

Records of Marriage Licences in the Provinces of Canterbury and York are extant from 1666.

AT ROME.

"In 1788 Marini, the Keeper of the Secret Archives in the Vatican and Castle of St. Angelo, informed Andrew Stuart, Esq., who wished to make a search connected with Scotland, that they comprised upwards of twenty thousand volumes of Records and Manuscripts, but without any regular Inventory of them to assist in making the search.

The result, however, was that Marini searched for, and discovered, the Document required. The search extended from 1317 to 1452, not only in the Vatican and Castle of St. Angelo, but at the office of the Dataria."*

* Origines Genealogicæ, by Stacye Grimaldi, Esq., 4to., London, published by Longman and Co., 1828.

II. COLLECTIONS IN PUBLIC, ARCHIEPISCOPAL, AND CATHEDRAL LIBRARIES.

The Dodsworth MSS. in the Bodleian.

The account of these Manuscripts in page vi. should have been placed between inverted commas, it having been extracted from the preface to Mr. Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The Author is indebted to the kindness of Archdeacon Todd† for many references to a MS., No. 5101, entituled "An Itinerant Survey of the Churches in Yorkshire," giving an account of the arms and inscriptions, and some other memoirs extracted from the Parish Registers, &c.; to another, No. 5078, entituled "Arms and Inscriptions in several Churches in Yorkshire"; and to another MS., No. 7063, all in the Bodleian Library.

† The Author also gratefully acknowledges several valuable references which the learned Archdeacon kindly favoured him, with from Wilkins's Concilia Magna, Kennet's Case of Impropriations, Huddersford's Catalogue of Anthony à Wood's MSS., Masters's Memoirs of the Rev. T. Baker, and his MSS., and Cat. MSS., Anglicæ et Hibernæ, &c.

III. COLLECTIONS IN PRIVATE HANDS.

The Currer MSS.

Dr. Whitaker, speaking of the Collections of the late John Richardson Currer, Esq., terms them "An immense mass of evidence, out of which the laborious compiler, had he not been prevented by death, projected to digest and complete an History of Craven."

"In this Collection the Pedigrees of almost all the families in the district are completed down to the year 1773. In the same Collections are transcripts of Dodsworth's invaluable fragments relating to Craven, and some excellent papers by the late J. C. Brooke."*

The Beckwith MSS.

"Those Collections were formed by Josiah Beckwith, an Attorney at Rotherham, and Thomas Beckwith, an Arms Painter, at York. The Collections are dispersed, the more valuable portions found their way into the Libraries of the College of Arms, the Earl of Harrowby, and Mr. Gough."†

* Preface to History of Craven.

† Hotham's South Yorkshire, vol. ii., 13.

IV. PRINTED WORKS.

The History and Antiquities of the Seigniory of Holderness, by George Poulson, Esq., 2 vols., 4to, plates, Hull. Topping, Bowalley Lane, and Pickering, London.

Mr. Poulson notices all the parishes within the Deanery, and gives plates of the Churches and Catalogues of the Incumbents.

PRESENT ARRANGEMENT OF THE

DIOCESE OF YORK.

JUNE, 1842.

ARCHDEACONRY OF YORK.

DEANERY OF THE CITY OF YORK.

The Archbishop of York having recently revived the Office of Rural Dean, the following extract from Mr. Hunter's History of the Deanery of Doncaster, or South Yorkshire, may not be deemed inappropriate :—

"The inconvenience which arose from the great extent of the Dioceses in the western parts of Europe, was soon found to render necessary the delegation of a portion of episcopal authority. To the delegate was given the name of Dean; a word supposed to be derived from *decem*, as if ten was the number of churches placed under his superintendency. The word *rural* was sometimes attached to Dean, by which he was distinguished from the Dean in a Conventual (qy. Cathedral) Church. The district over which he presided was called a Deanery. The first appearance of this officer was in the ninth century. He is found in England, France, and Germany. His powers and duties were considerable. He summoned the Clergy in his Deanery to periodical Convocations. He had a visitatorial power in the parishes. It was his duty to make a report to the Bishop of the state of his clergy, and the moral and religious state of the Deanery in general. This he was the better enabled to do being usually resident in his Deanery, and probably always the Incumbent of some Benefice within it. He granted Licences for Marriages and Administration of Wills where the Bona Notabilia was small. The office passed silently into disuse. No Chapters of the Deaneries have been held since the reign of Elizabeth. The visitatorial duties have devolved upon the Archdeacons. The privilege of granting Licences for Marriages, and Administration of the Goods of the Deceased, is distributed among an indefinite number of Clergymen, who are the Surrogates of the Bishop or his Chancellor. The very office, at least in the Diocese of York, is almost forgotten. The last Clergyman who was Dean of Doncaster was William Steer who died in 1745, a Prebendary of the Cathedral Church and Vicar of Ecclesfield.' Vol. 1, page 1.

All Saints in Northstreet R., 7. *For* "Glebe House unfit," *read* "No Glebe House."
All Saints in Pavement R., 8.
Bedern C., 37.
St. Crux R., 9.
St. Cuthbert R., 10.
St. Dennis R., 12.
St. Helen in Stonegate V., 13—604.
Holy Trinity in Goodramgate R. 14.
Holy Trinity in King's Court V. 16—604. *For* "Basey's" *read* "Busey's."
Holy Trinity in Micklegate R., 17—604. In the official return in 1834 called a Vicarage.
St. John at Ousebridge End P. C. (peculiar vide 2)—18. Bodleian MSS., No. 5078. Torre's MS. *for* "639," *read* "629."
St. Lawrence V. (peculiar vide 2) 19—604.
St. Margaret R., 21. Additional Church-room has been provided.
St. Martin in Coney-street V. (peculiar vide 2) 22—604.
St. Martin in Micklegate R., 24. Bodleian MSS., No. 5078.
St. Mary Bishophill the Elder R., 25, and index. A Gallery, containing 90 sittings, has been built under a Faculty.
St. Mary Bishophill the Younger V., (peculiar vide 2) 26—604, and index. *For* "Parts of Holgate and Dringhouses are" *read* "Holgate is."
St. Mary in Castlegate R., 27.
St. Maurice V. (peculiar vide 2) 28.
St. Michael-le-Belfrey P. C. (peculiar vide 2) 29 and index. The idea of building a Chapel at Clifton seems to have been abandoned.
St. Michael at Ousebridge End, R., 32.
St. Olave P. C., 33. *For* "Eudo Duke of Britain," *read* "Eudo Earl of Britany."
St. Sampson P. C. (peculiar vide 2) 35. Bodleian MSS., No. 5078.
St. Saviour R. 36, and index.

Copmanthorpe Chapel (peculiar vide 2) 27—60.
Upper Poppleton Chapel (peculiar vide 2) 27—72.
—— These two Chapels are within the parish of St. Mary, Bishophill, the Younger.
Fulford P. C., 43.
Naburn with St. George V., 44. United to St. George.

CHURCHES IN YORK WHICH HAVE BEEN DEMOLISHED AND THEIR PARISHES ARE NOW EITHER UNITED OR CONNECTED WITH OTHER PARISHES.

All Saints in Fishergate, 20. Torre's MS., 480.
All Saints in Peaseholme, 11.
St. Andrew in Fishergate (peculiar vide 2) 20.
St. Andrew juxta St. Saviour, peculiar, 37.
St. Benedict, 36.
St. Bridget, 18.
St. Clement, juxta Bishophill, sen., 26—604, and Index.
St. Clement's in Fossgate, 10. *For* "not noticed by Mr. Torre," *read* "This Church is merely named by Mr. Torre, page 780."
St. Edward in Walmgate, 20.
St. George, 13.
St. Giles, 34.
St. Gregory, 25.
St. Helen in Fishergate, 20.
St. Helen-on-the-Walls, 11.
St. John Baptist in Hungate, 37.
St. John Delpike (peculiar vide 2) 15. Bodleian MSS., 5078.
St. Mary at Layerthorpe, 12.
St. Mary ad Valvas, 16.
St. Michael without Walmgate Bar, 21, 604.
St. Nicholas (peculiar vide 2) 21.
St. Peter-the-Little, 9.
St. Peter-le-Willows, 22.
St. Stephen, 37.
St. Wilfred, 31.

AINSTY DEANERY.

The Ainsty Deanery, under the Order of Council of the 1st February, 1838, which directed that so much of the Deanery of Pontefract as remains in the Diocese of York should be included in the Deanery of the Ainsty, comprises the following Parishes and Chapelries.

I.—THE PORTION FORMERLY INCLUDED IN THE DEANERY OF THE NEW AINSTY.

Aberford V., 45—595.
Acaster Malbis P. C. (vide 5) 45—595, and index. This church is stated by error to have been appropriated to the Abbey of Newburgh, when in fact it was appropriated to the Abbey of Newbo, in the county of Lincoln.
Acomb V. (peculiar vide 2 and 3) 46—595, and index; vide also Akum, 595. *For* "Augmented in 1414," *read* "Augmented in 1314." No part of Holgate is within the parish.
Askam Bryan P. C., 47.
Askam Richard V., 48—596. *For* "appropriated," *read* "given;" and *after* "William de Archis and Ivetta his wife," *read* "and appropriated thereto."
Bilbrough P. C., 51, and index.
Bilton V. (peculiar vide 3) 52—596. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. William Preston, the present Prebendary.
Birkin, R., 52.
———*East Haddlesey C.*, 53, and index.
Bishopthorpe V., 54—603, and index. The Church is now enlarged by the munificence of his Grace the Archbishop, who has also presented elegant Communion Plate. There is a fund for the reparation of the Church, which ·ticed by the Charity Commissioners.
v R., 54—596. *For* A.D., 1150," D., 1250;" and *for* "John xxiii," *read* "John xxii." *For* "4 Kal. 1150," *read* "4 Kal. 1250." Ashmolean Cat., No. 8518.
Bramham V., (peculiar vide 2) 55. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.
———*Boston P. C.*, (peculiar vide 2) 56.
———*Clifford St. Luke P. C.* Patron, the Vicar of Bramham. Consecrated 8th June, 1842.
Brayton V. (peculiar vide 5) 56—597. *For* "Miles Haselton," *read* "Miles Stapilton."
———*Barlow* Donative (peculiar vide 5) 57.
———*Gateforth P. C.*, (peculiar vide 5) 57, and index.
Brotherton V. (peculiar vide 2) 58. In January, 1842, a Grant was made for enlarging and repairing the Church. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.
Cawood P. C., (peculiar vide 4) 58. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Pellew, the Dean of Norwich, the present Prebendary.
Drax V., 61, and index. Lord Beaumont has the Impropriation, not the Crown, as stated by error in the official returns in 1834.
Dringhouses, Donative vide 18—46, and index. Patron, Rev. E. T. Leigh. Net value £12.
Fenton V., (peculiar vide 3) 62—598, and index. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Bull, the present Prebendary.
Healaugh P. C., 63—599. *For* "Healough," *read* "Healaugh."

Kirkby-upon-Wharfe V. (peculiar vide 4) 67—600, and index. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. Henry Markham, the present Prebendary.
Ledsham V., 67—600.
Marston R., 68. Patron, Lord Wenlock.
Monk Fryston P. C. (peculiar vide 4—5) 69, and index. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Pellew, the Dean of Norwich, the present Prebendary.
Moor Monkton R., 70.
Newton Kyme R., 70.
Nether Poppleton P. C., 71.
Rufforth P. C., 72.
Ryther R., 73.
———*Lead.* Donative, 74.
Saxton P. C., 73. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.
Selby P. C. (peculiar vide 5) 74—602, and index. *For* "This Church was appropriated to the Abbey of Selby," *read* "This Church was originally the Abbey Church of Selby, which was a mitred Abbey." Bodleian MSS. Nos. 5078 and 5101.
Sherburne in Elmet V. (peculiar vide 3) 75—602. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. Dr. Bull, the present Prebendary.
———*Lotherton C.*, (peculiar vide 3) 76.
———*Micklefield* C., (peculiar vide 3) 76.
Tadcaster V., 78—603, and index. Glebe House rebuilt. Bodleian MSS.; Ashmolean Catalogue, No. 8518.
Thorp-Arch V., 80—603.
Walton P.C., 81. *For* "Glebe House fit for residence, *read* "No Glebe House." Bodleian MSS., No. 5078.
Wighill V., 83—604.
Wistow V. (peculiar vide 4) 83. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Pellew, the Dean of Norwich, the present Prebendary.

II.—PORTION FORMERLY INCLUDED IN THE DEANERY OF PONTEFRACT BUT TRANSFERRED TO THE AINSTY DEANERY BY THE ABOVE MENTIONED ORDER OF COUNCIL.

Ackworth R., 103.
Adlingfleet V., (vide 5) 104—595.
Castleford R., 118, and index. *For* "Legoilium," *read* "Legiolium."
Crofton R., 119.
Darrington V., 120.
Featherstone V., 124.
Ferry Fryston V., 124, 603.
Kellington V. 140.
Normanton V., 145—601, and index. *For* "ordained therein 13th," *read* "ordained therein 14th."
Pontefract All Saints V., 146—148—601, and index. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, 297.
———*Pontefract St. Giles*, 148. Ecclesiastical District assigned under 58 Geo. III., cap. 45, sec. 21.
———*East Hardwick.* Donative 150.
———*Knottingley P. C.*, 151, and index.
Snaith P. C. (peculiar vide 5) 155—602. In the official return in 1834 called a Vicarage.
———*Armin P. C.*, (peculiar vide 5) 156.
———*Carlton, P: C., juxta Snaith*, (peculiar vide 5) 157.
———*Goole P. C.*, (peculiar vide 5) 157 and index.
———*Hooke P. C.*, (peculiar vide 5) 158.
———*Rawcliffe P. C.*, (peculiar vide 5) 158. A new Church is in progress which is intended to contain 700 sittings.
Warmfield V., 165—603. *For* "5th March," *read* "5 Id. Mart;" *for* Torre's MSS., page 731," *read* "Torre's MS., 721."
Whitgift P. C., (peculiar vide 5) 165. In the index this Parish is, by error, stated to be within the Diocese of Ripon.
———*Swinefleet P. C.*, (peculiar vide 5) 166.
Womersley V., 167—164. *For* "Lord Dacre," *read* "Lord D'Arcy;" *for* Torre's MS., page 647," *read* "Torre's MS., 652."
Wragby *Donative*, 168, and index. Bodleian MS., Nos. 5101 and 5078. (*Nostel.*)

DONCASTER DEANERY.

Conisborough V., 180, 597.
Adwick-upon-Dearne P. C., 169.
Adwick-in-the-Street R., 169—596.
Anstan P. C., (peculiar vide 3) 170. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. L. Vernon Harcourt, the present Chancellor of the Cathedral.
Arksey V., 171—596.
Armthorpe R. 172.
Aston R., 173. *For* "The Dacres," *read* "the D'Arcys.'
Badsworth R., 174 and index.
Barmby-upon-Donn V., 174, 596, and index.
Barmborough R. 175. Patron, the Bishop of Ripon, under 3 and 4 Vic. cap. 113, S. 41; and 4 and 5 Vic., cap. 39, S. 22.
Bolton-upon-Dearne P. C., 176, 596, and index.
Braithwell V., 176—596, and index.
———*Bramley, juxta Rotherham*, 177, and index.
Brodsworth V. 177, 597, and index. January, 1842. Grant made for enlarging and repairing the Church.
Burghwallis R. 178.
Campsall V., 179, 597, and index.
Cantley V., 180, 597, and index. Now held as a perpetual Curacy.

Darfield R., 181—597. *For* "Net value £93," *read* "Net value, Rectory, no return, Vicarage, £93."
——*Ardsley*, Christ Church P. C., 500 sittings. Consecrated 7 June, 1842.
——*Wombwell* Donative, 182, and index:
——*Worsbrough P. C.*, 182—604. Augmented in Oct., 1841, by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners with £12 per annum.
Dinnington R., 184.
Doncaster V., 185—597, and index. *For* "time of Henry I.," *read* "time of William II." Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, 284.
—— *Christ* Church *P. C.*, 186.
——*Loversall P. C.*, 187.
Ecclesfield V., 187—598, and index.
——*Bolsterstone P. C.*, 188—596
——*Bradfield P. C.* 189—597. Erroneously returned in 1834 as a Donative, it having been augmented by Queen Anne's bounty.
——*Middop P. C.*, 190.
——*Stannington P. C.*, 190.
——*Wadsley P. C.*, 191., and index.
Edlington R., 191.
Felkirk V., 192—598.
Firbeck P. C., (peculiar vide 3) 193. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. L. Vernon Harcourt, the present Chancellor of the Cathedral.
Fishlake V., 193—598. Hunter's MSS., Durham Cath., Cat. 327.
——*Sykehouse P. C.*, 194, and index.
Frickley-cum-Clayton P. C., 195.
Handsworth R. (peculiar vide 3) 195.
——*Gleadless*, vide index.
Harthill R., 196.
Hatfield P. C., 196—598.
——*Stainforth*, 198.
Hemsworth R., 199.
Hickleton P. C., 200—599, and index.
Hooton Pagnell V., 202—599.
Hooton Roberts R., 203.
Kirk Bramwith R., 203, and index.
Kirk Smeaton R., 203.
Laughton-en-le-Morthen V. (peculiar vide 3) 204—600. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. L. Vernon Harcourt.
Letwell *P. C.*, (peculiar vide 3) 205. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. L. Vernon Harcourt.
——*Thropham P. C.*, (peculiar vide 3) 205. and index.
——*Thorpe Salvin P. C.*, (peculiar vide 3) 205. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. L. Vernon Harcourt.
Maltby V., 206—600, and index.
Marr P. C., 206.
Melton-on-the-Hill P. C., 207, and index.
Mexborough P. C. (peculiar vide 2) 207—600, and index.
Owston V., 208—601, and index.
Ravenfield P. C. (peculiar vide 2) 211.
Rawmarsh R., 211, and index.
Rossington R., 548. This Parish is now considered to be within the Archdeaconry and Diocese of York, but Austerfield and Bawtry are not so considered.
Rotherham V., 212—601, and index. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, 305.
——*St. John's, P. C.* Consecrated 2 Oct., 1840.
——*Greasborough P. C.*, 215.
——*Kimberley* vide index.
——*Tinsley V.*, 215—603.
Royston V., 216—601.
——*Monk Bretton*, 217, and index. Licensed for Marriages.
——*Woolley P. C.*, 218.
Sandal Parva R., 218.
Sheffield V., 219, and index.
——*St. George P. C.*, 222.
——*St. James P. C.*, 222.
——*St. John P. C.* New Church.
——*St. Mary P. C.*, 222.
——*St. Paul P. C.*, 222.
——*St. Philip P. C.*, 223.
——*Attercliffe P. C.*, 223.
——*Crookes, P. C.*, consecrated 1 Oct., 1840.
——*Darnall, Holy Trinity P. C.*, built under 1 and 2 Gul. IV., opened under licence 4 Aug. 1841.
——*Ecclesall P. C.*, 224.
——*Fulwood P. C.*, Patron, Miss Silcock.
South Kirkby V., 229—600—602—603, and index.
——*Skelbrooke P. C.*, 230.
Sprotborough R., 230.
Stainton, juxta Tickhill, V., 231—602, and index.
Tankersley R., 231.
——*Wortley P. C.*, 232.
Thribergh R., 233.
Thorne P. C., 232, and index.
Thurnscoe R., 234.
Tickhill V., 234—603, and index. Ashmolean Catalogue, No. 8487.
Todwick R., 236.
Treeton R., 236.
Wadworth V. (peculiar vide 4) 237—603.
Wales P. C. (peculiar vide 3) 238. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. L. Vernon Harcourt.
Warmsworth R., 238.
Wath-upon-Dearne V., 239—604. *For* "Discharged Vicarage," *read* "Discharged Rectory."
——*Hoyland P. C.*, 240.
——*Swinton P. C.*, 241. Blount, 48 Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, 7.
——*Thorpe Hesley*, vide index, where, by error, the Chapelry is stated to be within the Diocese of Ripon.
——*Wentworth*, 241, and index.
Whiston R., 242, and index.
Wickersley R., 243, and index.

ARCHDEACONRY OF THE EAST RIDING.

BUCKROSE DEANERY.

Acklam V., (peculiar vide 3) 271—595. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. L. Vernon Harcourt, the present Chancellor of the Cathedral.
Birdsall P. C., 272.
Bugthorpe V., (peculiar vide 3) 272. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. Walter Fletcher, the present Prebendary.
Burythorpe R., 273.
Cowlam R., 273.
Fridaythorpe V., (peculiar vide 4) 274—598—604. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. Theophilus Barnes, the present Prebendary.
———*Fimber P. C.*, (peculiar vide 4) 283. Patron, vide Fridaythorpe.
Helperthorpe V., (peculiar vide 2) 274—599.
Kirkby Grindalythe V., 275.
Kirkby Underdale R., 275.
Langton R., 275.
North Grimston V., (peculiar vide 3) 276—598. Patron, the Archbishop.
Norton P. C., 276.
Rillington V., 277—601.
———*Scampston P. C.*, 277.
Scrayingham R., 278.
———*Leppington C.*, 278.
Settrington R., 278. *After* "the Patronage of this Rectory," *read* "was in the Bygods and."
Sherburne-in-Harford Lythe V., 279
Skirpenbeck R., 280.
Sledmere P. C.,, 280.
Thorpe Bassett R., 281.
Weaverthorpe V., (peculiar vide 2) 281—604.
———*Lutton's Ambo C.*, 282, (peculiar vide 2, where it is, by error, called Hutton's Ambo.)
West Heslerton R., 282.
———*East Heslerton C.*, 282.
Westow V., 282—604. One leaf of the Register Book, containing Registers to the end of 1766 and the beginning of 1767, is wanting. Vide Transcript in the Registry at York.
Wetwang V., (peculiar vide 4) 283—604. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. Henry S. Markham, the present Prebendary.
———*Fimber C.*, (peculiar vide 4) 283. Patron, vide Wetwang.
Wharram Percy V., 284—603—604. *For* "In 1327 a Chapel was founded," *read* "In 1327 a Chantry was founded." The Living is now united with Wharram-in-the-Street.
Wharram-in-the-Street V., (peculiar vide 2) 284.
Winteringham Donative, 284.
———*Knapton P. C.*, 285.
Yeddingham V., 286—604. *For* "1231," *read* "1230."

DICKERING DEANERY.

THIS DEANERY INCLUDES A SMALL PORTION OF THE NORTH-RIDING.

Bempton P. C., 287.
Bessenby P. C., 287.
Boynton P. C., 287.
Bridlington P. C., 288—597, and index.
———*Bridlington Quay C.*, Christ Church, vide index. Consecrated 30th Sept., 1841.
———*Grindall P. C.*, 290, vide also 4.
———*Speeton P. C.*, 291.
Burton Agnes V., 291—597, and index.
———*Harpham P. C.*, 292.
Burton Fleming P. C., 293—597, and index. *For* "Vicarage ordained in 1296," *read* "Vicarage ordained in 1269."
Carnaby V., 293—597—599.
———*Fraisthorpe-with-Auburn* P. C., 294.
Great Driffield P. C., (peculiar vide 3) 294. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Rice, the Dean of Gloucester, the present Precentor.
———*Little Driffield P. C.*, (peculiar vide 3) 295. Patron, the Archbishop, subject &c.
Ergham R., 296—598. *For* "Ashes" *read* "Askes."
Filey P. C., 296—597—598.
Flamborough P. C., 297—597—598, and index.
Folkton. Sinecure R., 298. There is also a Vicarage.
Foston-on-the-Wolds V., 298—598.
Foxholes R., 299.
———*Butterwick P. C.*, 300.
Galmpton, or Ganton P. C., 300—598.
Garton-on-the-Wolds V., 300.
Hackness P. C., 301.
Harwood Dale P. C., 302.
Hunmanby V., 302—599.
———*Fordon. C.*, 303.
Kilham V., (peculiar vide 4) 303—599. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Cockburn, the present Dean.
Langtoft V., (peculiar vide 3) 304—600. Bodleian MS., No. 5161. "Lanthorp in Mero." Patron, the Archbishop.

———*Cottam C.*, (peculiar vide 3) 304.
Lowthorpe P. C., 305.
Muston V., 305—600.
Nafferton P. C., 305—600.
Reighton V., 307—601.
Rudstone V., 307—601.
Ruston Parva P. C., 308.
Scalby V., 308—597—602.
———*Cloughton C.*, 309. Certified to be a Chapel wherein marriages may be celebrated. Vide official return.
Scarborough V., 309—602. *For* "the Cisterciens at Albermarle," *read* "Cistercium in Burgundy."
Torre mentions four Chantries. *Dele* "Patron, Lord Hotham," and *read* "Patron, the Vicar."
———*Christ Church C.*, 312.
———*St. Thomas C.* 700 sittings.
Seamer V., 312.
———*Cayton C.*, 313.
———*East Ayton C.*, 313.
Thwing R., 314.
Willerby V., 314—604. *For* "Adelarus," *read* "Adelardus."
Wold Newton V., 315—601—604. Certified to be a Church wherein marriages may be celebrated. Vide official return.

HARTHILL DEANERY.

Allerthorpe C., (peculiar vide 4) 316. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Cockburn, the present Dean.
Aughton V., 316—595—596, and index.
———*East Cottingwith C.*, 317.
Bainton R., 317. For the tenure of the manor and advowson, see Blounts' Ancient Tenures of Land, 22. *For* "the Lords Manby," *read* "the Lords Mauley;" and *for* "the Hodgson's," *read* "the Hodsons."
Barnby-on-the-Moor V., (peculiar vide 4) 318. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Cockburn, the present Dean.
Beverley St. John P. C., 319, and index. Baker's MSS., Publ. Lib. Cambridge, vol. xxxiii. 471.
———*St. Mary V.*, 324. Bodleian MSS., No. 5078.
———*Chapel of-Ease* to the Minster. First stone laid 20 May, 1839.
Bishop Wilton V., (peculiar vide 2 and 3) 327—596—604.
Bishop Burton V., 326—596 (vide also 2.) Some Wills of Testators who died within this parish may be found by search in the early Indices in the Dean and Chapter's Registry.
Blacktoft P. C., (peculiar vide 6) 329. In Oct., 1840, a grant was made towards re-building the Church.
Brantingham V., (peculiar vide 6) 330—597.
———*Ellecker C.*, (peculiar vide 6) 330.
Bubwith V., 330—597, vide also 2. Some Wills of Testators who died within this parish may be found by search in the early Indices in the Dean and Chapter's Registry.
Burnby R., 332.
Catton R., 332.
Cherry Burton R., 333.
Cottingham R., 334—597, and index. *For* "appropriated 15th Dec.," *read* "appropriated 28th June."
———*Newland C.*, 335.
Eastrington V., (peculiar vide 6) 335—598, and index.
Ellerton P. C., 336.
Elloughton V., (peculiar vide 4) 337. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. Henry S. Markham the present Prebendary.
Etton R., 337. The reference given by Dr. Ducarel, in page 598, appears to relate to Eton, or Eaton, in Nottinghamshire.
Everingham R., 338. *For* "the Suthills," *read* "the Sothills."
Fangfoss P. C., (peculiar vide 4) 338. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Cockburn, the present Dean.
Full Sutton R., 339.
Givendale with Millington V., (peculiar vide 4) 339. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Cockburn, the present Dean.
Goodmanham R., 340. Vide also 2. Some Wills of Testators who died within this parish may be found by search in the early Indices in the Dean and Chapter's Registry.
Harswell R., 341.
Hayton V., (peculiar vide 4) 341—598, and index. Probably one of the Endowments in page 598 may relate to Hayton in Nottinghamshire. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Cockburn, the present Dean
———*Beilby C.*, (peculiar vide 4) 341.
Hessle V., 342—599, and index.
Holme-on-Spaldingmoor V., 343—599. *For* "Torre's MS. peculiar," *read* "Torre's MS."
Holme-on the-Wolds P. C., 343.
Hotham R., 344.
Howden V., (peculiar vide 6) 344—596—599—602. (Saltmarsh.) Hunter's MS., Durham Cath. Cat. 325. Several stained glass windows in the Church have lately been restored at the expense of the Archbishop and other noblemen and Gentry.
——*Asselby C.*, (peculiar vide 6) 347.
——*Barnby Marsh P. C.*, (peculiar vide 6) 347.
———*Laxton, P. C.*, (peculiar vide 6) 348.
Huggate R., 349.
Hutton Cranswick V., 349—598, and index. *For* "Joan, wife of," *read* "Joan, late wife of."
Kildwick Percy V., (peculiar vide 4) 350—599. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Cockburn, the present Dean.
Kilnwick, juxta Watton P. C., 351.
———*Beswick P. C.*, 351.
Kirkburne V., 351.
Kirk Ella V., 352—590.
Leckonfield V., 353—600.
Lockington R., 354. *For* "Biggott's," *read* "Bigods."

Londesborough R., 354.
Lund V., 355—600.
Middleton-on-the-Wolds R., 355.
Millington V., (peculiar vide 4) 356. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Cockburn, the present Dean.
North Cave V., 356.
———*South Cliffe C.*, 357.
North Dalton P. C., 357. Bodleian MS., No. 5101.
North Ferriby V., 357—598.
North Newbald V., (peculiar vide 3) 358. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. William Vernon Harcourt, the present Prebendary.
Nunburnholme R., 359—597—600. *For* "Donvent," *read* "Dervent."
Pocklington V., (peculiar vide 4) 360—601. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Cockburn, the present Dean. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, 297. Bodleian MS., No. 8518.
———*Yapham-with-Meltonby P. C.*, (peculiar vide 4) 362. Patronage, same as Pocklington.
Rowley R., 362.
Sancton V., 363—602.
Scorborough R., 363.
Sculcoates V., 364—602.
———*Christ Church C.*, 364.
Seaton Ross P. C., 364.
Skerne P. C., 365.
Skidby C., 365.
South Cave V., (peculiar vide 2 and 3) 366.
South Dalton R., 367. Bodleian MS., 5101.
Sutton-upon-Derwent R., 367.
Thornton-on-Spaldingmoor V., (peculiar vide 4) 367—603. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Cockburn, the present Dean.
Walkington R., (peculiar vide 6) 368.
Warter V., 369—603.
Watton P. C., 369—604. *For* "Torre's MS., page 1275," *read* "Torre's MS., 1279."
Weighton V., (peculiar vide 4) 370—604. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. W. H. Dixon, the present Prebendary.
———*Shipton C.*, (peculiar vide 4) 371.
Welton V., (peculiar vide 6) 371—604.
Wilberfoss P. C., 372.
Wressle V., 373—604.

HOLDERNESS, WITH HULL, DEANERY.

Aldborough V., 374—595. *For* "In 1667 Robert Towry," *read* "In 1663 Robert Towry." Poulson, vol. ii. 5.
Atwick V., 375—596, and index. Poulson, vol. i. 169. Steeple rebuilt in 1829.
Barmston R., 376. Poulson vol. i. 208.
Beeford R., 376. Scriptum Cyrographatum eorum judicibus Delegatis perfectum per quod Pet. de Nevyll, Rector Eccl. de Beford restiterit. Abbat et Convent de Melsa decimas de ipsis exortatas infra parochiam suam. Hiis testibus Dnis Sayer de Sutton Will. fratre ejus et Amando fil. ejus Milit. Mag. G. de Nantesseya, &c. Chartular. Abbatiæ de Melsa. MS. penes Jacob West Arm. A.D., 1763, Capit. 1, folio 128, b. 129, a. Originally a Rectory of Medieties, one belonging to the Priory of Bridlington, and the other to the Hospital of Saint John of Jerusalem, who presented it in turns. Dr. Ducarel's Repertory, omitted in its proper place. Bodleian MS., No. 5101. Poulson, vol. i. 255.
———*Lissett C.*, 377. Poulson, vol. i. 259.
Brandsburton R., 377. *For* "Patrons, St. John's College, Oxford," *read* "Patrons, the Masters and Fellows of St. John's College, Cambridge." Poulson, vol. i. 278.
Burton Pidsey V., (peculiar vide 2) 378—597. Poulson, vol. ii. 37.
Catwick R., 379. Poulson, vol. i. 292.
Colden Parva R., 374. Poulson, vol. i. 371. Church destroyed by the sea about 150 years ago.
Drypool V., 379. The Church was rebuilt in 1824. There was formerly a Chapel at Southcotes. Poulson, vol. ii. 342.
Easington V., 380—597, and index. *For* "Appropriated in 1340," *read* "Appropriated in 1346." Poulson, vol. ii. 372.
Garton-in-Holderness V., 381. Poulson, vol ii. 54.
Goxhill R., 382. There was a Chantry in this Church. Poulson, vol. i. 308.
Halsham R., 382. Poulson, vol. ii. 382. Mr. Poulson alludes to the return relative to the Glebe House.
Hedon 383. Vide Preston. Poulson, vol. ii. 163.
Hilston R., 384. Poulson, vol. ii. 80.
Hollym-with-Withernsea V., 384. Hollym Church rebuilt in 1814. Withernsea, one of the sister Churches, is now a ruin. Poulson, vol. ii. 394.
Holmpton R., 386. Poulson, vol. ii. 389.
Hornsea V., 386—599. Steeple destroyed by storm 22 Dec., 1732. Poulson, vol. i. 322.
Humbleton V., 397. Poulson, vol. ii. 65.
———*Elsternwick C.*, 399. Poulson, vol. ii. 74.
Kayingham V., 400—599. Poulson, vol. ii. 416.
Kilnsea V., 401—599. *For* "which was a cell to the Abbey," *read* "as a cell to the Abbey." Divine Service was discontinued in 1823, in consequence of the dangerous state of the Church, and the building has since fallen into the sea. Poulson, vol. ii. 520.
Kingston-upon-Hull, Holy Trinity V., 387—599. *For* "Church room 3500, *read* "Church room 2500;" and *for* "In 1818 the return was 6000," *read* "In 1818 the return was 5000 for the three Churches of the Holy Trinity, St. John, and St. James's." The Patronage is now in Trustees.
———*St. John P. C.*, 397.
———*St. Mary P. C.*, 395.
———*St. James*, Myton, P.C., 397. Licensed for marriages for the District of South Myton Ward, under 6 and 7 Wm. IV.

This Church is, by error, called St. Mary's, in page 397.

———*Mariner's Church*, vide index.

———It is in contemplation to build two other Churches in Hull, one of which will be dedicated to St. Stephen.

Leven R., 401. Poulson, vol. i. 350.

Mappleton V., (peculiar vide 2) 402—600. Poulson, vol. i., 359.

Marfleet P. C., 402. Church rebuilt in 1793. Poulson, vol. ii. 319.

North Frodingham V., 403. Poulson vol. i. 299.

Nun Keeling P. C., 403. The old Priory Church was taken down in 1810, when the present brick Church was built. Poulson, vol. i. 384.

Otteringham P. C., 404—601. Poulson, vol. ii. 427.

Owthorne V., 405—599—601. One of the sister Churches. The Church fell into the sea in 1816. A new Church was built at Rimswell, in 1819. Poulson, vol. ii. 403.

Pattrington R., 406. Poulson, vol. ii. 447.

Paul V., 407—601. *For* "Instituted in 1291," *read* "Instituted in 1295." There was anciently a Chapel at Paul Holme. Poulson, vol. ii. 482.

——*Thurgumbald C.*, 407. Poulson, vol. ii., 495.

Preston, juxta Hedon, V., (peculiar vide 3) 408—601. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. Walter Levett, the present sub-Dean. Hedon is now united to Preston. Poulson, vol. ii. 183.

Rise R., 409. Poulson, vol. i. 310.

Riston R., 410. Poulson vol. i. 346. *For* "Torre's MS., page 1455," *read* "Torre's MS., 1445."

Roos R., 410. Poulson, vol. ii. 93.

Routh R., 411. Poulson, vol. i., 396.

Sigglesthorne R., 411—603. Poulson vol. i. 418. There was formerly a Chapel at Hatfield, in the Parish of Sigglesthorne, dedicated to St. Helen, but which was destroyed by fire many years ago.

Skeckling-cum-Burstwick V., 412—597—602. Poulson, vol. ii., 358.

——*Nuthill* 413. Church demolished in 1535. Poulson, vol. ii., 367.

Skeffling P. C., 413—602. Poulson, vol. ii. 499.

Skipsea V., 414—602. Poulson, vol. i. 448. Chancel rebuilt in 1824.

Sproatley R., 414. Church rebuilt in 1820. Poulson vol. ii., 276.

Sunk Island P. C., 415. Created a Parish in 1831 by Act of Parliament. Poulson, vol. ii. 465.

Sutton-in-Holderness P. C., 415. Poulson, vol. ii. 331. A grant was made in Oct., 1840 by the Church Building Society towards building a Chapel at the Groves, in this parish, dedicated to St. Mark, and which comprises one of the suburbs of Hull.

Swine V., 416—603. Poulson, vol. ii., 207.

——*Bilton-in-Holderness P. C.*, 417. Poulson, vol. ii. 251.

——*Marton-in-Holderness C.*, 417. Poulson, vol. ii. 258.

——*Skirlaugh* C., 418. Bodleian MS., No. 5081. Poulson, vol. ii. 261.

Tunstall V., (peculiar vide 3) 419. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Howard, the Dean of Lichfield, the Succentor of the Canons. Poulson, vol. ii. 86.

Ulrome P. C., 419. Poulson, vol. i., 228.

Wawne V., (peculiar vide 3) 419—603. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. L. Vernon Harcourt, the present Chancellor of the Cathedral. Poulson, vol. ii. 283.

Welwick V., 421. Poulson, vol. ii. 508.

Winestead R., 421. Poulson, vol. ii. 475. Withernsea vide Hollym.

Withernwick V., (peculiar vide 3) 422—604. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Howard, the Dean of Lichfield the present Prebendary. Poulson, vol. i. 470.

ARCHDEACONRY OF CLEVELAND.

BULMER DEANERY.

THIS DEANERY INCLUDES THE WAPENTAKE OF OUSE AND DERWENT IN THE EAST-RIDING.

Aine V., (peculiar vide 5) 423—595. Tanner's Notitia, edition, 1744—435.

Bossall V., 424—596, and index. Hunter's MSS., Durham Cath. Cat., 327.

———*Buttercrambe* C., 424.

———*Flaxton* C., 425.

———*Sand Hutton* C., 425.

Brafferton V., 425—597. Vide also 2. Line 4, col. 1, p. 426, *dele* "to which it was appropriated," and in line 6, after "1311," *read* "On 4 Id. Mart., 1336," the Vicarage and Rectory were consolidated, but on the 14th Oct., 1546, the Rectory was appropriated to the Priory of Newburgh, and a Vicarage was again endowed." Lambeth MSS, 1097—1098. Manor Rentals, &c. Hunter's MSS., Durham Cath. Cat., 326. Torre's MS., 729.

Brandsby R., 427.

Bulmer R., 428.

Coxwold P. C., 428. *For* "Torre's MS. page 55," *read* "Torre's MS., 355." "In the Tower of London see Fin, Ebor. 17, Ed. 1, lig. C. n. 103, pro advocatione Ecclesæ de Cookwald Tanner Not. Monast. Ed. 1744, p. 658, Col. 2." Archdeacon's Todd's Collections, 17.

———*Birdforth* P. C., 431. Bacon (Lib. Reg.) by error states this to be a Chapel to Coxwold.

Craike R., 431, and index. Hunter's MSS. Durham Cath. Cat., 327.

Crambe V., 432. Tanner's Notitia ed, 1744—642.

Dalby R., 433. Glebe fit for residence. Torre's MSS., 465.

Dunnington R., 433. Vide also 4. Some Wills of Testators who died within this parish may be found by search in the early Indices in the Dean and Chapter's Registry.

Easingwold V., 434—598.

——*Raskelfe* P. C., 436, and index. Grant made in 1840 towards re-building the Chapel. A Glebe House has been lately built.

Elvington R., 437.

Escrick R., 437. Patron, Lord Wenlock, *For* "the Knyvets," *read* "the Kyvetts." "In 1604 the Grand Chapter of York, Nov., 11 was held at Eskrig, because of the Plague in York." Archdeacon Todd's Collections, page 12.

Feliskirk V., 438—598, and index. Tanner's Notitia Ed. 1744—645.

——The possessions of Mount St. John comprise lands in the township of Feliskirk, and in the parish of Cold Kirby, as such as the impropriation and great tithes of the parish of Feliskirk. It appears that before the dissolution the Hospitallers of St. John had possessions also in Thirlby, Marderby, Bagby, Boltby, and Kirby, (probably Kirkby Knowle. *Impropriator*, C. H. Elsley, Esq., as lessee under the See of York.

——*Sutton-under-Whitestonecliffe*. This township belonged principally to Byland, some small portion to the Priory of Mount Grace; the whole came to the See of York at the Dissolution.

——*Marderby Grange* belonged (with the exception of a few acres appertaining to Mount St. John) to Byland Abbey.

——No part of the parish of Feliskirk is at present within the Liberty of Ripon, by Stat. 1 Vic., c. 53, s. 8.

——A long account of the endowment of the Vicarage of Feliskirk is to be found in the case of Donnison *v.* Elsley, 5 Geo. IV.; 1 M'Cleland and Young's R. 1; 3 Eagle's Tithe cases, 1393.

——*Boltby* C., 438.

Foston, juxta Malton, R., 439. Tanner refers to several patents respecting this Church.

Gate Helmsley V., (peculiar vide 3) 439. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. G. P. Marriott, the present Prebendary.

Hemingborough V., (peculiar vide 6) 440—599, and index. Line 29, column 2, *for* "they," *read* "he."

——*Barlby* P. C., (peculiar vide 6) 443.

Healington P. C. (peculiar vide 3) 443. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. Francis Wrangham, late Archdeacon of the East Riding, the present Probendary.

Hinderskelfe, Donative, 428.

Holtby R., (peculiar vide 6) 444.

Huntington V., 445—599.

Husthwaite P. C., (peculiar vide 3) 446.

——*Carlton* C., (peculiar vide 3) 446.

Huttons Ambo P. C., 446, and index.

Kilburn P. C., 447.

Kirkby Knowle R., 448. Torre's MS., 607.

——*Bagby* C., 448.

Marton-on-the-Forest, with Moxby, P. C., 448. Chapel repaired and re-fitted up.

Myton-upon-Swale V., 449—599—600. Glebe fit for residence. In Tanner's Notitia, Ed. 1744, page 639, under St. Mary's Abbey, are several references to this Church.

Newton-upon-Ouse P. C., 449, and index. *For* "Richard de Kolthorpe," *read* "Richard de Holthorpe." Tanner's Notitia, Ed. 1744—642.

Osbaldwick V., (peculiar vide 4) 450—601. Patron, the Archbishop.

——*Murton* C., (peculiar vide 4) 451.

Over Helmsley R., 452.

Over Silton P. C., 452.

Overton V., 452—601. Wills of persons who die at Overton and Shipton are in certain cases proved in the Manor Court.

Riccall V., (peculiar vide 3) 453—601. Patron, the Archbishop.

Sessay R., 454. Tanner, in his Notitia, Ed. 1744, page 639, refers to a Charter relating to this Church. Archdeacon Todd, in his Collections, page 13, says "Among the Exchequer Records is the following 'De Manibus Reginæ amovendis de Advocatione Ecclesiæ de Sessaye in Com. Ebor et Johanni Dawney Arm. liberanda Mich. Rec. 13 Eliz. Rot. 6. Jones Index Exch. Records."

Sheriff Hutton V., 454—602, and index. Glebe House rebuilt. *For* "The town of Sheriff Hutton contains sixteen Carucates of land, whereof the Church is endowed with one, the others belong to the Vicar," *read* "The Town of Sheriff Hutton contains sixteen Carucates of Land, whereof the Church is endowed with one, and another belongs to the Vicar." Tanner's Notitia, Ed. 1744—670. There were two Chantries in Sheriff Hutton, one of which was in the Castle.

——*Farlington* P. C., 456. Church repaired and refitted up. Church Room 120.

Skelton, juxta York R., (peculiar vide 5 456.

Skipwith V., (peculiar vide 5) 457—602.

South Kilvington R., 457. Torre's MS., 607.

South Otterington R., 458. Torre's MS., 611.

Stillingfleet V., 458—603. *For* "Robert de Pickering, Dean of York," in page 458, *read* "the Dean of York till it was given by Robert de Pyckering." *For* "Arclums," in column 2, *read* "Acchums."

Stillington V., (peculiar vide 3) 460. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. T. H. Croft, the present Prebendary.

Stockton-on-the-Forest P. C., (peculiar vide 3) 460. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. Walter Fletcher, the present Prebendary.

Strensall V., (peculiar vide 4) 461—603. Patron, the Archbishop.

——*Haxby* C., (peculiar vide 4) 461.

Sutton-on-the-Forest V., 462—603, and index. Tanner's Notitia Ed. 1744—670. Burton's Monasticon, 267.

Terrington R., 464. Notitia Parochialis No. 716. "In Terrington," says Archdeacon Todd, "there was formerly also a Donative valued at £4."

Thirkleby V., 464—603. *For* "Torre's MS., page 585," *read* "Torre's MS., page 586."

Thirsk P. C., 465. *For* "in which was a Chantry," *read* "in which were two Chantries." The note at the foot of the page is an extract from Archdeacon Todd's Collections, page 19.

II. COLLECTIONS IN PUBLIC, ARCHIEPISCOPAL, AND CATHEDRAL LIBRARIES.

The Dodsworth MSS. in the Bodleian.

The account of these Manuscripts in page vi. should have been placed between inverted commas, it having been extracted from the preface to Mr. Hunter's South Yorkshire.

The Author is indebted to the kindness of Archdeacon Todd† for many references to a MS., No. 5101, entituled "An Itinerant Survey of the Churches in Yorkshire," giving an account of the arms and inscriptions, and some other memoirs extracted from the Parish Registers, &c.; to another, No. 5078, entituled "Arms and Inscriptions in several Churches in Yorkshire"; and to another MS., No. 7063, all in the Bodleian Library.

† The Author also gratefully acknowledges several valuable references which the learned Archdeacon kindly favoured him, with from Wilkins's Concilia Magna, Kennet's Case of Impropriations, Hudderaford's Catalogue of Anthony à Wood's MSS., Masters's Memoirs of the Rev. T. Baker, and his MSS., and Cat. MSS., Anglicæ et Hibernæ, &c.

III. COLLECTIONS IN PRIVATE HANDS.

The Currer MSS.

Dr. Whitaker, speaking of the Collections of the late John Richardson Currer, Esq., terms them "An immense mass of evidence, out of which the laborious compiler, had he not been prevented by death, projected to digest and complete an History of Craven.".

"In this Collection the Pedigrees of almost all the families in the district are completed down to the year 1773. In the same Collections are transcripts of Dodsworth's invaluable fragments relating to Craven, and some excellent papers by the late J. C. Brooke."*

The Beckwith MSS.

"Those Collections were formed by Josiah Beckwith, an Attorney at Rotherham, and Thomas Beckwith, an Arms Painter, at York. The Collections are dispersed, the more valuable portions found their way into the Libraries of the College of Arms, the Earl of Harrowby, and Mr. Gough."†

* Preface to History of Craven.

† Hotham's South Yorkshire, vol. ii., 13.

IV. PRINTED WORKS.

The History and Antiquities of the Seigniory of Holderness, by George Poulson, Esq., 2 vols., 4to, plates, Hull. Topping, Bowalley Lane, and Pickering, London.

Mr. Poulson notices all the parishes within the Deanery, and gives plates of the Churches and Catalogues of the Incumbents.

PRESENT ARRANGEMENT OF THE

DIOCESE OF YORK.

JUNE, 1842.

ARCHDEACONRY OF YORK.

DEANERY OF THE CITY OF YORK.

The Archbishop of York having recently revived the Office of Rural Dean, the following extract from Mr. Hunter's History of the Deanery of Doncaster, or South Yorkshire, may not be deemed inappropriate :—

"The inconvenience which arose from the great extent of the Dioceses in the western parts of Europe, was soon found to render necessary the delegation of a portion of episcopal authority. To the delegate was given the name of Dean; a word supposed to be derived from *decem*, as if ten was the number of churches placed under his superintendency. The word *rural* was sometimes attached to Dean, by which he was distinguished from the Dean in a Conventual (qy. Cathedral) Church. The district over which he presided was called a Deanery. The first appearance of this officer was in the ninth century. He is found in England, France, and Germany. His powers and duties were considerable. He summoned the Clergy in his Deanery to periodical Convocations. He had a visitatorial power in the parishes. It was his duty to make a report to the Bishop of the state of his clergy, and the moral and religious state of the Deanery in general. This he was the better enabled to do being usually resident in his Deanery, and probably always the Incumbent of some Benefice within it. He granted Licences for Marriages and Administration of Wills where the Bona Notabilia was small. The office passed silently into disuse. No Chapters of the Deaneries have been held since the reign of Elizabeth. The visitatorial duties have devolved upon the Archdeacons. The privilege of granting Licences for Marriages, and Administration of the Goods of the Deceased, is distributed among an indefinite number of Clergymen, who are the Surrogates of the Bishop or his Chancellor. The very office, at least in the Diocese of York, is almost forgotten. The last Clergyman who was Dean of Doncaster was William Steer who died in 1745, a Prebendary of the Cathedral Church and Vicar of Ecclesfield.' Vol. 1, page 1.

All Saints in Northstreet R., 7. *For* "Glebe House unfit," *read* "No Glebe House."
All Saints in Pavement R., 8.
Bedern C., 37.
St. Crux R., 9.
St. Cuthbert R., 10.
St. Dennis R., 12.
St. Helen in Stonegate V., 13—604.
Holy Trinity in Goodramgate R. 14.
Holy Trinity in King's Court V. 16—604. *For* "Basey's" *read* "Busey's."
Holy Trinity in Micklegate R., 17—604. In the official return in 1834] called a Vicarage.
St. John at Ousebridge End P. C. (peculiar vide 2)—18. Bodleian MSS., No. 5078. Torre's MS. *for* "639," *read* "629."
St. Lawrence V. (peculiar vide 2) 19—604.
St. Margaret R., 21. Additional Church-room has been provided.
St. Martin in Coney-street V. (peculiar vide 2) 22—604.
St. Martin in Micklegate R., 24. Bodleian MSS., No. 5078.
St. Mary Bishophill the Elder R., 25, and index. A Gallery, containing 90 sittings, has been built under a Faculty.
St. Mary Bishophill the Younger V., (peculiar vide 2) 26—604, and index. *For* "Parts of Holgate and Dringhouses are" *read* "Holgate is."
St. Mary in Castlegate R., 27.
St. Maurice V. (peculiar vide 2) 28.
St. Michael-le-Belfrey P. C. (peculiar vide 2) 29 and index. The idea of building a Chapel at Clifton seems to have been abandoned.
St. Michael at Ousebridge End, R., 32.
St. Olave P. C., 33. *For* "Eudo Duke of Britain," *read* "Eudo Earl of Britany."
St. Sampson P. C. (peculiar vide 2) 35. Bodleian MSS., No. 5078.
St. Saviour R. 36, and index.

Copmanthorpe Chapel (peculiar vide 2) 27—60.
Upper Poppleton Chapel (peculiar vide 2) 27—72.
—— These two Chapels are within the parish of St. Mary, Bishophill, the Younger.
Fulford P. C., 43.
Naburn with St. George V., 44. United to St. George.

CHURCHES IN YORK WHICH HAVE BEEN DEMOLISHED AND THEIR PARISHES ARE NOW EITHER UNITED OR CONNECTED WITH OTHER PARISHES.

All Saints in Fishergate, 20. Torre's MS., 480.
All Saints in Peaseholme, 11.
St. Andrew in Fishergate (peculiar vide 2) 20.
St. Andrew juxta St. Saviour, peculiar, 37.
St. Benedict, 36.
St. Bridget, 18.
St. Clement, juxta Bishophill, sen., 26—604, and Index.
St. Clement's in Fossgate, 10. *For* "not noticed by Mr. Torre," *read* "This Church is merely named by Mr. Torre, page 780."
St. Edward in Walmgate, 20.
St. George, 13.
St. Giles, 34.
St. Gregory, 25.
St. Helen in Fishergate, 20.
St. Helen-on-the-Walls, 11.
St. John Baptist in Hungate, 37.
St. John Delpike (peculiar vide 2) 15. Bodleian MSS., 5078.
St. Mary at Layerthorpe, 12.
St. Mary ad Valvas, 16.
St. Michael without Walmgate Bar, 21, 604.
St. Nicholas (peculiar vide 2) 21.
St. Peter-the-Little, 9.
St. Peter-le-Willows, 22.
St. Stephen, 37.
St. Wilfred, 31.

AINSTY DEANERY.

The Ainsty Deanery, under the Order of Council of the 1st February, 1838, which directed that so much of the Deanery of Pontefract as remains in the Diocese of York should be included in the Deanery of the Ainsty, comprises the following Parishes and Chapelries.

I.—THE PORTION FORMERLY INCLUDED IN THE DEANERY OF THE NEW AINSTY.

Aberford V., 45—595.
Acaster Malbis P. C. (vide 5) 45—595, and index. This church is stated by error to have been appropriated to the Abbey of Newburgh, when in fact it was appropriated to the Abbey of Newbo, in the county of Lincoln.
Acomb V. (peculiar vide 2 and 3) 46—595, and index; vide also Akum, 595. *For* "Augmented in 1414," *read* "Augmented in 1314." No part of Holgate is within the parish.
Askam Bryan P. C., 47.
Askam Richard V., 48—596. *For* "appropriated," *read* "given;" and *after* "William de Arshis and Ivetta his wife," *read* "and appropriated thereto."
Bilbrough P. C., 51, and index.
Bilton V. (peculiar vide 3) 52—596. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. William Preston, the present Prebendary.
Birkin, R., 52.
———*East Haddlesey C.*, 53, and index.
Bishopthorpe V., 54—603, and index. The Church is now enlarged by the munificence of his Grace the Archbishop, who has also presented elegant Communion Plate. There is a fund for the reparation of the Church, which is not noticed by the Charity Commissioners.
Bolton Percy R., 54—596. *For* A.D., 1150," *read* "A. D., 1250;" and *for* "John xxiii," *read* "John xxii." *For* "4 Kal. 1150," *read* "4 Kal. 1250." Ashmolean Cat., No. 8518.
Bramham V., (peculiar vide 2) 55. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.
———*Boston P. C.*, (peculiar vide 2) 56.
———*Clifford St. Luke P. C.* Patron, the Vicar of Bramham. Consecrated 8th June, 1842.
Brayton V. (peculiar vide 5) 56—597. *For* "Miles Haselton," *read* "Miles Stapilton."
———*Barlow* Donative (peculiar vide 5) 57.
———*Gateforth P. C.*, (peculiar vide 5) 57, and index.
Brotherton V. (peculiar vide 2) 58. In January, 1842, a Grant was made for enlarging and repairing the Church. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.
Cawood P. C., (peculiar vide 4) 58. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Pellew, the Dean of Norwich, the present Prebendary.
Drax V., 61, and index. Lord Beaumont has the Impropriation, not the Crown, as stated by error in the official returns in 1834.
Dringhouses, Donative vide 18—46, and index. Patron, Rev. E. T. Leigh. Net value £12.
Fenton V., (peculiar vide 3) 62—598, and index. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Bull, the present Prebendary.
Healaugh P. C., 63—599. *For* "Healough," *read* "Healaugh."

Kirkby-upon-Wharfe V. (peculiar vide 4) 67—600, and index. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. Henry Markham, the present Prebendary.
Ledsham V., 67—600.
Marston R., 68. Patron, Lord Wenlock.
Monk Fryston P. C. (peculiar vide 4—5) 69, and index. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Pellew, the Dean of Norwich, the present Prebendary.
Moor Monkton R., 70.
Newton Kyme R., 70.
Nether Poppleton P. C., 71.
Rufforth P. C., 72.
Ryther R., 73.
——*Lead.* Donative, 74.
Saxton P. C., 73. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.
Selby P. C. (peculiar vide 5) 74—602, and index. *For* "This Church was appropriated to the Abbey of Selby," *read* "This Church was originally the Abbey Church of Selby, which was a mitred Abbey." Bodleian MSS. Nos. 5078 and 5101.
Sherburne in Elmet V. (peculiar vide 3) 75—602. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. Dr. Bull, the present Prebendary.
——*Lotherton C.*, (peculiar vide 3) 76.
——*Micklefield* C., (peculiar vide 3) 76.
Tadcaster V., 78—603, and index. Glebe House rebuilt. Bodleian MSS.; Ashmolean Catalogue, No. 8518.
Thorp-Arch V., 80—603.
Walton P.C., 81. *For* "Glebe House fit for residence, *read* "No Glebe House." Bodleian MSS., No. 5078.
Wighill V., 83—604.
Wistow V. (peculiar vide 4) 83. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of Dr. Pellew, the Dean of Norwich, the present Prebendary.

II.—PORTION FORMERLY INCLUDED IN THE DEANERY OF PONTEFRACT BUT TRANSFERRED TO THE AINSTY DEANERY BY THE ABOVE MENTIONED ORDER OF COUNCIL.

Ackworth R., 103.
Adlingfleet V., (vide 5) 104—595.
Castleford R., 118, and index. *For* "Legoilium," *read* "Legiolium."
Crofton R., 119.
Darrington V., 120.
Featherstone V., 124.
Ferry Fryston V., 124, 603.
Kellington V. 140.
Normanton V., 145—601, and index. *For* "ordained therein 13th," *read* "ordained therein 14th."
Pontefract All Saints V., 146—148—601, and index. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, 297.
——*Pontefract St. Giles*, 148. Ecclesiastical District assigned under 58 Geo. III., cap. 45, sec. 21.
——*East Hardwick.* Donative 150.
——*Knottingley P. C.*, 151, and index.
Snaith P. C. (peculiar vide 5) 155—602. In the official return in 1834 called a Vicarage.
——*Armin P. C.*, (peculiar vide 5) 156.
——*Carlton, P: C., juxta Snaith*, (peculiar vide 5) 157.
——*Goole P. C.*, (peculiar vide 5) 157 and index.
——*Hooke P. C.*, (peculiar vide 5) 158.
——*Rawcliffe P. C.*, (peculiar vide 5) 158. A new Church is in progress which is intended to contain 700 sittings.
Warmfield V., 165—603. *For* "5th March," *read* "5 Id. Mart;" *for* Torre's MSS., page 731," *read* "Torre's MS., 721."
Whitgift P. C., (peculiar vide 5) 165. In the index this Parish is, by error, stated to be within the Diocese of Ripon.
——*Swinefleet P. C.*, (peculiar vide 5) 166.
Womersley V., 167—164. *For* "Lord Dacre," *read* "Lord D'Arcy;" *for* Torre's MS., page 647," *read* "Torre's MS., 652."
Wragby *Donative*, 168, and index. Bodleian MS., Nos. 5101 and 5078. (*Nostel.*)

DONCASTER DEANERY.

Conisborough V., 180, 597.
Adwick-upon-Dearne P. C., 169.
Adwick-in-the-Street R., 169—596.
Anstan P. C., (peculiar vide 3) 170. Patron, the Archbishop, subject to the existing interest of the Rev. L. Vernon Harcourt, the present Chancellor of the Cathedral.
Arksey V., 171—596.
Armthorpe R. 172.
Aston R., 173. *For* "The Dacres," *read* "the D'Arcys.'
Badsworth R., 174 and index.
Barmby-upon-Donn V., 174, 596, and index.
Barmborough R. 175. Patron, the Bishop of Ripon, under 3 and 4 Vic. cap. 113, S. 41; and 4 and 5 Vic., cap. 39, S. 22.
Bolton-upon-Dearne P. C., 176, 596, and index.
Braithwell V., 176—596, and index.
——*Bramley, juxta Rotherham*, 177, and index.
Brodsworth V. 177, 597, and index. January, 1842. Grant made for enlarging and repairing the Church.
Burghwallis R. 178.
Campsall V., 179, 597, and index.
Cantley V., 180, 597, and index. Now held as a perpetual Curacy.

Darley, Thornthwaite-with-Padside, and Thruscross, are sometimes proved in the Honor Court at Knaresborough.

———*Thornthwaite* P. C., 88.

Leathley R., 88. The Wills of Testators who had died within the Township of Castley were formerly proved in the Honor Court at Knaresborough, but such jurisdiction does not appear to have been lately exercised.

Leeds, St. Peter V., 89—600. New Church, consecrated 2 Sept., 1841. 3000 sittings. Bodleian MSS., Nos. 5078 and 5101.

———*Christ Church* P. C., 92.

———*St. George* P. C., index. 1200 sittings. Patrons, trustees.

———*Holy Trinity* P. C., 91.

———*St. James* P. C., 92. Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

———*St. John* P. C., 91—600. Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

———*St. Luke* P. C. Consecrated 4 Oct.,

———1841. 700 sittings. Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

———*St. Mark* P. C., 92.

———*St. Mary* P. C., 92.

———*St. Paul* P. C., 92. Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

———*Armley* P. C., 93—596, and index.

———*Beeston* P. C., 93. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Bramley* P. C., 94. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76.

———*Chapel Allerton* P. C., 94, and index. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76.

———*Farnley* P. C., 95. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76.

———*Headingley* P. C., 95—598, and index. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76.

———*Holbeck* St. Matthew P. C., 96—599, and index. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76.

———*Hunslet* P. C., 96. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76.

———*Kirkstall* P. C., 97. Patrons, Trustees.

———*Stanningley*, St. Thomas, P. C., index. Consecrated 1841.

———*Wortley* P. C., 97, and index. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76. Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

Otley V., 97—601, and index. The Wills of Testators who had died within the Township of Lindley were formerly proved in the Honor Court of Knaresborough, but such jurisdiction does not appear to have been lately exercised.

———*Baildon* P. C., 98—596.

———*Bramhope* P. C., 99.

———*Burley* P. C., 99. 19 Oct., 1841, first stone of a new Chapel laid.

———*Denton*, Donative, 100.

———*Farnley* P. C., 100.

———*Poole* P. C., 100.

Pannall V., 101—601. Wills of Testators who have died in this Parish are sometimes proved in the Honor Court at Knaresborough. *For* "19 May, AD. 1348," read "31 July, A. D. 1348.

———*Low Harrogate* P. C., 101, and index.

Weston V., 101.

III.—PORTION FORMERLY PART OF THE ORIGINAL DEANERY OF PONTEFRACT.

Almondbury V., 105—595. Oct., 1840, a grant was made by the Church Building Society towards renovating the fabric of the Church, re-opening certain windows, and restoring the screen.

———*Austonley-with-Holme Bridge*, St. David, C., index.

———*Farnley Tyas* C. index. Patron, the Earl of Dartmouth.

———*Honley* P. C., 106. The old Chapel is taken down and the first stone of the new Chapel was laid 10 Feb., 1842. In 1838 the Chapel was stated to have been licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76. Omitted in subsequent returns. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.

———*Linthwaite* P. C., 106. In 1838 stated to have been licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76. Omitted in subsequent returns.

———*Lockwood* P. C., 107, and index. In 1838 stated to have been licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76. Omitted in subsequent returns.

———*Marsden* P. C., 107. Augmented in Apr., 1842, by Order of Council, with £63 per annum. In 1838 stated to have been licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76. Omitted in subsequent returns.

———*Meltham* P. C., 107, and index. In 1838 stated to have been licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76. Omitted in subsequent returns.

———*Meltham Mills* C., index.

———*Netherthong* P. C., 108. In 1838 stated to have been licensed for marriages under Geo. IV., c. 76. Omitted in subsequent returns.

———*South Crossland* P. C., 108, and index. In 1838 stated to have been licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76. Omitted in subsequent returns.

Batley V., 108—596, and index. *For* "5 March," *read* "5 Id. Mart."

———*Batley Carr*, Holy Trinity, C. Church consecrated 5 Oct., 1841.

———*Gildersome* P. C., 109. District Church under 58 Geo. III.

———*Morley* P. C., 145.

Birstal V., 110—596, and index.

———*Birkinshaw*, St. Paul, P. C., 110, and index. Church-room 702. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76. Augmented April, 1842, by Order of Council with £84 per annum.

———*Cleckheaton*, White Chapel, Donative, 111, and index. Church-room 670. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76.

———*Cleckheaton*, St. John, P. C., 111, and

index. Church-room 500. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76. Augmented in Apr., 1842, by Order of Council with £60 per annum.

———*Drighlington* P. C., 111. Church-room 345.

———*Heckmondwike*, St. James, P. C., 111, and index. Church-room 700. Augmented in Apr., 1842. by Order of Council, with £117 per annum. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76.

———*Liversedge* P. C., 112. Church-room 674. Licensed for marriages. Vide official return.

———*Robert Town*. A Site for a Chapel has been given by Sir Joseph Radcliffe, Bart.

———*Tong*, St. Michael, P. C., 112. Church-room 310.

Bradford V., 112—597, and index. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, 284.

———*Christ Church* P. C., 114. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV., c. 76.

———*St. James* P. C. Built at the sole expense of John Wood, Esq., the Patron.

———*Bowling Ing* C., index.

———*Buttershaw* C., index.

———*Clayton*, index.

———*Eccleshill*, index.

———*Haworth* P. C., 114.

———*Horton* P. C., 114, and index. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV, c. 76, and augmented Oct., 1841, by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners with £42 per annum.

———*North Bierley* P. C., 115, and index. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Shipley-cum-Heaton* P. C., 115, and index. Licensed for marriages. Vide official return.

———*Thornton* P. C., 115—603. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV. Augmented in April, 1842, by Order of Council, with £12 per annum.

———*Wibsey* P. C., 116, and index.

———*Wibsey Low Moor*, St. Paul, C., index. Patron, John Hardy, Esq. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Wilsden* P. C., 116. Vide Alverthorpe. Licensed for marriages. Vide Official returns.

Calverley V., 117—597. *For* "4th May, A.D. 1258," *read* "4 non. May, A.D., 1258."

———*Farsley* A site for a Chapel has been given, and also £100 by Thos. Thornhill, Esq., the Lord of the Manor.

———*Idle* P. C., 117, and index.

———*Pudsey* P. C., 118, and index. Licensed for marriages under 6 and 7 Wm. IV., c. 85.

Dewsbury V., 120—597, and index.

———*St. John's*, P. C., 121, and index. Licensed for marriages. Vide official return.

———*Battyeford*, Christ Church, P. C., index. Augmented in Oct., 1841, by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners with £114 per annum.

———*Earlsheaton* P. C., 122. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Hanging Heaton* P. C., 122. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Hartshead-cum-Clifton* P. C., 122.

———*Ossett* P. C., 122.

East Ardsey P. C., 123.

Emley R., 123.

Halifax V., 125—598, and index. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus 288—301.

———*Holy Trinity* P. C., 127. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*St. James* P. C., 128. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Bradshaw* C., vide index. Consecrated Oct., 1839.

———*Briars, or St. Anne's-in-the-Grove*, alias *South Ouram*, P. C., 135. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV. Augmented in Oct., 1841, with £42 per annum. An additional gallery has been built.

———*Brighouse* P. C., 128. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Coley* P. C., 128. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV. Augmented in Oct., 1841 by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners with £12 per annum.

———*Crostone* P. C., 129, and index. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV. Augmented in April, 1842, by Order of Council, with £30 per annum.

———*Elland* P. C., 129.

———*Hebden Bridge* P. C., 130.

———*Heptonstall* P. C., 131. Augmented in Oct., 1841, by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners with £80 per annum.

———*Illingworth* P. C., 132. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Lightcliffe* P. C., 133, and index. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Luddenden* P. C., 133. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Mytholme* C., index. Licensed for marriages for the lower third of the township of Stansfield under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Ovenden P. C.*, index.

———*Raistrick* P. C., 134, and index. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Rippenden* P. C., 134. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Skircoat* P. C., 135, and index.

———*Sowerby* P. C., 135, and index. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Sowerby*, St. George, P. C. Consecrated 27 Oct., 1840.

———*Sowerby Bridge* P. C., 136. *For* "Glebe fit for residence," *read* "unfit." Vide official return. Licensed under 4 Geo. IV.

———*Stainland* C., index. Consecrated 26 Oct., 1840.

———*Turvey*, alias *St. John-in-the-Wilderness*, P. C., 130, and index. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV.

Huddersfield V., 137, and index.

———*Holy Trinity* P. C., 137. Oct., 1841, first stone laid of a Glebe House.

———*St. Paul* P. C., 137—599.

———*Christ Church*, Woodhouse, P. C., 140. Licensed for marriages. Vide official return.

———*Golcar* P. C., 138.

———*Lindley* P. C., 138.

———*Longwood* P. C., 138.

———*Paddock* P. C., 139.

———*Scammonden* P. C., 139.

———*Slaithwaite* P. C., 139, and index.

Kirkburton V., 141.

———*Holmforth* P. C., 142, and index. Augmented in Oct., 1841, by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, with £45 per annum.

———*New Mill*, Christ Church, C., 142—599. No Glebe House. Licensed for marriages under 6 and 7 Wm. IV.
———*Thurstanland* C., index.
Kirkheaton R., 142.
Methley R., 143.
Mirfield V., 144—600.
Rothwell V., 151—603, and index.
———*Lofthouse* C. Consecrated 26 Oct., 1840, £200 has been granted by the Ripon Society towards building a Glebe House.
———*Oulton* P. C., 152. Licensed for marriages. Vide official return.
Sandall Magna V., 152—602, and index. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.
———*Chapelthorpe* P. C., 154.
Thornhill R., 159. *For* "Torre's MS., page 611," *read* "Torre's MS., 609."
———*Flockton* P. C., 160. Jan., 1842, grant made towards enlarging the gallery.
Wakefield V., 160—603, and index. Gilbert's Liber Scholasticus, 311.
———*St. John* P. C., 163, and index.
———*Holy Trinity* P. C.
———*Alverthorpe* P. C., 163. Nov., 1840, £200 granted by the Ripon Society towards an endowment of this Chapelry and Wilsden. Augmented in Oct., 1841, by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners with £78 per annum.
———*Horbury* P. C., 163.
———*Stanley* P. C., 164, and index. Augmented in Oct., 1841, by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners with £45 per annum.
———*Thornes*, St. James, P. C., 164, and index. 21 Sept., 1841, made a District under 59 Geo. III., c. 134, sec. 6. Licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV. Augmented in Oct., 1841, by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners with £105 per annum.
Woodkirk P. C., 168.

IV.—PORTION FORMERLY INCLUDED IN DONCASTER DEANERY.

Darton V., 183—597.
High Hoyland R., 201.
———*Scissett* C., index Opened by License 4 Sept., 1839. Nov., 1840, £200 was granted by the Ripon Society towards building a Glebe House.
Penistone V., 209—601. Wills of Testators who have died within the Township of Swindon are sometimes proved in the Honor Court at Knaresborough.
———*Denby* P. C., 210. Nov., 1840, £300 was granted by the Ripon Society towards re-building the Church. 300 additional sittings.
Silkstone V., 225—602. On the 12 Aug., 1841, the first stone of a new Church was laid by Lord Wharncliffe.
———*Barnsley* P. C., 226. Bodleian MSS., No. 5078.
———*St. George*, P. C., 226. Augmented in Oct., 1841, by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners with £6 per annum.
———*Cawthorne* P. C., 227.
———*Cumberworth* P. C., 228.
———*Dodworth*. A plan for a Chapel here has been sanctioned by the Church Building Commissioners.
———*Hoyland Swaine* C.
———*Stainborough* C., 229.
———*West Bretton*, Donative, index.

ARCHDEACONRY OF RICHMOND.

BOROUGHBRIDGE DEANERY.

Aldborough V., (peculiar vide 2) 551—595.
———*Boroughbridge* P. C., 551. Claimed by the Dean and Chapter of York as a peculiar.
———*Dunsforth* P. C., (peculiar vide 2) 552.
Allerton Mauleverer P. C., 552. Bodleian MS. No. 5078.
Burton Leonard V., (peculiar vide 2) 552. Wills of Testators who have died within this Parish are sometimes proved at the Honor Court at Knaresborough.
Copgrove R., 553.
Cundall V., 553.
———*Norton-le-Clay* C., 601, and index. Consecrated 26 Sept., 1840.
Farnham V., 553. Wills of Testators who have died within the Townships of Farnham, Ferrensby, Ockany, and Scotton, are in certain cases, proved in the Honor Court at Knaresborough.
Goldsborough R., 553. Wills of Testators who have died within the Township of Coneythorpe are, in certain cases, proved in the Honor Court at Knaresborough. Bodleian MSS., No. 5101.
Hunsingore V., 554.
Kirkby-on-the-Moor V., 554. A Glebe House has been built. Vide Kirkby Moorside, 617.
Kirk Hammerton P. C., 555, and index.
Knaresborough V., 555, and index. The Wills of Testators who have died within the Townships of Knaresborough, Bilton-with-Harrogate, Scriven-with-Tentergate, Brearton, Arkendale, and Walkingham, are frequently proved in the Honor Court at Knaresborough. The Prebendary of Knaresborough anciently exercised jurisdiction over certain Cottages.
———*Arkendale* P. C., 556, and index. Nov., 1840, £200 was granted by the Ripon Society towards building a Glebe House. Wills are sometimes proved in the Honor Court at Knaresborough. In 1838 stated to be licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV. Omitted in subsequent returns.

———*Brearton* C., 556, and index. In 1838 stated to be licensed for marriages under 4 Geo. IV. Omitted in subsequent returns.
———*Harrogate-with Bilton* P. C., 556, and index. Augmented in Oct., 1842, by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners with £54 per annum. Wills of Testators who have died within this Township are sometimes proved in the Honor Court at Knaresborough.
Marton-cum-Grafton V., 556. Vide also 4. The Prebendary of Knaresborough appears to have had anciently some jurisdiction here.
Nidd V., 557, and index. This was anciently a peculiar under the Church of Ripon.
Nun Monkton P. C., 557.
Ouseburn Magna V., 557—603, and index.
Ouseburn Parva V., (peculiar vide 3) 558—600—603. Patron, the Bishop of Ripon, subject to the existing right of Dr. Rice, the Dean of Gloucester, the present Precentor.
Ripley R., 558. Wills of Testators who have died within the Township of Clint and Killinghall are sometimes proved in the Honor Court at Knaresborough.
South Stainley V., 559. Wills of Testators who have died within the Township of Stainley-with-Cayton are sometimes proved in the Honor Court at Knaresborough.
Staveley R., 559, and index. Wills of Testators who have died within this Parish are sometimes proved in the Honor Court at Knaresborough.
Whixley V., 559.

CATTERICK DEANERY.

Aysgarth V., 560—595.
———*Askrigg* P. C., 560.
———*Hardrow* P. C., 561.
———*Hawes* P. C., 561.
———*Lunds* P. C., 561, and index.
———*Stallen Busk* P. C., 561.
Bedale R., 561.
———*Crakehall* C., index.
Burneston V., 562.
———*Leeming* P. C., 562, and index.
Catterick V., 562, and index.
———*Bolton-upon-Swale* P. C., 563. A grant was made in Oct., 1840, by the Church Building Society towards converting a Schoolroom into a Chapel.
———*Hipswell* P. C., 563.
———*Hudswell* P. C., 563.
Coverham P. C., 564.
———*Horsehouse* C., 564.
Downholme P. C., 564.
East Witton V., 574.
Fingall R. 565.
Grinton-in-Swaledale V. 565—598—603.
———*Hilbeck* C. Consecrated 3 Aug., 1841.
———*Muker* P. C., 565.
Hornby V., (peculiar vide 2) 566.
Kirkby Fleetham V. 566.
Kirkby Malzeard V., (peculiar vide 3) 566—599—600, and index.
———*Hartwith* P. C., (peculiar vide 3) 567, and index.
Kirklington R., 567.
Masham V., (peculiar vide 2 and 3) 568—600. Feb., 1841, £647 collected by the Ripon Society towards building Chapels at Ramagill and Meckley.
Middleham, 569. Under the 22nd Section of the Cathedral Act the Deanery of Middleham, now held by the Rev. P. S. Wood, will, on becoming vacant, be suppressed.
Middlesmoor P. C., (peculiar vide 3) 567—569.
Patrick Brompton P. C., 569.
———*Hunton* P. C., 570. Part of the Village is in the Parish of Hornby.
Pickhill V., 570.
Scruton R., 570.
Spennithorne R., 570.
———*Bellerby* P. C., 571.
Tanfield R., 571.
Thornton Steward V., 571.
Thornton Watlas R., 571.
Wath R., 572.
Well V., 573.
Wensley R., 572. *For* "Wencolaugh," *read* "Wenslaugh."
———*Bolton* P. C., 572.
———*Redmire* P. C., 572.
West Hawkswell R., 566.
West Witton P. C., 574.

LONSDALE DEANERY.

The Wills proved within this Deanery are not deposited at Richmond, but are sent to the Registry at Chester. The Lancashire portion of the Deanery still remains within the Diocese of Chester.

Bentham R., 585, and index.
———*Ingleton* P. C., 585.
———*Ingleton Fell* P. C., 585.
Burton-in-Lonsdale P. C., 588.
Clapham V., 586.
Augmented in Oct., 1841, by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners with £15 per annum.
———*Austwick* C. Church room 600. Consecrated 1841. Built at the entire expense of C. Ingleby, Esq., and Miss Ellen Ingleby, of Austwick.
Sedburgh V., 596—602.
———*Dent* P. C., 587.
———*Garside* P. C., 587.
———*Howgill* P. C., 587, and index.
Thornton-in-Lonsdale V., 588.

RICHMOND DEANERY.

Ainderby Steeple V., 575.
Barningham R., 575.
Bowes P. C., 575.
Brignell V., 576, and index.
Cleasby P. C., 576.
Croft R., 576, and index. Vide also 2.
Danby-upon-Wiske, R., 577.
——*Yafford* C., 577.
Easby V., 577.
East Cowton V. 576—597.
Gilling, *alias* West Gilling, V., 577.
———*South Cowton* P. C., 578.
———*Eryholme* P. C., 578.
———*Forcett* P. C., 578.
———*Barton*, St. Mary's, P. C., 578.
Hutton Longvilliers P. C., 579.
Kirkby [Ravensworth P. C., 579. In Oct., 1840, £200 was voted by the Ripon Society towards building Chapels at Dalton and Newsham, in this parish.
Kirkby-upon-Wiske R., 579.
Langton-upon-Swale V., 580.
Manfield V., 580.
Marrick P. C., 580.
Marske-in-Gilling R., 580.
Melsonby R., 581.
Middleton Tyas V., 581.
Richmond R., 581, and index.
———*Holy Trinity* P. C., 582.
Rokeby V., 582. Vide Rewsby, 485.
Romaldkirk R., 582.
———*Learkirk* C., 583.
Smeaton R., 583.
Stanwick, St. John, V., 583.
———*Barton*, St. Cuthbert's, 583. A grant has been made towards rebuilding the Church.
———*Stapilton* C., 584.
Startforth V., 584.
———*Arkingarthdale* P. C., 584. Wills are proved in certain cases in the Manor Court.
Wycliffe R., 584.

CHARITIES.

The following additional Charities have been reported upon by the Commissioners.

	Page.	Report.
Hull Grammar School	605	25
Arkendale	607	25
Fingall	609	25
Tankersley	611	25
Slaidburn, supplemental	1435	29
Kirkby, in Cleveland	803	32
Bradford Grammar School	803	32
Eccleafield	810	32
Mitton, Sherburn's Almshouses	810	32
Pontefract Grammar School	810	32
Sheffield, The Earl of Shrewsbury's Hospital	813	32
Barmston	827	32
Drax, Free School	828	32
Hatfield, Free School	833	32
Thorne, Free School	833	32

ERRATA.

Index. After "Garforth," add "Ripon."
——— After "Whitgift," dele "Ripon."
——— After "Thorpe Hesley," dele Ripon."
Page 29, column 2, line 17, for "a Rectory presentable," read "no Rectory presentable."
Page 489, for "Over, Dinsdale," read "Over Dinsdale."
Page 605, for "The Minster accounts," read "The Ministers Accounts."

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